TERMS:

ONE DOLLAR PER ANNUM.

IN ADVANCE. For six months, 75 cents.

All NEW subscriptions must be paid in advance. If the paper is continued, and not paid within the first month, \$1.25 will be charged; if not paid in three months, \$1.50; if not paid in six months, \$4.75; and if not paid in ne months, \$2.00.

Esq., who has been visiting the mountainesting, and will amply repay perusal.

exhibition, also appear to-day.

the "democratic" candidate for Assembly the subject. mext year has been selected and salted for gust therefore need not concern themselves -equal to \$3,75 a \$4,50 of U.S. money ! further about the matter.

WM. SHIMP, Esq., entered on the done up "brown."

focos swear they are better tariff men than campaign opens.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company years of the Institution. intend carrying passengers, on and after will be a series of six Line Engravings, passed over in stages.

which arrived at New York a few days Conway, by Kensett; 4. American Harsince with a number of Hungarians on vesting Scenery, by Cropley; 5. Old '76 board, that no difficulties had occurred between Kossuth and the officers of that vessel, as had been represented in a num- the Society's Bulletin, a fine Art Journal ber of letters from Europe, but that in of original Criticism, Biography, History, "the whole of Kossuth's intercourse with News, &c., &c., relating to the Arts, illusthe officers and men of the Mississippi, stone, etchings, &c., The Bulletin has he was modest, cordial, gentlemanly, always taken a high rank with the public obliging, and is esteemed by them all in among periodicals on the Fine Arts. the highest degree; not one word of disdisrespectful or uncourteous act occurred while they were together."

endeavoring to negotiate a loan of \$15,000, extraordinary returns. Large as their list 000 for the Illinois railroad, and offering to take 70,000 tons of British railroad iron made to make a railroad in the United States with British money, but now it has not only become democratic to borrow 11 o'clock, the stable and carriage house from foreign nabobs, but also to use mil- of Gen. A. P. Wilson, adjoining his resilions of dollars worth of foreign iron, &c., dence, was discovered to be on fire. The which could as well be manufactured here most of our citizens had retired to their

Judges elect of the Supreme Court of this the dwelling nearest the stable, and for a A Buggy, with patent for raising top, a goo State are to meet at Harrisburg, to-day, to short time little hopes were entertained of draw lots for their respective terms. Cer- the safety of the dwelling; but soon it was tificates of the result are to be furnished to discovered that the exertions of the men the Secretary of the Commonwealth, when and women had mastered the flames, and the new Judges will be commissioned .-The first session of the new bench, in and carriage house the only property debane, will be in Philadelphia the first stroyed. It was no doubt the work of an Monday of December next.

thement of the difficulties between the hay, four horses, wagon, carriage, &c .--tion was for the American Government to licious person.-Huntingdon Globe. invite the Spanish Consul to return to New Orleans, to bring him in a national vessel. and to salute the Spanish flag over him, and further to restore the value of the property of the Consul, and of the Spanish citizens of New Orleans, which was destroyed by the rioters. Mr. Webster de- TER, of Perrysville, Millin county, and Miss clined to accede to these terms, but it is JANE DICKSON, daughter of Capt. John Steele. understood the difficulty is in the way of D., James B. Franciscus, of St. Louis, Mo., adjustment on satisfactory terms.

Congress will assemble at Washington on Monday two weeks.

sale in another column.

FROM EUROPE. - Two or three steamers have arrived from Europe since our last, with intelligence to the 29th October .-Kossuth had arrived at Southampton, England, and was received in the most enthusiastic manner. Many eminent men had paid him visits, and it is said that Lord Palmerston would grant him an interview. The most important news from France is the formation of a new ministry. The Pope is reported to be ill. The ministerial crisis of Denmark has terminated by the appointment of M. Bluhme as minister of foreign affairs, and Gen. Flensborg as minister of war. A misunderstanding is We devote considerable space in said to exist between the Governments of to-day's paper to a letter from R. C. Ross, Austria and Denmark. A Vienna letter states that the Austrian Cabinet recently ous portion of France. These letters are addressed a note to the British and French hastily written, but are nevertheless inter- Governments, in reply to the protest against Austria entering in with the Germatic Con-The premiums awarded by the Mifflin federation. The letter asserts that Aus-County Agricultural Society at the recent tria denies the right of France and England to interfere in this question, and states that she will recognise no other than the Rumor.—According to Madam Rumor, Diet, if she would call for a decision on

Cotton has still further declined. Flour use. Delegates to the convention in Au- was quoted at 17 a 20 shillings per barrel

The American Art-Union,

In its promises and performances for duties of his office last week, and ap- 1851, seems to be reaping the harvest of pointed D. R. Reynolds, Esq., Deputy its previous successes, in enlarged resour-Sheriff. The latter has had lots of expe- ces and consequent advantages to subscririence about court-house business, and bers. Its works of Art for distribution knows the duties of all from Judge down show a steady advance in number over the next December, as appears by the Bulletin, to court crier as well as he does his a b collections of previous years, and in merit c's-we may therefore expect to see things also, if we judge by the New York papers. The best Artists are represented in it, and in some of their best works. The list of The Berks county democracy re- 279 works, already announced, includes cently held a meeting for the purpose of Leutze, Hinckley, Mrs. Spencer. Mount. taking measures to induce Congress to in- Chapman, Woodville, Church, Rossiter, crease the duty on iron and coal! We Gignoux, Kensett, Hicks, Ranney, Audushould not wonder much to hear the loco- don, Peele, and others well known to the country, and identified with its reputation in the Arts. Other works to be added to the whigs the moment the Presidential the list will, doubtless, make it at least equal in number, and surpass in interest, the collections of the most prosperous

the first December, from Philadelphia to in the highest style of the Art—all the Pittsburg in twenty-four hours. The rail- subjects various, and apparently of great road connection will then be complete with interest. These are-1. a general line the exception of 28 miles, which will be engraving by Jones, after Woodville's celebrated painting of Mexicans News, representing a group listening to an account The New York Tribune learns of the battles of the Pedee, by Ranny; of one of the battles of the Mexican war; from officers of the frigate Mississippi, 3. Mount Washington, from the Valley of

> gains for a Horse, by Mount. Each Member, after subscribing, receives

> and Young '48, by Woodville; 6, Bar-

These valuable returns to members can pute, not one conflict of views, not one be ensured only by the combination of a large number of subscribers and efficient business organization. Indeed, if we did not know what the Institution has donewhat promises it has made and kept-we Mr. Walker, Secretary of the Trea- should think it incredible that so small an sury under Mr. Polk, is now in England, investment could be made to yield such of subscribers is at the end of the year, we wonder that it is not much larger.

The Secretary of this place is Dr. E, with a portion of the loan. A few years W. HALE, who will soon send on a list ago the hair of a good locofoco would have of subscribers, and will give any informastood straight up had propositions been tion which may be desired in relation to Daniel Brought, for the best pair of Turthe Institution.

beds, and by the time they had arrived upon the ground with the engines and THE NEW SUPREME COURT .- The buckets, the whole building was in a blaze in an hour from the commencement, every one had returned home, leaving the stable

incendiary. ANOTHER.-The barn of Mr. Joshua The Spanish Minister, it is reported, Green, in Barree township, near Couch's Lately submitted a proposition for the set-together with his whole crop of grain and United States and Spain. The proposi- This fire was also the work of some ma-

> I Jenny Lind, will give a Concert, at Harrisburg, on Monday evening next.

MARRIED.

At Harmony, Lancaster county, on the 30th On the 11th inst., by James S. Woods, D. and Miss Elizabeth, daughter of John A. Sterett, Esq., of Lewistown.

DIED.

On the 6th inst., at the residence of his son, Some valuable real estate is offered for in McVeytown, John B. Hardy, in the 84th year of his age-a native of Ireland.

LIST OF AWARDS

BY THE

Miffin County Agricultural Society,

At their Exhibition and Fair in Lewistown, held on Tuesday and Wednesday, Nov. 4th & 5th. The Committee on Agriculture report

the following premiums: To Robert Milliken, for the best field of Corn, 2 00

a premium of John Watt, second best, James Greer, for best sample of white wheat. John Ruble, best sample of Indian Corn, 1 00 R. C. Hale, do potatocs, Frederick Swartz, second best, do Wm. Mitchell, best sample of turnips

Rush Alexander exhibited the best beets; Jas. exhibited fine specimens of six different varie-ties of potatoes. The vegetables were very large and fine, but not exhibited in sufficient quantity to entitle to a premium.

The Committee on Horses reported the following premiums:

Wm. F. Moyer, best stallion, over 4 yrs. \$5 00 Daniel Brought, best brood mare, Joseph Hawn, second best, J. Werts, best stallion from 2 to 4 years, James Davis, second best, James Allison, best mare, John Kauffman, second best,

Jacob Ort, best horse colt, under 2 years, 2 00 Wm. Mitchell, best mare colt, do 2 00 To Joseph Shirk, for best gelding, the execuive committee award an honorary premium of \$1, he not being a resident of the county, and therefore not entitled to a regular premium.

The Committee on Cattle awarded the subjoined premiums: John Watt, for the best bull of mixed blood,

over one year old, Shem Zook, for the second best, Charles Ritz, for the best milch cow, ef mixed breed, 4 years old, Reuben C. Hale, for the second best, William Cummins, for the best heifer of mixed blood, 2 years old,

William Cummins, jr., second best, T. W. Moore, for the best full blood Devon heifer, 2 years old, T. W. Moore, for the best full blood Devon heifer, under two years, John Lapp, best heifer of mixed blood, under 2 years, Robert Milliken, for best heifer, common

breed, under 2 years old, 2 00 Amongst other cattle which came under the notice of the committee, they would favorably mention-Two fine heifers of Adam Greer.

The twin cattle of E. E. Locke. A fine young heifer of Charles Davis. A young Devon bull of N. McAllister, exhibited by C. Ritz. A bull calf, 8 months old, of Durham and common breed, exhibited by James Moore.

A young bull, 20 months old, of Devon and green horn blood, exhibited by John Lapp The Committee on Swine awarded premiums as follows:

B. J. Sills, for best barrow, 13 months old, \$4 00 B. J. Sills, best boar pig, from 2 to 6 James Alexander, best sow pig, 4 months T. E. Williams, second best,

Thomas McKee, best breeding sow, Wm. Montgomery, second best sow pig, James Parker, second best boar pig, waim, best boar, Amos Hoot, best sow pig, 6 months old. John Kauffman exhibited three very fine pigs

weeks old. The Committee on Sheep report the James Moore, best full blooded South-

down buck, over 1 year old, James Moore, best pen of Southdown ewes, five in number, James Moore, best pen full blood Southdown ewe lambs, five in number, Shem Zook, best buck, mixed breed, under

The Committee on Poultry made the following awards:

John M. Hale, for the best pair full blooded barn yard Fowls, of any improved James Moore, for the best pair of mixed

or common blood, T. E. Williams, second best do., James Moore, for the best coop of not less than four Hons. os Hoot, for the best coop of not less than five Chickens, under seven months

A. Mathews, second best do. Joseph Major, for the best coop of not less than five Chickens, under four months

J. J. Mahan, second best do., Daniel Brought, for the best pair Guinea

Fires .- On Monday night last, about Daniel Switzer, for the best pair of Ducks, 1 00 A very superior pair of Shangai Fowls were exhibited by J. Thomas, and Rev. J. Rosenberg ad a pair of Poland which deserve especial mention

The Committee on Mechanical Manufactures, Inventions, Farming Implements, Edge Tools, &c., made the following re-

A Buggy, with patent for raising top, a good article, made and exhibited by Henry Zerbe-The executive committee award a pre-

McCormick's patent Grain Reaper, made at Chicago-class I; Grain Drill, Moore's patent class 1, Grain Drill, Signor & Shipton's patent, class 2, both made by A. Thompson and all exhibited by him. The executive committee a Chopping Mill, Sherlock & Brackbill's patent,

made and exhibited by J. D. Owens-The executive com. award a premium of \$1 00 Screw Cutting Machine, made and exhibited by George Conser, of Lewistown-class 1. The executive committee award a premium of §2 00.

Horse power Corn Sheller, Shepler patent, made and exhibited by James Parker—class 1. The executive committee award a prem. of \$2. A Pier Table and other fine furniture, made and exhibited by R. H. McClintic-class 1. The

executive committee award a premium of \$2 00 Quilted Sole Boots, a good article—made and exhibited by M. Montgomery-class 1. The executive committee award a premium of \$150 Shower Bath, Spouting, and Coffee Roaster, made and exhibited by J. B. Selheimer, all class The executive committee award a premium

The committee also make honorable mention of the following: Bee Hive, made and exhibited by J. Downs.

Joint Harrow, do Hand Corn Sheller, do Faxon & Co. Plough, James Robb. 6 ring back Chairs, do Z. Orner.
Two Ottomans, worked by Miss Beulah Manne Two Ottomans, exhibited by Mrs. Weekesworked by Mrs. Doty.

Two marble shovel and tongs stands, made An Ottoman, by Mrs. M. A. Elliott.

Ladies' Shoes, fashions 1825 and 1851, exhi-

bited by M. Montgomery.
Lot of Stoves, exhibited by J. B. Selheimer.
Bee Hive, and cast tooth for Corn Cultivator, exhibited by James Robb.

Single and double Axes, manufactured by W. Hammered Iron, manufactured by John A. Wright at Freedom Forge, exhibited by F. G.

Sausage Stuffer, exhibited by Wm. Mitchell, apparently a good article.
Horse Collars, made and exhibited by James

McCord. The Committee on Butter, &c., report as follows:

Mrs. Barbara Zook, of Union township, for the best butter, a premium of
To Mrs. Mitchel, of Derry township. Greer the best pumpkins; E. W. Hale the best cabbage; John Minchart some large and most excellent Ohio squashes. Rev. J. Rosenberg \$1 00

Very superior butter was also exhibited by Mrs. Hale, Mrs. Ritz, Miss Alexander, and The committee also make honorable mention

of two jars of an exquisite article of Siberian crab apple preserves and quince jelly, presented by Miss Moore, of Lewistown.

Also a rare article of a jar of peach pickels, 3 00 15 years old, as well as a jar of preserved plums, exhibited by Mrs. Marks.

3 00 A jar of superior peach preserves was also 2 00 exhibited by Mrs. Waters.
3 00 T. W. & J. Moore, of Lewistown, exhibited

2 00 a lot of remarkably fine young trees. Also, a very superior sample of Apple, Peach, Plum and Pear trees, by W. G. Waring, of Centre Nursery, Boalsburg, Centre county, with a fine sample of fruit. Also, an Osage Opening unge, Oregon Corn, &c. William Mitchell exhibited a basket of fine

The Committee on Domestic House-

hold Manufactures, Embroidery, &c., re-Silk Quilt, made and exhibited by Mrs. Marks

-first class. Silk Quilt, made by Mrs. Hamilton, exhibited by John Hamilton-first class.
Silk Quilt, made by Mrs. Felix, exhibited by

A. Felix—second class.
Cotton Quilt, made by Mrs. Felix, exhibited by A. Felix—second class.
Cotton Quilt, made by Mrs. Sourbeck, exhi-

bited by Joseph Sourbeck—second class.
Album Quilt, made by Mrs. Monroe, exhibited by Miss N. Moore—first class.
Two Quilts, made by Mrs. E. T. Hale, exhibited by E. W. Hale—second class.

Lilly Pattern Quilt, ma Mrs. Waters-first class. Pattern Quilt, made and exhibited by Quilt, made and exhibited by Mrs. Waters-

second class. Woollen Shawls, made by Thompson & Watson, exhibited by C. Ritz-first class.

Quilt, made by Miss A. M. Barnitz, exhibited by George Frysinger—first class.

Patch Work, made by Mrs. Norris, 75 years old, exhibited by John Norris—second class.

Quilt, made by Mrs. Stoey, exhibited by John Hamilton—second class Hamilton-second class.

Quilt, made by Mrs. Hamilton, exhibited by John Hamilton—second class.

Two Pair Stockings, made by Mrs. Stoey, exhibited by John Hamilton—second class.

Pair Cotton, made by Mrs. Stoey, exhibited by John Hamilton—first class.

by John Hamilton—first class.

Two Pair Stockings, made by Mrs. Hale and
Miss Mills, exhibited by R. C. Hale—first class.

Vase of Hair Flowers, made by Mrs. M.
Harvey, exhibited by A. G. Harvey—first class.

Grecian Embroidery, made by Miss Johns,
exhibited by Moses Montgomery—first class.

Pair Ottoman Covers, embroidered, made by
Mrs. Mathaws, exhibited by L. A. Mathaws.

Mrs. Mathews, exhibited by J. A. Mathewsfirst class.
Pair ditto, made by Mrs. Barr-first class. One ditto, made by Miss Jacobs—second class. One ditto, made by Mrs. Elliott, exhibited by

D. S. Elliott—second class.
One ditto, made by Mrs. M. B. Davis, exhibited by George Davis—second class.
Embroidery, made by Miss R. Mathews, exhibited by J. A. Mathews—second class.
Pair Lamp Stands, made by Mrs. Ellis—first

Pin Cushion, made and exhibited by Mrs. Weeks-first class. Artificial Flowers, made by Mrs. Jameson, Miss Ayres, and Miss Mitchell, exhibited by Wm. Mitchell—first class.

Artificial Flowers, made by Miss Major-first Pair Ottomons, made and exhibited by Mrs. Weeks—first class.
Embroidery, made by Miss. J. Elliott, exhibited by W. P. Elliott—first class.
Book Marks, made by Miss Watt, exhibited

y John Watt-first class. Book Marks, made by Miss Mathews, exhibited by J. A. Mathews-

Silk Embroidery, made and exhibited by Miss Moore—first class.

Linen Damask, made by Mrs. Moore, exhibited by Miss Moore-first class.

Sketching, made by Miss Milliken—first class.
Pair Lamp Stands, made by Mrs. Elliott, 84
years old, exhibited by W. P. Elliott—first Painting of the Virgin Mary, painted by W.

B. Reed-first class. Daguerreotypes, taken by Mrs. Reed-first

Daguerreotypes, taken by J. Smith-first class. Daguerreotypes, taken by A. C. Smith-first Marble Books, made by J. J. Mahan-first

Cradle Quilt, made by Mrs. Rosenberg-first Embroidery, (Lord's Supper,) made by Miss

Shenfelter, exhibited by George W. Patton-Cradle Quilt, made by Mrs. Elberty-first Chair and Stool covered with silk patch work,

made by Miss Milliken-first class. Two Bead Purses, made and exhibited by Specimens of Blankets, manufactured by Thompson & Wattson, very good article and

worthy of encouragement, exhibited by C. White Counterpane, by Henry Kohler, the

first manufactured in this county, an excellent article, exhibited by C. Ritz. Two Quilts, (brought in late) made by Mrs Ritz, very handsome articles. A Lamp Stand, embroidery, made by Miss

Monroe, well done. Upon the whole, the Ladies' department of

the exhibition was creditable to all concerned. A great deal of the handiwork exhibited cannet be excelled in any part of the State. Take courage, therefore Ladies, and prepare for a splendid display in 1852, and show to the other counties of the State, that although Mifflin is an of the hort, it is one of the hort, it is one of the hort. one of the least, it is one of the best in the old

Had the funds of the society permitted, the Executive Committee would have cheerfully awarded premiums to many articles enumerated above.

Mr. Editor .-- Having a leisure hour the other day, I concluded to take a stroll among your many stores in Lewistown. I found in no store a better assortment of goods, fresh and new, than at John A. STERETT'S. His profit on every thing is small-so small that I cannot see how he and exhibited by J. J. Mahan.

Earthen Spittoons and Pudding Dish, made and exhibited by J. A. Mathews.

and exhibited by J. A. Mathews. can make a living. His made-up clothing, are surpassingly cheap and beautiful. B.

Germany is one of the greatest musical countries in the world. There, every child is taught to use its voice in earliest infancy, and as much attention is paid to its singing as to the elementary education of our children; it Venice, I gave you an account of a grand fair is at once their study and amusement. Speakand carnival there. This time I'll give you some items from my memorandum book, if you ing of Germany, reminds us of Hoofland's German Bitters, which are now as popular in are satisfied to take them in the disconnected this country as music is in Germany. They are a most excellent medicine, prepared and sold only by Dr. Jackson, 120 Arch street,

THE MARKETS.

	Lewistown		MOVETHE	er, 11	14, 1001.	
Maria San San San San San San San San San Sa				Pard	by Dealer	
Flour		-			\$3 25	
Wheat	, white				_ 75	
Do	red			-	70	
Rye					50	
Oats					25	
Corn	-				45	
Clover	Cloverseed				4 25	
Flaxse	Flaxseed				1 00	
Timott	Timothyseed				2 00	
	Butter, good				15	
Eggs					12	
Lard .				-	6	
Tallow	-			-	8	
Potatoe	28				50	
					2	

The Lewistown Mills are paying 77 cts. per bushel for White Wheat, and 72 cts. for Red. Rye 55 cents. Corn, old 50, new 45 cents per bushel. Prices of Flour-\$2,25 per 100 lbs. for extra, and \$2,00 for superfine

E. E. LOCKE & Co. at Locke's Mills, are paying 60 cents for Rye, and 45 cents for Corn.

PHILADELPHIA, November 13, 1851. FLOUR AND MEAL .- The last sales of Flour for export were at \$3,811; for city use sales at \$3,87a4,00. Extra flour is held at \$4\frac{1}{2}a4\frac{1}{2} Rye Flour-No stock on hand to operate in. orn Meal-Last sale of fresh ground at \$31. Grain-Wheat .- Little offering: sales of

orume red at 81; white is held at 89a90 cts. Rye-none arriving; list sales at 70c. Corn is dull; sales of good old yellow at 59a60 cts. float, and at 62c from store. Oats-New Southern are in demand at 34 a 35 cents.

Baltimore, November 13, 1851. FLOUR.-We note sales to-day of 800 bbls Howard street Flour at \$3,814, and 300 bbls. "Harper's Ferry brand at the same rate. Sales yesterday and to-day of about 1000 bbls. City Mills Flour at \$3,75.

GRAIN.—The supply of wheat is small for the last day or two. Sales of good to prime the last day or two. Sales of good to prime reds to-day at 72a75 cts; white at 74a78 cts.; and family flour white at 80a85 cts. Sales of new corn, in good condition, at 53 cents for white, and 53a54 cts. for yellow. Damp parcels sell at 45a50 cts. Sales af old corn at 54 a56 cents. Sales Maryland rye at 70a72 cts.

Guardian's Sale.

N pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Mifflin county, there will be exposed to public sale, at McCoy's Hotel in the Borough of McVeytown, at one o'clock P.

Wednesday, December 10, 1851, the following described valuable real

estate, viz: All the interest of Walliam Swanzeybeing about the one undivided sixth part, more or less-in a certain plantation, situate in Bratton township, Mittlin county, two and a half miles east of McVeytown, and one mile east of the Central Railroad, adjoining lands of W. Harshbarger, Gen. John Ross, and others, con-

130 Loros,

more or less, of good LIMESTONE LAND. About one hundred acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation, and the remainder timber land of the best quality. There are on the premises a two story Dwelling House, large barn, a fine apple orchard, and a spring of water near the door. TERMS of SALE-One half in hand on the

confirmation of the sale, and the balance in one year with interest. AUGUSTINE WAKEFIELD, Guardian of William Swanzy. McVeytown, Nov. 14, 1851-ts.

Guardian's Sale.

N pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Mifflin county, there will be exosed to public sale at McCoy's Hotel, in the Borough of McVeytown, at one o'clock P. M.,

Wednesday, December 10, 1851, the following described valuable REAL

ESTATE, VIZ: All the interest of John Harris Haman and George Calbraith Haman—being about the suspended in the mock Republic of France, and one thirty sixth part each, be the same more or less-in a certain plantation situate in Bratton township, Mifflin county, two and a half miles east of McVeytown, and one mile east of the Central Rail Road, adjoining lands of Win. Harshbargar, Gen. John Ross and others.

130 Lords

of good LIMESTONE LAND, about one hundred acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation, and the remainstance state of cultivation state of cultivat House, large Barn, a fine apple orchard, and a spring of water near the House. ALSO-All the interest of the said John

being about the one twenty fourth part each, more or less-in another tract of LIMESTONE LAND, situate in Oliver township, Mifflin county, about two miles east of McVeytown, adjoining

Harris Haman and George Calbraith Haman-

lands of George H. Calbraith and others, containing

TOS Toros, about forty acres of which are cleared, and the residue good land of fine quality. ALSO-All the interest of the said John

Harris Haman, and George Calbraith Hamanbeing about the one thirtieth part each, more or less, in a lot of ground situate on the corner of Water and John streets, opposite Lusk's Hotel, in the Borough of McVeytown, with a two story frame dwelling House,

and other improvements thereon. TERMS OF SALE .- One half in hand, on the confirmation of the sale, and the balance in one year with interest.

JOHN HAMAN, Guar. of Jno. Harris and Geo. Calbraith Haman.

McVeytown, Nov. 14, 1851. P. S. The remainder of said real estate will be offered for sale at the same time and place by the Heirs of George Calbraith, deceased. TERMS OF SALE, to suit the purchaser, will be made known at the time and place by

THE HEIRS. November 14, 1851-ts INE OIL just received and for sale at Banks' Variety store,

LETTER FROM EUROPE.

Correspondence of the Lawistown Gazette Paris, October 1st, 1851. MR. EDITOR :- In my last letter to you from

style I give them, as one has seldom either time or inclination for better writing in Paris, where there are so many follies and "mysteries" and museums and galleries of paintings and statues all to be seen for nothing. But to the Alps, of all mountains the most grand and terrific! We enter Savoy from the eastern frontier of France and find ourselves at the same time among the Alps. These mountains offer to the travel-ler sights the most curious and the most impos-ing, productions the most varied, and contrasts the most singular. For three long hours the clumsy French dilligence (with all its baggage on top) slowly labors up the winding ascent along side of a thundering torrent. The French dilligence, with its clumsy horses and clumsier harness, looks like a ton of hay on a farm wagon; but wait until it and its twelve horses and its twenty-four passengers inside and out-side are on the top of the mountain, they'll go down the other side like a locomotive, and the noise of the cataract that rushes after, will be the tops of the hundred little bells that hang over the tops of the horses' collars. This is on the road to Turin by the pass of Mount Cenis, and some authors allirm that it was by this first mountain that Hannibal opened a passage for his troops by the aid of fire and vinegar. There is some difference of opinion as to the route by some difference of opinion as to the route by which Hannibal passed, but the priests of the mountains, with a great deal of assurance, point you to the camp of Hannibal near the summit of the mountain called the Little Saint Bernard There then is a circle 240 feet in diameter, made of huge stones buried deep in the earth with their tops two or three feet above the surface. It is called the Circle of Hannibal, and tradition says that Hannibal held a council of war within this circle. But some say that this circle of stones was made by the Romans in the time of their conquests of the country this side the Alps; others again say that it was made neither by the Carthagenians nor Romans, but that it was a Celtic temple, made in the time when the god Pen was worshipped by the Centrons. The monuments of the ancient Gauls were enormous stones, isolated or in groups, or forming avenues. They had the Peulvan or Meuhir, separate blocks fixed in the earth; the Dolmen, a kind of altar composed of large flat stones placed horizontally on others that stood vertically; the Barrows, cones of earth on the tombs; and the Cromlech, stones arranged in a circle. It is more likely that this circle on the Petit St. Bernard was a Cromlech or Druidical temple. Some of the ancient romances, legends and books of chivalry and knight errantry, affirm that Garagantua was the originator of these druidical stones, and that the Dolmen, the Meuhir, &c., were the soup dishes, the sofas, the arm chairs, &c., of this illustrious gentleman described by Rabelais. This highway across the Alps was begun by Napoleon and finished by the King of Sardinia in 1817. In travelling through Italy one sees many improvements that were made by Napoleon, and which the imbe-cile Italians would scarcely have ventured to make to this day; improvements that have made him a benefactor, rather than a scourge to the Italians of the present generation, whatever he may have been to them in the days of his victo-ries. One of the former routes is visible from this one. It is called the Ladders, and travellers crossed the Alps by this route by means of ladders placed one above the other, or in a kind of arm chair, tied to the backs of the mountain peasants of Savoy. Chamberi, a city of 12,000 inhabitants, is the first city you enter on leaving France. It contains several towers and other fragments of the ancient castle of the dukes of Savoy. In an arcient gothic chapel, yet occupied and enclosed by the towers, they tell you of a holy winding sheet (santo sudario) which was a long time kept in this chapel, but which has been taken to Turin, and which Francis I, King of Fance, made a pious pilgrimage to see, walking barefooted all the way from Lyons, in France. At St. Peter's, Rome, there is another santo sudario, which is shown to the people on extraordinary occasions. In this chapel I read from a frame that hung on the wall, that an in-dulgence of a hundred days would be granted by the pope to such persons as would come there a certain number of times and say a certain number of pater nosters, and are marias, and of course give a little or something for some pious purpose. Before the French revolution, Chamberi contained twenty convents; at present there are but seven; of which four are for women and three for men. In the museum of Chamberi they show many Roman medals, specimens of Roman pottery, &c., and in the library, which contains 16,000 volumes, they have a bible on parchment, which dates from the ninth century. Americans are in the habit of thinking that there is more liberty in France since the republic than in some of its neighboring Kingdoms; but in the Kingdom of Sardinia there is more liberty than in France. In the time of the last French revolution, the King fearing the contagion of republican opinions, granted the people a liberal constitution, and thus saved his credit, because he had the good sense to see that his fate would be like the of Louis Philip unless he did. In Sardinia there one sees books for sale in the very few stores there are, that the censorship of the French Republic would not permit to be exposed for sale. In France and all the kingdoms and petty States of the continent, the theatre and petty States of the continent, the theatre and the press are under the supervision of cen-sors, not for the sake of public morals, but to prevent the dissemination of the republican sen-timents that labor to burst forth every where, and break the chains that bind them. In France it is a common thing to suspend the publication of a Republican Journal for a day or a week, but a Royalist or Buonaparte Journal is never molested. During the month of September, three Paris Journals were arrested for ridiculing the policy of the President, and the publishers of them, as well as those who wrote the objectionable articles, were condemned to nine months imprisonment each, and two or three hundred dollars fine. The same happens in Sardinia, but not to the same extent as in France, Austria and the other States of the continent. On leaving Chamberi, for Turin, one passes the ruin of an ancient city and castle. Crowds of pilgrims come and encamp there every 8th of October to be avered of the continuous come. October, to be cured of diseases by the Mary, who, tradition says, once descended there Ruins of ancient forts are numerous here, on the towers of which fires were built, to give the alarm to the inhabitants, in case of foreign in-This was the rude telegraph of the middle ages, and this chain of old castles and towers, extends far north and south. The side of the mountain, which faces Chamberi, gave way in the year 1248, and a city, called Saint Andre, with seven villages, were buried under the fallen mass of rocks. The traces of this catastrophe are visible from the mounds and irregularities of the soil-now covered with vineyards. Montmelian is a little city on the route, at the junction of four mountain roads and four valleys. The castle of Montmelian was a lor time the stronghold of Savoy, on the side next France; but in 1705, Louis IVth, of France, becoming master of it, demolished it. There exist yet some fragments of the walls covered with briars. In coming out of this mountain city, we cross the river Isere on a high bridge, from which we have a view of Mount Blanc. At Aiguebelle, the next town, the traveller sees the ruins of a church, and of many houses, which were destroyed and buried by an avalanche of snow, the 20th of June, 1760. The tops of the mountains are here covered with perpetual snow, and we are among the central rpetual snow, and we are among the central chain of the Alps. It is somewhere near this village, that the A!-

lobroges gave battle to Hannibal, the first bat-