THE GAZETTE.

We copy the following excellent remarks from the Philadelphia Daily News, on the duty of the Whigs of the country to support their party presses. The advice is good, and we hope that several postmasters who are quite active as agents for some of the city weeklies, but cannot afford to take the Gazette; and some hundreds of whigs who seem to care more for reading old and stale matters at \$2 per annum in something headed Philadelphia or New York, than to learn the latest news, both at home and abroad, for \$1 in the Gazette, will profit by it. The News exhibits a liberality for which it deserves to be rewarded.

We have a few words to say on a subject, in which, as the publishers of a newspaper, we may be supposed to be somewhat interested, and yet we think our remarks will be of such obvious truth, that their propriety will at once be admitted. We refer to the duty of Whigs in town and country to support their party press. And by support we do not mean a reluctant half-way support, but such as is decided and effective-such as tells upon the paper, and through it upon the community. To commence from home, many of our Whig country papers do not receive half the support from the people in the counties where they are published which they need and deserve. We can advocate their claims without any feeling of rivalry, as our observation has taught us that the more people read the more they wish to. Could we at once double the subscription to all doubt not that our our own country circulation would be doubled.

The party in every county must, or ought to have a local paper, and its support must be from the neighborhood. It may not be able to give as great an amount of reading matter as the city weeklies, but the paper need not on that account be less interesting. If it proves so, it is the fault of the editor. There are plenty of local items, which have a peculiar local interest, to make any country paper read, if the editor attend to his business and takes pains to make his paper useful. But he needs the encouragement, the support and with him. If he cannot have this from those who think as he does, who feel interested in the advancement of the same principles, and the success of men advocating those principles, he can hardly ask or expect the aid of those who hold the opposite views. Yet there are men in every county in the State who pretend to feel a great interest in their party, and who even sometimes ask party favors, who do not take their county paper. This is not the way to build up any party or to promote correct political doctrines.

From the Danville Democrat. Which of the two great Political Parties is most friendly to the Poor Man?

The above question demands the serious, candid thoughts, and concentrated reflection of every poor man in the country. The boasting "democracy" (?) of our Union are loud and vehement in their professions of friendly regard for the conspicuous in all their political speeches, harangues, and partizan paragraphs. But how do their measures accord with their professions? They have adopted and sanctioned a low rate of ad valorem duties-thus admitting foreign manufactures, manufactured by half paid labor, and consequently sold cheap, to compete with American industry. By this anti-Ameri-can measure, tens of thousands of our laboring poor are thrown out of employment, are obliged to seek work in occupations to which they are unaccustomed, and at greatly reduced pay. And this it is asserted, is benefitting the poor man, because he can buy foreign manufactures cheaper than he can our own, especially under protective specific duties. How is the poor man benefitted by the cheapness of foreign manufactures, when he is thrown out of employment in his regular business, and earning nothing, or working in some other occupation at a price that barely supplies him with the humblest necessaries of life? Does the poor man want railroad or merchant iron? Is it any advantage to him that such manufactures are cheap? No-he may want a good suit of clothes, and English cloths may be very cheap, but for want of proper employment, and good wages, he cannot buy even the cheap British goods.

The rich and comparatively rich, are alone benefitted by the cheapness of foreign manufactures. The policy of the self-styled democratic party, is to make the rich richer, and the poor poorer.—
Their motto in words is—"We are the friends of the poor man." Their motto in practice is-" Provide cheap articles for those that are able to buy, and let the poor look out for themselves." It is the rich who are benefitted by cheap railroad and other iron. It is the rich and comparatively rich, those in comfortable circumstances-who are benefitted by the heapness of foreign manufactures; they one enjoy the benefits of the tariff of 1846. The man who has a well secured, rmanent income, even of but four huned dollars per year, is benefitted by eap goods. He does not depend upon fluctuating wages of labor, and may

obliged to work at greatly reduced wages. Such are the effects upon the poor, growing out of the measures of a party which claims a monopoly of all sympathy for the poor man.

interesting Correspondence.

The subjoined correspondence, which is a part of that recently transmitted to the House of Representatives, was published in the National Intelligencer of Saturday, with a view to show the result of the negotiations between this Government and Great Britain, in regard to the future establishment of Protectorates by the latter over American States. The points to which public attention has been directed in this country for the last three years as those in which it is supposed Great Britain intended to establish Protectorates, were Yucatan and Costa Rica by Mr. Chatfield, the British Charge d'Affairs in Guatemala, was, it now appears, disavowed by that Government, When President Taylor received intelligence of the existence of that treaty, he caused the inquiries, referred to in the correspondence, to be made by the Secretary of State. The Intelligencer says: The result will be viewed with interest relations between the two countries. It will be remarked that this correspondence dates after the recent treaty; and the British disclaimer contained in it, applying, as it does, not only to the Central American, but to all other States, must quiet all those unfounded apprehensions which have been so often expressed as to the intentions of Great Britain in Yucatan and other places. It is highly creditable to the administration of President Taylor. Is not such a result of negotiations far better for us as a nation than the idle assertion, for popular effect, of what is commonly called and supposed the Whig country papers in the State, we to be the Monroe doctrine, followed up, as that assertion has in some instances been, by the practical acquiescence in every aggression upon American liberty which European Powers chose to make?

BRITISH LEGATION, April 29, 1850. SIR: I have the honor to inform you that her Majesty's Government have entirely approved of the language which I held to you with reference to your inquiry as to whether it was true that Mr. Chatfield had made a treaty with Costa Rica, taking that Republic under British protection, and of the assurance I then gave you that I did not believe, from the opinions which I had heard her Majesty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs express, that he could have authorized Mr. Chatfield to make any sympathy of those who think and act treaty placing the Republic of Costa Rica under the protection of Her Majesty. I have been furthermore instructed to state to you that the British Government has not made, and has no intention of making, any treaty or arrangement with Costa Rica for taking that State under British protection. I am also desired to add, that it would be contrary to the fixed and settled policy of Great Britain to entangle herself by any engagement to protect distant States over whose policy and conduct it would be impossible for the British Government to exercise any effective control. Such a protectorate would confer no possible advantage on Great Britain, and might become the source of many embarrassments to her. I avail myself of this opportunity to renew to you the assurauce of my highest consideration.

H. L. BULWER. Hon. J. M. CLAYTON, &c.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, Washington, April 30, 1850. } Sir: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of the 29th instant, informing me that her Britanic Majesty's Government sve entirely approved of the you held, and the assurance which you gave poor man." The "poor man" stands to me, with reference to my inquiry, as to whether it was true that Mr. Chatfiield had made a treaty with Costa Rica, taking that Republic under British protection; that you have been furthermore instructed to state to me, that your Government has not made, and has no intention of making, any treaty or arrangement with Costa Rica of that kind, and that you are also directed to add, that it would be contrary to the fixed and settled policy of Great Britain to entangle herself by any engagement to protect distant States, over whose policy and conduct it would be impossible for her to exercise any effective control.

I take pleasure in expressing the satisfaction with which this Government has received this friendly assurance from that of her Britanic Majesty, the more especially as it cannot fail to CELEBRATED COMPOUND HEMLOCK PLASTER. strengthen the bonds of amity now existing between our respective countries.

I avail myself of this opportunity to renew

to you, sir, the assurances of my distinguished consideration. JOHN M. CLAYTON. Right Hon. Sir H. L. Bulwer, &c.

OF A Chinaman in San Francisco, by the name of As-Sing, keeper of a Restaurant, left open a cess-pool on his premises, into which one of the citizens chanced to fall, and the result was an action for damages. In the note addressed by the sufferer's lawyer to John Chinaman, the following reply (in good Chinese) was returned without delay:—" By the laws of the Celestial Empire, which have been in force 0.7 A. from the time of Confucius to the reign of the present illestrious Taukwang, it is provided that when a man trespasses upon another's grounds, and thereby falleth into a sink, he shall get nothing but dirty clothes, unless he chall happen to be an outside barbarian, in which case he shall also get laughed at. As-Sing believes those laws still in force in all parts of the world, and also in California. But, if Mr. E. thinks otherwise, he can trot that officer along with the writ." The proceedings were dropped.

RIGHTS OF MARRIED WOMEN .- A very important opinion has recently been delivered by Judge King, in the Court of Common Pleas of Philadelphia, in reference to the rights of husbands over the property of their wives under the act of 11th April, 1850, of which opinion

the Daily News gives the following abstract: George N. Gamble's Estate .- In this case, the point decided was, that since the act of 11th April, 1850, the husband of a wife, the owner of real estate in her own right, has no interest in such estate-that he cannot either sell, lease, charge or encumber in any way, without her consent—that the only interest he has in such considered comparatively rich. Such estate, if it can be called an interest, is his expectant right therein, for life, in the event of the wife dying intestate, seized thereof-that this orem duties. The poor man suffers st. The poor—those who labor in the ploy, form the most numerous portion our citizens. They are thrown out of representatives under the intestate law—the rights of both resting alike on the wife dying intestate.

LYNCH LAW IN VIRGINIA .- Culpepper Court House, Va., has been the scene of a great outrage against the laws, and an act of fiendish inhumanity, which is thus noticed in the Fredericksburg Recorder:

In Culpepper, on Wednesday last, a lawless mob assembled at the Court House, and though resisted by the Sheriff at the jail door, entered the jail and took therefrom by force, William Grayson, a free negro, charged with the murder of David W. Miller, and hung him by the neck until he was dead. The Superior Court of Culpepper had twice convicted Grayson, and the General Court had twice granted him a new trial. In the last opinion the General Court "Upon the whole case we are of opinion, that the testimony is not only not sufficient to prove the guilt of the accused, but that it is hardly sufficient to raise a suspicion against him. The judgement must therefore be reversed and a new trial awarded." This infuriated mob, consisting as we regret to learn, in part of justices of the peace, and of members of christian churches, have thus by violence reversed the decision of the highest criminal tribunal in the State, and been guilty of a foul, cowardly and fiendish murder, and that too of a helpless free negro, with none to defend him, nor avenge his wrongs. Grayson, we learn, avowed his innocence on the gallows. One minute was given him in which he was told he was to confess his guilt; this he refused to by all who properly prize the value of amicable do, and told them to execute him at once, which they did.

Awful Fatality.

We copy the following from the Rising Sun (Ia.) True Whig of the 20th instant :- A man from Pennsylvania, (name unknown,) with a wife and six children, left Cincinnati one day last week, in a skiff, intending to go to Madison, and when arriving at North Bend his wife was taken with the cholera and died in a few hours, her husband nailing a rough box together and embedding it in the sand, where he left her. On arriving at Millersburg, a few miles below this place, all of the children died but one, and were buried in a like manner. The next day the father died, and was buried on a sand bar by a fisherman. This completed the whole family, with the exception of a girl three or four years old, who is now living with the fisherman who buried her father. This is certainly one of the most remarkable cases of and fashionably.

fatality on record. The surviving girl is not Fine Blk French Dress Ceats from \$7½ to 10,00 sufficiently advanced in years to give an accurate account of their erigin or destination, the above being the history furnished our informant by the old man previous to his death

Some thirty years ago a clothier in this State, remarked to a friend, "Look at that young man just passing-the best workman in my shop-he is going to make a fool of himself. by leaving a good trade to study law." That young man is now President of the United States. "Wise judges are we of each other!" New York Express,

A spoonful of horseradish put into a pan of milk will preserve the milk sweet for soveral days, either in the open air or a cellar, while other milk will turn.

100 kegs NAILS, at \$4.25 per keg, for jy19 sale by WM. REWALT. \$4.25 per keg for best Duncannon Nails, F. J. HOFFMAN.

REEN'S Celebrated Vermifuge.—This Vermifuge, so justly celebrated, is too well known to publish anything in its praise. For sale at

A. A. BANKS'
ap12
Diamond Drug Store.

ORANGES, (fresh) LEMONS, FIGS, RAISINS. PRUNES, &c., at A. A. BANKS' my31 Diamond Drug and Variety store.

DLAIN and Fancy Envelopes, Note Paper, Letter and Writing Paper, Quills, Steel Pens, &c., &c., for sale at the Diamond Drug and Variety Store of A. A. BANKS.

DR. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT. Hair Tonic, Carminative, for sale by J. B. MITCHELL. Lewistown, march 22, 1850.

UST received and for sale at the Diamond Drug Store, Dr. S. P. Townend's Sarsa-Parilla; Davis' Pain Killer—a destroyer of all pain; Dr. DUNLAP'S AROMATIC CONFECTION for Piles; ASIATIC BALSAM, for Diarrhea, &c.; EXTRACT OF AMERICAN OIL, by
July 26-tf A. A. BANKS, Agent. July 26-tf

Needler's

IIIGHLY recommended as a counter-irritant in the cure and relief of Pulmonary and Rheumatic affections; also, local pains in Neuralgic diseases of the body, weakness of the chest, back, &c. For sale only by J. B. MITCHELL. may10

WM. REWALT AS just received a large supply and variety of GROCERIES, which he will

sell at city prices. Sugar, Coffee, Teas, Molasses, Liquors, Fish, Salt, Plaster, &c. Also, Lumber, Coal, Nails, and all leading articles

OF As the business will be transacted strictly on the Cash principle, I can sell you goods as low as any other house in town. calling at my store, (west end of Elizabeth street, at the lock on Penna. canal) you can be convinced of this fact.

30 Uniforms,

NEW and made in the most substantial man-ner, according to the requirements of the aw regulating the Uniformed Militia of this State. Patriotic young men, desirous of keeping up this important arm of our defence, will find this a rare opportunity for procuring cheap uniforms. For further information apply to WM. REWALT. Lewistown, July 19, 1850-3t.

Operations on the Teeth. J. N. SUMNER, DENTIST,

WOULD inform the public that he has returned to Lewistown with the view of making it his permanent place of residence, and is now ready to be consulted on the business of his profession. His Office is in the front room of the second story of the Bank. [my24tf

EAD PIPES, 11 to 2 inches, for sale by jy26tf F. G. FRANCISCUS.

75 sett English and American Wagon Boxes 25 sett English Tire Iron, 1 g to 4 in. broad Articles of this kind always on hand by Jy261f F. G. FRANCISCUS.

ATERVILLE Manufacturing Co.'s superior Pen and Pocket Cutlery-manufactured by the Waterville Manufacturing duced in the cities. Light eyes have hereto-company, Waterbury, Conn. An invoice of fore been an obstacle in the way of securing the above splendid American Cutlery just received. Premiums were given for these goods at the New York and Philadelphia Institutes—
rivaling in quality and finish W. rivaling in quality and finish Westenholm and for sale wholesale and retail by

F. G. FRANCISCUS.

New Shoe Finding Store. 07 pair Ball's celebrated Lasts, assorted 12 sett Boot Trees 10 Clamps

6 sett Schive's Patterns 8 pair Crimping Boards For sale at lowest prices for cash by F. G. FRANCISCUS, July 26-tf Dealer in Shoe Findings,

73 MOROCCO SKINS, Tampico, Madras, Cape, &c.

4 dozen Lining Skins 4 do Binding do 12 sides Upper Leather 1 dozen French Calf Skins do Strait Morocco

do Kid Skins do Red, Blue & Green Morocco Skins do Bronzed do do

2 do Fancy Colored With an assortment of Kit, Files, Rasps, egs, Tools of all kinds, Shoe Thread, &c., at Jy26tf F. G. FRANCISCUS'.

CHEAP CLOTHING,

Room formerly occupied by S. S. Woods, Esq., under the National House.

ALL and see, and Examine for yourselves, and then you will be convinced that I have the cheapest Clothing you ever did see. This stock was not made in the city expressly for the country market, but under my own immediate direction, is neatly made and cut well

Cashmeret Coats, best quality, $7\frac{1}{2}$ to 6,00 $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4,50 Black Casimere Pants 21 to 3,00 If you want to save money and get a good

article, you will call and then be convinced of the truth of the above. J. GALLAHER, Agent.

Lewistown, July 19, 1850.
Colds and Consumption.—I have on hand and for sale a few bottles of medicine for the cure of colds and consumptions. Corns .- I have also a preparation for the

total eradication of corns. DEAFNESS AND EAR ACHE. - Also, a few bottles of medicine for the cure of these trouble-

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a "deed of assignment," executed by John R. Philips, in trust for his creditors, will be offered for sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Lewistown, on SAT-URDAY, August 3d, 1850, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, the following described plantation and tract of land, bounded by land of George Struck on the west Callength in the said of the control of the cont George Strunk on the west, Caldwell's heirs on the north, and Grimminger and others, containing 176 acres, more or less, (land to be surveyed.) There are thereon crected a large stone bank barn, a frame house, and various out-houses.

Also, a good apple orchard and other improvements. The land is nearly all cleared, and a reasonable proportion meadow, or can be made nto a meadow

Persons desirous of purchasing will please call and see the property before the day of sale JOHN C. SIGLER, Assignee. Lewistown, July 12, 1850-ts.

Forward Drops,

CERTAIN REMEDY for Cholera, Diarsold at July 26-tf Diamond Drug Store.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

THE following accounts have been examined and passed by me, and remain filed of record in this office for inspection of heirs, legatees, creditors, and II others in any way interested, and will be presented to the next Orphans' Court of the county of Mifflin, to be held at the Court House in Lewistown, on Plansday, the 8th day of August, 1850, for allowance and configuration. confirmation:

1. The administration account of Peter, John and ames Barefoot, executors of William Barefoot, late of Armagh township, deceased.

2. The administration account of Jacob J. Brilhart, dministrator of Samuel Brilhart, deceased.

3. The administration account of Robert Forgy, dministrator of Jane Coulter, late of Oliver township.

eceased.
4. The administration account of James McKinstry.

nistrator of Richard Montgomery, late of Wayne nship, deceased.

The administration account of John Marsden, acting executor of Jacob Marsden, late of Oliver

teting executor of Sactor Artistets, and the countries of the administration account of Roswell D. Swartz, administrator of Sophia Swartz, late of the Swartz, administrator of Sophia Swartz, late of the borough of Lewistown, deceased.

7. The partial administration account of Peter Harshbarger and David Miller, executors of Isaac Kauffman, late of Oliver township, deceased.

8. The administration account of George W. Coulter, administrator of William Laughlin, late of Wayne township, deceased.

9. The administrator account of J. Vance Crisswell, administrator de benis non cum testamentum annexo of David Hartzler, (Doctor) late of Oliver township, deceased.

10. The administration account of Jacob Detweiler. administrator cum testamentum annexo of Nancy Hartzler, late of Menno township, deceased. 11. The administration account of David Zook and

11. The administration account of David Zook and Jacob Detweiler, date of Union township, deceased.

12. The supplemental and final administration account of Joel Zook and John Kenegy, administrators of Moses Yoder, late of Union township, deceased.

13. The administration account of John K. Metz, exhauntstator, of Francial Rocky, late of Manual Colonial States of Metz, administrator, of Francial Rocky, late of Metz, exhauntstator, of Francial Rocky, late of Metz. ministrator of Emanuel Becht, late of Menno

administrator of Emanuel Becht, late of Menno township, deceased.

14. The administration account of Jesse R. Crawford, administrator of Henry Eisenbise, late of Granville township, deceased.

15. The administration account of William Morrison, acting administrator of William Morrison, late of Union township, deceased.

16. The Grandingship recount of William Mich.

of Union township, deceased.

16. The Guardianship account of William Mitchell, Guardian of C. Carroll Burkholder, minor son of Charles Burkholder, late of Derry township, dec'd.

17. The Guardianship account of Lewis T. Wattson, Guardian of Hannah J. Townsend.

18. The Guardianship account of Isaac Stirk, Guardian of the minor children of Robert Sankey, late of Union township, deceased.

19. The Guardianship account of Joshua Morrison,
Guardian of the minor children of Mathew T. Mays,

late of Granville township, deceased. 20. The Guardianship account of Lewis T. Watt-son, Guardian of the minor children of William Mc-MAGISTRATE'S OFFICE.
CHRIS'TIAN HOOVER,

Justice of the Peace,
CAN be found at his office, in the room receptive with the greatest care and despatch.
Lewistown, July I, 1818—tf.

son, Guardian of the minor children of William McDowell, late of Armagh township, deceased.
21. The administrators of Benjamin Walters, late of the borough of McVeytown, deceased.
22. The administration account of Henry Leattor, administrator of Margaret Foster, dee'd.
23. The account of George W. Thomas, Administrator of James H. Summers, dee'd.
24. The account of John Purcell, Executor of James Drake, deceased.
3. L. Millvaine, Register.
3. Lewistown, July 1, 1818—tf.

DAGUERREOTYPES.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he has taken the room over Mr. John Evans' Chair Manufactory, where he is prepared to make DAGUERREOTYPE LIKENESSES in the highest style of the art. He has possessed himself of all the improvements in the art, and is prepared to give as finished and perfect a picture as can be prothe art, on reasonable terms.

GEORGE H. AUXER. Lewistown, July 19, 1850.

SHOE STORE.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has removed to the old stand of James Parker, next house to Wattson & Jacob's store, where he has made a large ad-

dition to his stock of SHOES and BOOTS; which he will sell CHEAP FOR CASH. He has also increased his facilities for manufacturing, and is now prepared to receive orders for every description and style of work, of the most im proved fashions. He superintends the establishment with strict attention, and from his extensive experience in the business, he feels confident that no customer will go away dissatisfied. He keeps none but the best of workmen, and his work will be well made, and "fit like a boot." He therefore solicits a large share of public patronage.

N. B.-LADIES will find a good assortment suitable for their wear.

DANIEL DONOT. Lewistown, July 26, 1850-3t

Pennsylvania Railroad.

ON and after MONDAY, June 10, 1850, PASSENGER TRAINS will leave Lewistown daily as follows, viz: Eastward at 2 40 a, m., and 9 42 a. m. Westward at 2 50 a. m., and 5 54 p. m.

Fare to Philadelphia, \$5.00.
FREIGHT TRAINS daily, (except Suny.) Arriving from the East at 2 50 a.m., and East at 2 40 a.m.

LIVE STOCK is charged at car load rates. SAM. MILLIKEN, Jr., Ag't. Lewistown, June 14, 1850-tf

FOR SALE. 300 bbls. No. 1, 2 and 3 MACKEREL 50 half-bbls. No. 1 do.

500 sacks SALT do. 200 Dairy do. 10 hhds. city cured HAMS 5 do. Shoulders and SIDES

5 do. Sugar House MOLASSES 10 bbls. N.O. 5 hhds. of SUGAR 10 bbls. Porto Rico & crushed SUGAR 50 Bags of COFFEE

100 Kegs NAILS 20 Boxes GLASS 100 tons Plaster 500 tons Wilbesbarre Coal

200 tons Pine Grove do. 500 tons Lykens Valley do. 10,000 bushels Bituminous do. for Blacksmiths 400,000 feet LUMBER—Boards, Plank &c

100,000 SHINGLES 1,000 bushels OATS 100 bbls. FLOUR

50 bbls. Monongahela WHISKEY By WM. REWALT. Lewistown, July 19, 1850.

LEWISTOWN MILLS.

THE subscriber has again got his Mill started, and wishes to buy a LARGE QUANTITY OF ALL KINDS OF (As formerly prepared by Green & Banks,)

A CERTAIN REMEDY for Cholera Diar, having good Wheat will do well to call and show a sam-A CERTAIN REMEDY for Cholera, Diarplo before they sell, as he thinks he can afford to give
MORE than any person in the place. Those not wishing
to sell and wanting to store, he will receipt after harvest to be kept to the 1st of December, and after that time he will give a receipt to be kept to the lat of August, as he will wish to close all his accounts twice a year, and will not keep any over unless he makes a written contract to that effect. If the person holding the receipt does not sell before the above days, it will be carried out to their credit at market price at the above named time. In giv-ing a receipt, if the wheat is not good, he will mention the reduction per bushel in the receipt, so that when the owner comes to sell there will be no difficulty.

All wheat left in store he will reserve the privilege of

buying, when the owner wishes to self, at 13 cents less than Philadelphia price when the canal is open, and 16 cents less when it is closed, and if he should not buy at these prices, he will only charge one cent per bushel for storage. No interest will be allowed on money left with him for grain, as he will be prepared at all times to pay the cash. he cash.

He will keep all kinds of FLOUR and FEED for sale,

but the orders must be left in the office in the mill, and the cash paid, before the Flour or Feed will be delivered. This arrangement is made to prevent any disappointment as there is no person that has any privilege of selling but the Book-keeper, who enters it on the book and puts the order on a wire for the porter to deliver. This will pre vent any mistake from being made in the filli

JOHN STERRETT. Lewistown, June 28, 1850-tf

D. SUNDERLAND & SON. MARBLE MASONS.



OULD respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they still continue to carry on the MARBLE BUSINESS in all its various branches, at their old stand, Corner of THIRD and VALLEY streets, LEWISTOWN,

where they have constantly on hand Marble Mantels, Tombs, Monuments, Grave Stones, &c.

They are prepared to execute all kinds of

Plain & Ornamental Work with neatness and on the most reasonable terms. Thankful for the liberal patronage extended to them, they solicit a continuance of the same. Orders from any part of the country, through

mail, attended to with accuracy and despatch.

July 5, 1850-tf

Philadelphia Advertisements.

N. S. LAWRENCE.

Agent for the sale of Southworth Manufacturing Company's Writing Papers. WAREHOUSE No. 3 MINOR St., Philadelphia. 200 CASES of the above superior PAPERS now in store, and for sale to the trade at the lowest

market prices, consisting in part of—
Fine thick Flat Caps, 12, 14, 15 and 16 lbs., blue & white.
Superfine Medium and Demi Writings, blue and white.
Extra super and superfine Folio Posts, blue and white,

Superfine Commercial Posts, blue and white, plain and aled. Extra super Linen Note Papers, plain and gilt.

Superfine and fine Bill Papers, long and broad.
Superfine and fine Counting-House Caps and Posts, lue and white. Extra super Congress Caps and Letters, plain and ruled,

due and white. me and winte.

Extra super Congress Caps and Letters, glit.

Superfine Sermon Caps and Posts.

Superfine blue linen thin Letters.

Extra super Bath Posts, blue and white, plain and ruled. Embroidered Note Papers and Envelopes. "Lawyer's" Brief Papers. Superfine and fine Caps and Posts, ruled and plain, blue and white, various qualities and prices. Also, 1000 reams white and assorted Shee Papers, Bon-

net Boards, white and assorted Tissue, Tea, Wrapping, Envelope, assorted and blue Mediums, Cap Wrappers, Hardware Papers, &c. July 26-6m

Philadelphia and Liverpool LINE OF PACKETS.

SHIPS.
BERLIN, 700 tons,
SHENANDOAH, 800 "
MARY PLEASANTS, 500 " James West. J. Q. Bowne. Henry F. Miercken EUROPE, 700 "Henry F. Miercken. The above ships will sail punctually, on their appointed

From Philadelphia on the 10th of each month. From Liverpool on the 1st of each month. Taking Steam on the Delaware.

For passage, apply to For passage, apply to

SAMUEL PLEASANTS,

No. 37 Walnut street, Philadelphia.

12- Parties will find these superior first class SHIPS most desirable conveyances for bringing out their friends, the accommodations in second cabin and steerage being of he most airy and capacious description. 65- Also Drafts for sale, payable in all parts of England, Ireland and Scotland, from one pound upwards. February 2, 1850-1y

The Great China Store

OF PHILADELPHIA. THANKFUL to the citizens of Lewistown and its vi-L cinity for their increased custom, we again request their company to view our large and splendid assortment of China, Glass and Queensware. Dinner sets, tea sets, toilet sets, and single pieces, either of Glass, China or Stone Ware, sold in quantities to suit purchasers, for less than they can be had elsewhere—in fact at less than wholesale prices. American and English BRITTANIA METAL GOODS, in greater variety than ever before offered in the city. Eases China in great variety, very offered in the city. Fancy China in great variety, very cheap. 25-We would invite any person visiting the city to call and see us—they will at least be pleased to walk around our beautiful store, and to view the finest China

and the cheapest the world produces. Very respectfully,
TYNDALE & MITCHELL,
No. 219 Chestnut street, Philadelphia. September 22, 1819-1y.

E. HICKS JONES,

Wholesale Wooden, Willow-Ware, Broom, Brush, Comb, Looking Glass and Variety Store, No. 13 North Second Street, Philadelphia, under J. Sidney Jones' Carpet Warehouse,

HAVING enlarged my STORE, have on hand and am constantly manufacturing and receiving from the eastern states and Europe, additions to my stock.

Cedar Ware.—500 nest Cedar and 100 nest painted Tubs.

400 barrel and 200 staff Churns, 100 dozen Cedar and 660 dozen painted Pails, 200 dozen Wash Boards, 100 dozen part Sugra, and Elous Roses. wash Boards, 100 dozen wash Boards, 100 dozen nest Sugar and Flour Boxes; Spigots, Spoons and Ladles.

Willow Ware.—600 nest Market and 200 nest Clothes Baskets, 400 Willow Coaches, Chairs and Cradles; a large

assortment of French and Domestic Baskets.

Brooms and Brushes.—10,000 Wire Brooms, 10,000 Shaker Brooms, 200 dozen each Wall, Paint, Scrubbing, Shae and Horse Brushes; Tooth, Shaving, Cloth and Hair

Brushes of every style.

Combs. - 2000 dozen Fancy Combs, of various patterns, side, neck, pocket, dressing and fine-tooth Combs of vari-

Looking Glasses of Pine, Cherry, Walnut, Mahogany and Gilt Frame—all sizes and patterns; German, French and English Looking Glass Plates of all sizes from 7 by 9 up to 72 by 120—(packing insured to all parts of the Union)— together with a large assortment of Variety Goods to numerous to mention. The attention of Merchants is respectfully solicited to the examination of my stock, all of which will be sold low for cash or city ac as to anticipate any competition that can be offered.

Wholesale & Retail CLOCK STORE,

No. 238 Market street, above Seventh, South side

PHILADELPHIA. ALTHOUGH we can scarcely estimate the value of TIME commercially, yet by calling at the above a tablishment, James Barber will furnish his friend, among whom he includes all who duly appreciate in fleetness, with a beautiful and perfect Index for marking its progress, of whose value they can judge.

His extensive stock on hand, constantly changing in conformity to the improvements in taste and style of

pattern and workmanship, consists of Eight-day and Thirty-hour Brass Counting House, Parlor. Hall, Church, and Alarm CLOCKS, French, Gothic and other fancy styles, as well as plain, which from his extensive connection and correspondence with the manufacturers he finds he can put at the lowest cash figure, in any quantity, from one to a thousand, of which he will warrant the accuracy. hich he will warrant the accuracy. 5- Clocks repaired and warranted. Clock Trimmings

JAMES BARBER, 238 Market st. Philadelphia, August 18, 1849-1y.

OLIVER EVANS, No. 61 South Second street, Philadelphia,

Manufacturer of Salamander, Fire and Thief Proof Iron
Chests, with Pewder Proof Lecks,
AND WARRANTED equal to any other make for security against Fire or Burglars, having withstood the
test of both, without injury or loss to the owners.
Also—In store and for sale, Letter Copying Presses and
Books: Seal Presses for Corporations, Banks, Sec. Proc

Books; Seal Presses for Corporations, Banks, &c.; Drug-gists' Presses with Cylinders and Pans; Hoisting Ma-chines for Stores, Factories, &c.; Portable Shower Baths of a new and superior construction, intended for either Cold or Warm water; Refrigerators for cooling and preserving Meats, Butter, Milk, &c., in the warmest weather, suitable to stand in any part of the house or cellar; Water Filters, warranted to purify muddy or bad water, whether affected by Rains, Marl, Limestone, or any other cause. [Phila. March 2, 1850—ly

PAPER! PAPER! No. 21 Bank street, Between Market and Chesnut, and 2d and 3d streets,

PHILADELPHIA. MIE subscribers beg leave to call the attention of coun I try buyers to their assortment of papers, embracing the different varieties of Printing, Hardware, Writing, Envelope, and Wrapping papers, Tissue papers white and assorted colors, also Bonnet and Box Boards, &c. Being engaged in the manufacture of printing papers, hey solicit orders from printers for any given size, which will be furnished at short notice, and at fair prices

DUCKETT & KNIGHT. No. 21 Bank street, Philadelphia,

M. MONTGOMERY, Boot & Shoe Mainfacturer,

MARKET STREET LEWISTOWN. MONTINUES to manufacture, to order, every description of BOOTS AND SHOES, on the most reasonable terms .--Having competent workmen in his employ and using good stock, his customers, as well as all others, may rely upon getting a good article,

well made and neatly finished. January 22, 1848 -tf.