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THE FARMER'S COOK STOVE AT THE STOVE WAREHOUSE OF F. G. Franciscus, Lewistown. 300 STOVES

JES WW? IRSS 9IP (GD) WW

FOR SALE LOW FOR CASH.

Farmers and others burning wood can find best wood Cooking Stoves used .--This excellent Stove is made heavy for use, takes a stick of wood 28 inches long, has a very large fire place and oven, bakes well, and got up in good style. Will warrant it to do its work well, and give good satisfaction. It comes much lower in price than stoves of this kind generally. sep17

PEARL and Ivory handle Table and Dessert Knives, for sale by FRANCISCUS.

BiLLS for Frame Stuff filled at short aug13 FRANCISCUS.

1000 BOORS, for inside and outside, qualities, from \$1.50 to \$3 each. FRANCISCUS. 150,000 Joint Shingles, 40,000 best 24 inch Lap Shingles, on hand and for sale by aug13 FRANCISCUS.

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STOVES! STOVES! STOVES! All kinds of Parlor, Room, Bar, Hall and Cook Stoves, ou hand and for sale at reduced prices by aug²⁷ FRANCISCUS.

GAS BURNERS! GAS BURNERS!.-The most economical coal burning Boom or Parlor stove ever introduced; made altogether of wrought iron, no other metal being used in their manufacture at all, and will save at least 50 per cent. more of coal than any stove On hand and for sale by FRANCISCUS. sept17

PATENT KNIFE CLEANERS .-

C One of the greatest labor saving machines ever invented. Every housekeeper should have one. Also, Apple Parers, Bread Toasters, Preserving Kettles, brass, sept17 FRANCISCUS.

SOLE LEATHER, Calf Skins, Pink Lining do, Upper Leather, Kipp do, Madras and Tampico-Morocco, with all kinds of French Kitt Shoe Findings. &c. fcr sale at lowest rates by sept17 FRANCISCUS.

THE NE PLUS ULTRA of cook stoves is the Noble Cook- the most perfect now in use. Every one wanting the Bissr cooking stove, are re specifully invited to call and examine this baker, baking bread equal to a brick oven. This excetlent stove is warranted in every respect. For sale by sept17 FRANCISCUS. sept17

COAL BUCKETS, several patterns, stores, Shovels, Sifters Castings for all ordinary stores, Tin and Iron Tea Kettles, Tin and Copper Bolton Wash Bollers, Stove Bollers, Griddles, Long Pans, Bike Pans, &c. In fact, all kinds of triannings and fixtures for stoves can be had at the establishment FRANCISCUS. sept17

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1858.

UISCELLANEOUS. marched round the table playing once more the familiar air "Auld lang syne." "THE CAMPBELLS ARE COMIN' !"

Scarcely out of Scott's novels can a scene be found more dramatic, touching and picturesque, than that of the relief of Lucknow, described by a lady, the wife of an officer at Lucknow, in a letter published in the London Times.

To give its due effect, it should be remembered that Gen. Havelock was not an hour too soon in his relief, as the advance of the enemy's batteries and mines had settled the fate of the garrison; and it should be known that in the continual up-

roar of the cannonade, and the obstructions of military works and buildings, the beleaguered and devoted garrison did not hear or see anything of the advancing relief until the battle had been fought outside, and the relieving force was marching up to the gates. "On every side death stared us in the

face; no human skill could avert it any longer. We saw the moment approach when we must bid farewell to earth, yet without feeling that unutterable horror which must have been experienced by the unhappy victims of Cawnpore. We were resolved rather to die than to yield, and were fully persuaded that in 24 hours all would be over. The engineers had said so, and all knew the worst. We women strove to encourage each other, and to perform the light duties which had been assigned us. such as conveying orders to the batteries and supplying the men with provisions, especially cups of coffee, which we prepared day and night. I had gone out to try to make myself useful, in company with Jessie Brown, the wife of a corporal in my husband's regiment. Poor Jessie had been in a state of restless excitement all through the siege, and had fallen away visibly within the last few days. A constant fever consumed her, and her mind wandered occasionally, especially that day when the recollections of home seemed powerfully present to her.

At last, overcome with fatigue, she lay down on the ground, wrapped in her plaid. down on the ground, wrapped in her plaid. I sat beside her, promising to awake her when, as she said, "her father should re-turn from the ploughing." She fell at length into a profound shunber, motionless, and apparently breathless, her head resting in my lap. I-myself could no longer re-sist the inclination to sleep, in spite of the continual way of the campon Suddenly I continual roar of the cannon. Suddenly 1 was aroused by a wild, unearthly scream close to my ear; my companion stood upright beside me, her arms raised, and her head bent forward in the attitude of listening. A look of intense delight broke over her countenance, she clasped my hand,

drew me toward her, and exclaimed, "Dinna ye hear it? dinna ye hear it?---I'm no dreamin', it's the slogan o' the

Governor Wise says that a careful review

auestion :

ARCTIC SILENCE. The following eloquent description of the silence of an Arctic night occurs in Dr. Hay's lecture on the Arctic Regions. We have, at least upon one occasion, when eight or nine miles under ground in the Mammoth Cave, seemed to fect the darkness, but we never imagined that other negative attribute of nature, silence, could be moral sense of a free people. so intense as to be heard. Yet the Doctor's description makes this strange para-

dox a reality. He says: "The monlight of this period (winter) is the most grand and impressive of anything I have ever witnessed. The clearness of the air, the white surface of the snow and ice give an effect monotonous and cheerless, but truly grand. But there is a new element which makes this midwinter moonlight seem almost terrible in its impressiveness-it is silence.

"I have often, to escape from the trying monotony of ship-board life, gone off six or eight miles into the interior in search of novelty, and in order that I might be alone. There, seated upon a rock or snow bank, I look around me and see a great uneven country, rocky hills and glaciers covered with snow, myriads of crystal gems sparkling in the light of the pale moon, which shoots its rays down through the crisp air, making it almost as light as day. I look seaward, and see a long plain of ice, melting into the horizon, dotted all over with towering bergs-nothing more. All nature is in the repose of death. I am too far from the shore to hear the crunching of the tables as they rise and fall lazily with the tide, or the roar like distant thunder as some huge crack opens through the heavy floes. There is no animal to cross my path, no tree among whose stiff branches the wind can sigh or moan. There is no song of birds to enliven the scene, no wild beast to howl. I stand there alone, the only representative of God's living world-the only being that has life or can move. Every sound that I hear, every motion that I see, is made by myself. I hear nothing but the pulsation of my own heart, my own footsteps, or now and then, possibly, in the distance, the deep rumbling of a falling snow-bank. The sensation of utter loneliness and isolation creeps over me. My heart beats; I am oppressed as with discordant sounds. Silence has ceas-ed to be negative, it has become sternly positive; I hear, see, and feel it. Its presence is unendurable. I spring to my feet; I plant them heavily in the snow to drown its presence, and I rush back to the vessel, glad to find refuge in its dull, dull life of horrid inactivity."

have voted against! Stung by insult, and then disfranchised, I go away maddened to THE ROYAL MARRIAGE AT LON-

the anti-slavery ox. Suppose we had a ma-jority of slaveholders in that territory; suppose a minority of abolitionists had getten the census and registry into their hands and had kept fifteen sut of thirty-four counties out of the Convention; suppose they had formed a constitution with a clause prohibitof the President's Message constrains him to differ with the President of his choice. He protests against the mode in which the ing slavery, and had sent it to Congress with-out submitting it to a majority of the legal voters; or suppose they had submitted all Lecompton Constitution was pretended to be submitted as anti-republican and oppressive, and as offensive to the self-respect and parts of the constitution to the popular vote, excepting the one clause prohibiting slavery, knowing it would be voted down if submitted After expressing the opinion that the Kan-sas Nebraska act was an "enabling act" of itself, he admits that the conduct of the To-

to the majority of the people; suppose such a "boot on the other leg" had been submitted to Congress, and we had then heard the absoluteness of a Convention contended for by black republicans, demanding of Congress to sustain the doctrine of "legitimacy." I tell the people. But that has nothing to do with the issue. Is the constitution the act and deed you that every Southern man would have been in arms and would be roused to the shedding of blood, rather than submit to Congress fastening upon a majority of pro-slavery people an arbitrary rescript of a mere convention, unauthorized to proclaim its con-stitution without an express grant. This is the same principle, accompanied by trickery and fraud. "We are willing to do unto oth-ers as we would have them do unto us." The vention's election jugglery, Governor Wise Southern people ask for no injustice, no inequality.

proceeds to give a Southerner's view of the "We are told that ' prompt admission' of Kansas as a State will end the agitation in Congress and localize it in Kansas. What is The Democratic party had just come out the Kansas question? Is it local to Kansas? of a severe and doubtful conflict with the Know Nothing secret society, the most odious feature of which was a "test-oath." Now No. It never can be local again. It has pervaded all places and all classes in our country. Let Congress endorse this schedule behold an honest, peaceful, law abiding citi of legerdemain, let the South insist on it, let the Northern Democracy be required to conzen approaching the polls in Kansas under this schedule; I imagine myself an ultrasent to the injustice, and the precedent be-Southern slaveholder put to an ordeal of a challenge under this clause of the schedule; I am anxious, very anxious, to record my vote comes of universal application and citation against us for all time. Not only will the example plead, but will be a plea in continu-ous cases of similar import and danger, risfor my right to hold the chief part of the little property I own; I am told that I have the right by the grant of the high Lecompton Convention, to vote for or against property in ing successively as long as our vast territories to the Pacific shall be filling up. It comes up again and again every year, from territo-rics extending from Masilla Valley to Dacoslaves; I approach the polls to exercise the right; I am challenged; the Bible is held out tah. Flatter not ourselves, then, that any to me to swear first to "support the Constitu tion of the United States;" I ask why impose mode of adjustment will do because it is the "speediest" for Kansas. It is all essential that the settlement shall be just and right and on me that oath? I urge that the obligation is binding on me without the oath-that I love and obey the Constitution of the United equal. If not, it is sure to be mischievous to that party which has snatched power without States, and that is made the supreme law of right, and done wrong that good may come of it. To do justice is always the best policy. If all would 'demand what is right and sub-mit to nothing that is wrong,' injustice and the land, binding of itself -but, being willing to support that instrument, and anxious to vote for my property, I assent to swear to support it. But I am told I must, in the secoppression could never be perpetrated or tol-orated. The ulterior effects of adopting the Lecompton constitution, with its schedule anond place, swear also to support the Lecomp-ton "Constitution if adopted, under the penalties of perjury under the territorial laws." nexed, will be worse than referring back the I redden into wrath under the insult of such question to the territorial decision. It will an oath tendered to a freeman at the pollsarraign this administration, and the democto support a constitution, if adopted, before racy and the South, for demanding more than its adoption ! I denounce the obstacle to my freedom of election. It is in vain; I must is right, and for forcing resistance to wrong. It will be jagging the lion of a majority whilst the hand of a minority is in its mouth. suppose—the supposition is almost intolerable —I take the oath : I am then, and then only, granted the privilege of voting. I vote for

It will return the chalice to our own lips when the Kansas question again and again arises in North Texas, New Mexico, in Mesilla Valley, and in all our boundless domain of un-settled and fast settling territory. It will drive from us thousands of howest democrats in the North, who can willingly stand by us for justice and equality but who must leave equality, but us when we demand more and refuse justice and equality to others. It will raise the Black Republican flag over the Capitol in the next struggle for power, and that, then, will raise the last dread issue of union or disunion! Are not some aiming to drive us to such extremities as will raise that issue past being laid ? " For my part, gentlemen, I address you as the friend of Mr. Buchanan and his administration. They have my best wishes and warmest friendship, and I would save both from danger and defeat.

New Series---Vol. 111, No. 14 expect to be denied it. It is our bull goring

AR ZEIR SIP SIP J

Letter from Governor Wise To the Philadelphia Meeting.

pekaites was violent and unlawful, and that their opponents acted under lawful authority

up to the submission of the constitution to

of the people, and is the schedule republican?

The wrong of the Topekaites will not justify

the wrong of the Lecompton Convention, nor cure the defects of the Lecompton schedule,

which, though providing for its ratification or rejection, was submitted for approval alone,

After a review of the Lecompton Con-

without allowing a vote upon its rejection.

ks, (present value, \$83,881 12,)	03,114	10
st, 1, de.,	71,232 64,121	

\$1,827,185 80

Perpetual or Limited Insurances made on every ption of property, in Town and Country les as low as are consistent with security. Since their incorporation, a period of twenty-int years, they have paid over Three Millions lars' losses by fire, thereby affording evce of the advantages of Insurance, as well the ability and disposition to meet with omptness all liabilities. Losses by Fire.

sses paid during the year 1856, \$301,638 84

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TERS, Esq., Lewisto	wn. mar19

NEW GROCERY, PROVISION AND FISH STORE.

HE subscriber has opened a Grocery, Provision and Fish Store opposite Major Eisen se's Hotel, where he has just received a fine rtment of fresh

Family Groceries,

ng which may be found fine Coffee, Sugar, Teas, Molasses, Syrups, Cheese, Crackers, Fish, Ham, Shoulder, Fine Ashton and Dairy alt, Tobacco, Segars, Soap, &c. Also, Brooms, Tubs, Buckets, Baskets, and a

arge assortment of Willow-ware, which he a will pay Cash for Butter, Lard, Potatoes,

Call, see prices, and judge for yourselves. sep3 JAMES IRWIN.

Sugar, Syrups and Teas GREATLY REDUCED.

100D Brown Sugar at 9 a 11 cts. per lb. White 11 a 13 do 62 a 100 do Teas, Lovering's best Syrup, 75 per gallon New York "50 do New York New Orleans Molasses, 50 de All for Cash at the old Steam Mill Store, by ennedy, Junkin & Co. Also, the prices on DRY GOODS GREATLY REDUCED, cash. Give us a call. We will sell for ash lower than any other house. jan7 KENNEDY, JUNKIN & CO.

DR. MARKS, HAVING resumed the practice of medicine, may always be found at his office in the Fublic Square, opposite the Lewistown Hotel May 7, 1857.-tf

To Buy Cheap for Cash, Blacksmiths, buy at Hoffman's, Carpenters, buy at Hoffman's,

HARDWARE!

Saddlers, buy at Hoffman's, Shoemakers, buy at Hoffman's, Cabinetmakers, buy at Hoffman's, Farmers, buy at Hoffman's, Builders, buy at Hoffman's

Housekeepers, buy at Hoffman's. Don't forget, if you want good Stoves, Pump Chains, Oil Cloths, Nails, Steel, Iron, Cutlery, Vices, Bellows, Chains, Glass, &c. F. J. Hoff-man's Mammoth Hardware Store, and you can be accommodated. sept3

TO MARKSMEN -Rifles and Shot Guns, Shot, Powder, Caps, &c., for sale at sep3 HOFFMAN'S.

DAPER .- Printing Paper, best quality of Writing, Letter and Note Paper, Envelopes, at HOFFMAN'S.

DRESERVING and Pickling Jars, of Glass P and Stoneware, quart and half gallon, just what is wanted for Tomatoes, Fruit, &c., at sep3 HOFFMAN'S.

STOVES! A NEW COOK STOVE FOR WOOD! -Its unusually large oven and fire box and its entire suitableness to the wants of the farmer, place it far in advance of any now in use A number have been sold and have given entire satisfaction. Also, other Cook Stoves, for coal or wood; Parlor Air Tight Wood Stoves; Coal Stoves for parlor, store, office and shop, at sep3 HOFFMAN'S.

DRUGS, DRUGS, DRUGS, Medicines, Medicines, Medicines, Paints, Paints, Paints, Class, Oils, Trusses, HOFFMAN'S. At

New Arrangements.

A FTER returning our sincere thanks to our numerous friends and customers for their continued patronage, I would inform them that I am still to be found at

The Old Stand

With a desire to bring my business nearly to CASH, after the first of April our credit terms will be Thirty Days and accounts not to exceed Fifty Dollars. We hope still to conduct our business so that we shall enjoy the good will of our numerous customers, and that the number may be greatly increased. F. J. HOFFMAN. mar12

> GEO. W. ELDER. Attorney at Law,

OFFICE in West Marketstreet, opposite Eisen, bise's Hotel, will attend to any business in the courts of Mifflin, Centre, or Huntingdon coun-ties Lewistown, July 1, 1853.

BLACKSMITH'S COAL, LUMP COAL, WILKESBARRE EGG COAL, SUNBURY COAL. Just received, and for sale low, and delivered in any part of town, by nov5 SAMUEL COMFORT.

Highlanders! We're saved ! we're saved!" Then flinging herself upon her knees, she thanked God with passionate ferver. I felt utterly bewildered; my English ears heard only the roar of artillery, and I thought my poor Jessie was still raving; but she darted to the batteries, and I heard her cry incessantly to the men, "Courage courage ! hark to the slogan-to the Macgregor, the grandest of them a'. Here's help at last! To describe the effect of these words

upon the soldiers would be impossible .--For a moment they ceased firing, and every soul listened in intense anxiety. Gradually, however, there arose a murmur of bitter disappointment, and the wailing of the women who had flocked to the spot burst out anew as the Colonel shook his head. Our dull Lowland ears heard nothing but the rattle of the musketry. A few moments of this death-like suspense, of this agonizing hope, and Jessie, who had again sunk on the ground, sprang to her feet, and cried, in a voice so clear and piercing that it was heard along the whole line-" Will ye no believe it noo? The slogan has ecased indeed, but the Campbells are comin' D'ye hear, D'ye hear?" At that moment we seemed indeed to hear the voice of God in the distance, when the pibroch of the Highlanders brought us tidings of deliverance, for now there was no longer any doubt of the fact.

The shrill, penetrating, ceaseless sound, which rose above all other sounds, could come neither from the advance of the enemy, nor from the work of the Sappers. No, it was indeed the blast of the Scottish bagpipes, now shrill and harsh, as threatening vengeance on the foe, then in softer tones, seeming to promise succor to their friends in need. Never surely was there such a scene as that which followed. Not heart in the residency of Lucknow but bowed itself before God. All, by one simultaneous impulse, fell upon their knees, and nothing was heard but bursting sobs and the murmured voice of prayer. Then all arose, and there rang out from a thousand lips a great shout of joy which resounded far and wide, and lent new vigor to that blessed pibroch. To our cheer of "God save the Queen," they replied by the well-known strain that moves every Scot to tears, "Should auld acquaintance be forgot," &c. After that, nothing else made any impression on me. I scarcely remembered what followed. Jessie was presented to the General on his entrance into the fort, and at the officers' banquet her-health was drunk by all present, while the pipers all.

DON The English papers are filled with ac-

counts of the marriage of the Princess Royal with Prince Frederick William of Prussia, which took place in the Chapel Royal of St. James's Palace on Monday morning, January 25th. London was filled with royal guests, chiefly from the German courts. Among them were the King of the Belgians, the Duke and Duchess of Brabant, the Prince and Princess of Prussia (parents of the bridegroom,) the Duke and Duchess of Saxe-Coburg, the Count of Flanders, and many others. The ceremony of marriage was performed by the Archbishop of Canterbury, assisted by the Bishops of London, Oxford and Chester, the Dean of Windsor and the Sub-Dean of the Chapel Royal. There were three processions, the Queen's, the Bridegroom's, and the Brides. The latter was supported by her father. The eeromonies were of the most imposing character. Before the service, a choral, written for the occasion, was sung by the boys of St. Paul and Westminster Abbey choirs. At the conclusion. Handel's Hallelujah Chorus was sung; as the procession of the Bride and Bridegroom left the Chapel, Mendelssohn's Wedding March was played. There were illuminations and various festivities in London and throughout the Kingdom. The Bride and Bridegroom were to leave in a day or two for Berlin, where a grand reception was prepared for them. The fullest particulars are given of the appearance of the royal couple. After the ceremony, the bride, who had been very composed, gave way, and threw herself in her mother's arms, in a burst of emotion.

CorQuite a mistake lately occurred in a love affair at Duanesburg, N. Y. A couple of young persons agreed to elope together, but by mistake the gentleman put his ladder up to the window of the room next to the one in which his sweetheart slept, and which proved to be that in which her mamma, a handsome widow, reposed. She turned the mistake to her own advantage, got into his arms, returned his affectionate em braces, was borne by him to the carriage, and by preserving becoming silence until daylight, kept him blind to his error, and by the potent power of her blandishments, actually charmed him into matrimony with herself. The Schenectady Reflector gives these facts on the authority of a responsible correspondent.

Many are led by their vices; many of us follow them without any leading at

by injustice, inequality, and insult added to injury! Is that my act and deed? Is that republican? If Caligula was a tyrant for posting laws too high to be read by the Roman people, what does this deserve to be called, which puts the whole and a part together, so that a minority for the whole may prevail over a majority for or against the part? is it not the very hocus pocus and legerdemain of keeping the promise to the ear of the people and breaking it to their hopes? I tell you that no proud free people will stand insult and outrage like this, and such despotism is enough to drive peaceful and goed citizens to violence for a redress of grievances. But the question is not whether the Lecompton Constitution has been opposed unlawfully, but is it the act and deed of the sovereign people, whose it purports to be-and is it republican in its submission by the schedule of the Lecompton Constitution? And mark, toe, that this test oath is applied when the constitution is to be sent to Congress from a Territory for approval. After taking this oath, the casuist may determine whether he could, if the constitution be adopted, oppose it before Congress, though he voted against it at the polls.

take it or leave my property unprotected.

slavery, but against the constitution. I am then told that my vote cannot be counted, yet

I am sworn to support, if adopted, what I

He contends that there was obviously a sinister and anti-republican purpose in thus giving an unfair election as to part of the constitution, with no election as to the whole

He denies the assertion of the President that no people could have proceeded with more regularity in the formation of a constitution than the people of Kansas have done. The people were not allowed a fair election at all. A fair election could not be held under the schedule as appears from its face.

He contradicts the President's idea that the admission of Kansas would speedily end the agitation in Congress, and localize it in Kansas. He declares that it never can be local again. It is all essential that the settlement shall be just, right and equal, and, if not so, it is sure to be mischievous to that party sustaining power without right,

and doing wrong that good may come. The letter concludes with the following warning appeal to the friends of the Pres-

ident: "We have proudly, heretofore, contended only for equality and justice; but if this be wantonly done, without winning a stake— the power of a slave State thereby—it will be worse than vain. It will be snatching power

per fas aut nefas, to be lost "speedily" loss of something of far more worth than political votes-our moral prestige. If we since, in Holmes county, Mass., on account are not willing to do justice, we can't ask for of her husband having been caught playjustice; if we can't agree to equality, we must ing cards with a negro.

"Very truly yours, HENRY A. WISE, To John W. Forney, David Websters, Daniel Dougherty, E. G. Webb, Esqrs., Committee.

(1)

SHOCKING AFFAIR-Hyena in the Woods .- A distressing tragedy occurred this week in the western part of this State. Gannung's Menagerie is wintering two miles west of Paulding, Paulding county. Among the other animals was a hyena, said to be the largest in the United States. The animal was very ferocious, and had twice bitten his keeper. Early Wednesday morning the hyena escaped. Search was instantly made, and later in the morning he was discovered in the grave yard, having dug up and partly devoured two or three dead bodies. Several of the citizens rushed in to take it, when it turned on its assailants, striking down a German day la-borer named Jacob Poffenberg, and erushed the head of the unfortunate man in its jaws, killing him instantly. The brute then made its escape, after tearing the flesh from the right arm and chest of a lad, who is not expected to recover. The animal succeeded in making good its escape. The citizens are much excited. Parties are scouring the woods, and the Menagerie men have been notified by some of the citizens to remove their establishment at once. -Cleveland Herald.

A Warning Apparition .- Mrs. Dodge, wife of a captain killed at Agra, while lying upon a sofa in her residence at Deptford, was startled to see, as she supposed, her husband standing before her. She rose to meet him, but he was not there. She even run to the garden after him. When she told her friends what she had seen, they laughed and pronounced it a fantasy. Subsequently it was ascertained that Cap-tain Dodge was killed on the very night of the apparition.

MA lady hung herself a short time since, in Holmes county, Mass., on account