The Carbon Advocate.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1882.

Our Neighborhood in Brief.

—A HAPPY NEW YEAR.

—On and after Monday you will write it 1883.

—Christmas holidays passed off quietly and pleasantly.

—HOLIDAY GOODS in great variety at NUSBAUM'S.

—The old year totters with feeble step on the brink of the grave.

—Every one ought to start the new year by squaring accounts.

—The Hungarians at Packerton duly celebrated Christmas.

—Home from school—Al. Leuckel of the University at Bethlehem.

☞Dried and Canned Fruits at C. M. SWEENY & SON'S very cheap.

—The Christmas festivals of the several Sunday schools were well attended.

—Quite a number of strangers have been in town during the week.

—Down, down to the bottom on everything we keep. J. T. Nusbaum.

—John Raymond, a veteran of the war of 1812, died at Scranton, on Friday night, aged 88 years.

—We will send the CARBON ADVOCATE together with the *Philadelphia Weekly Press* for one year for $2.00

—Councilman Louis Meyers was stabbed by Wm. Kuntz, at a ball, in Scranton, on Saturday night last.

—The CARBON ADVOCATE one year and the *Philadelphia Weekly Press* and premium Map of Pennsylvania for $2.25.

—From $3 to $10 can be saved by buying your gold and silver watches of D. S. Bock, opposite the Public Square.

—Ash Wednesday, the beginning of Lent, falls on February 7, and Easter Sunday on March 25th.

—Christmas day, the weather was very pleasant, and was passed in a very quiet and pleasant manner by our people.

—You will not only be astonished but save money, by buying your Holiday Goods at Nusbaum's.

—J. H. Warg, of Silver Brook, lost a 3-year old child by scarlet fever on Wednesday of last week.

—The new mill of the Bethlehem Iron Co., will be put in operation again on January 2.

☞C. M. Sweeny & Son are offering a choice assortment of fine groceries for the holidays, at low prices.

—Mrs. John Gallagner, of Audenried, died on Thursday night of last week, after long illness.

☞Everything in the Dry Goods, Grocery and Provision line at C. M. Sweeny & Son's at lowest prices.

—While John Shark was at work in No. 6 slope, at Treskow, a few days ago, he was very seriously injured by a fall of rock.

—Mary A. Thomas, aged about 4 years, died on Friday morning, at Beaver Meadow, of diphtheria. She was buried Monday.

—Englebert Hartman, a watchmaker, attempted suicide by throwing himself in front of an engine, at Scranton, on Saturday night last.

☞Our stock of Photograph, Autograph and Scrap Albums is larger, and lower in price than ever. E. F. Luckenback, Mauch Chunk.

—On Saturday morning last John Sharkey, aged 18 years, had his foot cut off by a fall of rock in a gangway of No. 6 slope, at Treskow.

—Misses Emma Reber, Lou Zehner and Sallie Hofford, who have been attending the West Chester State Normal School are home for vacation.

☞Who wants to exchange Town property for a Farm of 142 acres, with good new buildings and fine fruit trees on it. Address, W. M. RAPSHER, this borough.

—Martin Maley, son of 'Squire Maley, at Shenandoah, was killed on Saturday in a mine, by being jammed between a car and the side of a breast.

—If you are in search of HOLIDAY GOODS, do not omit my place as you will find no other house having such a line to select from. J. T. Nusbaum.

—John Turnbach, a brakeman on the L. & S. railroad, while coupling cars at Audenried, on Wednesday of last week, had two of his fingers smashed by being caught between the bumpers.

☞There was sold on Saturday, 25th ult., at Hagaman's store, Lehighton, seventy-one dollars worth of watches and jewelry, for one family.

—D. S. Beck, who has been working in Lackawanna county for some time, spent Christmas with his parents in Mahoning Valley. Dan. looks well and is doing well.

☞We offer special prices during the Holidays for the sale of Methodist, Presbyterian and Episcopal Hymnals. Note our prices. E. F. Luckenback, Mauch Chunk.

—The Delaware & Hudson Canal Co. has raised the wages of engineers who have been in the employ of the road three years from $80 to $90 per month. Passenger engineers have been raised from $85 to $90.

☞If you want a nice smooth, easy shave your hair cut or shampooing, go to Franz Roederer's Saloon, under the Exchange Hotel. He will fix you right, and don't you forget it.

—An exchange says, five drops of the oil of cubebs upon a piece of loaf sugar, dissolved gradually in the mouth, will instantly relieve the most troublesome paroxysm of coughing, or the irritation of bronchitis.

☞A last chance for a set of Library Universal Knowledge, large type, 15 volumes. Cloth $8, half Russia Gilt Top $18. E. E. Luckenbach, Broadway, Mauch Chunk.

—A year's subscription to the *Breeders' Journal* given for 4 new subscribers to the CARBON ADVOCATE at $1 each. The *Breeders' Journal* is published at Beecher, Ill.

☞Mrs. Mamie J. Mullen, fashionable dressmaker, corner of Second and South streets, this borough. Perfect fits and workmanship guaranteed. Wax Flowers of all designs at lowest prices. White Flowers for funerals a specialty.

—Levan Rothermel, who has been living at Unionville, Tuscola county, Mich., during the past three years, is here on a visit. He is looking well, and speaks in glowing terms of his western home. He will return in about two months.

☞D. S. Bock, opposite the "Carbon House, Bank street, Lehighton, has on hand an elegant assortment of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, suitable for Holiday and Birthday presents. Call and see for yourself. Prices very low.

– Three little sons of James Miller, aged respectively 5, 8 and 9 years, were playing on the ice Thursday afternoon of last week, on the Monocacy river, near Bethlehem, when two of them fell through. The eight year old lad, assisted by a boy named Bunstein, succeeded in rescuing the drowning children.

—Dr. J. A. Meyer, the practical Surgeon Dentist, of Broadway, Mauch Chunk, has had a practice of over 20 years, and is probably the oldest resident dentist in this valley. The Dr's work speaks for itself, and the fact that all critical work in the region is given to him is a sufficient guarantee of his superior ability as a Surgeon Dentist.

—Went under—Our friend Ed. Raworth, engaged on Heilman's dam cutting ice, just about quitting time Saturday made a misstep and took a dam cool bath. After floundering around for a few minutes he extricated himself from the cooling situation.

—There is something soft and tender in the fall of a single snow-flake, but it always reminds us to look after our bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup,—our old stand-by in the days of coughs and colds—for we have always found it reliable.

—Our public schools will reopen Tuesday next, January 2nd.

—William P. Snyder, of Allentown, has been commissioned as acting assistant attorney-general of the United States.

—Mary Boyle, aged 62, and old and highly esteemed resident of Beaver Meadow, died on Tuesday morning last.

—Ed. Hofford, of Lehigh University, and Calvin Bartholomew, of the University of Penna., are home for the holidays.

—Monday next, New Year's day, the bank will be closed. Notes due that day, must be attended to to-day (Saturday.)

—Mrs. Berkemeyer died at her home in Slatington on Saturday morning, after a lingering illness, being upwards of [illegible] years of age.

—Irwin Heft, of Bethlehem, an employe of the L. V. railroad, was struck by an engine at Penn Haven Junction, on Tuesday, and severely injured on head and body.

—Prof. Geo. E. Little, of Washington, D. C., the popular artist and instructor in crayon work and charcoal sketching, spent Sunday in town, the guest of Supt. Balliet.

—William Johns, a miner, was killed on Tuesday, at Wilkesbarre, by the explosion of a keg of powder, into which he dropped a spark from his lamp.

—Col. Sanford's lecture at the county institute was pronounced to be the finest lecture ever delivered in Mauch Chunk. Many people regretted after it was over that they did not go to hear him.

—A. E. Frisch, who has been absent for the past five years, and now holds a position as conductor on the U. & N. railway, is at home on furlough. Gus looks well. He will return to Idaho in a few days.

—Among the prominent instructors at the county institute last week was Prof. W. W. Woodruff, County Supt. of Bucks county. He is a man of fine scholarship and wide experience. His lectures were very popular among our teachers.

—Koch Brothers have dissolved partnership. I. S. Koch will continue the business, and W. S. Koch will go to farming, having purchased the farm of Mr. Daniel Olewine, of South Lehighton. See notice in another column.

☞M. Florey, of Weissport, has now on hand and for sale a large stock of Horse Blankets, Lap and Buffalo Robes, Bells, Whips, and Double and Single Harness, suitable for winter use, all of which he will dispose of at very reasonable prices.

—Alvin J. and Frank J. Marsh and their wives, of Stroudsburg, spent Christmas with their parents at Weissport. They report business at the Tanite Company's works—where both are now employed—to be booming right along.

—A young man named Patrick Boyle, a son of Charles Boyle, of Lansford, was run over and killed on the Lehigh Valley railroad, near Hazleton, Monday. Deceased was about 20 years of age, and had been in the employ of Pardee & Co.

—Bright and early New Year's morning the carriers of the CARBON ADVOCATE will greet their friends with a cheery "Happy New Year," and their 11th Annual Greeting, in the shape of a very handsomely gotten up little book of verses. Don't forget the boys.

—Letters patent were granted on the 12th inst., to David Clark, master mechanic, and John Lee, foreman of the Lehigh Valley shops at Hazleton, for a patent drill frame by means of which a drill can be so adjusted as to do rapid and effective boring in boilers or other similarly constructed cylindrical bodies.

—A Schuylkill county farmer has a cow that gives impure milk. He is positive that the cow is bewitched. He filled a small bottle last week of fluid from this cow, and placed a handful of new needles and pins with some thorns in it. Every time he shakes the bottle the witch is tormented with the needles, etc. He says: "In a few days she will come and acknowledge her bad act, when the cow will be all right again."

—He was a pretty close man without a doubt. At breakfast he cut an egg in two and gave the new hired man one-half of it. The help ate it and held up his plate for more. "What!" gasped the boss, "want a hull egg?" "Of course I do," said the man. The boss stared blankly at him a moment, and then pushing the half egg across the table snappishly cried: "Take it, ate it and kill yourself!" The man ate it and is still lives, and so does our popular liveryman, David Ebbert, with a full supply of excellent teams, which he lets at low rates.

—Thomas Morris, working as a filler at No. 1 furnace of the Crane Iron Works, Catasauqua, was instantly killed Friday morning by being struck on the head by the brace of the framework of the hoist, which crushed his temple. The hoist was started by the man on top who was blinded by steam and thought the man below was out of the way. Morris was a fine looking man, six feet two inches tall, twenty-four years of age and unmarried. He had been in this country about one year.

—While Constantine Losch, of Allentown, was endeavoring Saturday to pry open the gates of a dam which had frozen fast, he fell on his head on the ice. The ice was some two inches thick, and he plunged through head foremost. He was in a perilous position with his head under the ice and his legs dangling in the air. Grasping some weeds and grasses growing in the bottom of the dam, he pulled his whole body under water, and then putting his back against the ice broke through it, and thus saved his life.

Shooting Match and Ball.

A shooting match for a fine fat deer will come off at the hotel of J. T. McDaniel, in Mahoning Valley, on Monday next, Jan'y 1st, with No. 6 shot. The sport will wind up with a grand ball in the evening. Be on hand if you want to enjoy yourself.

Local Institutes.

At the close of the county institute, held at Mauch Chunk, last week, Supt. Balliet announced that the Local Institutes would be held as follows: At Lansford, Jan. 6th; at Weatherly, Feb. 3rd, and at Lehighton, Feb. 16th. He intends to hold institutes, also, in Mahoning, Jan. 20th; in Franklin, Jan. 27th; at Rockport Feb. 10th, and in Packer township, on Friday evening, Feb. 2nd. A joint institute of the teachers of Lehigh, Northampton and Carbon counties will also be held at Slatington, Jan. 13th.

Murder in Luzerne County.

A terrible outrage occurred at Eckley on Wednesday evening of last week. A party of Hungarians were enjoying themselves in one of their neighbor's houses, when a lot of Irishmen entered and kicked up a row. The Hungarians proved too much for them and cleared them out. The Irishmen subsequently returned armed, and surrounded the house. The Hungarians were not aware that enemies were about, and when one of them went out on his way home he received a shot from a gun and fell dead. The next to leave the house was a woman, and she too received a charge of shot in breast and arms. She is in a critical condition. At last accounts the murderers had not been arrested.

Teachers' County Institute.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

Institute opened by singing, followed by prayer by Dr. N. C. Schaeffer. Dr. Schaeffer then resumed his lecture on the "Memory." The mechanical part of the memory was discussed in his former lecture, so he now took the second part or the Logical Memory. The following laws of association are of prime importance: 1st. Contiguity of Time and Place. 2nd. Similarity and Contrast. 3rd. Cause and Effect. 4th. Generals and Particulars. The Dr. gave many practical illustrations, proving the importance of observing these laws. The next of importance is methods of strengthening the memory, which are as follows: 1. By repetition; 2. By manifesting interest in what you wish to remember; 3. By clear perceptions; 4. Memoriter exercises. These points were discussed at length and many practical suggestions given to the teachers.

The Institute then sang "While the Morning Bells are Ringing," and after a recess, W. I. Marshall, of Fitchburg, Mass., was introduced and lectured on the subject of Penmanship. We aim at two kinds of writing. 1 Good writing, which is that which is legible and can be rapidly and easily executed. 2. Elegant writing, which is that which is beautiful. Legibility depends on the following: 1, The form of letters; 2, The slope of letters; 3. The arrangement of the writing on the line. The form of letters depends on, 1, The position of the body; 2, The position of the hand and arm; 3, The holding of the pen loosely in any and all positions; 4, The movements used, which are: 1, Finger movement, which is accurate, but slow; 2. The arm movement. All the above points were fully illustrated. The instruction given was practical and to the point, and was received with marked attention by the Institute.

After singing "All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name," Colonel James P. Sanford, of Iowa, was introduced, who by his wit and humor kept the Institute in a roar of laughter for about twenty minutes, after which the Institute adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Institute was called to order at the usual time, and after singing "Shall we Meet Beyond the River," Dr. N. C. Schaeffer took up the subject of "Decimals." The things which give teachers the most trouble are the following: 1, How to teach pupils to write decimals; 2, Circulating decimals; 3. Duodecimals; 4, Division of decimals. The speaker illustrated his method of teaching these points and showed how better results could be produced if the subject was properly taught. The subject of Stocks and Bonds, was then fully discussed, and the terms Bulls and Bears traced to their origin and defined.

T. A. Snyder, Principal of the Lehighton Schools, then spoke on the subject of "Oral Grammar." There are two distinct methods of teaching Grammar—the Analytic and Synthetic. Beginners should be taught by the Synthetic Method, and as they grow older and better versed in the subject they should be taught by the Analytic Method. The child first talks by using words and uses sentences as his mind grows stronger, and this, to my mind, proves conclusively that the child should be taught the Science of Language in the same way. Teach first the parts of speech and their properties, before commencing to analyze sentences. Teach first the idea, then the definition. Have the pupils form their own definitions. Don't have the pupils commit long and abstruse definitions, but teach them the subject so that they make their lesson a matter of thought, and not an exercise of the memory. Teach them mainly through the eye, by means of objects and show them how language is used, in telling about those objects. If you teach Grammar in this way you will soon see the change in your Grammar class, instead of the dull, listless class, you will have the active, live class. The speaker illustrated his method of teaching the parts of speech and their properties, so as to make the subjebt practical, interesting and instructive to the class.

W. H. Rauch, Principal of the Weatherly Schools, then read an essay on "The Newspaper in the Public Schools." The following are a few of the leading thoughts: Americans are proverbially a fast people; everything is done in a hurry. We study in a hurry, we eat in a hurry, we drink in a hurry, and consequently we die in a hurry. And now, just as the 19th century is winding up, there comes a stentorian voice from New England saying that the newspapers must be introduced into our schools, or the intellect of our pupils will shrivel into deformity. Few persons will deny that we live in an age wonderfully practical. Therefore, it is argued that the news of to-day is of more practical value to the pupil than the history of a dozen centuries ago. And to keep up with the times, the pupils must acquaint themselves with the current news. But since thought is immortal; since thought is not checked by disease or death, since we think on after death the same as now, since mind is infinite in the fullest sense of the word and since culture means the strengthening, developing, liberalizing and harmonizing of this infinite mind, therefore, the storing of facts and the learning of news, as factors in education, are subordinate in rank and secondary in importance. Newspapers are not appropriate reading for children. They cultivate a wrong idea of life. Some are sectarian, others are political in their nature. Much of the matter in the newspapers of to day is improper reading for the child. The essay was carefully prepared and well read.

The subject was then open for discussion. J. M. Roberts, of Summit Hill, opened the discussion. He differed with the speaker who had just preceded him. He believed a judicious selection of papers would do good in the school room. We want more interest in our reading classes, and the use of newspapers will produce that result. The readers become uninteresting and the papers present something new and attractive. And as for the reading contained in the papers affecting their morals, in my opinion would only strengthen them. Let them read of such characters as Jesse James and see what lives like theirs lead to. The committing of bad acts can be shown to produce bad results, thus giving the teacher an excellent opportunity of giving a lesson on morality. By the use of papers you teach children to read and think for themselves.

Mr. John Trevaskis said he accomplished excellent results by using the newspaper in his school. I taught my school more about the geography of England and Egypt, by using the papers, during the late Egyptian War, than I could in a whole winter by using the books. All were highly interested in the lesson, and everything taught in connection with the reading of the accounts made a lasting impression. It also leads the pupils to read for themselves, and in a short time you will find your pupils, home evenings reading the newspaper to their parents, instead of wandering about the streets getting into mischief.—The time for the discussion having expired, Supt. Woodruff then took up the subject of "Pronunciation. First teach the sounds of letters. Not all the sounds, but all the clear cut sounds. Have the pupils keep a list of all words mispronounced. Good pronunciation is of prime importance. You can often judge of a man's character by his pronunciation. It reveals the company he keeps. The Professor's time having expired, he announced that he would resume his talk on "Pronunciation" to-morrow, and would like all the teachers to prepare themselves with lists of words that they would like to have pronounced.

Dr Schaeffer then made a few remarks, before leaving, which were loudly applauded, after which the Institute adjourned.

EVENING SESSION.

After listening to several beautiful pieces of music on the piano accompanied by the cornet by Mrs. Arthur Wells, and Mr. Deiterline, the lecturer of the evening, Col James P. Sanford, of Iowa, was introduced to the large and intelligent audience that had assembled to hear him on the subject "Old Things and New." The speaker after giving a short sketch of his life and travels, carried his audience in imagination over the continents of Europe, Asia and Africa, describing the many points of interest and showing the wonders of the ancient times as compared with modern times. The lecture throughout was relieved with numerous anecdotes of great pertinacity and humor. The many rounds of applause throughout the evening, and the hearty applause at the close, showed that the audience was highly pleased.

THURSDAY MORNING.

The exercises opened by music from the supplement entitled "Beulah Land," after which Rev. J. E. Freeman, of Weissport, lead in prayer.

Prof. E. V. DeGraff, of Patterson, N. J., was then introduced and spoke on the subject of Primary Reading.

There are eight methods of teaching primary reading, which are as follows: 1. The Word method, 2. The Sentence method, 3. The Phonic method, 4. Phonitic method, 5. Phonotykic method, 6. Look and Say method, 7. Drawing method, 8. Object method. The speaker explained all these different methods. The true method is the Eclectic method, or a combination of all the other methods, commence with the Word method and gradually pass into the sentence method. In teaching follow the following outline: 1 Present an object, 2 Ask questions about the object. 3. Give information about the object, 4. Show a picture of the object, 5. Make a drawing of the object, 6. Name the object, 7. Write the word on the board, 8. Have the pupils copy the words, 9. Group words of similar formation and sound into phrases and sentences, 10. Teach the elementary sounds of the letters, 11. When necessary teach the names of the letters. The lecture was practical and full of valuable information for the teachers and all the points were made so plain that none could fail to understand.

Supt W. W. Woodruff then continued the subject of "Pronunciation." He showed the great importance of good pronunciation and how to obtain better results in this work. After which he pronounced a list of words that are generally mispronounced. The papers containing words that the teachers would like to have pronounced were then collected and some time was spent in pronouncing them correctly.

After a short recess the Institute sang "While the Morning bells are Ringing," and Prof. DeGraff resumed his lecture on Primary Reading. The following cautions should be observed in teaching primary reading: 1. Teach words as wholes. 2. Present about one hundred words as wholes. 3. At first only two or three words should be given for a lesson. 4. At first give no attention to oral spelling. 5. Never let a pupil attempt to spell a word orally while reading. 6. Teach words which represent actions, qualities, etc., by objects, or by their use in a sentence. 7. Teach new words, their use, meaning and prounciation. 8. Form a chart of the words developed. 9. Never let a pupil read a sentence through orally. 10. Always commend effort, never discourage the pupil. 11. Be cheerful, pleasant, frank, and make the children feel perfectly at home. The following results will be obtained by this method. 1. Naturalness of expression. 2. Ease of expression. 3. Accurate articulation. 4. Ready pronunciation. The minutes of the Institute, up to this time were then read and approved. The names of all the teachers eligible as members on the committee of Permanent Certificates were then put upon the board, and the teachers instructed to vote for five members on this committee, on entering the hall in the afternoon. Institute then adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Music by the Institute "Shall we meet beyond the River," after which Supt. T. M. Balliet announced that the book entitled Canlkin's Object Lessons, could be had in the town, and he advised every teacher who had not a copy to get one before leaving town. He considered it a book that every teacher should have.

Prof. DeGraff then spoke on "How to Teach Language." Do something and ask your children to tell you what you did. Show them an object and let them tell something about it. The first thing necessary is practice in observing. 2. Have them form the habit and power of description. 3. Study industrial things. The speaker then gave a class drill illustrating his method of teaching the subject.

Supt. W. W. Woodruff then followed on the subject of Mathematical Geography. This subject is generally neglected in our public schools. The reason for it, I think, is because it cannot be committed to memory. Don't attempt to teach Mathematical Geography without using concrete objects to illustrate the subject. If you have no maps or globe, make them for yourselves. Get a pumpkin from the neighboring field and make a globe out of it. Pay special attention to latitude and longitude, the changes of the seasons and their causes, the movements of the planets around the sun. Have pupils work out the definitions for themselves. Teach them to think, not to commit a lot of definitions which are meaningless to them. The speaker gave many practical suggestions to the teachers on this importannt subject.

After a short recess the Institute sang, "Ask the Children," from the Song Wave, published by D Appleton & Co.

Prof. DeGraff then formed a class and illustrated his method of developing the ideas of surface, faces, straight and curved lines, etc. The Prof. showed great skill in leading pupils to the thought intended, and made the instruction practical by showing teachers exactly how to conduct the exercise in the school room.

The Committee on Election now reported the following persons as the successful members of the Committee on Permanent Certificates. J. F. White, T. A. Snyder, Mrs. E. B. Frisbee, J. F. Snyder and H. A. Eisenhart. The Institute then adjourned.

EVENING SESSION.

Owing to the bad state of the weather the attendance on Thursday evening was not as large as on the preceding evenings, but the excellent music rendered by Mrs. Wells and Mr. Deiterline showed that though the elements might rage without yet their part could be maintained with the same precision as on the other evenings.

Prof. DeGraff, of Patterson, N. J., was then introduced, and took as his subject "Successful Men." The lecture was a practical one, presenting no visionary schemes in life for our young men and women to follow, but on the other hand, good sound common sense views on what constitute success in life. The lecture was not only a practical one but the speaker made it very interesting and instructive as well. We regret that there were not more present to hear Prof. DeGraff, for we need more of the earnest, practical and thorough instruction to make our young men successful, and not so many fine spun theories and fanciful ideas of life which have a tendency to make our young men look upon labor as degrading. All were highly pleased with the lecture, and they felt that the speaker was thoroughly in earnest in his views, and, not gotten up especially to entertain his audience.

FRIDAY MORNING.

Institute opened by singing several pieces from the Music Supplement after which Rev. L. B. Hoffman lead in prayer.

W. W. Woodruff then spoke on "School Management." 1. Necessary qualification is good executive ability. 2. Good address. Every teacher should be careful of his appearance. The parents and pupils judge you from your personal appearance, at first to a great extent. Wit is an element of great power in the school room, but it should be judiciously used. Humor is not as dangerous in its use, and often can be used to avert a crisis in the schoolroom. The following are some of the necessary qualifications of the teacher: 1, You must understand what you attempt to teach. 2. You should have a general knowledge of what is going on in the world. You should be familiar with the current news of the day 3, You need professional knowledge. 4, Read good books on teaching. I know of no better book, to-day, on this subject than Dr. Brook's Method of Instruction. 5, Intelligent practice is very essential. It is not the number of years you have taught, but the number of years you have taught intelligently that is of value. A profound sense of the importance of your work is very essential to your success. A determination to succeed must be added to this. Be punctual in all that you do. The first morning of school go to the schoolhouse early and become acquainted with each scholar as he comes, consult the scholars as to the arrangement of the things in the schoolroom. Open your school by reading a chapter from the Bible, if the people in the community do not object. I would be governed wholly by the people of the community in this matter, read the Bible yourself, don't have the pupils read it in concert. The time allotted having expired the completion of the subject was left until another time.

John Travaskis, the leader of the music during the sessions of the Institute, then sang a solo, entitled "Far Away" which was loudly applauded.

Prof. Little then gave a practical lesson on drawing straight lines-figures. The Professor believes in teaching children how to draw by drawing themselves. So he had all the teachers of the Institute draw the figures after him, and so well did he do his work that the teachers were surprised to see how well they had succeeded in drawing the figures by following his instructions. Institute then adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The first thing in the afternoon was miscellaneous business.

1. Report of the committee on resolutions. The following is the report of the committee as read and adopted:

Resolved, That in the large attendance of teachers, larger than at any previous meeting, which is due to the new law granting teachers the entire time. We recognize signs of improvement in the management of the Public Schools in this State, and of the improvement of the teachers in the various grades and departments of educational work.

Resolved, That to our County Superintendent on whom the great responsibility of having a successful and interesting meeting largely rests, we should be grateful for his selection of able and entertaining instructors and lecturers.

Resolved, That the instruction given during the week has been of such a nature as to claim our undivided attention and which, if carefully studied, must result in our improvement and advancement as teachers.

Resolved, That we extend our thanks to Miss Minnie Hughes and Mr. Trevaskis for the kindness they have manifested towards the Institute in furnishing the music during the meetings.

Resolved That we extend our thanks to Superintendent Polhemus, of the Jersey Central Railroad, for his great kindness in furnishing special trains for the accommodation of the teachers to and from the Institute, and to the proprietors of the different hotels for reducing the rates during the meeting of the teachers.

Resolved, That we feel ourselves under obligations to the Borough Council and Secretary Bertolette for furnishing us Concert Hall and accommodating us in different ways, also to Janitor Fagley and his able assistants for the great interest they have taken in our meetings and for the valuable assistance rendered.

Resolved, That we appreciate the able services of our Secretary, Mr. T. A. Snyder, in furnishing us with the minutes of the different sessions of the Institute.

Resolved, That we commend the action of the School Directors of certain parts of the county in appreciating the services of Primary Teachers, and compensating them in a way that will present the position of such teachers in a true light and will in time cause our *primary* schools to be filled with first-class instructors.

W. H. RAUCH,
HATTIE L. KOONS, } Com.
J. T. WHITE.

The committee appointed to draft resolutions on the death of Miss Fannie Hottenstine was reported as follows:

WHEREAS it has pleased an allwise providence to remove from our midst, by death, our fellow teacher, Miss Fannie S. Hottenstein, who by her active interest in the cause of education, and her kind disposition won the friendship and esteem of both her pupils and her fellow teachers, therefore be it

Resolved, That while we recognize in her death the hand of our Heavenly Father, and bow in humble submission to His will, we deeply mourn the loss of a life so full of kindness and promise.

Resolved, That in her departure we realize that we have lost a faithful teacher, whose exemplary christian character had endeared her to all who knew her, and made her an ornament of her profession.

Resolved, That we tender our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family, in this, the hour of their sore affliction, and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to them, and also, that they be entered on the minute book of the Institute, and published in the county papers.

H. A. EISENHART,
J. G. LINDAMAN, } Com.
CORA M. L. RHOADS.

The Institute then voted on the Time and Place of holding the next Institute, and it was decided to hold the Institute the week preceding the Holidays, in Concert Hall, Mauch Chunk.

The Superintendent then announced that the teachers of Carbon county would hold an educational gathering, or a teachers picnic at Glen Onoko, sometime in July. All the teachers and friends of education, in the surrounding counties were invited to be present and a good time is anticipated.

The Superintendent then fixed the time and place of holding the regular Local Institute, as follows: 1st. At Lansford, Jan. 6, 2nd. At Weatherly, Feb. 17. 3rd. At Lehighton, Feb. 17. All the teachers were requested to be present at these meetings.

A motion was then made and carried that the County Superintendent be instructed to use as much of the funds in the treasury as he found necessary, to make the Local Institute a success.

The Institute then sang "Shall we meet beyond the River." When the chairman of the committee on Permanent Certificates, announced that the committee had organized by electing J. F. White, chairman, and J. F. Snyder, secretary, and fixed on the first Saturday in April as the time of meeting to make all arrangements, and receive applications for permanent certificates.

Supt. Woodruff, then resumed his talk on "School Government." Regulated noise in the school does not interfere with the working of the school. Be careful not to commit yourself. Do not allow your scholars to criticize without being called upon. Be as prompt in dismissing as in calling your school. In both cases you should be prompt to the minute. The following rules on School Government are of importance:

1 Have few rules. 2 Learn to wait. 3 Behave well yourself. 4 Expect good behavior. 5 Learn to make as little effort as possible to govern. 6 Study self control. 7 Study the time for advice. 8 Govern much with the eye. 9 Govern with discrimination. 10 Anticipate ahead. 11 Keep all busy. A number of questions were then asked by the different members of the Institute and answered by the speaker.

Prof. DeGraff then brought a class of little girls and boys on the stage and illustrated his method of teaching the elements of the Sciences to small children, by means of objects. The drill was very interesting and instructive. So interesting was the subject to the Professor and his class, that they loathed to quit the exercise when the Superintendent announced that the time allowed, had expired. Prof. DeGraff then thanked the teachers for the good attention they had given him, and said he was highly pleased with his stay among them. At the close of his remarks the audience gave hearty applause, showing their appreciation of his work.

Prof. G. M. Phillips, of the West Chester State Normal School, then spoke on the "Sun and his Wonders." The lecture was very interesting and full of information throughout. The Professor showed he was familiar with his subject by the able manner in which he handled it. After a few words of congratulation by the Superintendent, on the success of the Institute, it adjourned.

EVENING SESSION.

In spite of the bad weather a good audience was present at the evening entertainment. Prof. Little, of Washington, D. C., entertained the audience for an hour and a half by his remarkable skill in drawing. The drawing of the most masterly scroll work and designs seemed but play to Prof. Little, and when he executed his masterly scroll work by keeping time to the music, the audience showed their appreciation by a hearty applause. The entertainment was pronounced by all, as the best of the kind, they had ever witnessed, and it was considered by all a grand success.

At the close of the Friday evening's entertainment the Chairman declared the Institute adjourned *sine die*, having proven one of the most successful and instructive sessions of the Institute ever held in Carbon county. Great credit is due our worthy Superintendent, for procuring such an able corps of instructors for day the sessions and for providing such an excellent course of lectures for the evening sessions. The attendance of the teachers was such that the Superintendent drew the full amount of State Appropriation for the first time in the history of the County. There were 138 teachers enrolled, showing an absence of only 7 teachers.

LAST NOTICE.

Delinquent subscribers receiving the CARBON ADVOCATE by mail, and finding a cross (X) marked thereon, will please remit the amount of their indebtedness at once, most of them have had bills, but so far have failed to respond. Unless we receive the amount before January 1st, 1883, the paper will be discontinued, and their accounts offered through the columns of the paper at private sale, whether you get *cross* about it or not.

MARRIED.

GROO—PETERS.—On the 23rd inst., at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. W. K. Wieand, Mr. Lines Groo, of Middletown, Orange county, N. Y., and Miss Carrie E. Peters, of Lehighton, Pa.

WILLIAMS — HOUSER.—On the 25th inst., by Rev. J. H. Hartman, Mr. Wm. R. Williams and Miss Matilda Houser, both of Lansford.

DIED.

PETER—On the 21st inst., in this borough, Bessie Alvine, child of John and Emeline Peter, aged 2 years, 5 months, 15 days.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Legislative Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that a bill will be introduced at the coming session of the Legislature of Pennsylvania to repeal an Act, so far as the same relates to the County of Carbon, entitled: "An act relative to election officers in Carbon County and fixing the places of holding elections in Allen Township, Washington County." Approved the 25th day of January, 1853.
December 23rd, 1882.-w4

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.
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I will mail (Free) the recipe for a simple VEGETABLE BALM that will remove TAN, FRECKLES, PIMPLES and BLOTCHES, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address inclosing 3c. stamp, BEN. VANDELF, 12 Barclay St., N. Y.
mar. 25-y1.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure CURE for COUGHS, COLDS, CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c.
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A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from Nervous DEBILITY, PREMATURE DECAY, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,
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