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Communications recommending persons for office, must be paid in advance at the rate of 25 cents per square.

J. W. PARKER,
Attorney at Law, Lewistown, Mifflin co. Pa.
DR. E. W. HALE

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Lewistown. He can be consulted at all times at the Bee Hive Drug store. Lewistown, August 30, 1850-1f

DR. JAS. S. WILSON,
OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Newton Hamilton and vicinity.

DR. A. W. MOSS
OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Lewistown and vicinity. Office with Dr. Hoover, one door East of F. Schwartz's store. May 9, 1851-1f

MAGISTRATE'S OFFICE.
CHRISTIAN HOOVER,
Justice of the Peace.
CAN be found at his office, in the room recently occupied by D. W. Huling, Esq. where he will attend to all business entrusted to him with the greatest care and despatch.

WILLIAM LIND,
FASHIONABLE TAILOR,
East Market street, Lewistown.

IN returning thanks to his friends and the public generally for the liberal support heretofore extended to him, would respectfully inform them that he has just received a splendid assortment of Fashionable

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES & VESTINGS,
selected in the city with special reference to being made up for customers work, which he is enabled to furnish at lower prices than similar articles could be procured in the stores. Gentlemen desiring of having a superior article of clothing, are requested to call and examine his stock. With long experience and the aid of first-rate workmen, he flatters himself that he can furnish his customers and friends with superior garments, at reasonable prices. Lewistown, Nov. 28, 1851.

Dental Card.
DR. JOHN LOCKE,
DENTIST,
Dr. L. is a regular graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, and devoted his entire attention to the business for seven years, which warrants him in offering entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Lewistown, Oct. 24, 1851-1f.

BOOTS, & SHOES,
THE undersigned continues to manufacture celebrated Quilted and French calf Boots, together with all articles connected with his business. **MOSES MONTGOMERY.** Lewistown, August 8, 1851-1f

REMOVAL.
Operations on the Teeth.
SAMUEL BELFORD, DENTIST.
OFFERS his services to the citizens of Lewistown, and the adjoining counties, in **DENTAL SURGERY.** Having taken lessons in this branch of business from the late Dr. J. N. Sumner, and recently from Dr. J. H. Bressler, of Bellefonte, he is satisfied that he will be able to give general satisfaction. Careful teeth Plugged with Gold, and Incurable Mineral Teeth Inserted, from a single tooth to a full set, on Gold and Silver Plate, also on Pivot, in the most durable manner. All work undertaken by him he will guarantee to be satisfactory, and if it is not, the money will be refunded.
He may be found at his residence in West Market street, opposite the Red Lion Hotel, at all times. Lewistown, Aug. 29, 1851-1f

100 SACKS Liverpool Ground Alum Salt. For sale by **JOHN KENNEDY.** ap252

60 TONS Soft Plaster. For sale by **JOHN KENNEDY.** ap252

CHEESE—500 lbs. Ohio Western Reserve Cheese. For sale by **JOHN KENNEDY.** ap252

FRESH LEAF LARD—10 cwt. fresh Lard, of the subscriber's own rendering, at 10 cts. per pound. For sale by **JOHN KENNEDY.** ap252

CIDER VINEGAR—A new supply—first rate—just received at **BANKS' Variety Store.** dec12

VALUABLE HISTORICAL DISCOVERY!

The Problem Solved.
ROME had her Cesar, England her Cromwell, France her Napoleon Bonaparte, and Lewistown at last has a store where goods may be purchased at the most reasonable prices, as any one can be satisfied who will call on

PROVED & BROTHER,

who have just received a splendid lot of New Goods which are the admiration of all who have viewed them. They are cheap, too, and no mistake—not cheap just on one yard of the counter and dear over all the other, but from side to side, from front to rear, and from top to bottom, whether COTTON, LINEN, SILK, or anything else, you'll find our motto is "SMALL PROFITS AND QUICK SALES," with the ready John Davis down—the only way we desire to do business! Now we don't intend to enumerate what we have; we shall not say a word about our sleek CLOTHS and CASSIMERES; nor the ELEGANT SUPPLY we purchased for DRESSES for our

LADY FRIENDS; nor about the SILKS, and SATINS, and RIBBONS, and ten thousand other matters that go to make up a tip-top assortment, because we not only anticipate, but are sure, that all who expect to appear in unparalleled apparel, will come and see for themselves—judge for themselves, and buy for themselves (just as we do when we go to the city). And now take our advice—

"Buy cheap while sluggards sleep,
And you will have goods to wear and keep."

REGIMENTAL ORDERS.

ATTENTION the WHOLE!
Forward March, by Sections of Eight, to the McClure stand!

W. M. P. MILLIKEN has just received from the city a large and well selected stock of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS, which he is disposed to offer to customers at GREAT BARGAINS, the proof of which he respectfully invites the public to call and test for themselves. Among his stock will be found an elegant supply of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS, embracing Silks, Cashmeres, De Laines, &c.; a fine stock of CALICOES of every shade and color, among them a number of new styles; and a large supply of all the articles in general use, which he is enabled to sell at prices that cannot fail to be satisfactory.

Also, a large assortment of goods suitable for Summer wear, as well as blue, black, green and brown CLOTHS; Cassimeres, Vestings, Cassinets, Jeans, &c.; Muslins, brown and bleached; Ribbons, Laces, and Fringes; Shawls; Carpets, Carpet Chains, and a choice lot of bags.

In the Grocery Line, he has the best of Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Rice, Cheese, Molasses, &c. Boots and Shoes, Looking Glasses, Cedar Ware, Hardware, Nails, Fish and Salt, Tobacco and Cigars.

All kinds of PRODUCE taken in store and forwarded to Philadelphia, or bought at cash prices.

Ladies and gentlemen who desire to purchase Spring and Summer goods, are requested to call early, as they will unquestionably find a choice stock to select from.

W. M. P. MILLIKEN.
Lewistown, April 9, 1852.

An Unprecedented Display

THE OLD CORNER.

GEORGE BLYMYER, in tendering his thanks to numerous friends and the public in general for the liberal patronage bestowed on his establishment, would take occasion to say that he has just returned from the city with an extensive stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, &c., that may well challenge comparison, comprising, as it does, a variety in all those branches probably not to be met with in any other town on the Juniata. It would be an endless task to enumerate even all the leading articles—he will therefore only mention that his shelves and racks contain an unequalled assortment of French, English, and American Blue, Black and fancy colors

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES; a great variety of SATINETTS; black and fancy Silk and Satin Vesting, with all the minor descriptions in pines; FLANNELS, all colors, in abundance; MUSLINS in cartloads; CALICOES in stacks; and Bonnets, Ribbons, Laces, Edgings, Insertings, Gloves, Mitts, Crapes, Veils, Handkerchiefs, &c., by the bushel—in fact the Ladies, in anything they may want, whether in parlor or kitchen, from the finest Silk and Satins to low-priced domestic goods—from the elegant Cashmere, Broche, Bay State, or India to the common Cotton Shawl—from the rich and costly Bonnet to one costing next to nothing—from Cloth for Cloak or Riding Dress to a Neck Ribbon, CANNOT go astray! the goods are all there, and the prices right!

His stock of GROCERIES consists of a large supply selected with great care, and comprises all kinds of the various articles in general use. His QUEENSWARE embraces a beautiful assortment, from which a choice cannot fail to be made. There is also an excellent stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES, CEDAR WARE, &c., with Roll upon Roll of

CARPETING, and a great many other matters, all of which go to show that the question is not "What has Blymyer got?" but "WHAT HAS HE NOT!"
Lewistown, April 9, 1852-1f.

TOBACCO, Snuff and Segars at **april 11** **A. A. BANKS'.**

Doctry.

The Pilgrim Fathers.
The breaking waves dashed high,
On a stern and rock-bound coast,
And the woods against the stormy sky
Their giant branches tossed;

And the heavy night hung dark,
The hills and waters o'er;
When a band of exiles moored their bark
On the wild New England shore.

They, the true-hearted, came,
Not with the roll of stirring drum,
Or the trumpet that sings of fame,—
Not as the flying come,
In silence and in fear;

They shook the depths of the desert's gloom
With their hymns of lofty cheer.
Amidst the storm they sang,
And the stars heard, and the sea;

And the sounding aisles of the dim woods rang
To the anthem of the free:
The ocean eagle soared
From his nest by the white waves' foam,
And the rocking pines of the forest roared;—
This was their welcome home.

What sought they thus afar?
Bright jewels, bright jewels, bright jewels of
the mine,
The wealth of seas, the spoils of war?
They sought a faith's pure shrine.
Ay, call it holy ground,—
The spot where first they trod;
They have left unstained what there they
found.
Freedom to worship God!

Miscellaneous.

A Hermit.
The following communication, recently published in a Cecil paper, may possess interest to those of our readers who are not acquainted with the subject of the sketch:

"I have thought that some account of Andrew Job, the Hermit, so well known in this part of the world, might not be unacceptable to your readers.

"He resides not far from the division line between Maryland and Pennsylvania, in the latter State. He is a stout, healthy man, about 80 years of age, a farmer; but carries on his farming operations rather different from his neighbors. He digs his ground with a mattock, and then marks it out with a wheelbarrow, picking off all the loose stones as he goes along. He raises nothing but corn; plants it, and never works it afterwards; so you may judge that he does not raise a very abundant crop. He sows no grass seeds, but mows his meadow-lands, and drags his hay home on two poles.

"He wears no clothing in summer—but daubs himself with mud, to guard against the annoyance of flies. His habit of going naked in summer, has caused the hair to grow upon his body, and like Esau, of old, may be said to be a "hairy man." He never shaves his beard, which is about a foot in length, and hangs down from his chin in matted strings. He is said to be one of the strongest of men, and his strength is attributed by some to the fact of his not shaving. He keeps one cow, and milks her himself. He gets no meal nor flour; but pounds his corn instead of grinding it into meal!—cooks all his own victuals, and lives, although a secluded, yet apparently a happy life."

Power of Imagination.
A few years since, Elijah Barnes, of Pennsylvania, killed a rattlesnake in his field without any injury to himself, and immediately after put on his son's waistcoat, both being of one color. He returned to his house, and on attempting to button his waistcoat, he found to his astonishment that it was much too small. His imagination was now wrought to a high pitch, and he instantly conceived the idea that he had been bitten imperceptibly by the snake, and was thus swollen by its poison. He grew suddenly very ill, and took his bed.

The family, in great alarm and confusion, summoned three physicians, and the usual remedies were prescribed and administered. The patient, however, grew worse every minute, until at length his son came home with his father's waistcoat dangling about him. The mystery was soon unfolded, and the patient being relieved from his imaginary apprehensions, dismissed his physicians and was restored to health.

How to Cultivate Beans.
Beans, for early table use, should be planted as soon as there is security from frost. Make large hills—say two feet over and one foot deep, and fill in with good manure to within three inches of the top—stamp in the manure as compactly as possible, and cover the whole with loam. Around the edge of the hill, insert your beans, by making holes with your finger, and cover them carefully. The beans should be within four inches of each other, and occupy the circumference of the circle formed by the edge of the hill. Immediately in contact with each bean insert a stick, say about the thickness of the thumb, and some six feet long. Crowd it firmly into the soil, and bring the bushy tops of all the sticks together at a point exactly over the centre of the hill, and secure them closely with a stout string. If you prefer it, the hills may be made larger, indeed of any dimensions from two to six feet, if you can afford manure and room. When large hills are made, they have a very pleasant effect, and appear like cones of verdure rising from the soil.

VALUABLE RECEIPT.—Take plaster and soak it in a saturated solution of alum, then bake the two in an oven the same as gypsum is baked to make it Plaster of Paris, after which they are ground to powder. It is then used as wanted, being mixed up with water, like plaster, and applied. It sets into a very hard composition, capable of taking a very high polish. It may be mixed with various coloring minerals to produce a cement of any color, and is capable of imitating marble. This is a very rare receipt, and it is worth twenty dollars to many of our subscribers, who can prepare it for themselves.

TO MAKE WHITE-WASH.—The following receipt is the best known, combining excellence and durability. Take a barrel and slack one bushel of freely burned lime in it, by covering it with boiling water. After it is slacked add cold water enough to bring it to the consistency of a good white-wash. Then dissolve in water, and add one pound of white vitrol (sulphate of zinc) and one quart of fine salt.

Grabbing the Public Lands.
The following article from the Richmond Whig—though written for Virginia, is equally applicable to Pennsylvania:

Mr. Downs of Louisiana, in some remarks in the Senate, on the Iowa Land bill, said, "Mr. Douglass has earned his title to the support of Illinois for the Presidency, by providing means from the Public Treasury for constructing 484 miles of railroad in that State."

This, at \$20,000 a mile, about the average price of constructing railroads, would give nearly fourteen millions of dollars. A very good title, indeed, to the support of Illinois—but what sort of title does it give to the support of other States, who have been robbed to that amount? These fourteen millions of dollars are derived from public lands, which were ceded by Virginia to the Union, for the Common benefit of all the States, herself included.

The Democrats, who rule in both branches of Congress, among which number is Mr. Douglass, tell us that it is unconstitutional to distribute these lands among all the States; but it is perfectly right and proper to appropriate them to particular States. By this mode of construction and action, Virginia, which is quite as needy as any other in the Confederacy, is deprived of all shares in that great fund. Her Representatives in Congress sit silent and acquiesce in this grab system. They are too conscientious to advocate a general distribution, by which their own State would be benefited—and they profess to be unable to prevent others from seizing upon as much as they want. But these others—these grabbers—are their chosen political associates—the very men, whom they are recommending to Virginia, as suitable persons to fill the Presidential chair. The Legislature of the State, with 40 Democratic majority, follow in the footsteps of their Congressional fellows. They are exploring every nook and corner in this poor old Commonwealth, in quest of every cow and hog, and every domestic utensil, to lay the heavy hand of taxation upon; but their scruples will not permit them to demand of Congress a fair portion of that vast fund, which was all her own once—and which is being daily plundered by their own political associates. We believe a strong and united appeal by the Legislature of Virginia to the Congress of the United States, would arrest this system of plunder, and give to the State its due proportion of the common fund. It is hopeless, however, to expect any such step from the Democratic majority. They are wedded to their sterile abstractions—sterile of good, at least—though very prolific in mischief to Virginia.

Nevertheless, we trust the Whigs will bring this subject before the Legislature and the country.—There is no other known means for prosecuting internal improvements at the present moment. All the works will have to be stopped for the want of funds—for the taxes to be raised for existing liabilities, will be fully as much as the people can pay for years to come. The subject, therefore, appeals to every man who feels an interest in developing the resources of the State; and in fact to every one who has to pay a portion of the enormous taxation, to be levied during the year.

Let the issue be made and submitted to the people; whether they prefer to be overwhelmed with taxes, and have all their improvements arrested for the sake of Democratic scruples—While Democrats from other regions are plundering the treasury; or whether they will claim a fund which is justly theirs, and which will relieve them of a large portion of their taxes, and at the same time enable them to prosecute these great works, which are essential to our prosperity. On such an issue, we cannot doubt the verdict of the people. They will not, they cannot consent to be ground into the dust by intolerable taxes, merely to humor the affected purism and antediluvian notions of a set of political Hunkers, who think of nothing but their salaries. Let the issue be tried when the tax gatherer makes his unwelcome round this summer.

The Humorist.

SERENADE.
Wake, lady, wake! the moon are high,
The twinklin' star be beamin';
Vile now and then across the sky
A meteor are streamin'.

Wake lovely one, the sky are clear,
Refreshin' the breezes;
It blows my nose while I sits here
A fiddlin' neath treeses.

Wake, Lizzy, dear! the bull-frog's note
Are heard in yonder rushes,
And the warbling tree-toad swell its note
Singin' in them ar bushes.

Wake, Venus, mine! the whip-or-will
Sings on that rail-fence yonder:
Vile the owl pipes forth its hooting shrill,
(Vy don't she vake, I vonder?)

Softly along the grassy lea
The moon her beams are pourin'—
The stars look down and vink at me—
(By gum! if Liz ain't snorin'.)

Wake lovely one, and look at me!
Awake, 'Squire Simpson's daughter:
If you'll have me, why I'll have thee—
(By George! who threw that water?)

A friend says the following story is a fact:—Two boys of tender years who went by the names of Tom and Jack, became members of a district school in a certain New England town. On making their appearance, the teacher called them up before the assembled school and proceeded to make certain interrogatories concerning their names, ages, &c. "Well my fine lad," said the teacher to the first one, "what is your name?"

"Tom!" promptly answered the juvenile.

"Tom!" said the teacher—that does not sound well. Remember always to speak the full name. You should have said *Thomas*. Now, my son, (turning to the other boy, whose expectant face suddenly lighted up with the fact of a newly comprehended idea,) will you tell me what your name is?"

"Jack-ass!" replied the lad, in a tone of confident decision.

The teacher was taken with a sudden fit of coughing, and merely motioned the lads to take their seats.

An Infallible Cure.
WIFE.—O, Doctor, if you could only cure my poor dear Augustus, I should be so thankful. Two or three times a week he is attacked with these horrible vertigos, accompanied by weakness of the knees, and a slight wandering of the mind, indicated by his calling dear papa, who is a deacon you know, a jolly old brick."

PATIENT.—Don't suppose, old Ippecan, that I'm drunk; a little bricky, that's all."

DOCTOR.—These peculiar cases of vertigo are very prevalent, ma'am, and very obstinate, and a change of climate is the only remedy. I recommend, therefore, a removal to the State of Maine, where the salubrity of the atmosphere alone will at once eradicate the disease."

[SCENE.—Waiting room of a railway station. Personages.—Stout gentleman smoking, and railway official. Posted notice.—Smoking strictly prohibited.]
Railway Official.—You'd better not smoke, sir. Traveler.—That's what my friends say. Railway Official.—But you mustn't smoke, sir. Traveler.—So my doctor tells me. Railway Official (indignantly).—But you shan't smoke, sir! Traveler.—Ah, just what my wife says."

"Pat, can you tell me what is a virgin?"
"To be sure I can, Jimmy."
"Well, then will ye be after doin' it?"
"Yes, jist. It's a woman that's never been married at all."
"Be ye in earnest, Pat?"
"Yes, Jimmy."
"The saints in heaven be praised, then, my mother is a virgin; my father never married her at all."

We heard the following interesting conversation, a few days since, between two candidates for academic honor:—
"Bill, spell cat, rat, hat, bat, fat, with only one letter for each word."
"It can't be did."
"What! you jist ready to report verbatim, phonetically, and can't do that? Just look here! c 80 cat, r 80 rat, h 80 hat, b 80 bat, f 80 fat."

THE COBBLER'S LAST WORDS.—I feel that I *was* weaker every succeeding day, and that I am fast approaching my end;—a few more stitches and all will be over—in heaven there is rest for the weary soul;—earth hath no sorrows that heaven cannot heal." Having said *and* he wished, he calmly breathed his last.

A Dutchman relating his troubles says:—One night ven I comes home I finds de doors vash asleep, and all de neighbor's bunkins vos in my hock-patch. I goes out and takes a hock and breaks it over every rail's back in de field, and dey run tur dur tuil as toe de very fence vos after dem."

A lazy fellow laying down on the grass said, "O, how I wish this was called work, and I got paid accordingly."

"What are you looking after, my dear?" said a very affectionate mother to her only daughter. The daughter turned round, and thus replied: "Looking for a son-in-law for father."

A young Irish student, at a veterinary college, being asked, if a broken-winded horse should be brought to him for cure, what he would advise, promptly replied: "To sell him as soon as possible."

Three spoonfuls of brandy make one cocktail—three cocktails, one go—three goes, one spree—three sprees, one muss—three musses, one visit to the penitentiary. Cut it out and put it in your hat.

Dean Swift said with much truth:—"It is useless to attempt to reason a man out of a thing he was never reasoned into." The best argument will be thrown away upon a fool.

There is a young lady up town who says that if a cart wheel has nine fellows, it's a pity that a woman like her can't have one. Sensible girl, that.

LEWISTOWN MILLS.

THE subscribers have taken the Lewistown Mills and formed a copartnership under the firm of JOHN STERRETT & CO. for carrying on a general MILLING BUSINESS, wish to buy a large quantity of all kinds of GRAIN, for which we will pay the HIGHEST PRICES the market will afford, according to the quality of the grain.

Any person wishing to store their wheat can do so, and a receipt will be given to be kept in store until the 1st of August, and after that until the 1st of December. In case of wheat left in store, the subscribers reserve the privilege of purchasing said wheat when the owners wish to sell, at from 13 to 15 cents off of Philadelphia prices, and if we do not buy at this rate, then we charge one cent per bushel for storage. No interest will be allowed on money not lifted for grain sold, as we are prepared to pay cash at all times.

FLOUR and all kinds of FEED kept and sold for cash.

W. THOMPSON,
AND, MCFARLANE,
HUGH CONLEY,
S. S. WOODS.
Lewistown, May 2, 1851.—1f

NATIONAL HOUSE,

LEWISTOWN, PA.
THE undersigned having leased the large and commodious Hotel, known as the "NATIONAL HOUSE," formerly kept by James Turner, and recently by R. H. McCoy, and situated in the Public Square, for a term of years, respectfully informs the public that he has fitted it up and furnished it anew, so as to ensure the comfort of the travelling public.

His TABLE will be provided with the choicest productions of the market, and careful, obliging, and attentive waiters will be employed.

His BAR will also be stocked with none but the choicest of liquors.

The STABLING attached to the house is extensive and safe.

He flatters himself that he will be able to render entire satisfaction to all who may give him a call.
J. THOMAS.
Lewistown, August 29, 1851.—1f

Boats Ready for the Canal!

MERCHANTS, FARMERS, MILLERS, and others are informed that the subscriber, at his large and convenient Warehouse on the canal, has established a regular line of Boats for the purpose of carrying Grain, Flour, and Goods of all kinds, between Lewistown, Philadelphia, and Baltimore; and will have a boat leaving Philadelphia every Tuesday and Friday, also one leaving Lewistown every Tuesday and Friday, until the close of the season.

He will receive and forward all kinds of freight on reasonable terms.

ALFRED MARKS,
Lewistown, March 5, 1852.—1f

AT THE LEWISTOWN CHEAP CABINET WARE

A Room is the place for all that want cheap furniture. Persons going to housekeeping, would do well by giving me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as I have now on hand a large assortment of all kinds of FURNITURE, too numerous to mention. Among his stock will be found that highly recommended

Spring Bottom Bedsteads, of which I have sold within the last two years two hundred pair. Numerous certificates can be had from those that have them in use, as the following will show:

A. FELIX.
"This is to certify that we have purchased the above mentioned Bedstead from A. Felix, and have got him to alter our old Bedsteads, and are much pleased with them, and consider them a great improvement, and vastly superior for convenience and cleanliness to the cord Bedstead, and would recommend them to the public."
J. THOMAS,
JOHN A. STERRETT,
JOHN CLARK,
JERMAN JACOB."
Lewistown, March 12, 1852.

DUNCANNON NAILS.—75 kegs Duncannon Nails, from 4 penny to 20 penny, assorted, at \$3.25 per cwt. For sale by **JOHN KENNEDY.** ap2

CRACKERS, Crackers—15 bbls. Pittsburgh Crackers, at \$4.25 per barrel, and retail by the lb. 6 cents, or 20 lbs. for \$1.00. ap2 **JOHN KENNEDY**