# The Carbon Advocate.

LEHIGHTON, PA.:
SATURDAY, JANUARY 10, 1885.

Entered at the Lehighton post-office as Second Class Mail Matter.


THE bankruptcy case of William Lloyd, the Allocuna bomber, has been wound up after eight years, and Lloyd discharged.

RUSSEL HANCOCK, only son of Gen. W S. Hancock, died on the 31st., on his plantation near Clarksdale, Miss., in the 35th year of his age. His remains were interred at St. Louis.

WITH this issue we commence the publication of two interesting letters—one from Harrisburg, which will contain a full account of the actions of the legislative body, &c., and one from New Odeans of a very intesting character. Don't fail to read them.

THE aggregate of pieces coined at the Philadelphia Mint during the past year was 52,270,000, the total value of which was $16,949,069 53. There were gold pieces coined to the value of $1,740,215.-50, silver to the amount of $14,412,369.-25 and $796,485.78 in base metal. There were 11,273,942 five-cent pieces and 23,-261,742 one-cent pieces coined the year.

THE horse that bore the assassin Wilkes Booth from Ford's Theatre in his wild flight to Maryland, after shooting President Lincoln, eventually came into the hands of Colonel John A. Peal, of Abington, Conn. Like nearly all the actors in the great tragedy even the poor horse met a violent death. He was a favorite with Colonel Peal's family and becoming old was allowed to roam at will. He fell into a ditch the other day and broke his neck.

THE Most Rev. Archbishop Ryan of Philadelphia, was on Sunday invested with pallium, the sacred insignia of his high position. The services, which were grandly impressive, were held in the Cathedral, and lasted over four hours. During all that time over five thousand people, including many Protestants of prominence, witnessed the ceremonies while nearly half as many more waited several hours in the street trying to catch a glimpse of the investure services. The crush was something terrible and a squad of fifty policemen was necessary to keep the curious crowd under control.

FOREIGN immigration during 1884 was 100,000 less than in 1883. The complete figures can only be given for the eleven months ending November 30. Germany furnished by long odds the most immigrants, the number reaching 150,851. Ireland stands next in the list, with 57,-073. England and Wales furnished 51,-616 and Canada 43,418. Sweden stands fifth, with 23,436, while Austria, Norway and Italy swelled the new population about 13,000 each. It will be seen by this statement the immigrants of Teutonic or Saxon origin comprise nearly 300,000, or two-thirds of the entire number.

## THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

opens his annual message with some very pointed remarks upon the dangers of over-legislation. He thereupon proceeds to suggest enough subjects to keep the Legislature busy for about ten years. Many of his suggestions are good, in their objects if not in the reasons given, but they might have been more effective had they been confined within some defined limits. The Governor has surveyed mankind with comprehensive view—if not from China to Peru at least from Philadelphia to Allegheny—and wherever he has observed anything amiss he has made a note of it. If there are yet some subjects of legislation not touched on in this message, they may be included another year.

It would be quite impossible, even were it desirable, to consider all the Governor's suggestion at one time. They range all the way from taxation to temperance and from public printing to marriage and divorce, and are presented with such discursiveness that seven or eight columns are occupied with matter that might better have been compressed into one. The subject of the revenues of the State properly holds a first place and here the Governor is entirely right in his general declaration that "our revenue laws are intricate, complex, difficult of ascertainment and uncertain," and that it would be better to select some one class of corporate property and assess the State taxes solely upon that, leaving the various local sources revenue, whether from personal property or from licenses and the like, to the local governments. It was quite unnecessary and illogical to wander off into the old fallacies about the unequal and burdens borne by real estate. The inequalities of our revenue system are all the result of fruitless efforts to extend taxation upon invisible property and the dismal wail about the grievances of the tillers of the soil is mainly clap-trap as is also the paragraph about the "odious" requirement that a voter shall have paid a tax. Beneath all this nonsense, however, there is much sense in the general tenor of the Governor's practical suggestions, which are in the line of a simplification of the revenue laws and the removal of unnecessary taxation. Along with this goes the abolition of a number of useless offices, prominent among which is that of Mercantile Appraiser.

The Governor makes some sensible and needed comments upon the delay of justice in capital cases and not only points out the evil but suggests a remedy. This part of his message deserves attention, as does also that upon the lax divorce laws of this State. His disquisition upon railroads is too long and too querulous to command entire respect, even were this Legislature likely to deal fairly with the subject, and his self-justificatory remarks on the subject of apportionment will go for what they are worth. All the way through the message there are good points scattered here and there, but, while aiming at something more than a mere perfunctory report, it lacks anything like compactness of thought or breadth of view, and thus is unlikely to make much impression on the Commonwealth at large, while its querulous tone would alone prevent its making much impression on the Legislature.

## OUR HARRISBURG LETTER.

Special to the CARBON ADVOCATE.

HARRISBURG, PA., JAN. 6, '85.

For several months past the busy mechanic and laborer were plying their every energies in repairing, cleaning and making as new the halls and corridors of the capital building of this State. Everything looks as clean as a pin, a very favorable contrast to the unpleasant condition in which all things were left after the busy session, which finally adjourned about a year ago. The Senate chamber has received especial attention in this general renovation. The desks have been revarnished, and Brussels carpet put upon the floor; the heating facilities improved and the walls newly frescoed. The three large paintings upon the ceiling are models of perfect work by the delicate brush of an Italian artist from Washington, D. C. The Hall looks attractive and cheerful and if these surroundings have their influence we can expect good and wholesome legislation from the session of 1885. The Hall of Representatives has received less attention and less expense was incurred in putting it in a comfortable condition. New carpet, new radiators, new curtains, re-varnished desks, etc., are among the many changes made. These repairs are necessarily expensive, although those in charge used every precaution to lessen expenses, the cost will probably reach the sum of $5,000.

The legislative session of 1885 which is just commencing promises to be one of importance. Its members were slow to make their appearance upon our streets but they were all present to answer the first roll-call. Their pleasant faces and polite manners indicate that they left bright homes and a hopeful constituency. The people of this city are pleased to have the law-makers of this great commonwealth sojourn with them while in session and engaged in their arduous duties. Many members, while here, stop with private families, others come here with their families and rent for the time, but the largest number of them stop at the different hotels, throughout the city, among the largest are the Gobiel, the Republican Headquarters, the Bolton, the Democratic Headquarters, the Jones and the United States. We do not only have the members as an addition to our population but an array of others from different parts of the State, all scrambling for the subordinate offices. The most important feature of this session will be the election of a United States Senator. Many rumors are afloat as to who will be the successful candidate. The most that can be learned is, that J. D. Cameron is a candidate and that he will return to this city after the Legislature is fully organized and ready to work, to personally take charge of his election. No amount of speculation can solve the final result.

The organization of the Senate and House is completed and all without the least contest and ruffling of placid faces. It was no small task to perform so as to give entire satisfaction to all the different factions that usually seek predominance upon such occasions. Hon. Col [illegible] the caucus on Monday night. The result of the caucus was made manifest this afternoon when the House proceeded to election of officers James L. Graham, of Allegheny, was nominated by Coloorn of Somerset. John T. Faunce, of Philadelphia, was nominated by Hon. Crawford, of Philadelphia. Graham was elected by a vote of 150 to 51 for Hon. Faunce. Geo. Pearson, of Mercer county, was elected chief clerk. Judge McPherson, of Dauphin and Lebanon Judicial District administered the oath of office to the members, first to those who swore and then to those who affirmed, the members having crowded around the Speaker's stand to receive the oath. After every member had subscribed his name to the oath, the Speaker placed his name as the last on the list. The oath was administed to the chief clerk by the Speaker. The other officers of the House, about 60 in number will be appointed by a committee known as the State Committee. This committee is composed of 21 members, six of whom were appointed to receive the numerous applicants.

The Senate organized by electing A. H. Mylin, of Lancaster, President pro. tem. Thomas Cochran, of Lancaster City, chief clerk; Ed. Smily, of Venango, Journal Clerk. There are about 18 subordinate offices to be filled in the Senate, nearly all of which are filled by the chief clerk of the Senate. After both Senate and House had completed their organization a committee of three from each body were named to act conjointly, and call upon the Governor and inform him that they were ready to receive any message he had to lay before them.

The message is an able document, full of bold and original suggestions on subjects of great interest to the tax-payer. It will be read more extensively and with greater attention than is usually given to papers of this character.

The Governor has of late made a few changes in his appointments. The resignation of Capt. Ornig, Assistant Librarian took effect Jan. 1st, 1885. He was appointed by Gov. Hartranft in 1875. He was a very excellent and efficient keeper of the books of the State. The new appointee, Prof. Samuel Baer, of Reading, is well known to the people of the State. He has been Sup't of the Public Schools of Reading for several years. We predict an efficient assistant in the new appointment.

The duties of the Librarian and assistant are arduous and with the rapid increase in the number of books, additional assistants should be appointed. There are now nearly fifty-two thousand volumes in the Library. Librarian Little, who resides at Carlisle, had a call to fill a professorship in the Syracuse University of New York. He will not accept the call. We would not want Prof. Little to leave the State, but do think while he acts as Librarian he should live within the laws of the State, and reside in this city. This would be in accordance to the last clause of the 6th section of Act of Assembly, 1854, page 7, which says, "The Librarian shall reside in Harrisburg during his continuance in office."

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## Broadbrim's New York Letter.

Specdia to the CARBON ADVOCATE:

The New Year's chimes rang merrily out on the murky air of Thursday morning, announcing at once the birth of a new year and the death of the old one. All the city bells gave musical welcome to the new-born year of 1885, and the parting saints from multitudes of firearms bade farewell to the year which had just passed away. 1884 will not soon be forgotten.

Agricultarally it has been one of the most remarkable years of the century. Scarcely in men's memory has the labor of the husbandman been crowned with such abundance, and, strange as it may seem, this manifestation of God's goodness is looked upon through all the land in the light of a positive calamity. So abundant is the great harvest in the West, that it will not pay the farmer to carry it to market, and on hundreds of farms they are burning the corn to keep them warm in the bitter frosty weather. To many this may seem like waste; but it is quite as necessary to keep people from freezing as from starving.

Financially, 1884 has been without a parallel. It stands almost alone in the ruin and disaster it leaves behind. But the terrible lessons of the year which is gone are not an unmixed evil, if they serve to teach us the value of old-time honesty in our dealings with our fellow men, and that a fair character is worth more than gold,—that the questionable and thievish speculations which have made a few men promiuent as millionaires, shall not receive commendation and honor, while honorable honesty is left neglected to starve. We have been running under too high pressure. Money, money, has been the cry, and like the Israelites of old, we have fallen in abject worship before the Golden Calf. The exposure of the utter rottenness of the system on which colossal fortunes have been built up, has not been ill-timed. As things were going, it was only a question of time when one-half of the community would be paupers and the other half thieves.

These immense individual aggregations of capital are not good for the nation. A more equal division of a nation's wealth is conducive of greater happiness to the many, and the hoarse mutterings that rise from unemployed and suffering thousands at the opening of the New Year, ere it closes may be a more direful portent to those millionaires than the handwriting on the wall that pronounced the doom of the Assyrian King.

The keeping of open house on New Year's day was by no means as general as it has been in years past, and baskets hung on many doors which on previous New Year's days have been the portals to a lavish and generous hospitality. Even in the houses that received, the tables were indicative of the times. Hot coffee and lemonade marked the boundary of ordinary dissipation, while mild sedatives of claret punch and ginger ale and such innocuous drinks were occasionally offered to the more intemperate who still withstood the fulminating thunders of St. John. Our cheap cab system was a blessing to the young men who put on a little extra swell on New Year's day, and who revenged themselves on the other 364 days of the year by riding on the first of January. Two dollars and a half for a cab, a clean collar, a cane and a straight breasted coat made each dude feel like a Jay Gould, and the cab enabled him to dispense with an overcoat—a garment not in favor, however, with dudedom in general. In consequence of the mild nature of the drinks, there were fewer drunken men than usual, and on the whole we had a very quiet, unexciting New Year's day.

The only thing that marred the city's peace was the closing hours of the Board of Aldermen, the scene resembling a second-class dog pit more than a session of the greatest corporate body in the Union. Up to the closing moments of his official existence Mayor Edson seemed to think that some combination might be formed by which he could punish the enemies who had denied him a renomination. It was rumored everywhere that thousands of dollars were scattered as bribes to different parties to prevent the Mayor's nominee from being confirmed. Be that as it may, the tactics were successful, and Hubert O. Thompson held the fort against Edson and his clans. If John Kelly took a hand in the fight the effort was a feeble one. The Great Sagamore, a blast from whose bugle horn was worth a thousand men, never put in an appearance. It is said that he regards his work in electing Cleveland as the fatal mistake of his life, and feels that the sceptre has passed away from Tammany, and instead of being a dictator as of old he must now appear as a suppliant, cap in hand, for the smallest favor. The silver voice of O'Grady is no longer heard; Spinola's shirt-collar is limp and broken; lots of the braves are quietly deserting to the camp of the enemy; and the sale of the New York Star, the organ of the Wigwam, is a confession that they have hauled down the flag. Nearly $500,000 has been sunk in the venture. If Tammany had won, the city patronage might have floated it for a time, but it is now settled that a mere personal organ cannot live in New York. Even Jay Gould, with his millions, was forced to take water when he urged his personality too offensively on the press and people of New York. If it should pass into other hands as a one cent paper it might possibly meet with success if it abandons its bitter vindictive personal character.

The exit of the disreputable horde which has disgraced our council chamber for the past three years is hailed by our citizens with delight, feeling assured that whatever trials Providence may yet have in store for us, there can be nothing worse than the Thugs we have got rid of, and we are in hopes that the new gang may possibly be a little better.

One thing this year will be remarkable for, that is the number of magnificent buildings which have been erected in different parts of the city while other kinds of business have been paralyzed. Individuals and corporations have rushed into a wild extravagance in building, never seen before in the city. Now comes the Standard Oil Company, whose new building on Broadway, just above the Produce Exchange, promises to eclipse anything of the kind ever seen in New York. I shall defer a description of it for some future occasion; but it stands on Broadway as a sort of challenge and menace to the unemployed thousands who pass it every day, and who ask how this giant monopoly got possession of its millions.

The amusements of holiday week have been varied and passably good, but the most remarkable feature of the week has been its failures and not its successes. Great changes were expected of Ristori, she was going to revive the good old classic drama, and bring it back to the Golden Age of the stage once more. Instead of a tremendous success, she has been one of the most lamentable failures of the season, the great tragedienne scarcely being the ghost of her former self.

Damrosch came over to Plymouth church with the oratorio of Messiah. It was splendidly sung. The vocal portion was a musical triumph, and the instrumentation has not been surpassed in Brooklyn; but financially it was one of the deadest of dead failures. The church was not half full and the receipts were away below the expenses. There is no mistake but the Plymouth pastor has given his church a black eye. Many old members have withdrawn and sought spiritual consolation in other fields; large accessions have taken place to Dr. Storrs and Dr. Behrends churches, and among them are many of those who were formerly regarded as the staunchest pillars of Plymouth church. Meanwhile the sturdy old Puritan pastor, like Fitzjames in the "Lady of the Lake," cries:

"Come one—come all;
These rocks shall fly
From their firm base
As soon as I."

Financially, however, Beecher was knocked out.

The most woeful of all failures was that of the slugger Sullivan. An excellent actor and estimable gentleman by the name of Lamb conceived it would be a good idea to get the great knocker out to act on the stage, and at the Brooklyn Academy of Music, he produced Brongham's "Lottery of Life." Great were the expectations of a jam, but when the time came the people were not there. On Wednesday morning the WORLD published an account of an assault on a waiter girl in Boston, and the result was that Brooklyn gave Sullivan the cold shoulder. It is time these ruffians were banished to the Penitentiary or the slums, and I hope that this will be the last public exhibition in these parts of the Boston slugger.

This letter is number 300 and completes a succession of letters for the past six years, and is the end of Volume Second, the first being commenced twelve years ago. Trusting to receive a continuance of the favor which has followed me through all these years, I am

Yours truly,
BROADBRIM.

IN the current number of SCIENCE fresh interest is given to the subject of earthquakes, which have lately caused alarm in both hemispheres, by a statement of the number of noticeable shocks in this country during the twelve years from 1872 to 1883, inclusive. No less than 364 earthquakes are recorded as occurring in Canada and the United States, not including Alaska, within the above period. O these the Pacific slope had 151, the Atlantic coast 147, and the Mississippi valley 66. Thus it appears that an earthquake occurs about once in every twelve days somewhere in the United States and Canada, and about once a month on the Atlantic coast. These are exclusive of the lighter tremors which do not make an impression on observers, but which would be recorded by a properly constructed seismometer, an instrument designed to detect the slighter shocks.

## STOCK MARKETS.

Reported up to 12 o'clock, by De Haven & Townsend, Bankers, No. 36 S Third Street, Philadelphia. Stocks bought and sold either for cash or on margin.

*Philadelphia*, Jan., 7th 1885.

| | bid | asked |
|---|---|---|
| U S 3's, Ext | 101 | — |
| U S Currency 6's | 126 | — |
| U S 4½, new | 112½ | 112¾ |
| U S 4's | 121½ | 122 |
| Pennsylvania R R | 51½ | 51¾ |
| Philadelphia & Reading R R | 8½ | 8⅞ |
| Lehigh Valley R R | 60½ | 60¾ |
| Lehigh Coal & Navigation Co | 40 | 40½ |
| Buff. N. Y. & Phila. R R Co | 4½ | 4¾ |
| New Jersey Central | 45½ | 45⅞ |
| Northern Pacific Com | 17 | 17¼ |
| " " Pref'd | 40½ | 40¾ |
| Oregon Transcontinental | 13½ | 13¾ |
| Union Pacific | 49 | 49½ |
| Western Union | 59½ | 60 |
| West Shore 1st's | 38½ | 38¾ |
| Louisville & Nashville | 24¾ | 25 |
| Silver, (Trades) | 85 | 88 |

## Executor's Notice.

All persons having claims against the Estate of Thomas Solt, Dec'd., of Franklin Township, Carbon county, Pa., will present them at once and all persons indebted to said estate will please settle the same at once with the undersigned.

A. W. SOLT, Executor,
Franklin Township, Carbon County, Pa.
Jan. 10-w3*

REPORT OF THE CONDITION of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK, at Lehighton, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, December 20th, 1884:

RESOURCES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Loans and discounts | $74,309.84 |
| Overdrafts | 760.09 |
| U. S. Bonds to secure circulation | 75,000.00 |
| Other stocks, bonds, and mortgages | 31,625.00 |
| Due from approved reserve agents | 6,786.98 |
| Due from other National Banks | 1,821.48 |
| Due from State Banks and Bankers | 1,700.84 |
| Real estate, furniture, and fixtures | 4,637.80 |
| Current expenses and taxes paid | 1,510.10 |
| Premiums paid | 7,875.00 |
| Checks and other cash items | 45.78 |
| Bills of other banks | 9,442.00 |
| Fractional paper currency, nickels, and pennies | 77.51 |
| Specie | 6,995.20 |
| Legal tender notes | 2,100.00 |
| Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation) | 3,375.00 |
| Total | $231,067.62 |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital stock paid in | $75,000.00 |
| Surplus fund | 10,000.00 |
| Undivided profits | 5,825.43 |
| National Bank notes outstanding | 47,500.00 |
| Dividends Unpaid | 273.50 |
| Individual deposits subject to check | 88,680.84 |
| Due to other National Banks | 3,157.87 |
| Bills payable | 5,000.00 |
| Total | $231,067.66 |

*State of Pennsylvania, County of Carbon, ss:*

I, W. W Bowman, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. W. BOWMAN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn before me this 9th day of January, 1885.

THOS. S. BEUK, Not. Public.

Correct — Attest: Thos. Kemerer, M. F. Hofford, A. J. Durling, Directors.
December 19, 1885.

## Dividend Notice.

At a Regular Meeting of the Directors of the First National Bank of Lehigh on, Pa., a Semi Annual Dividend of THREE per cent on the Capital Stock was declared, payable on and after January 14th, 1885.

W. W. BOWMAN, Cashier.
Jan. 15, 85


NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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Applicants for License.

List of Applicants for Tavern, Restaurant and Liquor Store Licenses at January Term of Court, 1885:

TAVERNS.

C. G. Armbruster, 1st Ward, Mauch Chunk.
Tilghman F. Fehr, " " "
Joseph Smidt, " " "
J. S. Keiser, " " "
George Woodring, 2d ward, " "
A. P. Clauss, Lehighton Borough.
Catharine Eck, " "
Thomas Manta, " "
Philip Rader, East Mauch Chunk Borough.
Francis McGinty, East M Chunk Borough.
Ed. McGeady, East Mauch Chunk.
Henry Trapp, Weissport Borough.
Francis Earley, Lansford Borough.
Francis J. Shields, " "
James McGinty, " "
David M. Williams, " "
Celia McGinty, " "
Thos. Moore, " "
Thomas F. Reese, Weatherly Borough.
Peter Wissler, " "
Casper Meiser, " "
James R. Purcell, " "
Levi Harte, " "
Juriah Steffler, " "
Dildine Snyder, Parryville Borough.
J. T. Mettanziel, Mahoning Township.
Abraham Smith, Mahoning Township.
James McGinty, Lausanne.
Leopold Meyer, Packerton District.
Bridget Dermott, Nesquehoning District.
James Smith, " "
Jacob Buss, " "
Patrick Meehan, Lehigh Township
Elias Fritz, Mauch Chunk Township
Timothy Dugan, " " "
James Sweeney, " " "
Chas Q. Zehner, " " "
Anthony Surman, " " "
Amandus Bachman " " "
P. J. Boyle, Lausanne Township
Aaron Strohl, Lower Towamensing Twp
Fred. Wissler, " " "
Wallace Rhoads, " " "
S. H. Anthony, " " "
Nathan Stemler, Towamensing Township
Thomas A. Snyder, Towamensing Township
David Beltz, Franklin Township

RESTAURANTS.

John J. McGinley, 1st ward, Mauch Chunk
John D. Miller, Lehighton Borough
Jos. S. Webb, " "
Amandus H. Mertz, " "
Fred. E. Miller, " "
Daniel O'Donnell, Lansford Borough
Patrick McKenna, " "
Jacob Strausberger, Weissport Borough
Oscar Arner, Weissport Borough
P. F. Clark, Nesquehoning District.
John F. Hinkley, Lehigh Township.
Robt. A. McGee, Mauch Chunk Township.
L. S. Miller, Packerton.
Philip Fehr, Banks Township.

LIQUOR STORES.

Catharine Sharkey, Mauch Chunk Borough
John Lintelsberger, Weatherly Borough
Mrs. Mary Campbell, Lansford Borough
James Cannon, Lehigh Township
Anthony Coll, Lehigh Township
Mary Brogan, Banks Township
Cathari e Malloy, Mauch Chunk Township
William G. Heilig, Lehighton.

GEORGE W. ESSER,
Dec. 20, 1884. Prothonotary.

1885.

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The First National Bank OF LEHIGHTON,

The Annual Election for Seven Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House on Tuesday, JANUARY 13th, 1885, between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock P. M.

W. W. BOWMAN, Cashier.
Lehighton, Dec. 13, 1884.

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MILLERS and Dealers in
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All Kinds of GRAIN BOUGHT and SOLD REGULAR MARKET RATES.

We would, also, respectfully inform our citizens that we are now fully prepared to SUPPLY them with

Best of Coal

From any Mine desired at VERY LOWEST PRICES.

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LEHIGH COAL

At Mauch Chunk Prices,

Delivered into wagons at the following rates, 2240 lbs. to the ton:

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| Lehigh Egg, | $3.15 |
| " Stove, | 3.00 |
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TERMS CASH.

July 19, 1883-1y

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The undersigned calls the attention of his many friends and patrons to his Large and Fashionable Stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Consisting of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Of every description and Style in the Market, including a special line of

Lady's Fine Shoes

Also, a full line of

Umbrellas, Parasols, Hats, Caps,

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LEWIS WEISS,
Old Post Office Building, BANK Street, LEHIGHTON
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JAMES WALP,

Dealer in

STOVES AND TINWARE,

Has removed to his new Store Room, opposite Clauss & Brother's Tailoring Establishment, on

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Where he will be pleased to receive his numerous friends and customers.

Ho! For New Goods!

C. M. SWEENY & SON

Have received an enormous stock of CHOICE GOODS, comprising

DRESS AND DRY GOODS,
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Read What a Patient says of it:

"The Pastilles I purchased from you in August prove to me most conclusively that 'while there is life there is hope.'" They did their work far beyond my utmost expectations, for I certainly did not expect that a relapse of FOURTEEN YEARS' DURATION could be completely gotten under control in the exceedingly short time of two months. I can assure you that no false modesty will keep me from doing all that I can in adding to the success which will surely crown so beneficial a remedy."

Above extract from a letter dated—W. Va Dec 26, 188[illegible]

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One Month's treatment $3, two months $5, three months $7

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Sausage-Meat, Mince-Meat, Hash, Hamburg Steak, Suet, Scrapple, Tripe, Clams, Chicken-Salad, Croquettes, Codfish, Scrap-Meat for Poultry, Etc.

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| No. 10 chops 1 lb. per minute, | | | $3.00, |
| " 32 " 3 " | " | | 4.00, |
| " 22 " 2 lbs. | " | | 2.50, |
| " 12 " 1 lb. | " | | 6.00. |