

should have seen our camp in the morning. The ground we were on was very sandy, sloping towards the river. Some of the men slept two on a blanket, which was spread on the ground, and one blanket for a cover, and when they awoke in the morning they found the blankets they had spread on the ground completely covered with sand, which had been washed over them by the rain. Others wrap their blankets tightly around their shoulders, and took a sitting posture on their saddles. I, for one, slept in a sitting position.

We started for home the next morning after the engagement. Nothing transpired on the route homeward worthy of mention. The water of the Rio Grande is of the color of coffee well creamed, but is as good drinking water as any person could wish. I went out with Capt. Bracken and Lieut. Witherell, returned yesterday. They had nothing for their trouble. Capt. Oakes has the first time to come home yet without killing Indians.

WILLIAM T. McEWEN.  
To J. W. McEWEN.

## THE GAZETTE.

LEWISTOWN, PA.

Thursday Morning, Nov. 13.

### REPUBLICAN ORGANIZATION.

We observe that in Philadelphia, New York, and other places it has been determined to adhere to the existing Republican organization. We find us here propounded on all sides.

"What is to be done?"

Who has been true to a union of position, seems to feel that there is a strength in this State which if combined would carry with it more certain defeat to the self-styled democracy than any other organization, and is willing to second any project that will combine that strength.

One of our cotemporaries proposes that the Americans and Republicans in this State unite together under the name of American Republicans, hold county and other meetings for the purpose of such an organization, and call a State Convention for the nomination of a candidate for Governor, &c. There is some wisdom in this suggestion, though if such a State Convention should be called for the purpose of deliberating on the formation of a union of this kind, care must be taken that the wolves in sheep's clothing, who in the last campaign played the part of traitors, be excluded from it. The difference between genuine Americanism and true Republicanism is not so great as to prevent a fraternization, for nine out of ten of each are more or less imbued with the main principles of both.

HON. JOHN M. CLAYTON, U. S. Senator from the State of Delaware, died last Sunday evening at his residence in that State, after a long illness, the fatal termination of which has for some time been anticipated. Mr. Clayton was a native of Delaware, and has, throughout the greater part of a life that had extended through nearly three score years and ten, been intimately connected with the public affairs of that State. He has been elected three times to represent her in the U. S. Senate—first from 1829 to 1835, secondly from 1845 to 1851, and the last time for the term beginning March 4, 1853, which would not expire until March 3, 1859. Mr. Clayton was appointed Secretary of State by President Taylor, on the 6th of March, 1849, and continued to administer that office with decided ability until General Taylor's death, July 9th, 1850, his resignation having been sent in on the succeeding day. Mr. Clayton was an active politician of the conservative school. He was a warm, zealous and much valued friend of Henry Clay. In private and in public life, he has been highly esteemed by all parties, and although not a man of remarkable brilliancy, his death will be lamented by all who admire patriotism, zeal and fidelity to the best interests of the country.

By the death of Mr. Clayton the new Democratic Legislature, of Delaware, will have a second United States Senator to elect.

**Pennsylvania Railroad Company.**—By an advertisement it will be seen that a second dividend of four per cent has been declared to the stockholders, and those residing in this county are requested to call at the Banking House of Wm. Russell, with their certificates, to receive their dividends. The object of this is we believe to settle up the interest account, some of which still remains uncalled for, and issue new certificates to the holders of the stock.

This dividend, remarks the Lancaster Whig, "proves what we have always said of this road, that it is one of the most important and best managed roads in our country. Mr. Thompson, its President, possesses many qualifications not enjoyed by the Presidents of railroads generally. With practical skill he unites unusual foresight and prudence, and self-reliance that cannot be moved by influences that often lead men in such positions astray. He is seconded in his management by an able Board of Directors, and by able and energetic assistants. We do not believe that there is another railroad corporation in

our country so well managed in all its details as the great avenue of trade between the Atlantic and the Great West, the pride and boast of our State, and particularly of its metropolis, the city of Philadelphia."

**Arrival of Major Ben: Perley Poore at Boston, with his Barrel of Apples.**—Major Ben: Perley Poore, the late Fillmore candidate for Congress in the Sixth District, arrived in Boston on the 7th, with his wheel-barrow and barrel of apples—which he had wheeled all the way from West Newbury, a distance of thirty six miles, in two and a half days. The job was in fulfillment of a bet with Col. Burbank, the Fremont State Senator elect, that Fillmore would get more votes in Massachusetts than Fremont. The Major, wheeling his apples, was escorted by State street about 2 o'clock, by the Fillmore Clubs of Boston and Charlestown, a military company and a mounted cavalcade of citizens. The novelty of the performance collected many thousands of the people, and the Major was greeted with tremendous and tumultuous applause on all sides. He delivered the apples to Col. Burbank on the steps of the Tremont House, when both gentlemen delivered congratulatory speeches, mounted on the barrel. Ten thousand people were present.

**A Vile Coquette.**—A piece of perfidy is related of a bride at St. Joseph's, Mo., which has happily not often a parallel. It seems that two young men were addressing a young belle up town, and that she smiled equally upon both. At 9 a. m. one bridegroom was made happy by her pledge of hand and heart, and at 9 p. m. the other was made happy by the possession of her person. They fled at dusk, and were wedded at Bloomington, just twelve miles distant, and continued on their way to realms unknown.

**The St. Paul (Min.) Pioneer,** of the 23d ult., says:—"Immense is the destruction of property this year by fires in the woods, and on the prairies and meadows. We hear the amount of hay consumed estimated at a thousand tons. In the rear of this city, up and down Rum river, all around Minnetonka, through the Big Woods, out about Glencoe and Hatchison, and in parts of the Minnesota Valley, the fires have done heavy damage; and the atmosphere over an extensive area has been so smoky as to darken the sun."

### LOCAL AFFAIRS.

**THE POOR HOUSE.**—By a notice in another column it will be seen that the directors invite proposals for the Stewardship of the Poor House and separate proposals for renting the farm on shares. The latter is undoubtedly the correct course as regards the farm, but we have some doubts as to the propriety of the former. We believe a far better plan would be to appoint some sympathizing, trustworthy and competent man to the stewardship, pay him him liberally enough to make it the interest of himself and matron to perform their duties faithfully, and we have no doubt the Almshouse would soon become what it ought to be, an asylum to the poor and unfortunate. Their condition it is true is often the result of their own mismanagement and misdoings, but that is no reason why they should be either neglected or treated harshly. Were he who tempers the wind to the shorn lamb—who causes the rain to fall on the possessions of the just and unjust—to judge us by the same standard we too often judge the inmates of almshouses, there would be some fearful retributions where there is now fancied security.

**ESCAPE.**—Two prisoners, George Smith and a colored man who had both been sentenced to the penitentiary for three years, were confined in a cell of the new jail, and with the aid of a chisel managed to break through the brick wall on Monday night, and although hobbled thus escaped. The jail is still in an unfinished state, and having once effected a passage into the hall there was no further impediment to their flight. As no trace whatever of their whereabouts can be found, it is strongly suspected that some outsiders assisted both their escape and concealment.

**Prof. Armes** delivered lectures on Memory in the Town Hall on Saturday and Monday evenings, and is now engaged in teaching a class under his system, which is said to be both new and interesting. Major Elbow thinks if the Professor will go about town and teach a number to remember to pay their debts, he would be entitled to a niche in the temple of public benefactors.

**OYSTERS, &c.**—John Albright, who has thus far proved himself an excellent caterer to epicureans, has fitted up saloons for ladies and gentlemen where they can discuss the merits of bivalves, roasted, stewed or raw, at their ease. The first evening we get into Valley street, we shall give him a call, of course.

**The Court,** at its session last week, confirmed nisi an application for opening an alley along Kishacoquillas creek, in the rear of Elizabeth street, from below the old brewery to Butler's slaughter house. The report we believe recommends the filling up to be done with cinder.

### Married.

On the 6th inst., at the M. E. Parsonage in this place, by Rev. Dr. Wm. Wicks, THOMAS GODDARD and Miss MARY ANN SHALLER, both of Granville township.

On the same day, by the same, JOSEPH OTTINGER, of Philadelphia, to Miss MARY MARIA EVERICH, daughter of Jacob Everich, of this place.

On the 24th ult., by Wm. Swartz, Esq., JAMES SANFORD and Miss EMILY RYAN, both of Derry township.

On the 30th ult., by Rev. F. Gearhart, J. E. HOUSTON of Altoona to Miss ELLEN ROBINSON of McVeytown.

## PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

### OFFICIAL RETURNS OF HIFFLIN COUNTY.

	BUCHANAN.		FREMONT.		FILLMORE.	
	Union	Dem.	Union	Dem.	Union	Dem.
Lewistown, E. W.	144	21	105	11		
" W. W.	114	18	95	1		
Granville tp.	148	5	104	1		
Derry,	143	9	113	3		
Decatur,	106	5	119			
Brown,	110	40	52	5		
Armagh, old,	65	9	147	4		
Armagh, new,	78	1	65			
Union,	119	70	61	1		
Menno,	124	15	23	33		
Oliver,	171	4	77	1		
McVeytown,	75	5	48	2		
Bratton,	59	1	79			
Wayne,	132	17	89	1		
Newton Hamilton,	27	6	38	1		
Totals,	1615	226	1215	64		
Total Fusion,	1441					
Maj. over Fusion,	174					
Total Fillmore,	64					
Maj. over all,	110					

The total poll of votes in the county was precisely the same as polled at the October election.

### PENNSYLVANIA.

COUNTY.	UNION.		STRAIGHT FILLMORE.		DEM.	
	Union	Dem.	Union	Dem.	Union	Dem.
Adams	13046	2349	989	14884	9050	2537
Allegheny	306	1784	152	2342	2458	
Bedford	1037	3282	304	4623	11272	
Bucks	692	307	156	1155	1866	
Carbon	756	550	93	1399	1988	
Clearfield	4370	216	9	1495	2839	
Columbia	5269	42	42	5492	3390	
Crawford	1472	1565	19	3056	3427	
Cumberland	(not stated)	828	6756	6332		
Chester	1615	2330	107	4052	3094	
Dauphin	1566	158	72	2496	1905	
Delaware	5156	252	5408	2584		
Erie	(not stated)	16	36	3469		
Franklin	1362	272	12	1646	2747	
Greene	426	908	737	2571	2164	
Huntingdon	3625	218	32	3275	1763	
Indiana	6698	3615	97	11200	8731	
Lancaster	3319	91	31	3441	4426	
Lehigh	4850	305	563	5718	6791	
Luzerne	934	1700	70	2704	3325	
Lycoming	216	989	61	1266	1491	
Mifflin	560	57	12	629	2278	
Monroe	2845	492	1773	5110	7134	
Montour	668	138	11	815	1272	
Northampton	167	645	1194	3006	5260	
Northumberland	566	1096	244	1906	3059	
Philadelphia	7292	12218	11866	31976	38222	
Schuylkill	2188	2315	367	4870	7035	
Washington	4234	137	128	4500	4289	
Westmoreland	4202	233	66	4501	5172	
York	(not stated)	1901	4813	6576		
Total	130672	22908	153470	168995		

The counties yet to be heard from officially will very much reduce the present Democratic majority. Of the 130,000 Union tickets polled, about 87,000 are for Fremont, and about 43,000 for Fillmore. Fremont will have a very large majority over the entire Fillmore vote, Union and Straight.

The Philadelphia Bulletin of yesterday afternoon says it has the official vote of 58 counties in this State, which with six reported out as follows:

Buchanan,	225,964
Union,	200,262
Straight Fillmore,	25,909
Total opposition,	226,171

If this is correct, the combined opposition vote beats Buchanan 207, and makes his majority over the Union ticket 25,702.

There are considerable discrepancies, in some counties, between the Fremont and Fillmore Union votes and the total Union vote as returned. So far as we can ascertain it, the Union vote is divided about as follows: Fremont 142,000, Fillmore 55,000. The entire vote of the State will exceed 400,000, which is 37,000 more than the entire vote at the October election.

### GENERAL RESULT.

COUNTY.	FOR BUCHANAN.		FOR FREMONT.	
	Union	Dem.	Union	Dem.
New Jersey	7		8	
Pennsylvania	27		5	
Indiana	13		5	
Illinois	11		13	
Delaware	3		4	
Virginia	15		6	
North Carolina	10		35	
South Carolina	8		23	
Ohio	10		6	
Michigan	3		5	
Florida	3		4	
Alabama	9		4	
Mississippi	7			
Louisiana	6		114	
Texas	4			
Tennessee	12		8	
Kentucky	12		8	
Missouri	9		4	
Arkansas	4			
Total,	170			

The vote for President as far as received sums up as follows:

COUNTY.	NEW YORK.	
	Union	Dem.
Fremont,	245,896	
Buchanan,	170,814	
Fillmore,	113,316	
Fremont's majority over Buchanan,	75,082	
Fremont over Fillmore, 132,580—Buchanan over Fillmore, 57,528.		

### RHODE ISLAND.

Fremont,	11,467
Buchanan,	6,680
Fillmore,	1,675
The clear majority for Fremont in the State is 3,142; over Buchanan, 4,817; over Fillmore, 9,822.	

### CONNECTICUT.

Fremont,	37,098
Buchanan,	30,932
Fillmore,	2,129

### MARYLAND.

Fillmore,	35,407
Buchanan,	27,158
Fillmore's majority,	8,249

### NEW HAMPSHIRE.

The following is the result of President Pierce's State as far as heard from:

Fremont,	38,014
Buchanan,	32,160
Fillmore,	391
The towns to be heard from will not materially vary the result.	

### MASSACHUSETTS.

Fremont,	107,373
Buchanan,	38,530
Fillmore,	19,734
Fremont's majority over Buchanan,	68,843

### NEW JERSEY.

Buchanan,	33,435
Fremont,	18,148
Fillmore,	18,608

The Democratic candidate for Governor is defeated.

### Olla Podrida.

**Miss Margaret H. Twigg,** eldest daughter of General Twigg, U. S. Army, died at New Orleans, on the 25th ult., at the age of 24.

**Murder and Suicide.**—Mrs. Thorn, of Palo Alto, Mich., recently hung herself and child because her husband refused to take her to a ball at Jenoville.

**Killed.**—Rev. E. C. Thornton, presiding elder of the Parkersburg (Va.) district of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, was killed on the cars near Cleveland a few days since.

**Mr. Lind,** of Chicago, Illinois, who recently gave \$100,000 towards the erection of a university, is a native of Scotland, and arrived in Chicago in 1837, with his entire capital, about ten dollars, in his pocket.

**A man in Rochester, N. Y.,** has sued the Central Railroad Company for damages resulting from the dripping of water from some of the shop roofs upon land owned by him. The jury awarded a verdict of \$200.

**Infectious Diseases.**—The State Superintendent has decided that it is the duty of Directors to rigidly exclude from school, all pupils who are afflicted with any eruptive, infectious disease, and to refuse to again receive them until they are entirely cured.

**An American on the Papal Throne.**—A correspondent of the New York Post, writing from Rome, 13th Oct., says:—"This morning Col. Hiram Pearson, of San Francisco, was fined one thousand piasters for seating himself on the throne of the Pope."

**Amusements of Baltimore.**—On Thursday, a party of men engaged a hackman to drive them around the City of Baltimore, and after riding for several hours they beat the driver badly and shot him with a pistol, wounding him very severely.

**"Clear as Mud."**—An exchange paper says that "transcendentalism is the spiritual cognescence of psychological irrefragibility, connected with concomitant adaption of concubinnity and spiritualized contentment of subversity concreted."

**An Irishman** was arrested for fraudulently voting at the 6th ward polls in Pittsburgh on election day, and immediately thereafter about thirty other Irishmen who had been hanging around waiting to do the same thing vanished incontinently.

**The Underground Railroad** appears to be doing a large business. A report of the Albany (N. Y.) Vigilance Committee—colored—states that between the 12th of September 1855, and the 15th of July, 1856, a period of 10 months, 287 fugitive slaves passed through that city on their way to Canada.

**A Beautiful Lake Discovered.**—The Henderson (Iowa) Democrat says that on the 5th of last September, Edward Doulin and Matthew Wilson discovered a beautiful lake 5 1/2 miles in circumference, in Sibley county, township 14. On Saturday, 4th inst., a number of persons assembled at the place, and gave it the name of Lake Washington.

**Last week,** John Mitchell, of Chemung, N. Y., vomited up a lizard, which he supposed he had swallowed four years previously. On this occasion he had drunk a quantity of whiskey, and several large potatoes of milk, and it is supposed the lizard got drunk on milk punch, and was unable to resist the ejective process.

**The election riots in Baltimore** on Tuesday a week were as serious as many a regular battle. The Republican reports that twenty-five persons were either killed or mortally wounded, twenty-seven dangerously, fifty-one severely, and thirty-four slightly wounded—making a total of one hundred and thirty-seven persons injured in the riots at this election.

**A young man** named Youtz met a terrible death in Allegheny township, Somerset county, Pa., on Friday last. He had been to Berlin with a two horse wagon, and on his return home his horses became frightened, ran off, jerked him out, down in between the front fenders, with his head hanging downward. His face and head were horribly bruised, his eyes torn out and the sockets filled with dirt and sand, presenting a most horrible appearance.

**Terrible Tornado.**—We learn from the Peoria Transcript, that on Friday afternoon, the 24th ult., a most destructive tornado passed over the northern portion of Schuyler county, Illinois, and in its course completely prostrated the flourishing village of Littleton. The place contained over a hundred houses, besides barns and out-houses, all of which were destroyed, or so much damaged as to be useless. Strange as it may seem, but four persons were seriously hurt, and no one killed.

**Holloway's Pills** unquestionably the most efficacious remedy in the Union for Asthmatic Complaints and Coughs.—The number of cures these wonderful Pills have effected in all parts of the Union, more particularly in cases of asthma of long standing, and coughs, leave no doubt upon the mind of all who have used them, that they surpass anything of the kind ever made known; by a perseverance with this admirable remedy, the sufferer is quickly restored to health, after every other means have failed; and it is a truth beyond dispute, that there is no case of bilious disorder, or liver complaints, but that will quickly yield to the powers of this mighty medicine.

### AN ASTONISHING MAN.

**Famed Throughout the World.**—New York and London are now the great manufacturing depots for Holloway's Pills and Ointment.—From No. 80 Maiden Lane, this city, and No. 244 Strand, London, are sent forth, daily, millions of boxes and pots of these inimitable medicines. The heavy duty imposed by our government upon patent medicines, and the large and constantly increasing sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment in this country, determined their proprietor to make this city his residence. Our republican system of government is also in harmony with the predilections of Professor Holloway; and though Kings and Emperors have conferred upon him honors and special favors, these will never be so gratifying to him as the grateful hearts of millions of free citizens, who without any endorsement of sovereign authority, freely patronize his celebrated remedies for the prevention and removal of disease.

As a member of the medical faculty, having long witnessed the inefficiency of the profession in curing disease, and being familiar with the errors and follies of the profession, we feel it an imperative duty to acquaint the American public with the arrival of this distinguished physician in our city. His fame, in a measure, preceded him to our shores, but the extent of the good he has done in the American public. Great as his reputation is, it is destined to increase far beyond that which ever adorned the character of any man whose profession was that of healing the sick.

We shall embrace other occasions to explain to the American people the system, the theory and mode of cure adopted by Professor Holloway. His Pills and Ointment, the one taken internally, and the other applied externally, act in harmon