The Carbon Advocate.

H. V. MORTHIMER, . . . EDITOR

LEHIGHTON, PA.

SATURDAY, JUNE 14, 1879.

—The Orangemen of Montreal have decided not to parade on the Twelfth of July.

—The President has approved the bill recently passed by Congress making subsidiary silver coins a legal tender up to $10, and providing for their redemption at the Treasury when presented in sums of $20 or its multiples.

—We observe by the last issue of the Stark county (Ind.) *Ledger*, that our friend Oliver Musselman, editor of that paper, has been successful in getting re-elected as Superintendent of Common schools for his county, notwithstanding the strenuous efforts made by the "sore-heads" to defeat him. We congratulate Bro. Musselman on his success.

—At a mass meeting of citizens of Easton, held last Friday evening, resolutions were adopted, declaring that Pardee Hall must be rebuilt and restored to its former beauty and usefulness, asking the friends of Lafayette College all over the country to aid in restoring the Hall, pledging the citizens of Easton to do their full share, and naming a committee of twenty-one prominent Eastonians to secure subscriptions. The Subscription Committee organized by electing Henry Green, Chairman, and John T. Knight, Treasurer. It is expected that rebuilding will begin at once.

—It will be very gratifying to every friend of the late Judge Packer to know that the Master's report in his great case with his former partners, Noble, Hammet & Co., has just been published, deciding in his favor every point involved in the dispute. Instead of being a debtor to the firm in two or three millions of dollars as was claimed, it is found and decreed that the firm is indebted to him $32,000 in addition to $140,000 previously received by the Judge. The claim that the firm had a two-tenth interest in his contract for building the Lehigh Valley Railroad is rejected, and the charge that he used the money, and drew it of the firm for his own purposes in building the road is utterly repudiated and denied. The result is a very great victory over an unconscionable attempt to swindle Judge Packer out of his character as a man and a partner.—*Easton Express.*

—The "campaign" in Ohio is of a decidedly military character. In the Republican Convention a General led off by proposing the candidate who got the nomination for Governor, and the Convention then chose one General as its nominee for Lieutenant Governor over another officer of the same rank and also over a Colonel. The Greenbackers selected a General to run for Governor, but the military, under the lead of two Generals, afterwards withdrew from the Convention, as a result of a dispute about the platform. Finally, the Democrats assembled, choosing a General as their chairman, and nominated two Generals for the highest offices in the state. The general result of all this is, there are two Generals candidates for Governor and two for Lieut. Governor in Ohio, and the soldiers are sure to be represented, no matter which party wins.

—The following from the San Francisco *Bulletin* of the 27th ult. may be of interest to attorneys: "The State Supreme Court Monday rendered a decision which is of interest to attorneys throughout the State. It has been customary from time immemorial for Courts to request attorneys to defend impecunious prisoners, notwithstanding the fact that no pecuniary allowance is ever made for their services. Judge Clark, of Sacramento, requested a young attorney of that county to take charge of the defence in a case of this kind some four months ago, but the lawyer declined the honor, seeing that there was no compensation attached to it. The refusal was adjudged a contempt of Court and a small fine inflicted. Monday the right of the Court to compel the attorney to undertake the case was argued in the Supreme Court upon a writ of habeas corpus. The decision was against the attorney, and it may, therefore, be regarded as now settled, that Courts have the right to demand such services from members of the bar."

The Best is the Cheapest.

The announcement that a new edition of Webster Unabridged Dictionary has just been published, containing many new and valuable features, suggests thought that buying a Dictionary is a good deal like buying an egg or a watch; a bad one is not cheap at any price. Webster being the standard authority for the English language, he naturally has many imitators, but imitators are usually held at their true worth by the public;—who wants a wooden nutmeg, though it may look ever so much like the genuine article? The popularity of Webster is based upon this principle.

If you want a handy thing to carry with you, a companion that you can always rely upon, and one that will never tire you, a really *vade mecum*, we recommend that you get a copy of the pocket edition of Webster, with its 18,000 words and meanings, rules for spelling, tables of weight and measures, abbreviations, words phrases and proverbs from the ancient and modern languages.

It is printed from new type, and bound in morocco, with tucks, and bright gilt edges, and, when not otherwise obtainable, will be sent by mail, on receipt of one dollar, by the publishers, Ivison, Blakeman, Taylor & Co., 138 & 140 Grand street, New York.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Our Letter from Washington.

A Funeral without Clergyman.—Imposing Ceremonies.—Distinguished Pall Bearers.—The Latest Political Moves in Congress.—Secretary McCrary's Resignation.—Another Fashionable Wedding in View.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 7, 1879.

A notable gathering was that which assembled in the spacious parlors of No. 1403 K street Tuesday afternoon. Senators, Cabinet officers and members of Congress were there in large numbers. The only persons who were not present were the clergymen, who on such occasions are usually considered indispensable. Midway between the two rooms repose a coffin heavily ornamented with silver-plate and banked with flowers. The lid was raised and disclosed the well-known features of the late Ebon C. Ingersoll—more familiarly known as Clark Ingersoll. Surrounding the casket was the stricken family of the deceased. The heavy fragrance of the flowers which were everywhere to be seen and the great throng present combined with the heat to make the temperature almost unbearable. Every little while one or more of the visitors were assisted to the door—unable to bear the oppressive atmosphere a moment longer. It was nearly five o'clock that Robert G. Ingersoll, only surviving brother of the deceased, arose and informed the mournful gathering that he had a few words to say. In a voice tremulous with emotion, and at times so broken that the words could hardly be understood, he read from a manuscript the eulogy, which he closed as follows: "We strive in vain to look beyond the heights. We cry aloud and the only answer is the echo of our wailing cry. From the voiceless lips of the unreplying dead there comes no word; but in the night of death hope sees a star and listening love can hear the rustle of a wing. He who sleeps here, when dying, mistaking the approach of death for the return of health, whispered with his last breath: 'I am better now.' Let us believe, in spite of doubts and dogmas, of fears and tears, that these dear words are true of all the countless dead. And now to you, who have been chosen from among the many men he loved, to do the last sad office for the dead, we give his sacred dust. Speech cannot contain our love. There was, there is no gentler, stranger, manlier man." The coffin was born to the hearse by Senators Blaine, Allison, Voorhees, David Davis and Paddock, Ward, Lamon, Jeremiah Wilson and Representatives Garfield and Stevenson, who acted as pall-bearers, and were followed by the immediate relatives and friends of the deceased. The solemn procession then moved to the beautiful burying-ground at Georgetown, and all that was mortal of the ex-congressman was deposited in its final resting place. There were no services at the grave, and no services of any character save those described above.

The House Committee on Appropriations last night authorized Representative Caymer of Pennsylvania, to report for printing and recommitted the army appropriation bill agreed upon by the joint Democratic caucus, with important changes. The bill is an exact copy of the bill of like character recently vetoed by the President, excepting in the following particulars:—Section 6 (which is substituted in lieu of the previous section upon which the President based his veto) is as follows: "That no money appropriated by this act is appropriated or shall be paid for the subsistence, equipment, transportation or compensation of any portion of the army of the United States, to be used as a police force to keep the peace at the polls at any election held within any State." An additional clause is inserted in the bill, in compliance with a recommendation from the Secretary of War, appropriating $30,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the construction of a military storeroom, depot, &c., at Omaha, Neb.

The friends of the Warner Silver bill in the Senate show great feeling over the action of the Senate Finance Committee to-day in postponing action on the measure until next December. Gov. Coke, of Texas, brought in a resolution in the Senate to discharge the committee, from the further consideration of the bill so as to bring it directly before the Senate. The resolution was objected to by Gov. Whyte and went over, but it will be called up at the next meeting of the Senate, and it is claimed that there will be a majority in favor of its immediate passage. Even should there be a majority it will be found no easy matter to get the bill through at this session.

The name of Secretary McCrary has been to the Senate for the vacancy in the Eighth Judicial Circuit Judgeship, occasioned by the resignation of Judge Dillon. Mr. McCrary said to-day that if he is confirmed he shall enter upon his new duties September 1. Some of the Democratic Senators say that McCrary had better not move his household goods yet awhile, and some of them say, that if it is shown that he wrote the veto of the army bill he will be rejected by the Senate. They say he cannot make bayonet law and then rule on it as a Judge. The following names are being considered by the President for the Secretaryship of War in case of McCrary's confirmation, which, notwithstanding the reports, is beyond speculation: Ex-Senator Ramsey, of Minn.; Ex Governor Hartranft, of Penn'a.; Ex Governor McCormick, of Arizona, and Assistant Secretary J. B. Hawley, of the Treasury Department. MacVeagh's name has not been considered, and if the appointment should be made to-morrow it would be taken from one of the above named gentlemen.

It is authoritatively announced that Miss Bettie Evarts, the third of the unmarried daughters of the Secretary of State, is engaged to Mr. Edward Perkins, of Boston, a son of Mr. Charles Perkins, of that city, a highly esteemed gentleman, who has written well on art subjects and is very wealthy. The match is highly approved by all concerned. Miss Bettie Evarts is the young lady who was falsely reported last winter as engaged to Secretary Schurz. All in a position to know have asserted from the first that there was never any foundation whatever for that rumor. Miss Bettie Evarts is a fine-looking blonde and very intelligent. Her elder sisters and herself seem to relieve their mother of all household cares, yet they regularly teach in the parish school of St. John's Episcopal Church, which Secretary Evarts' family attend.

AUGUST.

NEWS GOSSIP.

Walter Beckwith, aged 60 years, a prominent farmer of Stanford, N. Y., was gored by a bull Sunday morning, and died two hours afterwards.

John McDevitt, of Philadelphia, was shot dead by a policeman named Atkinson, during an affray at Beverly, N. J., Sunday morning.

Another heavy frost occured in New Hampshire and Vermont, on Saturday night resulting in much damage to the crops.

Children cry for it but they stop crying at once, after they have taken a single dose as Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup cures all the pains our little ones are subject to. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Pottsville, June 6.—Fire broke out in the Keystone colliery, near Ashland, six weeks ago, caused by an explosion which has ever since been a mystery. The men forced steam into the workings and thought they had extinguished it, but recently it was discovered to be still on fire, and they can neither locate it, nor ascertain the causes which produce it. As it burns so stubbornly, the district superintendent has ordered the workings to be flooded, the same as was done at the Widesville shaft a few years ago. This causes three hundred men to remain idle for an indefinite time, because it cannot be ascertained how long it will take to fill up, and how long it will require to pump the water out again.

At Burrillville, R. I., Alonzo Anthony was fatally shot by James Driscoll, who "did not know the pistol was loaded, and snapped the cap, holding the weapon at the man's head, intending to frighten him." At Ridgeway, Ill., Mason Evans "supposed that an old pistol was unloaded, pointing it at his wife, pulled the trigger shooting her through the head." At Norwich, N. Y., William J. Hopewell "took down a broken musket, believing it empty, and was horrified when it was discharged, killing his sister.

To ignore the warning of approaching disease is neither cautious nor safe. Prudence would suggest the immediate use of a good preventive remedy, such as Dr. Bull's Baltimore Pills, which eradicate at once all symptoms of bilious diseases.

According to the Chicago *Tribune*, this is the way in which souls are saved in that city: "A few young girls belonging to a west side church have set about a noble missionary work to increase the attendance on their beloved pastor's ministration. They go out just before the evening service hour and lure young men to follow them, pilot their victims in through a harmless looking side-door, and give them in custody of two venerable deacons as sinners desirous of turning from the error of their ways, and before those young men have recovered from their shock of surprise and disappointment they find themselves stowed away in front seats between trustworthy members, and being prayed and preached at by the officiating clergyman in a manner which for directness discounts that of Nathan."

Lost Seven Pounds in Three Weeks.

Allan's Anti-Fat is a genuine medicine, and will reduce corpulency from two to five pounds per week. Purely vegetable and perfectly harmless, acting entirely on the food in the stomach preventing the formation of fat. It also is a positive remedy for dyspepsia and rheumatism.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 11th, 1878.

BOTANIC MEDICINE CO., Buffalo N. Y.:

Gentlemen—The lady alluded to lost seven pounds in three weeks by the use of Allan's Anti-Fat. Yours truly,

SMITH, DOOLITTLE & SMITH,
Wholesale Druggists.

CURED OF DRINKING.

"A young friend of mine was cured of an insatiable thirst for liquor, that had so prostrated his system that he was unable to do any business. He was entirely cured by the use of Hop Bitters. It allayed all that burning thirst, took away the appetite for liquor, made his nerves steady, and he has remained a sober and steady man for more than two years, and has no desire to return to his cups, and I know of a number of others that have been cured of drinking by it."—From a leading R. R. Official, Chicago, Ills. 28-29.

State Sabbath School Convention.

[Reported fo. the CARBON ADVOCATE.]

ALTOONA, Pa., June 7.—The Fifteenth Annual Convention of the Pennsylvania State Sabbath School Association was held in the Second Presbyterian church, of this city, this week, opening on Tuesday afternoon and closing on Thursday evening. The attendance throughout was large, and the sessions were of unusual interest to all Sunday school workers. It is estimated that about 300 delegates were present, from various parts of the State; but I did not recognize any from your county. At the evening session, the church, though a large one, was too small to accommodate all who applied for admission.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON.

The convention was called to order by the chairman, John R. Whitney, of Bryn Maur, at 3 o'clock. After devotional exercises, he introduced Rev. Riel'd Newton, D. D., "The Children's Friend," of Philadelphia, who addressed his remarks principally to the children, this being a children's meeting. He took as the subject of his discourse the words found in Prov. xi: 19, "To him that soweth in righteousness shall be a sure reward." Getting the children to answer and repeat, the speaker defined "soweth righteousness" to a man "doing good" and "reward" as meaning "getting good," thus he had for his subject "Doing good is the best way of getting good."

The address was listened to most attentively by all present. His illustrations were simple and easily understood. One of his illustrations was the story of the woman who gave to the prophet Elijah, the last meal and oil she possessed, and by so doing always had a never failing supply afterward. Another was by wheat being "thrown away" by the sower which he gathers again at harvest, it having been increased many fold. At the close of his address, to have the subject impressed more fully upon the minds of the children, he had them again to repeat it.

After singing "Lord dismiss us with thy blessing," The benediction was pronounced by Dr. Newton.

TUESDAY EVENING.

After singing and prayer, Rev. R. B. Hamlin, of this city, delivered an address of greeting and welcome, which was responded to by the President, Rev. J. R. Whitney.

The principal address of the evening was by Rev. P. S. Henson, of Philadelphia, on "The possibilities of the future." He says "we need a higher grade of teachers. Too often Superintendents lay their hands on any one. Teachers must be *apt* to teach. Not all are called for this work; some are like the candidate for the ministry, who on being asked if he had been called to the work, said he "knew of no one that had called him except his father!" He took the ground that teachers ought to be converted, so that their life would be that of a christian during the week as well as on Sunday, and not like the little boy who described the shape of the earth. The school master had told the class that the earth was round like his snuff box; but the boy observed him having a square one on Sunday, and so at the examination he replied that the earth was round all week and square on Sunday. "We do not need such teachers, we need men trained for the work." One of the "possibilities of the future" he thinks will be, "fewer teachers," and these will be educated for their work as any other professional man is educated for his work, the teachers he thinks will be salaried so that they can go among the children and devote their whole time to the work. The Dr. is an able and entertaining speaker and his remarks received close attention.

After singing a hymn, the benediction was pronounced and the meeting adjourned.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

The exercises commenced with a song service and recitations of scripture verses, with running comments, conducted by J. Howard Seal, of the Young Men's Christian Association of Philadelphia.

The report of Ed. S. Wagner, Secretary, who being absent, was read by L. D. Vail, chairman of the Executive Committee, after which several committees were appointed.

"All hail the power of Jesus," was sung, followed by an address on "How to increase the efficiency of our state and county organizations," by Rev. J. M. Reimensnyder, of Lewistown.

Reports from the different counties were then heard.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

General business was now brought before the convention and discussed. The Secretary was instructed to send a letter to all schools, recommending a religious, patriotic observance of the 4th of July. It was also agreed upon that delegates be appointed to the London Centenary by the Executive Committee, and that the next meeting partake of the Centenary character, and that the Committee make it a prominent feature upon the next programme.

After singing "Heavenly Father, bless me now," J. Howard Seal delivered an interesting lecture on "Illustrative Teaching."

EVENING SESSION.

The Second Presbyterian church seats about 1200 persons, but before half-past 7 all the seats and standing room was occupied, and many were turned away not being able to gain admittance; about 1000 persons were inside. The large crowd had assembled to hear the Rev. John Hall, of New York. The pulpit platform was adorned by two beautiful flower stands most handsomely and tastefully arranged. The first speaker of the evening was Rev. George. P. Hayes, D. D., President of Washington and Jefferson College on "Teachers Encouragements."

The report of the Finance Committee was read and adopted.

A telegram was now handed the president, which proved to be a message of greeting from the State Baptist Association. Message was Gallations vi. 19; to which the Secretary responded with I John iii. 2.

After singing "Only an armor bearer," Dr. Hall was introduced, and as he came forward on the platform he was greeted by rounds of applause. His subject was "The Word—what it is and how to study it." He just told us what the "word" was, and then went on to disprove some arguments, put forth by writers against the "word." "It is not a book of sciences and ologies." What teacher could teach it, if it treated of all these things? And for what age should it have been adopted? The truth is, the battle has been fought and won in the high places. It is only in the low, behind-the-age places, in obscure valleys, where they do not know what is going on in other parts of the field, that they talk of science conflicting with the Bible. The greatest scientists are among the devoutest christians." He then spoke of the "study" of the word and thought the Old Testament should under no consideration be forgotten. "No man understands the New Testament until he knows the old Testament; How else can he understand the Hebrews. There is no better way to undermine religion than by shelving the old Testament, for it will end in taking Christ out of the new." He spoke of the social circle for Bible study. "Study that you may teach, and you will grow in ability." The Dr. thought Bibles should be published in larger print and more attention should be given to the reference columns. He favors the International Lessons" for they take us also to the Old Testament."

The addresses this evening, were listened to with the closest attention and cannot fail to leave beneficial and lasting impressions.

The meeting adjourned after singing "Thee, O Christ, art all I want," and receiving benediction.

THURSDAY MORNING.

After the usual devotional exercises, the Treasurer read a detailed report which was accepted.

Dr. Hayes, (in the chair) now held himself in readiness to answer any question in regard to the Sunday school, even if it should be with the words "I do not know." After a number of questions had been asked and discussed, the report of the committee on nomination of officers was read and accepted. The officers for this year being about the same as last year; the time and place for locating the next convention was referred to a committee.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

"The subject matter of instruction in the Sunday school," was discussed by Rev. J. A. McCauley, D. D., President of Dickinson College. After singing, "What shall the Harvest be," Rev. H. S. Butler, of Clearfield, addressed the convention on "The Sunday school as an Educator." He says, "The Sunday school seeks to instill right principles, which shall shield and guard from the tendency of crime, and, operating as it does upon the forming of character, exercises an influence which cannot be estimated. Its training is mental, moral and religious;" upon each of these subjects he dwelt separately and presented them in an able and impressive manner.

EVENING SESSION.

Opened by Rev. J. K. Andrews. Rev. J. H. Bomberger, President of Ursinus College, addressed the Association on "Responsibilities of the Teacher." His address was an able one and closed with the words: "Remember, our work is not for a day, but forever. Let us go to work earnestly for the young, so that at the last day it will prove that we have not labored in vain."

After singing a hymn, the Committee on Resolutions reported. Closing remarks were made by several gentlemen.

Rev. Swallow, Presiding Elder, thought there was danger of dyspepsia. "So many good things have been said by the doctors and others, that I feel like going home to digest it, or if I do not, I fear there will be mental indigestion." His remarks were pleasant and pertinent. Lewis D. Vail said this had been the best convention ever held in the State, and he did not believe any other State was holding a convention that would equal it. "It was indeed a *Pennsylvania* convention—every speaker save one was from our State."

The President made a few remarks fitting the occasion. After singing "Blest be the tie that Binds," the benediction was pronounced by Dr. Bomberger and the meeting adjourned *sine die*.

The music was under the leadership of Prof. J. H. Leslie with H. L. Delo as organist, both of this city.

Yours.

E. S. M.

HOW SHE DID IT

Was a subject of absorbing interest to those who realized how sadly disease had impaired her once marvelous beauty. Physicians of eminence had exhausted all their skill in her behalf, and it yet seemed impossible to effect a cure. She had long been a sufferer from pains in the side, back and head; dyspepsia ensued, the appetite failed, and the nerves became unstrung. A torpid liver and inflamed kidneys intensified the trouble. It was a complication that not unfrequently occurs through the pernicious influence of one diseased organ upon another, until the whole body is in unnatural sympathy. Finally, when Sandaline was tried, a desirable reaction immediately commenced. The process of recuperation progressed until the full natural standard of health and vigor was regained. There are thousands of similar instances where Sandaline cured when doctors and drugs had failed. It is a priceless boon to the despondent, as it opens to them a way from death to life, and to-day, multitudes of these are in enjoyment of perfect health Will do just as recommended, used as directed, or money refunded. Sandaline Cologne is the most charming and delicious perfume yet discovered. Price $1. Ask your druggist. Dr. Gounod's great medical work, full of interest, over 250 pages. Price $1. Send for it.

New Advertisements.

PROVERBS.

"The Richest Blood, Sweetest Breath and Fairest Skin in Hop Bitter."

"A little Hop Bitters saves big doctor bills and long sickness."

"That invalid wife, mother, sister or child can be made the picture of health with Hop Bitters.

"When worn down and ready to take your bed, Hop Bitters is what you need."

"Don't physic and physic, for it weakens and destroys, but take Hop Bitters, that build up continually."

"Physicians of all schools use and recommend Hop Bitters. Test them."

"Health is beauty and joy—Hop Bitters gives health and beauty."

"There are more cures made with Hop Bitters than all other medicines."

"When the brain is wearied, the nerves unstrung, the muscles weak, use Hop Bitters."

"That low, nervous fever, want of sleep and weakness, calls for Hop Bitters."

HOP COUGH CURE AND PAIN RELIEF IS PLEASANT, SURE AND CHEAP.

For sale by all Druggists. June 14—1m.

DANIEL WIEAND,

Manufacturer of all descriptions of

Carriages, Wagons, Sleighs, &c.

CORNER OF

BANK AND IRON STREETS,

LEHIGHTON, Penna.,

Respectfully announces to his friends and the public, that he is prepared to Build all descriptions of

CARRIAGES,
SPRING WAGONS,
SLEIGHS, &c.,

in the Latest and Most Approved Styles, at Prices fully as low as the same can be obtained elsewhere, guaranteeing the best Seasoned Material and most substantial workmanship.

Particular attention given to

REPAIRING

in all its details, at the very Lowest Prices. Patronage respectfully solicited and perfect satisfaction guaranteed.

April 26, 1879-y1 DAN. WIEAND.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

OF

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE,

By virtue of sundry writs of *Venditioni Exponas*, issued out of the Courts of Carbon county, and to me directed, there will be exposed at public sale, at the Court house, in the borough of Mauch Chunk, in said county, on

Saturday, June 14th, 1879,

at ONE o'clock p. m., sharp.

THE FOLLOWING PROPERTIES:

All that certain

MESSUAGE, TENEMENT OR PIECE OF LAND,

situate in the township of Towamensing, Carbon county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a line by land of William Eckhart, south fourteen and one-fourth degrees to a white oak; thence sixty-two degrees east, eleven and six-tenths perches to a maple; thence by land of Thomas Craig north by land of Conrad Boer north thirty-four and one half degrees west, sixty two perches to a stone, thence by land of Thomas Craig north forty-eight degrees west thirty-eight perches to a pine thence south eighty-eight degrees east ninety-four perches to a stone; thence seven and one half degrees east, fifty-two perches to a black oak; thence north eighty-two degrees east, fourteen perches to a stone by land of Peter Jones; thence north forty-seven and one-half degrees west, thirty-six perches to a stone; thence south seventy seven and one-half degrees west, nine perches to a stone; thence north forty-seven degrees west, twenty perches to a black cherry tree; thence north-west one hundred and twenty five perches to a stone; thence north eighty eight and three-fourths degrees west, fifty four perches to the place of beginning, containing

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTEEN ACRES,

and allowance more or less.

The improvements thereon are a

TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

twenty by twenty-six feet; a Swiss Barn, forty by fifty feet; a Wagon House, sixteen by twenty feet; and outbuildings.

Seized and taken into execution as the property of Melchor Smith.

—ALSO—

All that certain

TRACT OR PIECE OF LAND,

situate in Franklin township, Carbon county, Pennsylvania, bounded by lands of Frank Koch, Webster Weiss and Hartman Zellers, containing about

FIFTEEN ACRES,

more or less.

The improvements thereon are a

TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

eighteen by twenty-six feet; Barn, eighteen by twenty four feet with small shed attachment, and outbuildings.

Seized and taken into execution as the property of James Smith.

B. W. HAUDENBUSH, Sheriff.

Mauch Chunk, May 26th, 1879

$2500 a year. Send 10 cents in 1 cent Stamps for a fine Silver Plated Thimble, retail price 25 cents, and learn how to make $2500 a year, no humbug. Only those who mean business need apply.

A. T. BUCK & CO., Milton, Pa.

May 24.-8t

New Advertisements

ANNUAL STATEMENT

OF THE

BOROUGH OF LEHIGHTON.

WILLIAM MILLER, Treasurer, in account with the Borough of Lehighton, for the Year ending May 26th, 1879.

RECEIPTS.

To Balance as per last Report	$ 556 45	
" Cash from Extra Newhard, Coll'r, bal. due on Dup. for 1877	546 46	
" Cash from Extra Newhard, Coll'r, on Duplicate for 1878	3300 00	
" Cash from L. M. Strawn, grass	15 00	
		$4417 91

EXPENDITURES.

FOR WORK ON HIGHWAYS, &c.

F. A. Acker	$ 2 25
Tilghman Anthony	2 00
David Arner	2 00
Simon Acker	2 00
E. B. Albright	2 25
Joseph Bleckley	2 00
W. H. Bachman	2 00
Henry Bartholomew	7 00
J. F. Buss	8 70
Henry Beckendorf	5 00
George Deen	6 75
Mary Dreher	8 75
Eli DeFrehn	4 00
Emanuel Clauss	1 75
Nathan Drumbore	3 50
George Derbamer	100 84
W. A. Derbamer	7 10
Catharine Esch	2 00
John Esch	3 00
Owen Ebbert	3 00
Frank Eisenhower	5 15
David Ebbert	14 87
Ferdinand Fresch	4 00
Charles Fronheiser	3 00
Thomas Fink	1 00
Charles Froehlich	21 64
Godfrey Frantz	2 00
John Fritzinger	2 00
Joseph Folk	1 00
Frank Gerber	1 50
Jos. Geiger	2 00
Joseph Gumbert	2 00
Lewis Graver	10 38
Samuel Graver	3 00
Solomon Heimbach	5 75
Peter Heim	3 00
James Houser	3 00
Reuben Hunsicker	12 50
A. W. Horn	4 75
George Harpel	1 00
Jonas A. Rom	15 50
Aaron Haupt	6 00
John Heberling	2 00
L. J. Held	7 80
M. Heilman	8 05
Willoughby Koons	2 00
L. F. Kleppinger	18 80
E. Kistler	2 00
Daniel Kostenbader	7 00
Charles Kleinlop	14 75
William Kemerer	2 00
Benjamin Kern	2 00
David Kreamer	2 00
William Keiser	4 00
Thomas Lentz	2 50
Drake Long	3 00
Alexander Miller	2 00
Thomas Mantz	4 00
David Mantz	5 00
A. D. Moser	2 00
W. H. Moulthrop	3 00
Ezra Newhard	1 00
Reuben Nonhstein	2 00
James Nothstein	5 00
Henry Nochstein	2 00
William Noll	8 00
Joseph Obert	10 50
Charles Patterson, jr.	5 25
Daniel Rex	3 00
L. Reichard	2 00
Mahlon Reichard	1 00
Thomas Ratcliff	3 00
Jacob Shengler	2 00
Abraham Stout	12 75
David Stout	1 00
William Sheckler	2 00
Wallace Schwalm	5 25
Charles Sheck	2 00
John Swartz	5 25
Joseph Sheckler	3 00
John Sueckler	2 00
Wendell Schwartz	5 50
Frank Weinland	3 00
Levi Weiss	11 00
Henry Wert	3 00
Willoughby Wert	10 20
Henry Wagner	8 25
James Williamson	1 50
William Werner	7 88
Jacob Walker	4 00
Charles Yenser	1 50
Robert J. Youngkin	2 00
James Zahn	11 50
Stephen Spengler	5 00
Charles Trainer	5 25
Phaon Clauss	2 00

MISCELLANEOUS.

James Hollenbach, carting	20
Elvin Drumbore, carting	5 25
Henry Kostenbader, police	4 00
Stocker and Kemerer, police	3 25
Joseph S. Webb, police	4 00
Orlando Kemerer, police	4 00
Francis Stocker, police	4 00
William Miller, salary and labor for the years 1877 and 1878	155 25
W. M. Kapsher, salary to April, '78	30 00
E. H. Snyder, for Auditors	4 50
J. L. Gabel, materials	71 20
Thomas S. Beck, pole	60
Theodore Kemerer, materials	1 50
A. D. Moser, pipe	1 10
Jacob Strausberger, materials	1 45
John Rinker, blacksmithing	50
Chas. Froehlich, blacksmithing	4 58
Lewis Klinger, carpenter work	1 50
Moses Rehrig, carpenter work	4 50
J. R. Grillin, trees	8 00
H. V. Morthimer, printing	29 00
Wendell Schwartz, witness fees	3 00
David Mantz, interest on bonds	39 00
" " ditto	37 10
W. A. Snyder, ditto	39 00
H. German, ditto	198 80
F. Brinkman, ditto	81 00
Leah Boyer, ditto	39 00
William Romig, ditto	24 00
Adam German, ditto	427 80
Chas. Seifert, ditto	72 00
A. Bartholomew, ditto	102 00
D. R. Straup, ditto	60 00
E. A. Bauer, ditto	30 00
Harrison German, bond	1200 00
W. A. Snyder, bond	500 00
Paid Jos. S. Webb, note*	226 65
Balance	571 93
	$4417 91

* This amount, $226 65, is the balance due on note given by J. S. Webb in settlement of Duplicate for 1875. Original amount of note was for $427 66, which was discounted and Mr. Miller charged with proceeds. Mr. Webb reduced the note to $225, when he failed to pay, and the Bank charged the amount with costs, $1 65, to Mr. Miller. The Borough hold F. P. Semmel and J. W. Haudenbush's note for item, with interest, amounting to $244 40.

RECAPITULATION.

LIABILITIES.

Bonded Indebtedness	$14780 00

ASSETS.

Cash in Treasury	$471 93	
Due on Duplicate for 1878	336 63	
F. P. Semmel and J. W. Haudenbush, note for bal. due on Duplicate for '75, with interest	244 40	
		1152 96
Liabilities in excess of assets May 26th, 1879		13627 04
Liabilities in excess of assets June 8th, 1878		15549 00
Decrease		$1921 96

EZRA NEWHARD, Collector, in account with the Borough of Lehighton.

DR.

June 5, 1878.—To balance due on Duplicate for 1877	$ 546 46	
To amount of Duplicate for 1878	3914 79	
		$4461 25

CR.

By Cash paid to W. Miller, Treasurer, amount of Duplicate for '77.	$ 546 46	
By Cash paid W. Miller, Treasurer, on account, Duplicate for 1878	3500 00	
Exoneration on Borough Lx.	86 76	
Commission	191 40	
		$4124 62
Balance due on Duplicate for '78.	$ 336 63	

We the undersigned duly elected Auditors of the Borough of Lehighton, do certify that the foregoing accounts are correct, to the best of our knowledge and belief.

W. W. BOWMAN,
F. E. WHITNEY, } Auditors.
W. A. DERHAMER.

June 7.—w3.

The Largest Spring Stock

Of Ladies', Gents', and Children's

Boots, Shoes AND Gaiters

Ever offered in this vicinity, is at

J. M. FRITZINGER'S,

Bank Street, Lehighton, Pa.

I have just received an Immense STOCK OF SPRING BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS, which I am Selling to the people of Lehighton and the surrounding neighborhood CHEAPER THAN EVER BEFORE Sold in this County. Also, all classes of

Boots & Shoes Made to Order

at Astonishingly Low Prices, and MENDING Neatly done at Prices to suit the times.

I invite the public to call and examine my Stock and Prices before purchasing elsewhere, and be convinced of the above facts.

BOUND TO SATISFY.—Ready-made Boots and Shoes bought of me that rip will be repaired without charge.

Thankful for past patronage, I respectfully ask a continuance thereof.

J. M. FRITZINGER,

Two doors below Romig & Hofford's Carriage Works, Bank street. Oct. 5-y1

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

All persons are hereby forbid harboring or trusting my wife, JULIA SCHABO, on my account after this date, as I will pay no debts contracted by her

PETER SCHABO.

Towamensing twp., Carbon Co., Pa.

May 25, 1879—w3.

New Advertisements.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE

SCHOOL BOARD of the Borough of Lehighton, for the fiscal year ending the First Monday of June, A. D. 1879, as required by Act of Assembly, approved May 1st, 1876.

FUNDED DEBT.

The following is the funded debt, consisting of School Bonds and Certificates of indebtedness.

SCHOOL BONDS.

No. 45.	P. J. Kistler	$ 500
" 47.	Thos. Kemerer	1500
" 48.	Thos. Kemerer	1000
" 50.	David Kistler	500
" 52.	E. A. Bauer	500
" 53.	E. A. Bauer	500
" 54.	Henry Kolb	50
" 58.	A. F. Peters	1007
" 59.	" " "	1000
" 60	" " "	1000
" 61.	" " "	1000
" 62.	" " "	1000
" 63.	Reuben Kolb	100
" 69.	Geo. Harter	3300
" 71.	Wm. Mulhaven	1000
" 72.	David Kistler	500
" 73.	Patrick O'Donnell	2000
" 74.	Dennis Shoveling	1000
" 75.	David Mantz	1000
" 76.	David Mantz	1000
" 77.	Reuben Steigerwalt	200
" 78.	John Peters	700
" 80.	James Kerrigan	700
" 81.	Mary J. Clauss	1000
" 83.	Hugh McGroarty	1000
" 84.	James McGinty	2000
" 85.	John Wynn	1000
" 86.	Patrick Meehan	400
" 87.	Manus McGinty	1000
" 87.	G. U. A. M. No. 249	228
" 88.	1st National Bank of Lehighton	500
" 89.	1st National Bank of Lehighton	500
		$29,828

CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.

No. 1.	A. W. Eaches	$ 58 12
" 4.	A. W. Eaches	175 00
" 19.	Samuel Graver	235 58
" 29.	David Kistler	200 00
" 30.	P. J. Kistler	500 00
" 31.	Aaron Weidaw	200 00
		$1,366 70

Total amount of Funded Debt June 3d, 1879	$30,994.70
Funded Debt all at 6 per cent.	
Total amount of Funded Debt, per Annual Statement for year ending June 4, 1878	$33,530 43
Total amount of Fun