ciful idea, but a clear practical truth. I have thus, gentlemen, performed what I regard as an imperative duty. Should sub-sequent events demonstrate that I have erred, I shall at least have the consolation to know that such error is of the head, and not of the WM. BIGLER. EXECUTIVE CHAMBER,

Harrisburg, April 20, 1852.

THE GAZETTE.

LEWISTOWN, PA. Friday Evening, May 7, 1852.

The attention of owners of buildings superior to anything of the kind heretofore offered to the public.

Messrs. HUTTER & Co., of Harrisburg, will promptly attend to binding books of all kinds, at reasonable prices. H. J. Walters, Esq., is their Agent for this county, with whom Books, Magazines, &c., may be left.

MACHINE SHOP AND FOUNDRY .- The general manufacturing law has been amended so as to embrace this project, and we learn that measures have been taken to organize the company as soon as possible. Z. Rittenhouse, Esq., has been appointed to solicit subscriptions of stock, and it is hoped that all who have the ability to do

The Postmaster General has cut us off from the Philadelphia night mail beyond Harrisburg. This throws back corresponern counties about twenty-four hours. As there would be no additional expense, and but little trouble to the Philadelphia post office to send a mail here by the night train, we hope soon to hear that the order has been rescinded.

iel Zeigler, Daniel Fichthorn. The Hall, and father? it is anticipated, will be ready for the Lodges by the first of next month. Mr. Porter will occupy one of the principal stores below, Strouse another, and Mr. Shell we learn has taken a room in the cellar for the purpose of bottling mineral water, &c.

not-we only hooked you; next time survives, and exhibits the marks of past strength swe'll haul you out.

SUPREME COURT .- The May term of the Supreme Court commences on Monday next. The following is the order of return days for the different districts meeting in Harrisburg:—Lan-caster, May 10; York and Adams, May 17; Mifflin, Blair, and Huntingdon, May 20; Centre, Clearfield and Clinton, May 26; Cumberland, Perry and Juniata, May 31; Bedford and Frank-lin, Jone 10; Berks, June 14; Dauphin and Lebanon, June 21 .- Harrisburg Telegraph.

The Governor has tendered the appointment of Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, recently vacated by the death of Judge Coulter, to the Hou. George W. Woodward.

A soldier in the Mexican war named Franklin Unger, had one of his legs badly injured last week near Dillerville by a burthen car running over it. He is doing well.

reduced to \$1,50.

Governor Bigler and Banks.

We publish in our paper of to-day the may induce that functionary to fasten a the members were amusing themselves

ertheless true, that while the Governor dullest vision could readily perceive that was slaughtering the acts of the Legisla- no Maine liquor law was in force there. paper, thus notices:

while other places, equally solicitous for a bank-ing institution, have been denied any. This is a strange way of making an equal distribution of business accommodations. It is acknowltional capital given to Easton would have been sufficient for three or four banks, which might have been distributed in localities where there

It appears to us if Gov. Bigler intended the Senate, by a vote of 16 to 13. to earry out his views on banking to the The Congressional Apportionment bill, letter, he ought to have put the Easton which resulted from the joint committee Bank with the batch vetoed, because if the of conference of both Houses of our entire northern section of the country is Legislature, is given below. It passed the better off without than with a bank, there | Senate by year 19-nays 12; and the than made good to them by their escape from the full force of the contraction. A little relike Easton; and so we think every reader nays 38. By joint resolution several

gives the following account of a tragedy that occurred there on the Thursday pre-

On Thursday afternoon last, about 4 o'clock, an intense excitement was created in our borough by the report that a fugitive slave had been shot by a police officer from Baltimore. Immediately after the announcement, a large number of persons proceeded to the place where it was said the affair happened, and truly enough, a colored man named William Smith lay there a corpse. The particulars, as nearly as we have been able to ascertain them, are as follows:-Deputy Marshal Snyder, from Harrisburg, and a police officer named Ridgley, from Baltimore is requested to the advertisement of Rev-Commissioner McAlister, of Harrisburg, to ar-BURN & BAKER. Their Lightning Rods are considered by competent judges to be piling lumber in the yard of Mr. Gotheb Sener. According to the testimony given before the coroner's jury, the officers repaired to where Smith was working, and as he was proceeding to the wharf seized him. Smith endeavored to escape, and whilst doing so, and in custody of shows,) Ridgley drew a pistol and shot him, the ball entering the right side of the neck, just below the ear. Smith fell and expired in a few minutes. The officers then left—as Ridgley said to deliver the research the results of the neck, just be minutes. The officers then left—as Ridgley said to deliver the results are results. said, to deliver themselves up to the proper au-thorities: but as afterwards proved—at least so thorities; but as afterwards proved—at least so far as he was concerned—to escape from justice Shortly after the occurrence he passed over the Columbia bridge, since which time nothing has been heard of him. The Deputy Marshal, Snyder, started for Harrisburg in the evening train

which left about 7 o'clock. At 7 o'clock in the evening, (sickness having prevented him from doing so before that hour, J. W. Fisher, Esq., Deputy Coroner, held at inquest over the deceased, and the jury rendered the following verdict: "William Smith came to his death from the contents of a pistol so, will not hesitate in advancing an enter-prise of such general interest as this.

There is here at least some evidence that a man was killed-perhaps accidentally, perhaps not-but the party who com dence from Lewistown and several north- mitted the act, instead of awaiting a judicial investigation, as an innocent man would and should do, takes to his heels and flies to a neighboring State! And what is Governor Bigler deing all this time ? Has he offered a reward for Ridgley? Has he gone to the scene of bloodshed, and aided in arresting any one !- all which. The following gentlemen were elected according to the locofoco newspapers and managers of the Odd Fellows' Hall Asso- stump orators, a Governor of Pennsylvaciation for the ensuing year on Monday nia ought to do when the laws are violated last: Zacharias Rittenhouse, John R. -or is "only a nigger" not of sufficient McDowell, A. Parker Jacob, George W. importance to look after, even if a wife Stewart, John Evans, William Lind, Dan- and two children are deprived of husband

> HENRY CLAY .- Our readers will regret for the locofocos certain. to learn that this eminent statesman is lyhopes of recovery. The editor of the ties, and passed the Senate by the follow- lump of nearly pure gold, weighing twenty-six pounds. At Sonora, the earth, since the flood, Express, who is now in Washington, ing vote:

"The contrast of a year to me was most Our absence during a great part of the painful, and Mr. Clay looks, physically, only like the wreck of the man he was. There is week has prevented us from paying much attention to the present issue.

There is hardly strength enough in his hands to convey food to his mouth, and he is helped to and from his bed like a feeble child. He rises very late, The Hollidaysburg Standard says we didn't corner him last week. Certainly and, as he told me, has not known, for a long and present power. The lustre of his eyes is undimmed; he both sees and knows his friends. The grasp of his hand is fervent, earnest and kindly impressive as it ever was. His voi continues to be all sweetness and melody, except when its tones are moved by that be weakness which makes it painful for him to speak, and it is always very painful for him to ak leng. But the greatest blessing God vouchsafes to a dying man is his. He has that peace of mind which the world can neither give nor take away, and an intellect as uncloud-ed as in the day of its greatest brilliancy. Most of his thoughts are devoted to that change of existence from which none of us are exempt; and that change may come in an hour or a day or it may be postponed till the spring or the summer flowers fade and die. In the meantime, Mr. Clay is tranquilly prepared for the messenger, whenever it comes; and he remarks of his death in a confiding, Christion spirit, though til may be presumed in his time. though 'it may be presumption in him to say so, he looks forward to the world beyond the grave The tax of \$3 heretofore imposed by the Canal Commissioners on each boat passing from the Episcopal Church, and among the few books in State canal into the Surquehanoa canai has been his room, the Word of God occupies the most conspicuous place."

Pennsylvania Legislature.

We looked into our legislative halls on veto message of Governor Bigler, for the Monday evening, but saw nothing worthy purpose of putting on record professions of special notice going on. The Senate that may be of use hereafter to our read- was busy getting rid of local bills, which erers, when expediency or favoriteism at best are dry business. In the House, "monopoly" on some particular section of with throwing paper balls at each other and calling the yeas and nays on sundry Extraordinary as it may seem, it is nev- questions they did not desire to pass. The

ture almost without discrimination, and On Tuesday, at 12 o'clock, both houses strongly advocating an equalization of finally adjourned, having passed a large bank capital, he made one exception, number of laws, mostly of a private or lowhich the Montgomery Ledger, a locofoco cal character. Among the public bills is one to borrow \$800,000 for the completion "Manifestly Wrong.—Two years ago a new bank was chartered in Easton. This winter an old bank was re-chartered with \$400,000 ter an old bank was re-chartered with \$400,000 in the appropriation bill anihorises a loan capital, thus giving that locality two banks, capital, thus giving that locality two banks, This is due. A provision relative to cash payments on the public works has also been edged on all hands that justice requires a more equal distribution of banking capital. Then why not distribute it more equally. The additional capital gives to be a dopted, but will probably amount to little more than obtaining receipts from laborers and others and giving due bills therefor.

CHRISTIAN MYERS, Esq., was elected Speaker previous to the adjournment of

1. Southwark, Moyamensing, Passyunk, in the county of Philadelphia, and Cedar, Lombard, Spruce and New Market Wards, in the city of Philadelphia. II. The city of Philadelphia, excepting the

rards before mentioned. It. Kensington and Northern Liberties, in the county of Philadelphia.

IV. Spring Garden, Penn District, North Penn, Kingsessing, West Philadelphia, Blockley, Richmond, Unincorporated Northern Liberties, Bridesburg, Aramingo, in the county of Phila-Montgomery county and Bristol township,

Upper and Lower Germantown, Upper and Lower Manayunk, Frankford, Roxborough, By-berry, Lower Dublin, White Hall, in the county of Philadelphia. VI. Chester and Delaware.

VII. Bucks and Lehigh. VIII. Berks.

IX. Lancaster.

X. Lebanon, Dauphin and Union, and the townships of Lower Mahonoy, in the county of Northumberland.

XI. Schuylkill and Northumberland counties, except Lower Mahonoy township.
XII. Montour, Columbia, Luzerne and Wy-

ming. XIII. Northampton, Monroe, Carbon, Pike and Wayne. XIV. Susquehanna, Bradford and Tioga. XV. Lycoming, Sullivan, Clinton, Potter, Jentre and Mifflin.

York, Perry and Cumberland.

XVII. Adams, Franklin, Fulton, Bedford and Juniata. XVIII: Somerset, Cambria, Blair and Hunt-

XIX. Westmoreland, Indiana and Armstrong. XX. Fayette, Greene and Washington.
XXI. Alleghany county, except that part
which lies north-east of the Ohio, and north-

west of the Allegheny rivers. XXII. Butler county, and that part of Alle-neny county, not included in the 21st district.

XXIII. Beaver, Lawrence and Mercer. XXV. Erie and Crawford.

This bill has some of the greatest dismake a whig or locofoco district. Thus gers. Millin is connected with counties running to the New York line, while " our Andy," interest at Panama. They are situated powers that be here, can carry his free trade notions to the Maryland line in the next contest, should he aspire to another nomination, of which, however, considering that his district is rather whigish, we have some doubts.

In ordinary elections, the whigs can carry nine districts certainly, and have a chance for three more-leaving thirteen

The bill was denounced in both Houses ing dangerously ill at Washington, with no by leading members of both political par- of Chinese

> Yeas.—Messrs. Baily, Carothers, Carson, Evans, Fernon, Forsyth, Guernsey, Haslett, Jones, Kunkel, McCaslin, McFarland, McMurtrie, Malone, Muhlenberg, Robertson, Sanderson, Shimer, Walker, Speaker .- 19. Navs.—Messrs. Barns, Buckalew, Crabb, Darlington, Frailey, Hamilton, Hoge, Kinzer, Matthias, Myers, Packer, and Slifer-12.

> SHOCKING OCCURRENCE .- On Saturday night an Irishman, name unknown, was put off the Express cars at Bell's station, by Conductor Boley; but before the cars were under way he ot on again. On Sunday merning he was in two! It is supposed that the train again stopped and put him off, and that the freight train which came along some time after run over him .- Hollidaysburg Register.

> DESTRUCTIVE FIRE .-- About 6 o'clock Friday morning last, flames were seen issuing from the stable of J. P. Huling, on Jay street, in this Borough, and in less than a minute, from the time it was discovered, the whole building, which was 120 feet long, together with the stable belonging to the West Branch Hall, and the State stable, was in the power of the devouring element.—We have heard the total loss estimated at \$12,000, it cannot be far short of it. It was partly covered by insurance .- Lock Haven

> A Poison Spring .- We saw a package on the steamer Logan yesterday, addressed to Prof. Silliman and Dr. Yandell, and which we learned contained a quantity of water taken from a spring near Logansport, Ky., which is said to be a deadly poison. The water is certain death to whoever drinks it, and it has been sent here to be analized .- Louisville Courier.

During the debate on the deficiency bill in the U. S. Senate, last week, Mr. PEARCE, of Maryland, reviewed the arguments advanced against the administration by locofoco senators, and concluded as follows:

The abuse of the officers of the Quartermasters'

Department, in delaying the settlement of their

ccounts, was owing to a defect of the law, al-

owing them prolonged time for that purpose

The Secretary of War had done all in his power to check it. He had issued circulars to one

hundred and forty four disbursing officers, insising on the settlement of their accounts, and threatening to report them to the President for dismissal. Great results had followed. He rethe system of transferring balances of one ap-propriation to supply deficiencies in others. He referred to Mr. Berrien's opinion, when Attorney-General in 1831, against this practice. That opinion, however, was overruled by Attorney-General Grundy, during President Van Buren's administration, and the system has continued ever since, according to Mr. Grundy's opinion. This abuse, if one, was chargeable to the Demo-cratic administration which adopted and con-tinued it, and not this administration. The abuse of allowing the quartermasters to draw upon each other, and to transmit these drafts as sort of currency, was next adverted to. This practice grew up during the war under President Polk, and in consequence of measures adopted by Secretary Conrad, existed now to a very limited extent. He showed that the expenditures of the Quartermaster's Departexpenditures of the Quartermaster since Gen. ment have been annually diminished since Gen. Taylor's administration came into power. He agreed with the Senator, that something ought to be done respecting the better organization of the clerks in the Departments, and that their merit and qualifications should be prerequisites circumstances. or appointments. He regretted the adoption of the policy that "to the victors belong the polis." It had produced much mischiel, by naking political influence the recommendation to office. I would rejoice to see a return to the state of affairs, as they existed previous to 1828. The administration would, in a few days, lay before Congress a plan for the reorganization of the clerical corps. While the act of Congress of 1820 gave the Secretary of War powof his message will conclude, whether whig, democrat or locofoco.

Tragedy at Columbia.

Hays 33. By joint resolution sectors after a power made in the Fifteenth and Twenty-fourth Districts. The bill below is, we believe, correct; it was signed by the present Secretary while Congress was in session. He had never heard of an improper concluded the contract for supplies for the Qurtermaster's and Subsistence Departments of the Army, that power had been never exercised by the present Secretary while Congress was in session. He had never heard of an improper concluded the contract for supplies for the Qurtermaster's and Subsistence Departments of the Army, that power had been never exercised by the present Secretary while Congress was in session. He had never heard of an improper concluded the present Secretary while Congress was in session. tract for the supplies of the Navy, except one, if that was such. In 1848 the Navy had a supply of cheese for two years; but a gentleman from Connecticut, by some means or another, procured a contract for four years' supply of cheese for the Navy, at the rate of eighty thousand pounds a year. The consequence of this extraordinary supply was, that the cheese, though it did not exactly take wings and fly away, took legs and walked away. The ex-penses of the Navy proper were not now more than they were in 1845, although larger squadrons were kept afloat. In 1841, the expenses of Navy proper were \$5,338,000. In 1859, they were but \$5,495,000. He did not think the grand remedy for abuses, proposed by the Senator from Virginia, of a change of administra-tion, the surest or safest one. Under whom did these abuses arise? Not under this, but Demothese abuses arise? Not under this, but Demo-cratic administrations! Who posted troops in towns at great expense? When were all those Quartermasters, and other officers appointed, who have expended these extravagant sums of money? Under Mr. Polk's administration-all money? Under Mr. Folk's administration—ail the other abuses complained of were traceable back beyond the year 1849. If this administration go out of power, they will leave the public affairs in a far more comfortable condition than they were left by their Democratic predecessors. Mr. Polk's administration went out, leaving to their successors unknown difficulties to arrange. Vast territories had been ficulties to arrange. Vast territories had been acquired, which required protection; nothing had been done for their civil government. The had to establish various civil and military organizations in remote and barren territories, of which but little was known. All this had been done honorably, justly and promptly, notwith-standing Congress had cut down the necessary estimates. He did not think affairs could be better managed, or with more benefit to the country, even should the power fall into the hands of the Senator from Michigan, or from Illinois, or even from California. No change could be for the better, in fact, he believed the NIII. Beaver, Lawrence and Mercer.
VIV. Venango, Warren, M'Kean, ClearJefferson, Forrest, Elk and Clarion.
V. Erie and Grawford. public affairs were now so well administered,

From California.

tricts in it that were ever formed in this The steamship Crescent City arrived at New State, the counties having been annexed York on Sunday morning, from Aspinwall with no other object in view than either to on freight, and \$600,000 in the hands of passen-City, Navy Bay, bringing \$2,000,000 in gold dust

The gold mines of Choco are exciting great to the New York line, while "our Andy," great water course between the gulf of Darien and the bay of Buenaventura. The water course will be shortly made navigable to the mines, as they are known to be immensely Iced water still sells at Panama at two dimes

> The dysentery has made its appearance on the Isthmus. It is of the most violent type.
>
> The floods have entirely subsided, and busi-

ness of all kinds is improving. The Mexican Boundary Commissioners left

San Franscisco on the Golden Gate, intending to cross the Plains by way of the Gila and Rio Grande, for the purpose of completing the survey.

The late floods have left a rich harvest for

the miners. Immigration from the cities to the mines had commenced, including large parties

At Vallecita, recently, a party turned up a ields three hundred per cent. more abundantly

Advices from all the mining districts are ex-

Advices from an entiring districts are extremely encouraging.

A war of extermination has been declared against the Indians by the whites of Klamath. A party of settlers and miners surrounded two lodges, recently, at Indian Ferry, shot the men and several squaws, and destroyed the ranch. From thirty to forty Indians were killed. A Mexican was hung at Mokelumne Hill, on the 3d of April, by the Vigilance Committee,

Whig State Convention.

having been detected in theft.

At a meeting of the Whig State Central Committee, held at Harrisburg on Tuesday the 4th instant, it was resolved that the Delegates to the late Whig State Convention be requested assemble in Philadelphia on the NINE-EENTH DAY OF JUNE next, at 9 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of the Hon. Richard Coulter.

J. TAGGART, Chairman.

C. THOMPSON JONES, Sceretary.

A despatch from Hollidaysburg, dated May 5th, states that three of the boilers of the stationary engine at the head of plane 6, Portage railroad, exploded on the 4th, carrying away the roof and stack of the building, killing three men, Owen Riley, Matthew Percel, and Felix Handlon.

THE SUNDAY LAW REPEALED .- The Act relative to the sale of intoxicating drinks on the Sabbath in Lancaster city and county, passed by the Legislature a few weeks ago, was repealed last week.

Correspondence of the Lewistown Gazette.

Washington, May 5th, 1852. MR. EDITOR :- I find that nearly all the papers in the country are teeming with omments respecting the approaching presidential campaign. All are busy in precting who will be the nominee of the National Convention; and each one seems to believe that his opinion is based upon the true aspect of the political field. But, these predications are generally derived from the random assertions of correspondents of the daily papers of our eastern cities-the very least reliable of all auplied at length to Mr. Hunter's strictures upon thority. Many of these writers are the immediate friends of prominent aspirants, and consequently are ever ready to propagate unfounded rumors, to induce the impression that their favorite is taking the lead. Therefore, no confidence whatever can be placed in their assertions.

I think, and it is conceded here by all who view the matter calmly, that there is scarcely a shadow of doubt, but that General Scott and General Cass will be the contending candidates at the next election. Messrs. Buchanan, Douglas and Houston, will be laid on the shelf by the locofoco convention; and Messrs. Webster, Fillmore and Jones, by the whig convention. Such will inevitably be the case, unless some extraordinary event should transpire between this and the meeting of the conventions, to materially change the phase of

There is another matter which seems lately to engross a great deal of the attention of the press, i. e. the prospects of the whig party. Because a few fanatical hotspurs withdrew from the late whig caucus, held in this city, the democratic papers are in ecstacies, and are assiduously inculcating the impression that a great split has occurred in the whig party !- and that consequently, the locofoco nominee, whoever he be, will be elected by a most overwhelming and unprecedented majority! This assumption has even less foundation than the other. Instead of being split, the whig party is more firmly united than ever. By the nomination of General Scott, the party will have secured as their standard bearer, a true and tried whig, an ardent friend of the Union, and a firm supporter of the compromise, which will bind together the whole strength of the whig party, north and south, and, with this desideratum attained, what is to hinder the success of the party? No, Gen. Scott can be elected, and it is nothing else but a knowledge of this fact that induces the locofoco press to endeavor so earnestly to create a different impression; but, notwithstanding their efforts, Gen. Scott will be elected. You'll see.

BOWMAN ABOUT AGAIN .- Gen. Geo. W. Bowman of the Bedford Gazette, is opposing the election of Wm. Searight. Something wrong -guess Searight won't pay for soap .- Huntingdon Globe.

DR. HOUFLARD'S GERMAN BITTERS .- This celebrated medicine is one of the very best in the country, and its good qualities only need to be known, to give it precedence over all others now in use. We have seen its good effects lately, after the total failure of many others. This is say-ing more than we can for any other medicine within our knowledge, and we feel it a duty to recommend the Bitters to the notice of our freinds. The genuine is prepared by Dr.C. M. Jackson, Philadelphia.

Another Scientific Wonder! Important to Dyspeptics.—Dr. J. S. HOUGHTON'S PEPSIN, The True Digestive Fluid, or Gas-Juice, prepared from the RENNEY, or the as our Agent, and will receive and forward work intend FOURTH STOMACH OF THE Ox, after directions of BARON LIEBIG, the greatest Physioadelphia. This is truly a wonderful reme dy for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Consumption and Debility, curing Nature's own method by Nature's own Agent, the Gastric Juice. Pamphlets, containing Scientific evidences of its value, furnished by agents gratis. See notice among the medical advertisements.

EVERYBODY that wants good Coffees, silver Lever watches, full jewelled, " 14 Sugars, Teas, Molasses, Vinegar, &c., can always find them very low, for cash, at F. J. HOFFMAN'S.

Married.

On Tuesday, the 27th ultimo, by the Rev. James S. Woods, D. D., JOHN HAMILTON SCOTT, of McAlevy's Fort, and Miss LUCY ANN COOK, of Greenwood Furnace.

> THE MARKETS. LEWISTOWN, May 7, 1852. Paraby Deale

Flour -Wheat, white -Do red -Rye Oats -Corn -3 75 Flaxseed Timothyseed -Butter, good -Eggs -Tallow -Potatoes 1 00

The Lewistown Mills are paying 80 cts. per bushel for White Wheat, and 75 cts. for Red. Rye 55 cents. Corn, 50 cents per bushel. Prices of Flour-\$2,25 per 100 lbs. for extra, and \$2,00

江子 E. E. Locke & Co. at Locke's Mills, are paying 60 cents for Rye, and 45 cents for Corn.

PHILADELPHIA, May 5, 1852. There is rather more inquiry for Flour for shipment, and 1200 barrels fair and good brands sold at \$4,25 per barrel, at which holders are firm. There is a moderate demand for city consumption at \$4,25 a \$4,371 for common and choice brands; \$4,50 a \$4,75 for extra, and fancy lots at higher quotations. Rye Flour is scarce-a small sale at \$3,25, which is an improvement. Corn Meal is in better demand-sales of 1,000 barrels Brandywine at \$3,25, and 200 barrels Pennsylvania at \$3,721 per barrel. Grain-Wheat-Is in demand at 95 a 100 cents per bushel for good Red and White, at which small sales have been made. Small sales of Rye at 75 cents, at which rate it is wanted. Corn continues in fair request and all affeat, comprising some 7,000 bushels Sonthern and Pennsylvania vellow, which has been disposed of at 64 cents. Oats continue scarce, and no sales have been reported .-- News.

THE OWNER OF THE PROPERTY OF T We learn from the Pittsburgh papers that a man named Christopher Rinedollar don, Franklin county, fell into the hatchway of the steamer Silas Wright, on last Thursday night a week, and was injured so badly, that he died shortly afterwards. He was on his way with his family to Carroll, Illinois. The deceased was 63 years of age.

The National Intelligencer of Tuesday says-Hulsemann, the Austrian Charge d'Affairs, left Washington on Monday, on his return to Vienna. It is understood that previously to his departure he addressed an official note to the Secretary of State, and communicated copies of it to the members of the Diplomatic Corps; but of the purport of this note we are unit

SINGULAR OCCURRENCE.-A few days since a singular and pleasing incident, it is said, occurred at the mint. A number of young females are employed there, one of whom had been deaf and dumb for ten years, an affliction resulting from scarlet fever —While engaged at her occupation judge of the surprise of her companions to hear her exclaim, "Oh, I believe I can speak." So great was the astonishment that one of the females swooned, and the most of them were strangely affected. Since then the female has entirely recovered her speech.— Pennsulvanian.

Protection from Lightning.

THE subscribers are now manufacturing in Lewistown and Bellefonte their celebr PATENT LIGHTNING RODS, warranted superior to any in use. These spiral twisted car-bonised Rods are light half inch in ten feet lengths, perfectly screwed together, with brass sockets, and put up through glass insulators in a most substantial manner—the whole mounted with a solid silver plated copper point, that will re-main bright as long as the Rod stands. In this connection we would simply remark that a rusty steel or iron point can be of no use on a Lightning Rod, for the plain reason that they answer ning Rod, for the plain reason that they answer no end that would not be accomplished simply by sharpening the end of the Rod. One of the proprietors being himself a practical Chemist and Electrician, would assure the public that these improved Rods are manufactured and put up on scientific principles. We deem the important fact that over six hundred thousand feet of these celebrated Rods have been sold in one season, a sufficient recommendation; nevertheless we have numerous certificates from promi nent persons, speaking in the highest termsof their utility.

Our teams are traversing all parts of the country with all the necessary apparatus for putting

p Rods at once. We can be seen at Hamaker's Hotel, in Lewistown. Pedlars will find it greatly to their interest to call on us, as we are prepared to sell to them on accommodating terms.

REYBURN & BAKER.

Lewistown, May 7, 1852. (D) Harrisburg Book Bindery. F. L. HUTTER & CO.

(successors to W. o. Hickock, Hickock & Cantine, and Hickock & Barrett.) Book Binders, Stationers, and Blank Book

Manufacturers, Harrisburg. Pa. THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they are now carrying on the above business at the GLD STAND occupied by Hickock & Barrett. They flatter themselves that by careful attention to business they will merit and receive a continuance of the patronage so liberally enjoyed by the old

Particular attention will be paid to the Ruling and Binding of every description of BLANK BOOKS, for banks, county offices, merchants and private individuals, and every variety of full and half bound Blank Books.
OLD Books, Periodicals, Law Books, Music, News-PAPERS, &c., bound in any pattern, and in any style re

In addition to the above, they have, and will, at all times keep a General Assortment of Stationary, con-

Letter Paper, Slates & Pencila. Lead Pencils, Letter Stamps, India Rubber, Ink Stands. Motto Wafers, Transfer " Black Ink, Wafers, Sealing Wax. Red Tabe Steel Pens, Blue Ink Carmine Ink, Carmine ink, Copying ink, Policies,
Arnold's Writing Fluid, Erasers, &c.

> 25 PAPER RULED TO PATTERN, and all work Folders,

warranted and done F. L. HUTTER & CO. 65 H. J. WALTERS, Lewistown, is authorised to act

ogical Chemist, by J. S. HOUGHTON, M. D., Cheap Watches, Jewelry &

Silver-V A GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!

Twenty per cent. at least less than ever have been sold in the United States!

GOLD LEVER WATCHES, full jewelled, 18

Rarat case

Usually sold for \$35. GOLD LEPINE WATCHES, 18 karat case,

Universally sold for \$18.
SILVER LEPINE WATCHES, jewelled, SILVER LEAFINE WATCHES, peweren, 5 SILVER TEA SPOONS, per half dozen, 5 GOLD PENS, Silver Holders, 1 Persons wishing a Watch or Watches, or Jewelry,

can have them sent by mail, with perfect safety, to any part of the United States or West Indies, by first sending the amount of money. All articles warranted as represented above. Orders from the country respectfully Please address [post paid.] LEWIS LADOMUS.

106 Chestnut street, opposite the Franklin House, Phila. 53- California Gold bought, or manufactured into Philadelphia, April 30, 1852-3n

BOAT FOR SALE. THE PARTY OF STREET

THE Tide Water Boat ATLANTIC, in good condition, is offered for sale on liberal terms. Having no use for a boat of this description at the present time, she will be sold a bargain, and if proper security be given, a credit of from 6 to 18 months can be JOHN KENNEDY. Lewistown, April 30, 1852.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

N pursuance of an order issued by the Orphans' Court of Mifflin county, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue or outcry, on the premises, on

Monday, June 7, 1852, at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following real estate, late the property of Samuel J. George, de-

ceased, to wit: A certain messuage or lot of ground, whereon is erected a FRAME HOUSE, situate in the Borough of McVeytown, lately extended, bounded as follows: Beginning at a post on the north west side of the Turnpike Road, thence westwardly along Lumber street, ninety four feet to Queen streat, thence along the eastern side of Queen street south one and a half degrees, west seventy six feet, to a post on the north side of said Turnpike Road in an eastern direction, one hundred and twenty feet to the place of beginning, and known in the general plan of said borough as lately extended, as lot No. 1012.

Terms of Sale.—One half of the purchase

money to be paid on confirmation of the sale, and the residue in one year thereafter with interest. W. J. JACOBS,

April 30, 1852.-ts.

Administrator.