The Carbon Advocate.

H. V. MORTHIMER, ... EDITOR

LEHIGHTON, PA.:

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1881.

Democratic Ticket.

STATE.

STATE TREASURER,

ORANGE NOBLE, of Erie.

JUDICIARY.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE,

HARRY E PACKER, of Mauch Chunk.

COUNTY.

TREASURER,

SAMUEL RICKERT, of Summit Hill.

REGISTER AND RECORDER,

Capt. HENRY E. SWARTZ, of Kidder.

COMMISSIONERS,

JOHN J. GALLAGHER, of Banks,

E. SENSINGER, of Franklin.

AUDITORS,

SAMUEL ZEIGENFUSS, of Lower Towamensing.

J. W. HUNTER, of Weatherly.

WHAT CAN THEY DO WITH HIM?

The puzzling problem with which the Garfield Administration had to contend, was what to do with Roscoe Conkling and his following. The problem which confronts the Arthur Administration is what to do with James G. Blaine and his following.

In the former case Blaine saw but one solution. It was to fight the third term ers at every point; to deprive them of power and influence and leave them without a vestige of political patronage. To do this the famous treaty of Mentor by which Conkling, Grant and their coterie, were won to the support of Garfield was ignored. It was a gross violation of honor, but Blaine seemed to act as if the end justified the means. Every compact was rudely violated, every pledge broken; the New York Custom House citadel was seized by the appointment of Robertson; Conkling and Platt were driven from the Senate and the spoils of Government, together with the blandishments of the railroad lobby were used to induce the Legislature to refuse them a re-election and to return two more pliable and serviceable men instead. The plan was comprehensive and for a time successful. It was in fact a reversal of the Stalwart machine doctrine, turned against its originators.

The bullet of an assassin has completely changed the conditions. The warm friend and long time enthusiastic supporter of Conkling, is now the head of the Nation, and that is equal to, if not superior to that held by Mr. Blaine under the Garfield regime. Will war be made upon Mr. Blaine in retaliation? At the outset some thought it would be, but with the lapse of time it gradually dawns upon the minds of the people that the policy of the President is to conciliate and not to antagonize. No one knows better than himself that the course of his predecessor in permitting party differences to be pushed to an extreme was subversive of all chances of success in political contests.

President Arthur recognizes the great strength of Mr. Blaine. He appreciates the fact that he is the recognized leader of the anti-third-term host and that he cannot be ruthlessly cast aside or ridden over. He is also the acknowledged survivor of the Garfield-Blaine partnership and entitled to conduct business at the old stand without let or hinderance. He has all the Garfield sentiment on his side and it is indeed powerful. It elected Foster in Ohio, and it will defeat Baily in this State, and it is what gives a semblance of vitality to the "Half-Breed" party in New York. Whatever of Garfield survives in a political sense survives in Blaine.

It has been suspected that President Arthur desires to retain Mr. Blaine in the Cabinet just long enough to lose him the respect and confidence of the Garfield men and cause him to be suspected of yielding to the third-term plot. If he could do this of course his political destruction would be easy enough. But he cannot be incontinently bounced and subjected to the whims and caprices of political enemies, for when Blaine shall be provoked to warfare on Arthur's Administration, the result will be vastly different from that of the conflict between the Garfield Administration and Senator Conkling.

YOU CAN'T AFFORD IT.

We call the special attention of the Democratic voters of Carbon county to the desperate efforts the Republican leaders are making to get control of the Commissioners' office. Under the new Constitution three Commissioners are to be elected this fall, but only two can be voted for by any one voter. Each ballot will therefore have two names upon it for that office. Each of the Republican candidates for Commissioner is soliciting votes of Democrats on the plea that it will make no difference in the general result—that two Democrats and one Republican are sure to be elected. We trust no Democrat will be induced to vote for either of the Republican candidates for Commissioner on this specious plea, for unless we elect BOTH OUR CANDIDATES the Republicans will get control of the Commissioners' office, and will have the dispensing of all the county patronage. Democrats must not lose sight of this important matter if they wish to maintain their ascendency in the county. The Republicans will elect one Commissioner in any event, and if their candidates should get enough COMPLIMENTARY VOTES from Democrats under the plea that it will not change the complexion of the board—the second Republican might chance to slip in and give the Republicans control of the Commissioners' office. LET DEMOCRATS STICK TO THEIR NOMINEES. They can't afford to throw away their votes, since both Messrs. Gallagher and Sensinger are honest and competent men, the equals in every respect of their Republican competitors.

—The inventive genius of the Yankee is great, but it remained for a Connecticut man to outdo himself and go a step beyond the wooden nutmeg. His new invention is an imitation of the nickel five-cent piece in paste board. He made them as an innocent diversion, he claimed, but quite a number of Cincinnatians have been dropping them into the bob-tail car boxes in lieu of the regular coin. The Cincinnati man has been suppressed.

—Wednesday, being the 100th anniversary of the surrender of Cornwallas, was the principal day of the celebration at Yorktown. The exercises at the grand stand consisted of prayer by Bishop Harris; addresses by President Arthur, M. Max Outrey, the Marquis de Rochambeau, and Baron Steuben; an oration by Hon. Robert C. Winthrop, the reading of a Centennial poem by James Baron Hope, of Virginia, and the singing of a Centennial Ode, the Star Spangled Banner, etc. After the ceremonies there was a public reception in Lafayette Hall. During the exercises an order was read by Secretary Blaine, directing in recognition of the friendly feeling between Great Britain and the United States, that at the close of the commemorative ceremonies the British flag "shall be saluted by the forces of the army and navy of the United States now at Yorktown."

—There is despotic coercion in Ireland. The threat made by Mr. Forster, Chief Secretary for Ireland, that Mr. Parnell would soon be "kicking his heels in Kilmainham jail," has been carried out. Troops with loaded guns have been despatched to various parts of the island, and war vessels have been ordered to the Irish coast. The charge against the prisoner is obstruction to the Land bill by inciting resistance to it. Other arrests will soon follow, for Forster is not a man to recede from coercion, and he is bitter, determined and relentless. There will perhaps be a bloody issue made at once, and no one can forecast the end.

—Stalwart journals are exulting over the proposed investigation into ex-Secretary Sherman's administration of the Treasury department. Keep it up, gentlemen, and while you are about it, give us a full report of Sherman's investigation into Collector Arthur's short comings at the Custom House. We might as well have both sides of the story, and the public would really like to know how much rascality there has been under Republican rule.

—Harleman during his term as a Commissioner spent some $17,000 on the bridges of the county, and yet left them in such a condition that travel over them was dangerous in the extreme. Gallagher has spent $13,000 LESS, and there is no county in the State has better or more substantial structures than we now have. Vote for Gallagher and Sensinger.

—The Rev. Henry Ward Beecher accompanied the Thirteenth New York Regiment to Yorktown, and attracted more attention than all the visiting Governors, distinguished foreigners and military men combined. Henry Ward Beecher is a drawing card, and would prove the "boss" curiosity for the side show of a circus.

—There are human vultures standing around ready to swoop down on the unfortunate. About the most depraved specimens of these foul creatures, were the despicable wretches who went to Michigan, and sought to buy, upon their own terms, tracts of the burnt district, from the poverty stricken owners.

—When Gallagher went into the Commissioners' office the county had a debt of $40,000, after serving a term of three years, and putting the county bridges and buildings in better condition than they have ever been before, he leaves the county out of debt; and yet they claim that he has not been economical. What then? Gallagher is honest and capable, vote for him!

—President Arthur does not go about the work of forming a new Cabinet as briskly as some thought he might. The truth is he finds it difficult to find the right sort of intellectual material. The men whom he would like to have for his advisers are not inclined to accept the responsibility.

—Five hundred women on a strike is a rare spectacle. It could have been seen on Tuesday in a Jersey City Tobacco factory, where all the girls refused to work unless their foreman, a good looking young fellow who had been discharged, was reinstated.

—The temperance men claim that they will only support temperance men for office. John J. Gallagher, the Democratic nominee for County Commissioner is a teetotaler. Why not vote for him? He has been tried and not found wanting.

—The puny pusillanimous Mahone, of Virginia, has been denounced as a liar and coward, but the bushwacking little brigadier didn't dare to take it up.

—Steward Garrison was found guilty of manslaughter at Easton, on Saturday. He killed Joseph Mann at Williamsburg, on the 4th of last July.

PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 18, 1881.

On the evening of the 12th inst., a most disasterous fire broke out in C. H. Landenberger's cotton and woolen mill, on Randolph street and Columbia avenue, by which eight persons were burnt to death or killed by leaping from the third and fourth floors, to the pavement below, and about fifteen were injured, from which some are not expected to recover. The scene was appalling and beggared description, as the girls and women stood at the windows, wild and frantic, imploring for help. "God help me?" "Jesus have mercy on me!" "Oh! father!" "Oh! mother!" were the pitiful cries that greeted the panic stricken crowd below. As the flames came licking up the stairway, and as the fiery tongues began to lash around the five-story building, the horrors became great, the wild staring figures of those incarcerated in the fire prison were fearful to behold. In a short time after the fire was discovered, the fire had almost finished its heartrending work on the poor victims. The loss is about $50,000, covered by insurance. The community is greatly agitated on account of there being no means for escape. Mill owners are required to have the necessary fire-escapes put up on the out side of the building, but this mill had not a single escape. There are several mills belonging to Mr. Harvey, owner of the burnt mill, and none are with a safety against fire. He is strongly censured, and intimations are that a suit for damages will be entered against him.

Washington Butcher's Sons, an old and well known wholesale provision house, has suspended business with $1,000,000 liabilities. This house was founded in 1760, by John Butcher, and gradually arose, after encountering several reverses and two fires, until it was one of the largest provision houses in America, having a house in Antroop, and a branch house in Chicago. Their reputation stood high, and when the announcement became public, it fell on the people like thunder on a clear day. The cause of the failure is attributed to a departure from their legitimate business, to transact grain and provision brokerage, and speculation in the Chicago exchanges.

The elevated railroad project is daily meeting with encouragement. An opposition party held a meeting, but the attendance was very slim and spiritless. It is to be a purely Philadelphia concern, and prominent men like John Wanamaker, Amos R. Little, Jos. R. Altemus, Thomas Dolan, James A. Wright and others are at the head of it. It is to start at Darby, run along Market street, around the Public Buildings, (Temple of Justice,) thence down to the Delaware river. The fair will be only five cents.

Electric lights are becoming popular, notwithstanding the report that they are unsafe, as the cause of the late fire is attributed to a defect in the electric light. Wanamaker's Grand Depot and Sharpless and Sons' Dry Goods House, the Continental and Grand Hotels, all have them in use. Chestnut street, from the Schuylkill to the Delaware, is to be illuminated with electricity. On Friday evening the machine shops of the Baldwin locomotive works was lit up with Edison's electric lamps, giving satisfaction.

C. D. R.

WASHINGTON.

[FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15, 1881.

It seems so certain that the President will not send in any Cabinet nominations until after the Yorktown celebration, whatever may have been his desire at first, and the gossip on this subject has decidedly decreased. Many go so far now as to say that no Cabinet nominations will be sent in until December. This would seem plausible were it not that Attorney General MacVeagh still insists on leaving the Cabinet. He has everything packed up ready to go, and had intended to leave to-morrow. The case of Postmaster General James can be much more easily settled. President Arthur, it is well known, desires above all things to give the Secretaryship of the Treasury to New York, but cannot do it while Mr. James retains his place, of which the President is also desirous. He has surmounted this difficulty by urgently requesting Windom to remain in the Cabinet until December. This Mr. Windom will probably accede to, for the Minnesota Legislature cannot elect him until a week from Tuesday, by which time the Senate will doubtless be adjourned. He can therefore retain the Treasury portfolio until he takes his seat in the Senate, next December, and thus render it possible for James also to remain. It is stated as a certainty that, in addition to Frelinghuysen as Secretary of State, and Lincoln as Secretary of War, ex Senator Home, of Wisconsin, will also be in the Cabinet, but in what capacity is not yet determined.

There was no excitement in the Senate yesterday, though the results of the session of an hour and a half were of importance. Judge David Davis, Senator from Illinois, was elected President *pro tempore* of the Senate, in place of Senator Bayard, by two majority, all the Republicans and Mahone voting for Senator Davis, and Messrs. Davis and Bayard not voting. Previous thereto, Senator Edmunds's resolution, that the committees of last session be continued, the vacancies to be filled by the President *pro tempore*, was adopted by two majority, the Republicans, Davis and Mahone voting aye and the Democrats no. The vacancies will be filled by those selected in Republican caucus. An amendment of Senator Garland, restricting the organization of committees to twelve principal ones, which he named, was rejected by the same vote, reversed. Senator Davis on taking the chair reiterated his independence of all political parties. President Arthur sent in several nominations, all being those made during the recess by President Garfield, which in executive session were referred to committees. The other business consisted of the passage of one resolution, and the introduction of a few others not of general importance. The Democrats accept their defeat very cooly, taking the ground that as seven on the Electoral Commission could not beat eight, Democratic Senators numbering thirty-seven only are not able to overcome thirty-seven Republicans, one assistant Republican and one Independent.

Nothing definite is known as to the exact time when Guiteau, the assassin, will be arraigned, but the general opinion is that the event will take place on Monday next. District Attorney Corkhill says that the arraignment will certainly be made on or before Wednesday next. The assassin's condition is unchanged, save that his nervousness hourly increases.

Statements are going out concerning army changes soon to be made, and it is true that several retirements and promotions are already booked. Gen. McDowell, Major-General, will be one of the first officers to be retired. He is over 62 years of age, and would have been retired in place of Gen. Ord, had it not been for his personal relations with the late President. Gen. Terry, who is a Brigadier, will, in all probability, be promoted to Major General, to fill the vacancy caused by McDowell's retirement. Gen. Terry is not a graduate of West Point. His promotion would be a compliment to the volunteer forces of the army during the late war. Quarter Master Gen. Meigs will be retired. Col. Rucker, of the department, who is father-in-law to General Sheridan, will be his first successor, as the programme now runs, but shortly after his appointment he will retire, to be succeeded by Col. Ingalls, who is the friend of ex-President Grant. This suggests a reference to the many changes in personal fortunes wrought by Guiteau's fatal bullet. Col Rockwell, Gen. Garfield's faithful friend, would have been made Quartermaster General had the late President survived. But his prospects with those of many others, Cabinet officers included, are now changed. It is alleged that the papers for Col. Rockwell's promotion were all made out in August, ready to present for the President's signature should an opportune moment occur, but Mr. Blaine—so the story goes—vetoed the project. After Gen. Garfield's death Mrs. Garfield wrote to President Arthur on behalf of Col. Rockwell. About the same time Gen. Grant also wrote, stating that he had long desired and now recommended the appointment of Col. Ingalls, and Ingalls will be appointed. In the medical department of the Army, Surgeon General Barnes will be retired and Col. Crane appointed to the place. Medical purveyor Baxter has been seeking this position for years and President Hayes desired to appoint him. Gen. Garfield also had the same purpose and did actually have the papers made out at one time.

AUGUST.

The Greenbackers of Adams county nominated a full local ticket on Saturday. Geo. Lavender, the nominee for Director of the Poor, is an intelligent colored man.

THE LAST AND ONLY SHOW FOR 1881!

LEHIGHTON, TUESDAY, OCT. 25

Five Golden Chariots, 40 Scarlet and Golden Dens, 24 Cages and Vans, Wild Indians, Wild Beasts Loose in the Streets, Beautiful Zebras, Egyptian Dromedaries, Racing Ships of the Desert, Bachtrian Camels, and Sacred Bulls.

THE GRAND ROYAL ENGLISH CIRCUS, MENAGERIE AND THE GREAT ASTLEY'S MUSEUM AQUARIUM &c.

COLOSSAL CONSOLIDATION OF BIG RAILROAD SHOWS.

☞ Three Times as Many Circus Riders; Three Times as Many Athletes; Three Times as Many Ladies and Children; Three Times as Many Natural and Mechanical Curiosities; Three Times as Many Men and Horses; Three Times the Largest Elephants; Five Times the Largest Caravansaries; Ten Times the Most Satisfaction; One Hundred Times More Grand than Ever Before—

Will be presented to the Public TWENTY COMPLETE EXHIBITIONS COMBINED, Startling Novelties never before seen. Two Circuses, Two Circus Rings, Two Full Sets of Star Performers, Grand Aquarium, Immense Menagerie, Perfect Aviary, Museum, Hippodrome, Colosseum. A Spectacle of Bewildering Extensiveness. The LIGHTNING BRILLIANT ELECTRIC LIGHT.

20 MONSTER WATERPROOF TENTS 20

Six Acres of Canvas-Canopied Tented Fields.

Containing the Ponderous, Magnificent, Mighty, Imposing and

Immense Shows Combined!

"Miss Mollie Brown is, without doubt, the most brilliant and daring horse-woman that ever tried the bare back of a flying steed."—San Francisco *Alta Californian.*

"The charming Mollie Brown's feats of somersaults, backward riding, and pirouettes, are not only *par excellence*, but the inimitable perfection of grace."—San Francisco *Bulletin.*

"Nothing seems too daring for Miss Mollie to undertake, or too difficult for her to accomplish. She is, in all respects, a most remarkable phenomenon. In her arduous role she has no superior." —San Francisco *Call.*

THE GRAND CIRCUS ROYAL, ENGLISH MENAGERIE, ASTLEY'S MUSEUM, &c. 9

THE METEOR FLIGHT!

The Most Thrilling, Blood-curdling and Marvelous Sensation of the Age we Live in!

SURPASSING ACTUAL BELIEF!

A HUMAN CANNON BALL!

A Young and Beautiful Woman verily placed inside a Monster Cannon

AND, SIMULTANEOUSLY WITH A TERRIFIC EXPLOSION,

IS SHOT THROUGH SPACE LIKE ELECTRICITY!

This Most Extraordinary and Magnificently Awful Feat Defies Description,

DEFIES THE POWER OF HUMAN TONGUE TO PORTRAY

And Challenges the Admiration and Wonder of the Two Hemispheres!

Madame Tuila, the Reigning Queen of Air!

After being placed in the Cannon, in view, unencumbered, a distance of 52 feet, in a trajectory, and hurled safely in the embrace of

PROF. WM. A. FOREPAUGH and MONS. RICARDO

Hair Raising! Blood Freezing! Nerve Thrilling!

The Wizards of the World Outdone! Scientists Paralyzed! Humanity Appalled!

No Other Show on the Face of the Earth can Compete in this Act!

Be Nervous, but a Man, Keep Calmer and Smoother Further. The press Great Feature that astonished the British public for two consecutive years, and which astonished all the theatres of the United States and Canada, of the United Kingdom.

SUBLIME BEYOND ALL POSSIBLE PARALLEL!

Stagnating the Brain with Positive Awe! Enchanting the Attention of All Mankind!

No Man, Woman or Child, within fifty miles of our course, should miss visiting this

MOST REMARKABLE AND INSPIRING PERFORMANCE

A FOUNTAIN of Real SPRING WATER

IN REALISTIC BEAUTY,

Spouting its Spray Through the Monster Tents!

Delightfully Cool and Refreshing!

In Warm and Dusty Weather—OUR VAST PAVILIONS ARE THEREBY FREED FROM DUST!

These ARTIFICIAL SPRINGS

AUTOMATONS & MUSICAL GENIUSES.

THIS GRAND SIGHT!

Should not be missed by anyone, as you may never have the opportunity offered again, therefore make up your parties in time and arrive in town in time to witness this

GRAND FREE SHOW!!!

All Railroads Run at Cheap Excursion Rates!

Two Performances Daily, at 1 and 7 P. M.

Our Admission is only the same as that charged by Inferior Exhibitions, as our Enormous Seating Capacity enables us to offer the public the

Usual Prices of Admission!

A $1'S Worth of GOODS FOR A DOLLAR!

New Goods,
Fine Goods,
Nice Goods,
Good Goods,
Medium Goods,
Neat Goods,
Cheap Goods,
Goods at Bottom Prices!

A LARGE Stock of all Classes of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

at WINTERMUTE'S

BOTTOM PRICE STORE.

Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. No trouble, but a pleasure to show goods.

LADIES FURNISHING Store!

W. P. LONG

Respectfully announces to the Ladies of Lehighton and vicinity, that he has just received another lot of GOODS for the Fall Trade, comprising

VELVETS, LACES, RIBBONS, NECKWEAR of every description, Zephers, Germantown and Saxony Wools, TRIMMING SILKS and SATINS of all Colors, Hamburg and Swiss Embroidery, and a variety of

FANCY GOODS,

Underwear, Hosiery and Felt Skirts.

Ladies Gossamers for $1.87 upwards.

LADIES JEWELRY A SPECIALTY.

A cordial invitation is extended to the Ladies to call and make an inspection for themselves. No trouble to show goods, and One Price to all.

DRESS MAKING!

In connection with the above, Mrs. W. P. LONG is prepared to Make Dresses according to Latest Styles at Reasonable Prices. Dress Trimmings of all kinds on hand.

Remember the place, Two Doors above Clauss & Bro's Clothing Store, BANK St., Lehighton, Pa. Oct 7-y1

EMPLOYMENT FOR ALL.

To Sell a Household Article.

THE poor as well as the rich, the old as well as the young, the wife, as well as the husband, the young maiden as well as the young man, the girl as well as the boy, may just as well earn a few dollars in honest employment, as to sit around the house and wait for others to earn it for them. We can give you employment, all the time, or during your spare hours only; traveling, or in your own neighborhood, among your friends and acquaintances. If you do not care for employment, we can impart valuable information to you free of cost. It will cost you only one cent for a postal card to write for our Prospectus and it may be the means of making you a good many dollars.

Do not neglect this opportunity. You do not have to invest a large sum of money, and run the risk of losing it. You will readily see that it will be an easy matter to make from $10 to $100, a week, and establish a lucrative, and independent business, honorable, straightforward and profitable. Attend to this matter NOW, for there is MONEY IN IT for all who engage with us. We will surprise you and you will wonder why you never wrote to us before. WE SEND FULL PARTICULARS FREE. Address BUCKEYE M'F'G CO., (Name this paper.) MARION, OHIO. Sept. 24.-m6.

EARS FOR THE MILLION!

Foo Choo's Balsam of Shark's Oil

POSITIVELY RESTORES THE HEARING, AND IS THE ONLY ABSOLUTE CURE FOR DEAFNESS KNOWN.

This Oil is extracted from a peculiar species of WHITE SHARK, caught in the Yellow Sea, known as *Carcharodon Rondeletii.* Every Chinese fisherman knows it. Its virtues as a restorative of hearing were discovered by a Buddist Priest about the year 1410. Its cures were so numerous and MANY SO REMINDLY MIRACULOUS, that the remedy was officially proclaimed over the entire Empire. Its use became so universal that for OVER 500 YEARS NO DEAFNESS HAS EXISTED AMONG THE CHINESE PEOPLE. Sent, charges prepaid, to any address at $1.00 per bottle.

Only Imported by HAYLOCK & CO., 7 DEY Street, New York.

Sole Agents for America.

Its virtues are unquestionable and its curative character absolute, as the writer can personally testify, both from experience and observation.

Among the many readers of the Review in one part and another of the country, it is probable that numbers are afflicted with deafness, and to such it may be said: "Write at once to Haylock & Co., 7 Dey street, New York, enclosing $1, and you will receive by return a remedy that will enable you to hear like anybody else, and whose curative effects will be permanent. You will never regret doing so." *Editor of Mercantile Review.* jy2-13we.

Central Carriage Works,

Bank St., Lehighton, Pa.,

Are prepared to Manufacture

Carriages, Buggies, Sleighs, Spring Wagon, &c.,

Of every description, in the most substantial manner, and at Lowest Cash Prices.

Repairing Promptly Attended to.

TREXLER & KREIDLER, April 30, 1879 y1 Proprietors.

Inventors

Should address EDSON BROS., Attorneys at Law and Patent Solicitors, 817 7th Street, Washington, D. C., for circulars of instruction, References and advice sent FREE. We attend exclusively to Patent business. Reissues, Interferences and cases rejected in other hands a specialty. Trade-Marks and Caveats solicited. Upon receipt of model or sketch and description we give our opinion as to patentability, FREE OF CHARGE. We refer to the Commissioner of Patents, also to ex-Commissioners. Established 1869. 31-eor

GENERAL

Election Proclamation

Pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act relating to elections in this Commonwealth," approved the 3d day of July, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine, and a further supplement to that act, approved January 30, 1874, I, THOMAS KOONS, Sheriff of the County of Carbon Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that an election will be held in the said County of Carbon, ON THE TUESDAY AFTER THE FIRST MONDAY IN NOVEMBER, being

THE EIGHTH OF NOVEMBER,

Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, at which time the following officers will be voted for:

One person for State Treasurer.

One person for Associate Judge.

One person for County Treasurer.

One person for Register and Recorder of Wills.

Three persons for County Commissioners.

Three persons for County Auditors.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the places of holding the aforesaid elections in the several townships of the said county will be respectively at the places hereinafter designated, to wit:

The freemen of the borough of Lehighton will hold their election at the public house of J. W. Rhodenbush, in said borough.

The freemen residing in that part of Banks township known as the Andenreid district will hold their election at the school house in Andenreid; the freemen residing in that part of Banks township known as the Beaver Meadow district, shall hold their election at the school house at Leviston, in said township.

The freemen of the township of East Penn will hold their election at the public house of Penrose George, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Lower Towamensing will hold their election at the public house of Lewis Graff, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Franklin will hold their election at the public house of Edward Reber, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Lausanne will hold their election at the female school house at Buck Mountain, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Lehigh will hold their election in the school house in Rockport, in said township.

The freemen of the borough of Weatherly will hold their election at the public house of O. Ketner, in said borough.

The freemen of the first ward of the borough of Mauch Chunk will hold their election at the public house of Nathan Klotz, in said borough.

The freemen of the second ward of the borough of Mauch Chunk will hold their election at the public house of Frederick Stahl, in said borough.

The freemen of East Mauch Chunk will hold their election at the public house of Christopher Curran, in said borough.

The freemen of the township of Mahoning will hold their election at the public house of J. Thompson McDanie, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Penn Forest will hold their election at the public house of Enos Koch, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Upper Towamensing will hold their election at the public house of John H. Weiss, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Packer will hold their election at the public house of Peter Harts, of said township.

The freemen of that part of the township of Mauch Chunk residing within the Summit Hill district will hold their election at the town hall in the village of Summit Hill.

The freemen of that part of the township of Mauch Chunk residing within the Nesquehoning district will hold their election at the public house of Patrick McKenna, in the village of Nesquehoning.

The freemen residing in that part of Kidder township known as the South district will hold their election at the public house of Paul Eckhard, in said township.

The freemen residing in that part of Kidder township known as the North district will hold their election in the school house at Bingenport, in said township.

The freemen of the borough of Parryville will hold their election at the public house of Jacob Schwartz, in said borough.

The freemen residing in the election district of Packerton will hold their election at the public house of George Hagan in said district.

The freemen residing in the election district of Lansford will hold their election at the public house of George Evans, in said borough.

The freemen of the borough of Weissport will hold their election at the public house of H. H. Everett, in that borough.

I also make known and give notice, as in and by the 12th section of the aforesaid act I am directed, that "every person exercising judicial of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States or of the State or any city or incorporated district, whether commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer, or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, judiciary or executive department of this State or the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and the State Legislature, and the select and common council of any city, commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this commonwealth, and that no inspector or judge, or any other officer of any such election, shall be eligible to any office then to be voted for.

Act of 30th, June, 1874

And all elections hereafter held under the laws of the Commonwealth, the polls shall be opened at seven o'clock a. m., and closed at seven o'clock, p. m.

Given under my hand at Mauch Chunk the 24th day of September, A. D., one thousand eight hundred and eighty one, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and sixth.

THOMAS KOONS, Sheriff.

Sept. 24, 1881.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

CLOTHING,

Boots, Shoes,

Hats, Caps,

or, Gents' Furnishing Goods

GO TO

CLAUSS & BROTHER

THE POPULAR

Merchant Tailors,

Bank Street, Lehighton.

PRICES VERY LOW FOR CASH. The public patronage solicited. july1-tf

E. F. LUCKENBACH,

Two Doors Below the "Broadway House

MAUCH CHUNK, PA.

Dealer in all Patterns of Plain and Fancy

Wall Papers,

WINDOW SHADES,

Paints & Painters' supplies,

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

M. HEILMAN & CO.,

BANK STREET, Lehighton, Pa.,

MILLERS and Dealers in

Flour & Feed.

All Kind of GRAIN BOUGHT and SOLD at REGULAR MARKET RATES.

We would, also, respectfully inform our citizens that we are now fully prepared to SUPPLY them with

Best of Coal

From any Mine desired at VERY LOWEST PRICES.

M. HEILMAN & CO.

July 23.

DANIEL WIEAND,

Manufacturer of

all descriptions of

Carriages, Wagons, Sleighs, &c

CORNER OF BANK AND IRON STREETS, LEHIGHTON, Penna., Particular attention given to

REPAIRING

in all its details, at the very Lowest Prices. Patronage respectfully solicited and perfect satisfaction guaranteed.

Dec 6, 1879-y1 DAN. WIEAND.

PRINTERS The PROGRESSIVE PRINTING TRIBE is a new book, full of information, by an old Printer. It is beautifully illustrated and gives samples of fine Job Printing. The colored plate is a fine feature, and worth the price of the book. Send for it at once. $.75c. WHYBREW, Pub. Rochester, N. Y. 75c.

AGENTS WANTED for the Life, Public Services and ASSASSINATION of our MARTYRED PRESIDENT

GARFIELD

By Rev. Dr. Draper, of New York. This with our Manual of American Progress, Six Books in one. An A No. 1 Work for Home, Library or Counting House. E. B. TREAT, 757 Broadway, New York. octs-4t

ESTATE NOTICE.

Estate of HENRY SPERLBAUM, late of the Borough of Lehighton, Carbon county, Pa., dec'd. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having legal claims against the same will present them without delay, in proper order for settlement, to

FERDINAND SPERLBAUM, Administrator,

Franklin twp., Oct. 1, 1881-w8.