The Carbon Advocate.

H. V. MORTHIMER, . . . EDITOR

LEHIGHTON, PA.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1881.

OBITUARY.

Isaac Israel Hayes, M. D., Arctic explorer, army surgeon, scholar, lecturer and politician, died suddenly in New York, on Saturday, 17th inst., aged 49 years, at the house of his friend, Mr. Fassit, who had induced him to leave the hotel which was his permanent home and come to his (Mr. Fassitt's) private home, as the Doctor's health has been poor lately. He has been lecturing recently on "The Water Courses of New York" and "Arctic Exploration." Dr. Hayes was born in Chester county, Penna., March 5, 1832. His education was commenced in a Quaker school, and continued at Westtown Academy in that county. After passing the academical course he entered the University of Pennsylvania, where he studied medicine, graduating in 1853 with the degree of M. D. He took great interest in the writings and adventures of Dr. Kane, and accompanied that explorer as surgeon of the second Grinnell expedition in 1853, and was absent two years and a half, during which, in May, 1854, the "Advance," being apparently hopelessly fixed in the ice, he started with a sledge party hoping to find means to send relief to the party remaining on the ship, and to get far enough south to go home. The trip was unsuccessful, and, after a three months' residence with the Esquimaux and two long and dreary sledge journeys, they returned to the ship. During the expedition he penetrated Greenland's long distance. On his return home in 1855, he wrote and published considerable new information about the Arctic regions, and in 1860 he projected an expedition under his own direction, and after hard work and much difficulty he raised $20,000 in money and the Philosophical Societies of Philadelphia and Boston presented him with the schooner "United States." He started for Melville Bay, wintered at Port Foulke, and started northward in April, 1861. They reached the west coast of Greenland in May, but, their provisions giving out, they were obliged to return after, however, having gone 480 miles nearer the North Pole than any previous explorers. After arriving in this country he published "The Open Polar Sea," upon which subject he was an enthusiast. For his discoveries made at this time he received the gold medals of the Geographical Societies of Paris and London.

When Dr. Hayes arrived in Boston, in 1861, he first learned of the existence of the War for the Union. He at once telegraphed to President Lincoln offering the services of himself and his vessel to the United States. The schooner was not accepted, being too small. He then volunteered for the medical department. He was immediately appointed Brigade Surgeon and was afterward promoted to the rank of Major and Brevet Colonel. The Satterlee Hospital, in West Philadelphia, which could accommodate 4000 patients at once, and in which 30,000 sick and wounded soldiers were cared for during the war, and which was said to be the largest military hospital ever built, was erected under his supervision. At the close of the war Dr. Hayes went to New York and was for two years President of the Knickerbocker Coal Company. He also devoted himself largely to literature and study.

In 1869 he accompanied his friend William Bradford, on board the steamer Panther to explore the southern coast of Greenland. On his return he published "The Land of Desolation" and "Castaway in the Cold," and a history of maritime discovery. In 1874 he went to Iceland in company with Cyrus W. Field, Bayard Taylor, Mr. Gladstone and others to take part in its millionith year celebration. Soon after his return from Iceland Dr. Hayes said: "I stand ready, as I always have, to lead a party back again to the field of my former conflicts with the ice. I hope, indeed, to return to that field which I discovered years ago, or, if I do not, I hope some other American citizen will, and pick up the little flag which I left floating there and carry it forward to the very apis of the earth."

In 1875 Dr. Hayes turned his attention to politics. He was a member of the New York Assembly in 1876, 1877, 1878, 1879 and 1880, serving each year on the important committees of the House, and in 1878 was chairman of the Committee on Canals and in 1879 was chairman of the Committee on Cities. He was the author of the bill authorizing the construction of the Hudson river tunnel from Jersey City to New York, and he worked two years to secure its passage. He was unmarried.

IT MEANS WAR.

There is fun ahead in politics in this State. The Stalwarts, led by Cameron, have settled upon General Beaver as the Ring candidate for Governor, and orders have been sent to the organs throughout the State to that effect. Meanwhile an independent element is at work to gain control of the Gubernatorial Convention. This element, when Cameron captures the Convention, will rail into line and support Beaver. The bolters are now to take a hand. Chairman McKee of the committee who championed the Wolfe cause in the late campaign, last Friday issued a call addressed to the Independent Republicans. He says:

"You are earnestly requested to send representatives from each county to a State Conference to be held in Philadelphia on Thursday, Jan. 12, 1882, at 10 a. m., to take into consideration the wisdom of placing in nomination proper persons for the offices of Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of Internal Affairs, and Supreme Court Judge, and such other matters as may come before the Conference looking to the overthrow of Boss rule and the elimination of the pernicious 'spoils system' and its kindred evils from the administration of public affairs. It is of the utmost importance that those 50,000 unshackled voters who supported the independent candidacy of the Hon. Charles S. Wolfe for the office of State Treasurer as a solemn protest against Ring domination, together with the scores of thousands of liberty-loving citizens who are ready to join in the next revolt against 'bossism,' shall be worthily represented at this Conference."

This means war on Beaver, and an independent ticket if a Ring candidate is nominated.

After a long contest the will of Benjamin Fox has been admitted to probate in Reading. Deceased left an estate valued at $100,000, nearly all in cash.

—News of the Arctic Steamer Jeannette is received from Siberia. The Jeannette was crushed by the ice last June in the sea north of Western Siberia, and her crew embarked in three boats. They were separated by wind and fog, but two of them, containing Captain DeLong, Dr. Ambler, Engineer Melville and twenty-three men arrived at the mouth of the river Lena in September. The other boat has not been heard of yet. The men suffered great hardships and were terribly frost-bitten. Assistance has been sent to them by the Russian authorities.

—A recent Washington dispatch gives the following item: "Mr. Scoville has received a postal card, dated Mauch Chunk, Pa., signed "Dale, ex-Mollie" containing a warning of an intended attempt on Guiteau's life by members of the "Molie Maguire Order." "Dale, the ex-Mollie," must be very badly in want of a little cheap notoriety—but this is thin—actually gauzy. Guiteau is in the hands of the law, and will surely get just punishment for his crime. There let the matter rest.

—What an uncommon silence concerning the Presidency in 1884 pervades the Democratic camp! It is more than a month since Hancock or any one else has been nominated on that side. Whoop 'em up boys! How would Wade Hampton and William H. English do for a ticket?—Coal Gazette.

And on the Republican side General Longstreet and General Mosby, of Guerilla fame? They would make a pretty pair of pets, eh?

—Benjamin Harris Brewster was Monday confirmed as Attorney General of the United States, and J. C. Bancoft Davis as Assistant Secretary of State, both by unanimous vote of the Senate. The President signed the commission of Mr. Davis, who has entered upon the duties of his office.

WASHINGTON.

[FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 19, 1881.

Under the rules of the House of Representatives Monday is the day on which the States are called, during the morning hour, and Members from the States reached in order before the time expires have an opportunity to present any bills, resolutions, or petitions they may have prepared. Sometimes they come in so thick and fast that the hour is consumed before the States have been half called, and on the following Monday the call is resumed where it left off before. To introduce matters of this nature on any other day requires unanimous consent or suspension of the rules by a two-thirds vote. From this practice, Monday has come to be called "bill day," and it is the day on which most of the sensations and "field exercises" occur; because, if a member has anything of a red-hot nature to offer, for which he has at all other times been unable to catch that treacherous thing, the "Speaker's eye," he can, if his State is reached, shoot it off on Monday in spite of all opposition. This much by way of introduction to "a few feeble remarks" about bills and things.

Thousands of bills are introduced in every Congress which ought not to be, and which accomplish nothing except to take up time, cumber the records, and clog the Committees. Over six thousand bills were dumped into the hopper of the last Congress, yet not one out of a hundred of them were or ever will be heard of again. Already the sluice-gates have opened in the present Congress, and the flood of measures will continue to flow in every Monday down to the very last week of the session. In the Senate alone, 250 bills were introduced in less than a week after Congress assembled. One Senator alone offered thirty-three bills. In the whole batch there are scarcely a score that can be said to have any public interest. And so it always is. A large majority of the bills offered in every Congress either relate to some trifling, impractical matter, or to some small private grievance which the Court of Claims was especially created to consider. The vanity and ridiculousness of all this might be overlooked if it were not for its injurious effect, first, in preventing the consideration of necessary business, and second, in occasionally facilitating the passage of highly objectionable measures. All the important measures demanding action by Congress at the present time can be told off on the fingers of one hand, and, as Senator Edmunds recently said, adjournment might be reached by the middle of May; but between idle measures and idle Congressmen we shall find that it will be nearer August.

None of the new members attract more attention in Washington than the preacher Congressman from Brooklyn, Rev. J. Hyatt Smith. In personal appearance he is not remarkable, the most striking feature being the short, cork-screw curls in which his hair is worn. But he appears to be a very active man. Besides his Congressional duties he has already been both lecturing and preaching here, with plenty of hearers all of whom express themselves pleased. That is more than some of his constituents appear to be, for several of the labor organizations who contributed to his election as an Independent have been telegraphing their indignation at his course in entering the Republican camp. The good-natured political divine however, expresses the opinion that he knew on which side his bread was buttered when he located himself near the loaves and fishes. That he did not mean to "get left" is evidenced in the fact that Mr. Randall held his pledge to vote with the Democrats if his vote would elect, and the Greenbackers say they had his agreement in writing to act with them; while, as a matter of fact, he went into the Republican caucus.

The never-ending Indian question is coming up in Congress shortly. There are fresh reports of scandalous mismanagement in Arizona and New Mexico resulting in wholesale murders of settlers and miners. Though the President in his Message speaks encouragingly of the results of our present Indian policy, there are many people, knowing from experience something about the subject, who expect to see peace on the frontier only when we have done with thieving traders and agents, and when Indians are made to take care of themselves like other citizens. The feeling of the people in the Western Territories, who see Indian assassins cherished at the agencies, when they come in red-handed to get supplies for a new raid on helpless farmers and their wives and children, can be appreciated when the facts are understood. It is a miserable white man in Arizona who says:—

I want to be an Injun,
A warrior of the plains;
I want to wield a tomahawk
And scoop out people's brains.
I long to build a fire
On a human being's breast,
And watch him writhe in agony
With gentle savage zest.
* * * * * *
I want to be an Injun,
A Modoc or a Ute:
I'm tired of being a white man,
An unprotected brute.

Congress ought at least to see to it that a miner or a farmer in a Western Territory has the same rights to "life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness" with an Indian.

DOM PEDRO.

For the CARBON ADVOCATE:

SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

—A single seed is said to have produced a plant, bearing 12,780 grains of corn. At this rate, it has been computed that the product of a single seed of corn would amount to sufficient in eight years to supply the entire human race with bread for a year and a half.

—The experiments made by M. Bouchut with pepsine as an agent for destroying worms in the stomach and bowels, have been repeated with very favorable results. Even the tape worm succumbs to the digestive action of pepsine in large doses, while the more highly organized tissues of the stomach remain unaffected.

—In the opinion of Dr. Herz, the telephone is not to remain a single apparatus varied only in form, but must be modified according to the purposes for which it is to be used. He believes that a telephone for long distances must differ from a city apparatus, and that an instrument for transmitting song cannot well be used for conversational purposes. He is endeavoring to put this theory into practice by adapting telephones to these different applications, and thus creating distinct types of the instrument. His special object has been, however, to extend the range of the telephone by forming an instrument better suited to long distances, and it is claimed that a considerable degree of success has attended his efforts.

—The action of gunpowder, when fired, has been studied by a number of scientific men of eminence, during the past century and a half. Their opinions have varied greatly as to the force of the explosion. Recent estimates, as given by Prof. Abel, F. R. S., rate the pressure developed by the explosion at forty-two tons per square inch—the powder being fired in a space equal to its own bulk. In the early part of the eighteenth century, Robins, an eminent English mathematician, believed that the pressure could not be more than seventy pounds to the square inch; but experiments, in 1843, led him to change his figures to six and a half tons per square inch! Count Rumford, one of the greatest of American scientists, made gunnery a special study, and from his experiments concluded that the pressure must reach six hundred and sixty-two tons to the square inch! Other estimates have been made, varying from ten to a hundred and fifty tons to the square inch.

—A curious physical phenomenon is endosmose, which is the inward motion of a fluid, through a membraneous or porous substance, into a vessel containing a different fluid. This principle has been industrially applied to the treatment of molasses, and in certain processes of tanning, while it may serve to concentrate alcohol in membranous reservoirs. It is believed that it may some day be largely employed in concentrating useful principles diffused through large quantities of other substances or products, in removing injurious matter, etc. To encourage advance in this direction the French Society for the Encouragement of National Industry proposes to award a prize of one thousand francs, in 1882, for an industrial application of endosmose.

—The effort of Prof. Bell to locate the ball in President Garfield's body by means of an electric induction balance is fresh in the memory of all. Another plan for detecting metallic substances in the human body has been submitted by Prof. Bell to the French Academy of Sciences. The method is, as follows: A fine needle is inserted near where the ball (or other piece of metal) is supposed to be. This needle is connected by wire with one terminal of a telephone, while a metallic plate laid on the skin is connected with the other terminal. When the point of the needle reaches the ball, an electric current is set up between that and the metallic plate, producing a sound in the telephone. The needle may be inserted in several places with little pain, and the pain may be prevented entirely by means of ether spray. To test the method a ball was placed in a piece of beef, when it was proven that contact of the needle with a piece of bone produced no sound in the telephone, while a very distinct sound was heard when ever the ball was reached.

—Deaf and dumb people may be taught to speak with greater or less facility; and M. Felix Hement has lately noticed the fact that the individuals thus taught acquire the particular accent of their native province. Being deaf, this accent cannot have been acquired by imitation, and it is, therefore, inferred that such peculiarities of speech are due to an arrangement of the vocal organs varying with each race.

—According to Prof. Young, the total quantity of light emitted by the sun is equal to 6,300,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 candles. Such an array of figures, however, seems meaningless, so faint is our conception of the number.

CONGRESSIONAL SUMMARY.

In the Senate, Thursday, Mr. Sherman, from the Finance Committee, reported, with an amendment, his bill for the issue of three per cent. bonds. He gave notice that he would ask its consideration immediately after the holidays. Several bills were introduced and referred. The Woman Suffrage Committee resolution was considered, but not acted upon. The Presidential Succession bill was discussed. Messages were received from the President in relation to granting certain railways the right of way through the Choctaw lands in the Indian Territory; also, transmitting Secretary Blaine's letter touching a modification of the Clayton Bulwer Treaty. Mr. Brown, from the Committee on Territories, reported a bill ratifying the act of the Choctaw Council giving the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad the right of way across their lands in the Indian Territory. It was placed on the calendar.

In the Senate, Friday, Mr. Hoar's resolution for a Special Committee on Woman's Rights was discussed. After a speech by Mr. Voorhees on financial matters the Senate went into Executive session and subsequently adjourned.

In the House, Mr. Robinson, rising to a question of privilege, desired to offer a resolution disapproving the salute given at Yorktown to the British flag, and directing the Secretary of State to report whether persons claiming to be American citizens are confined in British prison, etc. The Speaker decided that the resolution was not in order, and it was not received. The call of States for bills and resolutions was resumed, but not finished, only thirteen additional States being got through with. These States, however, contributed 587 bills in addition to those introduced on Tuesday. The death of Mr. O'Conner, of South Carolina, was formally announced, and the House adjourned until Monday.

In the Senate, Monday, a number of bills were introduced and referred, and Mr. Hoar's resolution for a Special Committee on Women's Rights was discussed. The Presidential Succession matter was considered, and the pending resolutions instructing the Judiciary Committee to report on the subject were referred to the Committee.

In the House, the Senate bill giving the franking privilege to the widow of President Garfield was passed. Mr. Deuster, of Wisconsin, appeared and was sworn in. Under the call of States 500 additional bills were introduced. A resolution was adopted for the appointment of a special Committee on Public Health. Mr. Kasson moved to suspend the rules and adopt a resolution for the reappointment of the Inter-Oceanic Canal Committee. After some debate, no quorum voted on the motion, and the resolution was referred to the Committee on Rules.

In the Senate Tuesday the bill to release the Reading Railroad from payment of certain taxes was reported favorably and placed on the calendar. A number of new bills were introduced and reported. The House resolution for a holiday recess from 21st until the 5th of January was concurred in. The Hoar resolution for a Woman's Rights Committee was discussed.

In the Senate, Wednesday, after debate, a resolution was adopted asking the Secretary of the Treasury to furnish information regarding the present rates of tariff duties in France and Germany on products of the United States. Another resolution, offered by Mr. Hoar, was also adopted, asking information in regard to the wages paid operatives in those countries. Mr. Call explained his Homestead bill. The Garfield Memorial resolutions were received from the House and concurred in. After an executive session the Senate adjourned until January 5th.

In the House, Mr. McKinley, of Ohio, from the Memorial Committee, reported resolutions providing for the assembling of both Houses of Congress at a time to be fixed by the Joint Committee, to listen to an address by ex Secretary Blaine, and requesting the presiding officers of the Senate and House to invite the President and ex-Presidents of the United States, Heads of Departments, Justices, Foreign Ministers, Governors of States, and Army and Navy Officers to attend; also, conveying to Mrs. Garfield the profound sympathy and condolence of Congress. The resolutions were unanimously adopted. The Speaker then announced the Standing and Select Committees. A message was received from the President recommending a further appropriation of $550,000 for the payment of the expenses of the census. A petition of P. D. Ball, as delegate from Alaska, was referred. A resolution was adopted asking information of the Secretary of the Navy in regard to coaling stations on the Isthmus of Panama. Mr. Robinson, of New York, offered his resolution of inquiry in reference to arrests of persons claiming to be American citizens in Great Britain. The House adjourned until January 5th.

John Cain, of Hickory township, Lawrence county, was killed by cars on Friday of last week.

Trinity Methodist Church at Oil City, was burned down on Sunday. Loss, $15,000; fully insured.

Thomas Sloan was accidentally killed in the Westinghouse Air-break Works at Pittsburg on Friday.

The cigar factory of John Groman, at Trumbaursville, Bucks county, was burned down on Friday. Fully insured.

William Cottonham, of Mount Pleasant, York county, aged 50 years, committed suicide last week by shooting. Fear of losing some money in litigation was the cause of the act.

Mr. Charles Scouten, of Burlington, Bradford county, was mistaken for a deer by a companion a few days ago while hunting in Sullivan county and shot through the body. It is thought he will not recover.

William M. Cairns, of Stahlstown, Westmoreland county, and May Bell, of Greensburg, in the same county, were clandestinely married at Johnstown on Thursday of last week. They started for the home of the husband the same afternoon, changing cars at Latrobe, where the young lady was run over by a train and cut in pieces, during the temporary absence of her husband. The latter has become a raving maniac.

The State Grange adjourned at Williamsport Friday after electing a steward and an Executive Committee and appropriating $1000 to keep lecturers in the field during the coming winter.

Elegance and Purity.

Ladies who appreciate elegance and purity are using Parker's Hair Balsam. It is the best article sold for restoring gray hair to its original color, beauty and lustre.

New Advertisements.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF LEHIGHTON.

The Annual Election of Seven Directors of this Bank, will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, JANUARY 10th 1882, between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock P. M.

W. W. BOWMAN, Cashier.

Lehighton, Dec. 21, 1881 w3.

AGENTS wanted to sell Edison's Musical Telephone and Edison's Instantaneous Piano and Organ Music. Enclose stamp for catalogue and terms.

EDISON MUSIC CO., Philadelphia, Pa. dec. 24-m6.

Applicants for License.

List of applicants for Tavern, Restaurant and Liquor Store Licenses at January Term of Court, 1882:

TAVERNS.

Lewis Armbruster, 1st ward Mauch Chunk
Nathan Klotz, " " "
Jackson Biege, " " "
Joseph Smidt, " " "
George Woodring, 2d ward " "
Thomas Mantz, Lehighton Borough
Jonas A. Hom, " "
Catharine Esch, " "
F. E. Miller, " "
Philip Rader, East Mauch Chunk
Michael Natter, East Mauch Chunk
Henry Trapp, Weissport Borough
James McKenna, Lansford Borough
James McGinty, " "
Francis Early, " "
Francis McKenna, " "
David M. Williams, " "
George Boyle, " "
George A. Keiser, Weatherly Borough
Levi Hartz, " "
J. R. Purcell, " "
Henry Shafer, " "
Casper Meiser, " "
Leopold Meyer, Packerton
J. T. McDonough, Mahoning Township.
Thomas Watkins, Nesquehoning
Patrick Dermott, "
Jacob Buss, "
John F. Bleckley, Lehigh Township
Elias Fritz, Mauch Chunk Township
Jas. Sweeney, " " "
Amandus Bachman, " "
James McGinty, Lausanne Township
Mrs. Mary McGill, Rockport
Frederick Wissler, Lower Towamensing
Lewis Graeff, " "
S. H. Anthony, " "
Aaron Strohl, " "
William Snyder, Towamensing Township
Nathan Stemler, " "
Timothy Dugan, Summit Hill.
David Beltz, Franklin Township.

RESTAURANTS.

R. B. Wildoss, Lehighton Borough.
Wilson A. Peters, " "
A. K. Miller, " "
Peter Bush, East Mauch Chunk Borough.
Jacob Straunsberger, Weissport Borough.
Patrick McKenna, Lansford Borough.
Peter Jones, Towamensing Township.
William Victor, Packer Township.
Enos Koch, Penn Forest Township.

LIQUOR STORES.

Mary Brogan, Bank Township.
Francis McKenna, Lansford Borough.
Catharine Sharkey, 1st ward, Mauch Chunk.
Catharine Maller, Summit Hill.
Mary Campbell, Lansford Borough.
John A. Quinn, S. P. Jenkins, East Mauch Chunk.

GEO. W. ESSER, Prothonotary.

Dec. 24, 1881.

New Advertisements.

A Beatty's Pianofortes—Magnificent holiday presents; square grand pianofortes, four very handsome round corners rosewood cases, three unisons, Beatty's matchless iron framed, stool, book, cover, boxed: $222 75 to $297 50; catalogue prices, $800 to $1000; satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded after one year's use; upright pianofortes, $13 to $238; catalogue prices, $500 to $850; standard pianofortes of the universe, as thousands testify; write for mammoth list of testimonials; Beatty's cabinet organs, cathedral, church, chapel, parlor, $30 upward; visitors welcome; free carriage meets trains; Illustrated catalogue (holiday edition) free. Address or call upon DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, New Jersey. dec24-w4

$777 A YEAR and expenses to agents. Outfit free. Address P. O. VICKERY, AUGUSTA, ME.

Watches and Jewelry For the Holidays!

D. S. BOCK

Respectfully announces to the people of Lehighton and vicinity, that he has just commenced business in Obert's Building, BANK Street, Lehighton, Pa., with an entirely new and elegant assortment of

WATCHES,
CLOCKS,
JEWELRY,
SILVER and PLATED WARE,

&c., which he will dispose of at Low Prices.

REPAIRING

Of every description at reasonable charges, and all work and goods warranted to be just as represented. ☞A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

D. S. BOCK.

4-y Obert's Building, Lehighton, Pa.

W. H. DOOLITTLE, S. H. WARNER R. McMEES. (Late Assistant Com'r of Patents.)

IN MEMORIAM The life and public services of the Nation's Hero. By Major Bundy. Complete to date. Written at Mentor by invitation under the direction of Mr. Garfield. Contains 32 steel portraits of Garfield, faithful portraits of mother, wife and children; also numerous fine engravings; 48 confidential letters covering and explaining his whole career; ten original testimonial letters from Williams College classmates; extracts from important speeches and writings; endorsement by Col Rockwell and the President in every book. Agents positively making $10 daily. AGENTS WANTED everywhere. ☞Send $1 for terms and outfit, including copy of book. Address INDEPENDENT PUBLISHING CO., 907 Arch St., Philadelphia. dec. 17-4t.

B. H. WARNER & CO., Attorneys at Law, WARNER BUILDING, WASHINGTON, D. C. Attention given to Patent and Mining cases, Lands, Pensions, Bounties, and Government claims. Attention prompt, charges moderate. Address with a amp. Refer to Members of Congress and the Heads of Government Departments. dec. 10, 1881 e

SOMETHING NEW FOR AGENTS.

RAMBLES THROUGH OUR COUNTRY.

A new, fascinating and exceedingly instructive Geographical Game, that entertains both old and young.

Agents Wanted, Ladies or Gentlemen.

Now is the time to take orders for Christmas Delivery. Send for description and liberal terms. Address F. C. BLISS & CO., 454 Broad St., Newark, N. J. 2-4

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE, &c.

The undersigned will sell at Public Sale, on the premises in FRANKLIN Twp., Carbon County, Pa., on

Saturday, December 31, 1881,

at ONE o'clock P. M., all that certain Tract or Piece of LAND, situate in Franklin township aforesaid, bounded by lands of Messrs. Solt, Dreisbach, Dreher and others, and known as "The Old Solt Farm," containing

FORTY-FOUR ACRES,

more or less, all cleared and under a good state of cultivation. The improvements are a two-story Frame DWELLING HOUSE with Kitchen attached, large Bank Barn and all necessary outbuildings.

ALSO, at the same time, the following Personal Property, viz: 1 HORSE, 4 COWS, one 2-horse wagon, one 2-horse Bob-Sled, set of Hay Ladders, Windmill, Plow, Harrow, Cultivator, lot of Hay, Straw, Wheat, Oats, Rye and other articles too numerous to mention. Terms will be made known at the time and place of sale, by

MRS. M. CULTON.

Weissport, Pa., Dec. 10-ts

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. SAMUEL S. DREHER, President of the XLIId Judicial District, composed of Monroe and Carbon counties, and Chas. Meckesen and R. Leonard, Esqs., Judges of Common Pleas of Carbon county, and by virtue of their offices, Justices of the Orphans' Court, Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, and the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace of said county of Carbon, have issued their precept to me, bearing date of Oct. 21st, 1881, for holding Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Common Pleas, and Court of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, and Orphans' Court, for the purpose of trying issues in criminal cases, and the transacting of other business of said Courts, at the Court House, in the Borough of Mauch Chunk, on MONDAY, the 9th day of JANUARY, 1882, to continue two weeks.

NOTICE

Is therefore hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, and the Constables of the said County of Carbon, that they may be then and there at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of the said day, with their rolls, records, inquisitions and remembrances, to do those things which to their offices are appertaining, and also those that are bound by recognizance to prosecute and give evidence against persons charged with the commission of offenses, to prosecute as shall be just.

Given under my hand at Mauch Chunk, in said County, December 2nd, 1881.

God save the Commonwealth.

THOMAS KOONS, Sheriff.

Mauch Chunk, Dec. 10 1881-tc.

IF YOU Get CURED QUICKLY, Get A 25 cent Bottle of Sires' Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry and Hoarhound.

For sale by Druggists generally throughout the country. dec10 y1*

ESTATE NOTICE.

Estate of WILLIAM WAGNER, late of Plymouth twp., Montgomery county, Pa., dec'd.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters of Administration upon said Estate have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same may present them, duly authenticated, for settlement, to

PAUL WAGNER, Conshohocken, Pa., or to L. S. WILLS, Lehighton, Carbon county, Pa.

Dec. 3, 1881-w6 Administrators.

Just received, a Lot of the FINEST SHAWLS Ever exhibited in this Borough. Will say that I have Bought them at the Lowest Cash figures and will sell them very close; also, a good assortment of

BOOTS! BOOTS!! BOOTS!!!

AT CASH PRICES, and a LARGE Stock of all Classes of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS at WINTERMUTE'S BOTTOM PRICE STORE.

Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. No trouble, but a pleasure to show goods.

HEAR YE DEAF! Garmore's Artificial Ear Drums. As heard and used by him perfectly restoring the hearing and curing deafness. Are worn by hearers with them, even whisperers distinctly. Are not observable, and recommended by all who use them. Sent on trial. CAUTION: Do not be deceived by humbug ear drums. Mine is the only successful artificial ear Drum manufactured. John Garmore, S. W. Cor. 4th & Race Sts., Cincinnati, O.

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April 26, 1879 y1

Notice to Tax Collectors.

The County Commissioners will be in Session for the Last Two Weeks in December, commencing on MONDAY, the 19th day of DECEMBER, 1881, to dispose of Exonerations to Tax Collectors.

By order of the Commissioners.

H. E. SWARTZ, Clerk.

Dec. 3, 1881-w3

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF CLOTHING, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, or, Gents' Furnishing Goods GO TO CLAUSS & BROTHER THE POPULAR Merchant Tailors, Bank Street, Lehighton. PRICES VERY LOW FOR CASH. The public patronage solicited. july1-tf

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VALENTINE SCHWARTZ,

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Parlor Sets at from ..... $50 to $60
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