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FRIDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 3, 1852.

New Series—Vol. 6—No. 46.

**Terms of Subscription.**  
**ONE DOLLAR PER ANNUM,**  
 IN ADVANCE.  
 For six months, 75 cents.  
 All NEW subscriptions must be paid in advance. If the paper is continued, and not paid within the first month, \$1.25 will be charged; if not paid in three months, \$1.50; if not paid in six months, \$1.75; and if not paid in nine months, \$2.00.

**Rates of Advertising.**  
 One square, 16 lines 2 squares, 6 mos. \$5.00  
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 " 3 mos. 3.50 RIAGES, &c., \$12.

The above rates are calculated on bourgeois type. In smaller type, 15 lines of brevier, or 12 lines of nonpariel minion constitute a square. For stereotype plates, a liberal deduction will be made.  
 The above are cash terms for all advertisements inserted for three months or less. Yearly advertisements are held payable, one half at the end of three, and the balance at the end of six months.  
 Communications recommending persons for office, must be paid in advance at the rate of 25 cents per square.

**\$3.50** for a first-rate set of Brass Mountings—usually sold at \$5.00.  
 may 21 F. G. FRANCISCUS.

**30** Boxes 1 C. and J. X. Tin; 25 bundles Iron Wire; 100 lbs. Black Tin, &c.  
 may 21 F. G. FRANCISCUS.

**VEDAR WARE** we are giving away—at the smallest kind of profit.  
 may 21 F. G. FRANCISCUS.

**BRASS** Plated Dishes, Bands, Handles, Head Lining—everything in the Coachware line.  
 may 21 F. G. FRANCISCUS.

**150** KEGS Nails at \$3.00 per keg. Warranted equal to any in the market, or returnable at my expense.  
 may 21 F. G. FRANCISCUS.

**BELLEFONTE CEMENT**—20 bbls. of this well-known Cement for Springs, Cisterns, Foundations, Pipes, &c. For sale by  
 June 11 F. G. FRANCISCUS.

**50** Boxes Jersey Glass; 90 boxes Pittsburgh Oil; 500 lbs. Putty; 100 gallons Linseed Oil. For sale by  
 may 21 F. G. FRANCISCUS.

**\$2.75** per set for Double Iron Bench Planes—all other kinds of Planes at equally low rates. Rules, Squares, &c.  
 may 21 F. G. FRANCISCUS.

**\$1.25** per bushel for Shoe Pegs—Shoe Thread of all kinds. Tacks, Nails, Morocco, Kipp, Upper, Binding and Lining Skins; Shoe tools, &c., always low for Cash.  
 F. G. FRANCISCUS.

**31** CENTS for Brass Plated Straps; 18¢ cents for Brass Plated Bits; 37¢ cents per dozen for Brass Ornaments—25 per cent cheaper than last summer.  
 26 dozen Wood and Iron Hames, at different prices.  
 F. G. FRANCISCUS.

**IRON**—Hammered and Rolled Bar Iron of all kinds supplied to any amount; always on hand a large and varied stock. The trade supplied at Philadelphia prices, thereby saving \$5.00 per ton freight.  
 may 21 F. G. FRANCISCUS.

**CORDAGE**—Rope from 1/4 to 1/2 inch. Twine, all sizes.  
 6 dozen of the best Whitewash Brushes in the market.  
 Augers and Auger Bits, Files, Rasps, &c.  
 may 21 F. G. FRANCISCUS.

**6** DOZEN Walrus and Darlington Grass Scythes at 62¢ and 75 cents. 3 dozen Grain Scythes at \$7.45 and \$1.60.  
 8 dozen Hay Rakes at 37¢ prices.  
 12 dozen Hay Rakes—at various prices.  
 Country Blister Steel, 6¢ cents.  
 may 21 F. G. FRANCISCUS.

**SINGLE** and Double-barrel'd Guns; 8 doz. Rifle barrels, assorted sizes and prices; Single and Double-barrel'd Pistols; Revolvers, four and six barrels; Pocket Cutlery, a beautiful assortment; Table and Tea Cutlery; Shovel and Tongs, &c.  
 may 21 F. G. FRANCISCUS.

**12** DOZEN Hay Forks, (cast steel) at 25, 31, and 37¢ cents, according to finish—generally sold at 50 and 62¢ cents.  
 6 dozen four prong Forks at 50 and 62¢—usually sold at 75 and 87¢.  
 1 dozen Manure Drags.  
 may 21 F. G. FRANCISCUS.

**Fire—Fire—Fire.**  
**BARN** Builders call and examine Blake's Patent Fire-Proof Paint, of all colors, which costs less than half as much as White Lead—is far more durable, and renders the building fire and weather proof by two or three applications of the paint, mixed up with oil costing but 45 cents per gallon, which in a short time forms a coating of slate on whatever part the paint has been applied. 50 barrels expected in a few days. Specimens sent at my store, with recommendations and experiments. Warranted to give satisfaction or no charge.  
 may 21 F. G. FRANCISCUS.

**Don't be Alarmed—Cash!**  
 I WOULD respectfully call the attention of purchasers of Hardware to my stock, bought very low, in great varieties, and will be sold only for cash, from 15 to 20 per cent cheaper than can be bought elsewhere.  
 Hardware,  
 Coachware,  
 Saddlery,  
 Shoe Findings,  
 Paints, Oils,  
 Glass, Putty,  
 Furnishes,  
 Paints and Drugs,  
 usually sold in the trade. Wholesale and retail by  
 may 21 F. G. FRANCISCUS.

**ANOTHER ARRIVAL**  
**At the Cheap Drug & Variety Store.**

THE undersigned has just returned from Philadelphia with a large and fresh addition to his assortment of Drugs and other goods, among which may be enumerated—

- Fresh Drugs.
- Colegate's Pearl Starch.
- Pine Apple, Strawberry and Lemon Syrups.
- Prunes, Figs and Raisins.
- Soda, Butter, Water and Sugar Crackers.
- Chocolate and Essence of Coffee.
- A great variety of Candies.
- Tobacco, Segars and Snuff.
- Spermaceti and Tallow Candles.
- Paint, Hair, Clothes, Hat, & Tooth Brushes.
- Pure Cider Vinegar.
- Poor Monnaies and Pocket Books.
- Stationery—including everything in that line.

To which may be added a very general assortment of things useful for families. Having purchased exclusively for Cash, he can afford to sell very low, and invites the inspection of his goods.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded.  
 Call at the Cheap Drug and Variety Store, East Market street Lewistown.  
 June 4. A. A. BANKS.

**LIGHT! LIGHT! LIGHT!**—FLUID and CAMPBELL—pure and fresh and warranted good—for sale low at A. A. BANKS'.

**FISHING TACKLE**—A fine assortment of Fishing Lines, Flies, Hooks, Reels, &c. &c. Just received and for sale at  
 June 4. A. A. BANKS.

**A CARD.**  
**Dr. David C. Reynolds,**

Late a Graduate of the "University of Pennsylvania," has located himself for the practice of his profession at McVEYTOWN, and from his professional experience in the Hospitals of Baltimore and Philadelphia, and his practice in Lewistown, hopes to commend himself to their confidence and that of the surrounding community.  
 His office is the one lately occupied by W. J. McCoy, Esq., where he may always be found except when absent on professional duties. He is permitted to refer to the following gentlemen: Dr. T. A. Worrall, Dr. J. B. Ard, Dr. T. Vanvalzah, Dr. J. Culbertson, Dr. E. W. Hale.  
 McVeytown, July 23, 1852—4f.

**LEWISTOWN MILLS.**

THE subscribers have taken the Lewistown Mills and formed a co-partnership under the firm of JOHN STERRETT & CO., for carrying on a general MILLING BUSINESS, wish to buy a large quantity of all kinds of GRAIN, for which we will pay the highest prices the market will afford, according to the quality of the grain.

Any person wishing to store their wheat can do so, and a receipt will be given to be kept in store until the 1st of August, and after that until the 1st of December. In case of wheat left in store, the subscribers reserve the privilege of purchasing said wheat when the owners wish to sell, at from 13 to 15 cents off of Philadelphia prices, and if we do not buy at this rate, then we charge one cent per bushel for storage. No interest will be allowed on money not lifted for grain sold, as we are prepared to pay cash at all times.

**FLOUR** and all kinds of FEED kept and for sale, for cash.  
 W. THOMPSON,  
 AND McFARLANE,  
 HUGH CONLEY,  
 S. S. WOODS.

May 2, 1851.—4f.

**1852.**  
**N. J. RUDISILL**

Respectfully announces to his old patrons and the public generally, that he is in the receipt of the latest styles of Gentlemen's Hats, and is manufacturing them out of the best material, at prices that can't be beat. He has constantly on hand a large and varied assortment of Men's, Boys and Youth's

**Hats and Caps,**  
 to suit every taste and please every fancy, comprising Russia, Beaver, Moleskin, Fur and Silk, of every variety, wholesale and retail, which in style, material and finish, cannot be surpassed by any in the market, and which he is able to put at prices lower than ever.  
 Ladies are invited to call and examine the stock of Children's Hats and Caps, which he flatters himself most elicit admiration.  
 Gentlemen, after securing their hats, can be accommodated afterwards with a handsome CANE, of which he has a choice and well selected assortment, that will be sold low, having been bought expressly for accommodation.  
 Call at the old stand, a few doors east of the Diamond, on Market street. aug13

**W. G. ZOLLINGER,**  
 Market street, Lewistown, next door to Kennedy's store.

Continues to manufacture, on an extensive scale, every description of

**HATS**  
 suitable to the several seasons,

which for durability, neatness, finish, and general workmanship, will bear a favorable comparison with any manufactured. Of this fact, as well as the low prices at which they are sold, any one can satisfy himself by calling and making a trial.

**Country Merchants**

will find it decidedly to their advantage to pay him a visit, his arrangements being now such as to enable him to furnish any number that may be desired on the shortest notice.  
 The care and attention ever given to the manufacture of the style of hats used by his numerous Omish customers, will be continued, and he feels warranted in giving the assurance that they will not be disappointed.  
 Don't forget the place, and whenever you are in want of a good article, just step in and make yourself at home. aug13

**FRESH ARRIVAL**  
**OF WESTERN PRODUCE.**

THE Section Boat WM. C. PORTER Captain JOHN PRICE, has arrived, laden as follows:  
 Whiskey, Ham, Beef, Cheese, Crackers, Glass, Pea Nuts, Nails, &c.,

which will be sold by the subscriber, either wholesale or retail, at reasonable prices.  
 June 11. JOHN KENNEDY.

**GEO. W. ELDER,**  
 Attorney at Law,

OFFICE in West Market street, opposite Eisenbise's Hotel, will attend to any business in the courts of Mifflin, Centre, or Huntingdon counties.  
 Lewistown, Jan. 23, 1852.

**WESTERN HOTEL.**

The undersigned has removed from the Tavern Stand known as the Black Bear, lately occupied by him, to the Western Hotel, formerly kept by Fred'k Schwartz, and lately by Thomas Mayes, where he invites his old friends and others to give him a call. Every attention will be given to secure the comfort of his guests. Charges moderate.  
 ADAM HAMAKER.  
 Lewistown, July 2, 1852.

**WHITE SWAN HOTEL.**

The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has handsomely fitted up the house on the corner of Valley and Dorcas sts., opposite M'Dowell's old stand, where he is now prepared to accommodate **WAGGERS, TRAVELLERS, AND BOARDERS**, in a style equal to any in Lewistown. New and extensive stabling has been erected, and a careful and attentive ostler secured. His bar is supplied with a variety of choice liquors, and his table will bear evidence for itself that neither pains nor expense will be spared to meet a share of public patronage.  
 ALEXANDER EISENBISE.  
 Lewistown, June 18, 1852.

**National House & Stage Office.**

THE well known having leased this popular and undersigned public house, has made arrangements for the accommodation of all adjoining counties, in **WEST VIRGINIA**, to encourage the enterprise. Every attention will be given to secure the comfort of his guests. There is an extensive stabling attached to the establishment, and none but careful and attentive hostlers will be kept. He hopes the advantage he offers will secure him a share of the traveling custom commensurate with the extent of his provision for the public accommodation.  
 The BELLEFONTE and NORTHUMBERLAND STAGES leave this House, the former daily, and the latter three times a week.  
 C. C. HEMPHILL,  
 Lewistown, May 14, 1852—4f.

**REMOVAL.**  
**Operations on the Teeth.**

SAMUEL BELFORD, Dentist, offers his services to the citizens of Lewistown, and adjoining counties, in **WEST VIRGINIA**. Having taken lessons in this branch of business from the late Dr. J. N. Sumner, and recently from Dr. J. H. Bressler, in Bellefonte, he is satisfied that he will be able to give general satisfaction. Carious teeth *Plugged with Gold*, and incorruptible *Mineral teeth inserted*, from a single tooth to a full set, on *Gold and Silver Plate*, also on *Pieret*, in the most durable manner.  
 All work undertaken by him will guarantee to be satisfactory, and if it is not, the money will be refunded.  
 He may be found at his residence in West Market street, opposite the Red Lion Hotel, at all times.  
 aug20-4f

**CLOCKS, WATCHES, AND JEWELRY.**

H. W. JUNKIN, at Schlosser's old stand, in Market street, respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen that he has just received an unusually fine stock of Gold and Silver

**WATCHES, JEWELRY,**

Fancy Articles, superior Gold Pens, with Gold and Silver Holders, together with an excellent supply of Clocks and Time Pieces, all of which will be disposed of at less prices for cash than this community has been accustomed to buy. Clocks, Time Pieces, Watches and Jewelry of every description repaired with great care and warranted.

Persons visiting Lewistown are requested to call at the subscriber's establishment, and examine the various articles of Jewelry and Fancy Ware on exhibition in his cases, as he is satisfied that in these respects the most fastidious can be accommodated. Remember, the stand is next door to Dr. Vanvalzah's dwelling, north side of Market street. ap23

**Lewistown Academy.**

THE second term of this Institution under the present Principal, will commence on Monday the 6th of September. During the greater part of the term just expired, there were in attendance upwards of a hundred pupils in the two departments. This flattering commencement has induced the subscriber to engage the services of an Assistant Teacher, who has been engaged in that capacity in one of the colleges of the west. Teaching will be the only profession of the Principal and Assistant, which of itself is a sufficient guarantee that their chief study will be the mental and moral improvement of their pupils.

**TERMS OF THE MALE DEPARTMENT:**

- For tuition in mathematics, and the Latin, Greek, French, Spanish and Italian languages, per term of 22 weeks, \$12.00
- Natural Philosophy, Book Keeping, Chemistry, Drawing, Rhetoric, History, &c., 9.00
- Arithmetic, English Grammar, Reading, Writing and Geography, explained by globes, 6.00
- Weekly exercises in Declaration and English Composition will be required of all the pupils, and special attention will be given to the primary department. Pupils entering at any time after the commencement and before the middle of the term will be charged for the whole term; those entering after the middle, will be charged for half the term.
- The Female Department will be under the care of Misses R. F. & J. Ross.

**TERMS:**

- For tuition in Reading, Writing, Geography, Arithmetic and English Grammar, per term of 22 weeks, \$6.00
- Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Botany, History, &c., 8.00
- Algebra and Geometry, 10.00
- French, including the above branches, 12.00
- Music, per quarter, 10.00
- Use of piano for practicing, per quarter, 2.00
- In the female department, pupils will be charged for the whole term.
- R. C. ROSS, A. M.,  
 Principal.

**Miscellaneous.**

From the Delaware Journal.  
**WAIT TILL NOVEMBER.**  
 TUNE—"Wait for the Wagon."

The locofoxy party, boys,  
 Are crowing mighty fierce,  
 Since they have nominated  
 Their 'last man,' General Pierce.  
 They say he'll be elected  
 In eighteen fifty-two,  
 And march into the White House,  
 But that he will not do.  
 Chorus—Wait till November,  
 Wait till November,  
 Wait till November,  
 And they'll all turn blue.

The Whigs have settled on a choice,  
 We'll shout a loud hurrah—  
 Old SCOTT and GRAHAM are the boys  
 To make this nation move.  
 The loocs think they'll floor them.  
 In eighteen fifty-two,  
 And march into the White House,  
 But that they will not do.  
 Chorus—Wait, &c.

Oh, come along my gallant boys,  
 We'll shout a loud hurrah,  
 As we introduce our Champion,  
 The brave old Chippewa.  
 The loocs think they'll beat him,  
 In eighteen fifty-two,  
 And march into the White House,  
 But that they cannot do.  
 Chorus—Wait, &c.

Old Scott's the boy, my hearties,  
 To bring down loco gauge,  
 He's sure to beat both Pierce and King,  
 For WIN-FIELD is his name,  
 They know they cannot crush him  
 In eighteen fifty-two,  
 Then he'll march into the White House,  
 For that he's bound to do.  
 Chorus—Wait, &c.

**How to Build a Steeple.**

The Town Hall of Alexandria, in Virginia, is a spacious building, occupying with its out building, two sides of a public square, in which the city markets are held. It is ornamented with a clock and steeple, concerning the erection of which the knowing ones about town, tell the following yarn, which we tell as it was told us.

A gambler from the south, learning that the fields were ripe for a golden harvest, dropped down upon that city for the purpose of catching some pigeons. The net was spread, the bait very inviting, and the game went on gloriously for several days. Mr. Blank, whom, out of respect to his family, we shall call Mr. Smith, at last fell into the snare of the fowler; and not being able to cope with professional villainy, false cards, loaded dice, and all other honorable means which are practiced by 'men of honor,' to 'do a pigeon' out of his money, he found himself at the end of the game smoking to the tune of \$3000. This, as a 'man of honor,' he could not refuse to pay, and as whipping a black-leg was sorry satisfaction, he cast about to see what revenge the law in such cases made and provided, would afford him.

It seems that among the old colony laws of Virginia, the wisdom of Old Dominion had seen fit to provide, that if any man could not show some ostensible means of obtaining a livelihood, he should be sold into servitude to prevent his being a tax on the parish. The wisdom and mercy of such a provision is not at this day to be doubted. Thus it was written, and that was the end of the matter. A pint is a pound the world round; and to say that law is not reason is dangerous treason. Mr. Smith therefore entered a complaint against the man of fortune as one who had no ostensible means of living. Dice and cards do not seem to come under that denomination in the laws of Virginia; and the gambler was accordingly condemned to be sold at public auction and outcry to the highest and best bidder. Not dreaming that any one would bid on such trash, he took it for a capital joke, and made himself quite merry. But they may laugh who win. Mr. Smith appeared on the ground and bid \$100. The gambler laughed and doubled it. The bidder offered \$400; and he rose by hundreds again. At \$1500 the gambler began to feel some alarm, and was anxious to know what possible advantage it could be to the bidder to buy him?  
 'To tote him down to New Orleans, and trade him off for corn!' said Mr. Smith, firmly.

This was not a catastrophe which the black-leg had at all anticipated, and he began to change his tone of banter for that of supplication. 'Mr. Smith,' said he 'I pledge you my word of honor that I cannot bid another dollar. I have lost every cent I have won of you.'  
 'I have then so much the better chance to buy you,' replied the determined bidder. 'Sixteen hundred dollars, Mr. Auctioneer!'

The gambler groaned, but was compelled to rise one hundred dollars.  
 'Seventeen hundred,' said Mr. Smith.  
 'Oh, Mr. Smith,' implored the other 'how can you be so hard upon a poor fellow. Every dollar I could raise wouldn't make up that sum.'  
 'Then I will buy you!'  
 'Eighteen hundred,' groaned the favorite of fortune.  
 'Two thousand,' bid the pigeon.  
 And higher yet the sum ascends, while

the gambler rose hundred by hundred, with protestations, which put to shame those of Isaac of York when stretched on the rack by the gentle King John, and respectfully declining, on the score of extreme poverty, to loan to his sovereign prince the gold that was concealed on his person.  
 Mr. Smith finally consented to let his victim off at \$3,500, which was speedily forthcoming, and the authorities not knowing to what purpose the 'proceeds of a white man could be lawfully applied, added a steeple and bell to their Town Hall, that all the citizens of Alexandria might be daily TOLLED the advantage of having 'the ostensible means of an honest livelihood.'

**Penalties.**  
 Punch says that the penalty of buying cheap clothing, is the same as that of going to cheap law—the certainty of losing your suit and having to pay for it.  
 The penalty of marrying, is a mother-in-law.  
 The penalty of remaining single, is having no one "who cares a button" for you, as is abundantly proved by the state of your shirt.  
 The penalty of thin shoes, is a cold.  
 The penalty of a pretty cook, is an empty larder.  
 The penalty of stopping in Paris, is being shot.  
 The penalty of tight boots, is corns.  
 The penalty of having a haunch of venison sent to you, is inviting a dozen friends to come and eat it.  
 The penalty of a baby, is sleepless nights.  
 The penalty of interfering between man and man, is abuse, frequently accompanied with blows from both.  
 The penalty of a godfather, is a silver knife, fork and spoon.  
 The penalty of kissing a baby, is a half a crown, five shillings, (if you are liberal), to the nurse.  
 The penalty of a public dinner, is bad wine.  
 The penalty of a legacy of fortune, is the sudden discovery of a host of poor relations you never dreamt of, and a number of debts you had quite forgotten.  
 The penalty of lending is, with a book or an umbrella, the certain loss of it; and with a horse, the lamest chance of ever seeing him back again sound.

'Jerome, Jerome!' screamed Mrs. Butterfield, the other day, to her biggest boy, 'what is that you are throwing to those pigeons!'  
 'Gold beads, mother and the darned fools are eatin' 'em; I 'spects they think its corn!'  
 Mrs. B. ran out instantly, but her beads gyrated through the air in all directions, and the young sprout's pedal appendages flew up and down at a prodigious rate, till they were far out of sight in a neighboring field.

'The fire is going out, Miss Filkins.'  
 'I know it Mr. Green; and if you would act wisely, you'd follow its example.'  
 It is unnecessary to add that Mr. Green never axed to set up with that gal again. Poor fellow.

Douglas Jerold says:—"The women are all alike. When they are maids they are as mild as milk; once make them wives, and they will lean their backs against their marriage certificates and defy you."

One person having asked another if he believed in appearance of spirits. 'No,' was his reply; 'but I believe in disappearance, for I have missed a bottle of gin since last night.'

An Irishman being in church where the collection apparatus resembled election boxes, and on its being handed to him, whispered in the carrier's ear that he was not naturalized and could not vote.

'The flesh of a dog, a pig, a hippopotamus, and a man, when cooked, resemble each so closely as scarcely to be distinguished by the King of the Cannibal Islands himself.'

How many fine hats serve as covers for worthless heads, and how many plaited bosoms cover a hollow cavern where a heart should be lodged.

'Let's take a horn!' is a phrase of frequent utterance. The blast of that horn may be the signal for the porter to open the gate to death.

The Hartford Courant states a new enemy to the potato, a black bug, has made its appearance in Simsbury, Conn. It is in length from one half to an inch, with a somewhat large body, but small, slim head and neck. As seen in the vine, it appears to be striped; its body is ash color. In that town it is confined to pieces on or near the mountain. It strips the potatoe tops of the leaves, taking the whole piece in succession, in some cases nearly an acre, while other pieces in the vicinity are untouched. It has appeared also in Granbury, and on the mountain.

**Agricultural, &c.**

**Imperfect and Immature Fruit.**  
 All fruit not fit for present or winter use, should be fed to cattle, swine, or other domestic animals, unless used for cider. Most animals are remarkably fond of apples, especially of sweet fruit; and the hog, somewhat peculiar in his preference, is a great admirer of apples which are sweet or remarkably sour. All wind-falls are good for food for these animals, and should be gathered up and fed to them.

An old farmer of my acquaintance, considers good apples worth twenty-five cents a bushel for fattening swine; but this is perhaps a high-estimate, and a few farmers with us would probably pay one-half that amount for them, except under very peculiar circumstances. For my own part I consider them valuable, and know, from my own experience, that swine may be fattened on them as easily almost as on corn, for I have frequently kept my hogs on them for months, and have slaughtered large animals which had been fed exclusively on sour apples, and found the pork to be hard and good. Cooking renders them more palatable and nutritive, but whether the cost of time and fuel is not more than sufficient to counterbalance this, I must leave for economists to decide.

I would however suggest to every one who has a large orchard and no other profitable method of appropriating his small or refuse apples, to feed them to his swine, either cooked or in the raw state, as he may think best. Cows and sheep eat them with avidity, and half a bushel per day, with a feed of hay morning and night, will carry an animal well through the winter, and keep them in good health.

No farmer should allow his refuse apples to remain unconsumed on the ground beneath the trees. They are generally inhabited by worms which produce the curculio, and ought, therefore, to be destroyed, if not used. By allowing cattle and swine to range beneath the trees, after the valuable part of the crop has been harvested, all these infected apples will be "used up," and the evil alluded to limited in its extent the following year, in the ratio of the worms destroyed.

It is an excellent plan, indeed, to keep a few swine in the orchard from the time the small fruit begins to fall till the apples are of sufficient size to render them valuable for use, and to turn them in again immediately after the general harvest, if they have been removed as they sometimes are, or should be, while the fruit is ripening.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

**Bushes.**  
 I consider August the most favorable season of the year for cutting bushes. Nothing can be more unprofitable to the farmer than the rank growth of bushes, or shrubs of any kind, in mowing arable or pasture lands, and it is well to attend to them at this time, and see that they are cleanly cut and carefully burned. So far as mere lunar influence is concerned in imparting efficacy to the work when performed at this season, I have not the slightest faith in the theory, and account for the success which almost invariably attends the operation when performed at this season by supposing that, as the period of growth is, in most bushes, about consummated for the year, the energy of the system is greatly weakened preparatory to the "winter sleep," the roots do not so readily send up sprouts, as when cut at other seasons when the vital current is more ripe, and the system in a healthy tone. At all events, whatever may be the cause, bushes cut at this season are much retarded in their advancement, and rarely grow again with the same rapidity and vigor as before.

If pasture lands are cleaned thoroughly at this season, by cutting and burning the bushes and small trees, the presumption is that years will transpire ere they again become infested with them, and to the same harmful extent as before. Yet, where it can be done, I would recommend pulling in preference to cutting. By this method every root (providing the root-puller be employed) may be abstracted, not a vestige of the plant left to occupy and pollute the soil. Extracted by this implement, the bushes may be drawn together in piles and burned. The ashes will afford an excellent manure to spread over the soil, and the earth which has been disturbed by the operation, can be leveled carefully, and sowed with grass seed.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

**PETER CRISTEANA,**  
**Fashionable Boot and Shoe Maker,**  
 West Market street, Lewistown, next door to the Red Lion Hotel.

WHERE he continues to manufacture GENTLEMEN'S DRESS BOOTS in the most fashionable and approved style—warranted not to be surpassed by any made here or elsewhere; also, LADIES' and MISSES' **BOOTS & SHOES** made to order, at the shortest notice, in a most elegant and workmanlike manner.  
 N. B.—Full satisfaction given in every instance, or the work may be returned. [July 23]

**FOR THE TOILET.**—Perfumery and Fancy Soaps of every description, warranted superior and very cheap, at A. A. BANKS'.