A CARD.

DRUGE,

Also, Wines, Brandies and Liquors of all

kinds for medicinal purposes.

To the ladies we would say that our assort-

ment of Perfumery, Hair Brushes, Dressing Combs, Cosmetics, Toilet Soaps, and a fine article of Bay Rum—is unexcelled in Lewistown.

For the gentlemen we have Porte Monnaies, of a variety of patterns, Pocket Knives, Shaving

TO BUILDERS AND CARPENTERS.

LUMBER!

Wm. B. Hoffman & Co.

have received, and are now receiving, in addi-

tion to their large stock of well-seasoned Lum-

20,000 ft panel Boards & Plank, from to 2 in.

10,000 ft first common Boards 50,000 ft second common Boards 20,000 ft 11 inch Boards

2,000 lights of Sash, various sizes,

70.000 Plastering Lath, all sizes. Plain Siding and ready worked Flooring, Hemlock Joists

Scantling, 3x4, 4x5, 4x6, 6x6.
Lap and Joint Shingles and Shingle Lath al-

ways on hand.
Doors, Shutters, Blinds, and Sash made

All orders thankfully received and promptly

LOGAN FOUNDRY.

THE public are hereby respectfully informed that we have leased the above well known Foundry, situate on Main street, in the borough

of Lewistown, a few doors south of the stone

bridge, where we will keep constantly on hand

a full assortment of all kinds of STOVES, viz: Hathaway Cooking Stoves, different sizes, Egg Stoves, Nine Plate Stoves, &c.

Iron Fence, Hollow Ware, Water Pipes,

&c., and will make to order all kinds of CAST-INGS. All orders sent to us will be filled with

undoubtedly save money by doing so.
DANIEL BEARLEY & SONS.

Selling Off at Cost!

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Children's Shoes, &c.

AT COST.

be offered at such prices as to defy competition.

All persons indebted to us will please call
and make payment immediately, or the next

notice to many will be sent through the hands

Pennsylvania Railroad.

ON and after Monday, June 22d, 1857, trains leave Lewistown Station as follows:

Fare to Harrisburg, \$150; to Philadelphia, 420; to Altoona, 175; to Pittsburgh, 470

The Ticket Office will be open 20 min utes before the arrival of each Passenger

FISK'S

TO E CO DE MACE

METALLIC BURIAL CASES,

AIR-TIGHT AND INDESTRUCTIBLE,

For protecting and preserving the Dead for or-

ation, or for any other desirable purpose.

For sale at the new Furniture rooms, under the Odd Fellows' Hall, by
ANTHONY FELIX.

New Arrangements.

A FTER returning our sincere thanks to our numerous friends and customers for their

The Old Stand

CASH, after the first of April our credit terms

will be Thirty Days and accounts not to exceed

business so that we shall enjoy the good will of our numerous customers, and that the num-

tinued patronage, I would inform them that

5 00 "

5 00 " 10 15 "

D. E. ROBESON, Agent.

1 50 a. m. 3 25 "

of the constable.

JOHNSON & CLARKE.

Lewistown, March 26, 1857.-y

work, consisting of

Mail.

Emigrant.

Through Freight,

Express Freight,

T their Lumber Yard on East Third street, A T their Lumber Yard on East Third street, Lewistown, near the Presbyterian Church,

BEE HIVE DRUG STORE

East with a large assortment of

#### TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. ONE DOLLAR PER ANNUM,

IN ADVANCE. For six months, 75 cents.

NEW subscriptions must be paid in If the paper is continued, and not a the first month, \$1,25 will be chargpaid in three months, \$1,50; if not x months, \$1,75; and if not paid in

ers addressed to persons out of the libe discontinued at the expiration of aid for, unless special request is made rary or payment guaranteed by some person here.

ADVERTISING s of minion, or their equivalent, con-square. Three insertions \$1, and 25 ch subsequent insertion.

## West Branch Insurance Co. OF LOCK HAVEN, PA.,

S Detached Buildings, Stores, Mer-e, Farm Property, and other Buildeir contents, at moderate rates

DIRECTORS. Pearce, Hon. G. C. Harvey, T. T. Abrams, D. K. Jackman, W. White, Thos. Kitchen.

Hon. G. C. HARVEY, Pres. T. T. ABRAMS, Vice Pres.

Lloyd, Thos. Thos. Bowman, D. D. Wm, Vanderbelt, Dr. J. S. Crawford. A. Updegraff, laynard, James Armstrong, n Cameron, Hon, Wm. Bigler. at for Midlin county, G. W. STEW

v from Less and Damage by Fire,

## CONTINENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

sted by the Legislature of Pennsylva, with a Perpetual Charter.

horized Capital, \$1,000,000. to. 61 Walnut St. above Second, Phila.

urance on Buildings, Furniture, Mer-&c., generally. Marine Insurance is and Freights to all parts of the dand Insurance on Goods, &c., by vers, Canals, and Land Carriages, to of the Union, on the most favorable

W. Colladay, William Bowers, Joseph Oat, Howard Hinchman, RGE W. COLLADAY, President. Wilson, Secretary.

ent for Mifflin county, Wm. P. EL feb19-1v

#### DEMNITY AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE. klin Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia.

e 1634 Chestnut street, near Fifth. ent of Assets, \$1.827,185 80 January 1st, 1857.

agreeably to an act of Assembly, being, gages, amply secured, \$1,519,932 73

A Stimes are hard and money scarce the subscribers wish to reduce their stock, and will sell their present assortment of eastern

tate, (present value, \$109,-9,114 18 present value, \$83,881 12,)

71,232 97 Gents, Ladies, Boys and Youth's Gaiters, 64.121 56 \$1.827,185 80

al or Limited Insurances made on every for cash only. All kinds of goods in their line made to order of the best material and warranwas are consistent with security.

It is incorporation, a period of twentythey have paid over Three Millions
losses by fire, thereby affording evhe advantages of Insurance, as well

Work now on hand, which will be sold at the
lowest prices. The attention of the public is
invited to the above, as the eastern work will and disposition to meet with

Losses by Fire. aid during the year 1856, \$301,638 84

Mordecai D. Lewis, David S. Brown, I Isaac Lea. Edward C. Dale, RLES N. BANCKER, President. G. BANCKER, Sec'y. gent for Mifflin county, H. J. WALmar19 Esq., Lewistown.

## IS, CAPS & STRAW GOODS For the People,

THE PEOPLE'S CHILDREN.

BUDISILL, Market street, Lewistown, opposite the toffice, has just returned from the city arge and elegant stock of Fashionable

S, CAPS, STRAW GOODS, table for spring and summer wear, otwithstanding the advance of almost else, he will dispose of at low pri store has been fitted up with large th glass fronts, so that the stock car

ill manufacture to order any descrips, (having the best of workmen in his d an abundant supply of material,) extensive stock fail to furnish a suitcle. Parents are especially invited to examine his variety of Children's Hats ey can make choice to please them-

Omish friends will find they are not forand they may rest assured of finding an their taste, or can have one made at

kful for the patronage heretofore so libtended to him, he solicits his friends to se indebted to square up and begin ad any number of visitors from this or oring counties, to take a look at him

N. J. RUDISILL.

o Hoffman's for Tubs Hoffman's for Charn Hoffman's for Baskets

ROCERIES .-Buy Cheese at Buy Teas, &c., at

Fifty Dollars.

mar12

I am still to be found at

ber may be greatly increased.

Hoffman's Hoffman's

We hope still to conduct our

F. J. HOFFMAN.

# sueriff's sales.

To the Citizens of Lewistown and Vicinity. BY virtue of sundry writs of Fi. Fa., Vend. Exp., Pluries Vend. Exp., Levari Facias, THANKFUL for past favors of a generous public, we respectfully solicit a continuance the same. We have just returned from the Pluries Levari Facias, and Alias Levari Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Chemicals, Dyestuffs, Oils, Paints, Varnishes, Brushes, Perfumery, Fancy Goods, Pat-ent Medicines, Surgical Instruments, Trusses, Shoulder Braces, &c. outery, at the Court House in the borough of Lewistown, on

Saturday, August 1, 1857,

at one o'clock in the afternoon, the following real estate, to wit: A lot of ground situate in Lilleyville, Decatur township, Mifflin county, containing about 2½ acres, more or less, bounded on the west by land of Samuel P. Lilley, north by Vanzant, east by Susan Sigler, and south by public road leading from Lilley's mill to Kreps' saw mill. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John A. S.

Brushes, Shaving Soaps, &c , in great variety.

We have also a superb lot of imported Segars.

For the sick and afflicted we have a "balmfor All that tract of land situate in Oliver town-Country Merchants can be supplied with any articles in our line at city prices. All goods warranted to be as represented.

Prescriptions carefully compounded. ship, Mifflin county, bounded by the Juniata river, lands of Augustine Wakefield and oth ers, containing seventy-one acres, one hun-dred and fifty-six perches, more or less, Physicians' orders promptly filled at the usual iscount.

J. D. STONEROAD, with a small frame house and other improvements thereon erected. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John V. Crisswell, Lavinia Crisswell, widow of Michael Crisswell, dec'd, and James Crisswell, Guardian of the minor chil-dren of Michael Crisswell, dec'd.

All that certain lot of ground situate, lying and being in the borough of McVeytown, Mifflin county, whereon is erected a two-story frame dwelling house, brick store house and frame stable, bounded by Market street on ley on the east, and by lot No. 23 on the south, and known in the general plan of said borough as lot No. 24. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John B. Stewart and Alexander P. Owens, with notice to the terre tenants.

AL80, A tract of land, situate in Union township, Mifflin county, containing forty eight acres be the same more or less, about thirty-five acres of which is cleared and under cultivation, with a dwelling house, barn, carpenter tion, with a dwelling house, barn, carpenter shop, and other improvements thereon erected, adjoining lands of Nancy Yoder, Oliver Campbell and Henry Reindle Saized taken

A lot of ground, situate in the west ward in the borough of Lewistown, Mifflin county, fronting 60 feet, more or less, on Market street, and extending back 200 feet, more or less, to an alley; bounded on the south by an alley, on the east by a lot of Mrs. Hardt, on the north by Market street, and on the west by other lot of Zachariah Orner; with a frame house and other improvements thereon

care and despatch, and on as reasonable terms Also, one other lot of ground, fronting 30 as at any other establishment in the State. We hope, friends, you will call and examine our feet, more or less, on Market street, and extending back 200 feet, more or less, to an alstock before buying anywhere else. You will ley; bounded on the south by an alley, east other lots of Zachariah Orner, north by by other lots of Zachariah Orner, north by Market street, and west by lot of the heirs of Francis Thompson, dec'd; with a small frame building and other improvements thereon erected. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Zachariah Orner.

> The undivided half of a lot of ground, sit-The undivided half of a lot of ground, situate in the borough of McVeytown, Mifflin county, fronting on Market street 53 feet 7 inches, and 214 feet in depth, bounded on the south and east by two fourteen feet alleys, on the north by lot of John Haman and George H. Calbraith, and on the west by Market treet, and known in the general type of side of the poor of Mifflin county,
>
> Sur. Pr 80 W. B. Johnston & Co. 37 Aug. 1852 trayal of the best interests of his country, disregard the claims of principle involved in his choice. Thus occasions may arise, when the north by lot of John Haman and George Wm. J. Steel vs. J. Sterrett & Co. 26 Nov. 1855 Wm. J. Steel vs. Directors of the Poor of Mifflin county, 52 Jan. 1856 Understanding the spirit of your first trayal of the best interests of his country, disregard the claims of principle involved in his choice. Thus occasions may arise, when the country of the principle involved in his choice. Thus occasions may arise, when the country of the poor of Mifflin country, are constituted in the country of the poor of Mifflin country. street, and known in the general plan of said borough as lot No. 21, with two small features. Directors of the Poor of Mifflin county, 52 Jan. 1856
>
> Poor of Mifflin county, 52 Jan. 1856
>
> David A. & Eliza J. McNabb vs. borough as lot No. 21, with two small frame offices and other improvements thereon erect- F

d.

Also, all that certain undivided one-half art of a lot of ground, situate in the borough of McVeytown, on the north west corner of Vater and John streets in the said borough.

A. Scholl,
C. Bratton, adm'r of C. Miller,
vs. Daniel Brought, ex'r,
Jos. Swift vs. James Quinlan,
28 Nov. 1856
H. J. WALTERS, Prothonotary. of McVeytown, on the north west corner of Water and John streets in the said borough, bounded on the east by Water street, on the outh by John street, on the west by the Pennsylvania Canal, and on the north by heirs of James McDonald, dee'd; with a large two story brick store room and dwelling house, kitchen and other improvements thereon erected. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Wm. J. McCoy.

Eastward. Westward. 5 14 a. m. 5 40 a. m. 10 47 p. m. 7 29 p. m. 3 04 " A certain piece or parcel of land, situate in the borough of Lewistown, bounded on the west by lot of Davis Bates 203 feet, more or less; on the north by Elizabeth street 68 feet, more or less; on the east by a fourteen feet alley, &c.; on the south by lots of John R. Weeks, composed of lots Nos. 4, 24, 25 & 26 in the general plan of said borough extended; whereon are erected a foundry, foundry house, machine shop, carpenter shop, pattern house, wood shed and coal house, together with one steam engine, five turning lathes, one drill, and all other fixtures and machinery thereto

attached. Also, all that lot of ground, situate in said borough, bounded on the east by Main street, on the south by Water street, on the north by lot now or lately owned by Francis McCoy and on the west by the lot now or lately owned by William Jennings, (a 14 feet al ey be ing between,) containing in width 66 feet and inches, and in length 210 feet, being parts of lots numbered 22, 23, 24 and 25 in the general plan of said borough; whereon are erected two large two-story frame buildings, weatherboarded and painted white, with oth-

er buildings and improvements. Also, one other lot of ground, situate in their prices, and sell for CASH alone, without the west ward in the borough of Lewistown, bounded on the north by lot of Reuben Shipton, on the east by a ten feet alley, on the south by lot of James H. Martin, west by public road leading from Third street to and With a desire to bring my business nearly to past James McCurdy, fronting 30 feet, more or less, on said road, extending back 111 feet, more or less. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Daniel Zeigler.

the name of Jacob Barr, Thomas White and I tlement. Jacob Wertz or Witzer or Witze, situate on

and allowance, more or less, with a frame saw mill thereon erected. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of William H. Irwin.

All that certain tract of land situate in Pleas of Mifflin county, and to me directed, will be exposed to sale by public vendue or and described as follows: Beginning at a poplar, there by the James Black survey south 45 degrees, west 317½ perches to a pine; thence by Christian Gettig and J. Thompson surveys south 45 degrees; east 225 perches to a black oak; thence by the Robert Gray survey north 45 degrees, east 277 perches to a maple; thence by the Thomas Maberry and Thomas White surveys north 35 degrees, west 228 perches to the place of beginning; containing 418 acres and 40 perches neat measure, more or less, being a tract of land surveyed in pursuance of a warrant to John By

ers, dated 26th November, 1793. Also, one other piece, parcel or tract of and adjoining the above tract, beginning at stones on line of the Thomas White tract; thence south 45 degrees, west 338 perches to rock oak on line of Christian Gettig tract; thence south 45 degrees, east 104 perches to a post formerly a corner of John Byers' tract; thence north 45 degrees, east 317½ perches to cans should be preferred. the place of beginning; containing 212 acres and 143 perches neat measure, more or less, being part of a tract of land surveyed in pursuance of a warrant to James Black dated 26th November, 1793. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of William H. Israil

JACOB MUTTHERSBOUGH, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Lewistown, July 16, 1857. N. B. Purchasers at the above sheriff's sales are here frame stable, bounded by Market street on to be paid, in all cases, immediately on the property being the west, John street on the north, Sarah alknowled down, or it will be forthwith resold to the high-

## Register's Notice.

THE following accounts have been examined and passed by me, and remain filed of record in this office for inspection of Heirs, Legatees, Creditors, and all others in any way interested, and will be presented to the next Orphans' Court of the county of Mifflin, to be held at the Court Mouse in Lewistown, on THURSDAY, the 6th day of August, 1857,

Campbell and Henry Brindle. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of ville township. ville township.
2. The account of William A. McManigle,

Guardian of Charles Marks, minor child of Jacob Marks, deceased. 3. The account of Thomas Stroup, Admin-

istrator of the estate of Andrew Sommers, late of Brown township, deceased.
4. The account of Christian Hoover, Jr., Administrator of the estate of Dr. Lewis Hoover, late of the borough of Lewistown,

JAMES McDOWELL,

Register's Office, Lewistown, July 8, 1857.

## List of Causes For Trial at August Term A. D. 1857.

vs. John McDowell, dec'd, 87 Apl. 1855 to this policy as one of wisdom and patriotism, no American who properly appreciates his Bank of Lewistown for use &c vs.

W. B, Johnston & Jos. Milliken sur. pr's of W. B. Johnston & co. 57 Aug. 1852 J. B. Ard vs. Wm. Wilson, 132 " 1853

S. Gilmore's ex'rs, '. M. Bell, Endorsee &c. vs. H. A. Scholl,

Proth'y's Office, Lewistown, July 9, 1857

OTICE.—We, the undersigned, give notice agreeably to the laws of Pennsylvania, that we intend making application to the next ses-sion of the Legislature of Pennsylvania for the incorporation of a Bank, to be located in the Borough of Lewistown, county of Mifflin, and State aforesaid, under the name, style and title of "THE MIFFLIN COUNTY BANK"-issue be secured by bond and mortgage on real estate, to be appraised by five men appointed by the Governor at three-fourths its cash value, and joint and separate liability of all the Stockholders-to have General Banking and Discounting privileges, with a Capital of two hundred thousand dollars, and the privilege of increasing it to four hundred thousand dollars. Wm. Thompson,

Charles Naginey, And. McFarlane, Davis Bates. W. Reed. Francis McClure, John C. Sigler. Lewistown, June 22, 1857.

John McDowell, Jr.,

## BOOTS AND SHOES AT REDUCED PRICES!

THE subscribers, finding that they cannot do business on the present credit system, would orm their friends and the public that they are determined to THE COURT

exception. The entire stock of Eastern work now on hand will be sold at COST, and home-made work of all descriptions will be sold at nearly the OLD RATES, as by selling for cash, only the per centage for interest and loss will be thrown off and prices made nearly as low as when stock was cheap.

Our friends will please bear the above in

mind, and not put us to the disagreeable necessity of refusing them credit. All persons in All those three tracts of land surveyed in the pame of Jacob Barr Thomas White and the pame of Jacob Barr Thomas White and those having claims present them for settlement.

JOHNSON & CLARKE. July 16, 1857.

the waters of Minehart's run and its tributaries, in the township of Granville, Mifflin county, containing in the whole twelve hundred and thirteen acres and seven perches

THE best improved HAY HOISTERS in use, ROPES, PULLEYS, &c., all of which we will sell lower than they can be had for elsewhere. Jell F. G. FRANCISCUS.

# UISCELLANEOUS.

#### From the Hollidayshurg Register Letter from Hon. David Wilmot. HOLLIDAYSBURG, Pa., May 5, 1857.

David Wilmot, Towanda, Pa .: Si:—At a regular meeting of the American State Council held in Altoona, on the 15th of April last, it was Resolved, That a committee of five members be appointed to solicit from the candidates put in nomination by the Convention held at Harrisburg on the 25th of March, their views in regard to the

principles of the American party. In pursuance of the foregoing resolution the undersigned were appointed said Committee. JOHN BROTHERLINE,

JOHN COVODE. D. M'MURTRIE, J N. Power, Geo. W. Patton.

You will please give us categorical answers to the following interrogatories, which embrace the principles of the American party, to which your attention is desired:

cans should be preferred. 2. Are you in favor of the protection of

American labor, American rights, and American interests? 3. Are you in favor of the purification of the ballot box, a reform in the naturalization laws, the enactment of a registry law, and the prohibition of foreign paupers and convicts

landing upon our shores? 4. Are you opposed to any interference of church hierarchies in politics?

5. Are you in favor of Free Schools for the education of all classes, with the Bible as a text book used therein? With great respect, we remain,

Your humble servants. John Brotherline, Chairman.

REPLY. Towanda, July 10th, 1857. Gentlemen:-Your letter of the 5th of May came to hand during the sitting of my Courts, immediately on the close of which I left home, and returned only a few days since.

responded to your communication. I am requested to answer certain interrogatories propounded to me in pursuance of a resolution of the late Conventien held at Al-

The history of our State establishes a wise and safe policy in respect to the point embraced in your first interrogatory. It will be found rare indeed, that any but native born citizens, have held high official station either in the Executive or Judicial departments of our State Government; and the same class, with comparatively few exceptions, have filled the seats of our Legis-lative Halls. The naturalized citizen cannot complain that this traditional policy should be preserved. There is nothing in it intolerant or proscriptive; nor will the enlightened and patriotic citizen of foreign birth so regard it. It imposes no legal disqualification. It takes from him no right. Official station of right belongs to no man. While I would adhere 20 " 1850 responsibilities, would neglect an inquiry into the character and fitness of candidates presented for his suffrage: nor could he, without betrayal of the best interests of his country, proposition as not inconsistent with the views here expressed, I yield it my cordial assent. Are you in favor of the protection of Amer-23 Jan. 1857 ican labor, American rights, and American

interests? To this, your second interrogatory, I shall content myself with a simple affirmative an-

swer.

The matters embraced in your third interrogatory are of the first importance, and demand the most serious consideration of the patriot and statesman. The boldness and success with which frauds are perpetrated upon the ballot box have become alarming, and unless promptly and effectually checked, must end in subversion of our system of free government. The forms of Liberty may main, but only as a cheat and mockery, glossing over as cruel a despotism as ever cursed a people. I would sustain with my whole strength, any and every measure wisely devised, to preserve the purity of our popular elec-tions. Wilful fraud upon the ballot box is moral treason against Republican Government; and all duly convicted of being concerned therein, in addition to other penalties, should be disqualified from holding office or exercising the elective franchise.

Doubtless our naturalization laws could be weaken our State sovereignty by looking to the reform in this matter. It belongs exclusively to the States to regulate this whole question of suffrage-to prescribe the qualifications of electors-to provide safeguards against frauds, and inflict punishment for assaults upon the integrity of the ballet box. Our own State cannot too early or vigorously exert its constitutional power in respect to these matters, vital as they are to liberty and the existence of free goverment.

It has ever been a source of just pride to the true American that his country opened an asylum for the oppressed of every land. God forbid that we should be so ungrateful for His blessings, as to refuse to share them with the henest and industrious of whatever tween an ancient and powerful church and clime or country; but it is an outrage upon our | the slave interest of America is the more rehospitality, and a violation of international markable, when we consider the fact that the law, for the Governments of the Old World to early and authoritative teachings of that ship cargoes of criminals and paupers on our

To your fourth interrogatory I answer that am opposed to the interference of Hierar-that I am opposed to the interference of Hierarresponsibility. I would not detract from his sion of the Bible therefrom.

#### a teacher of the people, I believe it to be his duty to speak openly and fearlessly against social and political evils, destructive of pubic morals and at wer with the interest and happiness of mankind. In thus publicly speaking, if he transcends the proprieties of his place and office, a safe corrective is found. in the censure of an enlightened public. But that a Priestly Order, invested by the Laity with a mysterious sacerdotal character-with pretensions to extraordinary spiritual power -bound together by strong ties, and ac-knowledging as their head a foreign Poten-tate—that such an Order should enter the field of politics, control our elections and influence the policy of our government, is surely cause for alarm, and should awaken the jealous vigilance of the American people. It will probably be denied that any such hierarchial influence is brought to bear in our elec-

tions. We should judge with candor, and

not condemn without proof. We see the American people divided on a momentous issue. The principles of human freedom or bondage are brought in direct confliet. Man's inalienable right to life and liberty is denied. The doctrine is openly asserted by those who hold the government in their hands, that God created the mass of mankind to be slaves. In the heat of this great struggle we see the strongest ties severed-the ancient political parties of the country broken, and men of every nation and faith divided, save one. The votaries of one church alone are united in political action. This unity in the midst of otherwise universal division, is truly most remarkable. From Maine to Texas—from the Atlantie to the Pacific Ocean in every city, town and hamlet—under what-ever circumstances placed, or by whatever influences surrounded, we find the votaries of

this church arrayed in political action on the side of slavery. This cannot arise from an intelligent assent to the principles of slavery; because those principles would reduce ninety-nine out of every hundred of these men to the condition of slaves. Whence are we to look for the cause of this unity among so many hundreds of thousands scattered over so wide a surface? We find the votaries of the Catholic Church, as a class, among the least enlightened of our population, and thus in a condition to yield a ready obedience, in all things, to an authori-

must be my apology for not earlier having ty which they have been taught to respect as of God's appointment. The church of their faith advances high and extraordinary claims. It is the only true Apostolic and Catholic church. It is infallible in doctrine—miracles continue to be wrought within its holy com-munion—its head is the Vicegerent of God on earth, and successor of the Apostle to whom was entrusted the keys of heaven. It is a pure hierarchy. The laity have little or no power, all authority being concentrated in the Priesthood. Again I ask, whence this unity in political action among the votaries of this church, when every other denomination of Christians idividual. of Christians is divided? In seeking for an answer to this inquiry, all men will look to the source where the power resides. When the votaries of the Church of Rome shall exhibit, in our political contests, the like diversity of views and action that is seen among all other classes of our people, then, and not till then, will the public mind be relieved from the suspicion that hierarchial influences are mischieveusly at work in our politics. It is idle to evade the point, by labored ef-

forts in defence of religious freedom and the rights of conscience. No assault is made upon either. The largest liberty-the broadest toleration, is conceded in matters of re ligious faith and worship. The ground of complaint lies here—that a hierarchy, invested with peculiar sanctity and powers in the eyes of the Laity, should exert a spiritual influence to control our elections, and give to the policy of our Government a direction adverse to the wishes of a majority of the peoe, not within the sphere of such influence No intelligent man will question the fact, that the late Presidential election was controlled by the united Catholic vote. If the adherents of that church had been divided in their votes, as were all the Protestant sects of our counthe present administration would never have had an existence. The Slave Power, to day, would not be master of our government-promulgating its abhorrent doctrines through our judicial tribunals-undermining the sovereignty of the States, and boldly trampling down the clearest constitutional rights of the citizen.

It is also apparent to every intelligent observer, that the same unity in the Catholic vote is relied upon as the main support of our opponents in the coming State election. With these undeniable facts before us, can it be said that there is no ground for the strong conviction in the minds of the American people, that hierarchal influences not only interfere in our politics, but actually control our elections? If the Protestant sects of our country presented the same unanimity in opposition to the pro-slavery Democracy, that so amended as to aid in securing purity and the Catholic church does in its support, our fairness in our elections; but we must not opponents would not be slow or measured in their denunciation. Indeed, the chiefs and General Government as the great source of press of that party assail with gross vituperation such Protestant Christian ministers as openly in the face of day, denounce from the sacred desk the crimes of slavery, and insist upon the sanctity of the marital and parental relations. In them, it is a grievous offence, to proclaim, in connection with slavery, the great essential truths of Christianity-that God is the Creator and Father of all menthat he made of one flesh all the nations of the earth-that He is no respector of persons, but holds in equal love all his children; and that he will require of every one the obser-vance of his righteous law: "All things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them." This alliance Church are in condemnation of slavery .shores. Our Government cannot be too vigilant in guarding our rights in this respect. How long it is to be successful How long this strange alliance is to continue

chies in politics. The office of a Christian Minister is second to no other in dignity and of all classes; and am opposed to any exclu-

D. WILMOT. Respectfully yours, D. WILMOT. To John Brotherline, Esq., Chairman, &c.