

THE GAZETTE.

LEWISTOWN, PA.

FRIDAY EVENING, October 24, 1851.

TERMS:

ONE DOLLAR PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE. For six months, 75 cents. All NEW subscriptions must be paid in advance...

Notices of Advertisements.

Dr. Locke, Surgeon Dentist, will be at the Lewistown Hotel about the tenth of November... Stigler & Stewart are just opening an extensive variety of fall and winter goods...

Volume Sixth.

The present number of the Gazette commences the sixth year since it has passed into our hands, and it affords us pleasure to say that many of the trials and difficulties that heretofore rendered the publication of a paper in this county extremely difficult...

Our list is now nearly one hundred larger than it has been at any time heretofore, and from the interest manifested by many who begin to discover the usefulness of a county paper in conducting a campaign...

Judge Campbell.—The defeat of this gentleman, one of the locofoco candidates for Judge of the Supreme Court, is no longer a matter of doubt, as Richard Coulter heads him so far in the counties already heard from...

Excursion Tickets.—The Railroad Company have determined to give excursion tickets to all desirous of going to the State Agricultural Fair to be held at Harrisburg on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of next week.

Governor Johnston has appointed Thursday, the 27th of November, as a day of Thanksgiving throughout the State.

ASSOCIATE JUDGES.—The recent election has resulted more curiously in the matter of Associate Judges than any other on which the people were called on to decide. In this county John Henry, independent, beats Isaiah Coplin, the democratic nominee, 17 votes; in Union county Wittenmeyer, independent, beats Engel, the whig nominee, 128 votes; in Huntingdon county, Stewart, loco, beats Brewster, whig nominee, 8 votes; in Blair county, Gardner, independent, is elected over Caldwell, whig, by a small majority—and so in many other counties where all other parts of the regular ticket succeeded, there was an evident dislike to those set up by the politicians of both parties for Associates, and an unusual scratching of noses.

The Magazines.

"SARTAIN," for November, among its store of handsome illustrations, contains one of St. Cecilia, from a pastel, that is particularly beautiful. The literary contents are varied to suit all tastes, combining instruction with entertainment.

GRAHAM'S MAGAZINE is rich in embellishments, and its reading matter is quite up to its usual excellent quality. Judge Conrad, Mrs. Neal, H. W. Herbert, L. F. Tassiro and other favorite writers of prose and poetry, are among the contributors.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK is all that a "Lady's Book" should be. Besides the merely ornamental illustrations, there are beautiful designs and drawings for the lady's work table, and the literary contributions are of such a light and various character as to please all the many tastes of the sex.

We have also before us Forrester's Boys' and Girls' Magazine, the Lady's Keepsake, Bulletin of the American Art Union for October, Merry's Museum, the Hydropathic Encyclopedia, Littell's Living Age, &c., but no time to notice them at length.

Consequences of the Election.

It was maintained by the Whigs of Pennsylvania throughout the late Campaign, that the success of Col. BIGLER would be regarded all over the Union as "another noble impulse given to the cause of Free Trade." To show the correctness of this position, now that the Locofoco party have succeeded, we quote the following paragraph from a lengthy article on the subject in Thursday's New York Herald:

To return to the Pennsylvania election the result may be considered as decisive against a revision of the tariff at the next session of Congress. Governor Johnston, the defeated Whig candidate, made the tariff a distinct issue before the people, in his various addresses before the election, throughout the State—and he called upon them to declare by their votes whether they were satisfied with the present tariff, or whether they desired more efficient protection, particularly on coal, iron and other manufacturers of Pennsylvania.

The cause of Free Trade and its advocates is evidently in the ascendant. But Pennsylvania would have it so, and if her interests are sacrificed by the operation, whose business is it, we should like to know?—Reading Journal.

Major Tschman has submitted to the public press of the United States an address to the American people, forwarded to Gov. Ujhazy by Kossuth, in March, 1850, but which has been prudently withheld from publication, lest it might interfere with the efforts making for his release. It gives a long and animated history of the wrongs inflicted upon Hungary by the reigning house of Austria; of its overthrow by the treason of Georgey and the combined forces of Russia and Austria. He then exhorts his countrymen not to despair, but to look forward to a time when, by a union of all their races, aided by the sympathy of other nations, they may throw off their yoke. A large portion of the address is devoted to the sympathy extended by the American government and people to the struggling Hungarians, and the warm welcome they offered to the exiles. The house of Hapsburg, as well as the Russian imperial family, he views as destined to an early overthrow, and he predicts that the Hungarian nation is not lost, but will be yet "among the foremost in the war of universal liberty." The style is marked by the enthusiastic, figurative eloquence peculiar to Kossuth, and we regret that our limited space prevents its publication.

The Commissioners of Huntingdon County, invite proposals for building a bridge across Tuscarora creek, in Tell township, near Blair's mill.

THE PLAGUE IN THE CANARIES.—The recent terrible epidemic at the Canaries is described vividly by the correspondent of the FICAYEU:

History does not record anything so sad as the spectacle which the island of Grand Canary has presented, and still presents. The best directed pen attempts in vain to relate such misfortunes and horrors, and words would not be sufficient to depict their intensity.

The epidemic, supposed to be the cholera, raged with such fury that the inhabitants in consternation abandoned the town, without caring for anything but their persons, to such an extent that they even forgot the ties of blood. Death surprised them in the midst of their flight, so that the roads were covered with corpses over which not a tear of friendship, or of filial or fraternal love was shed, because terror had smothered every sentiment except that of self preservation. As was to be expected, the fugitives, carrying with them the fatal germ, infected the country, and became the theatre of the most horrible scenes.

The beasts, abandoned in the city, perished for want of food, and the decomposition of their bodies, together with that of the human corpses which remained buried in the streets, vitiated the atmosphere to such an extent that any unfortunate person who might return to the city fell dead almost as soon as he entered a house. However, this new contagion was stopped as soon as possible by the energetic measures taken by the worthy Military Governor, and by the humanity of the second Alcald of the Corregidor, and various young men, many of whom fell victims to their heroism.

At last the supposition was confirmed that the epidemic was not the cholera, but the terrible plague of the Moors, it having been ascertained that it was introduced into the island of Grand Canary, by the fishing vessels which frequent the western coasts of Africa. The persons in the island devoted to this traffic, numbering about 1,500, have almost all perished, as there remain only enough to man a single vessel. According to the declarations of the masters of the said vessels, on all the western shores of Africa, there reigned a deadly pest, which carried off the inhabitants, the mortality being so great that the corpses are strewn upon the earth in incredible numbers, and their decomposition augments the influence of the corrupted atmosphere.

As soon as the Commandant-General of the Province learned the abandonment of the city of Las Palmas, he sent a portion of the garrison of the capital to bury the dead, but the greater portion of the soldiers were attacked by the epidemic and died. In short, in order to give an idea of the ravages of the pest, it is only necessary to state that in two months 6,000 persons died in the city of Las Palmas, and 16,000 in the whole island. Up to the last dates the plague had spared the towns of Agaeta and Fejeda. At the last dates, August 12th, the epidemic abated considerably in the city, though it still raged in the country.

From the Cincinnati Commercial, Oct. 18.

Yesterday morning, about 4 o'clock, St. Augustin Orphan Asylum, on Fourth street, near Western Row, was discovered to be on fire, originating in the only stairway leading to the upper part of the building. The orphans were all asleep at the time. The alarm was raised, and the consternation which followed is indescribable. There being no egress from the building but by this stairway, ladders had to be placed to the windows by which most of the inmates of the Asylum escaped being burned to death. Some few jumped from the windows of the second, third, and even fourth story windows. Had not the citizens in the immediate neighborhood boldly rushed to rescue them, the loss of life would have been great. Some were seriously injured by jumping from the windows and slightly burned by the intense heat of the fire. Over one hundred children were in the Asylum at the time of the fire. Horrible to relate, five children were missed in the morning, three of whom were found burned to death, in the course of the day, in the lecture room of the Asylum.

Judge Sharkey, of Mississippi, has been appointed by the President Consul of the United States at Havana, vice Owen, removed, and has accepted the appointment.

Pardon Peckham, aged 92, a soldier of the Revolution, was killed on the railroad track, 15 miles from Buffalo, on the 16th. He could not get off the track quick enough, and was knocked down by the engine, and immediately killed.

The trial of Col. Charles Castleman, charged with unmerciful treatment of a slave, thereby causing his death, came off at Berryville, (Va.) on Wednesday last, and resulted in a verdict of acquittal.

FAILURE AND SUICIDE.—The Chambersburg (Pa.) Whig, mentions the failure of Mr. Frederick Roemer, an active miller and merchant of that vicinity, and states that Mr. Leitch Denig, an old and esteemed citizen, and one of Roemer's endorsers, had committed suicide.

STEALING ONE'S WIFE.—At a recent term of the District Court in Lewis county, the jury rendered a verdict of \$5,000 for the plaintiff in the case of Brown vs. Stiles. The defendant was charged with abducting the plaintiff's wife, and secreting her and her children.

THE SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT OF MASSACHUSETTS has decided that the proper authorities, acting in good faith, and for the benefit of the schools, have a right to exclude a girl of bad character from the public schools. The Court below has decided the contrary.

BEAUTIES OR DESPOTISM.—A master tailor in Russia, obtained a passport for Paris, on the condition that he would not go to London; but, on arriving at Paris, the temptation of the Crystal Palace was so strong that he could not help visiting it. On his return to Warsaw he was summoned to the office of the police, and was told he had been in London, in violation of his promise. It was accordingly ordered that he should receive a certain number of stripes, and they were duly inflicted.

DITEN BY A RATTLE-SNAKE.—In Reading, Pa., on Sunday last, George Schultz was bitten on the right hand by a rattlesnake belonging to Charles Neidly. The wounds caused by the fangs of the snake bled freely, says the Press, and in a short time the hand and arm began to swell to a fearful extent, causing great fear for the life of the victim. Remedies were speedily applied—the arm was tightly bandaged, and leeches were called, who succeeded in preventing the spread of the deadly poison through the system.

WORTH KNOWING.—A young lady of Philadelphia, while in the country some years ago, stepped on a rusty nail, which ran through her shoe and foot. The inflammation and pain were of course very great, and lockjaw was apprehended. A friend of the family, however, recommended the application of a beet taken fresh from the garden, and pounded fine, to the wound. It was done, and the effect was very beneficial. Soon the inflammation began to subside, and by the use of the crushed beet, changing it for a fresh one as its virtue seemed to become impaired, a speedy cure was effected. Simple but effectual remedies like this should be known by everybody.

We noticed Ice, for the first time this season, this morning.

AN OLD PIPE.—The Minnesota Pioneer says, "the identical Indian pipe smoked by old Father Hennepin at the first Indian Council he attended with the Sioux Indians, near the falls of St. Anthony, is now in our possession, the property of A. S. White of Washington city, who accompanied the Hon. Luke Lea to our territory, and assisted at the late Sioux Treaties."

A CAVE-IN.—On the night of the 30th ult., a cave in occurred on Front street, in the town of Plaquemine, La., commencing at the mouth of the bayou and extending down as far as Fenn's Alley, a distance of some two hundred and fifty yards. Fortunately no houses were submerged by the cave, but the space which will be necessary for the construction of a new and substantial levee, will cause many a valuable mansion to be torn down.

ANOTHER TALENT.—The London Morning Chronicle praises some Brussels carpets exhibited at the Fair, and which were woven upon power-looms, at the manufactory of Mr. Bigelow, the inventor, in Massachusetts. The Chronicle says, "although various attempts have been made to adopt the power-loom to carpet weaving in England, there is not, we believe, at this moment, any machinery perfected for that object. Our American brethren have therefore gained another step ahead of us, and have won another laurel on this well-cultivated field of the industrial arts."

New York, Oct. 19.—This evening, about 6 o'clock, Thomas Davis, a rigger, residing in Charter street, murdered his sister, a very beautiful and prepossessing girl of about 33, by cutting her throat, and afterwards tearing out her windpipe. He was laboring under delirium tremens. The cause of the act is supposed to be his opposition to her contemplated marriage. Davis has been arrested. He had lately returned from California.

The new block of three story dwellings on Pacific street, Brooklyn, tumbled down last night with a tremendous crash. Fortunately no one was injured.

A man named Owen Sullivan, residing in Atkinson street, beat his wife to death last evening. He has fled.

New York, Oct. 18.—The steamship Franklin, for Havre, sailed to-day, with 51 passengers and \$702,531 92 in specie.

PHILADELPHIA, October 21st.—At 2 o'clock this morning the boiler of the locomotive Metamora, on the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, exploded a few miles below the latter place, instantly killing Charles King, the fireman, and severely scalding the engineer, brakeman and conductor. Daniel O'Neill, who was on the engine at the time, was very badly scalded.

Mr. Editor.—Having a leisure hour the other day, I concluded to take a stroll among your many stores in Lewistown. I found in no store a better assortment of goods, fresh and new, than at JOHN A. STERETT'S. His profit on every thing is small—so small that I cannot see how he can make a living. His made-up clothing, boots and shoes, and ladies' dress goods are surpassingly cheap and beautiful.

THE COMPLIMENTS OF THE EAST.—The following extracts of a letter sent to the proprietor of Cherry Pectoral, from El HASSAN, the ruling Pasha of Trebizond, at Erzurum, shows the peculiarities of Oriental courtesy: To Dr. J. C. AYER, the Chemist of rare learning, at Lowell, in Massachusetts, and the United States: GOD IS GREAT FOREVER.

I have received your letter of affectionate love, with the present of choice Essence in Bottles, by which your excellent skill teaches to cure the affections of my children. As the life of one of my people is more dear to me than camels and gold, we shall pray for you in our heart when they are raised up from the tent of sorrow by this product of your deep learning and beautiful wisdom.

For this gift of love to your friend, so distant over many seas, and for this rare invention of your skill, may you be placed in such seats of honor and dignity among the great in knowledge, as we should offer to you in our dominions.

Given in this Central City of our Power, by express command of NESCHID EL HASSAN PASHA, Erzurum, Janad Awh, 1265.

THE MARKETS.

Table listing market prices for various goods including Flour, Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, Cloverseed, Flaxseed, Timothyseed, Butter, Eggs, Lard, Tallow, and Potatoes.

The Lewistown Mills are paying 70 1/2 cents for new wheat, and 70 to 75 for old. Clover seed \$4.50. Rye 55 cents. Corn 50 cents per bushel. Prices of Flour—\$2.25 per 100 lbs. for extra, and \$2.00 for superfine.

PHILADELPHIA, October 23, 1851. FLOUR AND FEAL.—The demand for Flour is limited. Fresh ground for export is nominal at \$4; for city use at \$4 1/4. Extra flour is held at \$4 1/4. Rye Flour—Pennsylvania is firm at \$3 1/2. Corn Meal is firmly held at 80 to 85 cents. Rye—Last sales of Southern at 64 cents. Pennsylvania is in demand at 67 cents. Corn is duller; sales of Southern at 62 cents, and Western at 62c. Oats—New Southern are in demand at 35 cents.

BALTIMORE, October 23, 1851. FLOUR.—We note sales to-day of 600 bbls. Howard street Flour at \$3.75. We note sales yesterday and to-day of 1000 bbls. City Mills Flour at \$3.81, cash.

GRAIN.—The supply of wheat is moderate, and prices are without change, viz: 72-75c. for good to prime reds; 70-80c for white; and 80-85c for family flour white. Old corn has declined, and sales of parcels, not strictly prime, were made at 54-55c. for old white and yellow. New corn, dry and in lot condition for shipping, sells at 50-52c. A lot of Pennsylvania old yellow sold at 58c. Oats at 30-34c.—American.

Dental Card. DR. JOHN LOCKE, DENTIST.

WILL return to Lewistown about the 10th of November next, for the purpose of attending to professional business, and will remain about one month at Irwin's Lewistown Hotel. Dr. L. is a regular graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, and devoted his entire attention to the business for seven years, which warrants him in offering entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Lewistown, Oct. 24, 1851.—tf.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the undersigned for Fees in the Prothonotary's Office, are hereby notified to call and make settlement of their accounts previous to the 1st of December next, as after that date my bills, without respect to persons, will be placed in the hands of a Justice of the Peace for collection. Z RITPHOUSE, Prothonotary. Lewistown, Oct. 24, 1851-3t.

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders of the Milheim & East Kishacoquillas Turnpike Company are hereby notified that an election will be held at the house of Wm. Brothers, in Reedsville, on Monday, 3d November, at 1 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing a President, Five Directors, and a Treasurer to manage the affairs of said company during the ensuing year. W. M. KINNEY, President. Lewistown, Oct. 24, 1851-2t.

Hardware of all kinds, at unusually low prices, for cash, at oct 24 F. G. FRANCISCUS'S.

30 TONS of Valentine & Thomas' best Irons, for sale by oct 24 F. G. FRANCISCUS, Agent for Valentine & Thomas.

1500 LBS. Anvils and Vices, Screw Plates, assorted, 1/2 to 1 1/2 inch, Blacksmith's Bellows, from 30 to 42 inches. For sale, low for cash, by oct 24 F. G. FRANCISCUS.

CHRIST'S celebrated American Razors. A small lot of those splendid Razors just received. They require no honing or sharpening—each Razor warranted. For sale by oct 24 F. G. FRANCISCUS.

50 KEGS pure White Lead, \$2 per keg; 100 boxes Window Glass; 100 gallons Flaxseed Oil; 100 lbs. Putty, Spirits of Turpentine, Paris Green, Chromes of different colors, with an assortment of all kinds Paints, Paint Brushes, Sash Tools, &c., for sale by oct 24 F. G. FRANCISCUS.

Stoves, Stoves, Stoves.

A LARGE stock of new and beautiful Cooking and Parlor Stoves, Ten Plate do. from 22 to 32 inches; Air-Tight Cook, Vernon do., Hatway do., K-ystone do., Universe do., Complete do., Revere Air-Tight Parlor Stove, Otteman do., Persian do., Excelsior do., Etina do., Barroom Stoves, Harp Cannon do., Cannon do., Cast Oven do., Russia do., Ben Franklin do.—for wood or coal—all of which will be sold low for cash, at the Hardware Store of oct 24 F. G. FRANCISCUS.

POSTPONED SALE. Valuable Town Property FOR SALE.

WILL be offered at Public Sale, at the Court House, on Monday, 5th January next, that well known property formerly occupied by the Bank of Lewistown, and now by Longenecker, Grubb & Co., bankers, situate on the corner of Market and Brown streets, in the borough of Lewistown, the lot being thirty-one feet front on Market, and two hundred feet deep on Brown street to a sixteen feet alley. The improvements are a large brick House, thirty-one feet on Market Street, with extensive brick back buildings, brick Stable and Carriage House, Smoke-house, &c., enclosed by brick walls, with hydrant in yard, and valuable fruit trees and grape vines on said lot. This property offers inducements to purchasers, being one of the most desirable business situations in the borough. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, p. m., of said day. An indisputable title, clear of all incumbrances, will be given. Terms made known on day of sale by the subscribers, Trustees of the Bank of Lewistown. FRANCIS MCGOY, FRANCIS MCCLURE, JAMES DICKSON, Trustees. October 24, 1851.—td

HAT & CAP EMPORIUM. N. J. RUDISILL, At his Old Stand in Market street.

HAS just received from the city the WINTER FASHIONS, and a large stock of material, which he is manufacturing into most superb HATS, which cannot fail to please. He has now on hand a large and well-assorted stock of Men's, Boys', and Infants' of every quality and price. He has also received a supply of LADIES' MUFFS, BOAS, TIPPETS, AND CAPES, of the latest styles, which he will dispose of at very cheap rates. His Omaha friends will also find him prepared to suit their tastes. His unrivaled BROAD-BRIMS will receive the same care and attention which he has always bestowed upon them. Don't forget the old stand, where you may depend upon not being disappointed. Thankful for the liberal share of custom bestowed on him heretofore, he solicits his old friends and 999 new ones—being all he can at present accommodate—to call and adorn themselves with a new hat or cap. Lewistown, Oct. 24, 1851.

Fish, Salt, and Plaster.

FOR sale by JOHN STERRETT & CO., June 27-1f At the Lewistown Mills. THOMPSON'S VERMIFUGE. Only 12¢ per bottle. For sale by May 9, 1851. JOHN KENNEDY.

A FRESH ARRIVAL OF NEW AND CHEAP GOODS.

Thirty days later from Philadelphia, New York, and Boston! Great Reduction in the Price of Goods!! THE undersigned, thankful for past patronage, would beg leave to inform the citizens of Milheim, Huntingdon, Centre, Union, and Juniata counties that they have just received from the east, and are now opening, one of the largest, and decidedly the cheapest stock of Fall and Winter Goods ever offered in this place, having bought our goods later in the season, and for cash during the present severe pressure in the money market. We feel confident in saying that we can and will sell goods at from 10 to 20 per cent. cheaper than the cheapest.

We have blue-black, brown, olive, and green, French, &c., Broad Cloths, cassimeres, satinetts, vestings, French merinos, Thibet cloths, cashmeres, in de laines, alpaca, gingham, silks, satins, cloakings, bonnets, ribbons, lace, gloves, flannels, linseys, &c. Bay State long shawls, at from \$3 to \$9 each; prints, at from 3 to 12 1/2 cts. per yard; domestic muslins, 3 to 6 1/2 cts. per yard; sugar, at from 5 to 10 cts. per lb.; prime Rio coffee, 10 cts. per lb. Also, BOOTS, SHOES, AND READY-MADE CLOTHING, cheaper than they have ever been sold here.

Hardware and Queensware, Fish, Salt, Plaster, &c., &c.

Call and satisfy yourselves. No humbug here. SIGLER & STUART. Lewistown, Oct. 24, 1851.—if WANTED—500,000 bushels good red and white W heat; also, Rye, Corn, Oats, and Clover Seed, for which we will pay the highest cash prices. S. & S.

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters Testamentary, upon the estate of PHILIP ROTHSCHILD, late of Derry township, Milheim county, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, residing in McVeytown, in said county. All persons indebted to the said estate, are hereby required to make immediate payment, and all those having claims against the same, are requested to present them duly authenticated for payment. A. ROTHSCHILD, Executor. Oct. 24, 1851-6t.

More Truth than Poetry.

The people dear, as politicians say, Is what makes us appear to-day, We write in rhyme so today, My read, reflect, and give us a clue. For we have opened, and for sale designed, Boots and Shoes of every kind; For men and women we've supplies—For children, too, of every size. We've Ladies' Bores, the best that's made, And Misses' too, of every grade. Our stock of Gaiters is complete—Our Jeffersons cannot be beat. Our Jenny Lind's are just the thing; But of them we need not stir, Merely say that they are cheap, Double soled, and made to last. Our Boots are all of the best kind, A little the best in town, you'll find; We've the best in town, so very low. We are surprised how fast they go. Of half our stock we cannot say, For it consists of every thing That women, men, or boys do wear—So much we can't describe by care. And if it suits the people's mind, We'll take produce of every kind; But, then, the Cash, it is confessed! At all times will suit the best. You need not fear our selves to thin, Supplies are always coming in; We buy them cheap, and well we know, We can't be beat in selling low. Now, we invite you, one and all, Will find us here, and we'll be glad. You'll find us two doors from Watton's store—And now we are done—we'll say no more. W. W. BROWN. Lewistown, October 24, 1851.

VAYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL For the Cure of COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, AND CONSUMPTION.

In offering to the community this justly celebrated remedy for diseases of the throat and lungs, it is not our wish to trifle with the lives or health of the afflicted, but frankly to lay before them the opinions of distinguished men, and some of the evidences of its success, from which they can judge for themselves. We sincerely pledge ourselves to make no wild assertions or false statements of its efficacy, nor will we hold out any hope to suffering humanity which facts will not warrant. Many proofs are here given, and we solicit an inquiry from the public into all we publish, feeling assured they will find them perfectly reliable, and the medicine worthy their best confidence and patronage. From the distinguished Professor of Chemistry and Materia Medica, Bowdoin College. Dear Sir: I delayed answering the receipt of your preparation, until I had an opportunity of witnessing its efficacy in my own family, or in the families of my friends. This I have now done with a high degree of satisfaction, in cases both of adults and children. I have found it, as its ingredients show, a powerful remedy for colds, and coughs, and pulmonary diseases. PARKER CHEASELAND, M. D. BRUNSWICK, Me., Feb. 5, 1847. From an Overseer in the Hamilton Mills, in this City. LOWELL, Aug. 10, 1846. Dr. J. C. Ayer: I have been cured of the worst cough I ever had in my life, by your "Cherry Pectoral," and never felt, when I have opportunity, of recommending it to others. Yours, respectfully, S. D. EMERSON. The following was one of the worst cases, which the physicians and friends thought to be incurable consumption.— CHESTER, Pa., Aug. 22, 1846. J. C. Ayer—Sir: I was taken with a terrible cough, brought on by a cold, in the beginning of last February, and was confined to my bed more than two months. Coughing incessantly night and day, I became greatly debilitated, my eyes were swollen and glassy, and my breath very short. Indeed, I was rapidly falling, and in such distress for breath, that but little hope of my recovery could be entertained. While in this situation a friend of mine (the Rev. John Keller, of the Methodist Church) brought me a bottle of your Cherry Pectoral, which I tried more for gratuity than from any expectation of obtaining relief. Its good effect induced me to continue its use, and I soon found it healed me much improved. Now, in three months, I am well and strong, and can attribute my cure only to your great medicine. With the deepest gratitude, yours, &c. JAMES GODFREY. Prepared and sold by JAMES C. AYER, Practical Chemist, Lowell, Mass. Sold in Lewistown by J. A. BLANKS, Agent, and by Dr. E. W. HALE, in Milheimtown by Jacobs & Belford, and by Druggists generally throughout the State. oct 24-3mo