

# Autumn Tints.

With the coming of cool weather all light clothing are fast aside and we don that which protects of from the sudden changes in the weather, so common at this time of the year.

We have just received a complete line of all the very latest novelties in

Cloths, Cassimers, Corkscrews, Woorsides, and other goods, suitable for Fall and Winter Wear, which we make up in the latest styles, most substantial manner at prices that astonish everybody.

We still make those famous \$10. ALL-Wool Suits which proved so satisfactory to all who purchased of them when we first commenced their make. We make the same suit now at the same price, and the material we use is as good as ever.

We would call your attention to our Gents Furnishing Department which embraces the most recent novelties in

Collars, Cuffs, Neckwear, Underwear, &c.

In Ladies, Gents and Childrens shoes, we have everything that is likely to be in demand.

We invite you to call, feeling sure we can please you, no matter what you want.

Very Respectfully,

**Clauss Bros.,**  
Bank Street, Lehighton, Pa.

**Removed.** We are now nicely located in our new building at very low prices. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

**OLD RELIABLE STOVER IMPROVED**

**Chinding Mill**

**W. R. CLARK & CO.,**  
Seaboard Air-Line, Raleigh, N. C.

**AGENTS WANTED** in all sections of the country for the sale of our new and improved **Chinding Mill**.

For Newest Designs and Most Fashionable Styles of **DRESS GOODS, DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, SILVERWARE, &c., &c.**

—GO TO—  
**E. H. SNYDER,**  
Bank Street, Lehighton.

Goods guaranteed and prices as low as elsewhere for the same quality of goods.  
July 18, 1885—1y

This paper is kept on file at the office of **AYER & SON** ADVERTISING AGENTS, TIMES BUILDING, PHILADELPHIA. ESTIMATES FOR LOWEST CASH RATES FREE. Send for **AYER & SON'S MANUAL**.

**M. HEILMAN,**  
BANK STREET, Lehighton, Pa.  
Miller and Dealer in

**Flour and Feed.**  
All kind of GRAIN BOUGHT AND SOLD AT WHOLESALE MARKET RATES.

I would respectfully inform the citizen of this place and vicinity that I am fully prepared to supply them with all kinds of

**The Best of Coal**  
From any mine, at very LOWEST PRICES.  
**M. HEILMAN**

# FARMERS COLUMN

Attention! Farmers! We respectfully request the farmers who may have anything of interest under this head to send it in, thereby making this department more of a "farmers' column." All articles sent in the shape of advertisements inserted free of charge.—EDS. ADVOCATE.



**PURELY VEGETABLE.**  
Are You Bilious?  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**American Agriculturist!**  
100 Columns and 100 Engravings in each issue, 40th year, \$2.50 a year. Send three-cent stamps for Sample Copy. Equally good in German and Premium List of the Oldest and Most Influential Agricultural Journal in America. Address, PUBLISHERS AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST, David W. Jewell, Pres., 751 Broadway, New York, or we will furnish the AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST and the CARBON ADVOCATE to the address for ONLY \$2.10.

Not a few of the citizens of Lehighton have recently become greatly excited over their friends who had been pronounced by their physicians as incurable and beyond all hope—suffering with that dreaded monster Consumption—have been completely cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the only remedy that does positively cure all throat and lung troubles, Coughs, Colds, Asthma and Bronchitis.

**Greatly Excited.**  
Not a few of the citizens of Lehighton have recently become greatly excited over their friends who had been pronounced by their physicians as incurable and beyond all hope—suffering with that dreaded monster Consumption—have been completely cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the only remedy that does positively cure all throat and lung troubles, Coughs, Colds, Asthma and Bronchitis.

**Fattening Swine.**  
Mr. A. B. Allen, who founded the AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST nearly fifty years ago, and was for many years its editor, is now spending the evening of his days on his farm near Toms River, N. J. As in early years, he is devoting very much of his attention to stock raising, and in the November number he gives the following advice about fattening swine:

Swine should be pushed forward now in fall weather as fast as possible, as they will gain flesh much more rapidly in the same quantity of food than in freezing weather. During the fattening process it has been found highly beneficial to feed a moderate quantity of pumpkins, for when this is done they assist the digestion of the grain or meal given the swine, and enables them to more perfectly and economically turn it into flesh, thus saving a considerable percentage in the consumption of food. Pumpkins, or what are richer and bitter, winter squashes, ought to be grown especially for this purpose by all swine keepers. Aside from this, they are excellent for the store stock, as they will do well if fed alone on this—that is, provided they are of a good, quiet breed.

When pumpkins are not on hand, a few roots may be given raw, such as beets and carrots are better than potatoes, rutabagas, or common turnips. The last are very poor feed for this purpose, being better for cattle. Grass, and especially clover, is an excellent substitute for roots, so long as it remains green and growing in autumn, but when turned out in the fall, the swine ought to have a warm shed, into which they can come when fed and to protect themselves from dew and frost during the night, as well as from storms.

To make superior hams and bacon, corn should be mixed with oats or barley, or perhaps rye might answer, at the rate of one-half to a third of one of the latter to the former, and ground thus together. Such feed increases the proportion of tender, juicy, lean streaking the fat, which is essential to produce a fine quality of hams and bacon. If fat pork for salting and barreling alone is wanted, then pure corn, whole or ground into coarse meal, is the best feed, joined with some pump in or roots, barley or rye, as recommended above.

Throat troubles yield promptly to Red Star Cough Cure, as vouches for by U. S. Architect Clark. Its ingredients are purely vegetable and free from opiates, 25 cents.

**Oil Your Boots and Shoes.**  
The efficacy of oiling depends much upon the way in which it is done. In the evening brush the shoe clean, and then wash it with lukewarm water, rather to moisten than to clean it. Set it where it will dry slowly. It should not be perfectly dry the next morning, when the oil is applied, but feel damp, not wet, however. The best mixture for oiling shoes is made of one-half neat's foot oil—two-thirds be tallow, and one-sixth castor oil. Mix thoroughly over a gentle heat. Depend upon the rubbing rather than to the heat to get the oil in—to express it differently, two parts of rubbing oil to one of neat's foot oil. If the shoes are neglected as farmers' shoes usually are and always should be, the oil will not be absorbed by the uppers and the soil; it will prevent the skin pulling loose, or the leather breaking away from the pegs. Shoes worn at farm work should be oiled at least once a week. It requires only a few minutes to do the work, and it is decidedly profitable later.

In the United States Senate, during a recent debate, Senator Vest of Missouri, paid a high tribute to the merits of St. Joseph Oil. Other prominent men have also found it prompt in its cure of rheumatism and neuralgia. Price, fifty cents a bottle.

**Oil Your Boots and Shoes.**  
The efficacy of oiling depends much upon the way in which it is done. In the evening brush the shoe clean, and then wash it with lukewarm water, rather to moisten than to clean it. Set it where it will dry slowly. It should not be perfectly dry the next morning, when the oil is applied, but feel damp, not wet, however. The best mixture for oiling shoes is made of one-half neat's foot oil—two-thirds be tallow, and one-sixth castor oil. Mix thoroughly over a gentle heat. Depend upon the rubbing rather than to the heat to get the oil in—to express it differently, two parts of rubbing oil to one of neat's foot oil. If the shoes are neglected as farmers' shoes usually are and always should be, the oil will not be absorbed by the uppers and the soil; it will prevent the skin pulling loose, or the leather breaking away from the pegs. Shoes worn at farm work should be oiled at least once a week. It requires only a few minutes to do the work, and it is decidedly profitable later.

**Oil Your Boots and Shoes.**  
The efficacy of oiling depends much upon the way in which it is done. In the evening brush the shoe clean, and then wash it with lukewarm water, rather to moisten than to clean it. Set it where it will dry slowly. It should not be perfectly dry the next morning, when the oil is applied, but feel damp, not wet, however. The best mixture for oiling shoes is made of one-half neat's foot oil—two-thirds be tallow, and one-sixth castor oil. Mix thoroughly over a gentle heat. Depend upon the rubbing rather than to the heat to get the oil in—to express it differently, two parts of rubbing oil to one of neat's foot oil. If the shoes are neglected as farmers' shoes usually are and always should be, the oil will not be absorbed by the uppers and the soil; it will prevent the skin pulling loose, or the leather breaking away from the pegs. Shoes worn at farm work should be oiled at least once a week. It requires only a few minutes to do the work, and it is decidedly profitable later.

**Oil Your Boots and Shoes.**  
The efficacy of oiling depends much upon the way in which it is done. In the evening brush the shoe clean, and then wash it with lukewarm water, rather to moisten than to clean it. Set it where it will dry slowly. It should not be perfectly dry the next morning, when the oil is applied, but feel damp, not wet, however. The best mixture for oiling shoes is made of one-half neat's foot oil—two-thirds be tallow, and one-sixth castor oil. Mix thoroughly over a gentle heat. Depend upon the rubbing rather than to the heat to get the oil in—to express it differently, two parts of rubbing oil to one of neat's foot oil. If the shoes are neglected as farmers' shoes usually are and always should be, the oil will not be absorbed by the uppers and the soil; it will prevent the skin pulling loose, or the leather breaking away from the pegs. Shoes worn at farm work should be oiled at least once a week. It requires only a few minutes to do the work, and it is decidedly profitable later.

**Oil Your Boots and Shoes.**  
The efficacy of oiling depends much upon the way in which it is done. In the evening brush the shoe clean, and then wash it with lukewarm water, rather to moisten than to clean it. Set it where it will dry slowly. It should not be perfectly dry the next morning, when the oil is applied, but feel damp, not wet, however. The best mixture for oiling shoes is made of one-half neat's foot oil—two-thirds be tallow, and one-sixth castor oil. Mix thoroughly over a gentle heat. Depend upon the rubbing rather than to the heat to get the oil in—to express it differently, two parts of rubbing oil to one of neat's foot oil. If the shoes are neglected as farmers' shoes usually are and always should be, the oil will not be absorbed by the uppers and the soil; it will prevent the skin pulling loose, or the leather breaking away from the pegs. Shoes worn at farm work should be oiled at least once a week. It requires only a few minutes to do the work, and it is decidedly profitable later.

**Oil Your Boots and Shoes.**  
The efficacy of oiling depends much upon the way in which it is done. In the evening brush the shoe clean, and then wash it with lukewarm water, rather to moisten than to clean it. Set it where it will dry slowly. It should not be perfectly dry the next morning, when the oil is applied, but feel damp, not wet, however. The best mixture for oiling shoes is made of one-half neat's foot oil—two-thirds be tallow, and one-sixth castor oil. Mix thoroughly over a gentle heat. Depend upon the rubbing rather than to the heat to get the oil in—to express it differently, two parts of rubbing oil to one of neat's foot oil. If the shoes are neglected as farmers' shoes usually are and always should be, the oil will not be absorbed by the uppers and the soil; it will prevent the skin pulling loose, or the leather breaking away from the pegs. Shoes worn at farm work should be oiled at least once a week. It requires only a few minutes to do the work, and it is decidedly profitable later.

**Oil Your Boots and Shoes.**  
The efficacy of oiling depends much upon the way in which it is done. In the evening brush the shoe clean, and then wash it with lukewarm water, rather to moisten than to clean it. Set it where it will dry slowly. It should not be perfectly dry the next morning, when the oil is applied, but feel damp, not wet, however. The best mixture for oiling shoes is made of one-half neat's foot oil—two-thirds be tallow, and one-sixth castor oil. Mix thoroughly over a gentle heat. Depend upon the rubbing rather than to the heat to get the oil in—to express it differently, two parts of rubbing oil to one of neat's foot oil. If the shoes are neglected as farmers' shoes usually are and always should be, the oil will not be absorbed by the uppers and the soil; it will prevent the skin pulling loose, or the leather breaking away from the pegs. Shoes worn at farm work should be oiled at least once a week. It requires only a few minutes to do the work, and it is decidedly profitable later.

**Oil Your Boots and Shoes.**  
The efficacy of oiling depends much upon the way in which it is done. In the evening brush the shoe clean, and then wash it with lukewarm water, rather to moisten than to clean it. Set it where it will dry slowly. It should not be perfectly dry the next morning, when the oil is applied, but feel damp, not wet, however. The best mixture for oiling shoes is made of one-half neat's foot oil—two-thirds be tallow, and one-sixth castor oil. Mix thoroughly over a gentle heat. Depend upon the rubbing rather than to the heat to get the oil in—to express it differently, two parts of rubbing oil to one of neat's foot oil. If the shoes are neglected as farmers' shoes usually are and always should be, the oil will not be absorbed by the uppers and the soil; it will prevent the skin pulling loose, or the leather breaking away from the pegs. Shoes worn at farm work should be oiled at least once a week. It requires only a few minutes to do the work, and it is decidedly profitable later.

**Oil Your Boots and Shoes.**  
The efficacy of oiling depends much upon the way in which it is done. In the evening brush the shoe clean, and then wash it with lukewarm water, rather to moisten than to clean it. Set it where it will dry slowly. It should not be perfectly dry the next morning, when the oil is applied, but feel damp, not wet, however. The best mixture for oiling shoes is made of one-half neat's foot oil—two-thirds be tallow, and one-sixth castor oil. Mix thoroughly over a gentle heat. Depend upon the rubbing rather than to the heat to get the oil in—to express it differently, two parts of rubbing oil to one of neat's foot oil. If the shoes are neglected as farmers' shoes usually are and always should be, the oil will not be absorbed by the uppers and the soil; it will prevent the skin pulling loose, or the leather breaking away from the pegs. Shoes worn at farm work should be oiled at least once a week. It requires only a few minutes to do the work, and it is decidedly profitable later.

**Oil Your Boots and Shoes.**  
The efficacy of oiling depends much upon the way in which it is done. In the evening brush the shoe clean, and then wash it with lukewarm water, rather to moisten than to clean it. Set it where it will dry slowly. It should not be perfectly dry the next morning, when the oil is applied, but feel damp, not wet, however. The best mixture for oiling shoes is made of one-half neat's foot oil—two-thirds be tallow, and one-sixth castor oil. Mix thoroughly over a gentle heat. Depend upon the rubbing rather than to the heat to get the oil in—to express it differently, two parts of rubbing oil to one of neat's foot oil. If the shoes are neglected as farmers' shoes usually are and always should be, the oil will not be absorbed by the uppers and the soil; it will prevent the skin pulling loose, or the leather breaking away from the pegs. Shoes worn at farm work should be oiled at least once a week. It requires only a few minutes to do the work, and it is decidedly profitable later.

**Oil Your Boots and Shoes.**  
The efficacy of oiling depends much upon the way in which it is done. In the evening brush the shoe clean, and then wash it with lukewarm water, rather to moisten than to clean it. Set it where it will dry slowly. It should not be perfectly dry the next morning, when the oil is applied, but feel damp, not wet, however. The best mixture for oiling shoes is made of one-half neat's foot oil—two-thirds be tallow, and one-sixth castor oil. Mix thoroughly over a gentle heat. Depend upon the rubbing rather than to the heat to get the oil in—to express it differently, two parts of rubbing oil to one of neat's foot oil. If the shoes are neglected as farmers' shoes usually are and always should be, the oil will not be absorbed by the uppers and the soil; it will prevent the skin pulling loose, or the leather breaking away from the pegs. Shoes worn at farm work should be oiled at least once a week. It requires only a few minutes to do the work, and it is decidedly profitable later.

**Oil Your Boots and Shoes.**  
The efficacy of oiling depends much upon the way in which it is done. In the evening brush the shoe clean, and then wash it with lukewarm water, rather to moisten than to clean it. Set it where it will dry slowly. It should not be perfectly dry the next morning, when the oil is applied, but feel damp, not wet, however. The best mixture for oiling shoes is made of one-half neat's foot oil—two-thirds be tallow, and one-sixth castor oil. Mix thoroughly over a gentle heat. Depend upon the rubbing rather than to the heat to get the oil in—to express it differently, two parts of rubbing oil to one of neat's foot oil. If the shoes are neglected as farmers' shoes usually are and always should be, the oil will not be absorbed by the uppers and the soil; it will prevent the skin pulling loose, or the leather breaking away from the pegs. Shoes worn at farm work should be oiled at least once a week. It requires only a few minutes to do the work, and it is decidedly profitable later.

**Oil Your Boots and Shoes.**  
The efficacy of oiling depends much upon the way in which it is done. In the evening brush the shoe clean, and then wash it with lukewarm water, rather to moisten than to clean it. Set it where it will dry slowly. It should not be perfectly dry the next morning, when the oil is applied, but feel damp, not wet, however. The best mixture for oiling shoes is made of one-half neat's foot oil—two-thirds be tallow, and one-sixth castor oil. Mix thoroughly over a gentle heat. Depend upon the rubbing rather than to the heat to get the oil in—to express it differently, two parts of rubbing oil to one of neat's foot oil. If the shoes are neglected as farmers' shoes usually are and always should be, the oil will not be absorbed by the uppers and the soil; it will prevent the skin pulling loose, or the leather breaking away from the pegs. Shoes worn at farm work should be oiled at least once a week. It requires only a few minutes to do the work, and it is decidedly profitable later.

**Oil Your Boots and Shoes.**  
The efficacy of oiling depends much upon the way in which it is done. In the evening brush the shoe clean, and then wash it with lukewarm water, rather to moisten than to clean it. Set it where it will dry slowly. It should not be perfectly dry the next morning, when the oil is applied, but feel damp, not wet, however. The best mixture for oiling shoes is made of one-half neat's foot oil—two-thirds be tallow, and one-sixth castor oil. Mix thoroughly over a gentle heat. Depend upon the rubbing rather than to the heat to get the oil in—to express it differently, two parts of rubbing oil to one of neat's foot oil. If the shoes are neglected as farmers' shoes usually are and always should be, the oil will not be absorbed by the uppers and the soil; it will prevent the skin pulling loose, or the leather breaking away from the pegs. Shoes worn at farm work should be oiled at least once a week. It requires only a few minutes to do the work, and it is decidedly profitable later.

**Oil Your Boots and Shoes.**  
The efficacy of oiling depends much upon the way in which it is done. In the evening brush the shoe clean, and then wash it with lukewarm water, rather to moisten than to clean it. Set it where it will dry slowly. It should not be perfectly dry the next morning, when the oil is applied, but feel damp, not wet, however. The best mixture for oiling shoes is made of one-half neat's foot oil—two-thirds be tallow, and one-sixth castor oil. Mix thoroughly over a gentle heat. Depend upon the rubbing rather than to the heat to get the oil in—to express it differently, two parts of rubbing oil to one of neat's foot oil. If the shoes are neglected as farmers' shoes usually are and always should be, the oil will not be absorbed by the uppers and the soil; it will prevent the skin pulling loose, or the leather breaking away from the pegs. Shoes worn at farm work should be oiled at least once a week. It requires only a few minutes to do the work, and it is decidedly profitable later.

**Oil Your Boots and Shoes.**  
The efficacy of oiling depends much upon the way in which it is done. In the evening brush the shoe clean, and then wash it with lukewarm water, rather to moisten than to clean it. Set it where it will dry slowly. It should not be perfectly dry the next morning, when the oil is applied, but feel damp, not wet, however. The best mixture for oiling shoes is made of one-half neat's foot oil—two-thirds be tallow, and one-sixth castor oil. Mix thoroughly over a gentle heat. Depend upon the rubbing rather than to the heat to get the oil in—to express it differently, two parts of rubbing oil to one of neat's foot oil. If the shoes are neglected as farmers' shoes usually are and always should be, the oil will not be absorbed by the uppers and the soil; it will prevent the skin pulling loose, or the leather breaking away from the pegs. Shoes worn at farm work should be oiled at least once a week. It requires only a few minutes to do the work, and it is decidedly profitable later.

**Oil Your Boots and Shoes.**  
The efficacy of oiling depends much upon the way in which it is done. In the evening brush the shoe clean, and then wash it with lukewarm water, rather to moisten than to clean it. Set it where it will dry slowly. It should not be perfectly dry the next morning, when the oil is applied, but feel damp, not wet, however. The best mixture for oiling shoes is made of one-half neat's foot oil—two-thirds be tallow, and one-sixth castor oil. Mix thoroughly over a gentle heat. Depend upon the rubbing rather than to the heat to get the oil in—to express it differently, two parts of rubbing oil to one of neat's foot oil. If the shoes are neglected as farmers' shoes usually are and always should be, the oil will not be absorbed by the uppers and the soil; it will prevent the skin pulling loose, or the leather breaking away from the pegs. Shoes worn at farm work should be oiled at least once a week. It requires only a few minutes to do the work, and it is decidedly profitable later.

**Oil Your Boots and Shoes.**  
The efficacy of oiling depends much upon the way in which it is done. In the evening brush the shoe clean, and then wash it with lukewarm water, rather to moisten than to clean it. Set it where it will dry slowly. It should not be perfectly dry the next morning, when the oil is applied, but feel damp, not wet, however. The best mixture for oiling shoes is made of one-half neat's foot oil—two-thirds be tallow, and one-sixth castor oil. Mix thoroughly over a gentle heat. Depend upon the rubbing rather than to the heat to get the oil in—to express it differently, two parts of rubbing oil to one of neat's foot oil. If the shoes are neglected as farmers' shoes usually are and always should be, the oil will not be absorbed by the uppers and the soil; it will prevent the skin pulling loose, or the leather breaking away from the pegs. Shoes worn at farm work should be oiled at least once a week. It requires only a few minutes to do the work, and it is decidedly profitable later.

**Oil Your Boots and Shoes.**  
The efficacy of oiling depends much upon the way in which it is done. In the evening brush the shoe clean, and then wash it with lukewarm water, rather to moisten than to clean it. Set it where it will dry slowly. It should not be perfectly dry the next morning, when the oil is applied, but feel damp, not wet, however. The best mixture for oiling shoes is made of one-half neat's foot oil—two-thirds be tallow, and one-sixth castor oil. Mix thoroughly over a gentle heat. Depend upon the rubbing rather than to the heat to get the oil in—to express it differently, two parts of rubbing oil to one of neat's foot oil. If the shoes are neglected as farmers' shoes usually are and always should be, the oil will not be absorbed by the uppers and the soil; it will prevent the skin pulling loose, or the leather breaking away from the pegs. Shoes worn at farm work should be oiled at least once a week. It requires only a few minutes to do the work, and it is decidedly profitable later.

**Oil Your Boots and Shoes.**  
The efficacy of oiling depends much upon the way in which it is done. In the evening brush the shoe clean, and then wash it with lukewarm water, rather to moisten than to clean it. Set it where it will dry slowly. It should not be perfectly dry the next morning, when the oil is applied, but feel damp, not wet, however. The best mixture for oiling shoes is made of one-half neat's foot oil—two-thirds be tallow, and one-sixth castor oil. Mix thoroughly over a gentle heat. Depend upon the rubbing rather than to the heat to get the oil in—to express it differently, two parts of rubbing oil to one of neat's foot oil. If the shoes are neglected as farmers' shoes usually are and always should be, the oil will not be absorbed by the uppers and the soil; it will prevent the skin pulling loose, or the leather breaking away from the pegs. Shoes worn at farm work should be oiled at least once a week. It requires only a few minutes to do the work, and it is decidedly profitable later.

**Oil Your Boots and Shoes.**  
The efficacy of oiling depends much upon the way in which it is done. In the evening brush the shoe clean, and then wash it with lukewarm water, rather to moisten than to clean it. Set it where it will dry slowly. It should not be perfectly dry the next morning, when the oil is applied, but feel damp, not wet, however. The best mixture for oiling shoes is made of one-half neat's foot oil—two-thirds be tallow, and one-sixth castor oil. Mix thoroughly over a gentle heat. Depend upon the rubbing rather than to the heat to get the oil in—to express it differently, two parts of rubbing oil to one of neat's foot oil. If the shoes are neglected as farmers' shoes usually are and always should be, the oil will not be absorbed by the uppers and the soil; it will prevent the skin pulling loose, or the leather breaking away from the pegs. Shoes worn at farm work should be oiled at least once a week. It requires only a few minutes to do the work, and it is decidedly profitable later.

# THE GREAT NEGRO

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

**ARE YOU BILIOUS?**  
Do You Want Good Digestion?  
Do You Suffer from Constipation?  
Have You Malaria?  
There is but one SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!

# I am Ready for Competition.

I have "made away" with my old stock and am now fully prepared for the

**Spring and Summer Trade**  
with one of the most FASHIONABLE as well as SUBSTANTIAL lines of

**Ladies' Gents and Childrens Shoes.**  
**Gents' Fine shoes \$2. Up!**  
**Ladies American & French Kid \$2. to \$4.**  
**Ladies' and Childrens Spring Heel Shoes, All Sizes**  
**Ladies' Kid-Button Shoes, \$1.25 Up!**

**Latest Styles Hats & Caps,**  
AT LOWEST PRICES.—  
**At The "CORNER STORE."**  
**LEWIS WEISS**  
BANK