

THE GAZETTE. LEWISTOWN, PA. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1849.

TERMS: ONE DOLLAR PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE. For six months, 75 cents.

ALL NEW subscriptions must be paid in advance. If the paper is continued, and not paid within the first month, \$1.25 will be charged; if not paid in three months, \$1.50; if not paid in six months, \$1.75; and if not paid in nine months, \$2.00.

Messrs. JOHN C. BAKER & Co. of Philadelphia invite attention to their advertisement offering for sale the new medicine of Cod Liver Oil, which is represented as possessing very valuable qualities.

Mr. S. HOLLIDAY will dispose of a valuable farm in the valley next month. This property, we are assured, is worthy the attention of purchasers who wish to secure a pleasant home.

Mr. JACOB MOHLER, in Dry Valley, offers for sale a lot of fine young trees.

J. THOMAS is in the field with a large assortment of Stoves, &c.

Mr. WATSON will dispose of his stock, &c., on the farm.

Messrs. JAS. MILLIKEN, Jr., & Co. have dissolved partnership.

WATSON & JACOB have a variety of Coal for sale.

V. B. PALMER, Esq., our enterprising advertising agent in Philadelphia, has commenced the publication of a monthly paper at 25 cents per annum, which will no doubt be made an interesting sheet to printers as well as others. City merchants who desire to advertise in the Gazette for cash—trade advertisements not being desired—are requested to give Mr. P. a call at the northwest corner of Third and Chestnut streets, where they can learn terms, &c.

Look Out for Proscription! Since it has been ascertained that Gamble is elected, we have already heard it whispered that the work of decapitating locofoco office holders along the line of canal will be commenced in good earnest in January next. Look out, gentlemen—a set of hungry cormorants, with anaconda maws, are on your track—the guillotine is ready—the axe sharp—the executioners unrelenting—and all you have to do is to bare your necks and submit to the work with as much grace as you can command!

READING RAILROAD.—According to a report of the New England agent, the Reading Railroad is indebted more than seventeen millions of dollars! With such a millstone around its neck, the stockholders had better deliver the whole concern to the creditors at once, as it will certainly never pay them a dividend.

The brig Osceola, on which JAMES A. BANKS, Esq., of this place, was a passenger, arrived at San Francisco, California, on the 5th August, after a voyage of 200 days from Philadelphia.

REDUCTION OF FARE.—The Camden and Amboy Railroad Company have reduced their way fares generally to two and a half cents per mile, on both their roads, and determined to issue season or commutation tickets between New Brunswick and Philadelphia.

OHIO AND PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—The Board of Directors, at their meeting at Massillon, on Saturday, September 29th, placed under contract twenty-seven miles of the line in Ohio, making, with the twenty-three miles in Pennsylvania contracted for in July, fifty miles now under contract. The work in Ohio is to be paid for by the local subscriptions in the counties in which it lies.

Riot and Fire in Philadelphia. On Tuesday night the rowdies of Moyamensing made an attack on the colored population, which ended in the destruction of several buildings by fire and the loss of several lives.

The California House, at the corner of St. Mary and Sixth streets, had long been an object of hostility to the whites. One cause of this was a report that the proprietor of it, a rascally man, had living with him a white woman as his wife. Soon after the rowdies with their blazing wagon reached the corner, an attack was made upon the house. The windows were pelted in with stones, and after a desperate struggle the blacks inside were forced to retreat from the house by the lack way. The active rioters were at this time comparatively few, and half an hour at least elapsed before they gained an entrance into the bar-room. The blacks during this time were not idle, and made several sallies down St. Mary and Seventh streets with bricks for the purpose of driving off the whites. Pistols and guns were occasionally discharged on both sides. It was about 9 o'clock when the rioters effected an entrance into the house, and then the fixtures of the bar-room were broken up and a bonfire made inside the house. The building was soon in flames, and at 12 o'clock at night had extended up St. Mary street, burning two brick dwellings and a carpenter shop back. The heat had also set fire to the frame tavern on the lower corner kept by Mr. McIlvain, and thence fire communicated to the Montgomery House adjoining, and a stable on St. Mary street, belonging to Mr. Bell.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 10. The riots were renewed down town (South-west) this morning, and other buildings were fired. Fire arms and other missiles were freely used, and several persons very badly hurt. At half-past ten o'clock six or eight military companies, headed by the Sheriff and Mayor, marched to the scene of action, took possession of the disturbed district, and planted cannon in the streets to prevent the encroachment of the crowd. A number of fire companies are now in service round the ruins. Several other buildings have been burnt.

Election Returns.

Had any stranger been in Lewistown last year and seen the energy and perseverance with which the whigs labored, and again visited our town on Tuesday last, he could hardly have believed that these men had fallen into such a state of supineness and inactivity as characterized their movements on the latter day. A few, it is true, who are ever at their posts, did all in their power, but so few in number were they, that no attention whatever could be paid to dilatory or doubtful votes. The consequence was that an open field presented itself to our more active opponents, who improved the opportunity with all the skill and tactics for which they are proverbial, and thus achieved a triumph they may well be proud of, and of which the whigs ought to be heartily ashamed. Some cause for dissatisfaction may have existed—not with the ticket, but with other matters to which we may some day refer—but notwithstanding there is no excuse for having voted the entire locofoco ticket, as a considerable number most undoubtedly must have done.

In some of the townships our friends, under the circumstances, did well, while in others the usual apathy that invariably follows a successful campaign prevailed in its full extent. This is certainly a very strange method of supporting those whom the people last year elevated to power. In the case of the National Administration, there are enough slavery men elected to Congress from the South; when joined to their present allies of the north—abolitionists and professing free soilers—to command a majority in that body; and now, in this State, instead of electing a Legislature willing to give the measures of Gov. Johnston a fair trial, they have sent a majority of partisans who will spare no efforts to embarrass him. If the interests of the State should suffer through this negligence—if the people in a few years should be saddled with more taxation to supply the money that will be squandered on the canals, those who aided in bringing about this result, can lay the blame on their own shoulders.

We subjoin the returns for Canal Commissioner, which will vary but little, if any, from the official result:

Table with columns: Districts, FULLER, GAMBLE. Rows include Armagh, Union, Brown, Derry, Decatur, Granville, Lewistown, Menno, Oliver & McVeytown, Wayne & Newton Hamilton, Gamble's majority.

The entire locofoco ticket is elected by about the same majority.

[It being necessary to put our paper to press at an early hour on Friday afternoon, we are unable to give the official returns this week. The Judges meet at so late an hour, that were we to await their action, we should certainly lose one if not two mails.]

JUNIATA COUNTY.—The whigs in this county seem to have sustained as disastrous a defeat as we did in Millin, the whole locofoco ticket being elected by a large majority:

Table with columns: Candidate, Votes. Rows include Gamble loco, Fuller whig, Dimmick loco, Cummings whig, McLaughlin whig, Slifer whig, M'Kinstry loco, Heckman whig, Kepner loco, Notestine whig, Rannels loco.

Guilliver is elected Auditor over Gruber by nearly 300.

In Huntingdon county the whig ticket is elected—Coryn to the Legislature by 600.

In Blair the volunteer candidates for Sheriff and Prothonotary, both half-way whigs, are elected.

In Centre Mr. Curtin, who had come out as a volunteer candidate for Senate, awfully seared the locofocos by reducing their majority to a few hundred in that county.

In Bedford the whole whig ticket is elected. In Dauphin, for a wonder, Wm. D. Boas has been defeated for Prothonotary, and the whole whig ticket elected. Good for Dauphin.

In Philadelphia the independent candidate for Mayor is elected. In the city and county, the locofocos have elected their Sheriff and Register; the Treasurer, Commissioner, Auditor, and Clerk of the Orphans' Court are whigs.

Table with columns: Candidate, Fuller, Gamble. Rows include Cumberland, Blair, Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Allegheny, Westmoreland, Berks, Dauphin, York, Schuylkill, Lancaster, Milford, Juniata, Lehigh, Phila. city, Phila. county, Montgomery, Franklin, Lebanon, Union, Northumberland, Carbon, Monroe, Mercer, Northampton, Susquehanna, Wayne, Huntingdon.

From many other counties the returns are of a scattering character, but enough is known to

show that Gamble is elected Canal Commissioner, and that the Senate and House are both locofoco.

MILLS BURNED.—We regret to learn that the valuable mills of the venerable Bishop Chase, of Illinois, attached to Jubilee College, of which he was the founder, were destroyed by fire a few days since. The loss is eight thousand dollars, there being no insurance upon the property burnt.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9. We learn from Boston that the British brig St. John, from Galway, Ireland, for Boston, struck against the Grampus Rocks on Sunday last about 9 o'clock in the morning, and sunk almost instantly, having broken in pieces. By this painful calamity, it is estimated that 99 passengers found a watery grave. The captain, crew and some passengers were saved by floating on pieces of the wreck. Twenty-five of the dead bodies were washed ashore and picked up on Monday morning.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 8. Five large steamboats lying at our wharf have been destroyed by fire. It broke out on the Falcon last night a little after 11 o'clock, and a strong north wind prevailing at the time, the flames spread with great rapidity. The Illinois caught first, then the Marshal Ney, then the North America, and then the Aaron Hart. Every effort to save them proved unavailing. The Robert Ferris and the America shoved out at the commencement of the fire, and were saved, with but a trifling loss. Of those burnt there are only two hulls now in sight, the others having sunk. The total loss in freight is estimated at a quarter of a million of dollars, of which our insurance offices sustained but little loss.

From California.

The steamer Empire City which left Chicago on the 28th ult., arrived in New York on Tuesday. She brings \$640,980 in gold dust, and 74 passengers.

The United States steamer Edith, it appears, was run ashore on Point Conception, on the 20th August and totally lost. She was bound for Santa Barbara.

The barque Kirkland, Captain Phillips, of and from Baltimore, arrived safely at San Francisco on the 21st August.

The barque Paoli has arrived at San Francisco in two hundred days from Baltimore.

The steamer Empire City brings favorable accounts from the placers in California. Gold continues plentiful as ever but it is very difficult to obtain. New washings have been discovered and old ones forsaken.

The health of San Francisco continues good. The diarrhoea caused much suffering during the month of August, but it is slowly diminishing. The cholera has entirely disappeared from Panama.

The waters of the Sierra Nevada are nearly at their lowest.

Two small steamboats were plying on the river Sacramento.

The Peruvians and Chilians have been pretty thoroughly routed in every section of the Middle and North Forks, and the disposition to expel them seems to be extending throughout the whole mining community. Our advices from the Middle and North Forks are very favorable. One party of twenty on the North Fork, within some twenty miles from the snow, were averaging \$15 per day each. A gentleman direct from the Middle Fork informs us that many of the old miners are doing better this year than last. Yet many are returning, who either have no luck or no energy; we think it a want of the latter commodity.

We learn that a party are operating on the Middle Fork with a submarine armor, by which arrangement they take out many thousands daily of the dust. They think, when they get their apparatus fairly at work, they will average \$10,000 per day.

SUCCESSFUL GOLD DIGGING.

Dr. H. Van Dyke, a member of the North Fork Dam and Mining Association, which company has recently completed a lateral canal at Bull's Bar, a little above the junction of the North Fork with the Rio Americano, has just returned from their scene of operations.—The work of drainage had been completed only three days before he left, and though the company labored under many disadvantages, they had raised in this short time over \$15,000.

Gov. Shannon, of Ohio, ex-minister to Mexico, is now working in the mines of the Rio de los Americanos.

A party of seven arrived at the Dry Diggins on the 14th, having left Missouri on the 5th of May. Among them are Dr. J. H. Dickson, Pa., and E. Green, of Michigan.

The California says there was much sickness at the mines last accounts. The "sickly season" comprises the months of July, August and September. Two small steamers are plying on the Sacramento. The accounts from the placers are very good. The California says: we have no prodigious gold stories to relate, but confining ourselves to the simple assurance of good luck to those who labor, we trust not to defeat the expectations of the most visionary. In fact, all accounts agree that it requires the severest toil, hardship and deprivation in the mines to realize any considerable amount of the golden treasure. The Kanakas of Happy Valley have suffered severely from dysentery, and when we visited them from their wan and faded features, we felt that they longed for the sunshine of their native isles beyond the sea. The Lascars and Chinese endure this climate better, and the latter people do not seem particularly affected by the severity of our cold nights and fogs. Although we have no rain, the dews amount to perfect night showers, and they lack the general influence of rain from their coldness.

BE UNPREJUDICED.

Let no foolish person be so prejudiced against this now truly celebrated medicine as to despise this advice; let it be used immediately on pain being felt; no matter where it may be, whether in the head or feet, whether it be in the back or abdomen, whether arising from external or internal cause, use the Brantlett's Pills, and rely upon it, that the pain will go, the body will be restored to health as soon as nature has received sufficient assistance from their effect. The quantity of impure humors discharged from the body by the action of the Brantlett's Pills, is replaced in the course of a few hours with new and pure blood, by the digestion of a moderate meal. By purging the body with this medicine the whole mass of blood becomes entirely purified and regenerated.

That the blood is the life of the body, I presume is undisputed, therefore I shall say that it being the SEAR of LIFE, it must also be the seat of disease. If disease be in the blood, we should abstract the disease only, not the blood. It is the impurities which must be removed by purgation to secure our health, in all states of the weather, in all situations, and in all climates. The blood, like a good spirit, is always trying to benefit the body by its struggles to expel impurities. But it is not capable to effect its own purification at all times: to do this it must often have assistance. When the blood is loaded with impurities, especially in this climate, the consequences may be fatal, provided the blood with new and pure blood, by the digestion of a moderate meal. By purging the body with this medicine the whole mass of blood becomes entirely purified and regenerated.

Purchase the genuine medicine of the following agents: JOHN A. STRETT, Lewistown; William Barry, McVeytown; James S. Springston, Huntingdon; Moore & Sons, At Gettysburg; J. N. Craswell, Petersburg; Harman, Smith & Co., Manassas; T. M. Green, Birmingham.

ERIC BANK.—Drexel & Co., 34 South Third street, Philadelphia, advertise that this bank has resumed, and offer to purchase its notes at 1 1/2 per cent. discount.

MARRIED.—On the 9th inst., by Rev. T. Tanyhill, WILLIAM HAWK, of Gettysburg, to Mrs. NANCY JANE ROSE, near Newtontown Hamilton.

DIED.—On the 27th ult., by accidentally falling into one of the Vats of James Patterson's Tan-yard, Juniata county, GEORGE, son of John and Susannah O'Donald, of Turbett township, aged 2 years, 7 months and 11 days.

Communicated.—On Tuesday morning last, of congestive fever, in the 19th year of her age, Miss ELIZABETH GRACE, daughter of John and Theodosia Kennedy.

In the death of this interesting young lady, her family have sustained an irreparable loss. Her gentleness of disposition, her uniform kindness of heart and sweetness of manners, endeared her to a large circle of young friends, who have felt in this mournful dispensation of Providence as if one whose life was interwoven with theirs was suddenly snatched from among them. While they have sincerely wept her transit from this earthly scene, they have felt how piercing is the thought that they have gazed on her sweet countenance for the last time. She has thus prematurely, in the spring time of life, sunk down into the clods of the valley; but she passed away as gently as the infant's slumber, triumphant in death. Fear fled away, for she closed her eyes on all beneath the sun full of promise—buoyant in hope—fixed in a deep rooted faith, which feels that the soul is immortal and lives beyond the grave.

Long will her young friends gather around her last earthly resting place, and while they strew roses on her grave, may they fondly cherish her memory, and so walk through life that their last end may be like unto hers. All will fall as surely—none more calmly.

"Thou wert so like a form of light That heaven's benignly light this hence, E'en yet the world can breathe one light O'er thy sweet innocence, that in the soul And thou that brighter home to bless Art passed with all thy loveliness."

Obituary.—Died, on the 12th September, ALLAN C. MILLIKEN, son of James Milliken, Esq., of Lewistown, Pa., aged 21 years and 5 months.

The deceased was a graduate of the College in this place, and the intelligence of his death was a death of sorrow through the hearts of all who knew him whilst here. Possessing in a high degree those qualities of character which never fail to command our regard—kindness and warmth of feeling, an amiable and generous disposition, gentleness of manners, combined with integrity of principle and manliness of soul, he was beloved by his associates and respected by all with whom he came in contact. His talents and acquirements were of no ordinary character. Whilst he ranked high in his class as a scholar, and a writer, and especially of poetry, he had no superior. He excelled in the delineation of true feelings and emotions—but whose soul and touching expression of genuine sentiment. His intimate acquaintances will long remember the sweetly melancholy strains in which he mourned the loss of some friend who had been snatched away, as he himself has now been, by an early death. Although he was peculiarly modest and unobtrusive, his merit was soon appreciated, and he was selected by his Society as its favorite representative in the literary course of the College, and in the event proved himself fully worthy of the high estimation in which he was held. At the graduation of his class, he delivered, by the honor of his appointment, a eulogium, a poem, which bore the marks of true genius, and confirmed the bright hopes in regard to his future course which his previous performances had excited.

After leaving College he returned to his home in the valley of the Juniata, and commenced the studies of the legal profession. He had nearly completed the course requisite for admission to the bar, when declining health compelled him to relinquish his pursuits. Hoping that change of scene and the excitement of a journey would restore his failing strength, he accompanied a friend to West. Wherever he went the noble qualities of his disposition, his feelings and emotions—but whose soul and touching expression of genuine sentiment. His intimate acquaintances will long remember the sweetly melancholy strains in which he mourned the loss of some friend who had been snatched away, as he himself has now been, by an early death. Although he was peculiarly modest and unobtrusive, his merit was soon appreciated, and he was selected by his Society as its favorite representative in the literary course of the College, and in the event proved himself fully worthy of the high estimation in which he was held. At the graduation of his class, he delivered, by the honor of his appointment, a eulogium, a poem, which bore the marks of true genius, and confirmed the bright hopes in regard to his future course which his previous performances had excited.

WOOD WANTED.—A few loads of wood are wanted immediately at this office. Those of our subscribers who intend paying their subscription in wood will accommodate us by delivering it soon.

COAL.—EIGHTY Tons Limeburners' Coal, and 40 Tons Sunbury Coal, broken and screened for Stoves, for sale by WATSON & JACOB, Oct. 13-3t.

DISSOLUTION.—THE Co-partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of JAMES MILLIKEN, JR., & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. JAMES MILLIKEN, JR., ROBERT MILLIKEN. Lewistown, October 10, 1849.

HAVING disposed of our stock of goods, we are desirous of closing up our business; therefore all persons having accounts with us are notified that they must be settled on or before the 1st November next, at which time I purpose leaving this place. Accounts then unsettled will be left in the hands of proper officers for collection. JAS. MILLIKEN, Jr. October 13, 1849-4t.

Stock and Farming Utensils at PUBLIC VENDUE.—THE subscriber, having sold his farm above Lewistown, will offer the stock and farming utensils on the same at public sale, on Thursday, Nov. 15, 1849, consisting of 3 valuable Horses, (one of them a fine brood mare,) a spring Colt, 23 head of Sheep, a few Young Cattle, 1 four horse Wagon, nearly new, 1 two horse do., 1 Threshing Machine, Ploughs, Harrows, Cultivators, Harness, &c., and about 15 Tons of good Hay. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when the terms of sale will be made known. L. T. WATSON. Lewistown, Oct. 13, 1849-4t.

NOTICE.—To the Heirs and legal representatives of John Graybill, late of Drumore township, Lancaster county, deceased. A T an Orphans' Court, held at Lancaster in and for the county of Lancaster on the 19th day of September, 1849, on motion of Wm. Whiteside, Esq., the Court grant a Rule on the heirs and legal representatives of John Graybill, late of Drumore twp., Lancaster co., dec'd., to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be held at Lancaster on the 3d Monday of November next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to accept or refuse to accept the Real Estate of the said deceased at the appraisal made thereof, or show cause why the same should not be sold according to law. By the Court, BENJAMIN KAUFFMAN, Clerk O. C., per James Dysart. October 13, 1849-4t.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—LADIES' Slippers, at low prices, by W. LILLEY, ap29.

PURE FRESH COD LIVER OIL.—THIS new and valuable medicine, now used by the medical profession with such astonishing efficacy in the cure of Pulmonary Consumption, Scrofula, Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, General Debility, Complaints of the Kidneys, &c., &c., is prepared from the liver of the Cod Fish for medical use, expressly for our sale. (Extract from the London Medical Journal.) "C. J. B. Williams, M. D., F. R. S., Professor of Medicine in University College, London, Consulting Physician to the Hospital for Consumption, &c., says: I have prescribed the Oil in above four hundred cases of tuberculous disease of the Lungs, in different stages, which have been under my care the last two years and a half. In the large number of cases, 206 out of 234, its use was followed by marked and unequivocal improvement, varying in degree in different cases, from a temporary relaxation of the progress of the disease and a mitigation of distressing symptoms, up to a more or less complete restoration to apparent health. "The effect of the Cod Liver Oil in most of these cases was very remarkable. Even in a few days the cough was mitigated, the expectoration diminished in quantity and opacity, the night sweats ceased, the pulse became slower, and of better volume, and the appetite, flesh and strength were gradually improved. "In conclusion, I repeat that the pure fresh oil from the liver of the Cod is more beneficial in the treatment of Pulmonary Consumption than any agent, medicinal, dietetic or regimenal, that has yet been employed."

THE MARKETS.

Table with columns: Commodity, Price. Rows include Flour, Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, Cloverseed, Flaxseed, Timothyseed, Butter, Eggs, Lard, Tallow, Potatoes, Beef, Bacon, Wool, Feathers.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 11, 1849. Flour is steady, but not active. Small sales at \$5.12 a 5.18; Corn Meal \$3.12; Rye Flour \$3.06. Wheat is steady—sales of red at 103a105c; white do. 112a115c. Corn is steady—sales of white at 62 and yellow 61a65c; Oats 30a32c; Rye 60c.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 11, 1849. Flour.—The market for Howard Street Flour is still inanimate. Holders are firm at \$5.12. GRAIN.—The receipts of Wheat are quite moderate. Sales were made to-day at 100a105c for good to prime reds, and 108a115c for white. The receipts of Corn are light. Sales of white at 63c and of yellow at 64c. We quote Oats at 30a31c.

MONEY MATTERS, TRADE, &c. BANKING CAPITAL.—According to the last Merchant's Magazine the banking capital of New York city is 24 millions, of Boston 19 millions, of New Orleans 17 1/2 millions, of Philadelphia 10 millions, of Charleston 9 millions, of Providence 8 millions, of Baltimore 7 millions, of Nashville 6 millions, of Hartford 4 millions, of Louisville 3 millions. Pittsburgh, Augusta, Ga., Albany and Richmond, each have rising 2 millions of bank capital, and Savannah, Salem, New Haven, Cincinnati, Lexington, Ky., Mobile, Troy, N. Y., Newark, New Bedford, Utica, Petersburg, Va., Rochester, Wilmington, Washington, and Portland, have each more than 1 million.

WISKEY.—The Whiskey trade of Cincinnati is enormous. During the commercial year of '47-48, there were 170,436 bbls Whiskey imported into that city, and 165,419 bbls exported. During the year 1848-49, the imports were 186,509—exports 136,941 bbls.

Valuable Real Estate at PUBLIC SALE. On WEDNESDAY, the 14th of November, 1849, WILL be sold at Public Sale, on the premises, in Kishacoquillas Valley, Mifflin county, a valuable farm, containing 160 Acres, more or less, of first-rate limestone land. The improvements are a frame DWELLING HOUSE, frame BARN, &c. There is a Young ORCHARD of choice fruit on the farm, and several limestone springs near the house. There is twenty acres of good Timber, and the balance cleared and in a high state of cultivation. This is also a MERCHANT MILL, with three run of Burrs and one pair of Chopping Stones in the mill. Saw Mill and Plaster Mill, with a good FRAME HOUSE for the mill. There is likewise a good appearance of Iron Ore of the best quality, known as the "Greenwood Ore." The property lies near Greenwood, on the west branch of the Kishacoquillas creek, a never failing stream of water. It lies within 10 miles of the Great Central Railroad, which has just opened to Philadelphia for travel and transportation. Also, at the same time and place, a tract of 3 ACRES, known as the Reed Ore Bank, on which is erected a Frame House and Stable. The property will be shown by Mr. McCLELLAN, living near it. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M., on said day, when terms will be made known by SAMUEL HOLLIDAY. Oct. 13, 1849-4t.

SHERIFF'S SALES. BY virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas, Levari Facias, and Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Mifflin county, and to me directed, will be exposed to sale by public outcry, at the Court House in the borough of Lewistown, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on SATURDAY, November 3d, 1849, the following described property, to wit: A lot of ground fronting sixty feet on Market street in the borough of Lewistown, Mifflin county, Pa., bounded on the east by a lot of George W. Patton, on the south by Market street, on the west by a lot of J. C. Wilson, on the north by a sixteen feet alley, with a large two story brick dwelling house, a large two story brick shop, a large frame stable, and other improvements thereon erected. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Sepharious S. Cummings. Also, A lot of ground situate on Maine street extended, in the borough of Lewistown, Mifflin county, Pa., being thirty feet in front on said street, adjoining a lot of J. C. Wilson, with a walled cellar thereon erected, said lot being No. eighteen. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Arthur B. Long. Also, A lot of ground in Wayne township, containing five acres, be the same more or less, with a two story house and stable thereon erected, bounded on the south by James Smith, on the north and west by Jefferson Decker, on the east by John Thompson. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of George E. Little. Also, A lot of ground situate in the borough of McVeytown, Mifflin county, with a frame dwelling house, a frame stable, and other improvements thereon, bounded by lots of John Ross on the east and north, George Swayer on the west, and fronting on Lombard street. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Isaac Hines. D. MCKEAN CONTNER, Sheriff. SHERIFF'S OFFICE. Lewistown, Oct. 13, 1849. N. B.—Purchasers at the above Sheriff's sale are hereby notified that the amount of the sale will be required to be paid immediately on the property being knocked down, or it will be forthwith resold to the highest bidder. D. McK. C. Sheriff.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—LADIES' Slippers, at low prices, by W. LILLEY, ap29.