The Carbon Advocate.

H. V. MORTHIMER, . . . EDITOR

LEHIGHTON, PA.:

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1879.

POLITICAL DEVILTRY.

Klotz can, at last, thank Gov. Hartranft for his seat in Congress, and we trust that when the Governor needs friends, Klotz will not forget him.—*Coal Gazette.*

It is seldom that we feel called upon, as an independent journalist, to make political comment, and never in the interest of the triumph of one political party over another. For some months, however, we have carefully watched the maneuvers of certain political aspirants in Carbon county, and have come to the conclusion that if their labors are accomplishing anything, or if they ever bear any kind of fruit, it will be an evil and pernicious crop to the community, and for that reason we propose to give the thinking portion of the community a little eye-opener on the subject.

First let us say, there is nothing so easy as to defame, and the easiest kind of defamation is that of public men. To abuse men holding office is about the only conception some have of the privileges of living under a free government. To attain to position or reputation is to make oneself a shining mark for every lewd fellow of the baser sort who has strength and skill enough to fling dirt. A man desiring to attack a political opponent and raise a prejudice against him in the minds of the unthinking masses, finds his easiest and surest method to be to charge him with corruption. This is vague, indefinite, and most difficult to meet.

For a few weeks past E. Mell Boyle, Esq., has seen fit to try to heap up a mud-mound on the fair fame of a man who has been more highly honored by the Republicans of this great State than any other man who has sought the popular favor since the existence of the party. In administering the Executive of Pennsylvania for eight consecutive years, Gov. Hartranft's conception of right and justice seems ever to have weighed first in the balance, in shaping all his public acts; yet as he steps down to receive the honors which a grateful people would naturally tender him, he finds himself confronted by the direful condemnation of the Chairman of the Republican Committee of Carbon County. Might not the ex-Governor, as he reaches forth his hand to take the postmastership of Philadelphia, proffered him by President Hayes, turn a wild look northeastward, and say "Ministers of Grace defend us!" Should he, however, in his old age, find himself bankrupt in purse and character, he is recommended to the charitable consideration of the Congressman elect of the 11th District. How very kind and considerate in Mr. Boyle.

We shall not argue the late Congressional contest. It was a hard fight and is settled. Maj. Klotz will take his seat on the 4th of March, if no untoward calamity intervenes, and will serve his constituents no doubt with ability, and with honor to himself. General Albright would have done likewise if fortune had smiled upon him, but it did not, and like any other sensible man, he accepts the situation.

And now to the real issue. Mr. Boyle staked his bottom dollar, figuratively speaking, on the last fall's campaign, in this county, and even figured himself a seat in the State Legislature. It was a laudable ambition, to be sure. He planned his campaign, however, where the unwise man built his house. Nevertheless, at first the cable all seemed to coil to his side of the ship. He hailed, "with a smile that was childlike," a disposition on the part of the Democratic *organ* to assume an independent role and to dictate a certain line of policy for our adopted Irish born citizens to pursue. Mr. Boyle took particular pains to copy and credit the *organ's* pointed editorials, while he turned a stream of *patent* sympathy for the persecuted Mollies out of the back-door of the *Gazette* office. He thought he "heard something drop," when he saw the *organ* switched off the party track on a suspicion of encouraging "impure and unauthorized alliances;" and he found himself, when the real issue was culminating, measuring swords with a most unexpected plot and counter-plot in his game of intrigue.

Be it said, to the credit of our adopted Irish fellow citizens, that they took this effort to ally them *en masse* with Mollie Maguireism, and as a people oppressed on account of their nationality and religion, as an insult to their intelligence and manhood. They knew that, as citizens of the United States and of the sovereign State of Pennsylvania, there was no power under the sun that could persecute them whatever be their birth-place, and for this reason they spurned the sycophantic sympathy which was thus being so lavishly dealt out to them.

It is not surprising, then, that our hero found his campaign an ignominious failure, and himself in a condition calculated to lose the confidence of his party as a leader. This idea was enough to, and seems to have driven him to desperation, and now he unmasks, and, as a journalist, abandons himself to the centralized purpose of trying to stimulate factions on the questions of nationality and religion. During a political campaign such labors might be tolerable; otherwise they are reprehensible.

Horace Greely and others, authors of the "Great American Industries," said of coal mining in Pennsylvania:

"The coal-miners are a rough and sometimes a troublesome class of men, who are greatly given to combinations and strikes, and who are made responsible for the frequent 'scarcity' and consequent high price of coal."

And this will not be the less true as long the mining population have such journals to manufacture public sentiment for them as the *Coal Gazette* has been for the past few months.

For the common weal there has been too much corrupt trifling with the baser passions of the people of this region. The numerous instances of atrocious bloodshed and wanton incendiarism, within a decade, the outlay of thousands of money to vindicate law and order, and the execution of nine men in the little county of Carbon, will cause the future historian to stop and reflect. The whole secret of the matter is made plain to any one who will watch the under-surface operations of a few men whose political aspirations out-weigh their worth and their convictions of duty to society and their fellow-men.

As a sample of Mr. Boyle's peculiar efforts to prejudice the minds of the unthinking let us take the case of Sharpe and McDonnell. After they had been convicted by a Carbon county jury, upon evidence, which in the absence of rebutting testimony, left no doubt of their guilt; after their conviction three able lawyers did all in their power to hunt up new rebutting testimony and presented their cases to the most impartial judges, the Board of Pardons and the Governor. Besides this, the two men were not incarcerated in dark dungeons or hurried away to the scaffold, but were allowed weekly for over seven months, to converse freely with their friends and the visiting public who carried their stories in sympathy to the Christian world; and still nothing transpired to establish their innocence. In the face of this from week to week the *Gazette* continued up to the day of the execution, in contempt of jurors, courts and judges, to stultify itself by proclaiming the two men "innocent," although one of them was a self-confessed murderer and the other, on account of his notorious infamy, was called by his associates "Sharpe the Scraper." On the day of the execution, just before the trap was sprung, Sharpe said, hastily glancing around the corridor of the jail, "Tell Mr. Boyle to print that statement *he wrote down* for me—it is true, every word of it." The strong point in that statement, as published, is:

"If they (the legal authorities) would come out and tell the truth, what they are hanging me for is that I am an Irishman and a Roman Catholic. They can't find anything else against me in this world."

Shades of the Inquisition! How much truth is there in this statement? Is it as true as the other statements made by this man on the gallows? Is it as true as the other statements made weekly in the *Gazette?* If so, and any of them are true, may we not go in shame, as a people, and bury our boasted Declaration of Independence and our family Bibles, burn down our public schools and libraries, and our famed institutions of learning. But it is false—infamously false, and adds but another black spot to the memory of the now doubly unfortunate man who uttered it, and for this reason, if no other, it should never have been published. Had Sharpe lived a true Roman Catholic, in all probability to-day, he would be living, a useful and respected member of society, as are thousands of his fellow-countrymen in almost every State of the Union.

But in the publication of that, as in a little doggerel in last week's *Gazette*, "No Respite Until After Breakfast," giving the people a poetic pen-picture of a model Republican Governor the scratch of whose pen sent nineteen Mollies to the scaffold and Major Klotz to Congress, we see typified friend Boyle's mania—the "means unto an end"—the fire-brand that scared his last campaign and damned him as a party leader in this county.

And withal, every effort to engender bitter and factious strife in communities, on the questions of nationality or religion, is seditious and diabolical, and all those who engage in it should be scourged under the lash of virtuous public sentiment. When a man immigrates to the United States, attains citizenship, and so vows, he ceases to be an Englishman, Welshman, Irishman, German, etc., and whoever labors to stir up a different feeling in his bosom is an evil-worker, in unhamonizing and weakening the moral forces of society.

OUR INDUSTRIES, No. 5.

The Fort Allen Foundry.

For the consideration of an enterprising Mauch Chunker who, with a most commendable intention, urges the business men of that borough to form a stock company, with a capital of $100,000, to start a shoe-shop for the manufacture of miners' shoes, we present this week a brief glance at the history and present operation of the Fort Allen Foundry, which covers, with its several buildings, an extensive area of ground in Weissport, near the site of the old historic block-house and fortification, in memory of which the foundry was named.

Five or six years ago, just at the commencement of the commercial depression which has so distressed business of every kind, two enterprising young men, brothers, William and C. D. Miner, both practical moulders and skilled in the various details of the making of castings, but with a capital so small that men with less courage would have shrunk from the undertaking even in promising times, determined to establish a foundry, with a full faith in labor, which would absorb their own time and talent and give them an opportunity to use up some of the natural resources of the Lehigh Valley to their advantage. There was no hallucination in the prospect that lay before them. They were brought up and had learned their trades in the locality where they now proposed to try their fortunes as partners in a business venture.

That which staggers every new venture in the field of manufacturing, in this country, is not so much the making of the wares as the finding a ready market for them by which the original cost with a margin can be realized to the manufacturer. If he commences business with a small capital, he finds himself at once beset with a net-work of the most trying difficulties—his current expenses, the payment of salaries to employees and imperative bills and dues from dealers in the stock which he has used in his business—all these cast their shadows in his pathway to try his nerve, and make him wish with Shakespeare's *dramatis persona*, "Would it were night, Hal, and all were well." One of the first large orders which the young proprietors of the Fort Allen foundry executed was for the patentees and manufacturers of the Bunting Car Seat Frames; and this proved disastrious, as the company making the frames came short in meeting their obligations, and finally, we believe, suspended. This inconvenience, the projectors of the Fort Allen Foundry, but they steered firmly and safely through it, kept their credit good, and finally recovered all that the suspended company owed them.

One of the secrets of their success lies in the fact that the two brothers are both practical mechanics and business men, work hard every day with their employees, in the various departments of the foundry, employ no clerks, bookkeepers, agents or other sinecures to eat up and wear out the profits of the concern, keep a sharp eye on the iron trade and on the markets consuming and needing their manufactures; and when any current in trade looks promising to them, William, the elder brother, lays aside for the nonce his foundry uniform, dons his "Sunday-go-to-meetings," patronizes the village barber who twirls the ends of his moustache, and hies away to the marts of trade and he seldom, if ever, returns without a fresh supply of orders. As a consequence, during the recent panic, when hundreds of foundries run by corporations and stock companies, all over the country, have closed their doors for lack of remunerative orders, the Fort Allen Foundry has been kept steadily going, and at the present writing is turning out plumbers' castings, pumps and fancy fountains, the castings for a half dozen different sewing and knitting machine companies, while from one to three men are kept constantly employed on miscellaneous home orders or job work. No piece of work leaves the foundry until it has been thoroughly inspected by one of the proprietors and found perfect.

—As a sample of telegraphic news sensations, or rather exaggeration, the recent announcement that a meteor had fallen upon and killed a man in Indiana, turns out to have been merely a brick bat flung with excellent aim by an enraged father, at a young man who was serenading his daughter with an accordeon.

—Babies cry because they suffer; and the most reliable remedy for the relief of their discomfort is Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup. Only 25 cents per bottle.

—The Controller of the Currency reports that the total amount of bonds held by national banks as security for circulating notes on the 1st of February was $348,939,200. Of this amount $67,961,650 were 6 per cent bonds, of which $53,097,500 are 6s of 1881, $5,054,000 Pacific Railway 6s, and $9,000,150 are 2-20s. The banks also hold $184,856,300 of 5 per cents, of which amount $65,319,750 are 10-40s and the remainder, $119,536,550, 5s of 1881. There are also held by the banks $43,578,550 of 4½ per cents and $52,542,700 of 4 per cents. The Controller reports an increase in national bank circulation for the last three months of $1,039,054. The amount of national bank circulation outstanding on the 1st instant was $322,936,849.

—The Toledo Blade, gets off the following joke at the expense of our U. S. Senator.—"Don Cameron, they say, seldom smiles and never laughs. The last attempt at hilarity that any of his frends remember to have seen him make was at his wedding in Cleveland, when he smiled a whole smile, which caused those near him to look around anxiously for a camphor bottle, as they felt sure he would faint." If the Blade man had been in Harrisburg recently, he could have seen some 'smiling' done that must have suggested to him the necessity of at once ordering a car load of camphor bottles from Ohio.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Letter from Washington.

The Approach of Lent—Presidential Gossip.—Grant, Blaine and Sherman.—Women Barristers Admitted to the Supreme Courts.—The Creation of the Census Bureau.—The Western Union Telegraph Lobby at Work, &c., &c.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 10.

Less than three weeks more and the days of fasting and prayer begin—a sudden jump from gay to grave, from lively to severe—and then back again after forty days to the frivolities of the world. This system of rapid transit in religious matters does seem a trifle irreverent, and to unregenerated humanity it looks as if a more general distribution of grace would be better. To eschew "the world, the flesh, and the devil," for forty days and nights only, and to dill gently serve the prince of darkness the remainder of the year is hardly fair so far as the Lord is concerned, and illy calculated to balance accounts in the big book above.

I was speaking in the Capitol one afternoon with a prominent office holder under General Grant, and now retired. He is a prominent one of Hayes and Sherman. He said to me: "Do you know, sir, that General Grant is in great danger as to his renomination?" "I suppose it wont hurt him." "No, sir. But, talking seriously, his friends are putting off their organization for 1880 too long. In the first place, in the Southern States. The Republican party is here in command in all those States, with the exception of North Carolina. John Sherman is running this Administration, and he has the power to make his office-holders the collectors and assessors of revenue, the district attorneys, and the postmasters recreate that party, and give the bias to the delegation which they will send to the National Convention. Gen. Grant's friends are letting it be too late. Gen. Grant's only chance is that Sherman, with his usual want of decision, may feel too timid to undertake the task." "Where next is Grant imperiled?" "Well, there is Jim Blaine, who does not love a hair of Gen. Grant's head. Those two men perfectly understand each other. Grant has no faith in Blaine, and Blaine knows it. Now, Jim Blaine has managed to create quite a a party in his interest in the Northwestern States. He has an organization in Iowa, in Nebraska, Kansas, and Colorado, and I think in Minnesota and Wisconsin. Besides that Massachusetts is disaffected to Grant and no doubt Maine will go Blaine's way. Mr. Blaine is a nearer of the Ewings who are intermarried with the Shermans. I think all of those Southern States will appear at the National Convention in favor of John Sherman, joined by those northern and Eastern States, and Sherman may get the nomination. I asked the same man about the condition of the State of Maine. He said: "There is only one big ring in Maine and that has made all the politicians un—Blaine among them. It is what is called the 'Lime Ring.'" There is but one point on the Atlantic where limestone rock crops out on the ocean front and that is at Rockland. The Rockland lime is burnt right there and the vessels load with it and carry it all over the country. The incorporators of the Lime Company are also the owners of the big quarries in Maine. The granite of Maine is used in the public buildings all over the United States—whenever a courthouse, post-office, or custom house is going up! The men who are big in the Lime Company and the Granite Company make the Republican ring. It was reaction against the tyranny of those incorporators which beat Hale, one of the creatures of the company, for Congress last time."

The Lockwood bill, giving women authority to practice before the Supreme Court of the United States has passed the Senate by a vote of two to one, and now it only requires the approval of Mr. Hayes to become a law. Senator McDonald had charge of the measure, and his advocacy of it influenced a number of votes. The bill passed as it came from the House, and provides that "any woman who shall have been a member of the bar of the highest court of any state or territory, or of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, for the space of three years, and shall have maintained a good standing before such court, and who shall be a person of good moral character, shall, on motion, and the production of such record, be admitted to practice before the Supreme Court of the United States." The powerful effect of persistent and industrious lobbying is manifested in the success of this bill. When it was first introduced, it is doubtful if one fourth of the members of Congress would have voted for it. Some of the strong-minded females, who were interested in the bill, stuck to it like the fort from day to day, and talked members and senators into believing it a just measure.

The census bill reported by Mr. Morrill has been passed by an almost unanimous vote in the Senate. Mr. Conking approved it with all his might and favored it the bill now in existence, but his influence counted for nothing. The bill establishes in the Interior department a census office to be managed by a superintendent, who shall be appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate; the clerks for the census office to be appointed by the Secretary of the Interior as many as may be necessary. The superintendent of census shall nominate one or more supervisors in each state and territory not to exceed in the aggregate one hundred and fifty, and the Secretary of the Interior to appoint them from among the nominations; supervisors shall appoint enumerators in their respective districts with the consent of the superintendent, the supervisors to sub divide their districts and superintend the work of taking the census; the superintendent may, with the consent of the Secretary of the Interior, remove supervisors, and supervisors may, with consent of the superintendent, remove enumerators. The officers, from superintendent down, are to be sworn to a faithful discharge of duty.

Mr. Cox's census bill, now pending before the House, is about the same as the one passed by Senate, except in the provision relating to the appointment of enumerators; it gives that power to the governors of states, but there is no danger that this difference will lead to any collision or contest between the two houses.

The unanimity with which the amendment to the army bill, giving railroad companies having lines of telegraph the right to carry on a general telegraph business, is an irreconverticible indication of the popularity of the measure. The Western Union Company is seriously alarmed at the situation and will endeavor to defeat the proposition in the Senate but it is hardly strong enough to do so. The prospects of the passage by the Senate of the army reorganization scheme, which passed the House yesterday as an amendment to the army appropriation bill, are rather favorable, although it will probably undergo so many amendments that the two houses may not reach an agreement in time for the final adjournment.

The other day an aged couple calling at the White House sent up their cards, in one corner of which appeared, in type known to printers as "two line pica," the open-sesame "Oasis." It afterwards transpired that the worthy people who came wanted Presidential advice on the case of some private bond—and never seen West in their lives but hailed from the State of New Jersey. When asked the meaning of the word on the corner, the explained that they resorted to that subterfuge to make sure of an audience. Two special, one of the Cabinet who at the same moment of her arrival, asked "Good bye, God! I'm going over into New Jersey to get a divorce!"

ADVOCATE.

LEGISLATURE.

The following bills of special interest to this section, have been introduced into the Legislature:

An act to prevent the frequent change in common school books in the several counties of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania an establishing county uniformity in text books. This bill was amended so that when a new series of books may be adopted under the provisions of the act such series shall go into use at the beginning of the next succeeding school term after the election of a superintendent; and also extending the time for advertising of bids to eight weeks instead of four, and providing that the cost of advertising for said bids shall be paid out of the separate school funds of each respective district.

An act to provide for the conveyance of persons injured in or about the mines to their homes.

An act to secure to co-operatives and laborers engaged in and about coal mines, manufactories of iron and steel, the payment of their wages at regular times and in lawful money of the United States. The constitutionality of this bill is questioned.

An act to establish boards of arbitration to settle all questions at variance between employers and employees.

An act to provide a legal remedy for the decision of controversies and disputes existing or which may exist between official or natural persons engaged in manufacturing, mining, as common carriers or other business, and their employees and to prevent "lockouts," strikes or such other disturbances as may tend to injure or disturb business or peace of the community.

An act, authorizing the several counties, cities, boroughs, townships, and school districts of the State, to refund their public indebtedness at any time, at a rate of interest below the rate per centum now paid.

An act appointing two inspectors for each of the several mining districts, at $1500 per annum.

An act regulating the right of redemption of seated lands and returned to the County Commissioners and sold for non-payment of taxes (providing that such lands may be redeemed in the same manner that unseated lands are redeemed.

A supplement to the mining laws was introduced by Mr. Hines, of Luzerne. Its general theory was to make corporations liable for accidents happening through negligence or mismanagement, and one of its special points was, that whenever ten men gathered together at the foot of a slope and desired to be hauled up, their wish should be immediately granted.

The Judiciary Committee navigated a bill giving the Courts power to make rules regulating the advertisement of all sales of real estate by sheriff's assignees, executors, administrators, trustees and committees.

An act prohibiting the issue of store orders for wages of labor in or about mines, or manufactories or shipping of coal, but authorizing firms or corporations to issue due bills payable to bearer.

An act preventing wages of clerks, miners and mechanics from being attached for debt; also, declaring that debt for wages should be a lien upon the property of corporations. Attorneys who aid in attaching wages shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

An act compelling a general suspension of labor on all public works on election days except in cities of the first and second classes and in cases in which the stoppage of work would cause their injury. The design is to allow every citizen to cast his vote without discharge or disapproval of his employer.

Chamber's Cyclopedia of English Literature.

Volume I of the new and beautiful edition of this excellent work, just issued by the AMERICAN BOOK EXCHANGE, 55 Beekman street, New York, embraces the history of our literature from the earliest period to the times of Queen Elizabeth, with lives of all noted authors, and choice specimens from the writings of each. All who are interested in the higher class of literature will welcome this new edition, with its clear type and handy form, and all who have been longing for the era of cheap books, will be more than satisfied with its wonderfully low price. The entire work, in eight volumes, numbering over 3,200 pages, is offered, delivered free of expense, in paper binding, for $2 50; cloth, $3.50; or half morocco, gilt top, $5.00. Specimen pages, showing size, style, type and paper of the entire work and giving full particulars, including inducements to clubs, will be sent free on request. To those who would like to examine it, volume one, which is complete in itself, containing 416 pages, will be sent, postpaid, for nominal price: In paper, 20 cents; cloth, 35 cents; half morocco, gilt top, 50 cents. Purchasers have the option of getting the other seven volumes by paying at any time the remainder of the regular subscription price. The publishers sell only to subscribers direct, instead of giving to dealers and agents the usual 50 or 60 per cent. discount to sell for them, which accounts for the remarkably low prices. A specimen volume, in cloth binding, can be seen at the office of this paper, and those who desire to order can add their names to a club, which will soon be forwarded.

Druggist and Physician

A physician, complaining bitterly about dull times, went to his druggist to find out the reason why, at this season of the year, his practice was not so extensive as formerly; also, to find out what inducements his brother medico offered to attract away his patients. He was startled when his druggist answered as follows: "Doctor, coughs and colds are very prevalent, but every one is purchasing HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR, and recovers so rapidly that there is no necessity for calling in a physician. Again, the reason that Dr. P., on ——th street, is having so many patients is owing to the frankness he adopted in perscribing in every case of Coughs Colds, etc., a bottle of HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR, and finding it successful, he had concluded in future that all his patients, when troubled with any disease of the lungs, shall immediately commence taking HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR."

The druggist's advice was snapped, and the almost discouraged physician now considered a successful practitioner. His claims are based upon the virtues of the medicine he adopts, which in all cases is HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR. Sold by all druggists. Large size much the cheapest.

PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS cure in one minute. 11-14

NEWS GOSSIP.

About twenty ties were found piled on the Long Island Railroad, near Columbusville, on Saturday night, and removed in time to save a passenger train from being wrecked.

Michael Daly, stabbed by John Harrison during a bar-room quarrel in Pittsburg last week, died of his wounds on Sunday. Harrison is in jail.

At Troy, N. Y. early on the morning of the 10th inst., G. F. Simmons, being crazed by his wife's desertion, poisoned his three children and cut his own throat. The children are expected to recover, but Simmons, it is believed will die.

George W. Seiber Treasurer of St. Clair county, Ill., is reported to be a defaulter for $30,000. He has about $19,000 in property, and his bondsmen, it is said, will pay the balance.

Correspondents of the Louisville *Courier Journal* report that "there is no yellow fever in the South, although some sort of sickness seems to have been caused by disinterment of bodies of persons who died of yellow fever."

At Lebanon, Wednesday, Israel Brandt, Josiah Hummel, Henry Wise and George Zechman, charged with complicity in the murder of Joseph Raber, were brought before Judge Henderson on a writ of habeas corpus. Several witnesses testified that all the accused held policies on Raber's life, and had frequent meetings and conspired to procure his death. They were remanded for trial.

THE VALUE OF TIME.

As in a fire the loss greatly depends upon the time required for efficient aid to arrive, so the result of catarrh greatly depends upon the speedy use of efficient remedies. For over a quarter of a century, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy has been the standard remedy. The positive cures it has effected are numbered by thousands. Each year has witnessed an increased sale. Its reputation is the result of superior merit. If the disease has extended to the throat or lungs, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery should be used with the Catarrh Remedy. These two will speedily cure the most stubborn case of catarrh. See the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a work of over 900 pages. Price $1.50. Address the author, R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.

MY MOTTO: "Be Sure You Are Right, Then Go Ahead!"

Drugs. . Medicines.

CHAS. W. LENTZ,

Pharmacist, Family & Dispensing Druggist

Dealers in Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, choice English, French and American Perfumeries, Hair, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Imported and Domestic Soaps, Sponges, Chamois Skins, Stationery, Fancy Box Papers, Lamps and Lamp Fixtures, at prices which defy all competion!

My Prescription Department

Receives special attention, and is the most complete in the county; it is supplied with the best quality of Remedies that can be obtained, and so regulated as to preclude the possibility of a mistake. Prescriptions and Private Recipes compounded at all hours of the day or night by MYSELF, at the Lowest Prices possible.

☞ All Drugs and Spices sold by me are guaranteed to be Strictly Pure and Manufactured from the very Best Crude Articles. No Goods Adulterated at My Establishment. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED OR MONEY REFUNDED. Orders by Mail receive prompt attention.

Thankfully my friends and the public generally for past favors, I confidentally ask a share of future patronage, guaranteeing satisfaction in every case.

Respectfully,

CHAS. W. LENTZ,

Next to the Fort Allen House,

jan. 4, 1878.y] WEISSPORT, Carbon Co., Pa

New Advertisements.

URIAH FATZINGER

Respectfully announces to the people that he has leased the Shop of SAMUEL HEBERLING, on

North Street, Lehighton, Pa.,

and proposes to resume his old business of

Carriage and Wagon BUILDING,

and respectfully asks a share of public patronage, guaranteeing the Workmanship to be equal to the best, and the Prices to be as low as the lowest.

REPAIRING

of all kinds promptly attended to a very reasonable charges.

URIAH FATZINGER,

Opposite Public Square, North Street,

Feb 1.y1 Lehighton, Pa.

DEAR SIR:

If you are in want of anything in the way of **GUNS, RIFLES, REVOLVERS,** PISTOLS, Ammunition, Gun Material, Fishing Tackle or any other FINE SPORTING GOODS please write for my Large Illustrated Catalogue and Price List which I mail FREE. Yours Truly, JOHNSTON'S GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS, PITTSBURG, PA.

FOR TEN DOLLARS CASH

we will insert a seven-line advertisement one week in a list of 269 weekly newspapers, or four lines to a different list of 537 papers, or ten lines two weeks in a choice of either four separate and distinct lists containing from 70 to 90 papers each or 4 lines one week in all four of the small lists, or one line one week in all six lists combined, being more than 1,000 papers. We also have lists of papers by States throughout the United States and Canada. Send 10 cents for our 100 page pamphlet. Address G. P. ROWELL & CO., Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce st., New York.

P. S.—If you will send us the names of a half dozen high priced papers in which you would advertise JUST NOW, if a satisfactory inducement is made, we will submit a proposition, by return mail, which we think will please you. *Money saved is money earned.* Send copy of the advertisement you will use and state in what paper you saw this.

$7 a day to Agents canvassing for the FIRESIDE VISITOR. Terms and Outfit Free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

$77 a month and expenses guaranteed to Agents. Outfit free. SHAW & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

NOTICE! NOTICE!!

All Owners of Clocks, Jewelry and the Watches, Checks Numbers 15, 23, 24, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 39, 43, 47, 50, 56, 59, 60, 61, 63, 73, 86, 88, and 91, remaining at the Shop of the undersigned, are requested to call and get their goods, or they will be SOLD AT AUCTION on

Thursday, March 13th, 1879.

Also, at the same time and place, will be offered for sale,

ONE LARGE FIRE-PROOF SAFE,

One Show Case,

and a variety of useful

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

☞ Terms—Cash.

E. DOLLENMAYER,

Feb. 15, 1879-w4 Lehighton, Pa.

—ADJOURNED—

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. SAMUEL S. DREHER, President of the XLIIId Judicial District, composed of Monroe and Carbon counties, and R. Leonard and Charles Meckisen, Esquires, Judges of Common Pleas of Carbon county, and by virtue of their offices Justices of the Orphans' Court, Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, and the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace of said county of Carbon, have issued their precept to me, for holding a Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Common Pleas, and Court of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, and Orphans' Court, for the purpose of trying issues in criminal cases, and the transacting of other business of said Courts, at the Court House, in the borough of Mauch Chunk, on Monday, the 10th day of March, 1879, at 2 o'clock, P. M., to continue one week or more.

Given under my hand at Mauch Chunk, in said county, January 18th, 1879.

God save the Commonwealth.

J. W. RAUDENBUSH, Sheriff.

Mauch Chunk, Feb. 1, 1879.

EXECUTOR'S SALE

Of Valuable Real Estate.

The undersigned, Executor of the Estate of MRS. EVE SOLT, late of the TOWNSHIP OF FRANKLIN, in the County of Carbon, W'dow, d'cd, will offer at Public sale on the premises aforesaid, on

Tuesday, February 18, 1879,

between the hours of TWO & THREE o'clock P. M., all that certain LOT of

PEICE OF GROUND,

situate about three-fourths of a mile East of Weissport on the road leading from Weissport to Stroudsburg, in said Franklin Township, Carbon County, Penna., beginning in said road thence by land of J. K. Rickert, containing Thirteen Thousand Two Hundred Square Feet, upon which is erected a Two Story Log Weather Boarded Dwelling HOUSE, about 18 x 24 feet, with a Double Porch, &c., a Well of Good Water with Pump in the Yard.

Terms and Conditions will be made known on the day of sale, by

DANIEL WENTZ, Executor

Feb. 1, 1879 w3 Of Mrs. Eve Solt, dec'd.

J. REBO, Auctioneer.

E. F. LUCKENBACH,

Two Doors Below the "Broadway House

MAUCH CHUNK, PA.

Dealer in all Patterns of Plain and Fancy

Wall Papers,

WINDOW SHADES,

Paints & Painters' Supplies,

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

New Pension Law.

All persons by new law, brain disease or any disease, disabled since discharge, entitled to pension. Fees, prompt and moderate; send two stamps for new law, blanks and instructions. L. N. W. FITZGERALD, Box 55, Washington, D.C. 11-1

New Advertisements.

EXECUTORS' SALE

Of Valuable Real Estate.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court, of Carbon County, Pa., the undersigned, Executors of Solomon Solt, late of Franklin township, Carbon County, Pa., dec'd, will offer at Public sale, at Solt's Mill, in said township, on

Tuesday, Feb. 25th, 1879,

commencing at ONE o'clock P. M., all that certain tract or

PIECE OF LAND,

situate in Franklin township aforesaid, bounded by lands of Henry Luckenbill, Fulghman Drehbach, Thomas Solt, Joseph Schweitzer and Reuben Solt and by a Public Road, containing

55 Acres and 140 Perches,

strict measure. All cleared and under a good state of cultivation. There is also a well planted orchard of choice fruit trees on the land.

TERMS: ⅓ cash down; ⅓ in 6 months with interest, and the remaining ⅓ in twelve months with interest from day of sale.

ELIZA SOLT,

THOS. J. SOLT,

Executors

Parties desiring to view the property or to learn further particulars will address either of the Executors. Feb 1.—w4.

DR. HARTER'S

IRON TONIC

Purifies, Enriches, Gives Color and **Tone** to the **Blood;** *it increases the quantity as well as the quality, giving Vigor, Vitality, Energy, Power and Life itself.*

It is especially adapted to Female Diseases, such as Weakness from Nursing, or any other cause, painful, irregular or deranged monthly periods, falling of the womb, nausea in pregnancy, sterility, change of life, etc.

Dr. Harter's Liver Pills

Combine the two essential qualities of a Family Pill. They act as a mild and efficient purge and at the same time are the best Liver Pills ever offered to the public. jan1-m6

German Horse and Cow Powder

Keeps stock healthy and in good condition. It aids digestion and assimilation. It makes fat, muscle and milk. By using it a horse will do more work and a cow give more milk and be in better health and condition. It also keeps poultry healthy and increases the quantity of eggs. It is made by Dr. Levi Ohs, Reliance hotel, block of 3d & Third street, Phila. It is sold by actual weight, at 25 cents per pound, by A. J. DURLING, Lehighton. Nov. 23, 1878-3m.

A FREE GIFT!

Of a copy of my MEDICAL COMMON SENSE BOOK, to any person suffering with CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, CATARRH, BRONCHITIS, LOSS OF VOICE OR SORE THROAT. Send name and post office address, with two 3 cent postage stamps and state your sickness. The book is elegantly illustrated. (164 pp. 12 mo. 1879.) The information it contains, in the providence of God has saved many lives. The author has been treating diseases of the Nose, Throat, and Lungs, as a special practice in Cincinnati, since 1857. Address, Dr. N. B. WOLFE, Cincinnati, Ohio. Jan 18 w4

IMPORTANT

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

A Gentleman having been so fortunate as to cure himself of Consumption in the worst stages, after being given up to die by the most celebrated physicians, desires to make known the cause (which proves a successful in every case) to those afflicted with Asthma, Bronchitis Coughs, Colds Consumption and all Affections of the Throat and Lungs, and will send the Receipe, free of charge, to all who desire it, if they will forward their address to DANIEL ADEE, 34 Liberty st., New York. jan1m6

NATIONAL HOTEL,

CORTLANDT St., near Broadway,

NEW YORK.

HOTCHKISS & POND, Proprietors.

On the European Plan.

The Restaurant Cafe and Lunch Room attached are unsurpassed for cleanliness and excellence of service. Rooms 50 cts to $2 per day, $3 to $10 per week. Convenient to all Ferries and City Railroads. NEW FURNITURE, NEW MANAGEMENT jan 18-y1

MRS. A. C. PETER,

OF

H. A. Peter's Central Drug Store.

LEUCKEL'S BLOCK, LEHIGHTON, PA.,

Respectfully announces to the people of Lehighton and vicinity, that she will continue the business, as heretofore, and thanking them for past favors, asks a continuance thereof. You will always find a full line of

PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS,

PATENT MEDICINES, HOUSE and CATTLE POWDERS, TOILET ARTICLES, SPONGES, CHAMOIS SKINS, FANS and FANCY STATIONERY, latest styles of PLAIN and FANCY WALL PAPERS, at prices to suit the times. PURE WINES and LIQUORS for medicinal use, &c., at Lowest Prices. Physician's prescriptions compounded by Dr. C. T. Horn, at all hours of the day and night, Sunday included. MRS. A. C. PETER.

March 23, '78-y1

Shoats! Shoats!!

The undersigned respectfully announces that he is now prepared to supply all who want with choice SHOATS FROM NEW JERSEY at lowest market prices. Also, DRESSED HOGS at Bottom Prices for cash only! Yard and Office at EXCHANGE HOTEL, Main Street, Lehighton. GEO. M. REX.

Jan. 25, 1879—6m.

For Sal or to Rent.

An eligibly located 2 Story Double Frame House situate in East Weissport, with five and one-half acres of Land, a good Orchard of choice apples, &c. For further particulars apply to

L. F. KLEPPINGER.

Jan. 11. Lehighton, Pa.

E. R. O.

EUREKA OIL (forty degrees higher fire test than the law requires) can be burned in any LAMP where the chimney burner is used; is WARRANTED NOT TO EXPLODE, under forfeiture of $100.

☞ EXCLUSIVE COUNTY RIGHTS for sale by P. J. FITZGERALD, Sole Prop. & Manuf'r, 103 & 105 N. Fourth st., Philad'a.

Also, WHOLESALE DEALER IN HEAD LIGHT, COAL OIL and BURNING FLUID.

N. B. A large assortment of latest styles of CHANDELIERS, BRACKETS, BRONZE LAMPS, BURNERS, &c. &c. Constantly on hand. Sept. 6—6 mo.

A FIXED

DETERMINATION

In order to close on the balance of our Winter Stock of

Dress Goods, Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes,

we have determined not to pack away a single dollar's worth of the same, and will positively move the ENTIRE STOCK quickly, at Prices regardless of COST, in consequence whereof we have made such GIGANTIC REDUCTIONS that will astonish the public in this section of the country.

☞ If you would save time and money, fail not to attend this important sale. Respectfully,

J. T. NUSBAUM & SON,

Linderman's Block, Opposite the Public Square,

Jan. 4 LEHIGHTON, PA.

Weissport Planing Mill,

JOHN G. BIERY, Agent,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in all kinds of Lumber, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, Mouldings, Brackets, Ballusters, Window and Door Frames, Scroll Sawing, Turning, Planing and Ripping done at short notice and at Prices to Suit the Times.

Our Machinery is all New

and of the Latest and Most Improved Pattern; we employ none but the Best Mechanics, and use only the Best and Thoroughly Seasoned Lumber.

Contractors and Carpenters are invited to call for Specifications, which will be cheerfully furnished.

Orders by Mail promptly attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed. Thankful to our friends and the public for past favors, we respectfully ask a share of your patronage in the future.

Very Respectfully,

JOHN G. BIERY, Agent

For the Weissport Planing Mill.

P. O. box 63.] jan.4-y1

The Grand Rush for those