THE GAZETTE.

LEWISTOWN, PA. Thursday, April 2, 1857.

American Republican Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR: DAVID WILMOT, of Bradford county. FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER: WILLIAM MILLWARD, of Philadelphia. FOR SUPREME JUDGES: JOSEPH J. LEWIS, of Chester county. JAMES VEECH, of Fayette county.

Notices of New Advertisements.

ILLINOIS LANDS .- Such of our readers as have a design of emigrating westward, are referred to the advertisement of the Central Illinois Railroad Company, who have now 1,500,000 acres of farming lands near that road ready for sale at from \$6 to \$30 per acre, on terms so favorable that any one, even with very Mmited capital, can readily secure a farm, and have it paid for in the course of a few years, by merely exercising the same industry and econ my there as they are now compelled to do where dependent upon daily labor for support. In all cases of emigra tion to new countries, more or less hardship must be endured, one of the leading ones of which is the want of good roads as a means of travel and seeking a market for produce; but this is at once avoided here, as the farms are all located along the railroad, which affords ready access to Chicago and other stations.

A sale of valuable personal property—Two administra-

tion notices-List of Letters-Annual Borough Statement,

COLOMBIAN GUANO .- The attention of our subscribers is directed to the advertisement in this paper of Messrs. Richards & Miller, of Philadelphia, and we quote from distinguished Agricultural Journals in regard to the Colombian Guano they advertise:

bian Guano they advertise:

"This article is gradually coming more into use amongst farmers. It has already established a favorable reputation, gaining decided confidence as a prominent fertilizer.

"Agriculturists in Maryland and adjoining States, who have given it a trial, speak most favorably of the practical results. An especial desideration is, its cheapness when compared with Peruvian Guano, and its more lasting effect upon soils. The nutricious of fertilizing ingredients of this fertilizer cannot be disputed. It has already produced results sufficiently convincing and efficacious to warrant its future use. We have seen highly satisfactory andizations of this Guano by distinguished Chemists, amongst whom are A. Snowden Piggot and David Stewart of Baltimore, A. A. Hayes of Boston, J. A. Chilton of New York, James C. Booth and F. A. Genth of Philadelphia, but it is not our province to give details.

"The article has assumed sufficient importance to require the establishment of an extensive agency in Philadelphia, and we therefore refer to Richards & Miller, No. 28 South Front St., Philadelphia, where farmers and others can be satisfactorily accommodated."

Pamphlets, giving full particulars, moy also be had at

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We this day place at the head of our columns the caudidate nominated by the Union Convention for Governor. We do this, not that he is our favorite for the office, but because having been fairly chosen by delegates appointed in accordance with the regular usages of parties, we shall yield him our support just as readily as we would have done to Judge Hale, Mr. Ball, Mr. Moorehead, or any other good man, had either received the nomination. To do otherwise would be recreant to our professions, and rather betray a factious opposition to the will and wishes of a majority of American Republicans in this State than a desire to combine the opposition against those who have ever been enemies to whigs and republicans, and bitterly hostile to Americans. Let this fact, standing in bold relief on the page of political history, 31, above, 24 | 20, do be well pondered over by such of our readers as may feel "wolfishly-American" (we coin a compound for the occasion) inclined before they will sanction any measures that can only lead to defeat, and thus play into the hands of the so-called democracy. The nominees for Canal Commissioner and Supreme Judges were Americans-Judge Wilmot a Republican. What fairer division could be asked by any reasonable set of men who desire to be satisfied? In all such cases there must be concession, for without it there could have been no agreement. It was evident on the first ballet that a majority of the delegates regarded Judge Wilmot as the strongest candidate that could be put up against Mr. Packer, and we venture to say that the election at the request of the members: next fall will show that their judgment was correct. As the Representative of a great Pennsylvania principle, Judge Wilmot will obtain 10,000 votes in the northern part of the State which no other man could get .-This, coupled with the fact that during his long connection with the old democratic parat the waste and extravagance then as now perpetrated on the public works, bears with it irrefutable evidence of his honesty and integrity. As to talents, no man familiar with the political history of the past fourteen years, but must know that for a long time he stood at the head of the Pennsylvania delegation in Congress, and as such maintained a high reputation.

So far as the American sentiment is concerned, the convention adopted the following

Resolved, That it is a fraud upon our laws, and fraught with danger to our institutions, to admit to a full participation in their benefits, any man who acknowledges a Foreign SUPREMACY, which he cannot conscientiously and without mental reservation, abjure and forever renounce; whether that supremacy be

We believe this is as far as any convention, composed of different material but desirous of effecting the great object in view, ought to have gone. Our own opinions on the subject of slavery agitation are widely different from those who hold extreme views, and so too are they on the question of Americanism. While we are favorable to an alteration of the natuuralization law so as to extend the term of probation for all who may come into this country hereafter, our Americanism, either in the way of personal friendship or business, does not extend to that pitch which indiscriminately condemns and abuses those who have become citizens. They have taken advan- hole, in such case, would soon be filled up ordinary subjects.

tage of a law to become so, and although we and make a decided improvement in those think that law wrong, still it is a law. It is streets. true many of them are totally unfitted for the exercise of the privileges conferred, but this is the fault of our own legislation, and shows that a reform is necessary. We also believe that jesuitical institutions, which are known to have overthrown empires in Europe in the height of their power, ought not to be tolerated here, together with other points on which we perhaps differ but little with honest advocates of Americanism. Now the nominees may or may not agree with us-we neither know nor care. But we do know that a body of men selected by the opponents of the National Administration met at Harrisburg, a large majority of whom designated the candidates whom they deemed best qualified to go before the people as AMERICAN REPUBLIcans. If this is not enough to call for the party, then all opposition to the nominees of patent democracy might as well be dropped at once, and those who are in the market sell themselves at the best price they can-i. e, provided they can find buyers.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

Reported for the Gazette TEMPERATURE OF THE WEATHER In New Lancaster, Mifflin county, kept by David Filson-time morning-through the winter just gone by, commencing at the 21st of December, 1856, and ending at the 20th day of March, 1857: | February.

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23	do	6	4,	above,	1
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28	do	20	9.	do	1
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27, 28,	above,	13	17,		0
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29,	do	25	18,	do	0.
30,	below,	4	19,	do	2
31,	above.	24	20,	do	2

Proceedings of Council.

The Council met at their room in the Town Hall on Monday evening. Present-Frysinger, C. B., Bloom, Levy, Hamaker, Smith, Rittenhouse and Kitting.

The following officers were appointed for the ensuing year:

Secretary-David Bloom. Treasurer-Christian Heover.

Attorney-J. W. Shaw.

Regulators-David Bloom, S. Rittenhouse. Messenger-G. R. Frysinger.

The following memorandum of business

likely to come before the Council was then read by the Chief Burgess, and is published In addressing you in a mode somewhat that sum, together with about \$200 for light-

different from that usually adopted, it is with no view merely to make knewn my individual opinions, but in order that the new members of Council may more succinctly understand the most important subjects that will be brought up for your consideration and decis-

The cleaning up of the streets, lanes and ty his name never was stained by even an alleys will be the first thing to engage your imputation that he took part in or connived attention, and should the weather permit, I arrangement, and if a satisfactory one canwould recommend the work to be commenced forthwith and persevered in until the various thoroughfares are free from the dirt, manure, and other offensive matter which now meets the eye in almost every direction. This is the first step towards the preservation of health during what is generally called the sickly season, and I entertain no doubt that our freedom from all epidemics, and an unusual share of good health, are attributable to the energetic measures pursued some years ago in cleaning up streets, alleys, yards, cel-Once in good condition, the next step will be of praise for the simple performance of a streets and alleys, as it can hardly be expected that the Chief Burgess should become informer and witness and then judge. At pres- ate charge. ent no remuneration except the usual fee for serving a summons, and payment for remo-I have no doubt should he perform his duriotous men and boys, who daily and nightly distinction as to persons, you will compensate

him for it. lapidated condition of the bridge in West Third street. Four or five years ago it had old one, so as to simplify the proceedings. been agreed that the first work to be done the ensuing spring should be the repair of this structure, but from various causes it has been delayed until the present time, happily without any accident occurring. It ought either before us, they will be admitted and treated to be culverted or a wall built up on each side as honest convictions of right—for here, as and covered with large slabs, from Third in every thing else, it can hardly be expected street to the bridge below. The unsightly that all should think and feel alike even on

A number of individuals have at different times urged the construction of a bridge over the feeder where Wayne street crosses it .--This work, if deemed necessary, could not be rangements for filling the old dry dock, so as done while the canal is filled with water, but in the meantime a committee might be appointed to examine it, report what filling it would take on the northern side of Wayne street to make such a bridge passable, and whether it is needed. If feasible, and deemed expedient, the Council could then make the necessary arrangements for erecting it at the proper time. Several squares in the business parts of

tewn will require considerable repairs during the present year. East Market street especially needs a coating of stone, and in my udgment a heavy one. Mere repairs in the first square will no longer answer, it being so completely worn down that the gravel underlying the McAdamized part is perceptible in a number of places. East and West Water streets, Valley street, Wayne and several othsupport of men professing to be advocates of er cross streets are also worthy of your attention, and I would recommend an early examination of them all. In connection with this subject, I would beg leave to draw your attention to the propriety of making an experiment with cinder from the furnace. It is asserted that a covering of cinder from 18 inches to 2 feet deep, well broken, beat down, and covered with clay or gravel, will make a street at once dry and lasting, and equal to one made of limestone from 12 to 15 inches. Water street, from Main to Wayne, or from Main to Brown, is a favorable location for making such an experiment at an early day, and if found to answer, various streets might be rendered dry and pleasant at a comparatively small expense. On the street leading to the Episcopal Cemetery, and on Main st. between the stone and feeder bridges, the manager of the Lewistown Furnace offers to deliver cinder free of charge, so that the borough would be at no expense but breaking and spreading, and covering with clay or gravel. The road to the cemetery is much used during spring, summer and autumn by pedestrians, and I think it will be no more than common justice to see that it is put in good condition. It is also due to the people residing across the creek that some measures should be taken to put Main street in good condition as far as the borough line extends. The turnpike company is one now merely in

name, and I beleive it would be as well to treat it as if no longer in existence. The most important matter perhaps that will be brought before you is the proposition to light the borough with gas. Last year the borough authorities proposed to put up lamp posts provided the company would-agree to furnish gas at a discount of 25 per cent. on their present prices. To this that company objected on the ground that they could make no discrimination between con sumers, but offered to farnish it at \$3,50 per 1000 feet. The objection made, in my opinion, is not a good one so far as the borough is concerned, however good it may be as to individuals. Under cover of their charter they enter upon the streets and pavements for the purpose of laying down pipe, and by indifferently filling up trenches and repairing gutters, create work for the borough authorities. For this same privilege the Lewistown Water Company is bound to furnish the borough with water for extinguishing fres, washing engines, hose, &c. without

Besides, wherever heavy repairs will be made, this egil will increase. Take Market street for example. Should a heavy coating of stone be put upon it, I presume no one will for a moment contend that where dug up it will be replaced in as good condition as it was before. While I am decided! favorable to lighting the streets, not only where gas pipes are laid down, but in all other parts, an indisposition to entail a heavy and lasting expense on the taxpayers will induce me to examine the matter in all its bearings before embarking in it. As near as I can ascertain, the quantity of gas consumed by street lamps is about six feet per hour. Allowing the lamps to be lit up three hours each evening in summer and five in winter, would make an average of four hours. Each lamp would thus consume 24 feet of gas, for, say 200 nights, making 4800 feet a year. The price proposed by the company would make this light cost \$16 80-and 20 posts \$336. Adding \$100 for lighting and extinguishing, which would be very low, will make an an-nual expense of \$446 for lighting about onehalf the town. The cost of 20 posts and lamps would be about \$350, making the expense for the first year for erecting, lighting and gas for 20 posts about \$800. Even taking a minimum price, say \$3 per thousand feet and four feet per hour, would make a cost of \$216 per annum for gas alone, and when once extended through the borough, double ing and extinguishing. If with this exposition before them the real taxpayers should express themselves satisfied, I shall be far from laying any impediment against its con summation. In the meantime I would advise the Council to appoint a committee of conference to meet a similar one to be appointed by the gas company, should the managers see fit to coincide, and endeavor to come to some not be effected to drop the matter finally.

The financial affairs of the borough are in good condition, there being at this time, as there has been for more than a year, \$900 in The people look to the council for keeping the streets and alleys in good condition, and when so kept, with here and there an exception, will not only cheerfully pay their por lars, onthouses, &c., and the free use of lime. tion of taxation, but in addition give the meed to require the High Constable to strictly per- duty. With a tax of 21 or 3 mills in addiform the duties enjoined on him by law, for tion to the sum now in the treasury, much without his active co operation but little can | can be done, especially if, in the performance be done towards preserving cleanliness in the of your duty you will not bound your vision by any particular locality, but look upon the whole borough limits as under your immedi-

So little has been done for a number of years in requiring pavements to be laid or ving nuisances, is attached to the office, but kept in proper repair, that I apprehend considerable difficulty will arise from this subties by ridding the streets of drunken and ject, as there is hardly a square in which the walks are all in good condition. Some new disgrace them, and return puisances without ones are also much needed in several localities, and I submit it to the Council therefore whether it would not be expedient to direct Your earnest attention is called to the di- the Borough Attorney to draw up an ordinance of a more effective character than the

> In closing, permit me to say that I trust our meetings will be conducted with proprie ty and good feeling, and that should there be differences of opinion on any subject coming

On motion, Messrs. Bloom, Smith and Rittenhouse were appointed a committee for renting the landing between the canal and the river, and, if practicable, making arto bring it into use.

Messrs. Frysinger, Rittenhouse and Kitting were appointed a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee to be appointed by the gas company relative to lighting the streets, and directed to report on Monday evening next.

Cast iron boxes were ordered to be procured for the fire plugs at the jail and in front John Davis's shop.

The High Constable was directed to give the usual notice for removing obstructions from the streets and alleys, and that swine, &c. will not be permitted to run at large. The clerk was authorised to make out the annual statement and have it published.

Mr. Bloom was authorised to make such arrangement with Mr. Printz as to square a lot at the old brick pond.

The following officers of the several boroughs and townships in this county, were elected on Friday, the 20th ult:

DERRY TOWNSHIP. Judge: Thomas Cunningham. Inspectors: Jesse Mendenhall, Daniel C. Matter School Directors: Joseph McAuley, Thom-

as Reed. Assessor: William Albright. Supervisors: Henry Albright, Adam

Auditor: James II. Alexander. Constable: Simon Wittenmeyer. Justice of the Peace: Henry Kraisher. McVEYTOWN BOROUGH. Judge: Nathaniel Wilson.

Inspectors: M. M. Faxon, Wm. J. McCoy. Burgess: John M. McCoy. Town Council: William Ross, David

orrel, N. N. Darling School Directors: Wm. Hardy, Samuel M. Aultz. Constable: Daniel Decker. Assessor: Andrew J. Brooks.

BROWN TOWNSHIP. Judge: John Hoyt, jr. Inspectors: James Kyle, John Reed. Assessor: Charles K. Davis. Supervisors: Wm. Barr, Wm. B. John

School Directors: Robert Cummins, John Auditor: Daniel F. Milliken. Constable: Henry Kepner.

ARMAGH TOWNSHIP. Judge: Old District-David Hooley. Inspectors: John B. Nageny, Geo. W Constable: John Kibe, sr.

Supervisors: Robert M'Manigal, Andrew McFarland. chool Directors : Wm. Marks, Christian

Auditor : John M'Dowell, jr. Assessor: Davis Bates. Clerk: Jefferson Swanger. Judge: New District-John Roop. Inspectors: Charles Nageny, Hugh Aitken MENNO TOWNSHIP.

Justice of the Peace: Stephen Diffen Judge: John Rakerd.

Inspectors: Jefferson T. Wilson, Wm. School Directors: David Hartzler, David Schervisors: Benjamin Hertzler, Robert

E. Wills.

Assessor: Geo. W. Hazlett. Auditors: Thomas Hazlett. Constable: Castor Taylor. Clerk: James M. Lashell. GRANVILLE TOWNSHIP. Judge: Andrew Mayes. Inspectors: Henry Enyder, Joseph R.

School Directors: Wm. Satzler, John Kays. Joshua Morrison. Auditor: Win. Morrison.

Constable: David Wertz. OLIVER TOWNSHIP. Justice of the Peace: John McKee. Inspectors: Samuel Horning, Henry

Assessor: Henry Swiggert. Supervisor: Jacob Knepp, James Creps. School Directors: Samuel Stine, John Kiefhober, Moses A. Sample, John Dun-Constable: Jacob Stine.

Anditor: Geo. Mitchell

NEWTON HAMILTON BOROUGH. Judge: James R. Taylor. Inspectors: L. L. Martin, John Culbert-

Burgess: Samuel Drake. Town Council: Samuel Laird, Samuel Ewing, David Hiester, J. J. Brilhart, James Vanzandt.

School Directors: John Morrison, S. W. Norton, Charles Caughling, Wm. Allen. Justice of the Peace:—a tie between Ja-cob Norton and J. M. Barton. Assessor: John Robb.

Constable: John Culbertson. WAYNE TOWNSHIP. Justice of the Peace: George Lane. Constable: Wm. Akely. Supervisors: John Gath, John Gilliland. Auditor: David Stine, jr. School Directors: John Glasgow, John

L. Jeffries. Assessor: David Jenkins. Judge: Stephen A. Hines. Inspectors: David A. Postlethwait, Joseph

DECATUR TOWNSHIP. Judge: Samuel Brower. Inspectors: Levi Gift, James Dorman. Constable: Robert Kemerling. School Directors : Elias Aurand, Michaelowersox. Supervisors: Wm. Snook, Benj. Rager.

Assessor: Henry Kemerling. Auditor: Henry P. Sigler. BRATTON TOWNSHIP. Justice of the Peace: Thomas Fritz. Judge: Thomas McCord.

Inspectors: Charles Bratton, jr., John Harshbarger. Supervisors: Charles Bratton, sr. John Wolfkill. School Directors: Charles Bratton, sr.

Joshua King, Mathias Boas. Constable: Richardson Bratton. Auditor: George Gunder. Assessor: Joshua King. Clerk: Henry Hertzler.

ENION TOWNSHIP.

Judge: Jonathan W. Hough. Inspectors: John Barr, Wm. Stahley. School Directors: Wm. F. Stroup, Joel Zook, (potter.)

Assessor: David Weiler. Supervisors: N. B. Alexander, Joel Zook, (farmer.) Auditor: Albert G. Gibbony. Constable: Isaac Wartman,

The weather this morning is cold and windy enough for a common winter day.

Our readers are well aware that we have never advertised patent medicines-but we now publish an advertisement of Ayer's Pills, not because we are paid for it alone, but because we honestly believe that Dr. Ayer is one of the best Physicians and Chemists of the age, and because we know from experience that his Cherry Pectoral is the best medicine for a Cough that was ever invented. We have been cured by it of a severe Bronchitis, and have given it to our family with unfailing success for Colds, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Croup, &c. Our neighbors who have tried these Pills represent them as an extraordinary good medicine. - Democrat, Mc-Arthur, Vinton Co., Ohio.

PUBLIC SALIB. WILL be sold at public sale, at the residence of Jacob Kenagy, deceased, in Menno township, on

Monday, April 13, 1857, the following Personal Property, to wit;

4 HORSES. (One a mare with foal,) 2 Colts, Cows, Hogs, Sheep, Young Cattle, good broad wheel Wagon, one two horse Wagon, one Farm Wagon, Carriage, Threshing Machine, Grain Drill, Cultivators, Plows, Harrows, Horse Gears, and all other Farming Utensils, together with Beds, Bedding, and various articles of Household and Kitchen Furniture.

Also, Hay by the ton, and Grain in the ground.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, when terms will be made known by JACOB ZOOK, Adm'r. Menno township, April 2, 1857.*

GUANO.

A full supply of REESE'S MANIPULATED GUANO, containing 45 to 50 per cent. Phosphate Lime, and 8 per cent. Ammonia, manufactured from Columbian and Peruvian Guano, and contained in bags of about 160 lbs. each, in store and for sale, in lots to suit pur-

RICHARDS & MILLER, Sole Agents for Philadelphia, 92 South Front street.

Pamphlets, with full particulars, at the office of this paper.

GUANO.

A full supply of COLOMBIAN GUANO, testing 70 to 80 per cent. Bone Phosphate lime, in strong bags, containing about 160 lbs. each, in store and for sale to Farmers and Dealers at the Company's prices,

RICHARDS & MILLER, Sole Agents, 92 South Front st., Phila. Pamphlets, with full particulars, at the office of this paper. ap2-lm

Choice Farm Lands for Sale. The Illinois Central R. R. Co.

IS NOW PREPARED TO SELL ABOUT 1,500,000

ACRES OF

W. P. Milliken, oil for hose in 18.
Burns & Wasson, smithing.
J. L. Porter, removing nuisances,

Credits and at Low Rates of Interest. PHESE lands were granted by the Government to aid in the construction of this road, and are among the richest and most fertile in the world. They extend from North East and North West, through the middle of the State, to the extreme South, and include every variety of climate and productions found between those parallels of latitude. The Northern portion is chiefly prairie, interspersed with fine groves, and in the middle and Southern sections timber predominates, alternating with beautiful prai-

The climate is more healthy, mild and equable, than any other part of the country-the air is pure and bracing, while living streams and springs of excellent water about d. Bituminous Coal is extensively mined, and

ies and openings.

supplies a cheap and desirable fuel, being furnished at many points at \$2 to \$4 per ton-and wood can be had at the same rate per cord. Building Stone of an excellent quality also abounds, which can be procured for little more than the expense of transportation.

The great fertility of these lands, which are a black rich mould from two to five feet deep, and gently rolling-their contiguity to this road, by which every facility is furnished for travel and transportation, to the principal markets North, South, East, West, and the economy with which they can be cultivated, render them the most valuable investment that can be found, and present the most favorable opportunity for persons of industrious habits and small means to acquire a comfortable independence in a few

Chicago is now the greatest grain market in the world, and the facility and economy with which the products of these lands can be transported to that market make them much more profitable, at the prices asked, than those more remote at government rates, as the cost of transportation is a perpetual tax on the latter, which must be borne by the producer in the reduced price he receives for his grain, &c.

The Title is Perfect, and when the final payments are made, Deeds are executed by the Trustees appointed by the State, and in whom the title is vested, to the purchasers, which convey to them absolute titles in Fee Simple, free and clear of every incumbrance, lien or mortgage.

The Prices are from \$6 to \$30; Interest only 3 per cent. Twenty per cent. will be deducted from the credit price for Cash.

Those who purchase on long credit give notes payable in 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 years after date, and are required to improve one-tenth annually for five years, so as to have one-half the land under

cultivation at the end of that time. Competent Surveyors will accompany those who wish to examine these lands, free of charge, and aid them in making selections. The lands remaining unsold are as rich and valuable as those which have been disposed of. SECTIONAL MAPS will be sent to any one

who will enclose fifty cents in Postage Stamps, and Books or Pamphlets containing numerous instances of successful farming, signed by respectable and well known farmers living in the neighborhood of the Railroad Lands throughout the State-also the cost of fencing, price of cattle, expense of harvesting, threshing, &c.—
or any other information, will be cheerfully given on application, either personally or by letter, in English, French, or German, addressed to JOHN WILSON,

Land Commissioner Illinois Central R. R. Co. Office in Illinois Central Railroad Depot, Chicago, Illinois. ap2-6m

SEEDS.—Garden seeds, Spades, Rakes,

Annual Borough Statement John Davis, Esq., Chief Burgess, in account with the Borough of Lewistown, from April, 1856, to March 30, 1857.

DR. To cash received for rent of Town To cash for permit,

Do Derious and River's circus license. \$118 73 CR.

22 00

By cash paid for tending and lighting Town Hall, By cash paid to Treasurer, as per receipts, Balance due by Chief Burgess,

\$118 73 CHRISTIAN HOOVER, Esq., Treasurer of the Borough of Lewistown, in account with said Borough.

To balance due at last settlement, \$923 3 To stall rents. To water dividends, To balance due from James Nichols, Collector on duplicate of 1855, To last bond for Poor House farm, To cash rec'd from John Davis, Hall

Rent, do To cash circus license, To cash rec'd from Jacob Dehart, for lots.

To cash do do T. D. Irish, for use of hose, To certificate for 4 shares of stock in the Odd Fellows' Hall co., No. 173, To certificate of 189 shares of stock

in the Lewistown Water Company, 3780 @ CR. By amount of Borough orders cancelled, Treasurer's per cent. on same, By balance due from James Nichols, Collector on duplicate of 1855,

By certificate of 4 shares of stock in Odd Fellows' Hall co., deposited with Wm. Russell. By certificate of 189 shares of stock in the Lewistown Water co., deposited with Wm. Russell, By balance in favor of Borough, 961 71

\$5821 30 We, the undersigned, Auditors of the Boy ough of Lewistown, having been first dely sworn, do certify that we have carefully a amined the accounts of C. Hoover, Es, Treasurer of the Borough of Lewistown, and find a balance due from him to the Burgessa and Town Council of the Borough of Levitown, in the county of Mifflin, of the sum of nine hundred and sixty-one dollars and seenty-one cents, (\$961 71) and that we have

cancelled the above orders in the hands of the Treasurer. Given under our hands, at Lewistown March 27, A. D., 1857.

J. W. SHAW, B. F. HEISLER, ORDERS PAID. Gas Company, for gas at Town Hall, \$8 T. F. McCoy, Proth'y, entering judgements and sundry costs,

G. Frysinger, balance due him on sottlement of treasurer's account, Henry Dubs, plank, II. Kemmerling, for board walk, M. Montgomery, clay at brick pond, W P. Milliken, oil for hese in 1852,

J. C. Wilson, repairs at market and town hall, M. Buoy, winding town clock to June

12, 1856, Philip Hall, for carting, Z. Rothrock. Chas, Robinson, do Isaac Farmer. Wm. S. Saxton, de Daniel Tice.

Wm. McKee, hauling stone and clay, and work on streets. Gutshall & Myers, for clay at brick pond lois, John L. Reedy, work on streets, Daniel Link, do Elias Link. do Conrad Uhich, Jr .. do Conrad Ulrich, do

II. Bloomenstine. do Benjamin Osman. do Michael Moyer, Danie! Wollever, do Wallace Fear, do James Printz, do John Levy, for work on streets, horse

and cart, and material, Jos. M. Owens, for post, C. Stratford, for stone and hauling, R. D. Smith, for nine new board walks, G. S. Kane, plastering at market house, J. I. Wallis, repairing spouting at Town

Hall. Wm. B. Hoffman & Co., lumber, Wm. B. Hoffman, lumber and repairs, Geo. Miller, thawing fire plugs and making repairs, Samuel Marks, repairs at fire plug,

Samuel Molson, work at fire plugs, Henderson Hose Co., balance of appropriation made in 1855, George W. Stewart, for gas fixtures at Town Hall.

George W. Stewart, for gas fixtures at market house, dee. W. Wiley, state and county tax for 1856, school tax for year ending June, 1857, and extra county tax,

John Levy, coal at town Hall, Geo. W. Stewart, administering oaths in 1856, R. D. Smith, salary as Council, Jacob Hamaker, do David Bloom. do Peter Printz, do

John Levy, do John Davis, C. B., on account, Wm. Chestnut, do George Frysinger, Clerk, salary, stationery and light for Council Room, John Levy, Regulator, David Bloom, do John W. Shaw, Esq., Attorney,

George R. Frysinger, making fires and serving notices, Frysinger, pub. statement in 1850, W. F. Shaw, do Geo. Frysinger, advertising, printing

and making out annual statement, G. W. Stewart, Auditor, J. M. Stauber, J. W. Shaw, All persons having claims again Borough are requested to present the

Chief Burgess. D&A MULTIVATORS! CULTIVATORS 10 Teeth Cultivators, with part recast steel teeth. F. G. FRANCE