Great Attractions!

AT

J. T. Nusbaum & Son's

CHEAP CASH STORE

Just opened and on exhibition, a large assortment of

Fancy Goods!

at Lowest Prices, which have already become a matter of great interest to our Young Folks. We would, therefore, invite all to call early and examine our elegant assortment of Fancy Goods, consisting of

Ladies' and Gent's Fancy Hose.
" " " Kid Gloves.
" " " Neck Ties.
" " " Fine Wallets.
FANCY KNIT GOODS.
Fancy Back Combs.
Cloth and Hair Brushes.
FINE JEWELRY.
Fancy Paper Boxes.
TOILET SETS.
Fancy Work Boxes.

CHINA, GLASS and QUEENSWARE!

Respectfully,
J. T. NUSBAUM & SON,
Opposite the Public Square.
Lehighton, Pa. sept 18-y1

The Carbon Advocate.

SATURDAY, MARCH 19, 1881.

Local and Personal.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscribers will please refer to the direction tabs on their papers, by so doing they will be able to see whether they are square on our books or not, thus:

John Fitzwilliam mar8 79

Shows that the subscription has been paid up till March 8th, 1879, and consequently there is one dollar due us on the present year, which you will please remit, or $1.25 will be charged if we have to send bill.

Horse owners can not afford to overlook the wonderful success of Kendall's Spavin Cure. See the advertisement in another column.

For a long time there has been a need for just such a liniment as Kendall's Spavin Cure. Read their advertisement.

When you buy a bottle of Dr. Coxe's Wild Cherry and Seneka, always note the directions carefully, and read every word of "the every day book" that accompanys each bottle.

"Happy homes" have ever been the burden of poetry and song. How can home be happy without a thorough practical knowledge of Dr. Coxe's Wild Cherry and Seneka.

Three years ago St. Julian the great California trotter was unknown, the same may be said of Kendall's Spavin Cure. Now both have a world wide reputation, why? because they both have merit, one as a great trotter the other as the most successful remedy ever discovered to be used on man or beast. See advertisement.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, the great medicine for the cure of all female complaints, is the greatest strengthener of the back, stomach, nerves, kidneys, urinary and genital organs of man and woman ever known. Send for circulars to Lydia E. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

Post Office Building, Lehighton, Pa.—Now is your chance, and I make bold to say that it is the best you ever had, to buy Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c. I am fully equipped for the spring trade, and can offer you a greater variety, a better article, and a lower price than any house in this section. Ladies, if you want nice fitting shoes for yourselves or your little girls, I can please you in every respect. I mean busines, and am prepared to back my assertions.

Respectfully, LEWIS WEISS.

Dr. C. T. Horn, at the Central Drug store, sells warranted vegetable and flower seeds. Buy only such, and avoid vexation from failure of crops.

Housekeepers desiring to decorate their homes, should not fail to call on Dr. C. T. Horn, at the popular Central Drug store, Lehighton, and examine his beautiful stock of WALL PAPER, before making purchases elsewhere.

If you wants a nice smooth, easy shave your hair cut or shampooing, go to Franz Roederer's Saloon, under the Exchange Hotel. He will fix you right, and don't you forget it.

For fine stationery, envelopes, account books, memorandum books, pens, pencils, school books, wall paper, and in fact anything that you want outside of dry goods, groceries and provisions, call at Luckenbach's, 2 doors below the Broadway House, Mauch Chunk, and you can get it, cheap and good.

Now receiving and opening a very large and fashionable assortment of merchant tailoring goods, comprising a full line of the very latest styles of cloths, cassimeres and suitings, of the best foreign and domestic manufacture, suitable for spring and summer wear, which I am prepared to make up fashionably and substantially at prices fully as low as at any other establishment in the country. Call and be convinced of the truth of my statements.

Respectfully,
H. H. PETERS, Agent.
P. O. Building, Lehighton, Penn'a.

—The bluebirds have made their appearance.

—Now dig and grate your horse radish for table use.

—The cost of merchandise for the Easton prison last year was $12,486.15.

—Our young friend Anson Kemerer returned home from college this week.

—Several cargoes of stoves made in Reading have been shipped to London.

—Tobacco culture in Berks county will be more extensively carried on this year than ever.

—An instructor in Latin has just been added to the faculty of Lehigh University at Bethlehem.

—The Hazleton *Sentinel* fears trouble in that section on account of the introduction of Hungarian cheap labor.

—Furnace No. 3 of the Coplay Iron Works was put in blast the other day after having stood idle for about six months.

—The ninety-fourth annual session of the Philadelphia Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church convened at Pottsville Wednesday.

—Edward Divers, an employe in the Allentown rolling mill, was thrown upon the rolls Tuesday and had his throat cut and wind pipe severed. He was living at last accounts.

—The new hospital to be built during the coming summer at the Northampton county alms-house is to be forty-four feet front by one hundred feet long and three stories high, with a cellar underneath.

—Mr. Alfred Reppert, of Coplay, had his right foot burned very severely the other day while assisting in making a cast at the furnace in said place.

—Shares of the Lehigh zinc company, South Bethlehem, of the par value of $50, were last week sold as low as seventy cents in the Philadelphia stock market.

—For the week ending on the 11th inst. there were 92,573 tons of coal transported over the L. & S. railroad, a total for the year of 770,781 tons, an increase of 187,324 tons as compared with same time last year.

A VALUABLE PREMIUM!

We will present every person calling at this office and paying $1.00 for one year's subscription to the CARBON ADVOCATE, with a copy of Dr. J. B. KENDALL'S TREATISE ON THE HORSE, one of the most valuable books for Farmers and Horsemen ever published. The book is handsomely and profusely illustrated, and gives symptoms and treatment for the various diseases to which the horse is subject. Remember, for $1 you get the ADVOCATE for one year and a copy of the BOOK FREE! Now hand in your names and the dollar.

We have just received a limited number of KENDALL'S TREATISE ON THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES, printed in German, which we will give to those paying one year in advance for the CARBON ADVOCATE.

—The next Fair of the Farmers' and Mechanics' Institute at Easton will be held Sept. 20th, 21st, 22d and 23rd.

—Farmers are beginning to look up their implments of husbandry in order to be ready for early spring work.

—If you want teams for business, pleasure, or funerals, go to David Ebbert, on North street. Teams as low as the lowest.

—During the week ending on the 12th, inst., 155,387 tons of coal were shipped over the Lehigh Valley railroad, making a total for the season of 1,420,808 tons, showing an increase as compared with same time last year of 341,269 tons.

—On Thursday evening of last week as coal train No. 179, drawn by engine No. 33 on the Lehigh Valley Railroad, was passing the water tank at Catasauqua, Henry Spellbaum, a brakesman, living near Weissport, was thrown from the cars and run over. He was removed to St. Luke's Hospital, where he suffered the amputation of one of his legs.

—The Anchor Colliery at Heckscherville, in Schuylkill county, caught fire several years ago, and was filled with water by the turning into it of a neighboring stream. Thursday night, 10th inst., without any warning, the water broke through the mountain side, carrying with it the prop timbers of mine, and greatly damaging the road-bed of the Mine Hill Railroad.

—It will soon be "moving time." In a few weeks loads of household goods will be toted along the country roads, and the annual smash, crash and confusion of moving day be upon us. There is nothing desirable about this day. It involves much hard work to those who are forced to take up new abodes, and the brunt of it has to be borne by the female part of the family. Were it not for the good dinners which always go with movings they would indeed by dreary, miserable affairs.

—The store of Buchman & Rhoades, at Parsons, Luzerne county, was entered by burglars on Thursday night, 10th inst., and a small amount of money and goods valued at $150 were stolen. An attempt to set fire to the building was unsuccessful. The post office was in the store, and the thieves opened several letters in the search for money. The office of the Central Railroad Express and the freight depot were also broken into, but nothing of value was stolen.

—The Summit Hill *Record* of last Saturday says: John Bogle, inside foreman; Condy Boner, James Evans, John Fawkes and James O'Donnell, miners, were burned with fire damp in No. 5 mine Friday. Bogle, Boner, Evans and Fawkes were getting ready to work in the "cross cut," and O'Donnell was on a coal car in the gangway, when the gas exploded. The first four named were burned severely, and the force of the explosion blew O'Donnell off the car into the gangway, bruising him about the body.

The Roll of Honor.—The progress of many a bright and promising scholar is often arrested and discouragement brought on by absence from school caused in so many cases by a cough, cold or sore throat. Give Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and let your child ten answer "present" when the roll is called.

—John W. Nusbaum, died on Saturday afternoon, the 12th inst., aged 29 years, 2 months and 10 days, after an illness of some two years of chronic inflammation of the bladder. Deceased was one of Lehighton's finest young business men, and was very highly esteemed by all who knew him. The funeral took place on Wednesday afternoon from the residence of his parents, and was very largely attended by relatives and friends; Revs. Laitzle and E. A. Bauer officiating.

$5,000 PAID TO MRS. MICKLEY, OF HOKENDAUQUA BY THE NEW ERA LIFE ASSOCIATION OF 1876 OF PHILADELPHIA.

HOKENDAUQUA, Pa., March 2, 1881.—*F. R. Alexander, District Agent, Bethlehem*—Dear Sir: I am under great obligations to you for the settlement of my claim. I have this day received $5,000 from the New Era Life Association, in full for the five membership held by James W. Mickley, my late husband. The entire cost of membership five years was $192. Respectfully yours, MRS. J. W. MICKLEY.

The New Era Life Association has been doing business for over five years, and the above letter of Mrs J. W. Mickley shows to the public that the New Era is the cheapest association, for the cost of $1,000 membership, taking the average age of 40 years, has been $6.90 per year. There are many who say they cannot become a member, but they spend during a year for delicacies more than the cost of $5,000 of protection in the New Era. Now, Fathers and Mothers, think of what a nice benefit it would be to your loved ones if you had a membership of $1,000 or $2,000 in the New Era Life Association to protect them after your death. Please send for circulars or call on F. R. Alexander, District Agent, No. 104 Broad street, Bethlehem, Pa.

Religious Notes.

M. E. CHURCH, J. P. Miller, pastor. Preaching 10:30 a. m. 1:15 p.m., Normal Class. S. school at 2 p. m. Preaching at 7 p. m. All are welcome.

ZION'S REFORMED CHURCH, J. H. Hartman pastor. Preaching at 10 a. m., Sermon, in German. 2 p m., Sunday school. 7:00 p. m., sermon, in English. A cordial welcome to all

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, PACKERTON.—D. F. Umangst, Pastor. To-morrow (Sunday) Sacramental services at 10 30 a. m., and Farewell services at 7 00 p. m. Sunday school at 2 p. m. Prayer and Class meeting on Thursday evening at 7.30 p. m. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH, WEISSPORT.—E. J. Miller, Pastor. German preaching at 10 o'clock a. m., by the Pastor. Sunday School at 2 p. m. English preaching a 7.30 p. m.

LEHIGHTON EVANGELICAL CHURCH—B. J. Smoyer, pastor. Preaching to-morrow (Sunday) at 10 a.m., and 7 p m. Sunday school at 2 p. m. Morning subject: "Entire Sanctification." Evening subject: "The Shell and the Kernal of Religion." All are cordially invited to attend.

The Coal Trade.

The anthracite coal trade has turned another week, and is in much the same situation that it has ruled for the past two or three weeks. The market is dull, but it is more from the uncertainty of prices by reason of the passage from one season to another than from any real change in the condition of the coal market or in changes in the prices of coal. We are now passing from the winter to the spring, and it is usual at such occasions to have a new circular; hence everybody is uncertain as to the future, nor will be satisfied that they know all that is to be known until they read it so set down on the spring circular of 1881. The depression of the coal trade has not recovered from a fortnight ago. The *Engineering and Mining Journal* of the 12th says there is "quite a falling off in new orders for anthracite coal, and many old orders have been cancelled. This condition of affairs may appear strange to many, but to us it is evident that it is due to a lack of confidence on the part of the public as to the future policy of the companies. In past years it has been the policy to make a reduction in prices in the spring, to induce consumers and dealers to make purchases, and the same action is expected on the part of buyers this year. The managers of the coal trade assert that they will make no reduction this year, and argue that the public will take as much coal at present prices as they would at lower ones, and that they are prepared to make such restriction as will make it an easy matter to maintain prices. A curtailment of one half time will probably be inaugurated next week, and continue through this month at least. The only obstacle at the present time appears to be the absence of Mr. Sloan, of the Delaware Lackawanna and Western Railroad. He is expected to be in his office to-morrow morning, after which the matter will probably be settled. There is evidently a very good feeling among the officers of the several companies, and all are anxious to work in harmony and give their stockholders some profits this year"—*Ledger*, Monday.

Complimentary Resolutions.

At a meeting of the official members of Lehighton M. E. church, held in the church on Friday evening, March 11, 1881, the following preamble and resolution were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, The ministerial term of our Pastor, Rev. J. P. Miller, is about to close and desiring to place upon record our high appreciation of his services during the time he has been with us, and to give some expression regarding those ties which have bound us as pastor and people, therefore,

Resolved, That as a minister of the gospel, he has labored faithfully and successfully for the salvation of souls, and for the extension of the Master's Kingdom. Through his instrumentality many have been converted and brought into the church, and the membership brought into a deeper religious experience. In him we recognize those virtues and qualities of mind and heart so necessary in one called to preach the gospel of Christ. We gratefully acknowledge his pastoral services, and cherish for him the highest regards, both as pastor and friend. By his exemplary christian life, he has endeared himself to us, and we part with him with feelings of deep regret, our prayers shall accompany him and his family to whatever fields of labor he may be called.

Resolved, That a copy of the foregoing be transmitted to the Presiding Elder of Lehigh District, and a copy be furnished the *Philadelphia Methodist* and the CARBON ADVOCATE for publication.

S. R. GILHAM, Sec'y.

Our Weatherly Special.

—The warble of the blue bird is heard in the land

—The weather, this week, is perfectly delightful.

—The railroad men's meeting held in the M. E. church, on Wednesday of last week, under the auspices of the Mauch Chunk society, resulted in the permanent organization on Sunday last, of a Railroad Men's Christian Association. The officers will be given in our next.

—The new heading and material enlargement of the *Herald* of our town, is certainly an evidence of prosperity which will be very gratifying to our people. *Weatherly Herald* is a decided improvement on the old heading, while the letter is both neat and attractive. We heartily congratulate our friends Smith and Briel on their success. May the *Weatherly Herald* enjoy a bright, prosperous and extended career.

—Parties who claim to have made an actual count, say that there are not less than 112 families who are awaiting the first opportunity to become residents of Weatherly. They evidently await in vain at present, for there is not a single vacant tenement within our borders. This condition of affairs naturally suggests the query, "Why do not our capitalists invest in real estate?" Common yet comfortable and well-built houses, adapted to the wants of workingmen, would get to the owners a good profit, at present. Then, why not build? If our capitalists will not move in the matter, we would suggest that persons of moderate means, together with our workingmen, unite in the organization of a real estate company, with the view of buying real estate and the construction of houses. Such organizations, we understand, exist elsewhere in the State and flourish.

—Now that the approach of balmy spring rends asunder the icy fetters bound by old winter, why not re-agitate the water question? Let it be so agitated that water will be the outcome. No other town in the state is more sorely in need of it and yet the facilities for securing it are excellent. Moreover, it would in a few years be a paying investment. Ten thousand dollars, we are assured by good authority, would be ample should the water be brought from the remote locality spoken of. As the L. V. R. R. Co.'s supply is sometimes short it is not improbable that the company would take an interest in a stock company for the purpose. Then there are at least six to ten men who could each take $500 to $1000 stock. The balance we believe, would be readily taken by our citizens generally. All the matter needs is some one of means to take the initiative. Who will do so.

—Miss Maggie Kiehbaugh, who has been for nearly two years past the efficient teacher of the B Secondary, we regret to say has handed the board her resignation to take effect on the 23d inst. Miss K., we understand has accepted a school at Penobscot, Luzerne county, where she will commence an eight month term April 4th. In her departure Weatherly loses a faithful, energetic and conscientious teacher and we are sure she will carry with her to her new field of labor the good wishes of pupils and people.

—Rev. P. F. Eyer, of the M. E. church, departed for conference, held at York, Pa., on Monday and will not return till the latter part of next week.

—Considerable sickness has prevailed here during the winter and Drs. Tweedle and Latham have both been kept very busy in attending to their numerous patients.

—We cannot understand why Weatherly does not have a mail coming North any later than 12:40 p. m. To use General Grant's language, the people of our town are "hermetically sealed" or shut in from all points south after the arrival of the noon mail. We should, by all means, have a mail on No. 6., arriving here at 6:11 p. m. And we respectfully refer the matter to our business men.

—Industrially, things are booming here, generally. The machine and car shops, foundry and railroads are all huming with activity, the shops in many instances running till 10 p. m., while on the road, the exhaust and whistle of locomotives are unceasing trains moving from early morn till nine or ten p. m. and after till mid-night. May it long continue thus.

ETHEL WARY.

—As spring approaches, it is absolutely essential for the preservation of health to have all places around one's premises where dishwater has been thrown, and garbage has accumulated during the long winter months, thoroughly cleaned and disinfected for in them lies lurking the germs of many different fevers, diptheria, and other diseases. Give this matter careful attention as soon as the weather will permit.

Packerton Ripples.

—William Briggs will again take up his residence at Packerton.

—George Haun, of Weatherly, spent the Sabbath with his brother Charles who is fairly settled here.

—Arthur Rowland, son of Prof. Rowland, has secured a position in the Forwarding Department of the L. V. R. R. Co. We extend a hearty welcome to him.

—David Hatch is now prepared to furnish any and every variety of grape vines. He has made the grape culture a study and is considered good authority as to the best varieties for this section.

—The boarding house kept by Lyman McDaniel, came near being destroyed by fire, one day last week. A window left open, admitted a spark from a passing locomotive, happily it was discovered before doing much damage, although a bed was nearly consumed.

—The Rev. D. F. Unangst left for Conference this week, his pastorate in this place will perhaps cease, as the congregation are unable to support a married man.

—The lovers of good music and dancing, enjoyed themselves last Thursday evening, at George Hagen's, propietor of the Dolansburg Hotel. The affair was a pleasant one, under the management of the proprietor and his excellent wife.

—The drawing, for the benefit of the sufferers of Erin, took place on Saturday. The prizes were drawn by residents of Upper Mauch Chunk, one a gold (old gold) watch, complex works, unique design, acclimated movement, warranted to retain its brightness, (as long as rubbed). The other a silver one, old and valued as a time-piece once possessed by Vennor, but lost by him while on one of his tours of inspection, preparatory to letting loose those "blizzards" which have made him famous. It was found after one of those gales and purchased by one who values relics, and generously given for this occasion. The funds realized will be judiciously applied where it will do the most good.

—There was quite a feeling of anxiety during the fire last evening, lest the shops should be burned, happily the fire was kept under control. The loss is slight; a new and more substantial building will replace the old paint shop.

—Diphtheria still rages in our midst—several new cases having been reported. The mortality from this scourge demands serious consideration by the citizens. There is a cause and efforts should be made to remove it. There is hardly a family but live in dread. The utmost cleanliness, the use of disenfectant, in fact, the best of care seems to be of no avail. ANON.

Died at 108.

Abram Johnson died in Salem township, Wayne county, a few days since. He claimed to be 108 years old. To visitors he was fond of relating the following story of his life:

He said he was born in Vermont in 1773. His father was a Revolutionary soldier. The family lived near Lake Champlain. Abram enlisted in the army in the war of 1812. He was made Captain of a company of Oneida Indians, under the command of Gen. Macomb. He was at the battle of Plattsburg, and exhibited the scars of several wounds he received in that engagement. One of these was made by a bayonet thrust in the knee, and another was a sabre cut in the neck. The latter wound was inflicted by a gigantic British soldier, and prostrated Johnson. As he lay on the ground another soldier had thrust a bayonet through his leg. Johnson had feigned death on falling under the sabre blow. The bayonet passing through his knee caused him great agony, but he never flinched. He feared being carried away a prisoner. He was left as dead. He was taken from the field after the battle by his Indian soldiers. Oneida, the 16 year-old daughter of a chief, nursed him until he was able to get around again. They loved each other, and when peace was restored were married. Johnson and his Indian bride went to New York city, and from there to Sussex County, N. J. There they settled down. Johnson's wife taught him how to make baskets, moccasins, and other articles of Indian handiwork. By selling these they made a living and saved money. They had one daughter whom they named Martha. When this girl was 12 years old her mother's health had failed so that her life was despaired of. She longed to go back to her people. Her husband took her to her old home among the Oneidas. There she soon afterward died, and was buried with all the ceremonies of her tribe.

The daughter found a home in a family in Sussex County. When she grew up she joined the Oneida Indians and married the son of a chief. Her father went to Salem, Wayne County, where he gained a competency at farming. He lost his money through unlucky speculation, and finally became a town charge. Although entitled to a pension, he never applied for one. He died a pauper. His mind was sound up to the time of his death.

His daughter became a widow some years ago and married again. She now lives in Lackawanna County, this State.

Weissport Items.

—Daniel Graver, a moulder in the Fort Allen Foundry, accidentally burnt his foot one day last week, while pouring off.

—An infant child of John S. Miller, died Saturday last. Funeral services took place on Tuesday, and were conducted by Revs. E. J. Miller.

—C. W. Lentz sold his planing mill for $2,000 to George Miller of this place. Charley will become proprietor and landlord of the Fort Allen House now occupied by Nathan Klotz.

—Will Reed received an accidental stab with a knife in the hands of his brother Frank while in the act of slaughtering a hog, which caused a severe wound near the eye.

—James Wilson, of Catasauqua, spent Sunday with friends here.

—Isaac Ux and Wesley Strohl of Coaldale, were in town during the week. The former has accepted a position as salesman for the well-known wholesale grocery house of Burns & Schumucker, Philadelphia, Pa. QUINT.

East Penn.

—Eggs are plenty. Hence custards are thick.

—Snow has very nearly gone away, except at the Blue Mountain.

—Roads are pretty fair for the season.

—The wheat crop is reported to be in a good condition.

—Three of our schools will close on the 1st of April.

—Mr. Zellner, the shoemaker at Pennsville, will move over the Blue mountain next week.

—Isaac Ginder, jr., has opened a birch distillery at Pennsville. The birch will be scarce before long. PETER THE GREAT.

—John Meicrantz, a blacksmith, residing at Mt. Pleasant, near Hazleton, was attacked terribly beaten, and robbed of a watch and eighteen dollars in money, while walking home on Saturday night.

THE CZAR ASSASSINATED.

On Sunday evening last the cable announced the assassination of the Czar of Russia, as follows: "As the Emperor was returning from a parade in the Michael Manege, at about 2 o'clock this (Sunday) afternoon, a bomb was thrown which exploded under the Czar's carriage, which was considerably damaged. The Czar alighted unhurt, but a second bomb exploded at his feet, shattering both legs below the knee, and inflicting other terrible injuries. The Czar was immediately conveyed in an unconscious state to the Winter Palace, where he died at 4:30 this afternoon. Two persons were concerned in the crime, one of whom was seized immediately. The explosion also killed an officer and two Cossacks. Many policemen and other persons were injured."

"The imperial carriage was attacked on the Ekaterinofsky Canal, opposite the imperial stables, while the Emperor was returning with the Grand Duke Michael from the Michael Palace in a closed carriage, escorted by eight Cossacks. The first bomb fell near the carriage, destroying the back part of it. The Czar and his brother alighted uninjured. The assassin, on being seized by a Colonel of police, drew a revolver, but was prevented from firing it. The second bomb was then thrown by another person, and fell close to the Czar's feet, its explosion shattering both his legs. The Czar fell, crying for help. Col. Dorjibky, though himself much injured, raised the Emperor, who was conveyed to the Winter Palace in Col. Dorjibky's sleigh. Large crowds assembled before the palace, but were kept back by a troop of Cossacks. The imperial family were all assembled at the death bed. The Council of State were immediately convened. All places of public resort are closed."

The *Official Messenger* makes the following announcement: "God's will has been done. At 3:25 o'clock Sunday afternoon the Almighty called the Emperor to Himself. A few minutes before his death the Emperor received the sacrament."

Another St. Petersburg dispatch says: "The two assassins of the Czar were immediately arrested. The glasses of the gas lamps in the Michael Garden, beside the canal, were broken in pieces by the concussion of the explosion. A cordon of guards was drawn around the scene of the murder. The streets are densely thronged with excited crowds. The utmost sympathy for the imperial family is everywhere expressed. The bells of the principal churches are tolling."

The London *Standard's* St. Petersburg correspondent telegraphs that the Czar's right leg was nearly torn from his body, and his left leg was badly shattered. A Cossack and a passer by were killed on the spot. The Grand Duke Michael was wounded. An officer of the escort and a Cossack have since died. The Czar lingered an hour and a half. All efforts to rally him failed. The only word he uttered after being struck was the name of the Czarevitch. The latter, on leaving the palace after the death of the Czar, was hailed as Emperor by the crowd. He was surrounded, contrary to his custom, by a strong mounted escort. The people are intensely excited and indignant. The soldiery, who greatly loved the Czar, are furious. All of the officials hastened to the palace to inquire as to the condition of the Czar. Telegrams announcing the death were sent to all foreign courts, and to every part of the empire.

It is said that the bombs were made of thick glass, filled with nitro-glycerine. The assassins stood on opposite sides of the road. The carriage was moving fast, and the first shell struck the ground behind it, and the back of the carriage was blown out. The coachman implored the Czar to enter the carriage again, but he moved a few paces from the carriage to see to the wounded of his escort. The assassin who threw the first bomb tried to point a revolver at the Czar, but the pistol was struck from his hand. The Czar seemed to recover consciousness before his death, as he motioned away the doctors, who wished to amputate his legs. The Czarevitch and Czarevna drove to their palace after the death, amid the sympathizing cries of the people.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The State Department received information from Minister Foster at St. Petersburg and from Minister White at Berlin of the assassination of the Czar. On receipt of the news Secretary Blaine cabled the following:

Foster, American Minister, St. Petersburg:

Express to Minister of Foreign Affairs the sentiments of sorrow with which the President of the United States have heard of the terrible crime of which the Emperor has been the victim, and their profound sympathy with the imperial family and the Russian people in their great affliction.

BLAINE, Secretary.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 14.—The following Imperial manifesto has been promulgated:

"We, by the grace of God, Alexander III, Emperor and Autocrat of all the Russias, Czar of Poland, Grand Duke of Finland, etc., hereby make known to all our faithful subjects that it has pleased the Almighty, in his inscrutable will, to visit Russia with heavy blows of fate, and to call her benefactor, the Emperor Alexander II, to Himself. He fell by the hands of impious murderers who had repeatedly sought his precious life, and made their attempts because they saw in him the protector of Russia, the foundation of her greatness and the promoter of the welfare of the Russian people. Let us bow to the unfathomable will of Divine Providence, and offer up to the Almighty our prayers for the repose of the pure soul of our beloved father.

"We ascend the throne which we inherit from our forefathers, the throne of the Russian Empire, and the Czardom and Grand Dukedom inseparably connected with it. We assume the heavy burden which God has imposed upon us, with firm reliance upon His almighty help. May He bless our work to the welfare of our beloved fatherland, and may He guide our strength for the happiness of all our faithful subjects. In repeating before almighty God the sacred vow made by our father to devote, according to the testament of our forefathers, the whole of our life to care for the welfare and honor of Russia, we call upon all our faithful subjects to unite before the altar of the Almighty their prayers with ours, and commend them to swear fidelity to us and to our successor, His Imperial Highness, the hereditary Grand Duke Nicolai Alexandrovitch.

"Given at St. Petersburg, Anno Domini 1881, and first year of our reign."

MORE ABOUT THE ASSASSINATION.

The *Noco Vremya* says that the man arrested Sunday has confessed that he threw the first bomb, but denies all knowledge of the person who threw the second. In addition to the revolver which the prisoner attempted to use a dagger was found on him. The name he gave is believed to be false. The *Golos* says that the prisoner is twenty-one years of age, and a native of Borovitchi, in the government of Novgorod.

The *Agence Russe* says the Grand Duke Michael was driving behind the Czar's sleigh with Colonel Dorjibky. The second bomb thrower was not arrested, but disappeared in the crowd. The troops have taken the oath of allegiance to the new Emperor.

During the nigh a Cossack and a civilian, who declined to give his name, died from injuries received by the bursting of the bombs. Altogether twenty persons were more or less injured, thirteen of whom are in the hospital The whole city is in deep mourning.

Rossakoff, who threw the first bomb, has been a student during two years at the Mining Academy. The second bomb thrower has been arrested. He is also a young man.

Dr. Deovachina, who was among the physicians first summoned to the Czar, immediately brought the necessary instruments for amputating the legs, which were held by flesh only, the bones being broken. Blood flowed profusly from the lacerated wounds. India rubber bandages were applied first to the right leg, below the knee, and then to the left. The Czar's right hand, on which was a glove, was found to be greatly lacerated. His marriage ring was broken to pieces and driven into the flesh. The surgeons tied up the severed arteries under the influence of sulphate of oxygen and ice. The Emperor opened his eyes and respiration became apparent.

Chaplain Bjaner availed himself of the interval of apparent consciousness to administer the sacrament, and, for a moment, some hopes were entertained of the Czar's life, but a minute or two afterwards h's heart ceased to beat. During the final flicker of life the members of his family surrounded his bed. The Arch Priest recited prayers for those *in extremis*, all present kneeling. The spectacle was heartrending.

Colonel Dorjibky is confined to bed, but is not seriously injured. The number of persons injured by the explosion is greater than was at first supposed. Several have since died.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate Thursday, 10th inst., bills were reported favorably establishing a State Board of Health; appropriating $12,000 for the payment of the expenses of investigating the bogus medical colleges; making it a misdemeanar for a minor to represent himself of age for the purpose of obtaining liquor; to prevent pool playing for drinks; and prohibiting the granting of liquor licenses to places of amusement. The bill to authorize chattel mortgages on lumber, timber, iron, coal, tank cars, etc., passed third reading after being amended to limit its operations to six years after date of passage. Adjourned.

In the House bills were introduced by Mr. Souder to annul the charters of several bogus medical institutions, and by Mr. Graham, to provide for the election of the Board of Revision of Taxes in Philadelphia. Bills were reported favorably, requiring ambulances to be kept at coal mines; regulating sales of goods by sample; compelling the erection of fire escapes within sixty days after notice by a fire marshal, and making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Medical University. Several bills passed second reading, among them the bills to enable foreign insurance and joint-stock companies to hold real estate in this Commonwealth; making taxes a first lien on real estate; providing for the payment of laborers at regular intervals, and making an appropriation for the Northern Home for Friendless Children. Adjourned.

In the State Senate Friday bills were reported favorably punishing persons who deface buildings or fences by posters or otherwise; regulating the compounding of physicians' prescriptions; regulating the storage of petroleum by incorporated companies, and regulating the incorporation of mutual assessment associations for insurance of lives. Among the bills introduced was one for the punishment of "arbitrary assessments on candidates for political offices." The Senate bills relating to auctioneers in Philadelphia, and requiring the payment of wages in lawful money at regular intervals in coal mines and iron factories passed second reading. Adjourned until Monday.

In the House, the bills establishing an Industrial and Educational Museum and Cabinet of Science and Art and providing corporal punishment for wife-beaters were reported favorably. The bill for the appointment of committees to investigate convents and asylums was reported negatively. Mr. Faunce moved to suspend the rules and consider on first reading the bill repealing the Recorder's act of 1878. The motion was lost—yeas 99, nays 58—the affirmative vote not reaching the necessary two thirds. Mr. Landis called up his anti-polygamy resolution, and it was adopted and sent to the Senate for concurrence. Mr. Stewart, of Philadelphia, offered a resolution for the appointment of a joint committee of four Senators and eight Representatives to investigate charges of discrimination by railroad companies, the committee to have power to send for persons and papers. The resolution was read a second time—yeas 117, nays 97. Mr. Souder then moved to indefinately postpone. Lost—yeas 17, nays 115. Pending action, the House adjourned until Monday evening.

In the House of Representatives Monday evening, Mr. Donohue introduced a bill providing that hereafter the duty of cleaning the streets in cities of the first class shall be under the control of Councils. Mr. Clark called up his resolutions to place on the calendar his bill, reported negatively, relating to assessors in cities of the first-class. The resolution failed for lack of two thirds in the affirmative, the vote being yeas 88, nays 48. A resolution was adopted thanking the President for appointing Hon. Wayne MacVeagh Attorney General of the United States.

In the Senate Tuesday bills were introduced, among others, for the appointment of a commission, consisting of six Senators, eleven Representattives, the Governor and Treasurer, to revise the revenue laws of the State; and to prevent the adulteration of food and drinks. The bill extending the time for completion of railroads was passed, with amendments, and laid over for printing. The bill in relation to chattel mortgages upon lumber, iron coal, etc., was passed finally and sent to the House.

In the House, a bill was introduced requiring physicians to write their prescriptions in English, and druggists to have correct copies of the same pasted on the outsides of the bottles containing the medicine. Mr McKee made another ineffectual attempt to have the rules suspended and the two bills relating to the Recorder taken up. Mr. Wolfe gave notice that "in view of the importance of these bills, and the objection made to taking them up out of order he would now oppose any bill, no matter how important, that in future will be attempted to be taken up out of order." The bill to relieve building associations from taxation was considered on final passage, but not disposed of when the House adjourned.

Michael Rice, a well-known citizen of McKeesport, fell from a ladder on Monday and was killed.

There are seven large iron mills and fourteen blast furnaces in full operation in the Shenango Valley.

The Coroner's jury in the case of the collision on the Pan-Handle road, at Pittsburg, on Sunday, rendered a verdict holding H. A. Foster, a signalkeeper, responsable for the accident, in that he allowed two trains on the bridge at once.

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CHANGE OF BASE.—This very remarkable enterprise continues to make such progress as to astonish its friends and astound its enemies. Its greatly increasing proportions have compelled the removal of its headquarters from the Tribune Building to the very large and beautiful building, No. 764 Broadway, which is in the very midst of the "book district" of New York City, and, therefore, of the publishing enterprise of the nation. This building, though, six stories in height, 25 feet front and 100 feet deep, is sufficient only for the offices and retail store of the Company. The manufacturing is carried on in several large buildings located in other parts of the city, though it is contemplated concentrating them soon in one immense factory to be erected.

Their list of recent and early forthcoming publications are extremely interesting to all who enjoy what is choicest in literature. The Library Magazine is unique in both form and character and altogether delightful in the richness of its contents. Of the books announced, Green's larger "History of the English People," reduced from $10 to $1; Carlyle's "History of the French Revolution," reduced to 40 cents; Carlyle's "Heroes and Hero Worship," 25 cents, and the "Revised New Testament," which is promised to be manufactured with a rapidity heretofore unheard of, will attract special attention. It is worth while for every one who has not already seen it, to send and get the illustrated pamphlet, "Book Making, and Type Setting by Steam," which will be sent free upon application. Address, the American Book Exchange, 764 Broadway, New York.

Closing prices of DRHAVEN & TOWNSEND, Stock, Government and Gold 40 South Third Street, Phila., March 16, 1881.

U. S. 6's 1881	102¼	bid	103¼ asked
U. S. Currency, 6's	130	bid	131 asked
U. S. 5's, 1881, new	101⅜	bid	1-1⅛ asked
U. S. 4½, new	111⅛	bid	111½ asked
U. S. 4's new	113⅛	bid	113½ asked
Pennsylvania R. R.	66	bid	66½ asked
Phila. & Reading R. R.	32	bid	32¼ asked
Lehigh Valley R. R.	61⅞	bid	62 asked
Lehigh Coal & Nav. Co.	46¼	bid	46⅜ asked
United Co's of N. J.	182	bid	183 asked
Northern Central R. R.	48⅞	bid	49 asked
Hestonville Pass. R. R.	19	bid	23 asked
Pitts. Tit. & Buff. R. R.	20	bid	20¼ asked
Central Transportation.	47	bid	48 asked
Northern Pacific Com.	49¼	bid	49¾ asked
" " Pref'd.	72⅞	bid	73 asked
North Penna. R. R.	59	bid	60 asked
Phila. & Erie R. R.	28¼	bid	29¼ asked
Silver, (Trades.)	99½	bid	99¾ asked

Lehighton Markets

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

Flour, per sack	$3 20
Buckwheat flour per sack	2 00