

The Carbon Advocate

LEHIGHTON, PENNA. SATURDAY, MAY 25, 1890.

ENTERED AT THE LEHIGHTON POST-OFFICE AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER.

TO AN ANXIOUS INQUIRER WHO WANTS TO know what has become of Lehighton's Board of Trade, we would remark that it has gone into innocuous desuetude.

THE BOUQUET COUNCIL HAS ACTED wisely and at the same time set a commendable example for our people to follow in guaranteeing to take thirty water plugs at an approximate cost of \$1000 per annum from the Water Company. THE ADVOCATE can not too strongly urge upon our people the necessity, let alone the convenience, of the town having a first-class supply of water. The artesian wells provide to give us all the water we need, so let property owners see to it that money is subscribed for the furtherance of this object.

MEMORIAL DAY, NEXT THURSDAY, LET our people heartily co-operate with the Grand Army of the Republic in paying just tribute to the heroic dead. In all times and in all ages nations have paid due homage to those who have sacrificed life and limb in the cause of war and for the perpetuation of a national cause, so also let the people of the nineteenth century do honor to the noble dead who fill soldier graves on hillside and in valley. They answered the last roll call and crossed the dark river of death, and under the guidance of the Omnipotent Commander journey in the land from which no traveler has yet returned. Observe Memorial Day in all its solemn beauty, scatter flowers on the graves of the dead and in all ages to come will the patriotic heart be stirred by memories of the noble boys who went to the front in the time of their country's need.

ALL VERY POOR.

A writer in the Lehigh coal region in addressing a Philadelphia exchange, says: "We are all very poor here, and everything in the work kind is very dull, and many have not bread enough to satisfy their hunger. Men here are not free to act as they please, everything is owned and controlled by monopoly. There are so many idle men that it is considered a great boon to get a job of any kind, and the corporations make the most of it. I have seen outside of the coal regions know nothing of the devilish persecution that is practiced here in order to break the spirit of the men and make them submissive. They have succeeded too well. I enclose you my pay envelope so you may see how it is with us. It is for two weeks. And how are we going to do it?"

"How are we going to do it?" and the echo comes back in a jargon of Italian, Polish and Hungarian sermons, do it or die! A bright comment this on the great Keystone state. The condition of affairs in the anthracite coal regions is solely due to the large numbers of the above class of people who usurp the place of the intelligent American miner. The result is seen in low cut wages, and the numerous fatal accidents occurring through the ignorance and carelessness of unskilled and inexperienced employees. How long will this condition of affairs last? Just so long as paper and coal immigration is tolerated, and pools, combinations and kindred excesses are allowed to flourish in direct violation of the law of supply and demand. Break up these evils by the strong arm of the law honestly enforced and a better day will dawn for all classes, not only the anthracite coal miners.

BROADBRAIN'S N. Y. LETTER.

On Saturday last a gentleman returned to Brooklyn who has been absent from that city several years. His return created but very little enthusiasm. The departure was one of the most sensational events the most sensational year that the country had seen since the war. The gentleman was James D. Fish, a man of high standing and of great wealth. He had been in New York, and his reputation, if not as high as any man's, was sufficient to attract attention to give him entry into New York's best society. He lived in moderately generous style, wore a white "chocker," and if not a deacon or trustee, he by his genial and pious office, was regarded as eligible to the office. While many presidents of banks were suspicious of every other fellow, that such an insignificant mortal could ever have established himself in the confidence of the close-fisted old money bags who make their millionaires, was a small clerk in a small bank, he was considered his services amply rewarded with fifteen dollars a week. The Produce Exchange was about erecting its new building and these was a sudden appreciation of the price of its seats. Ferdinand began to speculate in a small way on borrowed money, and it was not long before he carried out his speculation. He had struck the gold mine before he found himself the possessor of a few hundred dollars of his own. He had struck a new bonanza and at a time he kept his secret to himself. At last he began to long for a larger field of speculation. He wanted to buy fifty or a hundred seats, instead of one or two, and he cast around for somebody to supply him with the funds. He unfolded his scheme to James D. Fish. Fish listened, thought the matter over, and jumped in. The legitimate purchase of a few seats in the Produce Exchange did not long satisfy his ambition, and then he conceived the idea of that gigantic scheme of swindling and plunder which led the Grants to ruin, which shook this city like an earthquake, which was the social and financial death of Fish and which landed Ward himself in States prison for a long term of years.

The strangest feature of the whole affair was the revelation of Fish's double life. On Wall street he was all dignity and reserve; in Brooklyn the environment of a pious churchman; but the other Mr. Fish could be found after bank hours behind the scenes of the scenes of the opera bouffes flitting with young actresses who, after the play was over, went out with him to midnight suppers and in flowing bumpers of the choicest champagne, drank good health to the generous patron whose purse was ever open to their demands. Among the feral throng of the opera bouffes was a lovely young creature named Sally Reber. Half the duets in New York were breaking their hearts for her, but their sighs were in vain, for it was whispered that she had a protector and that she was going to leave the stage. Fish was sixty-five, Sally was only twenty, but just previous to the crash she disappeared. She was finally located in a small village in New Jersey where a child was born, and a few days after the young mother died. Then to the great scandal of his family he acknowledged that Sally Reber was his wife. He attended her funeral, then he was indicted for the crime and convicted of converting the funds of the bank to his own use and sentenced to States Prison for ten years. After serving

four years and a half he came out of his prison house by the favor of President Cleveland, at the age of seventy, to finish his life journey. It may be that his further imprisonment could subvert no wholesome end, but if the fatal result to him will keep one young man from following in his evil way, his punishment will not have been in vain.

Strolling through Madison Square the other day, I saw George Francis Train sitting under the trees surrounded by a curious crowd. His clothes hung about him loose and baggy, for it was the frosty day of his fast and he had lost flesh. His head was bare, as usual; his hair is thick and white as the driven snow. By constant exposure his face is bronzed like an Indian's but he looked healthy and contented and wore a bright jacket on the lapel of his coat like a regular dude. Looking at him I could not help asking myself the same question that I have asked a hundred times before, where is the weak point in this man's make up that makes the difference between sanity and madness? He talks well on any subject; his mind is a store house of human knowledge. No man expresses himself more beautifully or forcibly at times than he and yet behind it all is that indefinable something which tells you he is not sane. He loves children, flowers and birds, and his life is as simple and apparently as harmless as a wildcat's. Should he keep his determination to fast a hundred days the result may be reached, his seat in the Park will soon be vacant and the eccentric genius who has furnished gossip for the public and the press for the past quarter of a century will be laid away to rest among the flowers he loved so well.

It is a matter of congratulation that the so-called walking match which closed last week was a regular and sane contest. He talks well on any subject; his mind is a store house of human knowledge. No man expresses himself more beautifully or forcibly at times than he and yet behind it all is that indefinable something which tells you he is not sane. He loves children, flowers and birds, and his life is as simple and apparently as harmless as a wildcat's. Should he keep his determination to fast a hundred days the result may be reached, his seat in the Park will soon be vacant and the eccentric genius who has furnished gossip for the public and the press for the past quarter of a century will be laid away to rest among the flowers he loved so well.

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MARRIED.

BOWMAN-SMOTHER-ON May 18th, 1890, at Weisport, by the Rev. Mr. H. K. Kistler, Mr. Robert Bowman and Mrs. Nettie K. Smother, both of Lehighton.

REPOUND OF THE CONDITION OF THE TOWN, PENNA., at the close of business, May 15, 1890.

Table with financial data including Loans and Discounts, Bonds, and other assets and liabilities.

LIABILITIES.

Table with financial data including Capital stock paid in, Surplus fund, and other liabilities.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, [S:]

I, W. W. Bowman, Cashier of the above-named bank, do hereby certify that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. W. BOWMAN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of May, 1890.

CORNER-ATTNEY: HORACE HEVET, N. P.

R. F. HOFFORD, Directors.

F. J. KISTLER.

May 25, 1890.

Daniel Baltzer,

BANK STREET, LEHIGHTON, PA.,

next to Trexler & Kridler's Carriage Work

NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS,

including a full and complete line of

All Kind of Laces and

Ladies' Underwear

White Goods a Specialty!

Prices very lowest. Call and be convinced

that we have a full line of everything

usually found in a first class

Notion Store.

Have Feathers Cleaned.

JOHN MOYER

is located in Seiler's Butcher Shop in the rear

of the Lehigh Coal and Hardware Company

and is prepared to

Renovate Feathers

According to the latest discovered scientific

process at the following low prices:

Less than 15 pounds, 10 cents per pound.

Between 15 and 20 pounds, 9 cents per pound.

Between 20 and 30 pounds, 8 cents per pound.

Between 30 and 40 pounds, 7 cents per pound.

For reference call on or address James Walp,

Jonathan Kistler at Carbon House, Columbus

Hon., at Mansion House, T. D. Claus and others.

Orders left with J. H. Brown or at the Store

will receive prompt attention. Feathers will

be called for in town and at Weisport and returned

free of charge. may11-10

Howard Deifenderfer,

OPPOSITE THE PUBLIC SQUARE, BANK

STREET, LEHIGHTON.

MANUFACTURER - OF - FINE - CIGARS

Also a Choice Line of

TOBACCOS, CHOCOLATE, AND SMOKERS SUPPLIES.

Don't Forget to Call -

may11-10

New Advertisements.

ROCKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity,

strength and wholesomeness. More economical

than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in

competition with the multitude of low test, short

weight, atom or phosphate powders. Sold only

in cans. Royal Baking Powder Company, 100

Wall Street, N. Y. aug 24-11

C. C. C.

CURTIS' COUGH COMPOUND.

Sure Cure for Coughs, Colds, Consumption,

Hoarseness, Sore Throat and all diseases of the

Bronchial Organs. Thousands can testify as to

its efficacy. Price 25 cents. feb10-10

For sale by all Druggists.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that application

has been filed with the Secretary of Internal

Affairs of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,

by the undersigned for a warrant to survey a

certain piece of vacant land, situated in the

township of Lower Townships, Carbon coun-

ty, Pa., containing about four acres and adjoin-

ing lands of Edward Boyer and the estate of

Elizabeth Bowman on the East, Robert Schaefer,

John Chitt and Win. Beltz on the South, John Craig

on the West and North, in the township of

Lower Townships, Carbon County, Pa. The

rights of Assembly approved April 1st, 1889.

JOHN CRAIG.

ADJOURNED

Orphans' Court Sale

OF VERY VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of an order and decree of the Or-

phans' Court of Carbon County, Pennsylvania,

the undersigned will sell at Public Sale, on

the premises in the Borough of LEHIGHTON,

County and State aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1890,

at THREE o'clock P. M., the following described

real estate to wit: All that certain lot or

piece of ground situate, lying and being in the

township of Lehigh, Carbon County, Pa., and

being part of the estate of Edward Boyer, late

of said Borough Nos. 22, 23 and 24, bounded

and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a

point on the West side of Bank street twenty-two

feet south of the corner of Ross and Bank

streets, thence due South along said Bank street

thirty-six feet to other side of said lot now

owned by Elizabeth B. Claus, thence along the

same due West thirty-seven feet, thence due

North eight feet, thence due East one hundred

and eighty-nine feet, thence due South

thirty-six feet to the right hand side of

the present owners to keep and retain the

premises until the same are sold or conveyed

any part or portion of said lot and new ones

are erected, not to exceed fifteen acres, and

improvements thereon consist of a Two-story

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

covering the entire front of said lot on Bank

street, and out-buildings.

Terms of sale - One-third of the purchase

money to be paid in cash on the day of sale;

the balance in three equal annual payments

in one year, with interest thereon, and

with the right of redemption until the

expiration of the term of years, and the

improvements thereon consist of a Two-story

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

covering the entire front of said lot on Bank

street, and out-buildings.

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entitled to vote at the polling place of the elec-

tion district of which he shall at the time be a

resident and not elsewhere.

FRANK. He shall have been a citizen of the

United States at least thirty days.

SECOND. He shall have resided in the state

one year (or if, having previously been a qual-

ified elector or native born citizen of the state,

he shall have resided herebefore and returned,

then six months) immediately preceding the

election.

THIRD. He shall have resided in the election

district where he shall offer to vote at least

thirty days immediately preceding the election.

The legislature, at the session, thereof next after

the adoption of this session, shall, and from

time to time thereafter may enact laws to pro-

vide for the execution of the provisions here-

in.

FOURTH. Every male citizen of the age of

twenty-one years, who shall have been a citizen

for thirty days and an inhabitant of this state

one year next preceding an election, except as

provided in this section, shall be entitled to vote

at such election in the election district of which

he shall at the time be a resident and not else-

where for all officers that now or hereafter may

be elected by the people: PROVIDED, That in

case of no elector in the actual military

service of the State or of the United States in

the army or navy thereof, shall be deprived of

his vote by reason of his absence from such

election district, and the legislature shall have

power to provide the manner in which and the

time and place at which such absent electors

may vote, and for the return and canvass of their

votes in the election district in which they re-

spectively reside.

CRIMES. The purpose of voting, no person

shall be deemed to have gained or lost a resi-

dency by reason of his presence or absence while

employed in the service of the United States or

of the State, nor while engaged in the navigation

of the waters of the United States or of the high seas,

nor while a student of any college or seminary

of learning, nor while kept at any almshouse

or public institution, except the inmates of any

penitentiary or reformatory, who shall be entitled

for the purpose of voting, shall be deemed to re-

side in the election district where said home is

located. Laws shall be made for ascertaining,

by proper proofs the citizens who shall be en-

itled to vote, and for the return and canvass of their

votes in the election district in which they re-

spectively reside.

I also make known and give notice that the

places of holding the aforesaid election in the

several townships and boroughs of the said

County will be respectively at the places here-

after designated, to wit:

The freemen residing in that part of Banks

township known as the Auderick district will

hold their election at the school house at

Levittown, in said township.

The freemen of the township of East Penn will

hold their election at the public house of Pro-

cessor George, in said township.

The freemen residing in that part of Lower

Township known as the Millport district, will

hold their election at the Millport