The Carbon Advocate.

V. MORTHIMER, . . . EDITOR

LEHIGHTON, PA.:

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1883.

Editorial Mention.

TALMAGE's style of preaching, according to that philosopher himself, is copied from a splendid model. He says that "Christ always made a sensation when he preached." The Brooklyn "Beauty" has impudence enough to start an Assurance Company.

H. L. PIERCE late Republican nominee for Governor of Massachusetts, says that Ben Butler is a charlatan. If all the other first families of Boston pitch into Ben in similar strains they will benefit him more than even the Tewkesbury tanning establishment.

THE NEW YORK SUN of Monday devoted its first page to booming Holman of Indiana for President. Dana must have made a life long study of the character as in the last "send off" he is able to give Holman's middle name in full. No one has ever been able to do this before at such an early period of the presidential campaign.

EDITORS know a good deal, but they don't know everything. An Allentown knight of the quill had recently a visit from a religious brother of Lehighton who asked the blessing at dinner. Directly afterwards the editorial four-year old said, "Pop, why don't you learn to say that." The parent immediately rushed for the newspaper directory but could find no blessing.

IT IS hard to say whether being closer to hell is the cause, but there can be no doubt of the fact that newspaper morality is on a higher platform in Georgia than in Pennsylvania. The presiding judge in Atlanta has prohibited the circulation of the New York POLICE GAZETTE under the full penalty imposed on obscene literature.

NOW that money rules the roost and a Senatorial Commission is sitting on "Labor" it may be well to recall some words of Lincoln, used in his letter to Ellis in 1864: "I affirm it as my settled conviction that class laws, placing capital above labor in the structure of the Government, endanger the Republic more fatally this hour than did chattel slavery in the days of its baughtiest supremacy."

O'DONNELL who shot James Carey the informer, is to be tried shortly in London. He has a large share of public opinion in his favor. Whatever other Irishmen may have suffered at the hands of English justice an English jury will not deal vindictively with a man who shot an Irishman who helped to murder an English Lord. After his acquittal his own countrymen will probably send him to Parliament.

IT HATH been said by him of old time that a "foolish son is the heaviness of his parents." Such may have been the case in ancient Israel but it does not apply in Milwaukee. If ever there was a foolish son surely it is the "Bad Boy" of Peck's paper, yet old Peck has made so much money out of the wickedness of the youth "Hennery" that he wants to sell out and retire. The children of this world are in their generation wiser than the children of light.

Now that so many poor Englishmen are coming over to buy cheap land in this country it would be a "gay revenge" if some rich Americans went over and bought expensive land in the old country. There is some of it "too dear for anything;" each sod precious as its own weight in rubies, which may be seen from the fact that last week land was sold in the city of London at the rate of $3,300,000 an acre.

JUNIUS BRUTUS BOOTH died at his own hotel Manchester-by-the-Sea, N.H., on Monday night. He was the eldest son of the famous actor whose name he bore. The deceased, though popular in England and his own country, did not save a fortune from his stage earnings. Not many years ago he retired from his profession, opened a hotel and made it a success. He was married three times—each time to an actress. His third wife, married in 1867, survives her second husband.

THERE is as much real downright cussedness about the doings of Railroad Companies as about Peck's Bad Boy. The latest symptoms are seen in a communication read before the Board of Trade at Philadelphia on Monday evening. It stated that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company was making discriminations against Philadelphia in favor of New York, Baltimore and other cities, by selling round-trip tickets to the latter cities, good until used, at a less rate than tickets to Philadelphia could be bought, which are good only one way and allow the traveler to stop only once. The effect is to send trade to New York and Boston.

MRS. LANGTRY told a newspaper man in London that she was very fond of America and that the American people were "dead nuts" upon her. The latter part of the statement may be confirmed by a visit to the Register's office, New York, where proof positive is found of Yankee affection. It is a simple yarn, but it is true and full of pathos. It states that several mortgages have been assigned to Mrs. Langtry on property in New York for a consideration of $81,000. The true inwardness of this harvest is that a handsome but incompetent actress was advertised thoroughly by the Prince of Wales and young Gerhardt.

"IT makes one almost be in love with death" to be buried with such pomp as was displayed at the funeral of Hugh J. Hastings on Sunday. That gentleman had been for many years the editor of the New York COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER. He was a Stalwart of the Stalwarts and the boss lobbyist of his party. He was also a devoted Catholic, so that he managed to serve God and Mammon, making friends unto himself of the children of this world and at the same time laying up stores where thieves cannot break through and steal. His pall-bearers were President Arthur, Secretary Folger, Roscoe Conkling, W. H. Vanderbilt, General Eckert, Jay Gould and others of that ilk. If there were any difficulty about such a man having it right nice in the "Sweet By and By," his pall-bearers alone could run a nickel-plated single track right through the Golden Gates.

LAST Tuesday Gov. Pattison vetoed the concurrent resolution on the no-salary-after-September-10th question. The Democrats, who engineered the resolution, consider the veto a slap in the face. The ten-dollar-a-day men are delighted. But on the whole the Governor's trumpet gives an uncertain sound: "Finally, I wish to say that, upon the question of the compensation of members raised by the resolution herewith returned, I decline to commit myself to any opinion whatever. I have not expressed, and shall not indicate, my judgment upon that subject until in due course of law the appropriation bill for the session shall be presented to me. I will then have no hesitation in disposing of the matter as in my opinion, law and justice require." He evidently considers that our watchful legislators can't be paid at all unless they perform their duty as the Governor understands it.

PROFESSOR SULLIVAN, of Boston, proposes to close his saloon and take a voyage around the world, like another famous bruiser. There can be little doubt that "John" would gain admittance into the "tony" circles of every country. The Prince of Wales, of course, would take him up. As a truly tragic actor, who can always kill his man, he could draw a crowd as well as Booth or Irving. He is also a person with a many-sided intelect, of which the newest phase is philosophical and dramatic criticism. Only last week he decided that Mitchell, the little Englishman, was "too pretty to fight hard." Here is a fine text for a lay sermon, or name for a novel. We are going to have Mrs. Langtry's "Impressions of America;" why not have John Sullivan's "Impressions of Europe?" It would be far more truthful and infinitely more instructive. John, my boy, you have the world at your feet, and you're the boy as can kick it.

FROM time to time the ADVOCATE has ventured to give some reasons why better teachers should be procured for our primary schools. There are living instances in this county of boys and girls with strong lungs and good digestions who can repeat their reading books from cover to cover, backwards, if necessary. Is their education finished, or are there no more advanced reading books in the world? It is no wonder that the NORTH AMERICAN REVIEW calls attention to the great importance of primary education: "Out of 100 boys and girls," it says, "who go to the primary schools, only about fifty go any further up the educational grade. About thirty advance as far as the grammar schools, while not more than three of the original 100 who begin at the bottom of the ladder ever reach the top and enter the high schools." Just imagine sending out fifty per cent. of children from schools where education consists in being able to sing off a first reading book like "Over the Garden Wall."

THE NEW NORTH WEST.

EXPLORATIONS ALONG OUR NORTHERN BORDER—NOT ALTOGETHER A "HOWLING WILDERNESS"—SOMETHING ABOUT THE COUNTRY, ITS PEOPLE, GROWTH, AND PROSPECTS.

Special Correspondence.

BISMARCK, D. T. Sept. 14, 1883.

The eyes of the world have of late been fixed upon Dakota as one of the chief reliances of millions upon millions of that surplus population who are consiantly chasing after the star of empire. The extreme fertility of soil; the infinitude of lakes, rivers, and streams that afford an abundance of the clearest and purest water—water that even exceeds in all its qualities that for which Minnesota has become renowned; belts of timber, comprising hickory, oak, walnut, basswood, maple, pine and cedar, all seeming to be exactly adjusted geographically to the wants and necessities of the settlers of the boundless prairie, there would seem to be everything to induce the immigrant hither to make this his everlasting abiding place—and he is coming. He is coming by train and by prairie schooner, and by any and every concoivable means of transportation that pioneer ingenuity can devise. He is coming in such numbers that he adds 75,000 to her population every twelve-month, and from the handful of people who were here when your correspondent first visited the Territory in 1878, she can now boast of a population greater by far than either Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Nevada, Oregon, Rhode Island, Vermont or New Hampshire. That is the way a Western State grows. This population is composed of the ambitious portion of those who have met discouragement in agricultural pursuits where there was no agriculture to pursue, as in sterile New England, whose horny-handed yeomanry make up a portion of the best stock of this new country. And New York and Pennyslvania have forwarded their thousands who have been accustomed for a generation to the vicissitudes of farming upon a less fertile soil. Wheat-growing Canada pours her tens of thousands upon us, armed with the experiences and armored with the acclimation that welcomes the coldest of the northern blizzards.

What the population of Dakota will be at the time of the next census, no human being can surmise, because there is no basis for a calculation. The towns that spring up as if by magic on every hand, become populous cities ere one can make up his mind whether it were prudent to invest in the chances for its future. Everywhere the newspaper and the bank and the church, and the schoolhouse, and the railroad, and the telegraph, and all the indications of American civilization are being instituted, and the vast region comprising what is known as Southern Dakota presents every indication of an old settled State. The exhibits of the grain, vegetable, and other products of Dakota made by the Northern Pacific Railroad from year to year at the Chicago Exposition, form one of the most extraordinary attractions for the public eye, for there are stalks of corn thirty feet in height; wheat whose kernels are a marvel of plumpness and productiveness; squashes that kick the beam at 250 lbs. each; potatoes, such as no one ever saw either as to size or quality, which are yielding a thousand bushels to the acre, and so on without end as to the miraculous power of this new and virgin soil. The Territory may be said to be practically exempt from every species of malarious influence, and the percentage of mortality shows the best bill of health to be found this side of the Alps. Yet there seems to be a need of doctors, as there is a demand for lawyers and other necessary evils or non-producers. Thirty of the Saw-bones hang out their signs right here in Bismarck, and if they increase as does the population, next year we shall have thirty additional. Of lawyers there are any number, but they are generally engaged in the real-estate business as a side issue, and all of them are getting rich. Many of the best and shrewdest of the cloth who resided at Yankton have removed here, anticipating in these green fields and pastures new better returns and fatter fees in exchange for making the worse appear the better cause.

One of the first settlers in the vicinity of Bismarck was a clergyman of the Universalist denomination, who had retired from the pulpit, and practically from religion also. He went into the real estate business, made money so fast that he didn't know what to do with it; and now, after gathering in his shekels by the millions, he renounces again the world, the flesh, and the other fellow, and has gone to preaching again. The scripture that remarks something about a fellow's inability to serve two masters exempts this ministerial Shylock from its operations. Lots in the principal business thoroughfare in Bismarck were held at what might be called fabulous figures so long ago as 1879, but what would a poor devil who desired a business corner think now if he should drop in and be informed that $800 a front foot is the lowest possible figure, and the owner would rather keep it for a rise anyhow? This is a trifle higher than a corner lot on Clark street in Chicago is held; but while it doesn't prove conclusively that Bismarck is the largest city, it does prove conclusively that the real-estate mania in our newly-built Western cities develops some most unconscionable fools.

What is wanted here, and I may say is the great crying demand in all the larger towns and villages in Dakota, is something approximating to a first-class hotel. Not an ornate building with elaborate facades and filagree pilasters, and that sort of thing, but a place where one can get something to eat. With ham and potatoes for breakfast, shoulder and ditto for dinner, and bacon and more potatoes for supper, with the monotony unbroken for weeks at a time, I don't see how people can stand it, or stand up under it. Yet you are charged good beef prices at every hostelry, without seeing a morsel of sirloin, porterhouse or round. Nor do we find the style of cooking in these hash-houses such as we find anywhere else in Christendom. It seems as if the starting of a new town involved the necessity of also inaugurating a new system of serving up victuals, and to serve them in such a way as to see how much the human would stand without a revolt. If I leave this place alive I am sure it will be with impaired health from this forced diet, in which bacon gravy is the preponderating villainy. DOM PEDRO.

Our Washington Letter.

[FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 15, 1883.

The President has again returned to Washington after an absence of over a month, During this last trip every member of the Cabinet has at times been absent from the Capital. Postmaster General Gresham, whose appointment is recent, found it necessary to remain here to attend to official duties and become familiar with the details of the post-office service. With this exception Washington was never so completely abandoned by high officials, as it was during the month of August.

The question naturally arises, not how the business of the nation is conducted during the absence of the President and his Cabinet, but what business can be and is transacted? Because of these annual vacations no one ever heard of the purse strings being tightened, or that the Treasury failed to pay every dollar as it came due. What is there more important than money? Acts of Congress long since approved by the President regulate the disbursement of every dollar, without which not one cent can be paid. Take, for example, the War Department, with its great army of clerks, who get their pay twice a month. An act of Congress gives the chief clerk, in the absence of the Secretary of War, the same authority that is vested in the Secretary. What can he do, after all, more than is authorized by law? He cannot borrow a few thousand on account. No, not a cent. He cannot appoint a friend to office. Civil Service Reform has put an end to that. He can promote, but he would not assume such authority, for his superior, when he returned, might not approve of it.

The vast clerical duty has been disposed of by Mr. John Tweddale, the chief clerk. There is another helper in that department. It is Adjutant General Drummond and his assistant adjutant generals. The State Department has three assistant secretaries, two of whom are usually present when the Secretary of State is absent. Now, it would be strange if such a department could get along without a head. It does not and cannot; for it is a fact that every paper of importance is written by the Secretary; every document of the slightest importance is signed by him. Where? At his residence in New Jersey.

Mr. Blaine says in answer to an inquiry that he regards the Republican prospects of 1884 as more hopeful than they were before the campaigns of 1876 and 1880. On the question of Presidential candidates he thinks a Western man would be stronger than an eastern man. The last opinion has the flavor of disinterested candor, certainly, it bears against himself if he still has aspirations to the Presidency.

The new two cent postage stamp will be issued on the 15th of October. They will be sent out from New York city, where they are printed by the American Bank Note Co. The clerical force in the stamp division in the Post Office Department will be busily engaged in preparing the order sheets containing the requisition of Postmasters throughout the country for these stamps. As is generally known, the new stamp contains a vignette of Washington, and is of a metallic red color. The Post-Office Department has, as yet, made no preparations for redeeming the three cent stamps and the stamped envelopes that may be on hand at present. The work connected with the issue of the new stamp will engage the entire time of the clerical force.

Not long ago I was passing a house on one of the side streets, when my comrade said: "Here lives a man who allows his wife to make his living." "How?" "His wife takes care of a rich young drunkard, who, it is said, has a million at least. He gave this house to the husband. The three travel around the world together. People make their observations, but the three are true to each other, whatever their relation is." Said I: "Perhaps the world is too harsh." "Perhaps so," said he, "but then the single man ought not to be drunk all the time. AUGUST.

Our New York Letter.

Regular correspondence of ADVOCATE.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18, 1883.

I was at the funeral of the late Hugh J. Hastings, editor of the "Commercial Advertiser," last Saturday. It was certainly an impressive affair, and the imposing list of pall bearers comprising the President and a large number of leading politicians and business men added additional solemnity to the scene. Curiously enough among the pall bearers there was not a single representative of the profession of which the dead man was himself a member. I am inclined to attribute this to an oversight on the part of the relatives, for although Mr. Hastings by his native combativeness and his style of warfare which frequently resembled that of Chinese pirates, who use a certain bomb which emits a horrid odor on exploding, was not popular among his colleagues as a rule, yet his many sterling characteristics made him respected. So far as his subordinates and the people who ever worked on the paper are concerned, he was kindness itself and many of them wept as they gazed on the rugged manly old face as it lay there in icy stillness in the casket.

I stood near the entrance of the church as the funeral procession marched out. Beside me was a gentleman who now occupies a leading position on one of the chief metropolitan dailies. As Jenkins Van Schaick, one of the pall bearers walked by, my companion remarked: "this man reminds me of my first start in life, and an incident which fully characterizes the old man's sense of justice and kindness. I came to the "Commercial" office one day, a green road boy, and asked Mr. Hastings for some work. He looked at me and gave me a letter which he had just written, 'Take that down to Mr. Jenkins Van Schaick,' he said, 'and get an answer.' Upon my return I was installed a printer's devil. At the end of the week he called me up, and in his bruesque way remarked: 'I suppose you want some money?' 'Yes, sir,' I bashfully answered. 'How much do you want?' 'Three dollars, sir.' 'Three dollars,' he exclaimed 'Great God.' I shook as if I was about to be struck by lightning and saw the thunderbolt coming. 'If it's too much, sir,' I replied. 'Too much,' he replied; 'well I like your nerve. I will give you five dollars, I always pay my people for their services.' I never forgot these words. They so fully characterized the man."

The papers are again making a fuss over Freddie Gebhard and the Langtry. His friends and relatives are very reticent as to his whereabouts, but I know that he has been in Europe for about three weeks. An acquaintance of mine saw him at Goodwood during the race meeting. He was then going to join Plunger Walton, who is trying to cure his hay fever at a watering place in Bohemia, and after remaining there for a few days intended to go to Paris, where the Lily was to meet him. I do not suppose that Freddie's and Mrs. Langtry's movements are of much international importance. Still as a contribution to Metropolitan gossip, I may as well give the facts.

With the advent of cool weather, the tramps are beginning to flock back to town and in the station houses they are getting ready for their reception. The cells and lodging rooms have been white-washed and the Board of Health will see that proper sanitary precautions, which have frequently been neglected in former years are taken. Judging from the arrivals thus far it would seem that the number of homeless men and women this winter will be much less than usual. There has been an abundance of work this summer, and the vast amount of railroad building and other developments in the far West is doing much to divert a large portion of the proletariat from the large and overcrowded centres to places where men are really wanted.

On account of the difficulty in getting water to the top floors of the immense buildings that are now being put up in many parts of the city, many owners of new buildings are now sinking artesian wells. There are three buildings in Park Row which are thus provided, and a number of new buildings now in course of erection are thus supplied. The water is remarkably cool and delicious and it has a sort of mineralic taste which makes it very pleasant to the palate.

I saw Aimee the Princess of the Canaries, the other evening. Such a wreck! She could never sing much, but now she cannot sing at all. Her voice grates on one's ears, and her would-be juvenile elasticity makes one feel sad. Her business is always clever, but it lacks the spontaneity of youth and life. It reminds one very much of machine work. Why is it that artists like her have not some well meaning friends to advise them when it is time to retire. As a rule, no matter how clever these women are, they always seem to think that the rouge pot and the powder pad form adequate substitutes for youth, beauty and voice. The only woman in the comic opera line that has managed to bear her years well is Marie Geistinger, the German artiste. I believe she is over fifty now, but her figure is perfect, her voice untarnished and her face stands in need of paint to but a limited extent.

The Bar Association has at last aroused itself to take a stand against the alarming spread of fraudulent divorces. When a Referee who has a great deal of experience in this branch of the law says that he is satisfied that fraud enters into nine tenths of the proceedings for divorce, then it is certainly high time to put on the brakes. The law is stringent enough but the judges at present are handicapped by their inability to make investigations of their own to ascertain whether there is collusion between parties. What is really wanted is a Divorce Court where proceedings are carried on publicly, and the abolition of the Referee system. The decision of the Court of Appeals, too, that a party against whom a divorce has been obtained may marry in another State, has much to do with the loose regard in which the marriage tie is held by the great generality of people. Why even a Judge in this county took advantage of this act. A divorce was obtained against him, whereupon he went to England, got married there, came back and is living happily with wife No. 2.

The Coney Island season ends on Saturday. It was very prosperous for the Manhattan Beach Company which cleared a profit of about $80,000, but disastrous for Brighton Beach which lost about $30,000. Next year Manhattan will probably be more prosperous than ever, for a large amount of money will be invested in local improvements, the building of cottages, and the laying out of gardens, parks, drive-ways and walks. Brighton will probably continue on the downward path for the way in which the gamblers have overrun that part of the Island is shameful, and must tend to drive respectable people more and more away.

Talking about gambling reminds me that Anthony Comstock who has been under a considerable cloud since he assaulted the wrong man, is now trying to rehabilitate himself by attempting to stop betting at the Sheepshead Bay races. He has not had the audacity as yet, but he will probably attempt it, hoping to get the support of sensational people and newspapers. If Comstock really means to do good let him prevent the opening of the gambling dens which openly announce that they will resume business next month.

—John Seck, residing at Allentown, was out shooting on the Lehigh mountains, Monday. In firing at a bird his gun exploded and his face was badly burned.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Half out Of His Head.

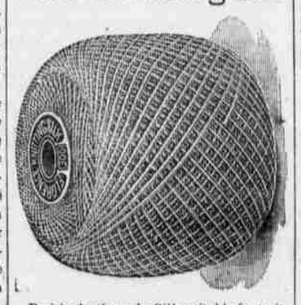
"Blessed is the man," said Don Quixote's weary squire, "who invented sleep." Sancho's gratitude is ours, but what I one cannot for any reason enjoy that excellent invention "Nervousness in me had become a disease," writes Mr. William Coleman, the well-known wholesale druggist of Buffalo, N. Y.

"I could not sleep, and my nights were either passed in that sort of restlessness which nearly crazes a man, or in a kind of stupor, haunted by tormenting dreams. Having taken PARKER'S TONIC for other troubles, I tried it also for this. The result both surprised and delighted me. My nerves were toned to concert pitch, and, like Cæsar's fat men, I fell into the ranks of those who sleep o' nights. I should add that the Tonic speedily did away with the condition of general debility and dyspepsia occasioned by my previous sleeplessness, and gave me strength and perfect digestion. In brief, the use of the Tonic thoroughly re-established my health. I have used PARKER'S TONIC with entire success for sea-sickness and for the bowel disorders incident to ocean voyages.

This preparation, has heretofore been known as PARKER'S GINGER TONIC. Hereafter it will be advertised and sold under the name of PARKER'S TONIC — omitting the word "ginger." HISCOX & Co., are induced to make this change by the action of unprincipled dealers who have for years deceived their customers by substituting inferior preparations under the name of ginger. We drop this misleading word all the more willingly, as ginger is an unimportant flavoring ingredient in our Tonic.

Please remember that no change has been made in the preparation itself, and all bottles remaining in the hands of dealers, wrapped under the name of PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, contain the genuine medicine if the fac-simile signature of Hiscox & Co., is at the bottom of the outside wrapper. Sept. 7

Florence Knitting Silk.



Positively the only Silk suitable for knitting, which will bear washing without injury to color or texture. Sold by all enterprising merchants.

Our latest book on Knitting (No. 4), with samples of Knitting and Etching Silk, sent on receipt of three 2 cent stamps.

NONOTUCK SILK CO., Florence, Mass.

Orphans Court Sale

OF

Valuable Real Estate!

On Monday, Sept. 24, 1883,

At 3 o'clock P. M., will be sold on the premises in the Borough of PARRYVILLE, Carbon County, Pa., the farm of Jonas Focht, dec'd., bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone thence by land of Wm. Stohl, South 35 degs. East 65¾ perches to a stone, thence by lands of Jno. Smith, South 71¼ degs. East 22 perches to a stone, thence by same North 55 degs., West 13½ perches to a stone, thence by the same North 18 degs. West 7 perches to a Hickory, thence by land of O. H. Bowman, North 1½ degs., East 4 perches to a stone, thence by lands of S. Snyder and D. Wentz, North 85 degs., West 62½ perches to beginning. Containing

16 ACRES AND 14 PERCHES,

strict measure, on which is erected a One and One Half Story FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, FRAME BARN, COOPER SHOP and Out House, a Fine Fruit Orchard, a good WELL of WATER at the door.

Terms one-half cash, and the balance in six months. Attendance by

THOS. S. BECK, GATH. FOCHT, } Administrators.

Sept. 6 1883. w3.

M. HEILMAN & CO.,

BANK STREET, Lehighton, Pa.,

MILLERS and Dealers in

Flour & Feed.

All Kinds of GRAIN BOUGHT and SOLD at REGULAR MARKET RATES.

We would, also, respectfully inform our citizens that we are now fully prepared to SUPPLY them with

Best of Coal

From any Mine desired at VERY

LOWEST PRICES.

M. HEILMAN & CO.

July 22

SENSIBLE MEN and women know here this that of the many diseases and derangements of the body each has a separate cause or origin, and that each needs a different method of treatment in order to effect a cure, and a moment's reflection must convince that any of the quack nostrums foisted upon the public claiming to cure all of a number of diametrically different diseases must prove failures, even if we do not call them humbugs.

POOR PEOPLE and people of moderate means, and even people well-to-do or wealthy find that *enormous charges* of practising physicians are a serious burden to them, and also find that after paying themselves poor that no benefit has accrued to them, that in fact they have thrown their money away. To overcome these evils we offer *Wheeler's No. 96 Sure Remedies* to the sick and suffering *one Remedy* for each disease, without for a moment claiming that one remedy will cure any other disease than the one claimed for it, and as these remedies have stood the test of years without a single failure, we agree to *refund the money* paid in every instance where a cure is not positively effected. The remedies are entirely vegetable, can do no harm, and will positively cure every disease for which they are prescribed.

RHEUMATISM Gout, Lameness of Joints Sciatica and Neuralgia are relieved at once and positively cured by the use of Wheeler's No. 96 Rheumatic Remedy. We say boldly that in the worst cases of no matter how *long standing*, how *serious* or how *painful*, we can not only give relief but *positively cure* for all time. Failing to do this we will positively refund the money paid for treatment, and if your sufferings are not positively stopped for all time you have not thrown your money away as you would on any other than these guaranteed remedies. The price of Wheeler's No. 96 Rheumatic Remedy is only 50 cents, obtainable from druggists or sent free by mail on receipt of price. Stamps taken.

SUFFERING WOMEN Many a lady endowed by nature with a pretty face, beautiful figure, faultless complexion, as well as the sweetest of tempers and faultless mental qualities grows prematurely old, gray and wrinkled, her form loses its perfect contour, the complexion becomes sallow, the brightness leaves the eye, a feeling of languor takes the place of the once buoyant spirits, an irritable nervous fractiousness makes life a burden, things that once were trifles worry her till life becomes unbearable. All this being caused by the physical derangements so common to women, which the innate modesty of feminine nature prevents their making known, and of which the ignorance of the medical profession prevents a cure. Lady Reader, pause and consider, 'tis a duty you owe yourself, your family, and your God, that you should cure yourself of these troubles and once more feel the glow of perfect health and spirits that nature intended for you. *Wheeler's No. 96 Prescriptions* are pleasant and palatable to take, contain nothing of an injurious nature, and may be taken by all ages at all times and in all conditions without possibility of ill effects, and will positively cure any of the peculiar diseases to which females are subject. Failing to produce a perfect cure the proprietors will refund the money paid for the treatment. If you have a sallow complexion, constant or intermittent headaches, backache, restlessness, loss of appetite, suppressions of monthly flow, or irregularities thereof, accompanied by headaches, nervousness, hysterics and similar symptoms, *Wheeler's No. 96 Prescription "B"* will positively restore you to health. If you have a sensation of heat and throbbing in the back, frequent fainting spells, Leucorrhea or white discharge painful or scalding sensation in urinating, reddish or white deposit in urine, hot and dry skin, *Wheeler's No. 96 Prescription "C"* will give immediate and lasting relief. The price of Wheeler's No. 96 Prescriptions "B" and "C" are 50 cents each, obtainable from druggists or sent by mail secure from observation post-paid on receipt of price. Postage stamps taken.

CATARRH. It is needless to describe the symptoms of this nauseous disease that is sapping the life and strength of too many of the fairest and best of both sexes, old and young, suffering alike from the poisonous dripping in the throat, the poisonous nasal discharges the fetid breath, and general weakness, debility, and languor, aside from the acute sufferings of this disease, which if not checked can only end in loss of palate, hoarseness, weakened sight, loss of memory, deafness and premature death if not checked before it is too late. Labor, study and research in America, Europe and Eastern lands have resulted in *Wheeler's No. 96 Instant Relief and Sure Cure for Catarrh*, a remedy which contains no harmful ingredients, and that is guaranteed to cure every case of acute or chronic catarrh or money refunded. *Wheeler's No. 96 Instant Relief and Sure Cure for Catarrh* will cure every case of catarrh, hay fever or asthma, price $1.00 per package, from druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price.

Wheeler's No. 96 Sure Cure for Kidney and Liver Troubles cures all weakness and soreness of kidneys, inflammation of kidneys or liver, price $1.00.

Wheeler's Vegetable Pills are the only remedy that cure constipation, giving natural action of the bowels without physicing, purging, griping or pain. Price 25 cents, of druggists or by mail

Wheeler's Nervine Tonic for mental depression, loss of manhood, languor, weakness or over taxation of the brain is invaluable, price 25 cents.

WE GUARANTEE cures in every case or will refund money paid. We place our price for these remedies at less than one-twentieth of the price asked by others for remedies upon which you take all the chances, and we specially invite the patronage of the many persons who have tried other remedies without effect or depleted their purses by paying doctor bills that benefitted them not.

HOW TO OBTAIN these remedies. Go to your druggist and ask for them. If they have not got them, write at once to the proprietors, enclosing the price in money or stamps, and they will be sent you at once by mail, post-paid. Correspondence solicited. Address plainly,

L. WHEELER & CO.,
No. 96 W. Baltimore St.,
BALTIMORE, MD.

sept. 1. 1883-1y.

ASTHMA QUICKLY AND Permanently CURED.

Dr. Stinson's Asthma Remedy is unequaled as a positive Alternative and Cure for ASTHMA AND DYSPEPSIA and all their attendant evils. It does not merely afford temporary relief, but is a permnt cure.

W. H. Huckabee, De Leon Texas, says: "It is the best medicine for Asthma that I ever have used." M. Hodges, Fountain Hea', Tenn., says: "I am entirely relieved of all symptoms of Asthma by Stinson's remedy." Adam Miller, Brookville, Pa., says: "Dr. Stinson's Asthma Remedy has given me excellent satisfaction." Jas. F. Wilbur, Morrisville, N. Y., says: "Since I began taking your remedy I have rested well every night." W. S. A. Ryan, Fon Du Lac, Mich., says: "It is the best I ever took." Mrs. N. A Bissell, of Roberts, Illinois, says: "Dr. Stinson's Asthma Remedy is just as recommended. It makes expectoration easy." BE SURE to send for testimonials and price list to PEAK & CO., 27 EAST 14th STREET, N. Y.; C. N. Crittenden & Co., 118 Fulton St., N. Y., also wholesale agents

Saloon Keepers and Others,

Don't fail to buy your

Champaigne Pear Cider,
Lager Beer,
Root Beer,
Nectar,
Porter, &c.,

OF

C. BOETTGER,

TAMAQUA, Pa.

Aug. 13. 1883-1y.

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WM. DUFFY & SON,

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are prepared to do all kinds of

Plastering & Ornamental Work,

at shortest notice. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. Terms moderate for good work. sept1tf

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Sheet Music,

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Behning Pianos!

Call and see them; they have no superior.

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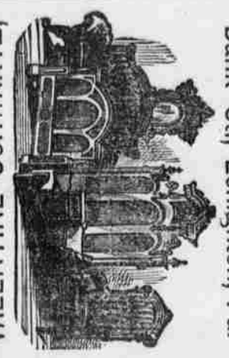
VALENTINE SCHWARTZ,



Bank St., Lehighton, Pa.

Respectfully announces to the people of Lehighton and its vicinity that he is now prepared to supply them with all kinds of

Household Furniture

Manufactured from the best Seasoned Materials at Prices fully as low as the same article, can be bought for elsewhere. Here are a few of the inducements offered:

Parlor Sets at from ..... $50 to $60
Walnut Marble-top Dressing Case Bedroom Suites, 3 pieces..... $40 to $65
Painted Bedroom Suites..... $18 to $40
Cane Seated Chairs, per set of 6.... $6
Common Chairs, per set of 6..... $4
and all other Goods equally cheap.

In this connection, I desire to call the attention of the people to my ample facilities in

THE UNDERTAKING BUSINESS

with a NEW and HANDSOME HEARSE, and a full line of CASKETS and COFFINS. I am prepared to attend promptly to all orders in this line, at lowest prices.

Patronage respectfully solicited and the most ample satisfaction guaranteed.

V. SCHWARTZ,
oct12 BANK St., Lehighton.

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD

$72 a week made at home by the industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time, or give your whole time to the business. No other business will pay you nearly so well. No one can fail to make enormous pay, by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. dec2-y1*

Assignee Notice.

Notice is hereby given that W. S. Wintermute, of Lehighton, Carbon county, Pa., by deed of voluntary assignment has assigned all his estate, real and personal, of the said W. S. Wintermute to S. R. Gilham, of the Borough, County and State aforesaid, in trust, for the benefit of the creditors of the said W. S. Wintermute. All persons therefore, indebted to the said W. S. Wintermute will make payment to the said assignee, and those having claims or demands, will make known the same without delay.

S. R. GILHAM, Assignee of
W. S. Wintermute.

Lehighton, July 20, 1883. w-6

To whom it may Concern.

Notice is hereby given, that I will no longer be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Elmina Shoemaker, of East Penn, Carbon County, Pa., she having left my bed and board without just cause or provocation.

GRANVILLE SHOEMAKER,
Sept 1-w3* East Penn, Pa.

PENSIONS For wound, disease or other disability. Widows, minor children and dependant parents entitled when death resulted. Claims reopened, restoration, increases, bounty, back pay and discharges obtained. Apply at once, delay prejudices your rights. Fees fixed by law. Address, with stamp, the old established firm of EDSON'S CO., Attorneys & Claim Agents, 917 F St., Washington, D. C. cor

FOR SALE,

A large LOT, with excellent HOUSE and STABLE erected thereon, opposite Exch's Hotel, on Bankway, in this Borough. To be sold on accommodating terms. Apply to JOHN VOGEL, 123 North Second Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Aug. 18, 1883-m3*

Railroad Guide.

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

Arrangement of Passenger Trains.

MAY 27th, 1883.

Trains leave Allentown as follows:

(Via PERKIOMEN RAILROAD.)

For Philadelphia at *5.00, 6.45, 11.40 a. m., and *3.10 p. m.

SUNDAYS.

For Philadelphia at *5.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

(Via EAST PENN BRANCH.)

For Reading and Harrisburg, 6.00, 8.40 a. m., 12.15, 4.30, and 9.05 p. m.

For Lancaster and Columbia, 6.00, 8.40 a. m., and 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAYS.

For Harrisburg, and waypoints, 7.35 a. m., 9.05 p. m.

Trains for Allentown leave as follows:

(Via PERKIOMEN RAILROAD.)

Leave Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m. and 1.00, *1.55, *4.30, and 5.15 p. m.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Philadelphia, 8.30 a. m., 3.30, and *4.30 p. m.

(Via EAST PENN. BRANCH.)

Leave Reading, 7.30, 10.15 a. m., 2.00, 3.50, and 6.15 p. m.

Leave Harrisburg, 5.20, 7.50, 9.50 a. m., 1.45 and 4.00 p. m.

Leave Lancaster, †7.30 a. m., 1.00 and †3.40 p. m.

Leave Columbia, 7.30 a. m., 1.10 and 3.40 p. m.

†From King Street Depot.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Reading, 9.00 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.

Leave Harrisburg, 7.00 a. m. and 4.00 p. m.

Trains via "Perkiomen Railroad" marked thus (*) run to and from Depot, Ninth and Green streets, Philadelphia, other trains to and from Broad street Depot.

The *5.00 and 6.45 a. m. trains from Allentown, and the *1.35 and 5.15 p. m. train from Philadelphia, via Perkiomen Railroad, have through cars to and from Philadelphia.

J. E. WOOTTEN,
General Manager.

C. G. HANCOCK,
Gen'l Pass'r & Ticket Agent.

May 27th, 1883.

JOHN R. G. WEYSSER,

PROPRIETOR OF THE

West End Brewery,

MAUCH CHUNK, PA.

Pure Porter and Lager Beer

Delivered all over the State.

October 8, 1881 y1

E. F. LUCKENBACH,

Two Doors Below the "Broadway House

MAUCH CHUNK, PA.

Dealer in all Patterns of Plain and Fancy

Wall Papers,

WINDOW SHADES,

Paints & Painters' Supplies,

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Central Carriage Works,

Bank St., Lehighton, Pa.,

Are prepared to Manufacture

Carriages, Buggies, Sleighs, Spring Wagon, &c.,

Of every description, in the most substantial manner, and at Lowest Cash Prices.

Repairing Promptly Attended to.

TREXLER & KREIDLER,

April 26, 1882 y1 Proprietors.

WISE people are always on the lookout for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co. Portland