Mark this: "Had it been insinuated, frem any quarter, that it would have been a sufficient compliance with the requisitions of the organic law for the members of a Convention, thereafter to be elected, to withhold the question of Slavery from the people, and to substitute their own will for that of a legally ascertained majority of their constituents, this would have

been instantly rejected."
Yes, Sir, and I will add further, had it been then intimated from any quarter, and believed by the American people, that we would have submitted the Slavery clause in such a manner as to compel a man to yote for that which his conscience did not appreve, in order to vote on the Slavery clause, not only would the idea have been rejected, but the Democratic candidate for the Presidency would have been rejected; and every man whe backed him would have been rejected too.

The President tells us in his message that the whole party pledged our faith and our honor that the Slavery question should be submitted to the people, without any restriction or qualification whatever. Does this schedule submit it without qualification? It qualifies it by saying, "You may vote on Slavery if you will vote for the Constitution; but shall not do so without doing that."-That is a very important qualification-a qualification that controls a man's vote on his action and his conscience, if he is an honest man-a qualification confessedly in violation of our platform. We are told by the President that our faith and our honor are pledged that the Slavery clause should be submitted without qualification of any kind whatever; and now am I to be called upon to forfeit my faith and my honor in order to enable a small minority of the people of Kansas to defraud the majority of that people out of their elective franchise? Sir, my honor is pledged; and before it shall be tarnished, I will take whatever consequences personal to myself which the President, in his Message, has said is a forfeiture of faith, a violation of honor, and that merely for the expediency of saving the party. I have as much heart in the great cause that binds us together as a party as any man living. I will sacrifice anything short of principle and honor for the peace of the party; but if the party will not stand by its princi-ples, its faith, its pledges, I will stand there, and abide whatever consequences may result from the position.

Let me ask you, why force this Constitu tion down the threats of the people of Kansas, in opposition to their wishes and in violation of our pledges. What great object is to be attained? Cui bono! What are you to gain by it? Will you sustain the party by violating its principles? Do you propose to keep the party united by forcing a division ?-Stand by the doctrine that leaves the people perfectly free to form and regulate their institutions for themselves in their own way, and your party will be united and irresistible in power. Abandon that great principle, and the party is not worth saving, and cannot be saved, after it shall be violated. I trust we are not to be hushed upon this question.— Why shall it be done? Who is to be benefitted? Is the South to be the gainer? Is the North to be the gainer? Neither the North nor the South has a right to gain a sectional advantage by trickery or fraud. But I am beseeched to wait until I hear from the election on the twenty-first of December. I am told that perhaps that will put it all right, There may be a large vote returned. [Laugh-But I deny that it is possible to have a fair vote on the Slavery clause; and I say that it is not possible to have any vote on the Why wait for the mockery of Constitution. an election, when it is provided unalterably that the people cannot vote-when the majordisfranchised? But I am told on all sides, "Oh, just wait; the Pro Slavery clause will be voted down." That does not obviate any of my objections; it does not diminish You have no more right to force a Free-State Constitution on Kansas than a Slave-State Constitution. If Kansas wants a Slave State Constitution, she has a right to it; if she wants a Free-State Constitution, she has a right to it. It is none of my business which way the Slavery clause is decided. I care not whether it is voted down or veted up. Do you suppese, after the pledges of my honor, that I would go for that principle, and leave the people to vote as they ose, that I would now degrade myself by voting one way if the Slavery clause be voted down, and another way if it be voted up. care not how that vote may stand. I think I have seen enough in the last three days to make it certain that it will be returned out, no matter how the vote may stand. [Laugh-

sir, I am opposed to that concern, because it looks to me like a system of trickery and jugglery to defeat the fair expression of the will of the people. There is no necessity for crowding this measure, so unfair, so unjust as it is in all its a cets, upon us. Why can we not now do that we proposed to do in the last Congress? We then voted through the Senate an enabling act called "the Toombs bill" pelieved to be just and fair to all its pelieved to be just and fair in all its provisions, pronounced to be almost perfect by the nevenater from New Hampshire, (Mr. IIale,) fore, whe did not like the man then President of the United States who would have the of the , United States, who would have to make when 'pointments. Why can we not take that the people, out of compliment to the President, tected in it a clause taken from the Minnesota for or anich he thinks should be a general rule, expressiong the Constitution to be submitted to interrup ople, and pass that? That unites the In ex. You all voted, with me, for that bill, my inter last Congress. Why not stand by the the peoleill now? Ignore Lecompton, ignore slavery. a, treat both these party movements as abstaine ar and void; pass a fair bill-the one care the framed ourselves when we were act-

Sir, I am opposed to that concern, because

onlya-nait—have a fair election, and you defurnished in the Democratic party, and by sughout the country, in ninety days. st slable wast a fair vote. They will never passfied without it. They never should the condition a fair vote on their Conthat of a sover.

in my opini all does not suit my friends.

to the stitution of the last session—
tic institution is a model. Let us pass that
to exist. It allow the people of
mode in with the state of th cally ascertaine. ceine together any other

the people shall be left free to decide on their stic institutions for themselves, and I will go with you with pleasure, and with all the energy I may possess. But if this Constitution is to be forced down our throats, in violation of the fundamental principle of free Government, under a mode of subr that is a mockery and an insult, painful as it will be to me. I must break all associations or connections rather than forfeit my principles. I have no fear of any party associa-tions being severed. I should regret to see social and political ties severed; but if it must be, if I cannot act with you and preserve my faith and my honor, I will stand on the great principle of popular sovereignty, which declares the right of all people to be left perfectly free to form and regulate their demestic institutions in their own way. I will follow that principle wherever its legal and logical consequences may take me, and I will endeavor to defend it against assault from any and all quarters. No mortal man shall be responsible for my action but myself. By my action I will compromit no man.

# THE GAZETTE.

LEWISTOWN, PA. Thursday, December 24, 1857.

Notices of New Advertisements.

se who are in the habit of using patent medici will find the Oxygenated Bitters and Wistar's Balsam Wild Cherry pleasant and efficient articles.

The members of Lewistown Lodge, No. 97 are requested o attend the meeting on the 26th.

Travelers are requested to note the changes made in the arrival and departure of the trains. The Golden Prize newspaper advertised in another colmp, to judge from the number before us, is a paper of the rst class of its kind.

NO PAPER NEXT WEEK.

In accordance with our usual custom, no paper will be issued from this office next

Our Carrier desires us to state that he will be about on New Year's day with an Address, and in consideration of the hard times" is willing to take quarters where he used to get halves-levies where he got quarters-fips where he got levies and sooner than disoblige those "hard up," take half a dime or a three cent piece, though he thinks the fewer of the latter in circulation the better.

Democracy and the Administration. Our neighbor of the Democrat, as in duty bound, chimes in with the prints that uphold Mr. Buchanan and his advisers in relation to Kansas affairs, and takes occasion to stigmatize the course of Mr. Douglas as factious," and adds that "He finds but few sympathizers in Washington except among the Black Republicans." That Mr. Douglas should find few sympathizers involved, whilst the Constitution itself is are bold. among the officeholders at Washington is not surprising, as Mr. Buchanan as well as adopts and legalizes some of the enormous able evidence that when a man chooses to think different from themselves, his place principle involved, such as must be recogis considered vacant; but the editor is vast- nized in the right of the people to decide racy here have given up all right of think- onstrated that this Constitution is so variing for themselves. We have yet to hear ant in many respects from the desires of it was compared. The following is the reof the first Democrat in this county who the people that nothing but the sheerest sult:and will save the whole difficulty. How can it? Perhaps there may be a large vote.—

not accord to him the right position. In force it whole difficulty ascendancy could wish to gas per 1000 cubic feet flurning filling accordance to him the right position. In force it whole difficulty.

Gas per 1000 cubic feet flurning filling accordance to him the right position. In force it whole difficulty. not accord to him the right position. In truth we do not see how it could well be otherwise with any reflecting man, who can carry his memory back to last fall, when it was proclaimed at every meeting that the people of each territory were to be left at full liberty to determine for themselves what their domestic institutions should be. How far this was done in Kansas Mr. Douglas's speech in to-day's paper exposes in a masterly manner, and we hope therefore the democrats of this county who cannot get hold of it in the officeholders' prints, will borrow the Gazette and read it. The question is of more than ordinary importance, and is but another proof of the ill-advised measures which resulted in setting aside the compromises formed by the Sage of Ashland, and launching great questions of right and liberty among politicians who possess neither statesmanship nor stability; but if there is one who ought to know the true intent and meaning of the Kansas-Nebraska act, it is undoubtedly Mr. Douglas, who framed and carried it through Congress. That he does understand it his speech abundantly proves, and if the Republicans give him credit for his opinions, they do so because he has clearly demonstrated that one of their predictions respecting Mr. Buchanan's subserviency to "black" democracy was only too true.

> The steamer Adriatic arrived at New York on Monday morning, bringing Liverpool dates to the 9th inst. The aspect of financial affairs had not essentially changed. The Bank of France has reduced its rates of discount one per cent. Cotton was unchanged; breadstuffs generally continued to decline. The general news is unimpor-

From Kansas.-A letter received at St. Louis, dated Lecompton, 16th inst., states that Gen. Lane was shot at Lecompton, by a Government official, whose name is not given, on the evening of the 15th. The affair grew out of a political discussion, and much excitement has been occasioned by it. Mr. Stanton is still the acting Governor, apparently with the approbation of Gen. Denver, who had arrived there. It was thought that the legitimate vote on the day of election, would be very small, but many

Gov. Walker's Letter of Resignation.

The letter of Hon. Robert J. Walker resigning the Governorship of Kansas has been published. It is a document of some length, the principle features of which are embodied in the following notice of it in the Baltimore American: The statement of the conditions upon

which Gov. Walker accepted the Governorship conclusively justify him in the course he has taken, whilst they inculpate the President as having made the appointment under an implicit promise of supporting the Governor in a particular policy, and then failing to execute his part of the agreement. He accepted the office on the express condition that he should advocate the submission of the Constitution to the people as a necessary qualification for its acceptance by Congress; the President appointed him on this condition, thereby adopting and sanctioning it. Upon this agreement Gov. Walker goes to Kansas and urges the submission of the Constitution to the people as a measure of justice and as a necessity for the pacification of the Territory-the Convention disappoints his expectations and when he resorts to the alternative which he proposed in the event of the non-submission of the Constitution to the people, viz: its rejection by Congress, he finds himself estopped by the President and the whole power of the Administration used to defeat the policy upon which he accepted the Governorship and which the President had endorsed by his appointment. It is evident that as an honorable man Gov. Walker could have pursued no other course than that he has followed. Is it equally evident that the President has acted fairly, justly and manfully? We think not. Gov. Walker, in view of the promise signified in his appointment, had a right to expect that he would not be thus deserted in the struggle and made another exemplar of the fact that "Kansas is the grave-yard of Governors."

The letter of Gov. Walker goes directly to the pith of this Kansas question when it shows that whilst slavery is an obsolete issue in the territory, there are other matters of difference involved in the proposed Constitution upon which the people have a right to express their will. The banking question, issues as to citizenship qualifications and the elective franchise, and other matters of equal import are shown to be exposed as a partisan document which cabinet officers have given unmistake- frauds perpetrated at the last delegate election. Were there no great and inviolable mistaken in supposing that the democ- directly upon their organic law, it is demforce it upon their unwilling acceptance.

Homicide by a Priest.

STAUNTON, Va., Dec. 14 .- The preliminary examination of Rev. Dr. Daniel Downey, charged with killing Wm. Mullins, was to have taken place this morning; but the accused waived an investigation before a justice, and was accordingly remanded for examination before the Hustings Court, on the 6th January. He confesses that he shot Mullins, but says the deed was committed in self-de-He has a bruise on his forchead, fence. showing that he received a blow.

When Dr. Downey was found, after the shooting, he was lying in his house, stupefied from the effects of laudanum and spirits he had taken, and his mind is now in such an excited state that it is considered unsafe to allow any one to converse with him.

---Hoops it appears are useful in more ways than ar dreamed of.

—C. B. North, of McAllistersville, has been appointed. to a \$1200 cierkship at Washington.
——During the past few weeks specie has again been lea-

ing New York for Europe by millions.

Bigler tried his hand a second time with Douglas a

w days ago, and was again cornered. Godey's Lady's Book for January opens with sor fine engravings and any quantity of patterns, dresses, &c Notwithstanding the hard times the Ladies will have it.

—The Ohio Statesman publishes a list of forty-nine Democratic papers in that State which have manfully denounced the Lecompton convention and its constitution —Iranistan, the beautiful country seat of P. T. Barnum, near Bridgeport, Conn., has been destroyed by fire. Barnum had commenced re-furnishing it, to reside there.

—A little daughter of Mr. A. J. Hite, of the Nationat
Democrat, of Johnstown, Pa., was fatally burned on Monday morning, December 14th, by her clothes taking fire

from a lamp during the absence of her mother.

A CURE FOR DYSPEPSIA.—The Oxygenated Bitters have been fairly tested in some of the worst cases of Dyspepsia among our own citizens, and proved to be the best remedy er discovered for the cure of this troublesome disease.

—The Huntingdon Globe cites a speech made by Bigle in Huntingdon last summer, in which he claimed that the

cracy were in favor of leaving the people of Kansas perfectly free to select all their domestic institutions.

—John Bratton, residing near Mifflintown, was shot through the arm near the shoulder, on Friday last, by the discharge of a rifle in his own hands. The wound is not

Those who read Mr. Buchanan's hard money doctrine in his message will not be surprised to learn that he has al-ready asked permission of Congress to issue twenty milons of dollars in treasury notes in sums of \$100 and up

-Messrs, Phillips, Sampson & co., Boston, have issued two numbers of the Atlantic Mothly, a magazine devoted to Literature, Art and Politics, which promises to be of a high character, many of the best writers in the country being contributors to its columns. For \$3 the work will be sent one year free of postage.

—The Lancaster Examiner contains an exhibit of the Farmers Bank, as reported by a committee of stockholders, which makes the liabilities (excluding capital stock) \$438, 523, and the actual assets (excluding the banks own stock \$880,412. If these "assets" are at all good, of course the bank is sound as a brick,

—We see by the report of court proceedings in the Lewisburg Chronicle that Dan'l Rengler, Jr., has recovered of Geo. Housel, Peter Cornelius, and Jesse Cornelius, \$50 damages and costs for killing a hound. The dog was killed on the premises of defts, and was chasing game at a time contrary to law; but the Judged charged, they had no right to shoot it. The value of the dog was estimated at from \$20 to \$125—it being celebrated for a high, clear bay, distin The election is a fair, honest vote to men of must necessarilar carries out the piedge that Missourians were going into the Territory.

### LOCAL AFFAIRS.

REMEMBER THE POOR .- At this season of the year when those who have the ability are laying up a store for winter, the poor ought not to be forgotten. Presents are always acceptable and remembered with grateful feelings, and at no time are they likely to be more appreciated than now when "hard times" have laid a heavy hand on those dependent on daily labor for sustenance and support. We would therefore whatever they have to spare, not in that ostentatious way which proclaims the deed at every street corner, but in the spirit of true kindness and benevolence. Let it be called a Christmas Gift, a New Year's Gift, or a Gift of any other kind, and whether it consists of clothing, edibles, or articles of general use or ornament, it will for a time at least impart a ray of sunshine to Oxygenated Bitters being known to me, I exthe giver and receiver.

ROBBERIES.—The petty robberies were followed on Monday morning by one of a more startling character, the jewelry store of George W. Gibson in Market street having been entered by taking out the transom above the door, and as near as can be ascertained about \$700 worth of gold and silver watches &c. taken therefrom. One of Brown street, between Market and Water, but thus far no clue has been obtained as to the perpetrators of this bold robbery. Some suspicion was aroused against a young man who left in the morning train, and by the aid of the telegraph he was arrested at Altoona and detained a day, but beyond a few circumstances, which might however be satisfactorily accounted for, nothing was elicited to warrant a binding over.

On Friday night the grocery of Jno. L. Porter was entered and a few candies and

A negro named Ike Williams was arrested and committed to jail on Saturday for stealing a pair of boots and a hat at James

A few weeks ago the poultry yard of Abraham Kline, head of Dry Valley, was robbed of a large number of chickens, &c.

We hear of other cases, in which almost everything that hands could be laid on was carried away, all showing that nothing out of place is safe from the depredators who seem to be as numerous as they

COST OF GAS .- E. M. Richards, Esq., of Lebanon, we learn from the Advertiser, has made some experiments relative to the cost of gas and other lighting materials, with the following results. He regulated the flow of gas till it showed the same intensity of light as the article with which

Sperm Candles, (long) per lb. (of 4 in number,) Adamantine Candles, per lb., Tailow Candles, per lb. (of 6 in number,) Lard, (for a lamp,) per lb.,

Material.	in mills.	Remarks.			
Gas, Burning Fluid,	4%	Cost of wicks neglected nevertheless slightly in favor of gas in economy.			
Gas, Sperm candles, Adamantine "	5 12 12	The candles were bette protected from draught of air than they would have been in ordinary use.			
Gas, Tallow candles	3314	Candles well protected from air.			
Gas, Lard lamp,	81½ 11	Cost of wicks neglected			
703 1	1				

The above shows very conclusively that the cost of gas depends altogether upon

That delight of the youngsters, Brother Jonathan for Christmas and New Year, can be had at Cogley's book and periodical store. Price 12½ cents. Also, a variety of Albums, Gift Books, and Fancy Articles, suitable for presents.

The first snow of the season fell on Monday evening, but was followed by rain, which prevented the sleighers from being out. The weather is now considerably colder, and the mountains and out of doors generally wear a winter appearance.

Jackson Stanbarger cut himself badly with an axe near Rothrock's Mill last week in running through the woods with it on his shoulders.

Beckwith who lately made his escape from jail was retaken at Newton Hamilton

The middle of the second quarter of the Lewistown Academy will commence on Monday, January 4th.

Confession of Murder.—The Baltimore (Md.) Sun of Friday says:—A few days ago a man, who gave his name as Adolphus Mar-kel, surrendered himself to officer Hales, and said he had been guilty of a murder at Germantown, Pa. His story was so plausible that Marshal Herring deemed it his duty to detain him until he could communicate with the Marshal of Philadelphia, and a proper inquiry instituted. He gave the name of the party alleged to have been murdered as Jehn Patterson. The matter has been examined into, and a communication from the head of the police of Philadelphia states that no such transaction took place, nor was the party who made the confession suspected of any crime. The only reason that can be assigned for his strange conduct is that he was laboring under temporary insanity.

A few bottles of BULL's SARSAPARILLA -the best article of the kind made-are for sale at Ritz's at 75 cents per bottle to close

Holloway's Pills .- Health depends upon the state of the blood when it passes into the veins to circulate through every fibre of the frame. If the digestion be impaired and the liver torpid the vital fluid will be partially deprived of its nutritious principle, and charged with morbid matter which may produce any variety of disease. The sure rem edy in such cases is Holloway's Pills. They at once restore the vigor and activity of the stomach and liver, purge all acrid matter from urge upon our readers to give liberally of the secretions and the blood, relieve debility, languor and pain, remove all the premonitory symptoms of acute disease, and restore the whole system to a perfectly healthy and sound

Oxygenated Bitters.-The annexed statement of Prof. A. A. Hayes, M. D., State Assayer, is ample testimony of the scientific manner in which this medicine is compounded, and recommends it to professional men.

'An opinion having been asked for of me in consequence of the formula for preparing press the following in form :-

The composition of these Bitters includes those medical substances which experienced physicians have long resorted to for specia action on the system, when deranged by fe vers. dyspepsia, agues, and general debility, resulting from exposure or climate influence These are rendered permanent, and remain active in this preparation, as a consequence of the scientific manner in which they are combined. It was a well founded inference that the preparation, used in larger or smaller doses, would prove a valuable General Medicine, which experience has demonstrated. In the watches was subsequently found in this medicine no metallic salts can be found by the most delicate chemical trials.

Respectfully, A. A. HAYES, M. D.
Assayer to the State of Mass No. 1 Pine st., Boston, 16th Dec., 1852. SETH W. FOWLE & Co., 138 Washington st., Boston, Proprietors. Sold by Charles Ritz, Lewistown, and by their agents everywhere.

We are not in the habit of puffing patent medicines, but when such an article as Du Vall's Galvanic Oil, which sustains fully what it claims, is presented to the public, we feel no hesitancy in speaking the truth free of charge. The above mentioned medicine has obtained for itself a world wide name, never to go down with the common articles of the day. It is one of the very best remedies the day. It is one of the very best remedies for all kinds of pain, that can be produced. It often gives relief in five minutes .- Troy

For ale by Hoar & McNabb, Belleville; Parker & Sons and Brisben & Sterett, Reeds ville; B. Alexander, Locke's Mills; Brehman, McVeytown; A. J. North, Atkinson's Mills; J. R. Hoops, Rothrock's Mills; and at the Bee Hive Drug Store, Lewistown.

#### A CARD TO THE LADIES. Dr. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN FEMALE PILLS are

infallible in removing stoppages or irregularities of the nenses. These pills are nothing new, but have been used nenses. These pills are nothing new, but have been used by the Doctor for many years, both in France and Ameria, with unparalleled success in every case, and he is orged by many ladies who have used them to make these odls public for the a leviation of those suffering from any irregularities whatever, as well as a preventive to those adies whose health will not permit an increase of family Pregnant females, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these pills, as the proprietor assumes no responsibility after the above admonition, al-though their mildness would prevent any injury to health; otherwise these pills are recommended. Directions ac company each box Price \$1. Sold wholesale and retail by F. A. HARDT & CO., General Agents for Lewislown, fin county, Pa., and also agents for Belleville, Milroy, Reedsville, Allenville, &c. They will supply dealers at the proprietor's prices, and send the pills to ladies (confidentially) by return mail to any part of city or country. on receipt of \$1 through the Lewistown post office. For particulars get circular of agents. Whee that each box

SEND FOR IT .- The most superbly illustrated Magazine ever published in America, is the December number of the "Cosmopolitan Art Journal," containing over sixty splendid engravings, and giving full particulars of the benefits of the Cosmopolitan Art Association, two dollars a year; single copies fifty cents. Specimen copies will be sent to all persons who wish to subscribe on receipt of five post age stamps, (15 cents.) See advertisement headed "Brilliant Prospectus" in this paper. H. J. WALTERS, Honorary Secretary.

#### THE MARKETS. LEWISTOWN, Dec. 24, 1857.

Butter, good, & tb.

Eggs, & dozen,

Our Millers yesterday were paying for white Wheat 75@115e; red Wheat 90@ 100; Corn 50; Rye 50; Oats 22. Flour is selling at from \$2 50 to 3 50 \$ 100 tbs. as in quality.

A considerable quantity of Pittsburgh flour has been sold by Jas. Irvin, F. J. Hoffman and John Kennedy, in consequence of the poor wheat in this county.

Pork is selling on the street at 4½ a 5 cts. Turkeys, chickens and eggs in demand.

## Philadelphia Cattle Market.

The entire offerings at all the yards amounted to about 1000 head, and the sales were from \$7 to 10½—among them 35 head from Mifflin county, sold by Mr. Taylor at from 7 to 8 per hundred. The sheep market was net very well supplied the offerings for the week amounting to about 3000 head, all of which were sold at from \$2\frac{3}{4} to 4\frac{1}{2}. The best quality advanced about 50 cents a head. Cows and calves sell rather slowly at reduced prices; 200 head were disposed of at from \$30 to 55 for milch cows, and from 18 to 30 for dry cows. The hog market is also dull, and prices range from \$6 to 61 per 100 lbs.

Flour, Grain, &c.

Breadstuffs are extremely quiet, but without any essential change in prices, except for wheat, which is again lower. The receipts of flour are moderate, but there is very little export demand, and the only sales reported are standard brands at \$5 per barrel, and extra at 5 25a5 50. The sales for the supply of the home trade are limited within the range of the same figures for common and extra brands, and 5 75 to 6 25 for extra family and fancy lots. Rye flour is dull at \$4. Corn meal is

scarce and firm at \$3 per barrel. Grain-The market is well supplied with wheat, but there is very little demand for it, and prices are lower. Sales of fair and good red at 1 09al 11 per bushel, and good Southern white at 1 20, afloat. Rye has declined, and distillers are now paying only 70 cents. 500 bushels New York barley sold at 83 cents.— Corn is dull, but the receipts have fallen off -sales of new yellow, part at 50a55 cents, and part en private terms. Oats are un-changed—Pennsylvania sold at 35 cents per bushel. Cloverseed has declined. Sales of 100 bushels at \$5 per 64lbs., and 600 bushels to go out of the market on private terms.

ALMANA

1858

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In McVeytown, on the 26th of Nor ISAIAH STEHLEY, aged about 31 yes In McVeytown, on Monday last, PRICE, Jr., aged about 38 years. On Thursday. 17th December, in Brat township, ELIZABETH HOFFMAN, with George Hoffman, aged 61 years. In Belleville, on the night of the lothin Mrs. MARY STEELY, aged about 72 ve

### Married.

On the 17th inst., by David Snare, Es, Huntingden, JAS. A. McKINSTRY, of flin county, to Miss LYDIA WALLACK

At Clintonville, Clinton county, on To day, the 16th of December, by Rev. Her L. Doolittle, Col. J. IRVIN GREGO, of R la Furnace, Centre county, to Miss Class SA EVERHART, of the former place.

NOTICE.—The members of Lewism Lodge No. 97 are requested to med the Lodge Room at the regular meeting SATURDAY EVENING. December 26 business of importance will be broughted the Lodge. J. HAMILTON, A. @ December 24, 1857.

# Pennsylvania Railroad.

trains leave Lewistown Station Through Express, 5 24 a. in. Fast Mail, Altoona Way,

11 04 a. m. Through Freight, 5 40 p. m. Jocal Emigrant. 5 40 " Express Freight, Train for points West of Altoona will be tained at that place until the arrival of the Marie Train for points when the stained at the place until the arrival of the first training and the stained at the place until the arrival of the first training arrival of the first traini Mail Train west. Fare to Harrisburg, \$1 85; to Philadelphi 00; to Altoona, 2 10; to Pittsburgh, 5 60.

The Ticket Office will be open 20 m utes before the arrival of each Passen Train. D. E. ROBESON, Agent THE GOLDEN PRIZE.

THE NEW YORK ILLUSTRATED WEEK GOLDEN PRIZE.

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