tle in which he lost a part of the rear guard of his army. This place is famous also for a battle which the duke Don Philip of Parma, at the die of a fertile plain, which is watered by a great of the waters. head of the French and Spaniards, had with the troops of the King of Sardinia. In looking back from Aiguebelle towards Chamberi, this city seems placed at your feet; you can trace the road you have passed over and the streams you have crossed, which look like threads of silver in the vast landscape. On the spurs of the mountains you see the ruins of ancient towers mountains you see the runs of ancient towers, and castles which formerly served for the defence of the passes, underneath which may be seen cultivated spots, hemmed in by enormous masses of fallen rocks, that serve to prevent the monuments and buildings of his day have disappeared. The principal streets of Turin seen cultivated spots, hemmed in by enormous masses of fallen rocks, that serve to prevent the earth from washing away. This is the region of the High Alps. The mountains are steeper, and at every turn one sees over his head are and at every turn one sees over his head enor-mous rocks that the torrents have detached from the mountain. The inhabitants, male and fe-male, are nearly all deformed with the goitre, which many attribute to the crude nature of the snow water, the ordinary drink of the inhabitants. Others believe that the disease is hereditary or caused by the habits of the people. Among the Alps there is another race of people called the Cretons, who besides having the tre and being otherwise deformed, are nearly all idiots. Most of the mountains are barren and destitute of trees, but one cannot fail to admire the industry of the inhabitants, who leave not a foot of land uncultivated. It is no uncommon thing to see small gardens on the sunny side of the mountains, made in places that one would think a cat could scarcely climb to, and these made too upon the barren rocks, by means of strong walls which serve to catch the earth that is carried down by the torrents. Higher up, the chamois skips from rock to rock and leaps the most terrific chasms, regardless of the bears that growl in the crevices of the rocks, or the hunters that pursue, while still higher up is the region of eternal snow. But we approach Mount Cenis. Lanslebourg is the name of the village at its foot. Extra horses are again attached to the dilligence and it takes three hours and a half to dilligence and it takes three hours and a hair to ascend the easy and well calculated zig-zags of this principal mountain of the route. Here and there along this winding road are small houses called houses of refuge, occupied by persons called houses of refuge, occupied by persons the road and the transfer of a vow made at the time of the road of the road of the challenge in the city. whose business it is to take care of the road and assist travellers. All these houses are numbered, and on the top of the mountain sleds are constantly kept to take travellers to the foot, which is done in about five or six minutes when the snow is deep enough to cover the inequalities of the mountain. This is about a perpendicular descent of two thousand feet, but there is no danger if one trusts to the experience of the man who guides the sled. At certain points along this mountain, avalanches of snow fall carrying away every thing before them, and it is now used for the public exhibition of painnecessary to be very quiet in passing those points. The bells are taken off the horses and travellers do not even whisper, because the least movement of the air might bring a moun-tain of snow down upon their heads, and make them turn a thousand somersets among tree tops and over sharp edged precipices, precipitating what was left of them into the middle of a river of cold snow water, in a dark ravine that the sun never shone into. On Mount Cenis there is a hospice frozen over six or seven months of the year. The lake is famous for its trout, but they belong to the monks. The hospital was founded by Charlemagne, who, in the 9th century, crossed Mount Cenis with his army.— The house in actual use, was built by Napoleon. The half of it is now used by a corps of Sardinian carabineers who examine the passports of travellers and receive five franks per horse, which goes to the repairing of the road. The other half of the building is occupied by some Benedictine Monks, who render assistance gratuitously to the poorer class of travellers, reserving two or three better rooms for those that ean afford to pay. The limits of Piedmont are in the middle of the next plain beyond this mountain. On leaving the plain, one sees a magnificent mountain on the left called Rochmelon. On its summit there is a chapel called the chapel of Our Lady of the Snows. It was formerly much frequented by pilgrims, but it is now abandoned, owing to the danger of ascent. But before we commence ascending, we look both ways at the prospects. Before us in Piedmont are some of the magnificent plains of Italy, and hundreds of villages with their shining, tin covered steeples, and behind us are the plains of Savoy between two range of mountains, from which spurs extend into the next valley, and on every spur there are some ghastly old ruins.—
But one cannot less admire the colossal nature of these bridges, galleries, walls and terraces.—
They correspond with the colossal nature of the museum of Turin. The ancient money of They correspond with the colossal nature of the scenery and the genius that planned them. The route of the Simplon, north of this one, was still a greater undertaking. Napoleon laid the plan of it immediately after the battle of these museums. But enough of Turin. The Marengo, and the object of it may be inferred from a question he put to the chief engineer.—
"When can the cannon cross the Simplon." The Englishman, Sir James Mackintosh, said that of rin, which has tended to render him unpopular all useful works, the route of the Simpion across the Alps is the greatest and most marvellous.—
It took thirty thousand men six years to combine the city of palaces, and most of its palaces and churches are built of marble, but its streets are that many of them are inaccessible oridges, and like the route of Mount Cenis, is about twenty six feet wide, and bordered in for carriages, and as many of the houses are six about twenty six feet wide, and bordered in dangerous places on the lower side by a wall three or four feet above the level of the road.—
These two roads were the first ever opened for kee speculator living there, who occupies a palcarriages over the Western Alps, and in the construction of them, all the known resources of art were brought into requisition to overcome the greatest resistance of nature. But we descend through galleries cut in perpendicular rocks and over chasms frightful to look into.— Suse is a little city near the foot of Mount Cenis, which is remarkable for its antiquity; having ded by a Roman Colony, under the reign of Augustus. The only thing in this place, worthy of notice is a triumphal arch, erected about eight years before the christian The only thing in this era, in honor of Augustus. On leaving this city, our course lies along the river Doire, through a wide valley of the same name, which is all one orchard, but the view is saddened by the nakedness of the plain adjoining, which is covered with pebbles and stones washed down by a mountain torrent. We pass through a poverty stricken village of five thousand inhabitants, on the borders of this desert plain. It contains the ruins of an ancient gothic castle, and a great many idle priests and importunate beggars. Lazzaroni in red caps and bare legs, the color of old mahogany, a multitude of priests in long black gowns and broad brimmed hats, and women in veils and mantillas, are what dislarge town. The towns, like the populations, are much alike. Ancient looking houses with colonnades in front; occasional streets covered with sheds; numerous shops full of sausages, macaroni and garlic; with the streets mostly narrow, dirty, and crooked, compose the physiognomy of an Italian town. But we pass through the towns of St. George, St. Ambrose, and several other saintly places, and arrive at Rivoli, near which took place the battle of that name, famous in the military annals of France. On the way down from the mountains, the tra-veller discovers the increasing fertility of the country, "the vine married to the elm," and the country covered with mulberry trees, which bring to mind that Piedmont is famous for the fine quality of its silks. The country improves as one advances, every inch of ground is cultivated and none even is occupied for fen-As in France, they have a police for the fields, which answers for fences, as well as for a guard against thieves. Canals for watering the country, border the road sides, which are also bordered by shade trees; hundreds of poor women may be seen doing nearly all the drud-gery of the fields; fat monks pass you now and then, on some pious pilgrimage, or out with their wallets on a begging excursion, and you see looking down upon every town that has a hill near it, a convent of Benedictines, of Franciscans, or Capuchins or Bloodsuckers of some other race that live and thrive upon the igno-

number of canals made to disseminate the waters of the river Doire. This is the commencement of the rich plain of Lombardy, which extends across Northern Italy to the city of Venice, and which is considered one of the most beautiful plains in the world. Turin is one of the most considerable cities of Italy. It is situated in a vast plain and at the confluence of two rivers, public buildings. The windows of these houses have small porticos, and there is a court or hollow square of buildings back, which is often or-namented with a fountain, visible from the main street, through an arched entrance. One may walk all day about the city of Turin under ar-cades, along each side of the street, which is very agreeable in rainy or warm weather. To attempt to describe the magnificence of the churches of these cities of Italy would be use-less. They are never entirely completed. Repairs or additions in some way, are constantly made to them, and the walls of many of them are covered with the best paintings in the world. All the religious feeling that can be brought out of marble and paintings, stained glass, and mellow lights, is there brought out, and one is compelled to feel in a religious mood while looking at them. But that is the religion of these countries, and where the devout Italian catholic is out of sight of the crosses, pictures and incence smoke, his religious feelings are all gone. His religion speaks only to the eye, for his mind is not under his own control. Among the numerous churches of Turin, the church called the Consolata is most frequented on account of an image of the Virgin, to which a great deal of devotion is paid. Near this church is the pub-lic square, called the Consolata, in the centre of vages of the cholera in the city. church is called the church of the Holy Spirit, and is said to be founded on the spot where once stood a temple of Diana. You are also told that it was in this church that Rousseau abjured Calvinism. The King's palace is nothing remarkable in its outside appearance. It is situated so as to look down the four principal streets of the city, and it is joined to the palace of the dukes of Savoy by means of a gallery. There is another palace called Palace Madam, or the castings. The Senate or Chamber of Peers holds its sessions in the palace, and one of its towers is used as an observatory.

The museums of Turin are celebrated, and one feels carried back a few thousand years

viewing its cabinets of Egyptian, Greek and Roman antiquities, among which are statues of marble and bronze, Roman cups and vases of bronze and silver, Roman eagles, gilt thunderbolts of Jupiter, household utensils, a charter of the Emperor Adrian, tripods, censers, and cups for shedding tears in, which were placed, full of the tears of Roman mourners, on the tombs of departed friends. "The poor simpletons, to place a cup of their tears upon the tombs of their friends," said the keeper of the museum who goes around with the visitors and explains. But the custom in these catholic countries of placing crowns upon the tombs at frequent intervals, would appear no more rational, and yet the traveller cannot but admire these mementoes and regards for the dead, exhibited in Catholic cemeteries. The museum of Egyptian curiosities, at Turin, is considered the best in the world. It contains many colossal statues of the ancient Pharaohs, some of whose names are Osymandias, Tontmasis 1st, Tontmasis 2nd, Amenophis 2nd, known under the name of Memnon, and Ramses 4th, known in history as Sesostris the great. There are also statues of the Egyptian gods, goddesses and sacred animals. mythological emblems, household utensils, agri-cultural implements, mummies and manuscripts on papyrus, entirely preserved, and chronologi-cal tables of more than a hundred Kings, anterior to the eighteenth dynasty, indicating the duration of the reign of each. This collection was made by a French consul in Egypt, to place Egypt and Athens, heads of the ancient Kings of Syria in silver, and heads of Roman emperace that is much handsomer than that of the King. Genoa has a population of about 130,000, of which 10,000 are soldiers, and 8,000 are priests; so that the "sovereign people" are nowhere, and the automaton subjects cannot fail to be powerfully well governed, both spiritually and politically. An American rightly to appreciate American self government, must see the difference as it exists on this side of the water, and about the best medicine for Northern and Southern disunionists in the United States would be to make the tour of Europe, and feel the annovances of trunk examinations at the frontier of every petty State, by the custom house officers, and the still more provoking annoyance of being obliged to "give an account of yourself and show your passport" in almost every town you enter: which ends this chapter of " Alpine solitudes." R. C. ROSS.

HEYL'S EMBROCATION for horses, fer sale at the Bee Hive Drug store. sebtl

MOD LIVER OIL -A very superior quality of this article at A. A. BANKS'.

FRUIT.—Oranges, Lemons, Rainsins, Figs. Prunes, the first of the season, at A. A. BANKS'.

BOOKS! BOOKS!!-Blank Books, Cash Books, Pocket Books, Port Monnaies, School Books, Slates, &c., at A. A. BANKS'.

Half Spanish Segars.

A FINE lot of very choice Half Spanish SEGARS, equal to most that are sold for six's-for sale at the Diamond Drug store by A. A. BANKS.

Fever and Ague Powders. THOMPSON'S Fever and Ague Powders I are a certain cure for that disease, as many in Lewistown can testify. They need no puffing. Prize 50 cents per box. For sale JOHN KENNEDY.

NAILS. NAILS. 50 KEGS Duncannon Nails, at only \$3 25 per keg. 50 KEGS Pittsburgh Nails, at \$3 25 per keg.

For sale, a full assortment of Nails, at the

above prices. Mechanics and Farmers read and come and see them at the cheap store of rance and imbecility of the people.

But we enter a long straight road in face of

and come and see them at the cheap store of Aug. 29, 1851.

JOHN KENNEDY.

SPICES of all kinds, fresh and pure, at Aug. 29, 1851.

FOR SALE, LOUDON WAGON.

BROAD TIRE. 71TH Bed, Bows, Cover, &c., all in good order. Enquire of WATTSON & JACOB. Lewistown, Nov. 7, 1851 .-- 3t*

LIQUOBS FOR SALE. To Country Merchants, Tavern Keepers, &c.

LARGE stock of superior liquors, consisting of Wines, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

are now offered for sale Wholesale and Re-TAIL at COST, at the Grocery Store on the Canal, opposite the Collector's Office. Dealers and Tavern Keepers will find bargains. WM. REWALT.

Astonishing Reduction in

Lewistown, July 18, 1851. -tf

A MERICAN Rolled Bar Iron
Horse Shoe Bar
Nail Rods

3 ets.
3½ "
4 " warranted good, and will be sold for cash at the above rates, by
no7 F. G. FRANCISCUS.

HARDWARE, of all kinds, at unusually low prices, for cash, at F. G. FRANCISCUS'S.

30 TONS of Valentine & Thomas' best IRON, for sale by
F. G. FRANCISCUS, Agent for Valentine & Thomas.

For sale, low for cash, by F. G. FRANCISCUS.

GILCHRIST'S celebrated American Ra-zors. A small lot of those splendid Ra-zors just received. They require no honing or sharpening-each Razor warranted. For sale

F. G. FRANCISCUS.

KEGS pure White Lead, \$2 per keg; 100 boxes Window Glass; 100 gallons Flaxseed Oil; 100 lbs., Putty, Spirits of Turpentine, Paris Green, Chromes of different colors, with an assortment of all kinds Paints, Paint Brushes, Sash Tools, &c., for sale by oct 24 F. G. FRANCISCUS

Stoves, Stoves, Stoves.

A LARGE stock of new and beautiful Cooking and Parlor STOVES, Ten Plate do. from 22 to 32 inches; Air-Pight Cook, Vernon do.. Hathaway do., Keystone do., Universe do., Complete do. Revere Air-Tight Parlor Stove, Ottoman do., Persian do., Excel sior do., Etna do. Barroom Stoves, Harp Cannon do., Cannon do., Cast Oven do., Russia do., Ben Franklin do-for wood or coal-all which will be sold low for cash, at the Hardware Store of

F. G. FRANCISCUS.

HOAT'S

THE undersigned having purchased the right 1 of manufacturing and seliting the above approved Corn Sheller, acknowledged on all hands to be superior to anything of the kind hitherto introduced, for the counties of Mifflin, Huntingdon, Bedford, Franklin, Adams, Somerset, Fulton, Green, and Washington, respectfully invites the attention of farmers and others to this easy method of performing an otherwise laborious work. The Corn Sheller is driven by horse-power, and can be attached to any or-

dinary threshing machine, and will easily shell one nundred bushels of clean corn in an hour. Among a number who have them in use in Mifflin county, the following gentlemen are referred to:

Maj. W. Wilson, Col. W. Reed, James Brown. Moses R. Thompson, Thos. McNitt, Wm. M'Manigil, Thomas Brown.

Orders for machines for any of the above counties will be promptly attended to, by addressing the subscriber at Milrey P. O., Mifflin county, Pa. WM H WATSON.

County or Township Rights will be disposed of on reasonable terms on application as above August 29, 1851.—3m

Indemnity.

THE FRANKLIN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF Philadel phia—OFFICE 163, Chesnut street, near Fifth street DIRECTORS. Charles N. Bancker, Geo. R. Richards

Thomas Hart, Tobias Wagner, Mordecai D. Lewis, Adolphe E Borie Jacob R. Smith, Morris Patterson.

Continue to make insurance, perpetual or limited, on every description of property in TOWN & COUNTRY, t rates as low as are consistent with security. The Company have reserved a large Contingent Fund, which, with their Capital and Premiums safely invested, affords ample protection to the assured. The assets of the Company, on January 1st, 1849, as

ablished agreeably to an Act of Assembly, were as fol-

Mortgages, Real Estate, Temporary Loans, Stocks, 91,724 83 96,001 85 51,523 25 38,804 37

\$1,328,492 71 Since their incorporation, a period of eighteen years they have paid upwards of One Million Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, losses by fire, thereby affording an evi-dence of the advantages of Insurance, as well as the ability and disposition to meet with promptness all liabilities. CHARLES N. BANCKER, President.

CHARLES G. BANCKER, Secretary
AGEN'T for Mifflin county, R. C. HA1 E, [ap12-ly Esq., Lewistown.

THOMPSON'S VERMIFUGE. Only 121 cents per bottle. For sale by May 9, 1851. JOHN KENNEDY.

THOMPSON'S INDIAN BALSAM. Only 25 cents per bottle. For sale by May 9, 1851. JOHN KENNEDY. May 9, 1851.

Petroleum or Rock Oil. 10 DOZEN bottles Rock Oil, raised by steam 700 feet from the bowels of the earth. It is highly recommended by physicians for the cure of a great many obstinate

Lewistown, May 9, 1851.

CANARY BIRDS. THE undersigned has on hand a lot of fine CANARY BIRDS, which will be sold

very low. Those in want will do well to aply soon. E. ALLEN. Lewistown, November 7, 1851.

THE WORLD'S FAIR IN MINIATURE.

ALLEN desires the public to remember E. ALLEN desires the public to remember that his establishment is still open for the accommodation of those in need of the various articles of necessity, use, luxury, taste, and amusement always kept on hand. He has made arrangements with Mr. MURRAY, the well known "CHEAP BOOK MAN," from whom he receives his stock of

Miscellancous & School Books, Miscellaneous & School Books, Cheese, Molasses, &c. We have Boots and to sell as cheap as the original himself, which is well known to be a little cheaper than the ware, Nails, Fish and Salt, Tobacco and Cicheapest. The manufacture of

Candies and Confectionaries

is continued, and he can satisfy country dealers and others who may favor him with a call, that he can furnish a better article, either wholesale or retail, than can be procured in the city. His stock of

Perfumeries was selected from the best in market, is handsomely put up, and will be sold low. In

Reold I Reel he can't be beat, either in quality, price, or variety, and has thus far won the palm of superiority, and everybody wanting a good article will save time and money by coming to the "Great Western Variety Store." His

DRUGS

have been pronounced all that drugs ought to be, are pure and fresh, and will be supplied to purchasers at a reasonable profit, or compounded upon physicians' prescriptions correctly and carefully. Every body who loves a Good 1500 LBS. Anvils and Vices, Screw Plates, assorted, ½ to 1½ inch, Blacksmith's Bellows, from 30 to 42 inches. East Market street, Lewistown.

N. B. Any book called for that is not on hand, can be got to order in thirty-six hours. nov 5-3m E. A.

Dental Card.

DR. JOHN LOCKE, DENTIST,

WILL return to Lewistown about the 10th November next, for the purpose of attending professional business, and will remain about ne month at Irwin's LEWISTOWN HOTEL.

Dr. L. is a regular graduate of the Balti-more College of Dental Surgery, and devoted ais entire attention to the business for seven years, which warrants him in offering entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Lewistown, Oct. 24, 1851-tf.

REMOVAL.

Operations on the Teeth. SAMUEL BELFORD, DENTIST, OFFERS his services to the citizens of

Lewistown, and the adjoining counties, in ing taken lessons in this branch of business from the late Dr. J. N. Sumner, and recently frem Dr. J. H. Bressler, of Bellefonte, he is satisfied that he will be able to give general satisfaction. Carious teeth Plugged with Gold, and Incorruptible Mineral Teeth Inserted, from a single tooth to a full set, on Gold and Silver Plate,

also on Pivot, in the most durable manner. All work undertaken by him he will guar antee to be satisfactory, and if it is not, the money will be refunded.

He may be found at his residence in West Lewistown, Aug. 29, 1851.-tf

[October 10, 1851.-1y. order, on reasonable terms and at the shortest on hand, which they will sell or make up to Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c., constantly

A large and well selected assortment of

Lewistown, Pa. liken's Store,

Market street, one door West of Wm. P. Mil.

PASHIONABLE TAILORS, BRISBIN & DINGES'

Tuscarora Academy.

THE twenty-seventh semi-annual session this institution will commence on MON-DAY, the 27th of October inst. The whole ex-

pense per session of 22 weeks, for Board, Tuition, Washing, &c., need not exceed \$44, and with economy may be less. For further particulars address, (post paid),

DAVID WILSON,

DAVID LAUGHLIN,

Academia, Juniata co., Pa., Oct. 10, 1851.*

AT COST!

THE undersigned offers to the public, af-fording FIRST RATE BARGAINS, his entire stock of Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes.

at COST. Having taken the National House and Stage Office, I find that I have too many irons in the fire to keep them all going, and therefore give the people this opportunity to J. THOMAS. Lewistown, October 31, 1851.

Executor's Notice.

OTICE is hereby given that Letters Testamentary, upon the estate of PHIL-PROTHROCK, late of Derry township, Mifflin county, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, residing in McVeytown, in said county. All persons indebted to the said estate, are hereby required to make immediate payment, and all those having claims against the same, are requested to present them duly authenticated for payment. A. ROTHROCK, Executor.

Oct. 24, 1851-6t.

Hammered Iron.

ARMERS, Blacksmiths, Machinists, and others, are respectfully invited to examine a new and superior article of HAMMERED IRON, made of the celebrated Freedom Blooms, by Messrs. John A. Wright & Co., Lewistown, Pa. This Iron for quality, toughness and eveness of finish is unsurpassed by any Hammered Iron in the State. All sizes of Wagon diseases, such as coughs and inflammation of the lungs, pains in the limbs and back, burns, bruises, &c. For sale by

JOHN KENNEDY.

Here: Iron in the State. An sizes of Wagon and buggy Tire, small and large sizes of Bar—square, flat, oval, ½ round—Plough Irons of all kinds, Sledge Mould; Crow Bars, &c., for sale, for cash, by

sale, for cash, by
F. G. FRANCISCUS. Orders for any extra sizes promptly executed.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS.

THE undersigned is just receiving from I Philadelphia, a large and choice assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, and Queensware, superior to any ever before offered in this community, which will be sold low for cash or country produce. Call at the McCLURE STAND, one door west of Mayes' TAVERN

Among the numerous articles embraced in this fine stock are the following :- Blue, black green, and brown CLOTHS; Cassimeres, Vestings, Cassinets, Jeans, &c.; Muslins, brown and bleached; De Laines, Cashmeres, Alpacas; Ribbons, Laces, and Fringes; Shawls, Carpets, Carpet Chains, and a choice lot of Bags.

In the Grocery Line, we have the best of Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Rice, gars, and a few choice sugar cured Hams. All kinds of PRODUCE taken in store

and forwarded to Philadelphia, or bought at N. B. The public are invited to call and ex-

amine for themselves before looking elsewhere. WM. P. MILLIKEN. Lewistown, Sept. 26, 1851.

W EIGH FALL & WINTER GOODS.

W E have just opened at our old stand the largest and most complete assortment of Fall and Winter Goods that we have ever offered to the public. Having previously reduced our old stock very low, we have been enabled to replace it with new, at extremely low prices, and we think we can offer those

as any other establishment in the place. Our stock of French black and colored

who see fit to patronize us, as good bargains

Broad Cloths, Beaver Cloths, Blanket Coatings, and French and fancy Cassimeres is particularly large and desirable. We now sell heavy brown Mus-lins, a yard wide-choice of four makes-at 61c.; Conestoga and New Market R, at 7c.; beautiful rich style Mous de laines, at 121c.

and fast colored prints at 5 to 6c. We wish The Ladies. hefore purchasing elsewhere, to examine our MOUS DE LAINES, CASHMERES, English and French Merinoes, Poplins, Silks, Dress Trimmings, Shawls, Bonnets, &c., as we think we can offer them as great inducements as any other concern. We have added about

Fifty Pieces of Carpeting, to our former stock, embracing splendid Brus sels (the first ever offered here), new style three ply Imperial, Ingrain of all grades, beau tiful Venitian for stairs and entry, low priced do., druggets, listing, and rag Carpets.

have Floor Oil Cloths, yard to yard and a half wide; Window Shades; BOOTS AND SHOES, of every description; and

Groceries, as low as the lowest. Or Call and see for WATTSON, JACOB & CO.

Lewistown, Sept. 26, 1851.

A FRESH ARRIVAL

NEW AND CHEAP GOODS. Thirty days later from Philadelphia, New York, and Boston!

Great Reduction in the Price of Goods!!

THE undersigned, thankful for past patronage, would beg leave to inform the citiizens of Mifflin, Huntingdon, Centre, Union, and Juniata counties that they have just re-Market street, opposite the Red Lion Hotel, at ceived from the east, and are now opening, one of the largest, and decidedly the cheapest stock

Fall and Winter Goods

ever offered in this place, having bought our goods later in the season, and for cash during the present severe pressure in the money market. We feel confident in saying that we can and will sell goods at from 10 to 20 pe cent. cheaper than the cheapest.

We have blue-black, brown, olive, and green, French. &c..

Broad Cloths, cassimeres, satinets, vestings, French merinoes, Thibet cloths, cashmeres, m. de laines, alpacas, ginghams, silks, satins, cloakings, bonnets, ribbons, lace, gloves, flannels, linseys, &c. Bay State long shawls, at from \$3 to \$9 each; prints, at from 3 to 121 cts. per yard; domestic muslins, 3 to 61 cts. per yard; sugar, at from 5 to 10 cts. per lb.; prime Rio coffee, 10

cts. per lb. Also, BOOTS, SHOES, AND READY-MADE CLOTHING, cheaper than they have ever been sold here,

Hardware and Queensware, Fish, Salt, Plaster, &c., &c. Call and satisfy yourselves. No humbug here. SIGLER & STUART.

Lewistown, Oct. 24, 1851. -tf Wanted-500,000 bushels good red and white Wheat; also, Rye, Corn, Oats, and Clover Seed, for which we will pay the highest cash prices.

HAT & CAP

N. J. RUDISILL, At his Old Stand in Market street,

HAS just received from the city the WINTER FASHIONNS, and a large stock of material, which he is manufacturing into most superb HATS, which cannot fail to please. He has now on hand a large and well-assorted stock of

Men's, Boys', and Infants' CAPS, of every quality and price. He has also re-

ceived a supply of LADIES' MUFFS. BOAS, TIPPETS, AND CAPES, of the latest styles, which he will dispose of at

very cheap rates.

His Omish friends will also find him prepared to suit their tastes. His unrivalled BROAD-BRIMS will receive the same care and attention which he has always bestowed upon them. Don't torget the old stand, where

vou may depend upon not being disappointed. Thankful for the liberal share of custom bestowed on him heretofore, he solicits his old friends and 999 new ones—being all he can at present accommodate-to call and adorn themselves with a new hat or cap. Lewistown, Oct. 24, 1851.

POSTPONED SALE. Valuable Town Property FOR SALE.

WILL be offered at Public Sale, at the Court House, on

Monday, 5th January next,

that well known property formerly occupied by the Bank of Lewistown, and now by Longenecker, Grubb & Co., bankers, situate on the corner of Market and Brown streets, in the borough of Lewistown, the lot being thirty-one feet front on Market, and two hundred feet deep on Brown street to a sixteen feet alley.

The improvements are a large brick House, thirty-one feet on Market street, with extensive brick back buildings, brick Stable and Carriage House, Smoke-house, &c., enclosed by brick walls, with hydrant in yard, and valuable fruit trees and grape vines on said lot. This prcperty offers inducements to purchasers, being one of the most desirable business situations in

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, p. m., of said day. An indisputable title, clear of all incumbrances, will be given. Terms made known on day of sale by the subscribers, Trustees of the Bank of Lewistown,

FRANCIS McCOY, FRANCIS McCLURE, JAMES DICKSON, October 24, 1851.--td Trustees.

POR REDVER. THE BROWN'S MILLS, with DWELLING House, Store Room, Miller's House, and Cooper Shop. Also, the

Brown's Mills Motel, now kept py Samuel W. Stewart, Esq., with large Stables, Garden, and about thirty acres of first rate farming land thereto attached. Also, the new Blacksmith Shop, containing two fires and a large shoeing apartment, all under the

same roof, new and complete, together with an excellent DWELLING HOUSE, Stable, garden
and lot of ground attached. Also,
a large and convenient Wagon

Maker's Shop, now being put in complete re-pair, with a large yard in common with the smith's shop adjoining.

These properties are all now occupied, and

promise to be among the first country business stands in Mifflin county. Possession will be given on the 1st day of April, 1852. For terms apply after the 15th of October next to ISAAC B. PARKER, At Brown's Mills Hotel. September 26, 1851.—tf

Pennsylvania Railroad.

PASSENGER TRAINS leave Lewistown daily as follows: daily as follows: MAIL TRAIN.
Eastward at 7 o'clock 30 minutes P. M.
Westward at 2 o'clock 53 minutes P. M.

EXPRESS TRAIN. Eastward at 2 o'clock 35 minutes A. M. Westward at 8 o'clock 10 minutes A. M. FREIGHT TRAIN DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS). Eastward at 8 o'clock 10 minutes A. M. Westward at 11 o'clock 55 minutes A. M. JAMES MILLIKEN.

August 29, 1851.-tf

More Truth than Poetry. The people dear, as politicians say,

Is what makes us appear to-day, We write in rhyme so that you all May read, reflect, and give us a call. For we have opened, and for sale designed, Boots and Shoes of every kind; For men and women we've supplies-For children, too, of every size We've LADIES' BOOTS, the best that's made And Misses' too, of every grade; Our stock of Gaiters is complete-Our Jefferson's cannot be beat. Our Jenny Lind's are just the thing; But of them we need not sing, Merely say that they are cheap, Double soled, and can't be beat. Our Boots are all of the best kind, A little the best in town, you'll find; We've boy's boots too, so very low, We are surprised how fast they go. Of half our stock we cannot sing, For it consists of every thing That women, men, or boys do wear— So much we can't describe with care. And if it suits the people's mind, We'll take produce of every kind; But, then, the Cash, it is confess'd At all times will suit us the best. You need not fear our shelves to thin. Supplies are always coming in ; We buy them cheap, and well we know,

You'll find us two doors from Wattson's store And now we are done-we'll say no n Lewistown, October 24, 1851.

We can't be beat in selling low.

Now, we invite you, one and all,

We hope you'll not forget to call;

HAT & CAP MANUFACTORY. W. G. ZOLLINGER, Market street, Lewistown, adjoining Ken-

W. W. BROWN.

nedy & Porter's Store. Respectfully invites the attention of the citizens of Mifflin and the adjoining counties to his extensive stock of WINTER STYLE HATS & CAPS, which he offers at prices that cannot fail to

suit purchasers. COUNTRY MERCHANTS will find it decidedly to their advantage to give him a call, for his arrangements are now so as to enable him to furnish any quantity that may be desired on the shortest notice. The care and attention he has ever given to

the manufacture of the style of Hats preferred by his numerous Omish customers, will be continued; and he feels warranted in giving the assurance that they will not be disappointed.

Grateful for the encouragement he has thus far received, he will continue to deserve it, by continued assiduity to the wants of his friends, and strict attention to his business. Lewistown, October 31, 1851.

Trout! Trout!! JUST received, 3 barrels Mackanaw Lake Trout,

25 boxes Ohio Union dairy cream Cheese, 5 do Cincinnati adamantine Candles, 25 do New York yellow Soap, at 61 cts. 3 tierces Evans & Surft's sugar cured Ham,

at 12½ cts, per lb.
350 gallons tine Lard Oil, equal to sperm. Call at Kennedy's if you want to buy 20 per cent. below any store in Lewistown. JOHN KENNEDY.

Coffee. Coffee.

I' is generally acknowledged, by both saints and sinners, that Kennedy's is the cheapest and best Coffee in Mifflin county, and that neither Jew nor Gentile can sell goods as low as Sept 12 JOHN KENNEDY.

1.621 PER HALF BOX GLASS, 8
June 22, 1851. F. J. HOFFMAN.