ole No. 2425.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1857.

New Series--- Vol. 11, No. 45.

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ment of Assets, January 1st, 1857. ed agreeably to an act of Assembly, being, Mortgages, amply secured, \$1,519,932 73

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\$1,827,185 80 petual or Limited Insurances made on every ion of property, in Town and Country. low as are consistent with security. their incorporation, a period of twenty-ars, they have paid over Three Millions ars' losses by fire, thereby affording evof the advantages of Insurance, as well ability and disposition to meet with

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Esq., Lewistown. Pennsylvania Railroad.

and after Monday, June 22d, 1857, and leave Lewistown Station as follows: Eastward. Westward. 5 40 a. m. 5 14 a. m. 7 29 p. m. 3 04 " 10 47 p. m. ugh Freight, 5 00 " 1 50 a. m. 3 25 " 5 00 " 10 15 " 12 40 to Harrisburg, \$1 50; to Philadelphia, Altoona, 1 75; to Pittsburgh, 4 70 to Altoona, 1 75; to Pittsburgh, 4 70

The Ticket Office will be open 20 min
before the arrival of each Passenger
D. E. ROBESON, Agent.

### New Arrangements. TER returning our sincere thanks to our

umerous friends and customers for their ued patronage, I would inform them that till to be found at do Old Stand

th a desire to bring my business nearly to the the first of April our credit terms be Thirty Days and accounts not to exceed Dollars. We hope still to conduct our sess so that we shall enjoy the good will ar numerous customers, and that the nummay be greatly increased. F. J. HOFFMAN.

# Dr. J. D. Stoneroad

FERS his professional services to the cit-zens of Lewistown and the surrounding try. Office in the Beehive Drug Store.

MBER! LUMBER! LUMBER! ry kind of Dry and Green Lumber is on hand eccived, which will be sold at the lowest rates [aug13] F. G. FRANCISCUS.

#### TO BUILDERS AND CARPENTERS. LUMBER! Wm. B. Hoffman & Co.

T their Lumber Yard on East Third street, A Lewistown, near the Presbyterian Church, have received, and are now receiving, in addition to their large stock of well-seasoned Lum-

ber-20,000 ft panel Boards & Plank, from à to 2 in. 10,000 ft first common Boards 50,000 ft second common Boards 2,000 ft Sidings
2,000 lights of Sash, various sizes,
70,000 Plastering Lath, all sizes,
Plain Siding and ready worked Flooring,

Hemlock Joists Scantling, 3x4, 4x5, 4x6, 6x6.

Lap and Joint Shingles and Shingle Lath al-

Doors, Shutters, Blinds, and Sash made All orders thankfully received and promptly ttended to. may21

## LOGAN FOUNDRY.

THE public are hereby-respectfully informed that we have leased the above well known Foundry, situate on Main street, in the borough of Lewistown, a few doors south of the stone bridge, where we will keep constantly on hand a full assortment of all kinds of STOVES, viz: Hathaway Cooking Stoves, different sizes, Egg Stoves, Nine Plate Stoves, &c.

Iron Fence, Hollow Ware, Water Pipes, &c., and will make to order all kinds of CAST-INGS. All orders sent to us will be filled with care and despatch, and on as reasonable terms as at any other establishment in the State. We hope, friends, you will call and examine our stock before buying anywhere else. You will undoubtedly save money by doing so.

DANIEL BEARLEY & SONS. Lewistown, March 26, 1857.-y

## Selling Off at Cost!

A Stimes are hard and money scarce the sub-scribers wish to reduce their stock, and will sell their present assortment of eastern work, consisting of

BOOTS AND SHOES, Gents, Ladies, Boys and Youth's Galters, Children's Shoes, &c.

### AT COST,

for cash only. All kinds of goods in their line made to order of the best material and warran-

Also, a large assortment of Home-made Work now on hand, which will be sold at the lowest prices. The attention of the public is invited to the above, as the eastern work will be offered at such prices as to dely competition.

All persons indebted to us will please call and make payment immediately, or the next notice to many will be sent through the hands of the constable. JOHNSON & CLARKE.

## W. & G. MACKLIN,

McVeytown, Pa.,

keep constantly on hand a large assortment of \$1,827,185 so Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, STRAW GOODS, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, CEDARWARE,

දෙනවනුවෙනයා Wall and Window Papers, STATIONERY, CARPETS, DRUGGETS, OIL CLOTHS, RUGS,

LINES, OIL, LEAD, PUTTY, TAR, PITCH, OAKUM, Salt, Fish, Plaster, Guano,

Cement, Stone Coal and Grind Stones. We are paying the highest market price for all kinds of GRAIN; or where parties desire it we will ship their Grain by canal and pay them nett proceeds, after deducting freight. McVeytown, February 5, 1857.

Map of Mifflin County, Pa. ROM the County Records and Actual Measurements by Original Surveys throughout the county. By G. M. HOPKINS, an experienced Surveyor, and author of Map of Adams Co. ed Surveyor, and author of Map of Adams Co.
The subscriber is preparing to publish shortly, by subscription, a new and complete COUNTY MAP. The Surveys are undertaken by experienced Surveyors. All the Public Roads, and the locations of the Mills, Taverns, Places for Worship, Post Offices, School Houses, Country Stores, Smith Shops, Wheelwrights, &c. are to be marked. The Names of the Property Holders generally, (carefully including all those in the country who subscribe in advance to the Map,) are also to be inserted upon their places, in the Style of the Map of Adams county, Pa. To be illustrated with vignettes of views in the county. Maps of the Principal Villages on a large scale will be inserted in the margin.
The plan will be plotted to a suitable scale, so as to make a large and ornamental map.

so as to make a large and ornamental map. To be engraved and delivered to Subscribers handsomely colored and mounted for Five Dollars

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DEARL and Ivory handle Table and Dessert Knives, for sale by FRANCISCUS. 3500 Headed and Square Paling, 3000 not headed do. on hand and for sale cheap by FRANCISCUS.

BILLS for Frame Stuff filled at short notice, of good quality, and at low rates. FRANCISCUS.

100 DOORS, for inside and outside, Room and Front Doors, assorted sizes and qualities, from \$1.50 to \$3 each. FRANCISCUS.

350,000 Joint Shingles, 40,000 best 24 inch Lap Shingles, on hand and for sale by augl3 FRANCISCUS.

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!—
All kinds of Parlor, Room, Bar, Hall and Cook
Stoves, on hand and for sale at reduced prices by FRANCISCUS.

## GENERAL ELECTION.

DURSUANT to an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsyl-ania, entitled "an act relating to the elections vania, entitled "an act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," approved the 2d day of July, A. D. 1839, I, Jacob Mutthersbough, Sheriff of the county of Mifflin, Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that a general election will be held in said county of Mifflin on the SECOND TUESDAY (13th) of October, 1857, at which time State and County officers are to be elected, to wit: are to be elected, to wit:

One person as Governor of the Commonwealth of

Pennsylvania.
One person as Canal Commissioner of the Com-

One person as Canal Commissioner of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Two persons as Judges of the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person to filt the office of Member of the House of Representatives to represent the county of Mission in the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania.

One person to fill the office of Register and Recor One person to fill the office of Sheriff.

One person to fill the office of Coroner.

One person to fill the office of County Treasurer.

One person to fill the office of County Commis-

sioner.

One person to fill the office of County Auditor.

One person to fill the office of Director of the Poor for the district composed of the borough of Lewistown, the election of whom is confined to the voters of said borough alone, as per act 18th April, 1853, P. L. 466, sect. 18.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the place of holding the aforesaid election in the several districts of the said county will be held respectively at the places hereinafter

be held respectively at the places hereinafter designated, to wit: The electors of the borough of Newton Hamilton are to meet at the new school house in

said borough.

The electors of Wayne township to meet at the new school house in the borough of Newton The electors of the borough of McVeytown

are to meet at the Union school house in said The electors of Granville township are to neet at the Court House in the borough of

The electors of Derry township are to meet at the Court House in the borough of Lewis-

The electors of Oliver township will meet at the school house known as the Breekland school house in said township.

The electors of Bratton township will meet at the brick school house on the farm of Wil-

The electors of Menno township are to meet at the public bease now occupied by John Ford, in Allenville, in said township are to meet to the public bease now occupied by John Ford, in Allenville, in said township.

at the public house occupied by Richard Brindle, in said township.

The electors of Brown township are to meet at the public house occupied by William Brothers in said township.

at the public house occupied by William Brothers, in said township.

The electors of Armagh township residing east of the line commencing at the middle of the road at the stone meeting house, in Brown township; thence along said road to the end of the lane known as Jonathan Abraham's lane, near the residence of Thomas Longwell, Jr., thence running in a straight line to the west end thence running in a straight line to the west end of Cressman's knob to the Union county line, are to meet at the office of E. E. Locke, in said township. Those residing west of and not in-cluded in said limits, will meet as heretofore at the public house now occupied by William

Swinehart, in said township.

The electors of Docatur township are to meet at the house of Abraham Mutthersbaugh, for-merly occupied by David Mutthersbaugh, in

said township.

And by an Act of Assembly, the borough of Lewistown was divided into two Wards, and each Ward to compose an election district.— The electors of the East Ward will meet at the Court House, and vote at the window of the

Commissioner's office.

The electors of the West Ward will meet at the same place, and vote at the window of the Sheriff's office, in said Court House, and in said

An act of the Legislature having changed the manner of voting in Mifflin county, all officers to be elected this year may be voted for on a single slip of paper and deposited in one ballot box, a fact which should be particularly noted

by all entitled to the right of suffrage, and by the officers of the election.

The second section of the act declares "that any fraud committed by any person voting in the manner above prescribed, shall be punished by the existing laws of the Commonwealth."

Pursuant to the prayisions of an act of As-Pursuant to the provisions of an act of Assembly, the Judges of the aforesaid districts shall respectively take charge of the certificate of return of the election of their respective districts, and produce them at a meeting of one Judge from each district, at the Court House in the borough of Lewistown, on the third day after the day of election, being for the present year FRIDAY, the 16th day of October next, then and there to do and perform the duties required by law of said Judges.

Given under my hand, at my office in Lewisn, the 9th day of September, 1857.

JACOB MUTTHERSBOUGH, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Lewistown, Sept. 10, 1857.

### Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The books and accounts are in the hands of Samuel Comfort, at the store, where all those indebted will please call and settle their accounts. JNO. HAMILTON, SAM'L COMFORT. Lewistown, August 11, 1857.

Having purchased the entire stock of goods of J. Hamilton & Co., I now offer them at GREAT BARGAINS! The stock is new and heavy, containing a large assortment of staple

## DRY GOODS, SILKS, SATINETS, CASSIMERS, JEANS. CAL-ICOS, GINGHAMS & WHITE GOODS, ...

all of which will be sold at cost up to the 1st of November, 1857. My object is to reduce the stock, and the public may rest assured that they will get bargains.

All kinds of produce taken in exchange for

Lumber, Stove and Limeburner's Coal always Also, Shingles and Morticed Locust and Chestnut Posts. SAMUEL COMFORT.
August 13, 1857.

700 lights best Window Sash, from 8x 10 to 10x18, for sale very low. FRANCISCUS

## TUB MUNSTREL.

You're a sinner, sir, And you know it; But no matter, friend, "Go it." ou may chance to die here's a God on high, And you know it.

You defraud and cheat, And you know it; Mix the chaff with wheat— "Go it." Only there's a place, When you run your race, Shame will vell your face, Dare you show it.

Yonder wrinkled crone Shall before the throne, All your sins make known. How you sent her cold, Shivering and old, From the crazy wall, Ready it to fall, it to fall, it to fall, when for lack of rent, When for lack of rent, Tears she gave and groan—You—for bread—a stone. Men have given you gold, And you show it; Earth your praises told, "to it." God your gold can rust, Turn your fame to dust, Ask you for your trust, Can you show it?

## DON'T WAIT FOR THE WAGON.

As originally sung by Bill Lake, with Spaulding & Rogers Circus. O Lord, this is a fast age,

As everybody knows, At telegraphic lightning speed, So rapid the world goes. But faster still, yes, faster, Than all the earth beside, Is this great Yankee Nation, For they don't wait to ride On that slow coach, the wagon, They don't walt on the wagon, But on a streak of lightning They get up a ride

They can beat the whole creation In smartness, that's a fact. And as for annexation, They do it in a crack. Just let us want a slice of land, In spite of friend or foe, "Twill be ours by the patent right We don't wait for the wagon, &c.

Just look at Nicaragua, And the Mosquito King, Who, like a buzzing insect, Was always on the wing, Till Walker with his Yankee band Had landed there the while. He dealt the cards, he played his hand, And then took up the pile. He didn't wait for the wagon, &c

Though Johnny Bull may grumble, And France may show her teeth, The last had better mind her frogs, The first her rare roast beef; Or we'll fix a cable to their shores. And some morn they will diskiver, That the Yankee lads are hawling 'em Up Mississippi river, Without waiting for the wagon, &c.

\* And as for little Cuba, Or Canada so great, Whenever we get ready We'll have them sure as fate; We never pause to look back, But just as Crockett said, Whate'er we do we know is right, And then we go shead. We don't wait for the was

## HIZCELLANEOUS.

EXTRAORDINABY CASE.

A Dirk Traveling Fourteen Years through a Man's Skull.—We met with the most interesting case this morning which has occurred in our experience for a long the beam is a lever, through which the time. We were introduced to a gentleman power is exerted, and, by extending the tion of order and prosperity. Laxity in who gave us a practical exemplification of beam the long arm of the lever is lengththe wonderful. Fourteen or fifteen years | encd, and the leverage is thereby increased. ago he states that he was passing down | The same is true of many other implements Baltimore street, late at night during a heavy storm, when he met near Frederick street, three men and a woman. He gave them the way, but being violently jostled by one of them, he upraided them somewhat sharply, when they attacked him .-Being a powerful man, standing about six feet in his shoes, he soon laid two of them hors du combat, and chased the other to the opposite side of the street, where he felled him to the ground, and where, leaning over him, he received a blow in the left temple, which staggered as well as bewildered him for a few moments. Upon recovering himself his assailants had fled, and feeling the blood flowing pretty freely from the wound, proceeded to a physician, who soon found that he had been stabbed, the instrument entering about half way between the eye and ear, and breaking off short, leaving a considerable length of blade in his head! All effort to extract it proved futile.

Strange to say, he felt very little pain or inconvenience from his condition. wound soon healed, and he attended to his regular avocations as if nothing had happened. Three years after the wound again opening he consulted a surgeon, who, feeling the rugged edge of the blade, made several efforts to draw it out, and, after a considerable labor, drew from the wound a portion of the base of the broken dirk, which measured within a fraction of two inches in length. This part of it gave an idea of the part remaining, which was supposed to be a piece of about the same size

For eleven years longer did it continue in this condition, when, just about two weeks since, after suffering a great degree of pain on the right side of his nose, near the corner of his eye, on the opposite side to where he received the wound, and a considerable swelling appearing, he went to Professor Smith, who, upon examining the diseased part, found the point of the blade protruding! It had actually traversed through the bones of the head, and, after fourteen years, made its appearance in the above locality. Such is its position, plain to the eye, and wonderful to be believed, excepting by an eye witness. Dr. Smith, we understand, proposes, in a short time to operate for its expulsion. We have often heard of pins and needles being swallowed, and in after years making their appearance in different parts of the body, but that the

inches in length, should thus travel, and through bones at that, forms an interesting subject for the surgeon as well as for the common mind .- Baltimore Patriot.

A GRAPHIC PICTURE.

Parson Brownlow, of the Knoxville (Tenn.) Whig, has established for himself in the newspaper world a very general reputation as a plain spoken gentleman. This reputation, his readers well know, is eminently his due. The Parson, in a late number of his paper, launches forth a characteristic philipic against "all the world and the rest of mankind." Discoursing under the caption, "Rascality Aboun-

ding," he says:
"The Gospel is preached to the people regularly, all over the country-religious papers and magazines are circulated in families, and many valuable persons set good examples before the world-but notwithstanding all this, and more, observation teaches us that rascality abounds in all classes of society. Petty thefts are daily committed-such as robbing money drawers, stealing clothes and dry goods, chick-ens, ducks, corn and other eatables. Strolling vagabonds, dealing in counterfeit money and diseased horses, all over the country. Gamblers, traveling and local, and resident rogues, are on the alert. Pi ous villains with faces as sanctified as the moral law, are keeping false accounts and swearing to them for the sake of gain .-Whiskey shops are selling by the small, in violation of the law. Drug stores are training up drunkards in high life, and affording facilities for Sabbath drinking, which can be had nowhere else. The rich are oppressing the poor, and the poor are content to live in rags and idleness. Country dealers in produce come to town and exact two prices for all they have to sell, and owners of real estate in towns are asking double rents, to the injury of business and the growth of towns. Banks and corporations, intended for the public good, have their favorites, and are partial in the distribution of favor. Families envy each other. Individuals slander their betters. Persons of low origin put on airs and pretend to be more than they are. Cheating and misrepresentation, are the order of the

day generally. In a word, rascalities abound among all classes and in all countries. The devil is stalking abroad in open daylight, without the precaution to dress himself! And if the present generation of men could see themselves in the Gospel Glass, they are as

black as hell!" LESS KNOWN REASONS FOR

WELL KNOWN TRUTHS. The longer the beam of a plow, the less power is required to draw the plow; because and tools-such as spades, pitchforks, wheelbarrows, planes, screw-drivers, augers,

gimlets, &c. The greater the diameter of the wheels of a carriage, the less power it requires to overcome the inequalities of a road; both because the leverage is increased by lengthening the spokes or radii of the wheels, which are the long arms of the levers, whereby the power is exerted, and because the steepness or abruptness of the obstructions presented to the wheels is lessened by the greater circumference of the wheels. But there is a near limit to the size of the wheels, beyond which no advantage is could not well do it, on account of a bile gained by increasing. For when the axles under his arm, and intending, as he said, of the wheels become higher than the to kill a deer. The locksmith loaded the point of draught on the animal, a portion of the power exerted merely adds to the weight, or pressure, of the carriage upon the ground; and the portion thus lost increases with the increased height of the axle above the horizontal line of draught. Besides, the increasing weight of enlarged wheels soon more than counteracts the advantages gained by increasing the diameter.

MELANCHOLY OCCURRENCE.

On Wednesday last, the 9th inst., Mr. Christian Gingerich, near Freeburg, Snyder county, committed suicide by hanging himself with a silk handkerchief, in his barn. No reason can be assigned that could prompt him to commit the rash act. On the same morning he was in Freeburg for the purpose of purchasing wheat, and returned home about 10 o'clock. After remaining in the house for a short time, he took his hat and went out doors; his wife asked him where he was going, he replied that he did not know himself. His sons were working in a field some short distance from the house and Mrs. Gingerich thought that he had gone to see them work. At noon his sons returned home but their father was not along with them; inquiry was immediately made concerning him, but no one having seen or heard of him, they began to search for him and about three o'clock in the afternoon they found him suspended in the granary in his barn. Dr. Houtz of Freeburg took him down, life however was extinct, and he who was but a short time previous in the enjoyment of life and health, rushed uncalled for into the presence of his Maker. He had already passed three score and four blade of a dirk, between three and four years, almost the full age allotted to man.

—Journal.

LAW VINDICATED IN ENGLAND.

A ship lately sailed from England with a remarkable freight. It was a convict ship. It bore as condemned prisoners Sir John Dean Paul and his two partners, Bates and Strahan; Redpath, a wholesale forger; Robson, the Crystal Palace swindler; and Saward, a barrister, who, after a successful career of fraud, that had lasted for more than twenty years, had been finally detected. These men were all well educated, had enjoyed good social positions, and were apparently above the reach of suspicion. "The imputation of a petty falsehood, or a mean shuffle," to quote the words of a London newspaper, "would have filled them with indignation; and yet, at this moment, they wear the convict's dress, and herd with the common mob of vulgar criminals, the touch of whose passing garments would once have been held

a foul pollution." It must be acknowledged that, whatever other faults England may have, she at least vindicates the law, irrespective of rank and influence. This has been her boast for generations. From the times when Bacon was stripped of his dignities -when Strafford was brought to the scaffold-when Earl Ferrers was hung for murdering his steward, down to our own day, no station has been high enough to protect a criminal from the justice of the outraged law. Neither rank, nor wealth, nor political importance—neither the friendship of the judges, nor a connection with the highest nobility, has been able to screen the offender. The courts stand above suspicion. Juries are free from the imputation of being bribed. The freight of this convict ship is a new proof, if one was wanting, that justice, in England, is inexorable as well as impartial. Fraud itself—that vice of modern civilization, which so many consider comparatively venialcannot escape.

The commonwealths of these United States might take a lesson from England. Political liberty is here in advance of what it is in Great Britain, especially political liberty in the Northern States; but personal rights are hardly as secure, and crime is assuredly less certain of punishment.— We could, if necessary, quote numerous instances where men, guilty of crimes similar to those of Sir John Dean Paul, have escaped punishment. The records of the Courts, in this as well as in other States, show how frequently justice winks at the release of offenders who have wealth or political influence. Vainly may we beast of our progress, vainly compare ourselves triumphantly with other peoples, while these things continue among us. In Republics, even more than in monarchies, the law must be vindicated; for the law, in free governments especially, is the foundaadministering the law leads to indifference; indifference to anarchy; anarchy to ruin .-

MURDER WILL OUT.

Week before last a man named Gray was hung by a mob in Pontotoc county, Miss., for having murdered a Mr. R. Abernathy, while the latter was in his field pulling fodder. Gray confessed his crime after the rope was around his neck. The circumstance that led to the detection of Gray, was the finding, at the place of the murder, the wadding of the gun. An hour previous he had requested a locksmith, living four miles off, who had repaired his gun, to load it for him, stating that he himself gun, putting in twelve buckshot, and for wadding used pieces of an old pamphlet, lying in his shop, which pieces were found, powder burnt, near the body of the murdered man, and identified. Other circumstances, confirmed afterwards by his confession, fixed the guilt upon Gray.

What we Drink .- The spurious wines of Oporto, recently seized by the Portuguese government, were made of molasses, alcohol and some coloring substance.-Thousands of pipes of this mixture have heretofore been sent to England, to the Continent, and elsewhere. The wine lately confiscated in Paris was made of water, alum and elder berries.

## NEW GROCERY, PROVISION AND FISH STORE,

THE subscriber has opened a Grocery, Provision and Fish Store opposite Major Eisen-bise's Hotel, where he has just received a fine assortment of fresh

Family Groceries,

among which may be found fine Coffee, Sugar, Teas, Molasses, Syrups, Cheese, Crackers, Fish, Ham, Shoulder, Fine Ashton and Dairy Salt, Tobacco, Segars, Soap, &c.
Also, Brooms, Tubs, Buckets, Baskets, and a large assortment of Willow-ware, which he offers for cash very cheap.
I will pay Cash for Butter, Lard, Potatoes, nions, &c.
Call, see prices, and judge for yourselves.
JAMES IRWIN.

1000 POUNDS OF FLOUR .- Just received, 4000 pounds Family Flour, in 25 and 50 poundigs, at IRWIN'S FAMILY GROCERY.

50,000 Plastering Lath, 3, 31, 4 & 41 feet long, and the best in the market, for sale by FRANCISCUS.