

and were busied in preparing their meal, called in Hussars and Hovvells, who drove out our soldiers and fired on them from the houses. A brigade now marched against the place, and the Magyars were obliged to give way. Congrad has paid dearly for this crime. All supplies were first brought away into the imperial camp, and then the city became a prey to the flames.

The Israelites of Ketskomet are condemned to pay a war contribution of half a million of florins.

Munkacs, a town in the Beregh county, northeast of Debreczin, has been taken by the Russian corps, which entered from Strv, and the Hungarian bishop, Popovich, hanged.

In proportion as general Haynau advances into the interior, the Garrison of Comorn make their activity felt. General Klapka made on the 30th a sortie from his entrenched camp, in which he inflicted severe losses on the besiegers.

The army of the South, as the routed remnant of Jellachich's corps is called, encouraged by the news of Haynau's approach, was preparing to recross the Danube into the Bascks. The Ban had gone from Mitrovics to Titel, and would there await the arrival of the brigade of Rastic, in order to re-assume the offensive.

The *Grazer Zeitung* reports that Gen. Nugent entered Kaposvar on the 30th.—He had nowhere met with any resistance; but does not account for the slowness of his progress. 12,000 landsturmiers had been recently near Kaposvar, but disappeared on the 26th. A small detachment of Magyar troops in the same neighborhood, had retired toward the Danube.

**Important Victory of the Hungarians.**—Letters from Constantinople, of the 25th ult., say that a courier from Galatz had brought news that the Austro-Russian army, 60,000 strong, which after it had compelled the Hungarian general, Perczel, to retreat, had occupied Cronstadt and Hermanstadt, had advanced as far as Sarmcam, had been met by Bem with 40,000 men. The latter immediately gave battle to the imperialists, who were under Gen. Lauders.

The battle commenced on the 10th by a stratagem movement on the part of Bem, by which he cut off the left wing of the Austrian army, attacking the right at the same time, and compelling it to fall back on the centre. General Bem seeing the disorder of the enemy's lines, ordered the reserve to advance, which, by a determined and gallant charge, decided the day in favor of the Hungarians. The imperialists took to flight, leaving on the field 10,000 dead and wounded, nearly all the artillery, and 8000 prisoners, among whom is General Autemberg. Gen. Bem then repossessed Cronstadt and Hermanstadt.

In Galicia, General Dembinski has also had a victory and taken General Freytag prisoners.

The Vienna journals of the 5th inst. supply us with news from Hungary of great importance, if true. It appears that on the 4th inst. the Hungarians stole a march, and surprised the garrison of Raab. A sharp conflict ensued, which ended in the fortress and the city being occupied by the Hungarians, where they found 80,000 bushels of oats, 2400 head of cattle, and large stores of miscellaneous provisions, which they carried to the citadel of Comorn. Nor were those all the trophies of their victory, for they captured six guns, and took two companies of Austrian infantry prisoners. Klapka commanded the Hungarian troops, who afterward quitted the city of Raab, and took up their abode in the fortress, where they seized the Vienna mails.

**BE UNPREJUDICED.**—Let no foolish persons be so prejudiced against this now tried celebrated medicine to despise this advice; let it be used immediately on pain being felt; no matter where it may be, whether in the head or feet, whether it be in the back or elsewhere, whether arising from external or internal causes, use the Brander's Pills, and rely upon it, that the pain will go, the body will be restored to health as soon as nature has received sufficient assistance from their effect.

The quantity of impure humors discharged from the body by the action of the Brander's Pills, is explained in the course of a few hours with new and pure blood, by the digestion of a moderate meal. By purging the body with this medicine the whole mass of blood becomes entirely purified and regenerated.

That the blood is the life of the body, I presume is uncontroverted, therefore I shall say that it is the seat of life, it must also be the seat of disease. If disease be in the blood, we should abstract the disease only, not the blood. It is the impurities which must be removed by purgation to secure our health, in all states of the weather, in all situations, and in all climates. The blood, like a red spirit, is always trying to benefit the body by its struggles to expel impurities. But it is not capable to effect its own purification at all times; to do this it must have assistance. When the blood is loaded with impurities, especially in this climate, the consequences may be fatal, provided the blood is not purified at once, and this is sure to be effected if Brander's Pills are used.

Purchase the genuine medicine of the following agents: JOHN A. STERETT, Lewistown; William Hardy, McVey, Jones & Singleton, Huntington; Moore & Wagon, Alexandria; A. & V. Cravatt, Petersburg; Hart, South & Co., Manassas; T. M. Green, Birmingham.

**THE MARKETS.**

	Lewistown, August 31, 1849.	By Dealers.	Retail.
Flour		\$4 25	\$5 00
Wheat white		103	1 15
Wheat red		98	1 10
Oats		57	60
Rye		20	23
Corn		50	60
Coverseed		3 00	4 00
Paxseed		1 00	1 25
Timothyseed		2 00	2 50
Butter, good		12	12 1/2
Do, common		8	8
Lard		6	8
Tallow		6	10
Potatoes		50	62 1/2
Beef		4 00	
Pork, per lb.		5 1/2	7
Do, per lb.		0 00	0 00
Do, per lb.		25	
Do, per lb.		41	44

The Lewistown Mills are paying 95 to 100 cents for good wheat, 50 cents for Rye, 30 cents for Corn, and 30 cents for Oats.

**PHILADELPHIA, August 30, 1849.**  
The sales of Flour are small and confined to the city trade. We quote prices as follows:—Old stock \$5 00 per bbl., standard quality, superior, \$5 12 1/2; selected brands, \$5 25 and extra, \$5 50. Further sales of Rye Flour and

Corn Meal at \$3 25. Wheat sold pretty freely at 105a106 cts. for red, and 110a112 for red. Several small lots of yellow Corn sold at 65c. Oats are held at 28a30 cts.

**BALTIMORE, August 30, 1849.**  
Flour—We quote Howard street Flour at \$3 25. There is little inquiry to-day, and we hear of no transactions.

Grain—The supplies of Wheat are light. Sales of reds at 95a104 cts., which is a slight decline. White sold at 106a110 cts. Sales of white Corn at 53a56 cts., and yellow at 60a 61 cts. Penna. Rye, 65 cents.—Sales of Oats at 28a30 cents.

**THE CORN TRADE OF EUROPE.**

[From the London Mercantile Gazette, Aug. 10.]  
Harvest has now fairly commenced in the southern and western counties, and more propitious weather than we have lately experienced could not be desired. With the exception of a shower, on Tuesday night, no rain has fallen; the heat has meanwhile been very great, and the crops in the northern and more backward parts of the kingdom, are likely to arrive at maturity earlier than appeared a short time ago at all probable. Our prospects on the whole may be regarded as highly promising, and all that is now needed to insure an abundance of food of home growth, is a continuance of auspicious weather, for the ingathering. The crop of all kinds of grain received great benefit from the rain, which fell in July; the yield and quantity were unquestionably improved thereby, and we are disposed to think that the produce will prove better both in quantity and quality than in ordinary good seasons. All fear in regard to the potato seems to have subsided. The demand for Indian corn has already fallen off to such an extent as to cause the value to recede about 10s. per quarter, from the highest point. Prices of wheat have also retrograded materially of late, which latter circumstances must, however, in a great measure be attributed to the fear of foreign supplies rather than to any present abundance of that article. The Danish blockade will be raised immediately. Letters from Hamburg inform us, that port is to be declared free at twelve o'clock this night (10th August), and it is therefore probable, that about the time when supplies of grain of home growth begin to come forward freely, the purchasers made on British account at northern continental ports, since the 30th of April, will find their way to this country. The anticipation of such an occurrence naturally renders all parties holding stocks anxious to realize, whilst it has the effect of inducing buyers to act with more than usual caution.

**LEWISTOWN ACADEMY.**

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Academy School will commence on the second Monday of September. Terms of Tuition are heretofore. The strictest attention will be given to all pupils to advance them in their studies. The Academy possesses also the advantage of a Philosophical and Astronomical apparatus to facilitate the instruction of pupils.  
Lewistown, Sept. 1, 1849—1f.

**STRAYED.**

THERE strayed from my farm in Granville township, some time last spring, a two year old red and white STER. Any person giving such information as would lead to his recovery, will be suitably rewarded.  
L. T. WATSON.  
Lewistown, Sept. 1, 1849—3t.

**Auditor's Notice.**

THE undersigned, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Mifflin county Auditor, to distribute the fund arising from the sale of the Real Estate of J. & J. POTTER, notifies all persons to present their claims upon said fund to him, at his office in Lewistown, on Friday, September 28th, 1849, or be debarred from sharing in said fund.  
GEO. W. ELDER, Auditor.  
Lewistown, September 1, 1849—4t.

**Auditor's Notice.**

THE undersigned, appointed an Auditor by the Court of Common Pleas of Mifflin county, to distribute the proceeds of the sale of the personal property of FRANCIS A. WHITAKER, notifies all persons having claims on said proceeds to present them before him, at his office, on MONDAY, the 8th day of October, 1849, or be precluded from sharing said proceeds.  
GEO. W. ELDER, Auditor.  
Lewistown, Sept. 1, 1849—4t.

**T. S. ARTHUR'S NEW WORK.**

**LOVE IN A COTTAGE.**  
A STORY OF THE "UPPER TEN."  
T. B. PETERSON No. 98 CHESNUT Street Philadelphia, has just published, and for sale—

**LOVE IN HIGH LIFE.**

BEING A COMPANION TO "LOVE IN A COTTAGE."  
By T. S. Arthur, author of "Love in a Cottage," "Lucy Sanford," "A Story of the Heart," "Agnes," "The Possessed," "A Revelation of Mesmerism," "Insurrection; or, the Shoemaker's Daughters," etc., etc. "Cottage," which has had such an immense sale all over this country, as edition after edition, it has already been printed and sold. "Love in High Life," will follow, and be one of the most popular books ever printed in this country, and is beyond doubt, the best production ever written by Mr. Arthur. It inculcates an excellent moral, as do all Mr. Arthur's works. It will have an immense sale. We advise all to send and get it. It is published complete in one fine large octavo volume, printed on the finest white paper, neatly done up in paper covers, uniform with "Love in a Cottage." Price 25 cents, or five copies for One Dollar.

It will be sent to any one wishing it on receipt of remittances.

T. B. Peters also publishes the following works of T. S. Arthur, either which can be had separately. Price 25 cents each, or the whole will be sent to any one for One Dollar.

*Love in a Cottage, Insurrection,*  
*Love in High Life, Lucy Sanford,*  
*Agnes; or, the Possessed, a Revelation of Mesmerism.*  
News Agents, Booksellers, and all others, supplied regularly at the very lowest rates.  
Address all orders, post paid, to  
T. B. PETERSON,  
No. 98 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia.

And they will be faithfully attended to, and forwarded by return of Mail, Express, Railroad, Stage, or Steamboat, as may be directed. Any person's wishes can be attended to the same by writing to us, with full particulars, just as well as if they came in person.

Editors of Newspapers throughout the United States, on giving the above advertisement one or more insertions, including this notice, shall have any two of the above novels sent them by return of mail, on sending a copy of their paper to the Publisher.  
September 1, 1849—1t.

**Auditor's Notice.**

THE undersigned appointed an Auditor by the Court of Common Pleas of Mifflin county, to distribute the proceeds arising from the real estate of ADAM GREER, notifies all persons having claims upon said fund to present them before me, at the office of R. C. Hale, Esq., on MONDAY, September 17th, 1849, or be forever debarred from coming in upon said fund.  
C. C. SPOTSWOOD, Auditor.  
Lewistown, August 25, 1849—4t.

**NUSSBAUM, BROTHERS,**

Have just returned from the city with a very choice supply of the Latest Styles of New Goods, comprising an assortment from which the Ladies cannot fail to make a pleasing selection. Their

Silks and other Fine Goods are particularly worthy their attention, being certainly the best stock in town. In all the minutiae of

Dry Goods, Carpeting, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, &c. they have an assortment that will bear the test of quantity, quality and price with any store in city, town, or country. In

Groceries, Salt, &c. they also offer great bargains, having made heavy purchases at low rates, and which they are now selling at a small advance on cost.

Buying our goods for cash, and consequently paying no "extras" to the city dealers, we are enabled to sell for ready money or available produce as cheap as any body can sell. Our goods are

ALL SOLD AT FAIR RATES, as our old customers well know, and as any number of new ones who will give us a call will soon discover.  
Lewistown, Sept. 1, 1848.

**"Small Profits and Quick Sales."**

**JONES' NEW STORE, LEWISTOWN.**

THE subscriber has the largest and best assorted STOCK OF GOODS ever kept at any Store before in this place, all of which will be sold Extremely Low for Cash.

The Stock comprises every article of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, READY-MADE CLOTHING, Carpets, Boots and Shoes.

NEW GOODS received every week and sold at least TWENTY PER CENT. LOWER than can be had elsewhere. Before you buy be sure to first call at JONES' NEW STORE, and you will be convinced of the above facts.  
C. L. JONES' New Cheap Cash Store.  
Lewistown, August 18, 1849.

**A well Concerted Intrigue!**

**VALUABLE SECRET DISCLOSED.**  
THE welfare of the American people renders it necessary that they should be made cognizant with a very important and valuable secret, having an intimate connection with the pecuniary interests, and the most important of which, urgently demands their most serious and deliberate attention. There can be very little doubt that there exists in the whole human family an universal desire to bear the "slings and arrows of outrageous Fortune," so long as they see others of the genus Homo, (whether by the exercise of a more astute understanding, or the result of purely fortuitous circumstances) dwelling in marble halls, surrounded by parasites, and reveling in luxury, ease and contentment. Openly and fearlessly objecting to such "envied hamlets justice," and coolly determined to destroy this "exquisite medium of banking in the sunshine of fortune, and if practicable establish an equilibrium in society, Pyfer & Co. the truly fortunate, far famed and old established Lottery Brokers, generously impart to the public the offspring of their labors, and the result of their researches in the obscure mysteries of the dark ages—the "secrets of wealth." The catalogue, which is seven in number, and when arranged according to the directions of the *Cahala signifi* "Look to Pyfer & Co. for Riches."

Most brilliant results again! Every Lottery shows its treasures! Correspondents read the glorious evidence! Pyfer & Co. public benefactors! See the virtues of the first order! \$25,000, whole ticket, numbers 23, 49, 58, drawn 20th August, was sent to South Carolina. The result of the first order! \$5,000 managers' official drawing of that date. \$7,000, whole ticket, sent to Pennsylvania. \$15,000, half ticket, sent to Louisiana. \$10,000, half ticket, sent to Pennsylvania. \$5,000, half ticket, sent to Ohio. \$18,000, quarter ticket, sent to North Carolina. \$8,000, quarter ticket, sent to South Carolina. \$7,000, quarter ticket, sent to Virginia. \$20,000, quarter ticket, sent to New York. \$4,000, quarter ticket, sent to South Carolina. \$4,000, quarter ticket, sent to Virginia.

Nearly every prize paid on file. Pyfer & Co. always refer to the Managers. Every person should try the lottery. The first trial often draws the capital! Bank Drafts, payable at sight in Gold, remitted promptly to any part of the United States for prizes sold by Pyfer & Co.

**SPLENDID SCHOLARSHIP FOR SEPTEMBER, 1849.**

All Orders strictly confidential at Pyfer & Co's.

Date.	Capital.	No. of Tickets.	Price of Tickets.	Price of Packages.
5	\$20,000	75 Nos.	13 drawn	\$10 \$25 50
6	21,000	75 Nos.	13 drawn	5 17 25
7	12,500	75 Nos.	15 drawn	4 13 25
8	5 of 20,000	75 Nos.	13 drawn	10 32 50
10	25,000	75 Nos.	15 drawn	8 25 00
11	24,000	75 Nos.	13 drawn	5 18 50
12	20,000	75 Nos.	13 drawn	10 25 00
13	21,000	75 Nos.	13 drawn	5 18 50
14	18,000	75 Nos.	14 drawn	5 16 25
15	45,000	75 Nos.	16 drawn	15 45 00
17	27,500	75 Nos.	14 drawn	8 27 00
18	15,000	75 Nos.	13 drawn	5 18 50
19	20,000	75 Nos.	14 drawn	10 42 50
20	30,000	75 Nos.	12 drawn	5 18 50
21	15,000	75 Nos.	14 drawn	4 14 00
22	27,500	75 Nos.	12 drawn	10 27 50
24	25,000	75 Nos.	13 drawn	8 27 50
25	20,000	75 Nos.	14 drawn	5 16 25
26	30,000	75 Nos.	14 drawn	10 27 50
27	20,000	75 Nos.	12 drawn	5 18 75
28	10,000	66 Nos.	13 drawn	4 10 75
29	66,000	75 Nos.	13 drawn	20 62 50

The price of Packages of Quarter Tickets only, is advertised above.

The Managers' Printed Drawings, endorsed by the commissioners appointed (for this purpose) by the Governor of Maryland, are in all cases sent to our correspondents.

Letters always strongly and carefully sealed.

The purchasers of Packages of Tickets seldom have more than six chances against their drawing in a Package any of the Capital Prizes, and one Package may draw four of the highest prizes. Two thirds of the prizes are sold in packages of tickets.

Please order a few days before the lottery draw. All orders punctually answered by the return mails.

Persons at a distance from Baltimore, who wish "Fortune Buckled on their Backs," will find that it is only necessary to enclose the price (as laid down in the above schedule) for a package or single ticket to the truly fortunate, far famed, and old established house of

**PYFER & CO.,**  
No. 1 Light St., Baltimore, Md.,  
OR, BOX 254, BALTIMORE POST OFFICE.  
Baltimore, September 1, 1849—1m.

**NOTICE.**

THE undersigned appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Mifflin county Auditor, to distribute the fund arising from the sale of the real estate of M. & J. V. CRISWELL, notifies all persons to present their claims upon said fund to his Law Office, in Lewistown, on SATURDAY, the 22d of September, 1849, or be debarred from sharing in the same.  
GEORGE W. KNOX, Auditor.  
Lewistown, August 25, 1849—4t.

**RESOLUTION**  
Relative to an Amendment of the Constitution.

RESOLVED by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the Constitution of this Commonwealth be amended in the second section of the fifth article, so that it shall read as follows: The Judges of the Supreme Court, of the several Courts of Common Pleas, and of such other Courts of Record as are or shall be established by law, shall be elected by the qualified electors of the Commonwealth in the manner following, to wit: The Judges of the Supreme Court, by the qualified electors of the Commonwealth at large. The President Judges of the several Courts of Common Pleas and of such other Courts of Record as are or shall be established by law, and all other Judges required to be learned in the law, by the qualified electors of the respective districts over which they are to preside or act as Judges. And the Associate Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas by the qualified electors of the counties respectively. The Judges of the Supreme Court shall hold their offices for the term of fifteen years, if they shall so long behave themselves well: (subject to the allotment hereinafter provided for, subsequent to the first election.) The President Judges of the several Courts of Common Pleas, and of such other courts of Record as are or shall be established by law, and all other Judges required to be learned in the law, shall hold their offices for the term of ten years, if they shall so long behave themselves well: The Associate Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas shall hold their offices for the term of five years, if they shall so long behave themselves well: all of whom shall be commissioned by the Governor, but for any reasonable cause which shall not be sufficient grounds of impeachment, the Governor shall remove any of them on the address of two-thirds of each branch of the Legislature. The first election shall take place at the general election of this Commonwealth next after the adoption of this amendment, and the commissions of all the judges who may be then in office shall expire on the first Monday of December following, when the result of the election shall commence. The persons who shall then be elected Judges of the Supreme Court shall hold their offices as follows: one of them for three years, one for six years, one for nine years, one for twelve years, and one for fifteen years; the term of each to be decided by lot by the said judges, as soon after their election as convenient, and the result certified by them to the Governor, that the commissions may be issued in accordance thereto. The judge whose commission shall first expire shall in turn be the Chief Justice, and if two or more commissions shall expire on the same day, the judges holding them shall decide by lot which shall be the Chief Justice. Any vacancies happening by death, resignation, or otherwise, in any of the said courts, shall be filled by appointment by the Governor, to continue till the first Monday of December succeeding the next general election. The Judges of the Supreme Court and the Presidents of the several Courts of Common Pleas shall, at stated times, receive for their services an adequate compensation, to be fixed by law, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office, but they shall receive no fees or perquisites of office, nor hold any other office of profit under this Commonwealth, or under the government of the United States, or any other State of this Union. The Judges of the Supreme Court during their continuance in office shall reside within this Commonwealth, and the other Judges during their continuance in office shall reside within the district or county for which they were respectively elected.

WILLIAM F. PACKER,  
Speaker of the House of Representatives.  
GEO. DARSIE,  
Speaker of the Senate.

IN THE SENATE, March 1, 1849.  
Resolved, That this resolution pass.—Yeas 21, Nays 8.

Extract from the Journal.  
SAML. W. PEARSON, Clerk.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, }  
April 2, 1849.  
Resolved, That this resolution pass.—Yeas 58, Nays 26.

Extract from the Journal.  
WM. JACK, Clerk.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE.  
Filed April 5, 1849.  
A. L. RUSSELL,  
Dep. Sec. of the Commonwealth.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE.  
I DO CERTIFY that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the Original Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "Resolution relative to an Amendment of the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and caused to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's Office at Harrisburg, this eleventh day of June, 1849.  
no Domini, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.

TOWNSEND HAINES,  
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

"JOURNAL OF SENATE."  
"Resolution, No. 188, entitled 'Resolution relative to an amendment of the Constitution,' was read a third time. On the question, will the Senate agree to the resolution? The Yeas and Nays were taken respectively by the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:—

"YEAS—Messrs. Boas, Brawley, Crabb, Cunningham, Forsyth, Hugus, Johnson, Lawrence, Lewis, Mason, Matthias, McAslin, Rich, Richards, Sadler, Sankey, Casary, Small, Smuser, Sterrett and Stine—21.

"NAYS—Messrs. Best, Drum, Frick, Ives, King, Königsmacher, Potteiger and Darsie, Speaker—8.

"So the question was determined in the affirmative."

"JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES."  
"Shall the resolution pass? The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provision of the tenth article of the Constitution, and are as follows, viz:—

"YEAS—Messrs. Gideon J. Ball, David M. Bent, Craig Biddle, Peter D. Bloom, David J. Boie, Thomas K. Bull, Jacob Cort, John H. Diehl, Nathaniel A. Elliott, Joseph Emery, David G. Esleman, William Evans, John Fausold, Samuel Fegeley, Joseph W. Fisher, Henry M. Fuller, Thomas Grove, Robt. Hampson, George F. Henszey, Thomas J. Herring, Joseph Higgins, Chas. Hertz, Joseph B. Hower, Robert Klotz, Harrison P. Laird, Abraham Lambertson, James J. Lewis, James W. Long, Jacob M. McCartney, John F. McCulloch, Hugh McKee, John McLaughlin, Adam Martin, Samuel Marx, John C. Myers, Edward Nickleson, Stewart Pearce, James Porter, Henry C. Pratt, Alonzo Robb, George Ruple, Theodore Ryann, Bernard S. Schoonover, Samuel Seibert, John Sharp, Christian Snively, Thomas C. Steel, Jeremiah B. Stubbs, Just J. Stutzman, Marshall Swartzwelder, Samuel Taggart, George T. Thorn, Nicholas Thorn, Arunah Wattle, Samuel Weirich, Alonzo I. Wilcox, Daniel Zerby, and William F. Packer, Speaker—58.

"NAYS—Messrs. Augustus K. Cornyn, David M. Courtney, David Evans, Henry S. Evans, John Fenlon, John W. George, Thomas Giljespie, John B. Gordon, William Henry, James J. Kirk, Joseph Lambach, Robert R. Little, John S. McCalmont, John McKee, and William McSherry, Josiah Miller, William T.

"Morrison, John A. Otto, William Y. Roberts, John W. Roseberry, John B. Rutherford, K. Rundle Smith, John Smith, John Souder, George Walters and David F. Williams—26." So the question was determined in the affirmative.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE.  
Harrisburg, June 15, 1849 )  
PENNSYLVANIA, ss.

I DO CERTIFY that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "Resolution relative to an Amendment of the Constitution," as the same appears on the Journals of the two Houses of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, for the session of 1849. Witness my hand and the seal of said office, the fifteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.  
TOWNSEND HAINES,  
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

**CENTRE NURSERY,**  
Boalsburg, Centre Co. Pa.

GARDENERS and orchardists who desire to plant only the very best kinds of hardy fruits, are respectfully informed that they can obtain trees here of all the most estimable varieties, including all those which have received the special sanction of the American Congress of Fruit Growers. (N. Y., Oct. 1845.)

The TREES offered this season are of beautiful appearance, extra size, (excepting a few new rare sorts) and from the elevated locality in which the Nursery is established, have all the essential advantages of hardiness and early maturity, for which trees grown at the north have been deservedly preferred.

The advantages possessed here are being improved to the utmost, with the view of making this Nursery, in merit, second to none in the State. Every tree is indelibly marked and warranted correct. They will be delivered in Lewistown or at intermediate places at the low catalogue prices, and warranted sound on delivery. If to be shipped, they will be well packed for the purpose at a moderate charge.

It is advised that orders be sent direct to the Nursery, in preference to purchasing ill assorted trees, from often irresponsible dealers, at high prices. Such orders, if received in time, have the first attention.

Season for fall planting, October 20.  
A choice collection of the most admired ornamental plants, vines, evergreens, &c. has been added to the Nursery Catalogues, sent to all post paid applicants.

WM. G. WARING.  
Boalsburg, July 7, 1849—1f. [Dem. copy]

**NEW VOLUME OF THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.**  
To Inventors, Mechanics and Artizans.

THE publishers of the Scientific American in returning their thanks to the community for the liberal support and encouragement which has been extended to them during the past four years, would respectfully give notice that the first number of Volume 5, will be issued on the 22d of September, affording a favorable opportunity for all to subscribe, who may wish to avail themselves of the valuable information always found in its columns. The new volume will be commenced with new type, printed on extra fine paper, manufactured expressly for this publication, and embellished with a choice and elegant border. It will be published in quarto form, thus affording at the end of the year a BEAUTIFUL BOOK of over 400 pages, containing between 5 and 600 Original Engravings of new inventions, described by letters of reference, besides a great amount of reading matter, valuable to every man in the country.

An increased amount of care and expense will be bestowed upon this Volume, to render it more fully what it has been termed, "The best Mechanical Paper in the World." Its columns as usual will be filled with the most reliable and correct information in regard to the progress of SCIENTIFIC and MECHANICAL Improvements, Chemistry, Architecture, Botany, Manufactures, Railroad Intelligence, and the WEEKLY LIST OF PATENTS, prepared expressly for this Journal at the Patent Office in Washington.

As an evidence of the estimation in which this publication is held by the Scientific and Mechanical portion of the community, it is only necessary to state, that its circulation has increased within the last three years to upwards of 16,000 copies, already exceeding the united circulation of the Mechanical and Scientific publications in this country, and the largest of any single one in the world.

TERMS.—Two dollars a year in advance, or if desired, one dollar in advance, and the remainder in six months. TO CLUBS—5 copies, \$8; 10 copies, \$15; 20 copies, \$28.

All letters must be post paid and directed to MUNN & CO., Publishers of the Scientific American, New York.

&lt;