The Carbon Advocate.

LEHIGHTON, PA.:
SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1885.

Entered at the Lehighton post-office as Second Class Mail Matter.

THE WHY.

THE N. Y. SUN in summing up the result of the late election in Michigan, says:

"The recent election in Michigan for Judge of the Supreme Court has been received in some quarters as a great victory for the Democrats, for civil service reform, and for free trade. It is not so. Judge Cooley is well known as an eminent jurist who has adopted extreme temperance views, and was represented as having too often sided with great corporations. He was nominated by the Prohibitionists, and adopted by the Republicans. The Democrats put up Major Morse, a gallant Union soldier, who lost an arm in the civil war, who openly opposes sumptuary legislation, and advocates complete personal liberty as the guaranteed right of the citizen under the Constitution. The so-called temperance issue was the turning point of the canvss, and was made so by the Prohibitionists. They forced the fight, and they got badly beaten. The Germans who supported Blaine joined the Germans who voted for Cleveland in casting nearly a solid vote for Major Morse, not because he was a representative Democrat, but because he advocated their sentiments on the liquor question This result cannot be properly described as a political triumph, although the Democratic candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court was elected by a large majority. The Greenbackers and Prohibitionists have disturbed politics seriously in Michigan of late years. In 1882 Begole, Democrat, aided by the Greenbackers, was chosen Governor by a majority of 4,572. Last year Alger, Republican, was elected Governor by a plurality over Begole, Democrat and Fusionist, of 3,953. The Prohibitionists polled 22,207 votes for Porter, leaving the Republican more than 18,000 in a minority on the popular vote. The temperance agitation in Michigan, in Iowa, in Wisconsin, in Illinois, and in Kansas has broken the sceptre of political managers, and introduced an element of discord into the Republican party which threatens to destroy its ascendancy in those States."

THERE is no longer any doubt that the disease which some weeks ago made its appearance in a town on the eastern coast of Spain, and which has invaded other seaboard villages and also those on neighboring islands, is Asiatic cholera. Its reappearance in Europe at the very outset of warm weather is a warning to sanitary workers on this side of the Atlantic to redouble their exertions. Neither care nor money should be spared in the cleaning and purifying of our cities and towns, and the work cannot be begun too soon. Our burgess and town council would do well to take immediate steps in this matter, and look after the numerous places that need cleaning up in our borough.

ONE of our most valued exchanges is the PUBLIC HERALD, edited and published by L. Lum Smith, Philadelphia. It is fearless in its exposure of the frauds, swindlers and dead-beats generally, who make a living out of the unwary by attractive advertising. Send fifty cents to the publisher and receive it for one year, you will never regret the trifling amount thus spent.

A FEW years ago, says the London STANDARD, the young people of England became imbued with the roller skating craze, and rinks were built all over the country. The fever, however, was as brief as any other vagaries of fashion; the enthusiasm died away, the rinks were deserted, the investors lost their money; and roller skates disappeared in the land."

PHILADELPHIA RECORD: It is a poor week when Tammany Hall does not hold at least one meeting to announce its enthusiastic approval of Mr. Cleveland's administration. But Mr Cleveland never says "Turkey" to the poor Indian. Mr. Kelley's sachems might as well lavish their blandishment upon a terra cotta watch-dog

The Chief of the Bureau of Statistics reports that during the month of March there arrived in the customs districts of Baltimore, Boston, Detroit, Huron, Minnesota, New Orleans, New York, Passamaquoddy, Philadelphia, and San Francisco 31,726 passengers, of whom 22,350 were immigrants.

JUSTICE Andrew Wylie of the United States Supreme Court of the District of Columbia has intimated to the President his wish to go upon the Judiciary retired list. Justice Wylie is 71, and has served twenty-three years on the bench.

NEW YORK TIMES: John Sherman has become a convert to honest politics. This Democratic Administration is doing a marvelous work of regeneration in both parties.

THURSDAY morning's bulletins announced continued improvement in the health of Gen. Grant, the General himself expressing the thought that he would get well.

Broadbrim's New York Letter.

Special to the CARBON ADVOCATE:

Easter week, instead of a proclamation of universal peace and good will, has been full of toil and trouble. From one cause and another excitement has been at fever heat, and the uncertain state of the weather has not added to our comfort. Instead of spring suits with tulips and roses, buttercups and daffodils—muffs, ulsters and sealskin sacques elbowed them out of the way, and people went shivering to church, as if it had been February instead of April. As the Easter Chimes were ringing I could not help thinking of two fashionable weddings, which took place here five years ago, this Easter time. Both of the brides were heiresses, and the fortunate grooms were among the most favored of our golden youth, well known in society, and at each wedding the church was crowded with our best people, and life seemed to open on the young couples like a summer dream. One of the brides inherited by the death of her father $250,000 cash, and a handsome house furnished with every luxury that wealth could give. The young husband had no capital of his own, but he took his wife's money and went into Wall street. Disaster succeeded disaster, loss upon lose, misfortune upon misfortune—till at last the great bulk of his wife's fortune was swept down into that merciless whirlpool which has swallowed so many fortunes and so many lives. The gay young man of fashion became morose and sour; he who used to be the life of society avoided his old friends, he felt the circles closing around him, and last week he rose from his breakfast table, went up to his bath room and cut his throat. The other groom married an heiress, whose father was a wealthy manufacturer; the father approved of the match and took the young man into partnership, installing him and his daughter in a beautiful house in the most fashionable portion of the town. The young wife's health failed, and her husband attended her with the greatest devotion till she died about two years ago; he then went to board with a fascinating widow, and after a proper season of mourning—married her. The father of his first wife took offence at this, and the partnership between them was dissolved; he seemed to be utterly prostrated by the blow which had swept away his prospects in an hour, and last week he threw himself under the wheels of a passing train, and so ended a life from which all hope had gone forever.

If you want to see New York as Mr. Barnum would say, "As the greatest show on earth," you must see it when it turns out for a spectacle. It does not take much to bring them out, but when they do come they are a sight to see. The marriage of the midgets was one of these occasions, and the only mistake was that they were not married in Madison Square Garden instead of Trinity Church. The marriage was not an ordinary one. The matronly bride had undergone the same ordeal at the same altar over twenty years ago. She kept her marriage vows, and is admitted on all hands to have made a model wife and mother. General Tom Thumb, her first husband, rest his soul—was inclined to be a little fast; he ran through a big fortune, and did lots of things that no doubt cost Mrs. Thumb a good deal of grief, but as far as known she never kicked up a row about it, nor eloped with any other fellow or sued for a divorce, or did any of the nine hundred and ninety-nine things which wives in her situation usually do. She so deported herself as maiden, wife and widow that the breath of scandal never touched her, although she has lived in public for over thirty years, and has proved herself worthy, if not of the GREATEST, at least, of the smallest nobleman in Italy. Notwithstanding the care that was exercised in issuing the invitations, both ends of society came together, as it is eminently fit they should do in this Republican country of ours. The Astors, the DeLaneys, the DeGroots, the Van Rensellaers, and others of the old blue blood, touched elbows with sans cullotes from the Bowery and Bleecker street, who, disguised in clean shirts and swallow tailed coats passed muster without question as they were in possession of the magic pasteboard which admitted them to the church. The master hand of Barnum was hidden beneath a pair of lavender kids, and the crowning glory of the wedding was that the next day the happy couple was one of the principal attractions of "The greatest show on earth." All happiness to them. He is a lucky fellow this Count Magri; titles like his can be purchased any day in Italy for a few thousand florins, but women like the countess are scarce, and I trust that this cousin of the Guelphs and the Guibelines will make her as good a husband as she deserves to have.

The villainy of the wrecking of the Marine Bank by Mr. Fish, the financial partner of Ferdinand Ward, grows blacker and blacker every day. When I spoke of it a week ago it looked bad enough, but it looks worse now. This immaculate Bank President loans $40,000 on the note of the colored porter, who swept out Mr. Ward's office and emptied the spittoons, and never asked for an endorsement. It never seemed to occur to this astute financier that $40,000 was a considerable sum to loan to a fellow who was sweeping out offices at forty or fifty dollars a month. Things looked suspicious and thievish, and he being a good and pious churchman thought it best not to inquire about them, he was afraid he might find out something that he ought not to know, so he pocketed the swag and said nothing about it. Hundreds of thousands of dollars were tossed about like shuttlecocks, and a goodly portion of the bank's funds seem to have found their way into the pockets of Mr. Fish.

The bold operator who cracks your safe at night or knocks you down with a sandbag is a gentleman and an honest man when compared with these sanctimonious rascals, who with a white cravat and a long face drag religion in the mire, and bring disgrace upon the church. The misery and ruin brought on this community by these hypocritical rascals will never be fully known; the two suicides of which I spoke were directly traceable to the financial collapse in Wall street; and if the whole of the appalling list could be published, it would be one of the most terrible chapters in our history.

Henry Irving left us on Monday with a good deal of fame, and a large bag of American Eagles—Eagles which will be domesticated in England, and which I fear will not fly back to us again. It may be a difficult matter with some excellent judges of acting to fix the status of Mr. Irving in the dramatic hemisphere, but whether he is a great actor or a poor one there is no denying the fact, that he has raised the standard of his profession in the estimation as no actor has done in our time. Charles Kean, Mr. Macready and some few others have raised themselves to the highest pinnacle of popular estimation, but they did nothing for the profession. Mr. Irving has elevated the standard of his profession, and he leaves the evidences of his good work behind him. He is no common man to whom Old Harvard opens her doors, and he is no common man who after he gets inside satisfies in a scholarly manner all of her expectations. It must be especially flattering to Mr. Irving, and will undoubtedly be one of the most pleasant remembrances of his professional life, the splendid reception and dinner which was tendered him by a number of the most distinguished gentlemen of New York. Mr. Irving has convinced of this—that Shakespeare well interpreted will never want appreciative audiences. What American actor will fill the gap made vacant by his departure? Do not give us a one man tragedy or one woman comedy, but a company of capable actors, and then with a proper stage setting, it will not be necessary for ministers and deacons and church trustees to resort to a MUSEUM with a stuffed Rhinoceros or a Feejee Mermaid, for the purpose of enjoying a wholesome dramatic performance.

The war news from Afghanistan on Thursday sent wheat kiting and all day long the Produce Exchange was tempest-tossed. The bears who have had supreme control of the grain market for months, were driven to their dens; and when the sun went down on Thursday the floor was covered with rampant bovines just raging about and looking for something to toss; but the bears lay low or roosted high, and kept out of sight and out of reach. Wheat went up seven points, corn got a jump, and the starving bulls began to realize with Billy Birch, that "It's an ill wind that blows nowhar." The battle that brought sorrow to the Afghans sent a thrill of life and joy through New York and Chicago, and nobody stopped to ask how many dead Russians or Indians it took to pay the bill.

To us the change was a blessing for we have been sadly disappointed in our hopes of spring. The weather has given us a regular business paralysis, from which it will take us many warm days to recover.

One of the events of the week has been the opening of the New Lyceum or School for acting, which has been the dream of Steele Mackaye. Mr. Mackaye is well known as the author of "Hazel Kirk"—which is simply a rehash of "The Willow Copse" and a half dozen other pieces well known to the theatre going public of forty years ago. It was an immense success, and has made a half dozen fortunes, but Mr. Mackaye did not share the profit. He then wrote another piece and tried to act himself, but his piece and his acting was a dead failure. He then conceived the idea of founding a school for acting, and has induced a number of people to put some money in it, and the result is the new Lyceum. Monday night it opened with a very bad piece, and a very fashionable audience. None of Mr Mackaye's pupils made a prominent appearance, the play being entirely in the hands of select professionals. It is yet too soon to pronounce judgment on Mr. Mackaye's venture; but it would not astonish me inside of twelve months to see it in the hands of a receiver.

Yours truly,
BROADBRIM.

FROM WASHINGTON

Special to the CARBON ADVOCATE
WASHINGTON, April 11, 1885.

General Grant still lives, to the surprise of his physicians and the joy of his family and friends. The different phases of his illness—first, utter prostration, with almost a certainty of immediate death, and then a rallying of life and strength with a prospect of living for days possibly—puzzle while they please. He knows that death is in the near future, his family know it and the physicians know it, and none of them can account for his remarkable renewal of strength and almost complete relief from the pain which has troubled him and aided in bringing on what seemed the fatal crisis so often within the last few days.

The giddy whirl of social life which is a phrase all papers enjoy using, is without illustration in New York just now. The maelstrom has lately become an eddy, and the eddy this week is all vortex and no whirl. To find social amusement one must go not West but South, where, at Fortress Monroe and other favored spots still farther along the coast line, a mild form of dissipation in the way of lawn tennis and sherry cobblers may be found.

There is one thing that this city is never without and that is a lively and piquant scandal. If the facts are not pungent enough there are plenty whose imaginations are sufficiently fertile to supply the deficiency. They say "it was the making of a good story," and lo! the next time it is repeated it is a good story—a most excellent story.

But the scandal proper is a short lived thing, most ephemeral. There are very few indeed that prove to be a nine days' wonder. Not long ago it was said that two well known people had been married two years, though the young lady had been receiving much attention in society under her maiden name. This little fairy tale makes its appearance in regard to some one at regular periods and fails to illicit in those who have heard it before, in their youthful days, much interest. Perhaps in the far distant future, it may strike and make a bull's eye, but as yet, to speak politely, it is unconfirmed.

A season of French opera will be opened at the Star Theatre on Monday night, in which Mme. Theo will make her farewel appearance here. She will be supported by Mr. Maurice Grau's French Opera Company, that has just returned from a tour of Mexico and Cuba. "La Jobi Parfumeuse" will be presented on Monday. There will be a change of opera every night. "Over the Garden Wall" will be played for the last time to night at the Fifth Avenue Theatre. It will be followed on Monday by Thatcher, Primrose and West's Minstrels, who will be seen in the first minstrel performance ever given at this house.

The approaching season at Newport is looked forward to with a good deal of interest by the business people who have experienced an unusually dull winter. Less than the usual amount of building for summer people was contracted for and in view of this fact there were many idle mechanics. However, the worst is over and there are but few idle men in the city at the present time. Many of the cottagers have ordered minor improvements and repairs to their summer homes and ere many weeks the familiar faces of the welcome guests will be seen on the streets, for it is a well known fact that Newport's cottagers arrive early for good and satisfactory reasons. Not a few put in an appearance early for the sole purpose of being taxed here on personal property instead of submitting to the higher rates assessed at their winter homes.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company, which takes the initiative in everything pertaining to the safety and comfort of railroad passengers in this country, is now disputing England's supremacy in the matter of speed. The trains on the Great Western Railway, from London and Liverpool, annihilate the distance at the rate of fifty miles an hour, exclusive of stops, but what will Mr. Bull and the rest of the world say when they learn that the Pennsylvania Central Road whirls its passengers from New York City to Chicago, (a good thousand miles) in twenty four hours—including stops? By the schedule that went into effect last Sunday, the great cities of the East are thus placed within twenty-four hours with the metropolis of the West, and this wonderful achievement is accompanied by the most positive guarantees of comfort as well as perfect safety. Neither pains nor expense have been spared in the adoption of every possible means to insure passengers against accident, so that the inauguration of this new enterprise is destined to secure for this line the continuance of that popularity that its admirable management in the past has won from the whole traveling public.

In view of the enormous frauds that have been committed in the preemption of the public lands throughout the country, the Commissioner of the General Land Office has suspended the issuance of any more land patents in the greater portion of the public land States west of the Missouri, and has absolutely and indefinitely suspended patents for the desert and timber culture entries everywhere. Under this order of the new Commissioner, it would seem that the only legal way to get hold of the public domain is by the instrumentality of scrip, for which there must of course follow a very lively demand. There are several classes of scrip which can thus be used for locating public lands in any quantities and in all localities where lands are subject to homestead or preemption entry, the principal of which is the Soldiers' Additional Homestead Scrip, which is also the cheapest and best for locating purposes. There is but little of this scrip afloat now, and this little is limited to the hands of a very few dealers in Washington city, who anticipate a bountiful harvest.

The Senatorial junketing parties for the summer that had been laid out under the miserable pretense that they are for the promotion of the public interests, have come to naught through the instrumentality of old man Van Wyck, who has lately been stirring up the Republican galoots of the Senate with a very pointed stick. Mr. Van Wyck is a veritable Miss Nancy in appearance, but he has abundantly shown his ability to hold his own in a lip contest with some of the best men in the Senate.

The grand army of political hacks and dead beats that have found their way into the Treasury Department in the capacity of special agents, is to be completely broken up and scattered. Secretary Manning's attention was called early in the hours of the new administration to the useless and expensive host of scalawags who for years have done nothing under Heaven but draw their salaries and play into the hands of the very men they were set to watch. In fact these fellows had so much influence with the last administration that neither Arthur nor his Secretary of the Treasury could find it possible to lop them off.

New Orleans Letter.

FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.
NEW ORLEANS, April 7, 1885.

Some new and attractive exhibits are almost constantly being added to this "greatest show on earth," whose last days bid fair to be its best. The latest single object of universal interest to be placed on exhibition, and one deserving of more than a passing notice, is a complete working model of Capt. Eads proposed "Tehuatepec Ship Railway," now on exhibition, very appropriately, in the Mexican section of the Main building, and is constantly surrounded by an interested crowd of spectators. This most interesting "model" shows the entire practicability of lifting the heaviest vessels out of the water by means of pontoons, or floating docks, almost precisely such as are on the river in this port, the ordinary method in use for docking ships in all commercial countries. The "model" shows the sinking of the pontoon in the dock to receive the vessel when she is raised by a lifting block which is capable of raising a vessel of five thousand tons gross weight; the dock will be 450 feet long, 75 feet wide and 15 feet deep, arranged with a system of hydraulic rams placed on an intermediate deck of the pontoon. The object of these rams is to distribute equally the weight of the vessel. The pontoon is guided in its upward and downward movement by strong anchor rods, or columns, passing through it freely, and firmly secured in the foundations of the dock. Upon the pontoon is placed a carriage for supporting and moving the vessel, and, as shown in the model receives and moves off with the ship with as much apparent ease as any railway train. The "track" or railway, will have six rails, three standard gauge tracks of 4 feet 8½ inches each. A full detail of the proposed railway would occupy too much of your space and could not be made clear without the aid of diagrams, but the working of the "model" conclusively demonstrates its entire feasability, and the gentleman in charge of the exhibit remarked to your correspondent, that "they would certainly not be advocating the enterprise if any doubt existed in their minds of the success of the system."

It may be added that all the best engineers in Europe and America have given Capt. Ead's plan their endorsement, and it only remains to obtain the necessary capital, when the work will be begun and prosecuted to a successful completion. Several surveys have already been made to find a suitable route across the Isthmus, and the distance it is known can be reduced to 134 miles of track, at a cost not to exceed fifty millions, though Capt. Eads himself believes he can complete the entire work at a total cost of thirty five millions. The result of this mammoth undertaking will be to revolutionize the carrying trade of the world, and cannot fail to be of incalculable benefit to the people, not only of America but of Europe and Asia. To the people of the entire Mississippi Valley it must especially prove of vast commercial interest opening up, as it must, new and most desirable trade with the entire Pacific coast, and its now far off Islands. This route will reduce the distance of ocean travel between San Francisco and New Orleans 12,551 miles below that via Cape Horn, and lessen the distance between the former city and New York, by water, 10,797 miles, and between San Francisco and Liverpool the Ship Railway will reduce the ocean travel from 15,803 via Cape Horn to 7,527 miles or a saving of fifty per cent. Any one can thus see what important results are inevitable on the completion of the new route. That conflicting interests are likely to antagonize the enterprise may readily be expected, but when the people learn of its certain advantages they will overrid all opposition and compel the necessary aid to insure its success, which will be another step towards the solution of the vexed problem of cheap transportation. Mr. E. L. Corthell, Chief Engineer, is in charge of the "model" to explain it and illustrate the commercial features by a large map of the world.

IDAHO.

The exhibit made by this territory is called the "Gem" display of all the states—and judging from the valuable minerals and other products shown—Idaho is certainly a rare gem. It has been the good fortune of your correspondent to meet quite a number of gentlemen from this territory, and if the balance of Idaho's population "are made from the same cloth" it must indeed be a pleasure to dwell in such a country, not taking into consideration that Idaho's climate, is doubtless, the year round, the most delightsome within the boundary lines of the United States. Col. Geo. L. Shoup, of Salmon City, a very wealthy gentleman, is the U. S. Commissioner, while Mr. A. J. McNab, a prominent miner is the commissioner now present in charge of the exhibit. To the interest these gentlemen have taken in showing Idaho's great wealth, the "Gem" territory is indebted for a representation at the World's Fair, as all the expenses so far have been borne by them, and they are not at all light amounting to some $25,000. The legislature of Idaho should not fail at their next meeting to reimburse these gentlemen for their public spiritedness. Although Idaho has quite a number of industries from which her thrifty people derive wealth, yet mining is the chief, and the beautiful cases filled with rich specimens are convincing the thousands who daily examine them, that Idaho has no superior as a rich mineral district, and yet mining is still in its infancy, but with the rapid completion of railroads whereby machinery can be quickly and cheaply brought in, will rapidly develop. Although the first settlement was made in Idaho in 1861, the territory has today nearly 100,000 of a population. Mr. McNab is making many friends here among the the visitors and treats right royally all who desire any information concerning the "Gem" territory.

LEHIGHTON Select SCHOOL,
—WILL OPEN—
Monday, May 11, '85,
and continue for Eight Consecutive Weeks in the HIGH SCHOOL ROOM, at Lehighton, Carbon County, Penn'a.

Pupils from the several grades of our Public Schools will be admitted; also Teachers who may wish to Review their studies preparatory for Examination.

Instruction will be given in the COMMON BRANCHES, and in any of the Higher Branches covered by a Normal School Diploma.

Terms Per Term of Eight Weeks:
For teachers, or for pupils either from the Grammar or the High School....$ 5 00
For pupils from any of the lower grades (depending on the number of studies) $2 to $3

N. B.—Pupils attending a Select School during the Summer are entitled to an Examination in the Fall, and if found duly qualified, to a promotion.

For further particulars, address,
C. A. RITTER, Lehighton, Pa.
April 11, 1885—w3*

To Fishermen and Others!

All persons are hereby forbid trespassing on the lands of the undersigned, in Towamensing Township, Carbon County, Pa., for the purpose of FISHING on Pine Run Creek or HUNTING on said lands. Persons so trespassing after this notice will be dealt with according to law.

Ammon Kortz, Cornelius Walck,
Paul & Sam'l. Buck, Anthony May,
Casper Neeb.
April 11, 1885—3m*

A New & Original Plan
—OF—
Instruction in CLASSICAL MUSIC on the
Piano and Organ,
Founded on the Celebrated ROBBINS AMERICAN METHOD. Terms moderate. Also agent for the BEHNING PIANO and the ESTEY ORGAN. Old Instruments taken in exchange for new ones.
T. F. KLEINTOP, Lehighton, Pa.
April 11, 1885—6m

KIDNEY-WORT
THE SURE CURE
FOR
KIDNEY DISEASES, LIVER COMPLAINTS, CONSTIPATION, PILES, AND BLOOD DISEASES.
PHYSICIANS ENDORSE IT HEARTILY.
"Kidney-Wort is the most successful remedy I ever used." Dr. P. C. Ballou, Monkton, Vt.
"Kidney-Wort is always reliable." Dr. R. N. Clark, So. Hero, Vt.
"Kidney-Wort has cured my wife after two years suffering." Dr. C. M. Summerlin, Sun Hill, Ga.
IN THOUSANDS OF CASES
It has cured where all else had failed. It is mild, but efficient, CERTAIN IN ITS ACTION, but harmless in all cases.
It cleanses the Blood and Strengthens and gives New Life to all the important organs of the body. The natural action of the Kidneys is restored. The Liver is cleansed of all disease, and the Bowels move freely and healthfully. In this way the worst diseases are eradicated from the system.
PRICE, $1.00 LIQUID OR DRY, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.
Dry can be sent by mail.
WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO. Burlington Vt.
KIDNEY-WORT

A PRIZE. Send 6 cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in the world. All, of either sex, succeed from first hour. The broad way to fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. At once address, TRUE & Co., Augusta, Me. Dec. 29-1y

Annual Statement
—OF THE—
LEHIGHTON POOR DISTRICT.

PETER HEIM, TREASURER, in account with Lehighton Borough Poor District from March 14, 1884, to March 21, 1885:

DR.

To balance on hand 1884	$ 79 31
To amount from Ezra Newhard, collector on duplicate of 1884	915 13
	$ 994 44

CR.

Paid Out as Per Receipts

John Bartholomew, keeping Nancy Fisher	$ 81 00
Annis Sowers, keeping Mary Mulhaven	45 00
Frantz Ludwig, rent for Mrs. Summit	20 00
Frantz Ludwig, keeping Nancy Fisher	41 50
Reuben Weaver, potatoes	9 60
H. A. Beltz, agent, rent for Owen Shoemaker	6 00
D. S. Hock, rent for Owen Shoemaker	6 00
H. V. Morthimer, printing annual report, &c.	14 00
Thomas S. Beck, orders of relief, &c.	3 04
M. G. Brian, agent, ticket to Easton sick Italian	1 25
A. P. Clauss, lodging for sick Italian	1 50
James M. Greenawalt, potatoes	2 50
J. T. Nusbaum, part rent for Mrs. Campbell	29 40
J. T. Nusbaum, merchandise	10 40
W. G. M. Seiple, medical services, Mrs. Summit	10 25
Val. Schwartz, coffin for Mrs. Shoemaker	12 00
Henry Beckendorf, rent for Phaon Snyder	60 00
Henry Beckendorf, milk & potatoes	14 58
" " coal	14 08
Michael Farren, wood and coal	6 70
R. Fenstermacher, merchandise	8 01
J. P. Smith, making duplicate for 1884	4 00
D. S. Hock, books, slate, &c.	76
Joseph Zahn, digging grave, Mr. Campbell	3 00
Kate Kemerer, tending Mrs. Paterson	22 25
Clauss & Bro., clothing for Phaon Snyder	12 15
D. Baltzer, clothing for Phaon Snyder	3 75
F. P. Lentz, J. P., cost, Nusbaum suit	2 96
F. P. Lentz, J. P., relief orders	2 85
W. H. Strauss, mdse	2 82
C. B. Rhoads, mdse	4 60
F. Leibenguth, mdse	12 00
E. H. Snyder, mdse	12 48
Wm. Kemerer, mdse	6 57
Joseph Obert, meat	31 54
Heilman & Co., flour and coal	40 75
C. M. Sweeny & Son, mdse	6 08
Lewis Dreisbach, expenses on acct. Mr. Schmoyer	6 00
David Ebbert, flour, &c.	42 55
Alfred Wertman, potatoes	3 50
Reuben Hunsicker, cabbage	1 00
Chas. Trainer, flour, &c.	14 64
Jas Hollenbach, coal	15 00
Mary Webb, rent for Mrs. Summit	10 00
Chas. Seifert, meat for year	21 50
Sarah Farren, tending Mrs. Beahm	5 00
Jno. Stuckley, potatoes	7 50
E. W. Clauss, stove for Nancy Fisher	4 70
Mrs. DeTschtrechky, mdse	6 18
Elizabeth Keiser, boarding Merrit Koch	8 00
A. W. Horn, tending lock-up, one year	20 00
Dr. C. W. Bower, medical services for one year	22 0
Nathan Hoffman, keeping David Ackerman	5 24
H. A. Beltz, relief orders	4 00
J. L. Gable, coal	20 40
T. D. Thomas, medicine, Mrs Rehr	1 00
Chas. Yenser, one piece carpet for Nancy Fisher	1 40
Ezra Newhard, bread for Mrs. Rehr	45
W. M. Raysher, solicitor, one year	10 00
Milton Hunsicker, meat	3 46
Charles Paterson, maintaining Mrs. Paterton	16 00
H. Beckendorf, salary as Poor Director	25 00
Peter Heim, salary as Treasurer of Poor Board	50 00
Peter Heim, boots, shoes and mending, for Phaon Snyder's family, Mary Mulhaven, Mrs. Summit and others	64 60
Peter Heim, commission paying out on $971 80 at 2 per cent	19 14
Auditors, auditing accounts 1884 and 1885	6 00
	$997 24

RECAPITULATION

Total amount paid out as per receipts	$ 997 24
" " received from Ezra Newhard, collector	994 43
Due Peter Heim, (overpaid)	$ 2 81

EZRA NEWHARD, COLLECTOR, in account with Lehighton Poor District for year 1884:

Amount of duplicate	$1367 61	
Supplement	7 56	
		$1375 17
—LESS—		
Exonerations	$ 16 10	
Commission for collecting at 5 per cent	52 95	
		$ 69 05
		$1006 12
Paid Peter Heim, as per receipts		$ 915 12
Balance due Poor District		$ 91 00

We, the undersigned duly elected Auditors, have examined the foregoing accounts of Peter Heim, Treasurer, and Ezra Newhard, Collector, and certify that they are correct to the best of our knowledge and belief.

W. P. LONG,
M. C. TREXLER, } Auditors
H. J. BRETNEY,
April 4, 1885—w3

POOR ACCOUNT
—OF THE—
Borough of Weissport.

Auditors report of the Weissport Poor District for the two years ending April 1, 1885:

DR.

1883—April 7, to balance from last year	$ 136 83
1884—Oct. To cash from Al. Friend	12 00
	$ 148 83

CR.

By execution, &c., William Leed	$ 17 29
By loss on trade dollars	2 71
By 1¼ tons coal, Betz Harp	4 50
By rent and expense for Al. Friend	26 50
By fee Craig & Loose, attorneys	5 00
By rent to Carl Miller for Mrs. Nicholson	36 00
By rent to Sol. Steisler for Mrs. Nicholson	14 50
By carting coal and moving for Mrs. N	4 50
By F. J. Kistler, mdse. for Mrs. N.	2 04
By N. Snyder, for coal, Mrs N.	1 50
By 1 ton coal and ½ bushel potatoes Mrs. N	3 20
By potatoes, Mrs. N	6 90
By services, Sam'l Everts, overseer, 1 year	3 65
By services, C. H. MacDaniel, overseer, 2 years	10 00
	$ 138 09
Balance	$ 10 74

We, the undersigned Auditors of the Borough of Weissport, have examined the accounts of C. H. MacDaniel and Samuel Everts, Overseers of the Poor and find them correct and as above stated.

AUSTIN BOYER,
WM. E. REED. } Auditors.
April 11, 1885—w3

H. V. MORTHIMER, Sr.,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
OFFICE: ADVOCATE BUILDING,
Bankway, Lehighton, Penna
All business pertaining to the office will receive prompt attention. 16.

CLINTON BRETNEY, fashionable BOOT and SHOE MAKER, Back St. Lehighton. All work warranted.

WANTED AT ONCE a representative of good address to travel through Carbon county WITH VALUABLE WORKS FOR SPECIAL CLASSES OF BUSINESS MEN AND MECHANICS who understand and need them, giving their orders at sight profits liberal, easy and quick; can refer to gentlemen clearing $25 to $50 a week who are pleased with the work; only $10 capital required; write for particulars if you mean business; give age, trade or previous employment and references. Palliser, Palliser & Co., Vanderbilt Ave., New York.

WE ARE NOW READY!
—:O:—

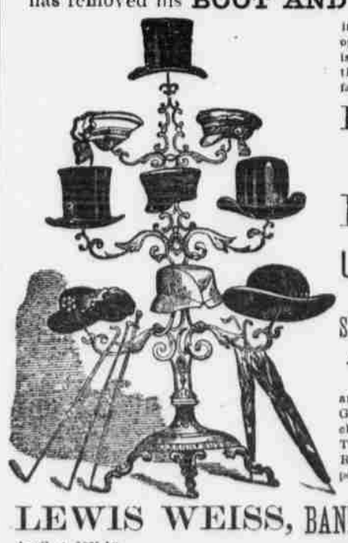
Having now received our SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of the Latest Designs in
—FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC—
Cloths, Cassimeres and Suitings,
we are prepared to fill your orders for suits or parts of suits made up in the most fashionable styles, by the best workmen, at the remarkable low price of
$10. per Suit AND Upwards!
We also invite special attention to our immense stock of Fashionable Styles of
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes and Gaiters
for Old & Young, Rich & Poor at *ROCK BOTTOM PRICES!*
Gents' Furnishing Goods.
Our stock in this department has never been so complete as it is at present. It comprises all the newest novelties and designs. We have everything that is new in
Ties, Collars and Cuffs.
If you desire anything in this line you can find it here.
Trunks and Valises in Great Variety!
CLAUSS & BROTHER,
Bank Street, Lehighton, Penn'a.
April 18, 1885—1y

REMOVAL
WILLIAM F. BIERY,
Respectfully announces to his friends and the people generally of Weissport and the surrounding country that he has REMOVED his DRUG STORE from White Street, into the Building lately occupied by BERNARD VOGT, on the corner of White and Bridge Streets, and invites a call. He is prepared to furnish
PURE DRUGS & MEDICINES, TOILET & FANCY Goods, Choice Wines and Liquors, for Medicinal Purposes, Fine Brands of Tobacco and Cigars,
Stationery, Wall Paper and Borders, &c., &c.,
at LOWEST PRICES. PRESCRIPTIONS carefully compounded, Day or Night. Patronage solicited and satisfaction guaranteed in Price and Quality of Goods Sold.
W. F. BIERY, Corner White and Bridge Streets, Weissport, Pa.
April 11, 1885—1y.

Respectfully Invites Your Attention
A Large Selected
and Stock of
Carefully New Styles in

Men's and Youth's Clothing!
We have on hand an immense stock of SPRING SUITS for the TRADE, in all the latest colors and styles. We manufacture all our own clothing, and therefore we can sell you well made clothing for the LOWEST PRICES.
Boy's & Children's Clothing.
Our Spring Stock is now complete, embracing all the New Styles and Mixtures in CHECKS, PLAIDS, &c., &c. Every Garment is Perfect, Warranted as Represented and Prices to Please. Only house in town that keeps BOYS SINGLE SHORT PANTS—have a few hundred on hand always.
Custom Tailoring Department
Always Latest Goods in FOREIGN and DOMESTIC
Suitings, Overcoatings and Pantaloonings,
which will be made up at short notice and in Latest Styles. FITS GUARANTEED.
Gent's Furnising Goods always the LATEST Gent's Furnishing Goods
Come and examine our New Stock Filling Two Floors. No trouble to show Goods.
JOSEPH SCHNURMAN, HENRY C. ROTH, LEWIS SOURWINE. } Schnurman, Roth & Co.
Established in 1849.]
719 Hamilton Street,
Allentown, Pa.
April 4-m3

REMOVAL---Spring Styles!
LEWIS WEISS
respectfully informs his many friends and customers that he has removed his BOOT AND SHOE STOIE



into the NEW BUILDING, nearly opposite his Old Stand, and that he is now receiving and opening up for their inspection a very large and fashionable line of well-selected
BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, Hats, Caps, UMBRELLAS, &c.,
suitable for
SPRING and SUMMER WEAR,
AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES!
and invites you to call and examine Goods and learn prices before purchasing elsewhere. SATISFACTION in all cases fully guaranteed. Remember, THE NEW STORE opposite the foot of IRON STREET,
LEWIS WEISS, BANK Street, LEHIGHTON.
April 4, 1885-1y

|R|E|M|O|V|A|L|!|!|
C. M. SWEENY & SON
Respectfully announce to their host of friends that they have removed into their New Store Building nearly opposite their Old Stand, and that they are now opening up one of the LARGEST and BEST SELECTED STOCKS OF
DRESS AND DRY GOODS,
Groceries, Provisions, Queensware,
CARPETS & OIL CLOTHS,
ever brought to this borough. Our prices are as LOW as the LOWEST. Call and see us, we guarantee satisfaction. Remember, the NEW STORE, opposite the foot of Iron Street. C. M. SWEENY & SON.

Ratcliff & Chubb,
BAKERS and CONFECTIONERS,
Opened their ICE CREAM PARLOR on
SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 4th, 1