The Carbon Advocate.

H. V. NORTHIMER, . . EDITOR

LEHIGHTON, PA.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1883.

Editorial Mention.

AT Bismarck, Dakota, on the evening of the 15th inst. the thermometer registered 30 degrees below zero. Whew!

THE Republican State Senators have decided that pay be provided from June 18 to September 21, at which latter date bi-weekly sessions began, and thereafter for only such time as was spent in actual service. They have also resolved to adhere to the apportionment ultimatum.

OFFICIAL returns of the late election in this State have been received from every county. The total vote is as follows: For Auditor Gen. Niles (Rep.) 319,106; Taggart (Dem.) 302 031; Fardham (Prohibitionist), 6 602; Ryuder (Greenbacker), 4,452; for State Treasurer, Livsey (Rep), 321,050; Powell (Dem), 300,999; Howard (Prohibitionist), 6,687; Marsh (Greenbacker), 4,431.

A NEW game: "I'll take whiskey; what will you have, Fred?" said a man in a Fifty-third street, New York, saloon a few days ago. "I don't feel like drinking," said Fred. The first speaker poured out a generous glass of whiskey, drank half of it, and handed the rest to his friend, remarking, with a wry face, "There's something the matter with the stuff. Try it." Fred finished the liquor. The first speaker laid ten cents upon the bar, and they walked out. "That's a new game," remarked the bartender.

"Man and the Other World" was the title of a discourse delivered by Monsignor Capel, in St. Francis Xavier's Church, New York, Sunday evening, before an audience of several thousand persons. Luther, he said, sowed the seed, four centuries ago, of which the harvest is now being reaped. He asserted the principle of private judgment as the last tribunal of appeal. When he so spoke Catholicism was strong in Europe, and it was impossible to see at once the consequences of his doctrine, or where he would lead those who followed him. The principle he asserted had brought no conversions from non-belief to belief in Christianity. It had brought men to deny natural religion, and to deny—or practically to deny—revelation.

SAYS a Washington despatch: The trade dollar nuisance is certain to attract the early attention of Congress, and the President and Cabinet have had the matter under consideration and had advices from Mint officials and others as to the best way to solve the problem. It may now be accepted as certain that Secretary Folger will discuss the question pointedly in his report, and that he will strongly recommend the retirement of all trade dollars offered the government in exchange for standard dollars, and that, instead of issuing additional standard dollars to take the place of the trade dollars, the retired trade dollars will be received as bullion and used in coining the present lawful requirement of the standard silver coin. The President and Secretary of the Treasury will take the position that the trade dollars have been accredited by the government and that the government is morally bound to redeem them. Although the government could buy silver bullion cheaper than by the retirement of the trade dollars for standards, yet the trade dollars can be exchanged for standards at par and the trades received into standards without actual loss to the government, and it is clearly the duty of the government to do so and protect holders of its own practically accredited coin from loss.

VOLUME XII No. 1.

With this issue the CARBON ADVOCATE enters upon the XIIth year of its existence. We take the opportunity to offer our sincere thanks to our many patrons within and without the county who, unsolicited by any canvassing whatever, have enabled us from small beginnings to reach a strong and well-established position. In the future, even more zealously than in the past, we shall spare no efforts to make the ADVOCATE, in the first place, a thoroughly good summary of each week's local news, posted up to date: Secondly, a careful review, through well-qualified correspondents "on the spot," of important current events as they transpire at each great political or industrial centre of the continent. Thirdly, a vehicle for clear and concise editorial notice of matters in any country which interest intelligent men and women, and Lastly, we propose that the ADVOCATE shall be a welcome guest in every family of the county where good sense without bombast, and good nonsense without impurity are always "thankfully received."

In order to carry out this programme to the letter, we are at present negotiating with correspondents throughout the county for more regular and complete accounts of of local events.

With regard to subjects of wider interest and of national import arrangements have been made with Washington parties which will enable us to procure interviews with the Congressman from this district as occasion may require, the result, if necessary, to be communicated to us by telegraph. For the benefit of our young readers who are just acquiring a taste for political history we shall publish each week—commencing early in December—a good portrait of some leader of opinion in America, to be accompanied by about half a column of biographical notice and comment.

In conclusion we shall have the editorial assistance of able men who know what people of the present day require in a newspaper, and who are fully capable of supplying the demand.

Relying upon the continued support of old friends and patrons and the increasing numbers of our new constituents, we enter upon the campaign bearing in mind the maxim of Andrew Jackson, "Boys, trust in God and keep your powder dry."

Music Everywhere.

That wonderful musical instrument, the ORGANETTA is advertised in this issue. It is the ideal home instrument. You can dance to it, sing to it; a mere child can play it; it inculcates a love of music in old and young, and develops and cultivates the ear. The music is perfectly accurate, and the wonderful One seems will play any tune. At the price, $5 50 it is within the reach of all.

Our Washington Letter.

[FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 17, 1883.

Without entering anyone's house here I think it can be said that the ladies are as beautifully numerous, but not so numerously beautiful as in New York. It is high tide here at 4 o'clock, and you see rivers of them flowing in every direction from the departments. Of course these young ladies are not in what is called society yet. But many of them are better born, and better bred, too, than some who are there. Taken as a whole, I think them most worthy and deserving. They work hard, are honest and good. Nearly all their earnings go to help some helpless ones at home. No, they are not of the social element of which I began to write. And they ought to be glad of it, too. They are doing better.

But the world wants a social capital in America as well as an art capital, a sort of winter Newport or Saratoga. But the extreme North is too cold; the extreme South is dull, stagnant, of doubtful interest to the young in quest of social excitement; to mammas, with daughters, to rich young men who, in the course of time and nature, will woo and wed them. And so with the nucleus of foreign legations to begin with where we touch the topmost reach of social eminence, "society" is slowly, but very surely, coming to make this her capital this side of the Atlantic. So far as the winter months go "society" has been pivoting about between Boston, New York, Washington, and some of the winter quarters South for some years, but it has at last this year for the first time entirely, I think, decided to settle down by the Potomac. I may be mistaken, and it is a matter of very little importance too, but I want to put it down as a prophecy that Washington City is to be this winter and all succeeding winters, the social capital of our country. The "season" proper, reckoning from the first of January, will be just fifty-seven days. A period of perhaps greater, certainly quieter, enjoyment will run through it is and the coming month, and in the way of wedding festivities, dinner-giving and the domestic cheer which has its outlet about Christmas, almost as much again of social life will be enjoyed. It is an easy prophecy to make about this time that the coming winter will be a brilliant one. There are very few Washington winters any other way to the charmed circle who make it so, and whose movements are watched with more interest here than they would naturally receive elsewhere. The President is credited with a good deal of the prospective brilliancy, so much chatted about.

In the early part the series of entertainments which will be given in honor of Gen. and Mrs. Grant, on their visit at the residence of Gen. Beale, will set the giddy whirl in motion. It is not so definitely announced, but is quietly spoken of among a chosen few, that the wedding of a wealthy young lady near or on Shrove Tuesday will make as happy a closing festivity as that which marked that busy day last season.

Secretary Folger has been offered the English mission. He declined the offer but has since been urged to reconsider his decision. This is pretty conclusive evidence that President Arthur is trying to find an honorable place for Mr. Folger outside of his own Cabinet. He is a very useless man in his present position.

Roscoe Conkling, when he was here the other day, criticised very severely the present Administration. Some of his remarks should go upon record. He said that this Administration had passed from a listless existence into a comatose condition. The only sign of life was a feeble beating of the pulse represented by the Department of Justice.

AUGUST.

[OUR REGULAR LETTER.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., NOV., 19, '83

The roster of the new Congress about assembling will present numberless anomalies in the way of public men, who by the constellation of our strange politics have broken into the capitol and become a component part of the government. The devious paths of a political career will lead many of them back to the shades of a disagreeable retirement, while others will go on until the cravings of ambitious shall be satiated with a post-office or a foreign mission. In the House there will shine with a good deal of effulgence, the Ananias of the Pampas, Mr. Tom Ochiltree, who has recently cut a larger figure in the newspapers than any Texas man since the days of the redoubtable Sam Houston. In the Senate there will be another Tom, surnamed Bowen, the antipodes of the Texan Sinbad in many things, though expertness in the art of prevarication may not be one of them. The latter Tom followed the fortunes and misfortunes of war into Arkansas, where he lifted his mighty voice in behalf of a united people and a seat upon the Supreme Court bench, where he held the scales of justice with so steady a hand that the people of Colorado sent down for him to come on and look after their mining interests. The over-issue of some Arkansas State bonds about the time that Tom left that neighborhood was said to have been an inducement for his departure; but Tom says it was a lie, and I believe it is true. Tom's career in the State that sent him to the Senate has been attended with such a constant succession of successes as to enable him to count his chickens by millions, which he knows how to utilize better than any man in seven States, except his 20-day predecessor, Tabor.

We shall also have in the Senate, in addition to the financial giants of past Congresses, Mr. Sabin, of Minnesota, a two millionaire, who made his money in booming logs and judiciously performing his part of the contract to furnish supplies for the Stillwater penitentiary. He it was who floored Windom, after the most mental material in the State had been exhausted in the contest, though it should not be said that Mr. Sabin is wanting in the intellectual requisites of a good Senator. He is a clever fellow withal; companionable, and accessible to a degree rarely met among wealthy public men. His colleague, McMillan, has few of the qualities that go for popularity, and all Minnesota say that a first-rate judge was spoiled when they made a Senator of him. He was really a born judge, acquitting himself admirably upon the bench in the callowness of twenty-five, and making his way to the Supreme Court without apparent effort. He manifested his slight acquaintance with the political methods of those days by turning Joe Wheelock out of the St. Paul post office and putting his own brother-in-law in the place, for which he has since been pursued by Wheelock's newspaper, the PIONEER PRESS.

Roscoe Conkling comes to Washington every now and then, and while here usually falls in with somebody to whom he talks more or less freely. During his last visit, not many days ago, it is stated that he made some savage remarks about the present administration. Among other things he is reported as saying that "this administration has passed from a languid existence into a comatose condition. The only sign of existence left is a feeble beating of the pulse in the Department of Justice." Mr. Conkling especially blames this administration for not making some live issues for the republican party to go upon in the next campaign. There is probably only one Republican prominent enough to be nominated who would have Conkling's support. This is Grant. There has been a great deal of talk about Grant lately. A number of Republicans are looking towards him, believing that he would be the strongest man they could name. A Republican Congressman from the West, a great admirer of the President, called upon the latter recently for the purpose of finding out whether he would be a candidate for re-election. He talked with the President two hours, and when asked if he found out whether Mr. Arthur was a candidate or not, replied: "I can't say I did. The best I got out of it was an impression." "Well, what was your impression?" "My impression was that the President has not yet made up his mind. He is in a hesitating mood. He sees, probably, no advantage in coming out and saying: 'I would like to have the nomination.' I think he is doubtful about carrying New York without the aid of Mr. Conkling, and so long as he is doubtful on that point his friends will not get much satisfaction from him touching his candidacy." Among the best informed politicians, however, there is little doubt that Mr. Arthur wants the nomination and that he would like to replace Mr. Folger in the Treasury Department with some friend who would do more to aid him with the machinery of that department.

The candidates for Speaker of the new House of Representatives are opening his quarters at the prominent hotels and the contest begins to warm up. One curious feature is the calm certainty which apparently fills the breast of each candidate and the large number of votes each has pledged. There are about 190 Democratic members, but if all the claims of support are allowed there must be at least 300. Mr. Randall makes the largest claim, and he is an exceedingly shrewd campaigner, but after several quiet talks with Congressmen from different sections I am inclined to think Carlisle stands the best chance of success. In the crowd already beginning to throng the hotel corridors may be seen, elbowing their way between excited partisans, the faces and figures of several claimants who have haunted the seat of government for session after session in the abiding hope that at some time or other the coffers will be opened to them and they shall go home satisfied. Some of these hopeful claimants ought to have been satisfied long ago. Others, again, ought long ago to have been permanently discouraged. Many who have been paid were not entitled to the money they got, and the fact has probably operated to prevent just claimants from receiving the paltry sums for which they have been ineffectually pleading. The most worthy claimants are not always most persistent or the most ingenious.

DOM PEDRO.

Our New York Letter.

Regular correspondence of ADVOCATE.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20, 1883.

Mr. John Kelly, the Tammany Chieftain, and husband of the Cardinal's niece, has been very ill for a week from an inflammation of the intestines. He has been away from his office for over a week, and although Tammany leaders and his personal friends try to keep the matter as quiet as possible, it is believed that he is a very sick man. Should anything serious happen to him, it will be a sad blow to Tammany Hall, for there is no man in it at present, who has the executive ability and the mental force to control the divergent elements, as well as the clear insight into the future, and the knowledge of what he wants as perfectly as he. It has got to be an axiom in New York politics that a man who was once a Sheriff of this County, (it will be remembered that the Sheriff has officially, though not actually the duty of hanging criminals, "never had any luck afterwards." Mr. Kelly has had bad luck by losing his first wife, and all the children he had by her; but he has since been prosperous, and by his second wife he has had two charming children, and is altogether a happy man in his domestic relations.

The daily newspapers this week pass off with a few paragraphs the meeting of the Alumni of the great Jesuit College of St. John's. The meeting was really the first step towards establishing a Catholic University after the manner of Yale and Harvard in this country, and Oxford and Cambridge in England. The alumni of St. John's and St. Francis Xavier's College, the two Jesuit colleges in and about New York, number among their members some of the most shining and influential members of the social, financial, journalistic and professional worlds. There are judges, authors, editors and lawyers among them who wield a strong influence and they will push the work of the Catholic Church forward, in a manner which will astonish people within the next year or so. The Alumni of St. Francis Xavier's have their dinner within the next two weeks. There the matter of a University will again be agitated and the result will probably be that large sums will eventually be subscribed to carry out the scheme.

A great deal of this sudden impetus may be directly ascribed to the country. Since his advent, the Monsignor has been steadfastly advocating that what the Catholic Church needed in this country was the advancement of its social interests. Now how else could this be better reached than by going to the root of society in its cultured state than by aiming at its root which is a collegiate institution. Furthermore Monsignor Capel has almost held himself almost exclusively in the society of the Jesuits. Putting this and that together, it is very evident that Monsignor Capel who was at the head of the movement to establish a Catholic University in England, is not unconnected with the present project.

Another marked evidence of the progress of Catholicity, socially considered is the Xavier Union, a club which a few years ago bought the handsome brown stone building of the Bar Association, but is already cramped for room, so rapidly is its list of members swelling. It is an influential organization. Its Honorary President is Father Healy, the President of St. John's College, and he is a pushing, energetic man. Monsignor Capel has likewise done much to push forward this concern.

The Temperance people in this city are booming their cause for all that it is worth. The liquor interest on the other hand is likewise not idle, and thus before the next election comes around, the temperance or rather prohibition question will be as much a political issue here as in Iowa. The two or three principal organizations of the temperance are holding very largely attended meetings every Sunday, and as they now have a daily paper as their organ, the "Mail and Express," they are concentralizing their efforts and are making rapid headway.

The Pot Luck Club, whose shining lights and prime movers are Mrs. Fortescue, Hon. Robert Roosevelt and Richard Grant White, is making arrangements for a Christmas dinner. As it is composed solely of artists and literary people with a sprinkling of actors of the best grade, it is in a measure a representative organization, though it is too "Bostonese," in its self esteem and too pathetic in its tendencies to exert much of a positive influence. Its reunions are very pleasant affairs however. Every member contributes something both in the literary as well as in the edible line, its is consequently a very entertaining collation provided for each occasion, and the entertainments are thus very much sought after.

A keeper of a bar room in the vicinity of the Star Theatre, has been doing quite a lucrative business in the evening since the arrival of Henry Irving. The actor is in the habit of dropping in there after the performance and taking a glass of hot whiskey punch. The matter was immediately found out, and since then the place is thronged every evening from ten to twelve o'clock with men waiting to see the great tragedian. Mr. Irving is very methodical in his habits. From this place he walks up to the St. James, where with a few gentlemen he partakes of a light supper. By the time he reaches the St. James the lobby is always crowded with men anxious to see him and if possible to be introduced to him.

All this may look very silly, but at the same time when one sees the man, with his courtly face and his clear, calm, scholastic features stamped with the mark of genius, one cannot but see in the conduct of so many gentlemen the natural homage to a superior being.

The old guard of fine livers is rapidly dying out. News comes from Europe that Chevalier Wickoff, the friend and companion of Sam Ward, the prince of gastronomes is dying. He must be close on seventy years of age. Thirty or forty years ago he was the very Beau Brummel of New York Society. He it was who escorted Fannie Elsler, the famous danseuse over to this country for the first time and who was her constant, indefatigable and devoted chaperon. Foul suspicion and evil tongues never dared to reach to Fannie Elsler. Men adored her as they would some divinity. I remember about a year ago I was at the house of an old merchant. He was in the mood for reminiscence and spoke of course of the peerless Fannie. "By the way," he said, "I must show you something," opening a secret drawer in his desk he drew out a beautiful white satin slipper, rendered almost yellow with age. "That belonged to her," he said, "the purest woman that ever lived or appeared on the stage. Wickoff in his time knew more distinguished people than any other American Sam Ward excepted, and strange to say he retained their friendships.

The printers' strikes for higher wages are reaching on themselves, in as much as a large portion of the work usually done here is being sent to other cities. So far this is chiefly the case with the work of the leading publishing houses. A member of one of the leading firms told me this morning that within the past two weeks over two hundred thousand dollars worth of jobs had been sent to Boston and Philadelphia, and more will follow. Thus the "typos" are left with their own petard.

New Advertisements.

Estate Notice.

Estate of LOUIS KLINGER, late of the Boro' of Lehighton, Carbon County, decd.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having legal claims against the same will present them, without delay, in proper order for settlement.

MARY E. KLINGER, Adm'x.,
Or her Attorney, F. BERTOLETTE.
November 24, 1883-w6*

BACKLOG SKETCHES, our large 16 page paper, filled with charming serials, stories, choice miscellany, etc., is sent 3 months ON TRIAL for 25 cents; and we send every subscriber FREE our new HOLIDAY PACKAGE, consisting of 10 pieces of popular music, 10 interesting games, 1 pack of age and fortune-telling cards, 1 pack "Hold to Light" cards, 1 pack fun and flirtation cards, 1 set chromo cards, 13 new tricks in magic, 5 new puzzles, game of fortune, the mystic oracle, 25 ways to get rich, Heller's wonderful delusion cards, etc., etc. EXPRESS AMUSEMENT AGENTS WANTED. Sample paper for stamp. BACKLOG PUBLISHING CO., Augusta, Me. nov. 24-w4

COLEMAN'S Superior Quality.—High Class MUSIC BOXES Unequalled in Tone and Durability, Sold by the Best Dealers in Fancy Goods, Clockery and Jewelry throughout the Country, and Manufactured by the Manufacturers, without intermediate profits. LARGE IMPORTATION, VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH. Send for Illustrated Catalogue and Price-List. SALESROOMS: C. Gautschi & Co., St. Croix, Switzerland, and 1018 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa. CONVERTS THE OPERA HOUSE.

Call early for Good Selections and avoid the Rush of Holidays. nov.24-1y.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, in pursuance of an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, an attachment hath been granted by the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said County of Carbon, at the instance of a certain Francis Rerig, of Franklin township, in the County of Carbon, against a certain Jacob Goldberg, of the Township of Franklin, in the county aforesaid, wherein certain Goods and Chattels and effects of the said Jacob Goldberg, have been attached and are now in the custody of Jacob Zeigenfuss and Tilghman Dreibelbis, of the said Township. This, is therefore, to give notice to the creditors of the said Jacob Goldberg to appear on the 10th DAY OF DECEMBER, 1883, at the office of HENRY CAMPBELL, J. P., of the Township of Franklin, then and there to discover and make proof of their demands agreeably to the directions of the said Act.

HENRY CAMPBELL, J. P.

Nov. 24.-w3.

FREE! FREE!! FREE!!!
This Season's New Descriptive Catalogue & Price List of
Plays, Dramas, Farces, Guide Books, Scenery (Paper), Speakers, Ethiopian Dramas, Tableaux Lights, Colored Fire, Pantomime, Burnt Cork, Wigs, Beard, &c., &c,
Including many Novelties! Largest Assortment in the World.
In fact, everything for Amateur Theatricals.
SAMUEL FRENCH & SON,
nov.24-1w. 38 E. 14th St., New York.

FITS A LEADING LONDON PHYSICIAN ESTABLISHED AN ASYLUM IN NEW YORK FOR THE CURE OF EPILEPTIC FITS.

From Am. Journal of Medicine: Dr. Ab. Meserole (late of London) who makes a specialty of Epilepsy, has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any living physician. His success has simply been astonishing; we have heard of cases of over 21 years' standing successfully cured by him. He has published a work on this disease, which he sends with a large bottle of his wonderful cure free to any sufferer who may send their express and P. O. Address. We advise any one wishing a cure to address
DR. AB. MESEROLE, No. 96 John Street, New York. nov. 24.w4.

Rosine COLLEGE, NEWARK, N. J. More positions for graduates than all other schools combined. Life scholarship, $45. Write for circulars. 20 minutes of New York. CONSUMPTION. I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and long standing have been cured. I shall send two bottles FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer who may send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully, DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

ELEGANT Holiday Presents.—Send stamp for catalogue. Address Gettysburg Novelty Works, Gettysburg, Pa. nov. 24-w4

TO ADVERTISERS.—Lowest Rates for advertising in 500 good newspapers sent free. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., N. Y. nov. 24-w4.

The County Teachers' Institute.

The Twenty-second Annual Teachers' Institute of Carbon County will convene in the PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, at LEHIGHTON, on

NOVEMBER 26th, 1883,

and continue in session for FIVE DAYS. The Instructors from abroad will be, Supt. H. S. Sanford, N. Y.; Prof. William Nolting, Bloomsburg; Supt. J. M. Coughlin, Kingston; Hon. E. E. Higbee, Harrisburg, and Prof. Moses True Brown, Boston.

Evening Lectures will be delivered as follows:

Monday Evening, Col. J. P. Sanford.
Tuesday Evening, Hon. John H. Storm.
Wednesday Evening, Hon. E. E. Higbee.
Thursday and Friday Evenings, Prof. Moses True Brown.

Admission to Evening Lectures, 25 cents. Reserved Seats, 35 cents.

THOS. M. HALLIET,
County Superintendent of Schools.
nov. 2-w3.

Climbing the Spiral Stairs.

Invisible Architecture in a New England Parsonage.

"Yes," she said, "our children are married and gone, and my husband and I sit by our winter fire much as we did before the little ones came to widen the circle. Life is something like a spiral staircase; we are all the time coming around over the spot we started from, only one degree further up the stairs."

"That is a pretty illustration," remarked her friend musingly, gazing into the glowing coals which radiated a pleasant heat from the many-windowed stove. "You know we cannot stop toiling up the hill, though."

"Surely we cannot, and for myself I don't find fault with the necessity provided the advance in life is not attended with calamity or suffering, for I have had my share of that. Not long since my health utterly broke down. My system was full of malaria. My digestion became thoroughly disordered and my nerves were in a wretched state. I was languid, ate little and that without enjoying it, and had no strength or ambition to perform even my light household duties. Medical treatment failed to reach the seat of trouble. The disease—which seemed to be weakness of all the vital organs—progressed until I had several attacks which my physicians pronounced to be acute congestion of the stomach. The last of these was a desperate struggle and I was given up to die. As the crisis had partially passed, my husband heard of the merits of PARKER'S TONIC as an invigorant in just such cases as mine. I took it and felt its good effects at once. It appeared to pervade my body, as though the blessing of new life had come to me. Taking no other medicine I continued to improve, and am now in better health than I have been for a long time."

[Extract from interview with the wife of Rev. P. Perry, Pastor of Baptist Church, Coldbrook, Mass. nov. 3-m1.

FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers at Private Sale his FARM, situated in Mahoning Valley, containing FIFTY-SIX ACRES, with improvements and never failing supply of water. For particulars apply to

J. J. DILCHER,
Mahanoy City, Pa.,
Or to C. D. FRITZ, New Mahoning, Pa.,
nov. 10-w3*

THE SUN,

NEW YORK, 1884

About sixty million copies of THE SUN have gone out of our establishment during the past twelve months.

If you where to paste end to end all the columns of all THE SUNS printed and sold last year you would get a continuous strip of interesting information, common sense, wisdom, sound doctrine, and sane wit long enough to reach from Printing House square to the top of Mount Copernicus in the moon then back to Printing House square, and then three quarters of the way back to the moon again.

But THE SUN is written for the inhabitants of the earth, this same strip of intelligence would girdle the globe twenty-seven or twenty-eight times.

If every buyer of a copy of THE SUN during the past year has spent only one hour over it, and if his wife or his grandfather has spent another hour, this newspaper in 1883 has afforded the human race thirteen years of steady reading, night and day.

It is only by little calculations like these that you can form any idea of the circulation of the most popular of American newspapers, or of its influence on the opinions and actions of American men and women.

THE SUN is, and will continue to be, a newspaper which tells the truth without fear of consequences, which gets at the facts no matter how much the process costs, which presents the news of the world without waste of words and in the most readable shape, which is working with all its heart for the cause of honest government, and which therefore believes that the Republican party must go, and must go in this coming year of our Lord 1884.

If you know THE SUN, you like it already, and you will read it with accustomed diligence and profit during what is sure to be the most interesting year in its history. If you do not know THE SUN, it is high time to get into the sunshine.

Terms to Mail Subscribers.

The several editions of THE SUN are sent by mail, postpaid, as follows:

DAILY—50 cents a month, $6 a year; with Sunday edition, $7.

SUNDAY—Eight pages. This edition furnishes the current news of the world, special articles of exceptional interest to everybody, and literary reviews of new books of the highest merit. $1 a year.

WEEKLY—$1 a year. Eight pages of the best matter of the daily issue; an Agricultural department of unequalled value, special market reports, and literary, scientific, and domestic intelligence make THE WEEKLY SUN the newspaper for the farmer's household. To clubs of ten with $10 an extra copy free. Address

I. W. ENGLAND, Publisher,
THE SUN, N. Y., City.

CHICAGO WEEKLY NEWS AND THE CARBON ADVOCATE

The CHICAGO WEEKLY NEWS is recognized as a paper unsurpassed in all the requirements of American Journalism. It stands conspicuous among the metropolitan journals of the country as a complete Newspaper. In the matter of telegraphic service, having the advantage of connection with the CHICAGO DAILY NEWS, it has at its command all the despatches of the Western Associated Press, besides a very extensive service of Special Telegrams from all important points. As a Newspaper it has no superior. It is INDEPENDENT in politics, preventing all political news free from partisan bias or coloring, and absolutely without fear or favor as to parties. It is, in the fullest sense, a FAMILY PAPER. Each issue contains several CHOICE SELECTED STORIES, a SERIAL STORY of absorbing interest, and a rich variety of condensed notes on Fashions, Art, Industries, Literature, Science, etc., etc. Its Market Quotations are complete and to be relied upon. It is unexcelled as an entertaining, pure, and trustworthy GENERAL FAMILY NEWSPAPER. We republish here from the columns of the WEEKLY NEWS a few of the voluntary testimonials it has received:

WHAT OLD SUBSCRIBERS SAY

About the "Chicago Weekly News" when they renew their subscriptions.

William Cannons, Pontiac, Oakland County, Mich., says: "I think it is the best paper in America."

L. A. Welch, Caldwell, O., says: "It is better than many of the $2 papers."

James P. Mason, 221 St. Charles street, New Orleans, La., says: "In comparing your paper with others I receive, I place my money, the CHICAGO WEEKLY NEWS, is much better, best, I would render more real than a number of the NEWS. It is the newspaper of the day. It is true to its name."

Alfred P. Foster, Woodhull, Henry County Ill., says: "It is one of the cleanest papers published."

W. W. Rhodes, Adrian, Mich., says: "I don't want to miss a number. It is the best paper for news I have ever seen."

Peter Lennon, Lemoyne, Summers County, Ohio, says: "I like THE WEEKLY NEWS. It is in fact, outside and within news, and, though I am in receipt of nine weekly journals, I am constrained to adopt THE WEEKLY NEWS as No. 10, in view of its independent attitude in politics, giving me the unbiased truth concerning the actions of all political parties."

M. E. Davenport, Palmyra, N. Y., says: "It is the cheapest and best paper I ever read."

Mrs. L. Bellman, Hanniba, Mo., says: "I like your paper very much. I get six other papers but do not like them as well as THE WEEKLY NEWS."

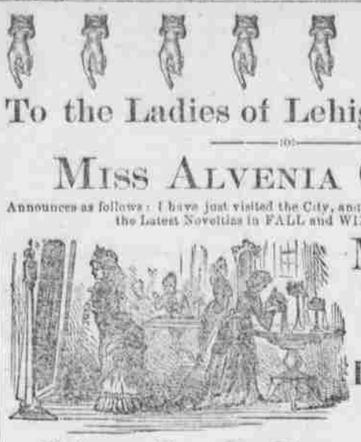
W. R. Law, Plainfield, Tex., says: "I do not know what we do without it. Its presence is felt in more ways than I can look short of a question I am not there, which is utterly impossible to do, I is a sister's place in journal of other sits."

The above extracts are only out of hundreds we might extract from the CHICAGO WEEKLY NEWS in testimony to its old subscribers.

Our special Clubbing Terms bring it within the reach of all. Specimen Copies may be seen at this office.

Send subscriptions to this office.

MARK TWAIN'S LIFE ON THE MISSISSIPPI, A NEW BOOK. Agents Wanted. Write for Terms. CHARLES L. WEBSTER, 658 Broadway, N. Y.



To the Ladies of Lehighton & Vicinity!

MISS ALVENIA GRAVER

Announces as follows: I have just visited the City, and purchased a large assortment of the Latest Novelties in FALL and WINTER Styles of

Millinery Goods,

CONSISTING OF

HATS, BONNETS,

Ribbons, Flowers, Plumes, Notions, &c.,

Bought at LOWEST CASH figures, and which I am offering at prices fully as advantageous as you can buy for in the larger cities. Please call and examine my stock. I AIM TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

Agent for the Bethlehem Steam Dye Works.

Remember the Place,

Miss ALVENIA GRAVER,
Bank St., next to Reber's Block.

sep29-3m]

TWO PAPERS

For the Price of One.

Your Local Paper, and the Best Agricultural Journal at half price.

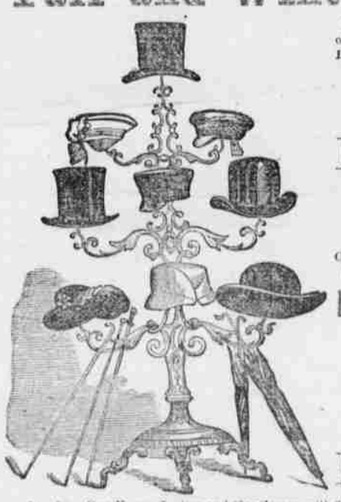
The PRACTICAL FARMER (Established 1856) Philadelphia, Pa., is one of the most Enterprising, Instructive and Valuable Agricultural, Live Stock and Family Journals, in the World. It is a 64 Column Weekly Paper.

The acknowledged authority on all topics relating to the Farm, and leads the forefront of American Agricultural Journalism. Contributions from the leading agricultural writers of the country appear regularly in its columns and the actual experience of practical farmers makes its weekly visits of peculiar value to the progressive farmer. It makes a specialty of giving the latest and most complete market reports from the principal trade centers of the country, rendering it invaluable to farmers who want to know when and where to sell their crops to the best advantage. Many of its subscribers have read it continually for 25 years. They never give it up while they live. Subscription terms, $2.00 per year, of 52 numbers.

NOW FOR OUR OFFER: We will send the CARBON ADVOCATE and the PRACTICAL FARMER for one year for $2.00 per year, thus giving our subscribers the CARBON ADVOCATE one year free. This is an unprecedented offer, and should be taken advantage of at once. Address,

CARBON ADVOCATE,
LEHIGHTON, PENN'A.

Fall and Winter Stock!



The undersigned calls the attention of his many friends and patrons to his Large and Fashionable Stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Consisting of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Of every description and Style in the Market, including a special line of

Lady's Fine Shoes

Also, a full line of

Umbrellas, Rubbers, Hats, Caps,

&c., &c. Our Young Ladies and Gentlemen will find it to their advantage to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere, as they will find the BEST SELECTED STOCK in Town AT BOTTOM PRICES.

LEWIS WEISS,

Old Post Office Building, BANK Street, LEHIGHTON

April 4, 1883-1y

A MUSICAL INSTRUMENT that will play any tune, and that any one, even a child, can operate.

The Organette has gained such a world-wide reputation that a lengthy description of it is not necessary. It will play any tune you may wish, whether it be a sacred or of all the sacred and popular music songs, dances, etc, etc. It consists of forty strong bellows and set of reeds with EXPRESSION TOP and SWELL. A strip of perforated paper represents the tune, and it is only necessary to place the paper into the instrument, as shown in the picture, and turn the handle, which both operates the bellows and presents the paper tune. The perforations in the paper allow the right to sound (as a perfect tune is the result, for even the expression, and time, without the least knowledge of music being required of the performer) exactly as the composer intended it, as is shown in the picture, a little girl is playing a song and her playmates are singing the words. It is tuned to the key best suited for the human voice to sing by. It interests and entertains both old and young, assists in training the voice and AFFORDS HOURS OF SOCIAL AMUSEMENT. The Organette is properly represented by the picture. It is made of solid black walnut, ornamented in gold, and is both handsome and ornamental. The price of music and instruments has lately been greatly reduced, and now there are over [illegible] tunes. We are encouraged to place the Organette on the market at this greatly reduced price, believing that the sale will extend the coming season. The Organette though similar in construction to an expensive organ and well-known Organettes, which sell for $125 and $150, it contains the same number of reeds and plays the same tunes. Our offer is this: On receipt of $7 we will send the Organette, to express agents and include FREE $5.50 worth of music, or on receipt of $8 we will send it with over $1.50 worth of music FREE, or for $8.50 we will send it with small selection of music FREE. The price includes boxing and cartage. Take one to your friend's house, and we will appoint the first purchaser from any town our agent for the sale of the Organette. Address

The Massachusetts Organ Co., 57 Washington Street, Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

BUY YOUR GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, QUEENSWARE, &c.

At CHAS. B. RHOAD'S, AG'T,

NEW STORE, nearly opposite the NEW ROUND HOUSE,

Bank St., Lehighton, Pa.

Everything of the very best quality and at lowest prices. oct. 27-m3.

Drs. Barr and Eiskamp,

Have determined to remain in LEHIGHTON all Winter, and will continue to pay special attention to

CHRONIC AFFECTIONS AND SURGICAL DISEASES.

Office Hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

Bank Street, Lehighton, Pa.

October 13, 1883-tf

GRAND OPENING!!

JONAS SONDHEIM

Has just opened in LEVAN'S BUILDING, opposite Schwartz's Furniture Store, on

Bank St., Lehighton, Pa.,

With an immense stock of

Ready Made Clothing

Consisting of all the Latest and Most Fashionable Styles of

OVERCOATS & SUITS

For Men's Youths' and Boys' wear, which will be sold at the VERY LOWEST CASH PRICES. Also, a full line of

Hats, Caps, and Gents' Furnishing Goods,

all of which are guaranteed to be just as represented. Persons wishing to purchase anything in this line should not fail to call before buying elsewhere. No trouble to show goods.

Also, an immense stock will be found at his Store in Susquehanna Street, Mauch Chunk, comprising OVERCOATS and SUITS, of Latest Styles, for Men, Youths and Boys, at very Lowest Cash Prices. Don't fail to call at 36 Susquehanna Street, second Clothing Store above the Mansion House, Mauch Chunk. nov. 10-m3.

Railroad Guide.

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

Arrangement of Passenger Trains.

MAY 27th, 1883.

Trains leave Allentown as follows:

(Via PERKIOMEN RAILROAD.)

For Philadelphia at *5.05, 6.45, 11.40 a. m., and *3.40 p. m.

SUNDAYS.

For Philadelphia at *5.05 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

(Via EAST PENN BRANCH.)

For Reading and Harrisburg, 6.00, 8.40 a. m., 12.15, 4.30, and 9.05 p. m.

For Lancaster and Columbia, 8.00, 8.40 a. m., and 4 30 p. m.

SUNDAYS.

For Harrisburg, and waypoints, 7.35 a. m., 9.05 p. m.

Trains for Allentown leave as follows:

(Via PERKIOMEN RAILROAD.)

Leave Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m. and 1.00, *1.30, *4.30, and 5.15 p. m.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Philadelphia, 8.30 a. m., 3.30, and *4.30 p. m.

(Via EAST PENN. BRANCH.)

Leave Reading, 7.30, 10.15 a. m., 2.00, 3.50, and 6.15 p. m.

Leave Harrisburg, 8.20, 7.50, 9.50 a. m., 1.45 and 4.00 p. m.

Leave Lancaster, †7.30 a. m., 1.00 and †3.40 p. m.

Leave Columbia, 7.30 a. m., 1.10 and 3.40 p. m.

† from King Street Depot.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Reading, 9.00 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.
Leave Harrisburg, 7.00 a. m. and 4.00 p. m.

Trains via "Perkiomen Railroad" marked thus (*) run to and from Depot, Ninth and Green streets, Philadelphia, other trains to and from Broad street Depot.

The *5.05 and 6.45 a. m. trains from Allentown, and the *1.35 and 5.15 p. m. train from Philadelphia, via Perkiomen Railroad, have through cars to and from Philadelphia.

J. E. WO