The Carbon Advocate

LEHIGHTON, PA.,
SATURDAY, JUNE 9, 1888.

ENTERED AT THE LEHIGHTON POST-OFFICE AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER.

WE WANT THE CONVENTION.

Lehighton is the leadingDemocratic town in Carbon county; out of the six hundred and fifteen or twenty-five votes cast a majority of one hundred and more can be looked for at the next election. In view of this the ADVOCATE suggests that the coming nominating convention of the Carbon county Democracy be held in this place. We have four large and commodious hotels. equal in point of accommodation to any in the county; we have a new and beautiful hall in which between six and seven hundred people can easily be seated and the business of the convention disposed of without the noise and confusion that prevails at the county seat by reason of the paved streets, etc. The holding of the convention in this place will enthuse the Democracy, spur them on to renewed efforts and result in great victory. What will you do about it? Everything is in our favor, hotel accommodations, hall, and arrival and departure of trains. The Democracy and people generally will feel honored by holding the convention here, so let us have it by all means.

THE SOLICITING COMMITTE, MESSRS. Gabel, Obert, and Heydt have been, and are still, indefatigable in their efforts soliciting contributions for the artesian well project. All progressive citizens should make it a point to contribute as generously as their means will allow. It is the one important improvements necessary to place Lehighton in the four rank of inland cities. That it will be a success there can be no doubt for in the language of a geologist, "Lehighton must be from location and necessity a regular water-bed." This proves what all along we have maintained, that water, and plenty of it, can be had less than five hundred feet down. Come now, step up and do your duty in placing our booming town where it justly belongs.

THE PROHIBITIONISTS PUT IN NOMINATION for the Presidency last Thursday at Indianapolis, General Fisk, of New Jersey. The general is a ready and fluent speaker, a bright scholars and possesses other characteristics that will make him a strong candidate—much stronger, indeed than St. John, or any other candidate that party could have nominated. The Prohibitionists are well equipped with lucre to meet campaign expenses and will make an unusually strenuous effort to poll a big vote, especially in the state of New Jersey the home of the nominee. There are lots of aspirants; let the fight be a jolly one.

FOR AUDITOR GENEPAL OF PENN'A.

The Cambria county *Democrat* in its last issue suggests and advocates the Hon. Alfred Short, of Erie county, as a strong and proper man to be placed in nomination by the Democratic State Committee for Auditor General. This suggestion has the ADVOCATE'S hearty approval; first because Mr. Short fully meets the requirements of the Jeffersonian rule, as pertains to public servants, "is he fit, is he capable, is he honest;" second, he is an honorable, upright and uncomprising Democrat; third, he possesses that strength with the voters so essential to success. His record as a Democrat and as a public servant is without a blemish. In this respect be it noted, that he is the peer of any man.

As a member of the Pennsylvania Legislature his career is one that does credit to any man. While a member of this body the Pittsburg Riot Bill, of savory fame, was considered. This was an era of legislative bribery, debauchery and prostitution never before equalled. It made penitentiary convicts of such men as W. H. Kemble, Emil Petroff, Rumberger and others, men who were high in public esteem and position. Yet through all this period of temptation and gain, not the semblance of an imputation, either as to a corrupt act or dishonorable motive, was ever brought against the excellent and creditable career of Mr. Short.

The Democratic State Committee could go much further and not find a better or stronger candidate for Auditor General. When men of such calibre and rectitude are brought to the front for so important a position it bodes good for clean politics and honest methods in the administration of public affairs. For the reasons thus stated we heartily and earnestly second the suggestion of the Cambria *Democrat*.

PROBABLY IN THE HISTORY OF AMERICAN politics no campaign was ever carried on on a basis so demoralizing, debased and corrupted as was the presidential campaign of four years ago. The vile and filthy elements brought into the contest by smut political journals, dead to every sense of decency, and shame, was disgusting to both Democrats and Republicans who possessed sentiment of honor. Let us hope that 1888 will not see a revival of the abortive elements that constituted the chief political amunition of five years ago.

IT IS RUMORED THAT HON. WILLIAM Mutchler of Northampton is a candidate for Congress in this district and will run whether he receives the regular nomination or not. But could he be elected without the regular nomination? That is a conundrum that remains to be decided.—Milford *Dispatch*. Hardly, but some Republican could.

Special to the CARBON ADVOCATE.

BROADBRIM'S N. Y. LETTER.

Last fall, after a most desperate political struggle, Col. J. R. Fellows was elected Prosecuting Attorney of the city of New York over Delancy Nicol, a Democrat like himself, both of the rival candidates being assistants in the office of the District Attorney, who was elevated to the District Judgeship. Various charges were made against Mr. Fellows at the time, but these appeared to have little or no weight with the machine and the voters that the machine controlled. So, assisted by Republican Jonny O'Brien and Barney O'Rourke of the Eighth Assembly District, Mr. Fellows scratched through with a small majority. Mr. O'Brien was allowed to keep his office in the Bureau of Elections though an army of good Democrats was hungering and thirsting for his place, and an indictment which had hung over Barney O'Rourke's head for years in the office of the District Attorney was immediately coiled as soon as Mr. Fellows got possession of the office. It is not a pleasant thing to see the District Attorney of a great city like this occupying the position of a criminal, but such was the case this week when Mr. Fellows was called upon to tell what he had done with a dead man's property which had been entrusted to his charge. The case was a partition suit between the estate of Gescheidt and Kuhne; Mr. Fellows got $7,000 of the estate and that was the last of it. In his examination before the court his memory utterly failed him as to what he had done with the money till the opposing counsel refreshed his memory by telling him that he had gambled it away. Men who have done less than this are in States Prison by dozens. It would be rather humiliating to see our District Attorney with shackles on his legs on his way to the State's big hotel at Sing Sing. He got the money of the Gesbeidt estate, and though years have passed he has never paid it. The whole affair has a very ugly look and it is especially bad for a District Attorney.

Job was an old gentleman who lived several years before the Christian era and was quite celebrated for his patience in his day and generation. I doubt it they ever had any Methodist Conferences in the land of Uz in his time, for if they did and any impertinent usher had called him a dirty loafer I have no doubt he would have bimmed him a paster on the nose, just as the Reverend E. H. Moore, of Denver University, did the other day to an usher at the Metropolitan Opera House when an insult of like character was hurled at him.

The reverend gentleman denies the paster, but the usher says that he nearly broke his jaw, and the clergyman replies that it was a mercy of Providence that he didn't, for if he had only taken a moment for reflection and shot out with his left duke there was more than a probability that that particular usher might have been a subject for a coroner's inquest. Dr Moore is well known not only in Denver where he lives, but throughout the entire Methodist denomination, as a gentleman of culture and a consistent Christian who is an honor to the great chuch that he represents. It was thought that he certainly would have been made a bishop up to the very last moment, and while the voting was going on he stepped into the lobby, and as he was rushing back in haste to record his vote, he was stopped by the usher who declared that the minister gave him a paster on the nose. Several of the brothers rushed out in the lobby to see the fun, and when the usher called the minister a dirty loafer, two enthusiastic brethren from the west cried out, "Give him one, Brother Moore, do give him one." Ah me, ah me; there is a dreadful lot of the old Adam left in the best of us after all. It's an awful confession to make, but I felt like betting two dollars and a quarter on the dominie, and from the way he put up the fives I was sure he would knock the usher out in the first round.

The fact is that Satan has been busy among the churches this week. I don't know whether he is angry or not at the success of the Methodist Conference, but he has certainly made it quite lively for the brethern and sisters in some of the churches. In Zion's colored church of Brooklyn there has long been two factions, one party thinking that dar wasn't sufficent filosafy in de preacher's sermons, and the rival faction insisting dat his discourses was too eyangelical; between them both his Reverence had rather a hard time. The collections fell off till they only amounted to fifty cents a week, and it became a serious question how a man could support a family of twelve, and pay taxes on that amount. On Thursday night some emissary of the evil one shut off the light just as the minister gave out the text, "And darkness prevailed." Deacon Johnson was near the door, relit the gas and swatted Trustee Hubbard over the head with the contribution box. Trustee Hubbard shot out his left duke and landed Deacon Johnson right under the communion table. Then the minister took a hand in, and the brethren and sisters made it very lively for a time till a policeman rushed in and further proceedings were suspended.

One of the most interesting places in the city during the week has been the School Board, where an investigation has been going on concerning the methods of Mr. Jasper, the Superintenent of our public schools. We have now two ladies on our School Board, Miss Dodge being the principal in procuring the present examination, Miss Dodge had received several letters concerning the conduct of a Miss Morgan who had long been a teacher in the public schools, the co-respondent being a gentleman by the name of Masterton. The matter was laid before the Superintendent, and although the proof seemed to be very direct Mr. Jasper refused to pay any attention to it. This week Mr. Jasper was put under fire, and the attorney for the prosecution put him through a regular civil service examination. The attorney for the prosecution made it quite warm for the Superintendent, and I shall not be at all surprised if, before this row is ended, our School Board would be pretty well split to pieces. It is not pleasant to contemplate, but politics are entering into the School Boards of New York and Brooklyn as they never have done before; contracts for books are given out in shameful violation of the public welfare; and promotions are made in consideration of political service.

One of the neatest jobs of swindling that has occurred for many a day took place in Brooklyn on Wednesday. A nice, smooth shaven gentleman in the regulation garb of a Catholic priest went into Mr. Hart's who keeps one of the finest jewelry stores in Brooklyn, and asked to see a diamond cross. Several were shown him, and at last he picked out one worth about six hundred dollars, ordered it to be sent down to a Catholic institution presided over by the Sisters of Charity, saying that he wished to present it to the Mother Superior. but he desired to show it to her before he made the purchase to see if it would suit her. He then departed and shortly after was followed by a salesman with the cross in an elegant box. He went straight to the House of the Sisters of Mercy and asked to see the Lady Superior, whom he told he had a little girl that he desired to place under their care, and he had directed the child's mother to meet him there that day, and as she had not arrived, with their permission he would wait for them in the parlor. The Lady Superior told him to make himself comfortable and handed him a prayer-book to amuse himself with. He was left alone in the parlor and kept an eye on the window, and when he saw the salesman coming up the steps he did not wait the man to ring, but opened the door for him and invited him into the parlor, and taking the box out of his hands said that he would just run up stairs and show it to the Lady Superior. He took the box and vanished, and that is the last that was seen of the ingenious swindler or the diamond cross.

The lager beer strikers have come to grief as I prognosticated, and are now in sackcloth and ashes. When they first struck, to be revenged on their old employers they rushed to the Central Labor Union and requested them. through their organization to boycott all the United Manufacturers' beer. The Central Union complied with their request and the battle began. It has now been going on several weeks and the promised aid from the Knights of Labor has not been forthcoming. The men and their families are starving, and on Sunday last they sent up a pitiful petition to the Central Labor Union to take off the boycott from pool beer as the brewers will not take a man back as long as the boycott remains. It was in vain that they represented their pitiable condition. The Labor Union refused their petition and left them to starve. There is no tyranny or oppression like that inflicted on working men by the so-called Labor Unions. A lot of fellows who have not done an honest day's work for years have become district deputies, walking delegates and master workmen; they get their fat salaries while the poor strikers are left to starve.

The rebellion in Assembly 49 against the pig-headed rule of Master Workman Quinn required all Mr. Powderly's influence to suppress.

The weather has been miserable and business is at a stand-still.

Truly yours,

BROADBRIM.

IT IS GROVER CLEVELAND.

At one of the most enthusiastic and harmonious political conventions held in years, S. Grover Cleveland on, Wednesday at St. Louis, Mo., was unanimously renominated for the highest office in the gift of a free and equal people by the Democracy.

Grover Cleveland was born on the 18th of March, 1837, at Caldwell, Essex county, New Jersey, and is therefore 51 years of age. His ancestors had moved into New Jersey from Connecticut, and many of them were preachers. His father, born at Norwich, was settled at Caldwell as a Congregational pastor, when Grover was born. He was educated first at the excellent public schools of New Jersey, and then at an accademy in Clinton. Oneida county, New York. When only sixteen years old he went to the Metropolis to accept a clerkship in the Eysium for the Blind, where he is still lovingly remembered. When other young men of his age would have devoted their leisure hours to the pleasures of the city, he was happiest when reading to the inmates of the instution, and he thus improved his own mind while relieving the ennui of the afflicted. He is next heard of making his way west in company with an enterprising young man, with Cleveland, Ohio, as his objective point; but visiting while on his way an uncle residing in Buffalo, he was induced to remain in that city as clerk in the store of his relative. He was eighteen years of age at that time, an ambitious young fellow, possessed of the earnest desire to become a successful lawyer. His uncle favored this aspiration, and we find the youth a clerk in the office of the Buffalo firm of Rogers, Bowden & Rogers and at the same time enjoying the comforts of a good home at his relative's house. He was duly admitted to the Bar in 1859, and remained with his old firm for years. His mark in the profession was made at once, and in his twenty-sixth year he was appointed Assistant District Attorney for Erie county. This position, which he held for three years, gave him a thorough knowledge of public affairs. In 1865, when the Democracy was still under the cloud of the civil war, he accepted the nomination for District Attorney, but was defeated. In 1866 Mr. Cleveland became the law partner of J. V. Vanderpoel, and in 1869 he admitted Messrs. Laning and Folsom to the firm. In 1870 he was elected Sheriff of Erie county. In 1881 he was nominated by the Democratic party for Mayor of Buffalo, and his name was hailed with enthusiasm by all classes of the community. His platform was that of reform, and he was triumphantly elected, running several thousand votes ahead of his ticket. His incumbency of the office was successful and popular. The earliest reports from the Democratic State Convention spoke of Mayor Cleveland's nomination for Governor of New York in 1882, as a surprise to the men who proposed the nomination, and he was elected by an overwhelming and memorable majority over his competitor, Hon. Charles J. Folger. On the 11th of July, 1884, he was nominated by the Democratic party as their candidate for the Presidency of the United States, and was duly elected to the position on the 4th of November 1884.

From the Albany Times.

REPUBLICAN POSSIBILITIES.

A remarkable aggregation of Republican politicians from all over the United States were in New York, and the earnest topic of conversation was: Who shall be the Republican nominee for President?"

SHERMAN.—His nomination is not looked upon as one of the contingencies, even by men who admit that he is likely, as matters now stand, to present the most formidable front in the earlier balloting of the Convention. His friends claim in the neighborhood of 300 votes, and those most pronounced against his selection concede him 200. But it is impossible to indicate whence any growth is to come from, be his original strength more or less. Senator Sherman commands, in a remarkable degree, the respect and confidence of Republicans, but he does not possess the personal qualities which are deemed essential in a campaign like the one before us, and the absence of any pronounced sentiment in favor of his nomination in the State of New York is considered fatal to him at Chicago.

DEPEW.—Mr. Depew's prominence in connection with the canvass is looked upon as one of the phenomenan of politics. Mr. Depew appreciates, as fully as any one, that his nomination would be a blunder, if it should be necessary, to effect it, to antagonize a pronounced and widespread opposition on the part of the Northwestern States. The best information justifies the conclusion that this opposition will be present at Chicago, and to a degree which is not at all anticipated or comprehended in the East. It will come from the States of Iowa, Minnesota, Michigan, Wisconsin, Nebraska, Kansas, Illinois, and Indiana; and it goes without saying that the National Convention cannot make a nomination that meets with the united and determined opposition of all these States. I do not think I overstate the case in saying that among the shrewdest politicians who gathered in New York, the name of Chauncey M. Depew is already eliminated from the list of Presidential probabilities.

GRESHAM.—We come now to Walter Gresham, who has become, in some indescribe way, a central figure in every calculation now made of the Chicago outcome. No one any longer attempts to deny that Judge Gresham is a formidable candidate. But there is an element of weakness in his candidacy which has grown as perceptibly as his strength has grown, and which need no longer be concealed, even if concealment were possible. Judge Gresham is to be the target of the concentrated opposition of the distinctively Blaine influences in the Convention. Some say that this is due to the super-zealous alacrity with which his advocates insisted upon the finality of Blaine's Florence letter. But that it is all nonsense. It has its source in causes far ante-dating this year; and it is the single evidence of the present existence of the old sectional divisions in the Republican party. Judge Gresham held two portfolios in President Arthur's Cabinet and is to-day a Federal Judge by Arthur's appointment. He is regarded as the natural residuary of the strong organization which appeared in Chicago four years ago to urge the nomination of President Arthur, and for that reason, if for no other, he is looked upon askance by the original Blaine men. They insist that to push Gresham is to attempt to renew and perpetuate factional differences in the party which circumstances have tended to destroy. They criticize Gresham's attitude in the last presidential campaign; they refer dubiously to his record on the protection issue; and they make much of the fact that although Judge Gresham is a citizen of Indiana, the delegates from that State favor another candidate, who was, four years ago, a Blaine man when Gresham was for Arthur.

HARRISON.—Harrison has the great advantage over Gresham that the Indiana delegates are for him, and very strongly for him. But Harrison's nomination would have to be effected in the face of strenuous opposition from the Gresham men; and a feeling may easily be engendered that would endanger the State of Indiana, even with an Indiana man at the head of the ticket. But for this complication, it would seem to many shrewd observers that Senator Harrison occupies the most favorable position of any of the candidates. Even with this in full view, I have found not a few who have made up their minds that Benjamin Harrison—a great name to conjure with—will be the next nominee of the party and the next President of the country.

ALLISON.—Senator Allison's friends have become very aggressive since Mr. Blaine's letter, and their confidence rests upon the basis of the friendly relations that have always existed between the Iowa Senator and Mr. Blaine and his friends. But there are considerations militating against his nomination which possesses an influence not to be gainsaid. One of them is the fact that there is no strategic justification for Allison's selection. He comes from the State of Iowa, as certain as Pennsylvania or Vermont to cast her electoral votes for the Republican candidate. Another is the fact that his own personality, unobjectionable as it is, affords no reason for his nomination, in spite of the absence of any strategic reason therefore. A third objection to Allison is found in the fact—if it be a fact which I neither assume nor deny—that his record on the tariff question is not of that ironclad charater which the logic of the situation requires in the Republican candidate for the Presidency. Unless Senator Allison's friends can eliminate this criticism from the canvass, his success at Chicago is out of the question.

ALGER.—There remains ex-Gov. Alger, of Michigan; and of him it is a suggestive fact that not one of the objections suggested in the case of the other candidates seems to obtain. He comes from a State which the Administration has been hopeful of carrying on the revenue reform issue. He is antagonized by no one, and encounters direct opposition in no quarter. On the contrary, the friends of all the other candidates speak of him in the highest and most friendly terms; and it is particularly observed that a union upon him would wipe out the division lines that have been drawn so sharply in the last two National Conventions.

One other statement should be made, and that is, that there appears no ground to anticipate a struggle at Chicago which will contain any elements of bitterness, or jeopard in any way the prospect of Republican success in the Fall.

MARRIED.

HORN—RUSSELL.—On Wednesday evening, June 6th, at the residence of A. W. Horn, by Rev. J. H. Kuder, David A. Horn and Miss Beckie M. Russell, both of Lehighton.

SCHAEFFER—HAYMAN.—On May 20, by Rev. A. Bortholomew, Alexander O. Schaeffer, of Mahoning and Miss Emma Hayman, of Reynolds, Schuylkill county.

FINK—MERTZ.—On the same day, by the same, Henry Fink and Miss Emma Mertz, both of East Penn, carbon county.

MANTZ—KLINGEMAN.—On May 26, by the same, Milton C. Mantz, of West Penn Schuylkill county and Miss Rosa Klingeman, of Steinsville, Lehigh county.

MARKELL—BEST.—On May 29, by the same, William H. Markell and Miss Lizzie J. Best, both of Lehigh Gap.

SCHERRER—MANGOLD.—On June 2nd, by the same, Christian Scherrer, of Mauch Chunk twp., and Miss Sarah Mangold, of Franklin township, Carbon county.

SNYDER—ALBRIGHT.—On the the same day, by the same, Prof. Sylvester L. Snyder, of Franklin and Miss Amanda L. Albright, of Weissport, Carbon county.

DIED.

EMERY.—On May 7, in Weissport, Charles Robert, son of Milton E. and Sadie Emery, aged 2 years and 7 days.

HOFFMAN.—On June 1, in East Penn, Catharine Anna, wife of Nathan Hoffman, aged 35 years, 4 months and 12 days.

OUR TABLE.

A BEAUTIFUL CITY—the most beautiful and prosperous city of the great northwest portion of the Union is Portland, the metropolis of Oregon. From the description and many fine engravings of the city given in the WEST SHORE MAGAZINE, it would seem that it occupies one of the most beautiful sites of any city in America, that its business blocks and residences are of the finest of modern architecture, that its streets are lined with handsome shade trees, and that its numerous large private grounds are ornamented with a profusion of shrubbery and flowers. It already contains sixty thousand people, is the terminus of three transcontinental railroads, does a wholesale business of $60,000,000,00 a year, is a shipping point for foreign commerce of great magnitude, and is growing rapidly in both business and population. If you want to know all about this beautiful and progressive city, or the charming and fertile Willamette valley, send your address to the Oregon Board of Immigration, Portland, Oregon, and they will mail you a handsome illustrated pamphlet, just issued from the matter and plates of the magazine described above.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. Royal Baking Powder Company, 106 Wall Street N. Y. aug 24-m11

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IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

Perservation of the Teeth a Specially.

OFFICE HOURS: From 8 a. m. to 5 p. m.
OAK HALL, Market Square, Mauch Chunk.

BRANCH OFFICE:

EAST - MAUCH - CHUNK,

Two Doors North of Post-Office.
OFFICE HOURS: 7 to 9 a. m. and 5 to 7 p. m.
April 28-3m*

Auditor's Notice.

In Re. Estate of Abraham Moyer, dec'd. | In the Orphan's Court of Carbon County. April Term, 1888.

The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphan's Court of Carbon County, to make distribution of the money in the hands of the Executor in the above stated matter, will meet all parties interested, for the purposes of his appointment at 9 o'clock a. m., on TUESDAY, MAY 29th, 1888, at the office of Messrs. FREYMAN & REIFEIR, Attorneys at Law, on Broadway, in the Borough of Mauch Rhunk, Carbon County, Pa., where all parties interested may attend to present and prove their claims or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

HORACE HEYDT Auditor.

May 4, 1888-w4.

5000 Book Agents wanted to sell THE LIFE AND PUBLIC SERVICES OF

Grover Cleveland

Full and complete from his boyhood to his nomination in St. Louis, with personal reminiscences, incidents and anecdotes. Profusely illustrated with steel portraits and wood engravings. The book also contains a superb Portrait and a full and complete LIFE OF MRS. CLEVELAND, together with a complete biography of the candidates for the Vice-Presidency. This is the only authorized and complete work. Don't be induced to get any other. There will probably be unauthorized lives, but this is the right one. Distribute no binderies as we pay all freight charges. Send 50 cents in st. stamps and be the first in the field, and that reap the golden harvest. Write for full particulars and special terms sent free to all. Address, WINTER & CO., Pubs., Springfield, Mass.

Over Canal Bridge E. Weissport.

Joseph F. Rex,

UNDERTAKER

AND DEALER IN

FURNITURE,

PARLOR SUITES,

BED ROOM SUITES,

&c., &c. Prices the very lowest. Quality of goods the best. Satisfaction guaranteed in every particular.

Caskets, Coffins and Shrouds,

We have a full line which we will furnish at the lowest possible prices.

Flour, Feed, &c.,

Of the choicest quality at very reasonable prices. Call and be convinced.

JOSEPH F. REX,
Apr 14-1y EAST WEISSPORT.

FULL WEIGHT.

STRICTLY PURE.

GUARANTEE.

We guarantee the SWITCH-BACK BAKING POWDER to be absolutely free from all injurious substance, and to contain only the most wholesome ingredients.

Ask your Grocer for it. Sold only in Cans.

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SUMMIT HILL, PA.

April 28, 1888-1y-6*

Oscar Christman,

—WEISSPORT, PA.—

Livery and Exchange Stables.

Easy riding carriages and safe driving horses. Best accommodations to agents and travellers. Mail and telegraph orders promptly attended to. Give me a trial. may21-1y

MAKE HOME ATTRACTIVE!

Do You Want Your { Garret Papered? Bed Room Papered? Dining Room Papered? Hall Papered? Parlor Papered? Ceiling Decorated?

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CHAS. GOTH.

The same care and attention given to the Garret as the Parlor. The newest ideas and the latest novelties in hanging Decorative Wall Papers.

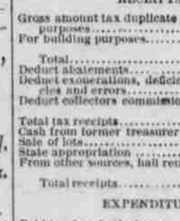
Painting, Graining, Glazing, &c.

Competent workmen sent to all parts of town and county. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices as low as the lowest. Send postal and we will call at the house.

CHAS. GOTH,

Office in DR. HORN'S Drug Store, Bank Street, Lehighton. april14-3m

CATARRH



ELY'S CREAM BALM. Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

HAY-FEVER TRY THE CURE.

A particle applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents. ELY BROS., 56 Warren Street, New York. aprt4-1aw

Annual Financial Statement.

Receipts and Expenditures of Lehighton School District, Carbon County, Pa.,

For Year Ending June 4th, 1888.

RECEIPTS.

Gross amount tax duplicate for school purposes		$ 3120 56
For building purposes		3064 54
Total		$ 6185 10
Deduct abatements	$ 218 00	
Deduct exonerations, deficiencies and errors	60 80	
Deduct collectors commissions	170 49	
		$ 450 19
Total tax receipts		$ 5734 91
Cash from former treasurer		160 77
Sale of lots		675 00
State appropriation		598 25
From other sources, hall rent, etc		64 00
Total receipts		$ 7232 93

EXPENDITURES.

Paid teachers' salaries	$ 3099 00
Paid interest on bonds	1149 76
Paid on former loan	1000 00
Paid on fuel & contingencies	412 87
Paid on furniture & apparatus	196 23
Paid repairs & new building	648 26
Paid salary of secretary	75 00
Paid salary of treasurer, etc	56 94
Paid miscellaneous expenses	57 75
	$ 6689 83
Balance in treasury	$ 543 10

RECAPITULATION OF MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.

Paid the Susquehanna Mutual Fire Insurance Company	$ 25 50
Paid J. P. McCaskey, School Journal	7 00
Paid H. V. Mortimer, advertising financial statement	12 00
Paid H. J. Breiney, auditors fees	4 40
Paid W. N. Marcus, repairs of seal	3 25
Paid J. M. Roberts, diplomas	4 50
Total	$ 57 75

WM. P. LONG, President.
Attest:—F. PIERCE LENTZ, Secretary.

We, the undersigned, auditors of Lehighton, Carbon county, having carefully examined the above accounts of the treasurer, find them correct to the best of our knowledge and belief.

H. J. BRETNEY, L. J. HAUSMAN, J. H. ESCH, } Auditors.

RESOURCES & LIABILITIES

RESOURCES

Cash in the treasury	$ 543 10

LIABILITIES.

Bonded indebtedness	$21250 00
Liabilities in excess of resources	20707 90
Liabilities in excess of resources, June 4th, 1887	22989 23

RECAPITULATION OF INDEBTEDNESS.

Bonds outstanding at 5 per cent	$18250 00
Bonds outstanding at 4 per cent	6000 00

Attest—F. PIERCE LENTZ, Secretary.
June 9-2w—

Leopold Meyers

PACKERTON, Pa.,

Lessee of Dolan Stone Quarry,

is now prepared to supply at short notice

All Kinds of BUILDING STONE,

of the very best quality at prices the LOWEST. Persons contemplating building will positively save money by calling on LEOPOLD MEYERS, Packerton, and learning prices. mar3-65

J. T. NUSBAUM, Lehighton, will also furnish prices on application.

Machine Shop.

The undersigned announces to the citizens of Lehighton and the surrounding country that he has opened a shop for the

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April 28.—1y

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