## THE GAZETTE. LEWISTOWN, PA.

FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 24, 1850.

### TERMS

### ONE DOLLAR PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.

For six months, 75 cents.

IFAll NEW subscriptions must be paid in advance. If the paper is continued, and not paid within the first month, \$1.25 will be charg-ed; if not paid in three months, \$1.50; if not paid in six months, \$1.75; and if not paid in nine months, \$2.00.

### COUNTY MEETING.

The Whigs of Mifflin county are requested to assemble at MOYER's HOTEL, on

Saturday Evening, June 8, 1850, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the State Convention to be held on the 19th of that month. A Canal Commissioner, Auditor General, and Surveyor General are to be nominated.

By order of the County Committee.

### Renew your Subscriptions.

Those who wish to take advantage of the Secretary of the Treasury paid the princimoney, as a DOLLAR will now pay for a advisement, we leave our readers to deteryear-a fact worth remembering.

IP The steamer Europa arrived at Halifax on the 20th, with dates from Liverpool to the 11th inst. The markets for cotton and his Cabinet. and produce were firm. With the exception of the settlement of the difficulties between Greece and England there is no M. MEKEDITH, Secretary of the Treasury, most wealthy and distinguished portion of the creole Cuban population, is now moving with news of moment

Then, as now, the adventurers comprised ible testimony that the Tariff for Proteccause against the Spaniards, robbing, plun- ple who purchase and use, the manufacdering and too often murdering, all who tured article, as is contended by the locofo- the President has directed a naval force to pronecessary for its own safety to put them nishes tabular statements, from one of ganized in the United States from landing. down, but many years elapsed before the which "showing the effects of American fruits of such lawless acts were extirpated competition in the reduction of prices,"

of years editor of that excellent journal 6 cents per pound; in '39 at 6\$; in '40 now within arm's length of the "organ,"

### Raising of Salaries.

tion to the fact that the late Legislature be- yearly declined from 51 cents per pound came extremely liberal with the people's to 34. The same result took place with To the Senate and House of Representatives of the an Irishman, of about forty-five years of age. money after they voted themselves three axes, hollow ware, screws, but-hinges,

THE GALPHIN CLAIM .- The Committee appointed to investigate this matter have reported, and the facts on which all agreed are as follows :

The Committee have not been able to discover any evidence that Gov. Crawford ever availed himself of his official position, or of the social relations it established between himself and the other members of the Cabinet, to influence the favorable determination of this claim. The claim was never the subject of Cabinet

deliberation, and it is due to candor and to truth that the Committee should express their conviction, that nothing has been disclosed by the tes-timony to induce them to believe that the Sec-retary of the Treasury, or the Attorney General, was aware until the claim was adjudicated, that Gov. Crawford had agency or interest in it. There was nothing unusual in the circumstances attending the adjustment or payment of the principal or interest of this claim, or any departure from the ordinary course of business in the Treasury Department.

As to the claim itself the committee are divided in opinion. One portion contends that the claim was not a just one, and that the law did not authorize the payment of interest, although the words expressly say that whatever is " justly due" shall be paid. Four others say that the claim, principal and interest, is just. With the further statement that a locofoco Congress passed the act directing the Secretary to examine The present and ensuing month closes the claim and pay what was justly due-that mine whether the locofoco papers have not overstepped the bounds of truth and justice, and exhibited an over-anxious desire to bestow unmerited censure on Gen. Taylor

> We are indebted to the Hon. WM. for a bound volume of his interesting Re-

from the seas and islands of the West Indies. we extract the following important facts : Cut nails, (of which none were imported) JOHN L. CAREY, Esq., for a number were supplied in 1835-'36-'37, and '38 at will doubtless cause it to play some rich airs. cents per pound. When that act enabled American Industry and ingenuity to enter The Harrisburg Telegraph calls atten. the market-from 1842 to 1849-the price

### The Cuban Expedition.

There is no longer any doubt that the attempt is to be made-if it has not already been commenced-to wrest the island of Cuba from the Spanish authorities. The first of the expedition has already sailed, numbering some four or five thousand men, most of whom, as well as officers in command, were engaged in the Mexican war. With this force, at the head of which is Gen. Narciso Lopez, it is proposed to effect a landing, immediately after which an equal if not a larger force, now in rapid course of organization, will be despatched to their aid. It is said that 10,000 men have already been enlisted, and that the advance portion have 100 pieces of artillery. The second expedition, it

is said, is to be under the command of General Quitman. The whole affair has been conducted with great secrecy, and with more careful calculation and preparation than the last; but notwithstanding this secrecy, the Spanish authorities have taken alarm, and are prepared to give the invaders a stout resistance, so that the island, if it is to be conquered, can be so only after a most desperate conflict, for the Spanish troops are for the most part well disciplined and brave.

The adventurers calculate largely upon aid from the inhabitants of Cuba, to whom as well as to the army, Gen. Lopez has issued addresses, declaring his purposes to be to liberate the islthe year for a large number of subscribers. James K. Polk signed it-that Mr. Polk's and, and inviting their co-operation. He appeals to the soldiers as their former General, advance terms, had better send on their pal and held the matter of interest under and invites them to join his standard. We learn also, from a reliable source, that the schism which has heretofore existed between a portion of the patriots of Cuba and Gen. Lopez, subject. in consequence of objections to Gen. Lopez's plan, has been healed, Gen. L. having convinced them of the entire feasibility of the plan he proposes, and that the Consejo Cubano, ful observance of the organic law. which is composed of a large number of the most wealthy and distinguished portion of the

energy in order to raise and organize an addiport on the Finances ; to Hon. Mr. CALVIN tional force of 5,000 men, to co-operate with The Buccaneering System which for the first volume of the Message and Gen. Lopez. For this purpose 1,000 stand of partialities. existed in the 17th and 18th centuries, and Accompanying Documents; and to Hon. arms of different descriptions have been purfinally resulted in piracy, seems to be re- JAMES COOPER and others for similar favors. chased, and are now in the possession of the vived in the expedition against Cuba .- Mr. Meredith's report gives incontrovert- agents of the Consejo Cubano, which body has delegated Sr. Pedro de Aguero to make all nemen of all nations, who made common tion does not increase the price, to the peo- cessary arrangements in this country to pro-

In accordance with our treaty stipulations, resisted. The civilized world found it co press. To illustrate this truth he fur- ceed to Cuba and prevent any band of men or-

UNION COUNTY .- The Whigs of Union county assembled in county meeting at New Berlin, on the 14th instant, and appointed Col. A. McClure, of Juniata county, the Senatorial Delegate, and Robt. V. Glover the Representative Delegate to represent them in the next Vandor, and Captains Szabo, Serte, and Udvarthe Baltimore American, has become asso- at 51; in '42 at 47; in '43 and '44 at 41; June State Convention. with instructions to ciated with ALLEN A. HALL, Esq., in the in '45 at 4<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>; in '46-'47 and '48 at 4<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>; support Gideon J. Ball, Esq., for Auditor Geneditorship of the Republic. Mr. Carey is and in 1849 at 4 cents per pound. Thus eral. A committee, consisting of Ner Middleea writer whose graceful sarcasms have often showing that for 14 years the price had warth, John Wilt and George F. Nuller, Esqrs., made old Ritchie feel uneasy, and being gradually fallen. Sad irons, all imported was appointed to request the Hon. Joseph Caprior to the Tariff of 1842, sold at 5 to 6 eey to reconsider his determination not again to be a candidate for Congress.

### THE APPORTIONMENT BILL.

MESSAGE OF GOV. JOHNSTON-HIS REASONS FOR APPROVING IT.

Commonucealth of Pennsylvani

ture of the inequalities of the former bill. 1 Peas sold at 372 cents per peck, and Strawberhad suggested doubts of the constitutionality of its provisions, and had expressed a decided disapprobation of the policy of connecting counties in forming Representative districts; then, as now, believing that it was anti-Republican in its conception, and well calculated to remove the just responsibility of the Representative, a fatal error in a Republican Govern-That these suggestions had no influment. ence upon the Legislature is apparent by the unnecessary connection, by the present bill, of the counties of Fayette, and Westmoreland, of Armstrong, Clarion and Jefferson, and many others that might be enumerated. It is equally manifest that the remarks in relation to counties created since 1790, have produced no

impression. In that message, without the slightest wish to regard the preponderance of political parties, my views of a fair and equitable apportionment were given to the Legislature. From the apparently entire disregard of my suggestions in the construction of the present bill, I could not expect to find, from a continuation of your session, any change in the opinions of members, and hence was forc d to believe that all efforts on my part to carry into effect the spirit of the Constitution, as I understood it, would prove abortive in reconciling the dissimilar sentiments entertained upon the subject.

Impressed with the conviction that it was unsafe to have no legislation on the subject, and that the continuation of your session or your re-assemblage would result, for the reasons stated, in the enactment of no more equitable law than the present, I have felt it to be better, under the circumstances, to give my assent thereto, and although it is far from being such legislation as I could have desired, it is infinitely preferable to the infliction of the wrong upon popular institutions that might, and most probably would, have resulted from your separation without the passage of any law on the

In my humble judgement so gross an infraction of the Constitution would leave the lives, reputation and property of the citizen without the protection and safety guarantied by a faith-

This statement is submitted, that my fellowcitizens may know the reasons, that have influenced me to sign a bill which, I feel is not equitably just to all sections of the State, and which does injustice to the great party with whom I have the honor to concur in political

WM. F. JOHNSTON. EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, Harrisburg, May 15, 1850. 5

### Correspondence of the Gazette.

BALTIMORE, May 21, 1850. MR. EDITOR :- Considerable time having elapsed since I last communicated the "say-ings and doings" of the "Monumental City," presume your readers will not take it amiss if I once more intrude upon your columns. The spring trade having nearly subsided, many of

our wholesale merchants are "lying on their

oars;" yet the city presents a stirring business aspect peculiar to the season. The Methodist Protestant General Conference is now in session here, and has been for twelve days arduously engaged in the transaction of various business connected with the welfare of the church.

dy, arrived in this city during last week, on their way to the South, where a large number of refugees have taken up their residence under the fostering care of Republican institutions. They are fierce looking fellows.

A fatal accident occurred on Saturday evening last, about nine miles from this place, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. An intoxicated man, was lying with his head on the track, and not being perceived by the engineer until too late to stop the train, he was run over and instantly killed. No one knew him, nor could anything be found about his person that would discover his name. He was evidently

About two weeks ago, a man named Foss, GENTLEMEN: -- The Bill entitled " An Act to living on the corner of Franklin and Green deliberately cut his throat, almost totally sevmediately called in, and it was found that he had not committed the deed effectually enough to produce instant death ; but it was believed that nothing could save his life. Since that he has been lying in agony of mind as well as body, the physicians being unwilling to sew the gash, for fear of thereby producing up death. He is unable to converse, but writes his ideas and wishes upon a slate, and his food is given him through the opening in his throat, instead of his mouth. He seems very anxious to live; but poor hopes are entertained of his recovery. No less than three men were arrested during last week, charged with essaulting and beating their wives. I suppose these are examples of the "true love," which it is said. "never runs smooth." They were each committed to jail, to learn, by twenty-four hours reflection, to behave better in future. A German, named John Pesze, who arrived in this city a few days ago, was waylaid in a dark street one night, and robbed of a silver watch and his pocket bock-the latter, howev-Rye er, contained nothing of value. He was no doubt a little " corned" at the time, and conse-Oats quently an easy victim. Several thunder storins have already visited as this Spring, during one of which a house on Market street was struck by lightning, and the roof considerably shattered. The building otherwise sustained no injury. Several ladies, however, who were in the house at the time, were most "awfully frightened." The locofoco Gubernatorial Convention will meet in this city, on Thursday next, for the Potatoes purpose of nominating a candidate for Gover-Quite a number of names are mentioned in connection with that office, but I am unable to form an idea as to who will be the successful aspirant. The number of deaths in this city, for the week ending yesterday morning, was 74, of which 46 were under ten years of age; 8 died of consumption, 6 of scarlet fever, 2 of old oge, &c. The general health of the city is Quite a number of fires occurred during the week, several resulting in very heavy losses to the property holders. At one of these a man named Jacob Shinnick, was badly injured by the falling of a mass of bricks.

I had most distinctly informed the Legisla- from Norfolk, Va., by the steamer Herald. ries at from 25 to 371 cents per quart. Yours, truly. H.

> For the Gazette. Why is it so?

MR. EDITOR :- It occurs to me that there is too much apathy or indifference in the Whig party at this time, or too much confidence in the justness of their principles and the soundness of the public mind. The question may with propriety be asked, Why is it so? Does The question may a skilful General, after the attainment of one victory, quietly sit down and with folded arms recount the many instances of valor and patriotism that were exemplified on that day, while he forgets that time thus spent is taken advan tage of by the enemy, rendering a second victory far more difficult ! Does he not rather, with untiring vigilance, press onward, taking every advantage of the panic created by the first achievement, till by a succession of glorious triumphs the standard of his victorious army floats to the breeze from the topmes height of the enemy's citadel? It must be ad-mitted that the Whigs have done wondersthat they have obtained spiendic victories against fearful odds, not in numbers but advantages-for it must be borne in mind that the foe with which they had and have to contend have almost without interruption occupied the vantage ground-yet they were not invincible. They were beaten, and fairly beaten, on ground of their own choosing, and to-day does our widely extended domain, through all its ramifications feel the healthful influence of Whig policy .-Business, in all its departments, is beginning to wear a cheerful countenance, and the blessings of general prosperity gleam on the distant horizon. I would not be understood to say that all that is good originates with the Whigs. and all that is otherwise with the opposition . but I would be understood to say that Whig principles better suit our institutions, are more epublican, and are more democratic than the asted principles of our self-styled democratic

brethren, and only want to be known and felt to be properly appreciated. But is it enough that we have our executive. and one of which our State may well be proud -our enemies themselves being judges-and

that our banner floats over the national capitol Should we act like the unskillal commander who, after the attainment of one victory, builds his hopes of subsequent success on the valor and patriotism of his men, or his own military prowess, and reconnoiters not the position of the enemy, but marches on their strongly fortified entrenchments, and meets an inglorious defeat? Whigs of Mifflin ! Whigs of Pennsylvania! should you continue so inactive ? Are the principles for which you contend of so little value that they merit not some exertion to place them on a firm basis-to make them what they will eventually become, the principles that shall govern our country. You need not be told that you have a wily foe-one that is always on the alert. Know you not that the Commander-in-chief of the contending party is in the field, fed and fattened on the spoils of office, and grown grey in the service of his party, (though many have lost confidence in his steadfastness,) yet is he found the same as he was many years ago-the same in order though believe not in principle. Seeking still more, he fondly cherishes the hope that he can rally the shattered columns of the faithful-that the people can be bamboozled as easily as they used to be, and that the Whig rule can and must be put down. And to this end the fortifications will be examined, and where they are deficient they will be strengthened, and being flushed with the prospect of success that has so often crowned their efforts, they, no doubt, will offer a stubborn resistance. But they are not unconquerable. They have been beaten-but it is not going to be done by inaction. The day before a battle is not the time to drill and equip

### MARRIED

it all is safe.

### \$10 REWARD.

DOCKET BOOK LOST .-- Was lost on Thursday morning, the 23d of May, 1850, between the Bank in Lewistown and the Rail-road, a large Calf Skin Pocket Book, containing four five dollar notes on the Lancaster Bank, and one five dollar bill, bank not recollected, and three dollars in small notes. Also some valuable papers. My name is written on the inside of the pocket book. The above reward will be paid to the person finding it by leaving it with William F. Moyer, Lewistown, JOEL ZOOK

May 24, 1850-1t.

### Operations on the Teeth. J. N. SUMINER, DENTIST.

OULD inform the public that he has returned to Lewistown with the view of making it his permanent place of residence, and is now ready to be consulted on the busi-ness of his profession. His Office is in the front room of the second story of the Bank. [my24th

# SABBATH SCHOOL BOOKS.

DERSONS wishing to purchase any of the interesting and instructive publications of the AMERICAN SUNDAY SCHOOL UNION, either for Sabbath Schools or families, can be supplied at the residence of JOSEPH MILLIKEN, opposite the Town Hall, Lewistown. I have now on hand a variety of Libraries.

" The Sunday School and Family Library" consists of 100 select volumes, from 72 to 252 pages, 18mo., substantially bound with muslin backs and marbled paper sides. Only \$10 for the Library. Also, The Village and Family Library at 630

7	mi an in and rathing i	ciutary, at	20.00
	The Child's Cabinet	**	2.50
,	The Juvenile	**	5.00
	The Youth's	41	0.25
	The Infant's	**	0.124
	LIST OF OTHER Biblical Antiquities,	R BOOKS:	

" Dictionary, Way of Life,

Cottage Lectures.

Bunyan's Holy War, &c. &c. &c. This Depository will be kept in this place until about the middle of August.

It will be seen by examining these books, together with a catalogue of the publications of the American Sunday School Union, that they are sold as cheap as they can be had for in the Philadelphia depository. S. J. MILLIKEN,

Agent for the Am. Sun. Sch. Union. N. B .- It is my intention to visit during the summer, Huntingdon and Mifflin counties, for the purpose of establishing Sabbath Schools, and supplying with books those schools already established. The first several months will be spent in Huntingdon county. May 24. 1850-3t

S. J. M.

### TURNPIKE ELECTION. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Milheim and East Kishacoquillas Turnpike Com-pany, That there will be an election held at house of WM. BROTHERS, in Reedsville, Mifflin county, on THURSDAY, 20th of June, 1850, to elect one President, five Managers, and one Treasurer, to conduct the affairs of said Road till the first Monday of November, 1850. By order of the Commissioners.

DANIEL KREAMER, Pres't WM. C. DUNCAN, Secretaries. may24-td

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

**B**<sup>Y</sup> virtue of an Alias Order of Sale to me directed from the Orphans' Court of Mifflin county, I will expose to sale at the Court House, in the borough of Lewistown, on

MONDAY, July 8th, 1850. untiring vigilaace. Without it all is lost-with at 2 o'clock in the afternoon the following described REAL ESTATE, late of GEORGE SCHWARTZ, deceased, to wit:

One half lot of ground situate on the north nde of Third street, in Lewistown, being 30 feet more or less on said street, and extending back same width to public alley, adjoining lot of Rev. J. Rosenberg on the east, and lot of Wm. B. Hoffman on the west, having thereon a one and a half story frame dwelling house, and other improvemente. TERMS.-One half of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale, and the other half to be paid in one year thereafter, with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the property, D. M. CONTNER,

dollars a day for the whole session. They raised the salaries of the Canal Commissioners from three to four dollars per day. and those of all the heads of departments : but the Governor being a Whig, was ed to others, and was therefore left with the salary as it was cut down by the re- ing sons, as a just reward for their toil, enform bill.

The Whigs of Ohio have nominated and Woollen Goods prove that the same WILLIAM JOHNSTON, of Cincinnati, as their result is true in that branch of industry. candidate" for Governor. The Johnstons are a formidable band, and this one seems to be of the same kin as our Governor .---In his answer, after stating that the position was one neither to be sought nor declined, sheet, it is of great value. The trial of Sarah he says, " a very few days will suffice to Good, for witchcraft, at Salem, 150 years ago, make my arrangements, and then I shall so graphically described by John Neal, is here take the stump."

ticulars of a distressing suicide in Mifflin- "Raising the First Liberty Pole," is another town on Tuesday of last week. The rash fine large engraving-the subject being taken act was committed by Mr. ABRAM GETZ, and is supposed to have been caused by pecuniary difficulties. He attached a short rope to a steeple about four or five feet from the floor, and there, in a sitting posture, hung himself. He was a young man in the prime of life, and leaves a wife and with Washington's own signature. Altogether child to mourn his loss.

appointed Agent for the Telegraph Station will be opened in a few weeks.

The village of Corning, in Steuben county, New York, on the line of the Erie Railroad, has been nearly destroyed by fire. The fire occurred on Saturday, in the Corning and Blossburg Depot, which consumed all the business portion of the village from the Clinton House to the lower end of the village, destroying property to the amount of over three hundred thousand dollars. There is not a store. grocery, bank or any other building left, except two public houses and what few private residences there were in the west end of the village-The Elmira fire companies went to their aid, but could not save the property. The town is situate on the Chemung river, and has a population of over a thousand persons.

pins, files, &c., clearly demonstrating that we perfect our machinery, and systematise and organise our plans of operation, our cles at a less price ; while our own deservjoy enduring competency. Similar tables, in relation to the manufacture of Cotton

### The Fourth of July at Hand!

Wilson & Co.'s grand Jubilee Pictorial BRoin New York. As an illustrated historical presented (from a spirited original design by

Matteson) in a large and finely wrought picture 13" The Juniata Sentinel gives the par- occupying an entire page of the Jonathan. from Fenno Hoffman's description of that interesting revolutionary event in the Mohawk Valley. Besides these grand features, the JONA-THAN abounds in fun and satire for juvenile readers; and two of the inner pages are occupied by "Washington's Farewell Address," printed in a beautiful script running hand, and this famous Jubilee Pictorial is superior to any we have seen in former years. The price is, 13 C. C. SPOTSWOOD, Esq., has been as usual, 12 cents per copy, or ten copies for \$1. For sale by Wilson & Co., New York, and at this place. The office, we understand, at the book store of Joseph M. Cogley, Lewistown.

" THOUGHTS ON DOMESTIC LIFE-its Concord and Discord-with suggestions how to promote the one and avoid the other: By Nelson Sizer," is a new work of much interest, from the popular press of Fowlers & Wells, New York .--Price 121 cents.

. THE STUDENT: a Family Miscellany and Monthly School Reader," for May, 1850, from the same press, is an admirable periodical, which ought to be extensively circulated.

" THE STORY OF A FAMILY : by the author of the Living Age, Boston, and by Getz & Buck, No. 3, Hart's Buildings, Philadelphia, is an intcresting work.

ZINE have been received.

our labor once protected, not only excludes and form the State into Districts in pursuance fix the number of Senators and Representatives streets, while laboring under mental aberration, the product of foreign labor, but that as of the provisions of the Constitution," has re- ering the jugular vein. Physicians were imceived my approval, and, therewith, become a law.

I have signed this bill with great reluctance, deemed unworthy of the liberality extend- citizens are furnished with the same arti- and feel that a brief statement of the peculiar circumstances in which I have been placed will farnish satisfactory reasons for my action thereon. The Constitution requires the apportionment the State to be made by the present Legislature; that duty was the most important devolving upon your honorable bodies, and its omission would have been a gross wrong to the people whose confidence in your wisdom and patriotism had induced them to invest you with the powers and trusts of Representatives. A failure to perform this oath-bounded obligation would have produced wide spread excitement THER JONATHAN is now issuing from their press and alarm, and would, if the voice of passion and prejudice was heard and obeyed, have resulted in great outrage to the peace and pros-

perity of our beloved Commonwealth. It is fair to presume, that for some valid reason, a bill for the purpose of districting the State was delayed in its presentation to me until the 4th day of April last, being a period of three months and four days after the meeting the Legislature. This bill I could not approve, and to prevent any unnecessary delay n the transaction of the public business, within five days, to wit, on the 9th of April, I returned the same to the House of Representatives, in which it originated, with my objections detailed, in as succinct a form as it was possible for me to put them. From that time until the 14th day of May, being a period of more than one month, no other bill for a similar purpose presented to the Executive Department. At 4 o'clock yesterday evening, within less than 24 hours of the time fixed by both branches of the Legislature for final adjournment, the act now under consideration was presented to me, thus allowing the Executive less than half a day for the consideration of a measure to the deliberation and construction whereof a co-ordinate branch of the government had devoted, among other less important measures, upwards of four mouths.

I was thus suddenly called upon either to approve the bill presented to me, or by refusal, permit the great constitutional injunction, requiring the apportionment to be made at this session, to be neglected and disregarded, or, as an extreme measure, to call together the Assembly by Proclamation, to enable them to perform a constitutional duty, the obligation whereof they knew existed at the time of their adjournment.

I believed that a refusal to sign the bill might productive of great injury to the Commonwealth, disturb the peace of the community. the Maiden Aunt," published at the office of spread confusion and outrage over the land, and ssibly do violence to the great charter of our liberties. The re assembling by Proclamation, of the present Legislature might, and most

consumed.

The usual number of smaller casualities, knock-downs, riots, pettry larcenies, &c., took place; but the majority I apprehend are important only to those most nearly interested.

The weather has been somewhat fluctuating -rain, wind, and heat alternately taking their turn.

Our markets have lately been overstocked with fresh vegetables. Radishes, 2 cents per bunch of twelve. Young Onions, 1 cent per bunch of five or six. Salad, 1 cent per head, the present Legislature might, and most ounce of the distance The February, March, April, May and June numbers of SEARS' PICTORIAL FAMILY MAGA-a tax-burthened people would be unnecessarily on Saturday morning, 600 bushels of the former and 500 quarts of the latter having been brought

On Thursday, 16th inst., in Huntingdon, by C. S. Black, Esq., Mr. FERDINAND H. KIEFHABER and Miss MARGARET J. CULLEN, both of Green

the soldiery. Vigilance alone will save us-

Brier, Wayne township, Mifflin county. On Tuesday, 14th inst., in Hollidaysburg, by Rev. D. M'Kinney, Mr. R. R. BRYAN and Miss MARTHA M. GREGG, all of that place.

A WHIG.

On Thursday, 16th inst., by Rev. D. P. Rosenmiller, J. J. E. NAILLE, Esq., and Miss CATHA-RINE ANN BARNITZ, both of Hanover, York co. On Tuesday, 14th inst., by Rev. Joseph Sharp, DAVID H. ROACH and Mrs. MARY GETZ, all of this place.

### DIED.

On Wednesday, April 10th, at the residence of her father, Mrs. MARY ANN, consort of Mr. Henry Clum, in the 33d year of her sge.

On Friday, 17th inst., at the same place, MARY Ass, daughter of Mary Ann and Henry Clum, aged 8 weeks and 2 days.

### THE MARKETS.

Lewistown, May 24, 1850. Paid by Dealers. Retail. \$4 37124 50 \$5 00 Flour Wheat, white 100 1 10 red 95 1 05 50 311 Corn. 44 Cloverseed old, 3 00 Do 3 00 new. Flaxseed 1 00 1 25 Timothyseed -2 00 Butter, good -121 Eggs Lard Tallow 60

PHILADELPHIA, May 23, 1850.

10

FLOUR AND MEAL .- The decline in Flour noticed in our last report has been recovered. Sales of 3,000 bbls, common and good brands at \$5 124a5 183 per bbl. For city consumption. the salesare limited within the range of \$5 125 a5 621 for common and extra brands. Rye Flour-900 bbis. sold at \$2 871, and one lot at \$2 94 per bbl. Corn Meal is firm. Sales of

500 bbls. at \$2,871. GRAIN-There is a good demand for Wheat, and prices have improved. Sales of 26,000 bushels of Red at \$1 13a1 14, and White at \$1 19a1 21 per bushel, closing at the highest rates. Rye-1,000 bushels of Pennsylvania sold at 61 cents. Ccrn has been in good demand, and 25,000 bushels Yellow sold at 61 cents. Oats are scarce. Sales of 5,000 bush els Pennsylvania at 41a42 cents per bushel.

BALTIMORE, May 22, 1850. FLOUR is selling to-day at \$5 25 to \$5 371, and Indian Cornat 58 a 60 cents ; an advance since the receipt of the Europa's advices.

ARKET STREET, Lewistown, next door to Judge Ritz's inav24tf

Lewistown, may 24, 1850-6t Trustee.

### Auditor's Notice.

FTHE undersigned having been appointed Auditor to distribute the balance remainng in the hands of JOHN CUPPLES, Esq., edministrator of the estate of JOHN MARTIN, late of Oliver township, dec'd, to those legally entitled to receive it, will attend at his office i Lewistown, on WEDNESDAY, June 26th 1850, for that purpose, where those interested can attend W. J. JACOB. May 24, 1850-4t

### Auditor's Notice.

THE undersigned having been appointed an Auditor to report on exceptions filed, and 60 371 to re-state account if necessary, of THOMAS 56 WATTSON, administrator de bonis non of ALEXANDER CAMERON, late of Armagh township, dec'd, will attend at his office i Lewistown, on MONDAY, June 24th, 1850, 50 for that purpose, where all persons interested may attend if they think proper. 124 May 24, 1850-4t JAS, DICKSON.

### Auditor's Notice,

621 FITHE undersigned having been appointed an Auditor to make distribution of the balance in the hands of MICHAEL MILLER, administrator of HENRY MILLER, late of the State of Ohio, dec'd, will attend at his office in Lewistown, on TUESDAY, June 25th, 1850, for that purpose, where all interested may attend if they see proper. May 24, 1850-4t JAS. DICKSON.

### Auditor's Notice.

Robert M'Manigil, Esq., ) In the Common Sheriff of Mifflin county, Pleas of Mitlin county, vend. exp. now for the United States of America, No. 30, April T. 1850. Property sold US. March 30th, 1850, James Potter.

for \$2530. THE subscriber appointed auditor by the Court of Common Pleas of Mifflin county

to distribute the above proceeds of sale, ap-points TUESDAY, the 18th day of JUNE next, at his office, in Lewistown, to hear the parties interested, when and where they are hereby notified to attend. WM. M. HALL. Lewistowa, may 10, 1850-4t

DR. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT, Hair Tonic, Carminative, for sale by J. B. MITCHELL. Lewistown, march 22, 1850.