LEWISTOWN, PA. Thursday, February 18, 1858.

Notices of New Advertisements.

Mr. Harshbarger invites the attention of all desiring that favorite grape, the Isabella, to his advertisement. This gentleman has now nine acres in grapes, which comprise the "Juniata Vineyard," the largest establishment of the kind in this or any of the adjoining counties, and is in a flourishing condition. He invites all curious in such matters to call and see it next October, and partake of the grapes, when they can also examine the beautiful Osage Orange Hedge which surrounds it. It is planted on Mount Hope Farm, six miles west of McVeytown. His grapes drew a premium at the State Fair last year, and some sent to Baltimore were sold for 331 cents per lb.

Judge Ritz has been appointed agent for the sale of an unadulterated Brandy, manu factured by a well-known house at Cincinnati. Samuel Haffly has disposed of his stock to Samuel Watt, and notifies all indebted to call and settle, and save costs.

G. W. Soult & Co. will dispose of the stock of goods at the People's Store by auction, on

Joseph Sigler, Decatur twp., will dispose of certain personal property by public sale on the 26th inst.

Lewis Wisler will make sale of a valuable let of stock and other property on 3d March. An administrator's notice.

WHAT IS DEMOCRACY!

If we are to believe some of the high flown oratorical displays occasionally put forth by leading politicians, Democracy consists of the right of the people to govern themselves, but in doing so yielding equal and exact justice to all. Were this theoretical dogma carried out in practice, but little, if any, fault could be found with that party, for although the majority might occasionally err, yet it would soon right itself by coming back to first principles .-Under such regulations members of Congress would go to Washington to legislate for the good of the country, take into consideration the measures recommended by The bill may therefore be considered as lost. the President and his official advisers, and if they believed such measures to be right, pass them; if wrong, reject them. Such conduct, in our opinion, would be democratic, and ought to work no forfeiture of allegiance when arrayed against the President, because he being but one man, is as liable to error as any other.

Such however is not the practice of those now in power at Washington. The President, advocating a doctrine in opposition to popular right and the true democratic creed, punishes those who will not think with him where he has the power, and his special adherents, bound together by the cohesive power of office emoluments, either on or expectation, denounce those as enemies to the democratic party who will not think as does the office head, or act as do the office holders. If the latter are the party, this assumption of public servants to be masters, is right; but if the people constitute the party-if the many are to govern the few instead of the few the many, then it is all wrong, and these servants ought to be both rebuked and punished for their attempt to turn democracy into a despotism.

No man looking honestly at the mere question of right as regards the present condition of Kansas, can for a moment doubt that the President is wrong and occupying an anti-democratic ground in urging the admission of Kansas as a State under a Constitution not submitted to the people for adoption or rejection, and which is well known to be repugnant to a large majority of the people. And equally plain is it that the position occupied by Mr. Douglas and a number of other democratic members in both houses, is in accordance with what democracy ought to be.

If the doctrine that members of Congress must carry out whatever views the President may recommend, or failing to do so must be proscribed as an enemy, why have a Congress at all? We might as well turn the President into a Louis Napoleon or Autocrat, suffer him to enact laws, and give him an army to enforce them-for this would just be as democratic as to send legislators to the Capitol with tied hands and locked mouths, speaking only as the powers that be might direct. The truth is a great crisis in that party has sprung out of this contest, in which either the officeholders or the people will come out victotorious-if the former, popular sovereigntu will mean for all to do and think as an Executive; if the latter, that the majority of a people, whether as a State or a Confederacy, shall give tone and vigor to their institutions, and lead in place of following.

A Good Haul.—Four gentlemen of this town on Thursday last caught 113 speckled trout in a few hours fishing. The many streams in this vicinity abound with this delightful species of the "finny tribe," and strange as it may seem, they are as easily taken at this season as any other.

The above paragraph comes to us marked in the Chat-

field (Minnesota) Democrat, edited by C. C. Hemphill, Esq. About the time they were catching trout there, we were catching fine pike in the Kishacoquillas; while out we say a fine trout jumping at shad files, which were then on the water, and have no doubt that iish could also have been caught here, had the law permitted fishing for them. THE TONNAGE TAX ONCE MORE.

The Hollidaysburg Standard professes to see nothing in our reply two weeks ago to the point except our naked assertion that there is a likelihood the freight on some articles would be reduced in case of a repeal, and avers that unless it can be satisfied that a repeal will be followed by a corresponding reduction in freights, it will not yield its opposition. That paper also insists a repeal would be simply "legislating that amount out of the State treasury into pocket of the company, and the deficit in the revenues thus created would have to be made up in some other form of taxation." Our friend up there is evidently indisposed to argue the question of justice or the principle of taxing trade, both of which he evades altogether, but acts with much tenacity on the maxim "Get what you can, and all you get hold." And this is about all that can be said in favor of the State retaining this tax since the sale of the main line, given to it too by a quibble of law, for had the last legislature repealed the tonnage tax separate and apart from the bill for selling the main line, the decision of the Supreme Court would have rendered it legal, and the intention of the legislators been carried out. With those who hold it as a rod over the railroad company, it is almost useless to argue, but believing that our propositions, which we again append, are unanswerable on that side, we challenge any advocate of that tax to answer them affirmatively with even a shadow of right, justice, or precedent: 1st. Is domestic trade a proper subject of taxation b

the State?

21. The consideration, for which any specific tax was levied, having passed away, is it right to continue such axation in one part of the State only? 3d. Is such a principle democratic?

Pennsylvania Legislature.

The bill, entitled "An Act regulating the penalty for the sale or gift of spirituous or malt liquors, wine or eider, or permitting the same to be drank," came up.

This bill abolishes the clause which prorides that persons shall be imprisoned if they sell liquor without license or on Sunday. It was negatived in committee of the whole and the House sustained the report.

Mr. Jackman has reported a bill in the House for the sale of the public works yet belonging to the State. This is the face of it, but the bottom is to provide for the Sunbury and Erie Railroad

Numerous petitions for the repeal of the tonnage tax have been presented.

The Senate on Saturday passed, by a unanimous vote, the bill to make better provisions for the punishment of frauds committed by bankers, trustees, and others entrusted with property.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

The Commissioners we learn have appointed Dr. J. D. Stoneroad Physician

The weather, since our last, has been cold, and the Juniata is now closed by ice about 4 inches thick, which the ice dealers are piling in for summer use,

The members of the Henderson Hose Company are requested to meet at the Town Hall this evening, for the purpose of re-organizing and electing officers.

WILD PIGEONS .- A large flock of wild pigeons having made about as great a mistake as the almanacs do as to the time of holding courts, appeared in this region a few days ago. They are too early by at least a month.

Poor House.-The Directors met last week, and appointed Joseph Brower Steward for one year from the 1st of April, at a salary of \$365. The doctors having nearly all struck for higher wages, Dr. Geo. W. Hoover was appointed Physician for the ensuing year at the old rate.

David Norris, a colored barber, who occasionally knocks under to rotgut whiskey, upset a fluid lamp on Tuesday evening which set fire to the bed and window curtains, and but for the exertions of persons who rushed to the scene, would have probably taught him the folly of his bane. The accident caused an alarm of fire.

The Washingtonians are extending their operations into the country, and have now organized societies at Belleville and Kelly's, and will soon have them at Locke's, Milroy, McVeytown, &c. The meeting here on Tuesday evening was again well attended-the Town Hall having been crowded. Stratford, Elberty, and others were the speakers.

-A large democratic county meeting at Williamsport, Lycoming county, composed of many of the personal friends of Gov. Packer, adopted the following resolution

Resolved, That we request our Representative in Con-ress (Allison White) to oppose the admission of Kansas a State under the Lecompton Constitution, or any other onstitution which has not been made by a Convention tested under laws or regulations which afford the whole caple of the territory an opportunity to vote, and which pans fide inhabitants at a fair election. Mr. White is on the committee to whom the matter has

een referred in Congress. The sar -The Democratic State Convention of Texas just be ore closing its labors adopted the following resolution: Resolved. That the doors of the great temple of Democ racy be now thrown open, and that all repentants be allowed to come in, confess their sins, and be ad to the fold of the faithful.

Foreign News.

The summary of foreign news presents several matters of interest. Parliament was to have assembled on the 4th inst .-The Bank of England had reduced its rate of discount to four per cent., and a further reduction was anticipated. Later despatches from India had been received, but the news was of little importance. No fresh outbreaks had taken place, but several regiments hitherto loyal were suspected. Mr. Commissioner Yek, having returned "an insolent answer" to the ultimatum of the French and English, a speedy attack upon Canton was contemplated. Mr. Reed, the American Embassador, had vainly solicited an interview within the city, which Yek was willing to give him outside of the walls. The Christians in Cochin China were being persecuted violently, and the country was in a state of the greatest confusion.

The congratulatory addresses from the army to Louis Napoleon were worded so strongly that even the Moniteur does not print them all in full. Some of the regiments call violently for leave "to pursue the conspirators to their haunts." A decree, announcing the intention of the Government to put a stop to religious controversy in the columns of the French press, had been published in the Moniteur. five new marshals in command of the army of the Seine had been selected. The French Foreign Ministers are reported to have demanded of the British, Belgian, Swiss and Sardinian Governments the adoption of certain measures to prevent further attempts to assassinate the Emperor. According to a despatch from Naples, the famous basso Lablache, a premature report of whose decease some time since brought out notices of his life in the American journals, died on the 23d ult. A plot against the life of the King of Naples, said to have been concocted by Frenchmen, had been discovered. Rumors of other conspiracies in Italy were current. Russia has it in contemplation, it is said, to restore the marine stations on the Circassian coast, and to build anew Sevastopol. Serious disturbances had broken out in Bosnia.

" The Jerks."-The Illinois Baptist of January 14 says that "This strange infatuation is again revived in our immediate vicinity. It made its appearance in a protracted meeting among the Methodists at Indian Greve. The ministers who conducted the meetings moved them from Indian Grove to Avoca, and brought with them five or six jerkers, and thus the contagion commenced at the latter place. Our informant was present at several of their meetings in Avoca, and describes the scene as very exciting. From fifty to a hundred were jerking at the same time. Their hands, shoulders, feet and head would be violently thrown into the most grotesque and painful shapes. The women's bonnets would fly off, their hair become dishevelled, and in some instances snap like a whip. In some instances it attacked unbelievers, and unconverted men who tried to resist it by folding their arms and wrapping them tightly about their bodies, but in spite of themselves their shoulders, first one and then the other, would be jerked back, till they lost all control of

Poisoning Case in Philadelphia .- A curious case of alleged poisoning has been under examination in Philadelphia, during the past week, before Alderman Enuc. A young man named Robert B. Kirkpatrick was charged with attempting to poison the family of his brother, Edwin Kirkpatrick, residing in Arch street, below Broad. About a month ago a package was handed in at Mr. E. Kirkpatrick's door, which on opening proved to contain a very handsome pie, b aring a card with this inscription—"For Mrs. E. Kirkpatrick, from Mrs. K. had frequently received pies Kate." from her aunt Kate, but she did not recognize the writing of her aunt. The card was thrown away, and the pie cut the next day at dinner. A little son of Mr. E. K., eating a piece, remarked to his mother that it had medicine in it. The remainder of the pie was not eaten, but placed in the hands of skilful physicians for examination, and it was found to contain arsenic. The accused was held in \$5,000 bail.

Singular Movements of Catholics .- A Vermont correspondent writes to the Congregationalist that, under the name of a "Spiritual Retreat," there has been held in the Catholic Church, St. Mary's, of Burlington, Vt, real "protracted meeting," attended with much of the interest that marked such meetings in Evangelical churches, several years since. The exercises of the Retreat were conducted, not by the Bishop and resident Priests, but by what we should call Evangeknown in Catholic phraseology, as "The Rev. Fathers Walworth, Hewit, and Des The two first are well known in camp. England and New York, from the Protestant and Evangelical descent-Walworth being the son of the distinguished layman, Chancellor Walworth, of New York, and Hewit of the well known divine by the same name.

-Bishop Potter of the Episcopal Church was quite ill at Greensburg the other day from apoplexy.

Gov. Packer has appointed Gen. E. C. Wilson of Ve nange, an old line whig. Adjutant General.

Our member of Congress, we learn from the Det

crat, has been taking lessons on information. —David B. Cooper, near Laporte, Sullivan county, advertises for sale 800 cherry and 1200 hemlock logs. We wouldn't mind much to take a oberry in these hard times for subscription, forwarded by mail, postage paid.

—The Kansas election returns, which Calhoun profes-

ses to have, have been found hid under a wood pile at the Surveyor General's office. Those engaged in the fraud are making tracks out of the territory.

—Messrs. Anderson, Eustis, Hill, Marshall, Maynard, Ready, Ricaud, Trippe, Underwood, Woodson and Zollicoffer, who with Mr. Davis of Maryland, compose the American party in the House from the Southern States, all voted with the President, and for the Lecompton swindle.

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—The weekly Tribune, a well-conducted paper published at Middleburg, Snyder county, has reduced its size to that of the Gazette. A sensible movement, and one which others might follow with profit to themselves and readers,

as large papers are not apt to be the most interesting.

—A young Irishman named Peter Conway opened grog shop in Philadelphia on Saturday night, gave a ball on Monday night, and during a row was fatally stabbed, from which he died in two hours. Quicker work for rum -According to the report of the New York Police Su

erintendent, the number of arrests in that city for the

past three months was 12,778, of which 2274 were natives. and 10,279 foreigners—8000 of whom were Irish, and 1223 Germans. -A man named Abraham Russ was badly injured by a locomotive a few days ago on the Hollidaysburg branch road while walking on the track. Another man named orge Cramer was killed on the Indiana branch by lying the track while drunk.

ses to sell gutta percha pens and supply paper bags into If he has not already diddled some of our dealers, merchants and others throughout the county will do well to guard themselves against such a character. Proceedings of Congress.

In the Senate Mr. Douglas, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, reported a res-olution authorizing the President to settle all the difficulties with Paraguay. The Senate by vote, yeas 23, nays 30, refused to take up Mr. Douglas' Kansas resolution, calling for returns of elections held in that Territery, &c. The consideration of the Army bill was then resumed. In the House nothing of special interest occurred. A bill was reported from the Committee on Foreign Relations to enable the President to fulfil treaty stipulations with Denmark for the abolition of the Sound Dues. Another special committee was authorized to investigate a fraud in relation to the purchase of land by the Government at Wilkinson's Point, N. Y.

In the Senate on the 10th, Mr. Harlan presented the credentials of Mr. Grimes, the new Senator from Iowa. Mr. Douglas attempted to bring up his Kansas resolution, but failed. The army bill was discussed for two or three hours by Messrs. Crittenden, Davis, Houston, Hale and others, but without taking the question the Senate adjourned .-In the House the consideration of the bill amendatory of the act for the safety of passengers on board of vessels propelled in whole er in part by steam, was resumed.

In the Senate on the 11th, Mr. Mason presented a joint resolution authorizing the Pres ident to make arrangements for the reception of the distinguished Turkish naval officer new on his way to this country. A resolution was adopted making an appropriation to pay for the printing of the Dred Scott decision. The consideration of the Army bill was then resumed. In the House, the Speaker announced the Special Committee on the President's Kansas Message, created under the resolution of Mr. Harris of Illineis. It is comprised as follows: Harris of Illinois, anti-Lecompton Dem.; Stephens of Georgia, Lecompton Dem.; Morrell of Vermont, Republican; Letcher of Virginia, Lecompton Dem.; Wade of Ohio, Republican; Quitman of Mississippi, Lecompton Dem.; Winslow of North Carolina, Lecompton Dem ; Bennett of New York, Republican; White of Pennsylvania, Lecompton Dem.; Walbridge of Michigan, Republican; Anderson of Missouri, Lecompton American; Stevenson of Ken-Lecompton Dem.; Adrian of New Jersey, anti-Lecompton Dem.; Buffington of Massachusetts, Republican, and Russell of New York, Lecompton Dem. This gives, in the Committee of fifteen, eight Lecomptonites and seven anti-Lecomptonites.

-The Senate was not in session on the 12th. In the House, John W. Welcot, the witness arrested at the instance of the Tariff Investigating Committee, was brought up, and, after being interrogated, was granted until Monday time to purge himself of contempt in refus ing to answer the questions of the Committee. The Committee on Elections made a report in the case of the seat of Henry Winter Davis contested by Henry P. Brooks. They deem it inexpedient to grant the prayer of the memorialist, Mr. B., for a Committee to take testimony. After some unimportant proceedings, the House then took up the private calendar, and soon after adjourned to

The Senate on the 15th confirmed the ap-pointment of Mr. Jewett as Marshal of the orthern district, and Mr. Birdsall Naval Officer of New York. An ineffectual motion was made to remove the injunction of secrecy on the proceedings and the speeches attending the confirmation of Mr. Sedgwick as District Attorney. They involve the merits of New York politics and the reasons which led to the removal of Mr. McKeon.

The House of Representatives by resolution ordered the committal to jail of Mr. Wolcott, the witness in the tariff bribery case, on the charge of contempt until he consents to an swer all proper questions put to him by the Investigating Committee.
In the Senate on the 16th, Mr. Houston,

Texas, presented a resolution instructing the Committee on Foreign Relations to enquire into the expediency of the government establishing a protectorate over Central America

Laid over. Nothing of interest transpired in the house.

LIFE IN ARKANSAS.

A Man Whipped to Death with a Handsaw. -A correspondent writing to us from Little Rock, under date of the 30th ult., relates the following: On Tuesday, the 5th day of January, 1858,

at Reid's bridge, a most inhuman act was perpetrated. About the 1st of January some \$1500 were stolen from the widow Reid, at the bridge. A negro woman was whipped severely to force a confession that she had some knowledge of the money. Under the torture, she stated that a Mr. Cobb, in the vicinity, had got the money, but not till the question had been often asked, if Cobb had not got the money.

Elias Good, the brother of widow Reid, and Martin Bell, her son-in-law, went to Cobb's residence, took him to the bridge, then sent round the neighborhood, and gathered a num ber of associates, took Cobb, stripped him, and tied him across a log, and whipped him with a handsaw. After whipping him, they started to go to his brother, in Prairie county 12 miles distant, stopped after going 8 miles, and whipped him again, and then returned to the bridge. At that time the number who took part in the whipping amounted to fifteen. Each one agreed to give a number of licks with the handsaw. Good said he knew the law, and told them to go ahead, he had a barrel of money, and would pay all expenses.— They forced Cobb to drink whiskey with them-whipped him Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. Then, under some sort of mock trial, committed him to jail at this place.

Dr. Webb called at the jail to see Cobb, and found him perfectly black, from his head to his feet, with large gashes in several parts of his body. The doctor said Cobb could not live. He lingered in great agony several

days, and died about the 15th inst. Cebb begged the inhuman monsters, while whipping him, to shoot him, and end his mis--not torture him to death.

Cobb's dying declaration was taken, and it appears, from circumstances on the examination, that he was innocent, as he steadily averred while living. He has left a widow and four children.

Eleven of the murderers have been arrested, and four have made their escape. preacher is one that made his escape. Six have been admitted to bail under bonds of two and four thousand dollars, as accessories. and five are detained in jail for murder in the

first degree. I have waited till the close of the examination, and the papers keep a dead silence on the subject. The foregoing are the main facts in the case.

-We have noticed but two papers, the Lewistown Democrat and Clearfield Republican, which have had the brass to throw the blame of the recent congressional fight on Mr. Grow, by making it appear that Mr. G. first insu was the aggressor, and all the reporters aggree that Keitt called Mr. G. "a d-d republican puppy" before he responded that "no nigger driver should crack his whip over him." —The New York Ledger denounces C. E. Todd & Co., the advertise pretty extensively in this State. Their ar-

ticles are certainly not gold.

NEVER TOO LATE,—Many just within the grasp of Con within the grasp of Consumption are saved every year by the faithful use of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Its success in allaying and curing severe protracted coughs is remarkable. For sale by Charles Ritz.

-Arrived-More lottery circulars from Huntington & Co., New York. We have given our opinion of this con-cern before, and again caution those who will deal in lotteries to send to Baltimore-to Miller & Co., Egerton & Bro.,

--- We shall soon have all kinds of democrats in this region, as we learn from our neighbor's sheet of last week that those who cannot see in Forney's course an opposition to the administration, must be "blind." Thus, we have already intelligent and ignorant democrats, blind den crats, true democrats, office democrats, and we support next will come deaf and dumb democrats.

—Charlotte Jones and Henry Fife were executed on Friday, at Pittsburg, for the murder of George-Wilson and Elizabeth McMasters. They both read a statement from the gallows, admitting their guilt, and confessing the innecence of Monroe Stewart, who was committed for compile ity in the murder, at the same time, upon the testimony of Charlotte. With this dying confession of his innocence Gov. Packer will no doubt pardon him.

—The gross receipts of the Pennsylvania Railroad for the month of January, 1858, were \$335,394 19 Same month last year, 253,880 43

Increase in January, 1858, \$81,503 69 There is no one of the great through roads connecting the East and West, that makes so favorable an exhibit as this. Indeed, on the New York lines there has been hervy falling off. Besides these increased receipts the expenses of the road are very much reduced, partly by the general system of economy lately adopted, but especially by the circumstance that there have been no snowdrifts other obstructions to remove.

BEADA few bottles of BULL'S SARSAPARILLA the best article of the kind made-are for sale at Ritz's at 75 cents per bottle to close

Holloway's Ointment and Pills .- All eruptions, sores or tumors are fed by irritating and poisenous particles in the exterior circu lation. These are reached and neutralized by this penetrating antidote, and a perfect cure is the natural result. The stomach is the purveyor of the whole body. If it is tor-pid, or disordered, or inflamed, every other organ suffers. These Pills are the finest stomachic in existence. They act specifically upon the digestive powers, and through them upon the liver, the bowels and the circulation, regulating and invigorating every function. There is a test by which to know the gennine, viz: the water-mark, "Holloway, New York and London," which appears in semi-trans parent letters in every leaf of the book of directions. Unless the same are plainly seen in the paper when held between the eye and the light, the book and medicine it envelopes are counterfeit.

Wild Cherry at the South. Our agent at Athens, Georgia, sends us the following letter, with permission to publish: ATHENS, August 24.

Dear Sir-Having been afflicted for more than ten months with Chronic Inflammation of the Lungs, at times very severely, and having adopted many medicines without any but temporary relief, I purchased about three bottles of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, from the effects of which I obtained more relief than from all the medicines I had ever taken for that distressing disorder. I have, by the repeated use of this valuable Balsam. been more free from pressure for breath and oppression on the lungs, than I had anticipa ted, and indeed conceive that I will be cured by continuing its use of this most dishearten ng malady. I do most cheerfully tender you this acknowledgment, which you will use as your judgment dietates.

RODNEY BURKE. Waynshor ugh, Burke Co., Georgia. Seth W. Fowle & Co., 138 Washington st. Boston; Proprieters. Sold by Chas. Ritz, Lewistown, and by their agents everywhere.

Rheumatisms of the most severe kind have been cured by using two bottles of Du Vall's Galvanie Oil. Backache, pain in the head, sick headache, and nervous diseases of the head are every day being cured soundly by the use of this medicine.

For ale by Hoar & McNabb, Belleville; Parker & Sons and Brisben & Sterett, Reedsville; B. Alexander, Locke's Mills; Brehman, McVeytown; A J. North, Atkinson's Mills; J. R. Hoops, Rothrock's Mills; and at the Bee Hive Drug Store, Lewistown.

Married.

On Wednesday, 10th inst., by Joseph Haffly, Esq., HARVEY MANN STEEL, of Centre county, to Miss ANNA MARY IMMEL, of Kishacoquillas Valley, Mifflin county. On the 9th inst., by the Rev. J. N. Burket

A. J. AIKENS to Miss LUCINDA HASSEN. PLUG, both of Armagh township. On the 17th December last, by Rev. J. A.

Ross, WM. STRALEY to Miss MARY JANE BUTTERBAUGH, both of Milrey. On the 16th inst., by Rev. James S. Woods,

D. D., HENRY POTTS LEAF, of the city of Philadelphia and Miss ESTHER ANN WE. BER, of Lewistown, Mifflin county. Phila-delphia Press and Evening Bulletin please

Died.

At his residence in Menno township, on the 3d inst. JACOB HAZLETT, aged about 60 years. On the 5th inst., JAMES FLEMING, of

Menno township, aged 51 years.

On the 5th inst., Mrs. SARAH WILLS, of Union township, aged 81 years. On the 5th inst., in Menno township, Infant son of David and Mary Daniels, aged 6

At her residence in Wayne township, on the 9th inst., Mrs. BARBARA KIMES, in her 88th year.

In Union township, on the morning of the 12th, suddenly, of typhoid fever, LEONARD P. HAVICE, aged 12 years, 5 months and 4 days. The deceased was a promising boy. He evidenced in his every-day conduct a deep sense of piety very seldom found in young persons of his age. As a son, he wa obedient; as a brother, affectionate and kind; as a scholar, dutiful, ever appreciating and improving his time; and as an associate, friendly and cheerful. His loss is deeply felt in the bereaved family of which he was a prominent member; and though not permitted by kind Providence to see many summers, he filled up the measure of his days with usefulness, and seemed to be ready to depart at death's sudden call. To the bereaved, weep not-his fierce assailant on earth has only power over the body, but the soul immortal still lives on in the halo of that "light whose brightness never dims," unapproached by the stern monster, death. His sudden demise should warn us of the importance of preparing for early death; for being young assurance of long life-frequently is the rose smitten in the bud. So has it been with our

the spring time of life. Life's strange course is run, Thy vast eternity's begun; From earth thy spirit's fled— Thy body to the slumb'ring dead.

A CHANCE For Every Person to Raise the Own GRAPES.

AND MAKE THEIR OWN WINE. THE undersigned will deliver from the to the 15th April next, to any person residing in Mifflin co., ISABELLA GRAN VINES of one year's growth, from conin of "Juniata Vineyard," at the following ra-payable when delivered: 25 Vines for

50 do. for \$5.50, 100 do. for \$10. Good Cuttings will be delivered at half Good Cuttings will be denvered at half a rates for Vines. Also, Osage Orange lied Plants to sell, and Hedges grown by contrast be received before the latest contrast to the latest contrast to the received before the latest contrast to the lat April to insure attention. Address

A. HARSHBARGER McVeytown, Mifflin Co., Pa

PUBLIC NOTICE Is hereby given that the undersigned he disposed of his entire

STOCK OF GOODS

to Samuel Watt. All persons therefore knowing themselves indebted to me are notified. make SETTLEMENT immediately, and the

SAVECOSTS All kinds of PRODUCE taken a SAMUEL HAFFLY.

Belleville, February 18, 1858. AUCTION! THE entire Stock of STORE GOODS; that well known establishment, the

ce beddfe. 2. etales. will be sold at public sale, at the storeroon Tuesday, March 2, 1858.

The terms will be, all under \$5, cash: to \$20, three months credit; up to \$50 k months; up to \$100, six months, and all sun over \$100, nine months credit, by giving note

with approved security.

The public will do well to attend the sales as the goods will positively be sold to cla out the establishment. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a.m.

aid day. GEO. W. SOULT & CO. Lewistown, Feb. 18, 1858. PUBLIC SALE. VILL be expose to public sale, atthe residence of the subscriber in Decam

township, Mifflin county, on Friday, February 26, 1858. the following described personal property,

5 HORSES 3 Colts, 5 Milch Cows, 8 head of You Cattle, 12 head of stock Hogs. Also, 8 Plon and Harrows, Horse Gears, Broad-wheeld Wagon, Narrow-wheeled Wagon, Windnil, Hay Ladders, Threshing Machine, (Hainen power,) Grain Drill, and other articles to fumerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock a. m., where terms will be made known by
feb18* JOSEPH SIGLER

PUBLIC SALE. WILL be sold at the residence of them dersigned, in Derry township, on

Wednesday, March 3d, 1858. the following described property, viz: Two STALLIONS, of the celebrated Cato dian Lion breed, the one 6 years old and in other 8; 7 head of Horses and Mares, 2 Mm with foal; 3 Colts, 8 head of Cows and Yang Cattle, 3 fat Steers, 1 broad wheeled Ore Way on, 2 Farm Wagons, 1 one horse Wego, Wagon Beds, pair Hay Ladders, Threshe Machine and Horse Power, 3 Plows, 2lle rows, Corn Sheller, Patent Rake, Windall Corn Planter, Horse Gears of the very loskind, Fifth Chains, Butt and Spread Clair

of the Petersburg manufacture. of the Petersburg manufacture. Also, also of HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURN TURE, consisting of Tables, Chairs, Burea Bedsteads, Bedding, &c. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m, d

said day, when terms will be made known. LEWIS WISLER WM. CREIGHTON, Auctioneer.

Estate of Jacob Byler, deceased. TOTICE is hereby given that letters of at BYLER, late of Menno township, Milli county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, residing in Union township, it said county. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate ayment, and those having claims to present the duly authenticated for settlement.
feb18* JOHN KENAGY, Admr.

LYONS

PURE CATAWBA BRANDY HAVING received the sole agency of A. F. lbands Co., Wholesate Druggists, Philadelphia, for the ske of this Brandy in Mifflin county, we confidently offer to the put tic as a pure and unadulterated article, as the following certificates will prove:

CHEMICAL INSPECTOR'S OFFICE, (28 Sixth st. Cincinnati, March, 185.)
This will certify that I have this day inspected in eparate lots of Catawba Brandy, one in barrels and bottles, manufactured by Lauritze Lyons, and soldy in bottles, manufactured by Laurize Lyons, anxiety, his sole agent, J. Jacob, at the Depot. No. 99, spoil the Burnet House, and 143 West Third street, Cinima and find them both PURE and PREE from all poisoned deleterious drugs, and as such have marked the said the law directs. Given under my hand at my offer. HIRAM COX, M. B. Inspector of Alcoholic Liquors, &

NEW YORK, 93 Prince st., July S. No. Dear Sir:—I have received a bottle of Lyon let Ohio Catawba Brandy, furnished by Mr. A. Ralson, h. Onto Catawba Brandy, furnished by Mr. A. Ralote, it of Lockport, N. Y., for analyzation, and I find it not tain only those ingredients which exist in Press BLDS. The proportion of alcohol obtained from it is 6.28. I believe this sample to be pure Brandy without adultifum—the flavor of it is delicate and peculiar.

[Signed.] JAS. R. CHILTON, M. B., Chemis.

The OHIO CATAWBA BRANDY not only educing even excels the best imported Brandies in puriting flavor. It is in fact the BEST Brandy known. The statement is fully corroborated by the certificated many of our most distinguished analytical Chemistry, and the introduction of an article of such quality. try, and the introduction of an article of such quisity in the introduction of an article of such quisity hitherto sold under the name of Brandy, can only ker garded as a great public good. The Catawas Busty possesses all the good qualities claimed for the ket is ported liquor, and is of nearfest purity and superior fine. possesses all the good qualities claimed to the apported liquor, and is of perfect purity and superist first.

It is therefore fully entitled to the patronage of he particle. We feel confident that its reception in his six will be as favorable as that which it has met with its Great West, and that the time is not far distant with the superiority of any new theory will not ancels. he superiority of our own liquors will put an end

their importation from abroad.

For Medicinal purposes this Brandy has no iival, sit has long been needed. It is a sovereign and sor rate dy for Dyspepsia, Flatutency, Low Spirits, Larger

Also for sale, ESHELBY'S CELEBRATED SILL AND SPARKLING CHAMPAGNE. These Wises made in the neighborhood of Cincinnati, and are familied to be the pure juice of the grape, and are for neutly calculated for invalids and persons who regard gentle stimulant, and for Sacramental purposes, of all beverage will be found equal, if not superior, to the imported.

young departed friend, snatched away just in Ar Retail Price for Brandy and Wines, \$1.25 per 4 Bottle. A liberal discount made to the trade.

Address CHAS. RITZ, Lewistews, B. Address CHA February 18, 1858. eo6m