

THE GAZETTE.

LEWISTOWN, PA.
FRIDAY EVENING, AUGUST 30, 1850.

TERMS:
ONE DOLLAR PER ANNUM,
IN ADVANCE.
For six months, 75 cents.
All NEW subscriptions must be paid in advance. If the paper is continued, and not paid within the first month, \$1.25 will be charged; if not paid in three months, \$1.50; if not paid in six months, \$1.75; and if not paid in nine months, \$2.00.

WHIG NOMINATIONS.

For Canal Commissioner,
JOSHUA DUNGAN, of Bucks County.
For Auditor General,
HENRY W. SWYDER, of Union County.
For Surveyor General,
JOSEPH HEYDERSOHN, of Washington Co.
ASSEMBLY,
ANDREW M'FARLAND, of Armagh township,
PROTHONOTARY,
JOHN BALSBRICH, of Newton Hamilton,
COUNTY SURVEYOR,
WILLIAM LITTLE, of Lewistown,
COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM CUMMINS, of Armagh township,
AUDITOR,
AUGUSTUS M. INGRAM, of Decatur township,
PROSECUTING ATTORNEY,
JOHN W. SHAW, of Lewistown,
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
JAMES M. BROWN, of Armagh, 3 years,
Director, Decatur, Oliver, Bratton, Wayne, Newton Hamilton and McFeston,
AUGUSTINE WAKEFIELD, of Oliver, 2 years,
Borough of Lewistown,
GEORGE W. STEWART, 1 year.

Notices of Advertisements.

The Lewistown Academy will open on Monday next—the male department under the superintendence of Mr. W. H. Woods, the female under Miss A. Prosser. W. G. Stoy offers his services as a teacher of Book-keeping and Penmanship.
Dr. E. W. Hale has taken Dr. Mitchell's drug and chemical establishment in Market street, where he offers for sale a choice lot of drugs, fancy articles, &c.
Mr. PERCELL has one, and Mr. HALL two Auditor's offices.
ROBINSON & ELDER'S Circus will exhibit here on the 11th September.

Whig Conference Meeting.

The Whig Congressional Conference of the 17th District, met at Lusk's Hotel, in M'Veytown, on the 27th inst., and organized by appointing J. F. COTTELL, of Millin county as Chairman, and DAVID WILSON, of Juniata county Secretary. But two counties being fully represented, in consequence of a misunderstanding as to the day, they adjourned to meet at Moyer's Hotel, in Lewistown, on Tuesday, the 3d day of September next, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company have effected an arrangement with the proprietors of the Eagle Line of cars running from Philadelphia to Columbia, by which that company will withdraw either on the first or fifteenth of next month, and an entire new line of spacious and elegant cars, replete with every convenience be substituted in their places. The first locomotive is expected to pass over the road between Huntingdon and Hollidaysburg to-morrow, and during the ensuing week the passenger cars will commence running to the latter place regularly.

RIGHT.—Alexander Irvin, Marshal of the Western District, has been removed by President Fillmore for cause. His brother William, it is said, has been appointed in his place.

The editor of the North American recently visited this section of Pennsylvania, and thus speaks of Lewistown and its vicinity:

"It is, indeed, a rare pleasure to rush along this iron track—destined hereafter to be the highway of millions of travellers and an unimaginable wealth of trade and commerce—and to gratify the senses with the survey of the most magnificent works of nature, so closely connected with the marvellous achievements of art. To those who have leisure, it is also a pleasure to pause for a day or two in one of the towns that skirt its borders.—Lewistown for example—and see how worse than idle it is to seek in other States for summer retreats, when here within our own limits we have them in such perfection. It is not easy to imagine a richer prospect than that which may be seen from Ard's hill. A well-built town—adorned with churches and public edifices—clustering thick and close by the river-side at the very foot of a steeply rising acclivity; a meandering stream watering a series of highly cultivated farms; near at hand a canal with its bridges and boats and towing paths and lazy, plodding horses, and in the not remote distance a railroad with its fiery courier almost outstripping the wind; neat structures, cottages, and homesteads, and barns, scattered over the smiling fields; the whole encircled by lofty but irregular mountains, the summits blazoning with solar glory, the ravines darkling with umbrageous gloom—these furnish materials for the mere sight-seer not elsewhere surpassed, while the invigorating air braces the nerves, and spreads through the enervated frame the generous glow of rousant vigor and health. And such as Lewistown so is Huntingdon, and other places in close contiguity to the road. Now that the extreme heat of the summer has passed, and travelling is enjoyable, we recommend to such of our readers as have time and opportunity to make an excursion over this road, and if they do not find their most favorable anticipations fully realized, we shall be content to be regarded as no true prophets."

MAN AND WIFE.—Judge Lowrie, of Pittsburgh, has decided that a wife possessed of property in her own right, under the law relative to the rights of married women in regard to property, passed in 1848, could not be permitted to become bail for her husband, for the stay of execution of a judgment for debt.

Locofoco Tactics, &c.

Whenever a wrong is perpetrated by parties or individuals, some excuse is always invented to gloss it over, and thus the wrong very frequently finds as many supporters as the right, because one portion, who are in the habit of manufacturing public opinion, take that insidious course least liable to suspicion and most apt to secure those who are intended to be gulled by the manoeuvre. In politics, especially, this is very frequently the case, and may be properly considered as a part of the tactics used by locofoco leaders when they desire the masses of their party to fall in with some new scheme, changing perhaps essentially the doctrine preached up a year or so beforehand, or intended to operate against particular individuals. In this manner men apparently popular are discarded from political favor, how or why is hardly known beyond the coterie of managers, while numberless others are fed up by hope or flattery for years, and although imagining themselves the very essence of free thought and free speech, are in reality the mere tools of designing men, who use them as interest or policy may dictate, to effect their own ends. Continued success, however, sometimes emboldens the leaders to such a degree that they lose their proverbial cautiousness, and impose a burden which awakens a spirit of resistance. The scales then fall from the eyes of the enslaved, and they begin to see in its true light the bondage in which they have been held.

Such a wrong as is adverted to above was unquestionably inflicted on that portion of the locofoco party who relied on fairness, or honesty, and common usage for justice. Had the wishes of a majority of that party—a large majority—been consulted in making the nominations, does any one believe that John Ross would have received the nomination for Assembly, or Thomas Stroup for Commissioner? And now that a gross outrage has been inflicted on Mr. Gibboney and his friends, and through them on the locofocos of the Valley, not a word of explanation is offered, no cause assigned, but a studied silence as to the why and wherefore maintained! Has the boasting democracy of Millin—the lion-hearted democracy—arrived at that point when it cannot afford to give one of its faithful servants, whom it had impudently accepted office and now REJECTS, some satisfactory reason for this strange course? That point we think has been reached, and with it comes the irresistible conclusion that some special favors are sought for by the leaders, some particular measures to be enacted, perhaps some "contracts" to be secured, against which Mr. Gibboney's honesty and integrity would rebel, and hence the legerdemain that brought to light an association known up the river as Ross, Dull & Co., with Mr. McCoy as an outside partner.

Will the people of Millin county, or ought they, to ratify such a combination by electing it to office? The chains of party may be strong, but if such outrages are quietly submitted to, and they become the willing instruments of carrying into effect whatever designs may be entertained, each had better at once procure a collar and have it labeled "I am our leader's dog—what's his will is mine."

The Democrat, instead of answering our query as to what particular merit or claim the locofoco candidate for Commissioner had over his competitors for the nomination, flies off into a comparison between Stroup and Cummins, averring that the former is fully equal to the latter in every respect. We do not know Mr. Stroup personally, but from all that we can learn those who do know him will receive the Democrat's information with a shrug of the shoulders and a smile of incredulity. It also attempts to make a little capital by asserting that he is a poor man, and that the whigs object to him because he pays no taxes of any amount, and the federalists then catch it for sticking out the cloven foot in opposing the poor! Well, let us see how the rule will work when applied to the locofoco nominations. There was a young man before their convention for County Surveyor, certainly not rich, yet John R. Weeks, a sort of "Iron nabob" or "manufacturing lord," a class whom the democracy professes to hate with a zeal that knows no bounds, was nominated! The Democrat will hardly pretend that he is a poor man, and it can perhaps inform us why the cloven foot of federalism stuck out there when a poor man *reas* up for the office in question?

The Union Star states that the Deputy Marshal of that county is engaged in opposing the Whig ticket. To give the gentleman more time, if he is really engaged in such a business, let the new Marshal remove him forthwith.

NOW OR NEVER.

The second Tuesday of October, says the Daily News, is rapidly approaching, and it behooves now every Whig to arouse to a full sense of his duty, and to delay not a day longer in uniting with those already engaged in organizing our forces and preparing for the struggle that is before us. There is no time now to be lost. But one brief month remains for the work that has yet been hardly begun. That the issues involved in the next election, and the offices then to be filled, are of such a character as to induce every Whig to feel a deep concern for the success of the Whig party, we need hardly state. Why, then, is there not more activity throughout the State? Why not more concert of action and hearty co-operation in the work of organization to achieve the triumph within our reach? We can succeed, if we will. Who among the Whigs of Pennsylvania, if singled out, would not be ashamed to acknowledge that he had not the will? Surely if there ever was a time when there were incentives to do our duty that time is now. Blessed with a wise and patriotic Whig chief magistrate of the nation, and a noble and unswerving Whig Governor of the Commonwealth, it should be their enthusiastic delight, as it is their undoubted duty, to rally in their support, and once more wheel the old Keystone into the Whig line. But there are other incentives to action besides those. We have good and true men presented for our support for the State offices—men who are Whigs in feeling and sentiment, who are capable and faithful, and who deserve the cordial, yea enthusiastic support of the entire Whig party of the State. Why, then, not be active? Why hesitate? Why delay to organize? Remember, Whigs, now is the time—now or never.

Dagnerreotyping.

Some of the locofoco editors are engaged in drawing each other's portraits, and the old adage that when rogues fall out justice will get its due, is fairly realized. Thus—The Lancasterian insinuates pretty strongly that Forney of the Pennsylvania is a blackguard. Forney thinks ditto of the Lancasterian.

The Bedford Gazette thinks the Harrisburg Union the lowest paper in the world, and its editor the silent advocate or apologist of the grossest corruptions. The latter says Bowman is an hermaphrodite, "being a cross between the harlequin and the hyena," whose abuse is no libel.

A number are calling each other anything but gentlemen, and if one-half they say be true, the greater portion ought to have been in the penitentiary long ago. Out of respect for the craft, we hope they don't mean all that is said!

Whigism and Nativism, according to the Democrat, are essentially the same, yet as we said last week a majority of those who were natives when the subject was agitated are at this time locofocos! This is shown from the fact that a majority of the subscribers to the Native American paper at Harrisburg are now locofocos; and if any one still has doubts as to which party in this county secretly embraces Nativism, while professing to be so friendly to foreigners, let him inquire what locofocos, and how many, are members of the order of United American Mechanics. That will clinch the nail!

The Pennsylvania furnishes its readers with a biography of EPHRAIM BANKS, Esq., from which we learn (not having room for more than a synopsis) that he spent his early life on his father's farm in Juniata county, since which time he has been somewhat of a professional man—student, clerk, storekeeper, and lawyer—served three sessions in the Legislature—was accidentally elected to the reform convention, and twice escaped the appointment of Judge by the skin of his teeth. Of worldly goods he has enough and to spare, and his reputation and name induced the democracy to call upon him to serve them by his triumphant nomination for the important post of Auditor General. FINIS.

The "harmonious democracy" of Cambria county assembled at Ebensburg on Saturday last for the purpose of appointing Congressional Conferees, but the railroad faction finding itself outnumbered, withdrew and organized a separate meeting. It seems to us that the superintendent and his hands might be better employed by attending to the interests of the road instead of the politics of Cambria county.

DOINGS AT WASHINGTON.—The House of Representatives on Tuesday succeeded in disposing of the Civil and Diplomatic appropriation bill, passing it on a final reading by a vote of 131 to 62, and has now a clear deck for the disposition of the important bills which have been sent to it from the Senate.

Locofoco Falsehood and Misrepresentation.

The address which the Pennsylvania Locofoco State Central Committee have just submitted for the consideration of the faithful, and which is intended to operate upon the approaching election, contains about as many falsehoods, direct and implied, as it was possible for the most ingenious fibber to crowd into a document of equal dimensions. In this respect it certainly is a curiosity, and as rare a specimen of locofoco ingenuity as was ever seen. In the first place, it sets out with the assumption that "democratic party never occupied a higher or more enviable position than at the present time." Everybody knows, who knows anything, that the reverse is the truth. The party is all split up into Abolition, Old Hunker, and Free Soil factions. If to be snarling and growling perpetually, one clique applying to the other the epithets of "traitor," "mercenary," and other such like lovable adjectives;—we say, if this is occupying a "high" and "enviable" position, then we must say that "the party" is indeed high—very high!

Then, again, we are told that our foreign relations, since the Whig administration came into power, have been conducted with "blundering awkwardness." An assertion of this character may pass for what it is worth; and among the intelligent masses of the democratic party in Pennsylvania we are quite sure that it is not worth much. We shall not stop to point out the many important treaties which have been negotiated with foreign powers to the honor, and credit, and profit of the country, since the Federal Government was transferred to a Whig administration. Many of these are become matters of history now, and as such they speak for themselves. Nor need we allude to the various difficult and delicate questions, between this Government and some of the most powerful European States, which have been satisfactorily settled without any of that disgraceful bluster which is an inseparable ingredient of locofoco diplomacy. If the democracy of Pennsylvania are veridant enough to believe there was anything "bungling" or "awkward" there, we shall be forced to the conclusion that they are yet involved in as dense a political darkness as that in which they were groping during the Presidential campaign of 1844, when Clay's tariff letters circulated with Polk's name attached, and Polk's anti-tariff letters with Clay's signature stuck on, which enabled the locofocos to get a good many votes that did not honestly belong to them. We hope better things of our Pennsylvania friends. Surely they know better now than they did then the tricks and subterfuges of the locofoco managers.

Secretary Corwin comes in for a goodly share of abuse in this characteristic address. Why not? Locofocoism is always abusing somebody, and it must always have a subject to operate upon. They have not made much in that way, hitherto, out of Congress, and in an office which necessarily precludes him from giving back blow for blow, the cowardly hirings of the "State Central Committee" know very well that their stale slang about "bloody hands" and "hospitable graves" will be permitted to pass without any protest from him. "Arguments" such as these must have immense weight with an intelligent people, certainly! It is idle to follow up in detail the remainder of the indictments which this precious "address" brings against the Whig party. Such as we have referred to are not bad specimens of the whole batch. We refer to them merely to show our friends that our old enemy is as unscrupulous and desperate as ever he was when party purposes were to be compassed. To the Whigs of the Keystone we confidently leave the task of teaching him such a lesson, on the 8th of October next, as will be well studied and imitated by the Whigs of New York in November.—New York Express.

Notices.

Sartain's Magazine for September is unusually attractive, having a number of excellent literary articles, and being embellished with several full page engravings, and a host of smaller ones. Among the embellishments is a full page line engraving of Frederica Bremer, by Gimber, from an original drawing by Furness, and a very well executed portrait of President Fillmore. Two pages of music add to the merits of the issue, which is, in every respect, highly creditable to the liberal proprietors. The letter-press deserves especial praise.

V. B. Palmer's Business Men's Almanac, for 1851.—We have received a copy of the above Almanac, and recommend it to our readers as replete with information on Coal, Iron, Banks, Canals, Railroads, Routes of Travel, Imports, Exports, Revenue, Trade, Industry, Manufactures, Agriculture, &c., &c. We have seen no other Almanac containing so large an amount of useful and entertaining matter, which is important to business men, as a daily reference. We hope that our Merchants and Booksellers will take hold of this Almanac, and aid in giving it a wide circulation.

The August number of Holden's Dollar Magazine contains a variety of instructive and attractive articles, and, notwithstanding its cheapness, is justly considered one of the best magazines issued. It is published by Fowler & Dietz, 109 Nassau street, New York.

The second number of Arthur's Home Gazette has made its appearance, and from the number of excellent contributions in it, will be perused with much interest. Mr. Arthur continues "Ruling a Wife," and has a word of encouragement to the young under the head of "Don't Give Up;" W. H. Carpenter, Esq., the author of many tales of thrilling interest, contributes the "Pilgrims of Maryland." For the forthcoming numbers there are in preparation the "Divorced Wife," by T. S. Arthur; "The Factory Girl," by Mrs. C. W. Denison; "A Story of Colonial Life in Maryland and Virginia," by W. H. Carpenter; and "Personal Recollections and Anecdotes of the Presidents of the United States," by Arthur J. Stansbury.

Census Returns.

The Borough of Huntingdon has a population of 1470; Millintown, Juniata county, 485; Perryville 279; Mexico 183; Lack township, Juniata county, 1146.

Mrs. Ruthrauff, widow of the late Rev. J. Ruthrauff, has been appointed Post Mistress at Lebanon, by the unanimous wish of the Whigs of that place.

The Marshal of Massachusetts has completed the census of that State, and it is said that the increase in the population in the last ten years has been at least a quarter of a million. This is an unexampled rate of progress for an old State, and affords good evidence of the prosperity of that great manufacturing Commonwealth.

The Pope has ordered a universal jubilee in commemoration of his restoration. It is to last fifteen days, and to carry plenary indulgence of one hundred years to those who observe it.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

Many of the towns in this State have been afflicted with much sickness this summer, generally with a new disease not laid down in the books. Lewistown has been very healthy until within the last few weeks, but a considerable number are now down with the chills and fevers incident to this season, though no other disease prevails. The majority of cases are confined to the northern section—a part that ought to be the most healthy—where the miasma arising from several stagnant ponds is no doubt justly blamed for it. The cause ought to be removed forthwith.

LARGE CUCUMBERS.—Mr. ALLEN, proprietor of the Washington Gardens, near this borough, has left a Cucumber at the Gazette office twenty-five inches long and eight inches in circumference at its thickest part! He has more of the same sort. This mammoth production can be seen in the office until to-morrow evening.

Death of George Richwine by Violence.

An unfortunate affair occurred on Sunday evening last, about half past six o'clock, at the old packet landing, which resulted in the death of GEORGE RICHWINE. A difficulty arose between William Elliott, a butcher, and Richwine relative to some pigs, which resulted in Elliott picking up a stone and throwing it at the other. He missed his aim, but a brickbat thrown immediately after struck Richwine on the head above his ear, and he fell. Dr. Vanvalzah was immediately called in, but a few hours proved that he was injured beyond the skill of man, and at ten o'clock he breathed his last. A post mortem examination by several of our physicians was made, who ascertained that his skull had been fractured on the side opposite where he was struck. The coroner's inquest rendered a verdict in accordance with these facts.

Elliott left town that night, and made his way to a brother residing in Union county, but had not been there more than a few hours when a handbill issued by the Sheriff, offering a reward for his arrest, led to his apprehension and subsequent confinement in the jail of this county. The matter will now undergo an investigation before the court, and while we refrain from giving more than the simple facts attending this unfortunate affair, we may give a word of caution to the parents of numerous boys on our streets who are daily in the habit of using stones against each other for the most trifling provocation. How easily and how soon the spark of life can be extinguished—how quick the scene change from liberty to the gloom of a prison, with a yet darker prospect in the uncertain future—can be learned from the fatal result above. Let those on whom devolves the care of their offspring take heed how they encourage or give countenance to such a practice when young, for as years come over them and harsh words ensue, the first thing looked for, in manhood as in youth, may be a stone, and if used, who can tell what will follow? Remember, "the way of the transgressor is hard," and whether life be taken intentionally or unintentionally, "the still small voice" within will follow the victim of passion to the grave, rendering life and death alike miserable.

THE MARKETS.

Lewistown, August 30, 1850.	
	Per Bushels.
Flour	\$4 50
Wheat, white	97
red	92
Rye	50
Oats, new, 30—old, 33	45
Corn	50
Cloverseed old,	3 00
Do new,	3 50
Flaxseed	1 00
Timothyseed	2 00
Butter, good	12
Eggs	8
Lard	6
Tallow	8
Potatoes	10

PHILADELPHIA, August 28, 1850.
Flour remains unchanged, though there is not so much disposition to buy. Sales of common brands at \$5.25a\$5.31, and for city use at \$5.62a\$5.75. Corn Meal \$2.94a\$3.
The receipts of Grain are to a fair extent. Sales of red Wheat at 110a112 cts., and white 118a116 cts. Small sales of Corn at 65a66 cts. for yellow. Oats 32a40 cts. Rye 68 cts.

BALTIMORE, August 28, 1850.
Flour.—Sales of Howard street Flour at \$4.93, and City Mills at \$4.57.
GRAIN.—Sales of good to prime reds at 95a 106 cts., and ordinary to good at 82a95; white Wheats at 100a110 cts., and family flour white at 112a120 cts. Corn, 57a58 cts. for white, and 60a61 cts. for yellow. Oats 28a35 cts.

LEWISTOWN ACADEMY.

THE Second Term of this Institution will commence on MONDAY, September 2d, MALE DEPARTMENT.
Persons wishing to send their sons from a distance need be under no apprehensions in regard to them. Boarding can be procured where they will be almost constantly under the eye of the Teacher. Terms of tuition are as follows:
Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, and English Grammar, \$3.00
Geography, explained by Globes, 3.50
Algebra, 4.00
Geometry, 5.00
The Languages and Natural Sciences, illustrated by experiments, 6.00
FEMALE DEPARTMENT.
The Female Department, under the charge of Miss ANTOINETTE PROSSER, will be opened the same day on the following terms:
Elementary Branches, \$2.00
Natural Philosophy and History, 4.00
Algebra and Geometry, with all the higher branches of an English education, 5.00
EXTRA S:
Pencil Drawing or Crayon, \$2.00
Painting, 2.00
French, 3.00
Music Lessons, 8.00
Term of eleven weeks.
W. H. WOODS, Principal.
Lewistown, Aug. 30, 1850.

NO HUMBUG!

WILLIAM G. STOY, PRACTICAL BOOK KEEPER and ACCOUNTANT for twenty years in the city of Philadelphia, and Teacher of Penmanship, having been engaged for the last year in a counting room in this place, and solicited by friends, has taken and furnished rooms in the late Judge Reynolds' house, west Market street, where he will cheerfully impart a knowledge to fit any young man for the counting room—not in two or three days, but in a satisfactory time to the pupil. Those desiring a knowledge of Book Keeping or Penmanship will call at his rooms any afternoon after 4 o'clock P. M. A class will be formed on MONDAY, the 2d September. Terms moderate.
References and specimens satisfactory to the most fastidious.
N. B.—Marshes' system of book keeping not taught—obsolete.
Lewistown, Aug. 30, 1850-tf

BEE HIVE DRUG STORE.

DR. E. W. HALE, having purchased the Drug and Chemical establishment recently owned and conducted by Dr. J. B. MITCHELL, will continue the Drug business at the old stand well known as the Bee Hive store, a few doors east of Francis' Hardware store, on Market street, where may at all times be found an assortment of the best and purest DRUGS and MEDICINES in the market. In addition, he will always keep on hand a well selected assortment of French and English Chemicals, Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs, together with a lot of superior PERFUMERY and FANCY ARTICLES.
Physicians and Druggists from the country will find an extensive and well selected stock of goods from which to make their selection, and may rely upon having their orders promptly and carefully attended to, and upon terms as favorable and liberal as can be had elsewhere.
Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded.
Lewistown, Aug. 30, 1850-tf

DR. E. W. HALE

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Lewistown. He can be consulted at all times at the Bee Hive Drug store. Lewistown, August 30, 1850-tf

COLUMBIAN INKS.—Those superior inks will be for sale in a few days at HALE'S Bee Hive Drug store. Call and try a bottle, and you will find it superior to any now in use.

BEDFORD MINERAL WATER for sale

by the gallon at the Bee Hive Drug store. This Water is highly recommended to persons recovering from Bilious Fever, and in all diseases where there is derangement of the Liver.

BROWN'S ESSENCE OF JAMAICA GINGER.

PARTICULARLY recommended to persons recovering from Fever—a few drops imparting to the stomach a glow and vigor equal to a wineglass of brandy or other stimulant, without any of the debilitating effects following the use of spirituous liquors. To the dyspeptic and those predisposed to Gout and Rheumatic affections it gives great relief.
For sale only by Dr. E. W. HALE, at the Bee Hive Drug store. [aug30-tf

Auditor's Notice.

THE subscriber appointed Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Millin county to distribute the proceeds in the hands of ROBERT LAGHLEN, administrator of MATTHEW GLASGOW, late of Wayne township, Millin county, dec'd appoints THURSDAY, the 3d day of October next, at his store in the borough of Newton Hamilton, to hear the parties interested, when and where they are hereby notified to attend.
JOHN PURCELL.
Newton Hamilton, Aug. 30, 1850-tf

Auditor's Notice.

THE subscriber, appointed Auditor by the Orphan's Court of Millin county to report on the exceptions filed, &c., to the account of WILLIAM SHAW, guardian of the minor children of JOHN M'FADDEN, late of Granville township, Millin county, deceased, appoints WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of October next, at his office in Lewistown, to hear the parties interested, when and where they are hereby notified to attend.
WM. M. HALL.
Lewistown, Aug. 30, 1850—4t.

Auditor's Notice.

THE subscriber, appointed Auditor by the Orphan's Court of Millin county, to distribute the balance in the hands of E. BANKS, Executor of the last will and testament of WILLIAM MATHEWS, late of Decatur township, Millin county, deceased, appoints FRIDAY, the 11th day of October next, at his office in Lewistown, to hear the parties interested, when and where they are hereby notified to attend.
WM. M. HALL.
Lewistown, Aug. 30, 1850—4t.

Executors' Notice.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of ROBERT FIELDS, late of the borough of Newton Hamilton, deceased, having been granted to the subscribers, they hereby notify all persons indebted to said estate to call and settle the same without delay, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated.
JOHN PURCELL,
Newton Hamilton.
ELIJAH MORRISON,
Wayne township.
aug9-6*