

retaries of State, Interior, War, Navy, Treasury, and Postmaster General?
C. Wendell & Co.
What body of resurrectionists authorized the disinterment of the moulty relics of old documents, and sent them to Wendell's Bindery to be rebound at Uncle Samuel's expense?
Echo answers—Who?
Who obtained the contract for Printing the "State Papers"?
C. Wendell & Co.
Is Wendell a "practical Bookbinder"?
NO!
Are any of the Cabinet officers interested in the Public Printing contracts?
Guess so.
Has one of the Secretaries any interest in a Connecticut Paper Mill, which furnishes paper for the Public Printing?
Guess so.
What is Democracy?
"Equal Rights and No Monopoly."

THE GAZETTE.

LEWISTOWN, PA.
Thursday, August 12, 1858.

Supreme Judge,
JOHN M. REED.

Canal Commissioner,
WM. E. FRAZER.

Congress,
JAMES T. HALE.

Notices of New Advertisements.

The produce and commission business formerly conducted by Francis McCoy, will be continued by C. S. McCoy, Trustee.

Four male and eight female teachers are wanted to take charge of the public schools of Lewistown district on the 1st October.

E. G. Francis is prepared to furnish the new patent gas-burning cooking stove, or any other article in that line.

Henry Howe wants agents to circulate his publications.

G. F. Clark & Co., manufacturers of gold and silver pencil cases and gold pens, offer inducements to country dealers.

J. T. Drown, N. Y., also offers jewelry at lowest cash prices.

THE LICENSE QUESTION.

Contrary to the hopes of many the Court on Thursday last took the position that the license law passed last winter was a *revenue law*. Under this decision, if we understand it aright, Tom, Dick, or Harry, has but to go through a certain form of presenting papers, and that body at once authorizes him to sell, trade or barter whisky to whomsoever will buy, thus establishing that a traffic, whose effects on old and young has been deeply deplored by all good men, is henceforward to be nearly as free from restraint as the sale of bread.

How the court could arrive at such a conclusion in the face of the provisions in the sixth section of the act regulating the sale of liquors, "That nothing herein contained shall prohibit the court, board of licensers, or commissioners, from hearing other evidence than that presented by the applicant for license: And provided further, That after hearing evidence as aforesaid, the court, board of licensers, or commissioners, shall grant or refuse a license to such applicant in accordance with the evidence"—is not for us to determine, though unaccountable to many who in this reading can plainly see directly the reverse, for to their view the act confers on the court power to inquire into the necessity of a tavern or other place for the sale of liquor as well as whether the applicants are citizens of the United States, of temperate habits and good moral character, &c.

A year or two will we think be sufficient to demonstrate that this act, under such a construction, will seriously injure the better class of taverns, and at the same time make drunkards faster than ever temperance societies made sober men. Out of the way places can now come in, and the restraint heretofore imposed on men and boys by the public location of taverns entirely done away with. The time is not distant when they can take a walk in almost any direction, and find more "accommodation" for "beast" than "man."

Among other things to be regretted is the licensing of a tavern at the railroad station. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has for years sacrificed thousands of dollars by its refusal to authorize the sale of liquor in property owned by it, guided no doubt by the axiom that it was better to remove temptation from their employees, than to incur the risk of gaining a few dollars in rent, and perhaps losing thousands by the neglect of duty some unfortunate indulgence in liquor might cause. Now however one is placed by the side of their large hotel at the station opposite this place in a building which can make no pretension whatever to what a tavern ought to be. Its occupants may or may not be men who will use discretion in the sale of liquor—for we know but little of him—but we do know that many young men, many husbands, and many temperate drinkers, will taste liquor there in extra glasses which under other circumstances would not find their way to their lips.

THE RESULT IN KANSAS.

The returns from Kansas indicate the rejection of the Lecompton Constitution, by the people of the territory, by a large majority. With this rejection the entire fabric for a vile constitution, formed in fraud and endorsed by officers of the National Government when they knew it to be a swindle and against the wishes of the people, falls to the ground. The bribes held out to the voters could not seduce them to disregard the rights of freemen, and the election will be justly regarded as one of the severest rebukes ever administered to a President and his venal satellites. The returns as far as heard from are as follows:

AGAINST THE CONSTITUTION.	
Leavenworth,	1,614 maj.
Atchison,	327 maj.
Doniphan,	588 maj.
Quindaro,	130 maj.
Easton,	21 maj.
Delaware,	35 maj.
Laramie,	718 maj.
Franklin,	72 maj.

Scattering returns from Brown, Calhoun, Douglas and Shawnee counties increase the majority against the proposition of the admission of Kansas as a slave State to 5376.

The Kentucky election, although not an important one considered in relation to State politics, was attended with some excitement, especially at Louisville. The Americans carried their ticket throughout, both at Louisville and Lexington. The returns from other portions of the State indicate the election of the Democratic State officers.

In Missouri, Members of Congress were voted for as well as county officers. The Democrats have evidently carried the State, owing entirely to a division of the opposition. Thus far, however, the Administration has nothing to boast of. Buchanan carried Kentucky, we believe, by 7,000 majority, and Missouri also. In the St. Louis district, three candidates were up—American, Republican and Democrat—and the latter succeeded, though only receiving a little over one third of the votes polled.

"Democratic" Officeholders and Office-hunters' Resolutions.

The "democratic" county convention, among others, passed the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we are pleased to be able thus to endorse the conduct of the Hon. William Bigler, in the Senate of the United States, as faithful to the Constitution and tending to the welfare of the State and Union.

The democratic people generally unite in the opinion that Gov. Bigler made an ass of himself last winter, and therefore don't think much of this endorsement.

Resolved, That by our instruction to the Conferees, by this Convention appointed, to have the Hon. Allison White nominated for re-election in this Congressional district, we make known our approbation of his services rendered, and rely upon this as indicating his future democratic action.

As Allison White went soul and body for the Lecompton Whig, rivaling in this respect his southern associates, the vote this fall will show how far the people appreciate such services. Where there is one democrat in favor of the Kansas swindle, there are ten opposed to it.

Resolved, That in nominating Dr. Charles Bower for re-election, we present him as faithful to the Democratic party, and the welfare of the people of the State generally.

Was it faithfulness to the democratic party that induced him to vote for the free whiskey bill, and is it for the welfare of the people that such a bill should be passed? Unless we are much mistaken, even drinking men, to whom Dr. Bower has thrown temptation to continue in habits they would gladly flee from, will tell him this fall at the ballot box that they want no such welfare. Besides, there are a good many other things in the doctor's course which do not smack of the welfare of the people, of which he will hear more anon.

Resolved, That we denounce any and every attempt to procure the repeal of the so-called tonnage tax, and for the benefit of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, as favoritism, and without due regard to the interest of the tax payers of the State generally.

We hardly know what to make out of this resolution, which, with the others, owes its paternity to the late Auditor General. It denounces any attempt to procure the repeal of the tonnage tax, but don't instruct the Dr. to vote against it—as much as to say, "Dr., if you can make a good thing out of it for yourself and us, you can vote for its repeal, as we shall only denounce those who 'attempt to procure' that end."

How is it? Can the Democrat answer "by authority" as it did last fall when it pledged Dr. Bower against the Sunbury and Erie Railroad grant?

The Democrat is down on a tariff, and is so far gone as to assert that the present tariff is one of the opposition's making. The "democracy" of Washington officeholders, with about a dollar an hour for the time they actually do anything, is wonderful. The laboring democracy here who are getting down to the "European standard," think differently.

Wm. Rawie, formerly a reporter of the Supreme Court of this State, died at Philadelphia on the 9th.

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH SUCCESSFULLY LAID!

THE OLD WORLD AND THE NEW TELEGRAPHICALLY UNITED.
The United States steamer Niagara arrived at Trinity Bay, New Foundland, on August 4, with the great news of the success of the Atlantic Telegraphic enterprise.

The following despatch was received over all the lines from Cyrus W. Field, Esq., of the Atlantic Telegraph Company:

TRINITY BAY, August 5th, 1858.
To the Agents of the Associated Press:

The Atlantic Telegraph fleet sailed from Queenstown on Saturday, July 17th, and met in mid-ocean on the 28th, made the splice in the cable at one o'clock P. M., on Thursday, the 29th, and then separated, the British steamers Agamemnon and Valorous bound to Valentia, Ireland, and the Niagara and Gorgon for this place, where we arrived yesterday, and this morning the end of the cable will be landed.

It is 1,698 nautical or 1,950 statute miles from the telegraph house at the head of Valentia harbor to the telegraph house at Bay Bulls, Trinity Bay, and for more than two-thirds of this distance the water is over two miles in depth. The cable has been paid out from the Agamemnon at about the same speed as the Niagara. The electrical signals sent and received through the whole cable are perfect. The machinery for paying out the cable worked most satisfactory, and it was not stopped a single moment.

Capt. Hudson, Messrs. Everett and Woodhouse, Engineers, the Electricians, and the officers of the ships, and in fact every man on board exerted himself to the utmost to make the expedition successful; and, by the blessing of Divine Providence, it has succeeded.

After the end of the cable has landed and connected with the land line of telegraph, and the Niagara has discharged some cargo belonging to the Telegraph Company, she will go to St. John's for coals, and then proceed at once to New York. CYRUS W. FIELD.

We add a despatch subsequently received:

TRINITY BAY, August 7.—To the Associated Press, New York:

The Atlantic Telegraph Cable was successfully landed here yesterday morning, and is in perfect order.

The Agamemnon has landed her end of the cable, and we are now receiving signals from the Telegraph House at Valentia.

The U. S. steamer Niagara and H. M. steamers Gorgon and Porcupine leave for St. John tomorrow.

Due notice will be given when the Atlantic Telegraph line will be open for public business.

CYRUS W. FIELD.

Valentia Harbor.—This place, hitherto comparatively unknown, is about to assume vast importance, as the European terminus of the Atlantic Telegraph. The following description of the island and town we copy from Lippincott's Gazetteer:

Valentia, or Kenmore, an island of the west coast of Ireland, Munster, county of Kerry, three miles S. W. of Cahirciveen, and separated from the mainland by a strait 1 1/2 miles in breadth, and which forms the most western harbor in the British Islands—lat. 51.55 N., lon. 10.19 W. Length of island, 7 miles; breadth, 2 miles. It gives the title of Viscount to the Annesley family.

Valentia, or Valentia, a town or village at the S. E. extremity of the island of Valentia, Ireland, is beautifully enclosed among brown mountain slopes. Population of town and parish, 2482. The harbor is deep, capacious, and completely land-locked, and being the most western port of Europe, has lately attracted considerable attention in consequence of a proposal to make it the western terminus of railway communication, and a principal station for Atlantic steamers.

Trinity Bay and Bulls Arm Bay, as our readers are doubtless aware, are on the eastern coast of the island of New Foundland, about lat. 47 N. and lon. 52 W.

Mrs. Hale's "Receipts for the Million," containing 4545 receipts, facts, directions, knowledge, &c., in the useful, ornamental and domestic arts, and in the conduct of life. Complete in one large volume of near 800 pages, neatly bound in cloth. Price \$1.25. The Dollar Newspaper says it is a book that should be owned by every male and female in every city, town and village in the land, and should be at every fireside throughout the world. The experienced housekeeper, whose pride it is to add to the comforts of her home and the happiness of her family, may here increase her store of useful receipts; and all others will find in these pages invaluable directions to further their pursuits. Address Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia.

See advertisement of Dr. Sanford's LIVER INVIGORATOR in another column.

"A lost, strayed or stolen" editor was recovered last week.

The new gold territory is a part of that yielded by Polk when he backed out of 54 40 or fight to 49, but having been democratic is of course all right.

Seventy-five British paupers, collected from the almshouses of Massachusetts, were shipped homewards last week. If all the States were to do this, we should not long be troubled with such emigrants.

A locofoco editor, who is a substitute, calls the opposition in this State "godless" and "devilish." Like some not far from Lewistown, we should judge this fellow to worship at but one shrine, and that is whiskey.

The President has sent an Irishman by the name of Nugent to the British gold diggings to teach the Americans their rights and duties. Special agents we believe get \$8 a day and outfit. So goes the people's money.

The jury in the Kirkpatrick case have rendered a verdict of guilty against Robert and his wife on two counts for attempt to poison with a pie. The verdict created much surprise and will probably be set aside.

We have good reason to believe that in nine cases out of ten coughs, colds, and all bronchial irritations, however severe, may be cured by the use of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. A single trial will prove this. Sold by Charles Ritz, Lewistown.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

We have but few subscribers on our list, who do not possess influence enough to induce others in their respective vicinity to subscribe also. If every subscriber of the Gazette in this county would send us one or more, of that class who pay, and we want no other, we could give them a paper inferior to none in the State.

The Logan Guards paraded on Saturday for inspection, and afterwards were initiated into some of the mysteries of a soldier's life, by a regular drilling through the streets. Their uniforms, which are in accordance with the new army regulations, look well, though appear rather warm for sultry weather. As they are now ready for the wars, we have no doubt the ranks will receive a considerable accession.

Jeremiah M. Yeager lost a pocket book the other day, with about \$30 in notes and some papers in it, at Mark's mill, or in going from thence to McCoy's warehouse and then to Ellis's store. A reward of \$10 is offered for its return.

Four or five sides of upper leather, one kip and two large calf skins were stolen from the tannery of McKee & Troxell on Monday night, for which a reward of \$10 is offered for the apprehension and conviction of the thief or thieves.

Proposals will be received until September 1st, from the different boroughs and villages in Mifflin county, for the holding of the next Fair and Exhibition. Proposals to be sent by mail to Geo. Fry-singer, Lewistown, Pa.

The Proceedings of Court for the August term set up as follows:

QUARTER SESSIONS.

Com. vs. Robert Means. Indictment Embracery. District Attorney, with leave of court, enters a nol. pros.

Com. vs. James McConahy. Indictment Forgery. Not a true bill; county to pay costs.

Com. vs. Isaac Smith, (colored.) Two indictments Burglary and Larceny. Guilty in each case, and sentenced to the penitentiary for two years.

Com. vs. James Hall, William Harris and Theophilus Brown, (all colored.) Indictment Larceny. Guilty—James Hall sent to House of Refuge, and the others sent to county jail for 30 days.

Com. vs. John Norris (colored) and Stilwell Forner. Indictment Larceny. Guilty, and sentenced to penitentiary for one year.

Com. vs. Levi Johnston. Indictment Assault and Battery on John Brown, (both colored.) Guilty, and sentenced to pay a fine of \$1, costs, and to county prison for 20 days.

Com. vs. Harrison Spriggie. Indictment Assault and Battery on Adeline Stills, (colored.) Bill ignored and prosecutor to pay costs, except \$4 to county.

Com. vs. Adeline Stills. Indictment Assault and Battery on Harrison Spriggie. Bill ignored and prosecutor to pay costs, except \$4 to county.

Com. vs. Daniel E. Shafer. Indictment False Pretence. Ignored, and county to pay costs.

Com. vs. Marion Scott, (colored.) Indictment Assault and Battery on G. Hawkins, (colored.) Not guilty, but defendant to pay costs.

Com. vs. James R. Anderson and Isabella Anderson. Indictment Assault and Battery. Ignored, and James Craig, prosecutor, to pay costs.

Com. vs. John Brown. Indictment Assault and Battery. Ignored, and Sophia Brown, prosecutrix, to pay costs.

Com. vs. Samuel Riddle. Indictment Assault and Battery. True bill—defendant not taken.

Com. vs. John Ambrose, Jackson Walls, and John Strunk. Indictment Larceny and receiving stolen goods. True bill.

Com. vs. Geo. D. Sloan. Recognizance of defendant and R. D. Cummings and William Longwell forfeited.

Com. vs. Lot Price. Continued.

LICENSES.

H. A. Zollinger's license was transferred to Hamaker & Co.

Jacob Lotz, tavern at Railroad Station.

Elias B. Hummel, tavern, Decatur.

J. G. M'Glaughlin's license, Newton Hamilton, was transferred to John Dipple.

Sarah Taylor, eating house, Union township.

John Kennedy, liquor, Lewistown.

J. G. M'Glaughlin, tavern, Lewistown.

The Sheriff was allowed two assistants to convey prisoners to penitentiary, and we understand will take D. Zeigler and N. J. Rudisill to the House of Correction and Penitentiary with the prisoners.

ORPHANS' COURT BUSINESS.

Christian Yoder was appointed guardian for the minor children of Sarah Kauffman. Bail \$200 each.

An order was granted for the sale of real estate of Robert McManigil, deceased. Also of James A. Cunningham, deceased.

Bond of Register for collection of inheritance tax approved.

Wm. P. Elliott was appointed auditor to distribute balance in hands of administratrix of Miller A. McIlvaine.

Auditor's reports on estates of Dr. Lewis Hoover and Robert Sims confirmed.

Wm. P. Elliott was appointed auditor on exceptions to account of administrator of Wm. R. McCoy, deceased.

A number of Citations on parties to settle their accounts, &c., were awarded.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

The Sheriff disposed of the following property during court week:

A brick dwelling house on Third street, for \$700; a lot on Dorcas street with smithshop thereon, for \$250; and another lot on Dorcas street, with carpenter shop, for \$200, as the property of George Conser—purchased by John Sterrett.

Ten acres and 111 perches of land in Derry township as the property of Frederick Swartz—purchased by S. S. Woods for \$1520.

A lot on Charles street, Lewistown, with frame dwelling, as the property of Lewis H. Johnston—purchased by H. Harman for \$175. Deed not yet acknowledged.

Forty-three acres of land in Granville township, with house, &c. thereon, for \$650, and a tract of woodland in same for \$100, as the property of Samuel M. Jennings—purchased by John W. Shaw.

Eighteen acres and ten perches of land in Derry township, as the property of Frederick Swartz—purchased by Christian Peachey for \$2205.

House and lot corner Third and Main sts., Lewistown, as the property of Robert Midgah—purchased by J. W. Shaw for \$200.

The church property on Logan street was purchased by Amos Hoot for \$400.

For the Gazette.

CANDIDATE FOR LEGISLATURE.

The present times require wise men at the head of affairs—business men, practical men, fresh from the ranks of the people, and who understand the wants and interests of the people. We have heard various names suggested for the Legislature, but none which will be likely to secure a more overwhelming vote from the farmers and working men at large than

Mr. ALFRED MARKS.

He is therefore placed before the people as the candidate of the People, subject to the decision of the People's party, as understood to stand opposed to the present Lecompton Administration. VALLEY.

Death by Accidental Hanging.—Early yesterday morning Henry Folkz, a German, aged 66 years, was found dead—accidentally hung—in the ice house of his son-in-law, west of Hyde Park. During the night he had evidently fallen down a hatchway, and at a distance of ten feet brought up against some iron hooks used for lowering and raising meat. One hook had severely lacerated his left hand and arm, and another hook had caught his clothes at the back of the neck. The strong collar band to his shirt was thus drawn so tightly against his front neck as to cause his death. An inquest was held and a verdict rendered of death by accidental hanging.—St. Louis Democrat.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment—Avoid Imposture!—As there may be counterfeits in the market, it is well to know that there is a protection to the purchaser in the water mark that exists in every leaf of the genuine book of directions, viz: the words, "Holloway, New York and London," which can be seen in the paper itself on being held to the light. In external inflammation there is an unnatural rush of blood to the part affected. The effect of the Ointment is to disperse the local fever. The Pills relieve the system, through the bowels, of all morbid and irritating influences.

Physicians Use the Wild Cherry.

EXETER, ME., Sept. 30.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry for diseases of the lungs for two years past, and many bottles, to my knowledge, have been used by my patients, all with beneficial results. In two cases, where it was thought confirmed consumption had taken place, the Wild Cherry effected a cure. E. BOYDEN, Physician at Exeter Corner.

Dr. Freleigh, Saugerties, N. Y., says he cured liver complaint of four years' standing that would not yield to the usual remedies. Abraham Skillman, M. D., of Boundbrook, N. J., says it is the best medicine for consumption, in every stage, that he has ever known. None genuine unless signed I. BURRS on the wrapper.

SETH W. FOWLE & Co., 138 Washington st., Boston, Proprietors. Sold by Chas. Ritz, Lewistown, and by their agents everywhere.

The "Elixir" prepared by Dr. James Williams, for the cure of Dyspepsy, and nothing but Dyspepsy, (as advertised in another column,) has by its own merits obtained for itself so high a reputation in Philadelphia, that physicians acquainted with its properties are using it themselves and prescribing it to their patients, convinced by observation of its great efficacy in restoring the disordered digestive organs to a healthy function. Numerous cases of dyspepsy of the most aggravated character, which were abandoned as incurable by some of the medical faculty, have by the use of this Elixir been restored to perfect health, as attested certificates testify. For sale by Charles Ritz, Lewistown.

A CARD TO THE LADIES.

DR. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN FEMALE PILLS are infallible in removing stoppages or irregularities of the menses. These pills are nothing new, but have been used by the Doctor for many years, both in France and America, with unparalleled success in every case, and he is urged by many ladies who have used them to make these pills public for the alleviation of those suffering from any irregularities whatever, as well as a preventive to those ladies whose health will not permit an increase of family.

Pregnant females, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these pills, as the proprietor assumes no responsibility after the above admission, although their mildness would prevent any injury to health; otherwise these pills are recommended. Directions accompany each box. Price \$1. Sold wholesale and retail by F. A. HART & Co., General Agents for Lewistown, Mifflin county, Pa., and also agents for Belleville, Milroy, Reedsville, Alleenville, &c. They will supply dealers at the proprietor's prices, and send the pills to ladies (confidentially) by return mail to any part of city or country, on receipt of \$1 through the Lewistown post office. For particulars get circular of agents. 25-Cents each box has my signature. J. DUPONCO, Broadway post office, New York.

THE MARKETS.

LEWISTOWN, Aug. 12, 1858.

Butter, good, # lb. 12

Eggs, # dozen, 8

New Potatoes are retailing at \$0 50 per bushel. Spring Chickens are selling at 12a 15 cents apiece.

Our millers are paying from 80 to 1 25 cts. for Wheat; Rye 55; Corn 70; Oats 25

Philadelphia Market.

Monday, August 9, 1858.
During the past week there arrived some 2300 head of Beef Cattle at the yards adjacent to the city. The cattle was of an inferior quality, and the prices show a decline of some 50c per 100 on the quotations of the previous week. The supply is somewhat in excess of the demand, which in part accounts for this falling off in price. Sales at 6 to 9, according to quality.

Hogs—The arrivals and sales at Phillips' Union Drove Yard, for the week ending August 9, 1858, were 1695 hogs, which sold at prices varying from \$6 75 to 7 25 per 100 lbs. net, as in quality.

Cows and Calves—The market opened lively. There were disposed of 220 head, ranging from \$20 to 40 for fresh, and 15 to 25 for dry. Many of these were bought up by milkmen for dairy purposes.

Sheep—The demand for good mutton increases. 7400 arrived, and were sold yesterday at Wardell's, at from \$2 to 4, being for 6 to 8c dressed. Market brisk.

Flour—There is a steady demand for home consumption from \$4 3/4 to \$4 7/8 for old stock and recently ground superfine; \$4 1/4 to \$5 25 for fresh ground from new wheat, and \$5 25 for extra and fancy lots, according to quality. Rye Flour and Corn Meal are scarce and held firmly—the former at \$3 50 and the latter at \$4 per barrel.

Grain—The receipts of Wheat continue quite moderate, and it is in fair demand for milling; sales fair and prime new Penna. and Southern Red at \$1 20 1/2 to 25 per bushel; White varies from \$1 35 to 1 43. Rye has advanced and is wanted; sales of old at 80c. The demand for Corn has fallen off, and prices are lower; 1200 bushels yellow almost sold at \$1, and 1200 bushels yellow almost sold at \$1, and 1200 bushels in moderate request at 42c. per bushel for old, and 39c. for new.

C. S. MCCOY, Trustee,
Lewistown,
WILL CONTINUE THE
Produce & Commission Business
at the warehouses lately occupied by
Francis McCoy, deceased.

Always on hand,
PLASTER, FISH and SALT,
Wilkesbarre and Sunbury STONE COAL,
Limeburners and Blacksmiths COAL.
Lewistown, August 2, [12,] 1858.

Bellefonte papers copy to amount of \$1.50, and charge Gazette office.

TEACHERS WANTED.

PROPOSALS will be received until the 17th of September next, for four Male and eight Female Teachers, to take charge of the Schools in Lewistown District. Schools to be kept open six months, from October 1, 1858. One of the Male Teachers to take charge of Colored school. By order of the Board,
C. S. MCCOY, Secy.,
Lewistown, August 12, 1858—3t.

2,500 MORE MEN wanted as Agents to circulate a rapid-selling valuable FAMILY WORKS, which attract by their low prices, interesting contents, and superbly colored plates. For circulars, with particulars, apply, if you live East, to HENRY HOWE, No. 102 Nassau st., N. Y.; if West, to the same, No. 111 Main st., Cincinnati.
August 12, 1858—3m

C. S. CLARK & Co., No. 26 Maiden Lane, New York, Manufacturers of Gold and Silver PENCIL CASES, and GOLD PENS of every description, offer their goods direct to the country trade at the prices others charge the city dealers, thereby saving the purchaser about 20 per cent. which they would have to pay the dealers if bought from them. Our object is to sell for cash at one profit over the cost of manufacturing. Samples will be furnished to those who may desire to see the goods, at the dozen price, and can be sent by express, with bill to collect. aug12-3m

J. T. DROWN, Manufacturing Jeweler, No. 26 Maiden Lane, New York, offers his stock, consisting of a general assortment of Lockets, Chains, &c., which are offered at the lowest cash prices. Great inducements to country cash buyers. aug12-3m

STOVES!—Stoves, Stove Pipe, Zinc, Tin Brick, Grates, and everything belonging to the stove business, for sale by
aug12 F. G. FRANCISCUS

GREAT IMPROVEMENT
IN
COOKING STOVES!
Consumption of Smoke & Gas & Saving of Fuel.

THE subscriber takes pleasure in offering to his customers a new Patented Gas-burning Cooking Stove, undoubtedly the best stove made.

It is well known that all inflammable matter requires a certain amount of air to support combustion, and if the supply is insufficient it is impossible to produce a flame. The heat of the fire, in ordinary cooking st