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The Carbon Advocate

LEHIGHTON, PENNA.

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Charter Notices	$ 4 0
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SATURDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1891.

Bona Fide Circulation Larger than that of any Weekly Newspaper in the County.

IF LEHIGHTON IS TO MOVE along and keep up with other towns we MUST have more industries. The way to get them is for all our people, irrespective of politics, church or condition, to work together heartily and unanimously. With the coming of the new year let us all resolve ourselves into one big committee and see what can be accomplished.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, published by the great patent agency firm of Munn & Co., New York, is the most practically useful publication of its kind in the country. Indeed, it occupies a field distinctively its own. Not alone for the machinist, manufacturers, or scientist, but it is a journal for popular perusal and study. It is the standard authority on scientific and mechanical subjects. It is placed at a very low rate of subscription, $3 per annum, which places it within the reach of all. Subcriptions will be received at the office of this paper.

GOVERNOR PATTISON APPOINTED Christopher E. Heydrick, of Venango county, to succeed the late Associate Justice Clark on the Supreme Bench. Mr. Heydrick will serve until January ,1893. Christopher Heydrick is a leading lawyer of large and intricate practice in the oil region counties of Venango, Warren, Crawford, and Erie. He is a member of the Venango county Bar, a resident of Franklin, and has been in active practice for a period of thirty years. He is a Democrat, but not of the partisan stripe.

THE IDEA OF ADVANCING OR BOOMING the town is one that should never be given up. The project is one that cannot be planned and completed in a day or a week. It takes time and a great deal of time. It takes persistency and iteration. We must keep on talking and working. But our talk must be hearty and buoyant and our work patient and yet enthusiastic. We must have our advantages set forth before the country. We must keep our name before the people of the state as a live, enterprising community. We must make our own improvements such as paved streets and first class sewerage systems. These are improvements which we ought to plan and carry out ourselves and not wait for foreigners to come in.

IN WRITING AN APOLOGY for the actions of the combination during the late campaign editor malloy, of the Lansford Record, takes up much space in the abuse of some of Carbon county's best citizens, but fails to make their case much clearer to the general public. If the Record wants to abuse any one it should start at home, where it has abundant material. For instance, when Democrat Lawlor ran against Republican Clemens for poor director of the M. C. F. P. D., malloy's leading editorial before election was: "IF WE LOOSE, WE WIN." The dose, very mild, is also very plain. With half an eye you can see where jimmy stood, not only there, but also in the Associate Judge contest between Seidel and Davis. People who live in glass houses should never throw stones.

THERE ARE IN THIS NEIGHBORHOOD entirely too many young girls and, perhaps, old ones too, who place too light a value on morality, who have too light a regard for the elements of virtue and that principle of self respect and honor so necessary in woman as essential to a good name, health and happiness. When a young girl will stand on an auction block and barter away her soul for a trifle it shows a lack of that quality which goes to make up the true woman, the woman whom the government must depend on in the time of need. Every day we see lessons of this prevailing wickedness and yet unmindful of it all, one follows another in rapid succession seemingly but too anxious to sell their soul for a mess of porridge. Perhaps, if they would stop for one minute and think, it would be different, but they never do, until they have lost friends and sent a loving mother and father to a premature grave bowed in shame and broken hearted and then all that remains is at most a few short years of vice and misery, then death, the grave and eternal punishment. Our churches and christian people should endeavor to reclaim their lost ones, help them to get back into decency and honor as becomes true woman.

Thanks!

We clip the following from the Mauch Chunk Daily Times of the 2nd instant:

H. V. Morthimer, Sr., publisher and proprietor of the ADVOCATE, Lehighton's only paper, is now resting on his laurels, which were won by hard and determined work. In conversation with our reporter, yesterday afternoon, Mr. Morthimer's mind took a reminiscent turn, and he related his experience in the newspaper field in Carbon county, and, it need not be added, they were very interesting. "I am now satisfied," said Mr. Morthimer, as he bid the scribe good-bye, and cautinued: "For many years I have been working hard in the hope that some day I would publish the largest newspaper in the county. The ADVOCATE has recenty been enlarged, and is now of greater size than any of contemporaries. We are doing fairly well in our business, and expect that the enlargement will prove of benefit to the public and the publisher." The ADVOCATE people have a neat print shop, and they get out a good paper.

Resolutions for Council.

At a regular meeting of Lehigh Fire Co., No. 1, of Lehighton, held Wednesday, Dec. 2, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, The Borough Council, of the Borough of Lehighton, County of Carbon, State of Pennsylvania, having steadily maintained a complete indifference to the appeals of Lehigh Fire Company No. 1, of Lehighton, for suitable hose quarter for meeting purposes and the storage of apparatus, and

WHEREAS, The said Borough Council seem determined not to recognize these appeals it is therefore

RESOLVED, that Lehigh Fire Co. No. 1, of Lehighton, turn over all property of the Borough now in its possession and suspend further operations until the Borough Council see fit to recognize the company as they deserve.

RESOLVED, that these resolutions be presented to Council and printed in CARBON ADVOCATE

—You will miss it if you buy jewelry before seeing our immense stock of the prettiest designes you ever laid eyes on and at very reasonable prices Hohl's Mauch Chunk Jewelry Store is the place to see a magnificent stock.

—Wanted, immediately, at this office, a young man who has had some experience at type setting—A steady job.

FIRED AT DR. JOHN HALL.

Lunatic Roth Shoots Thrice at the Eminent Divine.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—John George Roth, a crazy German of middle age, attempted to kill the Rev. John Hall, D. D., pastor of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian church, after the morning service Sunday by firing three shots at him from a revolver. None of the shots took effect. The would be assassin was immediately arrested and lodged in jail.

Dr. Hall was for a time completely unnerved by his narrow escape, but recovered sufficiently to conduct the afternoon service in the church. Dr. Hall would say but little regarding the shooting. He said that Roth had attended services at his church at irregular intervals for some time past, and that he had helped him on more than one occasion, thinking him a worthy man.

Roth and Armand Declared Insane.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—John G. Roth, who attempted to assassinate Rev. John Hall Sunday, and Louis Armand, who was arrested a few days ago for forcing his attentions upon Mrs. Charles B. Alexander, daughter of the California millionaire, Crocker, have been officially adjudged insane.

THE MAMIE BISHOP MYSTERY.

Physicians Say Her Death Resulted from Unnatural Causes.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Dec. 1.—The mystery surrounding the sudden death of Miss Mamie Bishop, the pretty young daughter of David Rowland, of West Asbury Park, has not yet been cleared up. An autopsy was made, but while the physicians will not make known the result of the investigation they do not deny that the girl's death was the result of unnatural causes. The stomach has been sent to Professor R. Ogden Doremus, of New York, for analysis, and the inquest has been adjourned for two weeks, pending a report from the specialist.

As soon as the autopsy was concluded the corpse was taken to Keyport for interment. The case has created great excitement in Asbury Park and Ocean Grove.

MURDERER HARIOT CONFESSES.

He Says He Killed Mrs. Leonard in a Fit of Rage.

ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS, N. J., Dec. 3.—Louis Hariot, who is charged with killing Mrs. Charles T. Leonard, of this place, and who is now incarcerated in the county jail at Freehold, N. J., has at last confessed to having committed the crime.

He says he killed the woman in a fit of rage.

Hariot Not Mrs. Mutter's Murderer.

FREEHOLD, N. J., Dec. 3.—Ferdinand Mutter, who suspected that Louis Hariot, accused of killing Mrs. Leonard at Atlantic Highlands, was the murderer of Mrs. Mutter two years ago, has seen Hariot and is convinced that he was not his wife's slayer.

BLAINE'S PHILADELPHIA VISIT.

His Physician There Pronounces Him a Well Man.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 30.—The Press says that the prime reason for Mr. Blaine's recent visit here was to consult his medical adviser, Dr. Madison Taylor. Mr. Blaine learned that he was in better health and strength now than he was four years ago, and that six months or a year hence he would be stronger than he is now. He learned further that he is as good a man physically at sixty-one years, Mr. Blaine's age, as anybody else of like age.

Dr. Taylor in conclusion said that if Mr. Blaine took care of himself he saw no reason why he should not live many years longer.

Governor Hill Will Appoint Them.

ALBANY, Dec. 2.—Rumors of appointments to be made after Jan. 1 in the state departments are rife, but the following list is authentic: Governor's private secretary, Timothy Williams (reappointed); adjutant general, Josiah H. Porter (reappointed); inspector general, Thomas H. Barber (reappointed); deputy attorney general, in place of John S. Hogan, the Hon. John D. McMahon, of Rome; superintendent of public works, Edward Hannan (reappointed); railroad commissioner, in place of William E. Rogers, Thomas Donnelly, a conductor on the New York Central railroad for thirty-two years; superintendent of prisons in place of General Austin Lathrop, Charles S. Durston, of Auburn; deputy state engineer, in place of Arthur Wurtell, Chapman L. Johnson, of Albany; superintendent of public buildings, vice Edward Burnham, Michael Delehanty.

Five Men Killed by Dynamite.

NYACK, N. Y., Dec. 3.—An explosion occurred at the dynamite factory in Haverstraw last evening, and the shock was felt for many miles. Five men were blown to atoms. Their names follow: John Wadsworth, engineer of the works; Peter Carlossa, an Italian; Joseph Williams and Joseph C. Adfley, all workmen at the dynamite works, and Perry Lounsberry, of Sing Sing, who was in a boat near the shore. A man who was in the boat with Lounsberry at the time escaped uninjured. The building which was blown up was a frame one 50 by 150 feet. The building was set on fire by the explosion and burned for several hours.

They Robbed Their Mother.

UNION HILL, N. J., Dec. 3.—Philip and John Boyese, aged ten and twelve respectively, were committed to await the action of the grand jury by Recorder Reinhardt, of this place, for having stolen $2.50 from their mother. She made the complaint against them.

Three Hundred Syracuse Men Strike.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Dec. 2.—When the employes in John Moore's picture frame factory were notified that their wages would be reduced 10 per cent. about 300 of the men and boys employed in the factory went on strike.

THE NEW YORK LAUNCHED.

Another of Uncle Sam's Big Cruisers Buffeting the Waves.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 2.—The armored cruiser New York, the largest government cruiser ever built in America, today took her natal plunge into the waters of the Delaware river in the presence of a distinguished gathering. The launch occurred at the Cramps' shipyard, in Port Richmond.

Secretary of the Navy Tracy, Miss Helen Page, who christened the vessel, and a number of officials in the war and navy departments had the place of honor on the large platforms erected at the bow of the ship.

CRUISER NEW YORK.

When the big cruiser struck the water Miss Page broke the customary bottle of champagne and said, "I christen thee New York." President Harrison sent word to the Messrs. Cramp that, much as he would like to be present, he must forego the pleasure, owing to the necessity of completing his message to congress. Mrs. Harrison and several other members of the White House were present.

A Dull Time for Knitters.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 29.—In Germantown the knitting industry is almost at a standstill, and the manufacturers say that trade has not been so dull for years. Many factories have shut down their dyehouses.

A Mayor Charged with Embezzlement.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 30.—Mayor Wyman, of Allegheny, has been notified that four charges of embezzlement and extortion had been preferred against him by City Controller Brown before Alderman McMasters. Without awaiting the formality of an arrest Mayor Wyman visited the alderman's office and gave bail in $2,000. The hearing in the case was set for Friday next. The charges specify amounts of witness' fees, collecting the same and failure to turn the money thus collected over to the city treasurer.

Three Young Men Lost.

ERIE, Nov. 30.—The loss of three young men who went out duck hunting on the lake on Thanksgiving Day is pretty well authenticated by the recovery of the boat and a hat belonging to William Roberts and a coat belonging to his cousin, William Graham. Roberts, who was about seventeen years old, took his cousins, William and John Graham, out with him in a leaky skiff duck hunting. After they had been gone some time a stiff breeze sprung up, and in the light of the last discoveries it is certain that the three young hunters were swallowed up in the waters of Lake Erie.

Highway Robbers Abroad.

WILKESBARRE, Nov. 30.—Highway robbers committed three daring robberies in this county Saturday night. The gang was divided into three parties and invaded three towns. In Alden they broke into Joseph Paukoit's hotel, blew open the safe and got $100. In escaping they upset a lamp and the house took fire and burned to the ground, the inmates narrowly escaping.

At Nanticoke the robbers entered Town Treasurer Joseph Schappert's house and stole $1,500.

At Plymouth they blew open the safe of Joseph Bibotche's jewelry store, but becoming alarmed fled without taking anything. The robberies were committed about midnight. No arrests have been made yet. The robbers escaped on horseback.

BRIEF ITEMS OF NEWS.

INTERESTING HAPPENINGS OF THE WORLD FROM FAR AND NEAR.

The Developments of Each Day During the Week Caught Fresh from the Busy Wires and Carefully Edited and Condensed for Our Readers.

President Harry E. Gillette has resigned the presidency of the Milwaukee Baseball club.

At New York Edward L. Cunningham was awarded $7,500 damages by a jury against the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad company for injuries received at Buffalo while he was engaged by the railroad company.

Germany is attempting to follow the lead of the United States in negotiating a reciprocity treaty with Brazil.

Thieves broke into the Hopkins County bank at Madisonville, Ky., blew open the safe door and secured $5,000.

Three executions, aggregating $10,683, were entered at Allentown, Pa., against F. P. Wolfe & Co., shoe manufacturers, and they have failed.

It is stated that the Adams Express company will probably lose $75,000 by the train robbery at Glendale, Mo.

The full bench of the Massachusetts supreme court, except Judge Holmes, who dissents, has declared the Weavers' fine act, passed by the last legislature, to be unconstitutional, and employers may resume the fine system.

The long contested clerkship battle of Middlesex county was settled by the court of errors at Trenton, when judgment was rendered for Patrick Convery, the Democrat incumbent, over John H. Conger, Republican.

The will of the late William M. Force, which disposes of an estate valued at $5,000,000, was admitted to probate in the surrogate's office at Newark.

The island of Barbados is endeavoring to arrange a reciprocity treaty with the United States.

The Cape Cod Ship Canal company asks the removal of its charter which it lost by inaction.

Billy Hawkins, lightweight champion of Canada, knocked out Sailor Brown, of Boston, in the second round at Montreal.

M. E. Cohen committed suicide at Milwaukee because his wife, who lives at 146 Madison street, Albany, had entered suit for a divorce.

At Halifax, N. S., C. A. Peakes, wanted in Boston for alleged embezzlement of funds of the Boston and Albany Railroad company, was remanded for extradition.

There were 2,984 presidential postoffices July 1, 1891. This is a net increase of twelve, the aggregate amount of presidential salaries being $5,047,700, or an increase of $434,200 as compared with 1890. The total gross receipts for the year amounted to $50,305,067, being an increase of $4,875,695.

The Curtis Bay Sugar refinery, at Baltimore, which recently went into the sugar trust, has shut down for an indefinite period.

Attorney General Tabor denies the report that Governor Hill has given him a copy of the charges against the surrogate of Saratoga county for him to investigate.

The dominion government has decided to build a ship canal 13½ miles long on the north shore of the St. Lawrence river above Montreal. With the new Sault St. Marie canal, which will be completed in 1893, this will give Canada an independent waterway from Lake Superior to the ocean.

The report that General Butler is seriously ill is denied at his home in Lowell.

The Canadian Pacific Railway company intends submitting to the dominion government a proposal for the establishment of a service of fast Atlantic steamships from Quebec to Plymouth, in England, and Cherbourg, in France.

Martin C. Barthal, for twenty-five years manager of the Concordia Publishing company, of St. Louis, has confessed that he is an embezzler, and has implicated his son, Martin H. P. Barthal, who has fled. The father has made the stealings good.

Charles Birson, criminal, and accused of outrageous assault on a child, narrowly escaped lynching in Indianapolis. To save his life he was promptly given the full penalty, twenty-one years.

The number of Gilbert Island natives lost in the brig Tahiti, in the Pacific, will reach near 400, it is now stated.

Frank Toucey, the New York publisher, has won three suits against other publishers for using the words "Old Sleuth" in their publications, by a decision of the New York court of appeals.

The protectory building, connected with the convent of the Sisters of Mercy, two miles north of Newburg, N. Y., was burned to the ground. There were 240 children sleeping in the building, but all got out safely.

Six masked robbers at Glendale, Mo., stopped a train, blew open the express car door with dynamite, stole $30,000 worth of property belonging to the Adams Express company and escaped.

Costa Rica is seeking to arrange a reciprocity treaty with the United States.

At Rochester, N. Y., Gabriel Kuhn, convicted of assault in the first degree upon his wife, Anna C. Kuhn, was sentenced to five years' imprisonment in Auburn jail.

Thomas Burch, a veteran lake captain, committed suicide while insane at Buffalo by taking "Rough on Rats."

The census office declares that the population of Alaska is 31,795.

Caleb Alexander Parker, a well known retired builder and contractor, died at New Orleans, aged eighty-five years.

William Stephen, father of Lord Mount Stephen, died at Montreal, aged ninety-one years.

The navy department has authorized the thirteenth payment, amounting to $11,250, to be made on the practice vessel being built by Samuel Moore & Sons, of Elizabethport, N. J.

At La Grange, Ind., after twenty hours' deliberation, a jury found Martin Hall guilty of murder and fixed the punishment at imprisonment in the penitentiary for life. Hall was charged with poisoning Sheridan Hughes on Sept. 15. The evidence was wholly circumstantial.

Dr. G. D. Dunham, leading physician of Plattsburg, N. Y., is dead from heart disease.

Mayor Van Cleef, of New Brunswick, N. J., has started a movement to canvass the city for contributions to complete the soldiers' monument.

The First National bank of Damariscotta, Me., which has been closed since the suspension of the Maverick bank in Boston, has resumed business.

A parsonage has been presented to the Congregational church at Fairhaven, Mass., by Mrs. H. H. Rogers, of New York city.

It is reported that the royal commission in the Baie de Chaleurs matter are unanimous in acquitting Premier Mercier of all blame.

Directors of the Poor Held to Answer.

CARLISLE, Nov. 30.—The directors of the poor were given a hearing on the charge of neglect in the case of Joe Diller, the bound boy, whose death is ascribed to maltreatment by Farmer Lafferty. They were held for court.

A Benefit Order Suspended.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 30.—The Advance Beneficial Order made an assignment for the benefit of its creditors. The order, which has been in existence about fourteen months, has 4,200 certificate holders. The order has lodges throughout this state, Ohio and Michigan. The claims of the certificate holders amount to about $300,000, to meet which the order has $70,000 in cash and $77,000 tied up in the suspended Spring Garden National bank.

For Violating the Interstate Law.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 30.—Frank A. Fowkes, an agent on the Philadelphia and Reading railroad, charged with violating the interstate commerce law, appeared before United States Commissioner Craig and entered bail in $1,000 for a hearing on Monday next. Agents of the Wabash railway, the New York, Chicago and St. Louis, the Central Railroad of New Jersey and the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad are also under indictment for the same offense.

To Restrict the Coal Output.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 2.—Pursuant to an agreement made at the meeting of the sales agents of the various coal producing companies held in New York last Tuesday, the production and consequent tonnage will be restricted and all collieries of the Philadelphia and Reading company will, commencing today, reduce the hours of labor in the mines. This is a customary measure at this time of the year, and is adopted in order to obviate the possible overproduction and accumulation at the mines.

Couldn't Meet Its Losses.

READING, Dec. 2.—A receiver has just been appointed for the Alliance Mutual Fire Insurance company of this city. The receiver was appointed on the application of J. R. Jones, of Philadelphia, who claims that the company was insolvent, because it did not make good a claim held by the petitioner. The officers of the company admitted that it could not meet its losses.

Philadelphia Dry Goods Men in Trouble.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 2.—Judgments aggregating nearly $40,000 have been entered against the firm of Turner & Hoyt, dry goods dealers of this city. Ephraim Turner, a member of the firm, has been connected with the Spring Garden National bank, which was closed some time ago.

SENATOR RAPSHER

On the Jurisdiction of the Senate Session Extraordinary.

Mr. Rapsher. Mr. President, I believe that you will agree with me in one thing, at least, if in nothing else, and that is that it is a weary and discouraging task, at this stage of the discussion, for any lawyer, no matter how learned and eminent he may be, to attempt to throw any new light upon the question of the jurisdiction of this body to pass upon the subject matter which his Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth has submitted in his message for its consideration. This is surely true upon the side of the accused officials. A most formidable array of the most able, learned and distinguished constitutional lawyers (the very best that money could employ), have consumed days in solely arguing that question before the Senate. The aid of history and jurisprudence, ancient and modern, has been freely invoked to shed the most lustrous and fascinating light upon the question at issue, in such a manner as to produce such intellectual effects, as only great learning and the highest order of magnetic genius can produce. For myself I am free to say that the arguments have been not only interesting but instructive. This vast volume of eloquence and learning is chiefly concentrated upon a common point, to wit:—that the concluding sentence of section four of article 6 of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, does not mean what it says, but that it should be so construed by the Senate as to mean the contrary to what nearly all men have hitherto understood it to mean. When I said "nearly all men," I intended to include therein the Senate of Pennsylvania, the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, as well as professional men, business men and wage earners.

What do the people of this Commonwealth in general say, they contend as I understand them, that if address is no remedy for misbehavior in office or crime, there is no speedy way to save the State or vindicate its honor. If for example, the State Treasurer be a Barnsley and the treasury in danger of wreck, or if he be a forger, a felon, or guilty of disgraceful crime, the Commonwealth must suffer in fortune and honor until the slow, tedious, cumbrous process of impeachment ends in conviction, sentence and removal. But the convention of 1872-73, composed of the most able men in the State, did not leave the people in this remediless, ruinous condition. The Constitution, when read aright, leaves the people free from predicament.

Elected officers (with the exceptions named) "shall be removed by the Governor for reasonable cause after due notice and full hearing on address of two-thirds of the Senate.

The position taken by the eminent counsel that the remedy by address applies to no impeachable or indictable offense is an emasculation of the letter and the spirit of the Constitution, and takes from the people the power of removal when circumstances imperatively demand its immediate exercise. Neither the history of the clause, its purpose, nor the welfare of the people will justify such a construction of the plain language and the important purpose of our organic law.

The Constitution of 1874 is but a step forward, from old methods to new ones, in the grand march of a progressive civilization.

It provides that all elected officers (with the exceptions named) shall be removed on the address of one branch of the Legislature.

Machiavelli declared that "nothing is more important to the stability of the state than that facility should be given by its constitution for the facecusation of those who are supposed to have committed any public wrong." It was this which our Constitution meant to secure by means of address. The processes of impeachment, like those of amendment are ponderous and difficult to handle. It requires something like passion to put them in motion; and nothing short of the grossest offenses against the plain law of the land will suffice to give them speed and effectiveness. Indignation so great as to overgrow party security, would be a conviction; nothing less can. Besides, great crimes such as might speed, even impeachment, are not ordinary things in the loosest service.

It is earnestly contended by the learned counsel for the accused, that His Excellency the Governor had no authority to convene the Senate for the consideration of such matters as he has laid before them in his message. Article 4, section 2, in broad, general terms defines his duties. It reads as follows: "The supreme executive power shall be vested in the Governor, who shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed." He is sworn to do this, and yet it is insisted that the Constitution gives him practically no power to do it. He called the Senate together in extraordinary session to inquire into the inefficiency and mismanagement of certain State officials, who have openly confessed that they did not faithfully execute the laws.

The investigation of the Senate has developed a very unpleasant and painful story of the manner in which the public business has been managed, and the sole plea in mitigation which can be urged is, after all, not a valid one—that usage had sanctioned law methods, and that abuses, if they existed were non new.

In the course of his very able argument Mr. Shapley eloquently insisted that if the Senate should decide that it had jurisdiction of the case before it, under the Constitution, it would be turning back the hand on the dial of time at least one hundred years. What a fearful reflection! Hear what Pennsylvania's great Chief Justice Gibson said about the difficulty of convincing men of the truth. He said: "It is wonderful how slowly the most obvious truths are perceived and admitted. The plain and simple morality of the gospel required a revelation."

It has also been argued by the eminent counsellors that the Constitution should be strictly construed. I beg to remind the learned gentlemen that the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania differs with them on that point as well as on some others which I have pointed out.

Constitutions which define the principles and fix the basis of free government are generally written with the greatest care and simplicity of language, in order that plain people may make no mistake as to their true meaning and purport. When Constitutions are so framed the masses of the people are quite as capable as lawyers of understanding their intendment and effect. Lawyers may dispute and courts may render conflicting opinions upon strictly technical and barbarous statutes; but there is rarely such controversy over the plain provisions of the organic law.

But this is not all. A tearful tale of woe has been invoked by the learned counsel for the accused, because the Governor and the Senators are not acting under the solemnity of a special oath: "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support, obey and defend the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitution of this Commonwealth, and that I will discharge the duties of my office with fidelity." It is idle to say that if this oath will not induce us to do justice and right in the performance of our duties, then no other oath will or can.

If Mr. Sulzberger (the most metaphysical of lawyer) should feel like explaining away the force and effect of this oath, I merely suggest that he shall do it in the magnified light of a universal understanding. A technical reply or answer has already been suggested.

Mr. President and Senators, the people of this Commonwealth will watch the proceedings of the Senate with extraordinary interest. No ostrich policy of concealment, nor any refined technicality as to jurisdiction, can be adopted by the Senate without subjecting it to universal condemnation.

Will You Do It?

Use the Averill Paint, and paint BUT ONCE, in a long period, or use something "said" to be as good, and repaint every year or two? Averill Paint is the best. It is the handsomest; no other has so brilliant a gloss. It is cheaper than any other at any price, because it outwears all others. It lasted 20 years on the house of E. H. Forbes, Winchester, N. H., 12 years on houses of W. E. Reynolds, Groton Lake, N. Y., 14 years on houses of Mrs. E. Cole, Milford, N. Y. Averill Paint has been in use 20 years and is guaranteed. If you are urged to buy other paints demand proof of their durability. The question is not "What is the first cost?" but, "How long will it last?" Beautiful sample card of fashionable tints free. LEHIGH COAL & HARDWARE CO. LEHIGHTON.

RAILROAD RUMBLINGS

‡ Ten new locomotives will be built by the Baldwin Locomotive Works for the New Jersey Central Railroad Company. They will have six driving wheels, 21x26 inches cylinder, with 62-inch wheels. The Baldwin Works will build a four-cylinder freight engine and one compound passenger engine.

‡ On Nov. 1st the wages of baggagemasters and passenger brakemen on the Central road were increased 25 cts. a day.

‡ All aboard! Yes, but look here, don't forget the grand fair and festival in Gabel's Hall, this city, on next Friday and Saturday evenings for the benefit of Lehigh Lodge, 292, B. of R. R. T. Get there on good schedule time and help the boys along.

—Big stock of the finest gold watches will be sold 30 per cent cheaper than elsewhere, we bought large lots, so we can give you extremely low prices, E. H. Hohl, Mauch Chunk.

KEYSTONE STATE NEWS.

ITEMS WHICH ARE OF PARTICULAR INTEREST TO PENNSYLVANIANS.

Brief Mention of Matters Which Everybody Should Know About—A Week's Accidents and Crimes Accurately and Concisely Chronicled.

BRADFORD, Nov. 29.—The private bank of S. Peters, Pool & Co. announces its failure. The capital stock of the bank is $75,000, and the firm owes half a million. The members say that they are able to pay their creditors in full.

Editor Patterson Indignant.

POTTSVILLE, Nov. 29.—Reed S. Patterson, of The Miners' Journal, has returned to this city from a week's trip to Philadelphia, and his counsel states he will bring a number of libel suits because of the allegations made reflecting upon Mr. Patterson's integrity, which, it is said, are distortions of the truth. Mr. Patterson was born in Pottsville. His family is an old one, his grandfather having been one of the pioneers of the anthracite region, and the name of Patterson is highly respected in the Schuylkill valley. Public sympathy is with Mr. Patterson, and the stories of alleged crookedness circulated are not generally believed.

An Election Bet Killed Him.

WAYNESBURG, Nov. 29.—John Dougherty, an oil well driller, made a bet with a Republican that Campbell would defeat McKinley for governor of Ohio. The loser was to climb to the top of an oil derrick, seventy-two feet high, and remain there from 9 o'clock in the morning until 6 in the evening. Dougherty mounted the derrick, caught a cold and died.

Manager Largman Stole and Eloped.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 29.—Samuel Largman, who was arrested here, was taken to Philadelphia by Detective Geyer to answer the charge of larceny in stealing 334 pairs of pants from a Philadelphia clothing dealer. Largman was the manager of a Hebrew dramatic company, which is now stranded here. He eloped from Philadelphia with Etta Doerfinkle, sixteen years old. The girl's father came here for his daughter and will take her home.

JOHN C. ENO TO LEAVE EXILE.

The Notorious New York Defaulter Soon to Visit the Metropolis.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—It is understood in club circles that John C. Eno, ex-president of the Fifth National bank, who has been a fugitive from New York justice in Canada for seven years, has arranged his affairs and will be able to return to New York early in the winter or not later than March. Mr. Eno's father, Amos R. Eno, is the owner of the Fifth Avenue hotel property, which was mortgaged to his son for about two millions to save the Fifth National bank from failure, as a result of its last young president's misappropriation of securities.

If Eno returns he will probably be arrested. Bail will be asked for him, and Mr. Eno's friends think that this will be the end of the criminal prosecution, because in seven years it is almost impossible to get the evidence which was in the possession of the district attorney's office when Mr. Eno escaped. Eno has made a good deal of money since he has been in Quebec, and it is said that he is now worth not far from $1,000,000.

DR. TALMAGE OFFICIATED.

He Married His Daughter May to the Man of Her Choice.

BROOKLYN, Dec. 3.—Never has the new Brooklyn Tabernacle presented such a gorgeous spectacle as it did last night on the occasion of the marriage of Miss May Mestimer Talmage, second daughter of the Rev. Dr. T. De Witt Talmage, to Daniel Dederan Mangum, Jr. Society people regarded the wedding as the event of the season, and as a result the church was crowded to the doors.

The ceremony was performed by Dr. Talmage. It was simple enough in its way, and was one which Dr. Talmage had prepared specially for the occasion. In addition to performing the ceremony the doctor gave the bride away. After pronouncing the couple man and wife he blessed his daughter and her husband and the procession moved back to the entrance. After the ceremony there was a wedding reception at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Talmage, 1 South Oxford street.

1891 December. 1891						
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6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
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27	28	29	30	31		

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respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the citizens generally to his immense

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Watches, Clocks,

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at Prices that defy competition. It will pay you a call and inspect my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

REPAIRING

Promptly done at lowest charge, and all work guaranteed.

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Al. Campbell,

SIGN OF THE BIG WATCH,

Bank St Lehighton.

Dec181367

D. S. Ewing, General Agent, 1107 Chestnut st., Philadelphia.

SHERIFF'S SALE

—OF—

Valuable Real Estate.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, No. 5, January Term, 1891, to me directed, will be sold at public vendue at the Court House in the Borough of Mauch Chunk, Carbon county, Penn'a, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 2ND, 1892,

at 1 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate, to-wit:

All that certain tract or piece of land situate in Lower Towamensing Township, Carbon county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a stone, thence by land now or late of Henry Bowman and partly by the lands of George Ziegenfuss estate, north fifteen degrees, east forty-five perches and a half to a stone; thence by land now or late of Charles Meendsen north eighty-five degrees, east forty-five perches to a stone; thence by land of the Prince Manufacturing Company south forty-two degrees, east twenty-two perches and one-half to a stone; thence by land of Charles Meendsen south sixty-six and one-half degrees, west seventy-eight perches to the place of beginning containing

TEN ACRES AND NINETY PERCHES,

and the allowance of six per cent.

The improvements thereon are a Sand Pocket, 12x12 feet, and Shute.

Seized and taken into execution as the property of Thomas M. Weaver, and to be sold by

H. P. LEVAN, Sheriff.

CRAIG & LOCKS, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Sheriff's Office, Mauch Chunk, Pa., December 1st, 1891.

SHERIFF'S SALE

—OF—

Valuable Real Estate.

By virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, No. 19, January Term, 1891, to me directed, will be sold at public vendue at the Court House in the Borough of Mauch Chunk, Carbon county, Penn'a, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY, 2ND, 1892,

at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following described real estate, to-wit:

All that certain lot or piece of land situate on the north side of Pine street in the village of Lehighton, now named Packerton, in the Township of Mahoning, County of Carbon, and State of Pennsylvania, numbered in the plan or plot of said village thirty (30) and containing in width twenty feet on said Pine Street, sixty (60) feet, and continuing northwardly of that width or breadth between parallel lines at right angles with said street one hundred and forty eight (148) feet and nine (9) inches to a sixteen and one-half (16½) feet wide alley, bounded on the south by said Pine street, on the west by lot No. 31, on the north by said alley and on the east by lot No. 29.

The improvements thereon are a Two-story

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

14x28 feet; a two-story frame kitchen attached, 14x14 feet.

Seized and taken into execution as the property of Alfred Mertz, and to be sold by

H. P. LEVAN, Sheriff.

T. A. SNYDER, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Sheriff's Office, Mauch Chunk, Pa., December 3rd, 1891.

SHERIFF'S SALE

—OF—

Valuable Real Estate.

By virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, No. 5, 1891, to me directed, there will be sold at public vendue, at the Court House, in the Borough of Mauch Chunk, Carbon county, Penn'a, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 2ND, 1892,

at 1 o'clock p. m., the following described property, to-wit:

All of the two following lots of ground situate in the Borough of Weatherly, Carbon county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows:

LOT FIRST.—Beginning at a post or corner of lot No. 15, on the west side of Lauderburn Avenue, thence along the line of said lot in a westerly course along said Alley thirty-three feet to a post on a corner of said alley and an alley running south; thence southwardly along said alley one hundred and sixty two feet to a post on the corner of said alley and Lauderburn Avenue; thence along said Avenue thirty-three feet to the place of beginning, being lot No. 14 on lands of A. J. Lauderburn. The improvement is thereon are a Two-story

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

21x28 feet, and other outbuildings.

LOT NO. 2.—Beginning at a corner of lots of Thomas Buck, deceased, thence northwardly between parallel lines and at right angles with said lots six hundred and fifty-six (656) feet, southwardly by lots of Thomas Buck, dec'd, aforesaid, westwardly by land of H. D. Brill, now Kocher and Young, northwardly and eastwardly by lands of A. J. Lauderburn and others, it being part of the same premises which by election at orphans' court approved and set apart to the use of Lavina Buck, widow of Thomas Buck, deceased.

Seized and taken into execution as the property of John W. Beyer and James S. Beyer, and will be sold by

H. P. LEVAN, Sheriff.

F. HERTZLOTTE, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Sheriff's Office,