Digging for Diamonds in India.

In India diamonds are found in alluvial workings and in the original gangue or bedrock. So far diamonds have been found in situ, both in the upper and lower Vindhyan rocks. These consist of a series of shales, limestones and sandstones, cut up and much mixed with intrusions of trap. A species of conglomerate made up of what looks like felted hornblende, with embedded pebbles of jasper, serpentine, quartz and sandstones is the matrix in which the diamond is found.

When exposed to the action of the weather, as in shallow workings, this conglomerate is of a rusty brown color and very friable, so that it can be readily broken and the gangue washed away, leaving the pebbles, which are of a white, red, blue and green color. A load of gangue yields about a quart of pebbles, and if from this a carat weight of diamonds is recovered the mine is considered worth working.

Overlying the diamond conglomerate are beds of hard sandstones and shales, which have to be cut through before the diamond gangue is met. In the deep mines the gangue is extremely hard and tough and of a green blue color. It requires months of exposure to the atmosphere and frequent sprinklings with water before the matrix becomes sufficiently friable to obtain the pebbles without breaking them.

All attempts to crush the matrix without destroying the included diamonds have hitherto failed, and owing to the long delay before the results are known, the natives seldom work the conglomerate in the rock workings unless it is somewhat decomposed and softened by the weather. The pebbles are about the size of hazelnuts and are generally opaque. The presence of green pebbles is considered a good sign by the native miners.—Mining and Engineering.

Inhabitants of the Caucasus.

The Georgians of the Caucasus are nice looking men—one or two decidedly handsome, in an unkempt sort of way. Features of an oriental cast, but fair skins, gray eyes and remarkably broad, thick eyebrows are their most prominent characteristics. Looking at them, one can believe that the Georgian women deserve their fame better than a good many reputed beauties. Their dress consists of three principal garments—a long outer coat of serge, called a tchocha (not kaftan, which is a short coat); a lighter one of linen underneath, called archaluch, and confined by a leather belt or kamari, and a pair of tight trousers thrust into high boots of the regular oriental pattern. Some of them have invested in patent leather shoes, which shows that they have an eye for western glitter. The length of the tchocha and the high boots make them look taller than they are. They seem big men, but the tallest hardly reaches 5 feet 9 inches, and most of them are considerably shorter—as indeed befits a race of horsemen.

They carry three weapons—sword, dagger and pistols—all of antique make, and for the most part elaborately inlaid with silver. The sword, or chmali, is very much curved, almost the shape of a Persian scimeter, with a beautifully worked haft. The dagger, or hanjali, is a weapon in the use of which they are peculiarly expert.—London Saturday Review.

Searing a Wicked Boy.

One of the irrepressible small boys of the tough species started in to have some fun in a crowded car on the Sixth avenue elevated road the other night. He sat in the middle of the car and first attracted attention by mewing like a cat. Then he yelped like a dog and grunted like a pig. At first his noises caused a smile, but their persistent repetition caused annoyance, which increased with each succeeding noise. The mewing, the yelping and the grunting became so aggravating that each man in the car felt that he would like to throw the boy out of the window. Manly dignity, however, forbade their getting into an altercation with a small boy. But there was one person in the car who was not restrained by manly dignity. That person was of the feminine gender, a trifle advanced in years, but with a muscular figure and a stern expression on her face.

She tried for several minutes to silence the boy with frowns and gestures, but those were of no avail. When her patience reached its limit she stretched out one arm, and seizing the boy by the collar exclaimed in a wrathful voice: "See here, my lad, you stop your yelping and your grunting right away or I'll give you something to yelp and grunt for. Do you hear me?" The boy was as quiet as a kitten for the rest of the journey.—New York Times.

A Curious People.

A curious people have been described by Dr. Paul Ehrenreich as inhabiting the rivers Araguaya and Purus, in Brazil. These are the Karaya, the men and women of whom speak different dialects. Their love of animals, not a common trait in the savage character, is peculiar. Their villages, he tells us, resemble menageries. Dogs, fowls, cats, peccaries—beasts of a most unamiable character—parrots, even turtles, alligators and tapirs meet the astonished traveler. The natives do not look upon them as "lower animals." In their opinion these playmates are quite on "the same plane of existence" as themselves, and are to be treated accordingly.—Yankee Blade.

To Keep Flowers Fresh.

Flowers may be kept fresh for a long time by putting a pinch of soda into the water in which they are held. They should not be gathered while the sun is shining upon them, but early in the morning or after the sun has been down for an hour. To revive wilted flowers plunge the stems to about one-third of their length into boiling water. This will drive the sap back into the flowers, causing them to become fresh. Then cut away the third of the stem which has been heated and place the flowers in cold water.—New York World.

Handshaking Was a Trial.

George Meikle Kemp, the architect of the Scott monument at Edinburgh, was a man who raised himself from obscurity by the sheer force of talent and determination. He had a retiring nature, and a shy and shrinking manner toward strangers. The habit of handshaking created in him an embarrassment and aversion which he could scarcely control, and one of his friends gives an amusing description of the manner in which he accomplished the deed when it became inevitable. The two were walking along one of the streets in Edinburgh in the full flow of an animated conversation, when Kemp suddenly became aware of a friend approaching them from the opposite direction.

Instantly the current of his thought was arrested, he lost the thread of conversation, and then became silent altogether. A whimsically troubled expression crept over his face, and a nervous commotion developed itself in his manner.

Extraordinary movements began in his right hand and arm, which he kept dangling and jerking backward and forward in a helpless way, as if he had entirely lost control of them. Gradually the hand appeared to stiffen, and rose, with the arm, until they were at right angles with the body.

With a powerful effort he shot out his hand and grasped that of the friend who had approached, and then, the ordeal passed, with a sigh of relief, he briskly resumed his part of the conversation with the air of a man who has performed an unpleasant but meritorious action.—Youth's Companion.

Too Frank Expressions.

In an Irish daily, there recently appeared this advertisement: "Wanted—A gentleman to undertake the sale of a patent medicine; the advertiser guarantees it will be profitable to the undertaker." This is even an unhappier mode of expression than that adopted in a local paper, where the editor "regretted to have to announce the death of Mr. So-and-so, but was not astonished to hear of the sad event, as deceased had been attended for some time by Dr. Smith.—Women.

An Accommodating Barber.

Some of the rural towns in New England do not support a barber, and hair cutting is usually done by an accommodating neighbor. A writer recently fell in with one of these amateur barbers, and humorously describes his acquaintanceship as:

Soon I was granted sight of a pair of lasses long seen, which a mud fog about my neck to protect it from the fall of hair. I might say the possibilities of a fall from the highest were great, as I apprehended about it to have the hair strike my head right, so the gores would be even. He was no mean barber, for he seemed to receive my compliments, I wish all barbers were as charitable.

After my cutting reminiscences I saw much of the barber. One time he was on the other side of home, busy cutting a man's hair. Again I saw him heed of work on a man's head in the middle of his vegetable patch. The farmer was leaning against a bean pole with his hoe in his hand, evidently making the most of his luxurious ease. Anywhere and everywhere he happened to catch his man the enterprising barber would work. I was on the shore one day watching a fisherman of his salmon nets. Shortly a small skiff went out from a neighboring cove. In it was the barber, who rowed out to where the fisherman was and was soon cutting his hair.—Boston Post.

An Indian Amulet.

In India a variety of gems and stones are used as amulets. The most common is the salagrama, a stone about as large as a billiard ball, and which is perforated with black. This is supposed to be found only in Gandaki, a river in Nepaul. The person who possesses one of these stones is esteemed highly fortunate; he preserves it in a clean cloth, from whence it is sometimes taken to be bathed and perfumed. He believes that the water in which it is washed, if drank, has the power to preserve from sin. Holding it in his hand, the dying Hindoo expires in peace, trusting in a stone rather than in the living God.—Detroit Free Press.

The "Third Founder."

"Third founder of Rome" was the title given to the Roman general, Caius Marius, on account of his repeated triumphs over the public enemies of his country, particularly for his successful conduct of the Jugurthine war, and for his decisive victories over the combined forces of the Ambrones and Teutones, near Aquæ Sextiæ (Aix) in 102 B. C., and over the Cimbri on the plain of Vercellæ (Vercelli) in 101 B. C.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Shakspeare.

Billingham (in the country)—What sort of people is that you are playing which is coming from London with "Romeo and Juliet?" Do they do any billing?

Local Amateur—Do any billing? I should think they did. Why, they're billing and cooing all through the show.—Yankee Blade.

The Size of Great Britain.

Great Britain and Ireland have about the same number of square miles as Arizona—not so "great" after all. Madagascar is about as large as New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Vermont, Connecticut, New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Virginia and North Carolina combined. The area of England proper and that of the state of Iowa are almost identical.—Philadelphia Press.

A Giant with Sixty Teeth.

The Chevalier Scrog, in his narrative of his journey to Teneriffe, says that in one of the burial caverns on the peak he found the head of a human being, supposed to have been a Guanch, as large as a bushel, the jaws containing exactly sixty teeth—thirty above and the same number below.—Million.

On the Way to Paradise.

Which will you have? It does seem as if some folks prefer to have the last condition of the river rather than the first. They perpetually place themselves with purgatives totally without cause in danger of liver trouble. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the successful candidate for the people's choice, and yet, popular and well known as it is, there are unfortunates who keep on trying the drastic remedies of former days. It is to the intelligent portion of the public that the well known and long tried properties of the Bitters appeal. Reason should be guided by experience in the matter of medication. "The best guide to our feet is the lamped experience," said a great patriot at the early revolutionary period, and the exclamation is pregnant with truth. For over a third of a century the Bitters daily has met with the enthusiasm of people suffering from liver complaint, malaria, constipation, rheumatism, debility and troubles accompanied by dyspepsia. Latterly it has declared itself and been thoroughly approved as a remedy for la grippe.

Trouble always runs to meet the man who goes out to hunt it.

I was troubled with catarrh for seven years previous to commencing the use of Ely's Cream Balm. It has done for me what other so-called cures have failed to do—cured me. The effect of the Balm seemed magical. Clarence I. Huff, Biddeford, Me.

After trying many remedies for catarrh during the past twelve years, I tried Ely's Cream Balm with complete success. Its over one year since I stopped using it and have had no return of catarrh. I recommend it to all my friends.—Milton T. Palm, Reading, Pa.

A doubt is the heaviest thing you can pick up and try to carry.

Destroyer is dangerous and often fatal in winter when the horse can't get green food. At this season Bull's Head Horse and Cattle Powder is indispensable. Price 25 cents per package.

The angels are God's servants, but redeemed men are his sons.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Reber Lehighton; and Biery Weissport.

You can't discourage a man while he believes God loves him.

There is no use of any suffering with the cholera when Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy can be procured. It will give relief in a few minutes and cure in a short time. I have tried it and know.—W. H. Clinton, Helmetta, N. J. The epidemic at Helmetta was at first believed to be cholera, but subsequent investigation proved it to be a violent form of dysentery, almost as dangerous as cholera. This Remedy was used there with great success. For sale by N. B. Reber, Lehighton, and W. B. Biery, Weissport.

People who carry sunshine with them are always welcome.

What a Pity

that so many otherwise attractive, polite and particular people afflict their friends by the foul and disagreeable odor of their breath; it is mainly caused by disordered digestion, and can be corrected by removing the cause, by using that pure medicine, Sulphur Bitters.—Health Magazine.

The best way to preach Christ is to preach what he preached.

A Leader.

Since its first introduction, Electric Bitters has gained rapidly in popular favor, until now it is clearly in the lead among pure medicinal tonics and alteratives—containing nothing which permits its use as a beverage or intoxicant. It is recognized as the best and purest medicine for all ailments of Stomach, Liver or Kidneys.—It will cure Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, and Drive Malaria from the system. Satisfaction guaranteed with each bottle or the money will be refunded. Price only 50c. per bottle. Sold at Reber's Drugstore, Lehighton, and Biery's Drugstore, Weissport.

No paradise is safe from which the devil cannot be kept out.

Give the past to God and determine to make good use of the future.

Nobody has ever found happiness who did not seek it in God's way.

Two Valuable Friends.

1. A physician cannot be always hail. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises and Burns occur often and sometimes when least expected. Keep handy the friend of many households and the destroyer of all pain, the famous Red Flag Oil, 25 cents.

2. Mary's precious life could be saved that is being racked to death with that terrible cough. Secure a good night's rest by investing 25 cents for a bottle of Pan-Tina, the great remedy for Coughs, Colds and Consumption. Trial bottles of Pan-Tina free at T. D. Thomas' Drug Store.

KEEPS OUT OF SIGHT.

YET THE WORK OF THE STAGE CARPENTER IS IMPORTANT.

Next to the Stage Manager the Stage Carpenter Is Probably the Person with the Most Authority Behind the Scenes of a Theater—His Duties.

As the public must know, every well ordered theater has connected with it a body of officials who are never seen on the stage except by accident. This mechanical staff differs in size and ability, but a fair number for a good house will comprise a stage carpenter and his assistant, a property man, a flyman, two firemen and a gasman. We still call him a "gasman," though the closest full of knobs and levers and buttons manipulate electricity instead of gas in most modern houses. The new mode of lighting is more expensive than gas, but it is easier to manage and there is much less danger of fire from it.

By the way, speaking of fires, the awakening of the authorities to meet cities to a consciousness of the danger from fires in theaters makes no end of trouble for the stage carpenter, as well as vast inroads on the pockets of the manager. In addition to the electric lights, Mr. Albaugh has lately added to his theater a new asbestos curtain and a great pipe for water, which runs along in the flies and can be made to drench instantly every part of the stage should a fire break out among the inflammable mass of scenery and properties which must be always at hand.

Even in these days, when many combinations travel with carloads of special scenery, the theater must have a fair stock of its own. Drawing room scenes, wood scenes, cottages, kitchens and even barns must be in stock. These can be changed indefinitely by a few small set pieces to be used in front, thus affording a variety to those traveling companies who are willing to use the scenery belonging to the house. This is always desirable from the manager's point of view, as the cost of getting special scenery in and out of the theater is considerable and is always at his expense.

On the other hand, it is less troublesome than you would suppose to fit special scenery, when it is used, to the requirements of different houses. The only difficulty arises in the case of a very small theater, when the scene sometimes has to be cut and lapped.

There is a great deal of difference in the ease with which scenery may be handled. Take, for instance, the storm scene in "Cleopatra." The one used by Mme. Bernhardt was made in France, and was so heavy and massive that it gave no end of trouble wherever it went. Fanny Davenport's was much lighter and more easily handled, although the effect was more elaborate. We could prepare it in a very short time and without the slightest hitch. Some actors and stage managers are much more fastidious than others.

Mr. Mansfield is the most exacting person in this respect that I know. More things have to be hired for a Mansfield engagement than for any other three companies. Another very trying season for the stage carpenter is when grand opera comes to town for a week and the bill is changed every night. Seven performances, each one with different scenery and properties, involve a lot of troublesome detail for some one.

Every theater has its own paint frame and paint bridge, and when new scenery is required the scene painter usually comes and does the work on the spot. Everything concerned with stage setting is short lived, and soon becomes very shabby on near view. In drawing room scenes the upholstered furniture is cared for as well as possible, but the constant hasty handling soon makes it battered and worn. In fact, the best materials for mantels, cabinets, bric-a-brac of large size, even for chairs, is the papier mache, with which a clever property man can work such wonders. It is light and easily handled, and stands hard knocks remarkably well.

The stage carpenter usually gets his plan of the scenes required for a coming attraction some time in advance of the engagement. He must meet as many of the needs as he can out of his stock in hand, and then arrange for the manufacture or rental of the rest. He must be on hand at every performance to see about the actual work of changing the scenes, and be ready to set straight any accident which may occur. His business is a regular trade, as in fact is that of every person on the mechanical staff of the house. The carpenter must even accompany the flyman in his perilous duties aloft if occasion requires.

By the way, I once had a flyman who was an old sailor, and found that a nautical career was the best possible training for the business. He was the handiest man at getting around I ever saw, and if a rope broke he could splice it with marvelous speed. Besides all these duties the stage carpenter attends to repairs in other parts of the house, and makes improvements wherever he can. I have just come this morning from the skylight, where we need larger openings for the escape of smoke, warm air, etc. The ventilation around a stage must be quick and thorough, so that when powder is used in volleys all smoke and odor will pass quickly off.—B. F. Morrison in Kate Field's Washington.

M. Renan's Regard for Animals.

M. Renan has known any number of instances of superior sagacity in brute lions. He felt that he did not go too far in regarding cats and dogs that he had known as humble relatives. When a child he had for a neighbor a dog that, disliking the Friday's dinner of fish and potatoes, used regularly on Thursday to go looking about for bones to bite them for his meals next day. How did he know that Thursday preceded Friday? Another dog associated Sunday with personal cleanliness, and meal as regularly as it came around to go and take a bath, unless the weather was very cold, when he gave himself absolution. His name was Jocko.—London Truth.

The Irrigation of Orchards.

It has been demonstrated in California that surface irrigation is not the best method for orchards. The system is wasteful, wasteful and causes an unnecessary growth of noxious weeds. It also stultifies the tree growth, causing the roots to form in a ball near the surface. An orchard designed for market fruit should be irrigated by means of underground conduits or cement pipes.

These are laid below the freezing point and made of sufficient dimensions to carry the requisite quantity of water within three or four feet of the tree. Small holes cut in the top of the pipes and covered by boxes to prevent the holes filling with earth allow the water to percolate slowly out from the pipe and moisten the soil at the roots of the tree.

By this method the roots go downward, giving the tree a firmness to resist windstorms and withstand the effects of continued dry weather in case the water supply is temporarily exhausted. This system may be considered expensive, but the additional yield of fruit will justify such expenditure. The field of the future irrigated fruit market will be large enough to justify systematic underground tiling as well as piping. Drainages will be more extensively practised as the market orchards increase, and although expensive as it may seem, these orchards will be valuable dividend paying properties.—Irrigation Age.

In 1774 Maskelyne, the astronomer royal of England, first calculated the weight of the earth. The weight, as estimated in Encyclopedia Britannica, is 6,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 tons!

Nero tried to kill himself, but was afraid to do so. He finally gave himself a slight wound in the throat, one of his friends pushed the sword further in, and a fatal wound resulted.

A shoemaker advised a customer, when he complained of his new boots being tight, not to put them on until he had worn them for a day or two.

Horse chestnuts and potatoes carried in the pocket to keep off rheumatism or for other superstitious purposes are amulets.

N. H. Downs' Elixir

WILL CURE THAT

Cold

AND STOP THAT

Cough.

Has stood the test for *SIXTY YEARS* and has proved itself the best remedy known for the cure of *Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, and all Lung Diseases* in young or old. Price 25c., 50c., and $1.00 per bottle.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

HENRY, JOHNSON & LORD, Props., Burlington, Vt.

Sold by W. P. Biery.

THOMAS' Drug :: Store,

FIRST STREET, LEHIGHTON, PA.

LOOK OUT!

For Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cramps, Colic, &c., use Dr. Boyd's Cure.

For Biliousness, Indigestion, Constipation, Dyspepsia, &c., use Dr. Boyd's Pills.

Rather Be Without Bread, If

BISHOP'S RESTAURANT, Marquette, Mich., Nov. 7, 1899.

The Rev. J. Kozelski, of above place, writes: I have suffered a great deal, and whenever I saw feel a nervous attack coming I take a dose of Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic and feel relieved. I think a great deal of it and would rather be without bread than without the Tonic.

Better Than the Best Doctor.

MARSHUS CITY, PA., December, 1899.

It does it my duty to say that I was treated for ten years by the best doctors in Pennsylvania, but never got any relief until I took Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic. I am cured of my nervous troubles; have never had the slightest symptoms of those spells since I commenced taking the first bottle.

MRS. SARAH McGUIRE.

FREE A Valuable Book on Nervous Diseases sent free to any address and your druggist can give others this medicine free of charge.

This remedy has been prepared for the druggists under Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic since 1876, and is now prepared under his direction as a tonic.

KOENIG MED. CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

Sold by Druggists.

THE

CARBON ADVOCATE

The People's Paper.

Bright, Entertaining, Progressive.

RATES:

$1.00 A YEAR

In Advance.

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Fine Job Work

A Specialty.

At Lowest Prices.

OFFICE North First Street, Lehighton, Pa.

We have also opened a first-class

Jobbing Department

in Aaron Snyder's new block, at the Eastern end of the Lehigh Bridge, in the BOROUGH OF WEISSPORT, where all orders for **Job Printing** will be expeditiously and cheaply executed.

Subscriptions for the **Carbon Advocate** also received and receipted for.

H. V. MORTHIMER, Propr.

NEWS FOR ALL

Judge of the Piano manufacturers don't make any scales but merely the case, THE SCALES THEY BUY.

One firm in New York claims to make one-third of those actions put you allow agents to swell your heads with such nonsense, that because an article is cheap it cannot be good. I can sell you fifteen different makes of Pianos and none will go over $200, and I can show you that Cable Pianos are sold by 14 dealers in Philadelphia, and from one to one hundred and fifty dollars above what I ask for them. Think of it $150, for a good upright Piano, sold everywhere at $250. Come and see for yourself. Good Organs from $25 to $80, the very best, a guarantee goes with every one and you know who you are buying from. People have been deceived right along. You can have six months or a year to pay for them. Come and see me.

How about Sewing Machines? I am after those War Price Agents, and they must come down, unless people find pleasure in paying high prices. It will you well to come and see my variety of $25.' Sewing Machines, I can sell you any style. Round or Square Washing Machines at $5. I must be cheaper or don't want you to buy from me.

Come and see me before buying elsewhere. I remain

Yours respectfully,

Aaron Snyder

Weissport,

New Bee Hive,

ALLENTOWN, PA.

CARPETS. CURTAINS.

—THE—

New Bee Hive

at Allentown, Pa., is now ready to show its patrons the largest variety of Carpets and Curtains in all the designs at prices to suit all purchasers. When you visit Allentown stop in and take a look through the store. Visitors always welcome.

H. W. Hunsicker's

Corner 8th and Hamilton Sts.

RUPTURE! We, the undersigned were entirely cured of rupture by Dr. J. B. Mayer, 811 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. N. Jones Fleming, Kansas Square, Pa.; E. A. Keyes, Philadelphia, Pa.; E. M. Smith, Mount Alto, Pa.; Rev. S. H. Superintendent, Sunbury, Pa.; O. J. Butler, 918 S. Twelfth St., Reading, Pa.; Wm. Ross, 4th Shamokin St., Philadelphia; H. L. Rowe, 1st Elm St., Reading, Pa.; George and Eh. Burkert, 408 Locust St., Reading, Pa. Send for circular.

BEECHAM'S PILLS for sick headache, dizziness, nausea, and bilious ailments. Dr. Mayer's Prize specially cure biliousness, torpid liver and sensitive bowels. Regulate, invigorate, mild, natural. 50 doses 25 cts. Sample free at druggists. Dr. Mile Med. Co., Elkhart, Ind.

PENSIONS!

We want the name and postoffice address of every honorably discharged soldier of the late war who is not receiving a pension or who is not receiving as much pension as he is entitled to.

Also the name and postoffice of every soldier's widow, child or dependent parent who is not receiving or has not received full pension provided by law.

Also the name of every soldier or soldier's heir who has not received full Pay and BOUNTY as provided by law.

New Laws and Rulings provide for payment of claims which have heretofore been rejected. No charge for information. Send to Pension Attorney in care of CARBON ADVOCATE, Lehighton, Pa.

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INVENTORS can secure advice as to the patentability of their inventions.

PATENTEES can receive assistance in the sale of their patent rights, and full information regarding

PATENTS can be obtained for TRADEMARKS address-ing Washington. COPYRIGHTS too. Patent Attorney, in care of CARBON ADVOCATE, Lehighton, Pa.

YOU and Your Children

It is a wonderful remedy, which is alike beneficial to you and your children. Such is *Scott's Emulsion* of Pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda. It checks wasting in the children and produces sound, healthy flesh. It keeps them from taking cold and it will do the same for you

Scott's Emulsion cures Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Scrofula and all Anæmic and Wasting Diseases. Prevents wasting in children. Almost as palatable as milk. Get only the genuine. Prepared by Scott & Bowne, Chemists, New York. Sold by all Druggists.

Scott's Emulsion

Lehigh Coal & Hardware Co.,

LIMITED.

First Street, Lehighton.

Specialties.

Myer's Pumps—

A complete line, including repairs for the same

Cucumber Pumps—

A complete line including repairs for the same.

Coal Oil—

At wholesale and retail.

Usual line of Hardware, Oils, Coal, Sand, Cement, Plaster, &c.

J. L. GABEL'S

—IS HEADQUARTERS FOR—

GENERAL HARDWARE.

Paints, Varnishes, Glass,

ALL KIND OF COAL, &c.

OPS. PUBLIC SQUARE,

Bank Street, Lehighton, Pa

GRAND FALL STOCK

It Sets The People Talking

OF THE MANY BARGAINS

Comprised in the Fall and Winter Stock of KOCH & SHANKWEILER

Good Goods! Low Prices! Best Qualities!

A becoming suit for Fall and Winter adds wonderfully to one's appearance. The styles and assortment this season are handsomer than ever.

You may not feel like spending your money but when you see our grand new stock and cast your eye over our elegant selections, and notice the splendid quality of all our goods

You Will be Benefitted by our Bed Rock Prices.

Prices squeezed out of shape in our

Stylish Ready-Made Men's and Boy's Suits.

We mean that our special reductions shall move them quickly out of the way. Many attractive things that little money will buy.

No change in our respect. We are still selling those wonderful stylish All-Wool Trousers, actually Worth $5, $3.50 and $4, at $3. Working Pants at 75c. and $1. Sizes broken lines these low prices.

Prepare Your Boys for School. Good Reliable Suits can be had

From us at such low prices as to seem almost impossible. A visit of inspection will prove that they are but our claim.

Reliable Cloths, Honestly Made and Styles the Very Latest.

All Departments Full and Complete with all the Seasonable Novelties.

The People Are Talking About Our *Low* Prices

We fill up our voice to announce that we expect every one to do their duty and inspect our

New Stock of Fall and Winter Goods.

Men's, Youth's and Children's Clothing.

Koch & Shankweiler.

Largest and Finest Clothing House in the Valley,

CENTRE SQUARE, ALLENTOWN, PA.

CHARLES A. GOTH,

—DEALER IN—

Wall Paper, Window Shades

Paints, Varnishes, &c.

BOWER'S BLOCK, Opposite P. O., LEHIGHTON, PA.

First-class Paper Hanging at lowest prices. Ceiling Decoration and Frescoeing a specialty.

House Painting in all its branches. All work guaranteed to be satisfactory. Patronage solicited.

"ABSOLUTELY FREE OF CHARGE."

In order to introduce our ELEGANT and ARTISTIC CRAYON PORTRAITS to refined and intelligent people, we make each one of the following offers: Any one sending a photograph (any size, any kind, any condition) of himself, herself, or any deceased relative or friend, will receive in return a CRAYON PORTRAIT, FREE OF CHARGE, which will be found to be a beautiful and lasting memento. Our only object in making this offer is to introduce our CRAYONS where they are not known, and we hope to do so by this means. THIRTY DAYS FROM DATE is the time we allow for this offer. Our CRAYONS are not to be compared with those made by the ordinary crayon process, but are the product of a new process of our own, by which we are enabled to produce a PORTRAIT of the highest artistic excellence, and which will not fade. Our CRAYONS are worth $25.00 and upward, and we do not hesitate to say that when they are once seen they will be pronounced the finest work of the kind ever produced. Our prices are so low that everyone can afford to have a CRAYON PORTRAIT of himself, herself, or some other relative or friend. Our CRAYONS are not to be confounded with those cheap CRAYONS now in the market, but are the finest and most artistic work of the kind