The Carbon Advocate.

H. V. MORTHIMER, Proprietor. INDEPENDENT—"Live and Let Live." $1.00 a Year if Paid in Advance.

VOL. VI., No 40. LEHIGHTON, CARBON COUNTY, PA., SATURDAY, AUGUST 31, 1878. Single Copies, 3 cts.

Railroad Guide.

NORTH PENNA. RAILROAD.

Passengers for Philadelphia leave Lehighton as follows:

6:47a. m., via L. V.	arrive at Phila.	at 9:40	a. m.
7:35 a. m. via L. V.	"	" 11:00	a. m.
11:03 a. m. via L. V.	"	" 2:05	p. m.
4:41 p. m., via L. V.	"	" 8:15	p. m.
7:47 a. m., via L. & S.	"	" 11:40	a. m.
11:07 a. m., via L. & S.	"	" 2:40	p. m.
2:27 p.m. via L. & S.	"	" 5:40	p. m.
4:37 p.m.	"	" 8:50	p. m.
7:3 p. m. via L. V.	"	" 1:00	a. m.

Returning, leave depot at Fifth and American sts., Phila., at 8:15 and 9:45 a. m.; 2:30, 5:30, and 8:00 p. m. ELLIS CLARK, Agent.
June 3, 1878

PHILA. & READING RAILROAD.

Arrangement of Passenger Trains.

MAY 12TH, 1878.

Trains leave ALLENTOWN as follows:—

(VIA PERKIOMEN BRANCH.)

For Philadelphia, at 4:25, 8.50, 11.05, a.m., and 5.35 p. m.

SUNDAYS.

For Philadelphia at 4.25 a. m., 3.35 p. m.

(VIA EAST PENNA. BRANCH.)

For Reading, † 2.40, 8.50, 9.05 a m., 12.15, 2 10, 4.30 and 8 05 p.m.

For Harrisburg, 2.10 5.50, 9.05 a. m., 12.15, 4.30 9.01 p. m.

For Lancaster and Columbia, 5 50, 9.35 a.m. and 4.30 p. m.

† Does not run on Mondays

SUNDAYS.

For Reading, 2 30 a.m. and 4:30 and 9.05 p m.

For Harrisburg, 2.10 a. m. and 9 05 p. m.

Trains FOR ALLENTOWN leave as follows:

(VIA PERKIOMEN BRANCH.)

Leave Philadelphia, 7.30 a. m., 1.00, *1.30 and 5.30 p. m.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Philadelphia, 8.00 a. m. and 3 15 p. m.

(VIA EAST PENNA BRANCH.)

Leave Reading 7.40, 7.45 11.25 a m., 4.00, 6.15 and 10.30 p m

Leave Harrisburg, 5 20 8 10 a. m., and 2.00, 3.37 and 7.50 p. m.

Leave Lancaster, 8.10 a. m., 12 55 and 3.13 p. m.

Leave Columbia 8.00 a. m., 1.40 and 3.35 p. m.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Reading, 7.20 and 9.40 a. m.

Leave Harrisburg, 8.20 a.m.

Trains marked thus (*) run to and from depot 9th and Green streets, Philadelphia other trains to and from Broad street depot.

The 6.50 a. m and 4.35 p. m. trains from Allentown, and the 7.30 a. m and 3.30 p. m. trains from Philadelphia, have through cars to and from Philadelphia.

J. R. WOOTTEN, *General Manager.*

C. G HANCOCK, *Gen'l Ticket Agent.*

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

GREAT TRUNK LINE

AND

United States Mail Route.

The attention of the travelling public is respectfully invited to some of the merits of this great highway, in the confident assertion and belief that no other line can offer equal inducements as a route of through travel. In

Construction & Equipment

OF THE

Pennsylvania Railroad

stands confessedly at the head of American railways. The track is double the entire length of the line, of steel rails laid on heavy oak ties, which are embedded in a foundation of rock ballast eighteen inches in depth. All bridges are of iron or stone, and built upon the most approved plans. Its passenger cars, while eminently safe and substantial, are at the same time models of comfort and elegance.

The Safety Appliances

in use on this line well illustrate the farseeing and liberal policy of its management, in accordance with which the utility only of an improvement and not its cost has been the question of consideration. Among many may be noticed the

Block System of Safety Signals,

Janney Coupler, Buffer & Platform,

THE WHARTON PATENT SWITCH,

AND THE

Westinghouse Air-Brake,

forming in conjunction with a perfect double track road bed a combination of safeguards against accidents which have rendered them practically impossible

Pullman Palace Cars

Are run on all Express Trains

FROM NEW YORK, PHILADA, BALTIMORE and WASHINGTON,

To CHICAGO, CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE, INDIANAPOLIS and ST. LOUIS,

WITHOUT CHANGE,

and to all principal points in the Far West and South with but one change of cars. Connections are made in Union Depots, and are assured to all important points.

THE SCENERY

Of the Pennsylvania Route

is admitted to be unsurpassed in the world for grandeur, beauty and variety. Superior Refreshment facilities are provided. Employees are courteous and attentive, and it is an inevitable result that a trip by the Pennsylvania Railroad must prove a

Pleasing and Memorable Experience.

Tickets for sale at the lowest rates at the Ticket Offices of the Company in all important cities and towns.

FRANK THOMPSON, Gen. Manager. L. P. FARMER, Gen. Pass. Agent.

J. K. SHOEMAKER, Pass. Agt. Middle Dist. 12 North Third St., Harrisburg, Pa.

Prime Home Made Bread!

WHY GO HUNGRY? When you can Buy 68 pounds of First Class Bread—

FIVE LOAVES FOR 25 CENTS!

J. W. O'NEAL, the popular Bread and Cake Baker, of Lehighton, in order to meet the wants of the times has decided to offer his celebrated Home Made BREAD to

FIVE Loaves for Twenty-five Cts. Cash.

Sugar, Raisin, Cocoanut Scotch, Drop, Cream and other CAKES, only

Ten Cents per Dozen.

Look Out for the Wagon!

AT MAUCH CHUNK, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Mornings.

LEHIGHTON and WEISSPORT, every Afternoon except Friday.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH!

Patronage solicited J. W. O'NEAL.

STORE: Opposite First National Bank.

april 6 y1 Bank Street, Lehighton Pa.

Gold. Great chance to make money. If you can't get gold you can get greenbacks. We need a person in every town to take subscriptions for the largest, cheapest and best illustrated family publication in the world. Any one can become a successful agent. The most elegant works of art given free to subscribers. The price is so low that almost everybody subscribes. One agent reports making over $100 in a week. A lady agent reports taking over 400 subscribers in ten days. All who engage make money fast. You can devote all your time to the business or only your spare time. You need not be away from home over night. You can do it as well as others. Full particulars, directions and terms free. Elegant and expensive Outfit free. If you want profitable work send us your address at once. It costs nothing to try the business. No one who engages fails to make great pay. Address "THE PEOPLE'S JOURNAL," Portland, Maine. Aug. 18 1877-1y*

CARDS,

Furniture Warehouse.

V. Schwartz, Bank street, *dealer in all kinds of Furniture. Coffins made to order.*

Boot and Shoe Makers.

Clinton Brelney, *in Lewis's building,* Bank street. *All orders promptly attended—work warranted.*

Attorneys.

JOHN KLINE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office with Allen Craig, opposite American Hotel, MARKET SQUARE,

MAUCH CHUNK, PA. July 29-y

JOHN D. BERTOLETTE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Broadway and Susquehanna Streets Opposite Court House.

MAUCH CHUNK, PA.

May be consulted in German. may 25 1y*

F. P. LONGSTREET,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Next door to the "Carbon House"

BANK STREET, LEHIGHTON, PA.

December 16-6m.

W. M. RAPSHER,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW. BANK STREET, LEHIGHTON, PA.

Real Estate and Collection Agency. Will Buy and Sell Real Estate, Conveyancing neatly done. Collections promptly made. Settling Estates of Decedents a specialty. May be consulted in English and German. Nov. 25.

JAS. R. STRUTHERS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office:—2d floor of Wood's Hall,

Mauch Chunk, Pa.

All business entrusted to him will be promptly attended to.

May 27. 1y.

P. J. MEEHAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Next Door to First National Bank,

MAUCH CHUNK, PA.

Can be consulted in German. [jan9.

Justices and Insurance.

H. A. BELTZ,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,

Obert's Building, BANK-St., LEHIGHTON.

Conveyancing, Collecting and all other business connected with the office promptly attended to. Agent for first-class Insurance Companies. Fire and Life Insurance Companies. Rents collected at reasonable charges, &c. April 17-y1

THOMAS S. BECK,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,

BANK Street, LEHIGHTON, Pa.

Conveyancing, Collecting and all business connected with the office promptly attended to.

Agent for first-class Insurance Companies, and Risks of all kinds taken on the most liberal terms. jan. 9, 1875.

THOMAS KEMERER,

CONVEYANCER,

AND

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT

The following Companies are Represented:

LEBANON MUTUAL FIRE,
READING MUTUAL FIRE,
WYOMING FIRE,
POTTSVILLE FIRE,
LEHIGH FIRE, and the TRAVELERS ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

Also Pennsylvania and Mutual House Thief Detective and Insurance Company.

March 29, 1873. THOS. KEMERER.

Physicians and Dentists.

CHAS. T. HORN, M. D.,

OFFICE: OVER H. A. PETER'S DRUG STORE BANK ST., LEHIGHTON, PA.

General practice attended to, and SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO DISEASES OF WOMEN. mar 23, 1878-y1

W. A. DERHAMER, M. D.,

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Special attention paid to Chronic Diseases.

Office: South East corner Iron and 2nd sts., Lehighton, Pa. April 2, 1875.

DR. N. P. RÖBER,

PRACTICING PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office, Bank Street, next door to the Postoffice, Lehighton, Pa. Office Hours—Parryville each day from 10 to 12 o'clock; remainder of day at office in Lehighton Nov 23, '72

W. G. M SEIPLE,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Next to E. H. Snyder's Store, BANK St.,

LEHIGHTON, PENN'A

N.B.—Special attention given to the Cure of Salt Rheum, &c. jan 19 y

H. A. PETER,

OF THE

Central Drug Store,

LEUCKEL'S BLOCK, LEHIGHTON, PA.,

Offers to the public a full line of

PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS,

PATENT MEDICINES HORSE and CATTLE POWDERS, TOILET ARTICLES, SPONGES, CHAMOIS SKINS, PAINTS and FANCY STATIONERY. Latest styles of PLAIN and FANCY WALL PAPER, at prices to suit the times. PURE WINES and LIQUORS for medicinal use, &c. Physicians' prescriptions compounded by SELF at all hours of the day and night, Sunday included. All offered at very reasonable prices. Thanking the people for their past favors, I solicit a continuance in the future. H. A. PETER.

March 29, '78-y1

Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore subsisting between M. C. Trexler, and P. C. Snyder, under the firm of M. C. Trexler & Co., on this 7th day of July, 1878, dissolved by mutual consent. M. C. Trexler and H. B. Kreidler will continue in business under the firm name of M. C. Trexler & Co., by whom the liabilities of the late firm will be adjusted and to whom all debts due the late firm will be paid.

M. C. TREXLER.
H. B. KREIDLER.

Lehighton, Aug. 3, 1878 w3.

JUST RECEIVED!

A LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

LADIES'

Ready-made Linen Suits

AT

POPULAR PRICES.

Also, a splendid line of

SUITINGS,

LINENS,

GRENADINES, and

WHITE GOODS

at Low Prices.

Large Stock

OF

PARASOLS

AND

SUN UMBRELLAS

AT VERY

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Great Reduction

IN

Men's Small Wear.

Gent's 4-ply linen collars, $1.60 per doz. or 15c. each.

Gent's 4-ply linen cuffs, $3.25 per doz. or 30c. per pair.

Gent's Magnum Bonum dress shirts, the best in the world at $1.00.

LARGE STOCK

OF

FINE DRESS SHIRTS

AT A

GREAT REDUCTION.

PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED. CALL AND EXAMINE.

Respectfully,

J. T. NUSBAUM & SON.

April 6, '78

THE GRANDEST

Exposition of Clothing

Ever made in LEHIGHTON is at the Post Office Building of

H. H. PETERS, Agent,

on BANK STREET, and the people know it. He keeps everything wanted in

Men's and Boy's Clothing, at the most Moderate Prices FOR CASH.

He never yet wasted time in selling High Priced Goods. His Prices are so LOW, that people are wondering how it can be done. But it is done. Those in need of

Fall or Winter Suits!

will find it to their advantage to consult H. H. PETERS, agent, about the matter. aug 24 tf

Advertise!

Cheap for Cash!

The undersigned respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the public to the

Large and Select Stock of

Groceries and Provisions

comprising

TEAS, COFFEES,
SUGARS MOLASSES,
BOLOGNAS, BUTTER,
EGGS, POTATOES,
HAMS, SHOULDERS,

Fresh Peanuts, Watermelons, Apples, Peaches,

&c., which he is selling VERY LOW FOR CASH. Give him a call before you buy elsewhere.

Frank Liebenguth,

BANK STREET, LEHIGHTON, PA.

May 18-m3

EXECUTORS' SALE.

The undersigned, Executors of DANIEL HEBERLING, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, at the HOTEL of THOMAS SANTZ in the BOROUGH of LEHIGHTON, Carbon county, Pennsylvania, on

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1878,

commencing at TWO o'clock in the Afternoon, the following very Valuable REAL ESTATE, to wit: All that certain

LOT OR PIECE OF LAND

situate on the eastwardly side of Pine Street, in the Borough of Lehighton, and numbered on the plan or plot thereof No. 14, fronting on said Pine Street 64 feet, and continuing eastwardly of that width between parallel lines and at right angles with said Pine Street 189 ft. 9 in. to Milton Alley, bounded westwardly by Pine Street, northwardly by Lot No. 15, eastwardly by Milton Alley, and southwardly by Lot No. 12. The Improvement is a 1½ story

FRAME HOUSE,

32 x 16 feet. ALSO, All that certain

LOT OR PIECE OF GROUND,

situate on the eastwardly side of Pine Street in said Borough of Lehighton, and numbered in the plan or plot thereof No. 13, fronting on said Pine Street 64 ft., and continuing eastwardly of that width between parallel lines and at right angles with said Pine Street 189 feet 9 ins. to Milton Alley, bounded westwardly by Pine St., northwardly by Lot No. 16, eastwardly by said Milton Alley, and southwardly by Lot No 14. The Improvement is a 1½ story

DWELLING HOUSE,

32 x 16 feet. Also, the following valuable Stocks, to wit:

64 Shares of Mauch Chunk Gas Stock,

11 Shares Lehigh Valley (Weissport) Railroad Stock, Deceased's interest in a Slate Quarry, 1 Gross Sewing Machine &c.

Conditions will be made known at time and place of sale, by

THOS. J. and JAS. W. HEBERLING, Executors.

Aug. 17-3-w.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

There will be sold at Public Sale, on the premises in Towamencing township, Carbon Co., Pa., on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1878,

at ONE o'clock, p. m., all that certain tract of land, bounded by the lands of Simon Snyder, Thomas M. Smith, and by lands late of Jacob Saunman, with the several courses and distances, containing

58 ACRES and 8 PERCHES.

Also, all that certain tract of land bounded by lands of Joseph Serfass, partly by lands of James Cahoon and Jonas Hahn and John Smith, and the public road leading from Siemersville to Wits's with the several courses and distances, containing

75 ACRES and 97 PERCHES,

more or less. The above tracts are on the road leading from Lehigh Gap to Siemersville. About seventy acres of the above tracts, which adjoin each other, are under a good state of cultivation. The balance is valuable woodland. The improvements thereon consist of a TWO and HALF STORY

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

large Frame Barn and the necessary and usual outbuildings. This would be an excellent property for a person interested in the propagation of stock as there are excellent springs and a large trout brook on the place.

Also, The following Personal Property: one Windmill and a lot of rye and Wheat in sheaf.

W. E. FRISBIE,
Assignee of John Pickford.

Mauch Chunk, Aug. 17, 1878—w 4.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

Of Valuable Real Estate!

By virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Carbon County, Pa., the undersigned, Assignee of JOSEPH S. WEBB AND WIFE will sell at Public Sale on the premises in BANK Street, in the BOROUGH of LEHIGHTON, Carbon county, Pa., on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1878,

commencing at TWO o'clock P. M., the following valuable Real Estate, to wit:

All that certain Messuage tenement and

DWELLING HOUSE

AND LOT OF GROUND,

with the appurtenances, situate on the east side of Bank Street, in the Borough of Lehighton, containing forty-three feet on said Street, and continuing of that width at right angles to Bankway, bounded on the east by Bankway, on the south by lots of Charles and James Klein, on the west by Bank Street, on the north by lots of the late Simon Weidenheimer.

No. 2. Item—all those two certain

LOTS OR PIECES OF GROUND,

in the aforesaid Borough of Lehighton, and numbered one and two in certain plot made and laid out by Fisches and Hex, each having a front of thirty feet on first additional street, and extending of that width to the one hundred and thirty feet to a common alley, bounded on the north by a common alley, on the west by other lands it tended to be conveyed to Fisches and Hex on the south by first additional street, and on the east by a common alley.

Terms will be made known at the time and place of sale, by

THOMAS S. BECK,
Assignee of Jos. S. Webb and Wife.

Aug. 10, 1878—w3

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

Of Valuable Real Estate.

By virtue of an order issued out of the Court of Common Pleas, the undersigned will expose at Public Sale, in MAHONING Township, Carbon County, Pa., on

SATURDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1878,

commencing at ONE o'clock P. M., the following described Real Estate to wit: No. 1. All that certain tract or piece of land, known as the Behrle Property, situate in Mahoning Valley, aforesaid, and bounded by lands of Solomon Gomerer, Simon Behrig, Jonas Nothstein and Wm. Fenstermacker, containing

38 ACRES 45 PERCHES,

strict measure. The improvements thereon are a

STONE DWELLING HOUSE,

27x32; Log Barn, 30x40 feet; Spring House, 14x16 feet, about 5 Acres are meadow, the rest is under cultivation, and a kinds of Fruit Trees on the premises.

No. 2. Is known as the Fenstermacher property, situate in Mahoning Twp., Carbon County, bounded by lands of George Kemerer, Reuben Peter and Jonas Nothstein, containing

37 ACRES 109 PERCHES,

strict measure, 4 acres of Meadow, 4 acres Woodland, the rest is under good cultivation and a variety of choice Fruit Trees are on the premises. The improvements are a FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, 20x24 feet; a Frame Barn 30x40 feet; Hog stable, 30x10 feet.

Conditions will be made known at time and place of sale, by NATHAN MORSE,

Aug. 17—w4. Assignee of Lewis Behrig.

BAYARD TAYLOR

Says: "I take great pleasure in recommending to parents the Academy of Mr. S. C. Partridge." Hon. Fernando Wood, a patron says: "I cheerfully consent to the use of my name as reference." $6 per quarter, lowest price for young men and boys. No Extra Charges. Special attention to both advanced and backward pupils. Recommended by Judge Van Hoesen, Rev. Drs. Hill and Peabody. Address SWINTHIA S. C. SHORTLIDGE (Harvard A. M.) Media, Pa. Media has 7 churches and 4 temperance charter. Aug. 17, 1878—w4

Our Paris Letter.

Echoes from Paris—Swedish Nightingales—Napoleon's "organizer of victories"—Sculpture, past and present—What the ladies admire—Shawls and Lace—French Furniture—A Strike—One Thousand Dollars a day Board!

PARIS, Aug. 9th, 1878.

The growling on the part of the exhibitors has diminished since the number of prizes has been doubled by simply reducing the gold and silver medals one-half in size. Only two competitors thus exist for a champion honor. International exhibition rewards are thus condemned to be about as awe-respecting as a French baron, a German count, or a diploma obtained from a university where the *bursar* regulates the examinations. Scandinavia has sent quite a cloud of nightingales to warble at the Trocadero which they do well, and above all, cheaply. The men wear white caps, and are to be found isolated in all quarters of Paris; so far resembling the male nightingale, whose characteristic is, according to naturalists, to rove. The Scandinavians have this in common with the Saxon race—they take their pleasure sadly. The Ethnographical Society's meetings are much followed, and the opening speech by Senator Carnot, son of Napoleon's "organizer of victories," treated more of brains than of skulls. He thinks moderns are behind Confucius in the art of government of peoples, whose maxim was, "love them;" but even in China they were only the philosophers who salaamed this doctrine; the Hebrews he said inculcated, "love your neighbors—provided they were not your inferior nor impure." Christianity, said Carnot, inculcates love for humanity without exception, and practises it. The French were sorely tried, when studying the skulls of Canaques and wax figures of their owners, as fit and proper persons to be endowed with Rousseau's rights of man, and Lamartine's Universal suffrage vote; they are the aboriginal of New Caledonia, who have just massacred and eaten some soldiers and communists in training to teach to do evil, and learning to do well.

It is impossible to do justice, even cursorily, to the many specimens of sculpture exhibited in the various sections of the Exhibition, and it may be added to that it would be entirely uninteresting to do so. To the majority of people, statuary, at least, is a sealed book. It creates no sensation when it is visibly before them, and it would certainly create less, if it were possible, when simply described by the feeble power of a reporter. Nevertheless, it is the grandest, most ancient, and most durable of the arts. The works which delight the critic of to-day and are looked to mark the golden age of statuary date their origin many centuries before the Christian era. The full beauty of the human form has never been so accurately described as by the Greek sculpture. The mythology of the country gave to their efforts an elevation and purity of thought which in these days cannot be conveyed to similar subjects, however skillfully manipulated. Hence the tendency of sculpture has been to moderate, the severity of the ancient school and to create another in which clothes should not be wholly disregarded. The toga improved itself on the thoughts and consciences of artists. Were it a booted warrior with a cocked hat that had to be depicted he was found clad in the garb of a Roman senator. An absurdity so conspicuous could not long continue. A new school sprang up. Its aim was to call a spade a spade. If top boot and a cocked hat were wanted the disciples of that school were ready to supply them. Nay, if Achilles, himself, in addition to his one natural defect, had also had a pimple on the top of his nose, they would have alighted on it with enthusiasm. Excess of any kind naturally leads to reaction, and a reaction took place. But various theories still remain. The pursuists and realists contend for their separate ideas, and the able men on either side prove how easy it is for both to be right.

The French statuary, by its numbers and variety of its styles and subjects, is considered the best.

The finest shawls are still made, as of yore, in the beautiful valley of Cashmere, the Oriental Eden, which is shut by the precipitous mountains from all surrounding countries. The Cashmerian is industrious, intelligent, and lively. It is only in Cashmere that production is organized on principles nearly akin to the economical plan of Europe. The shawl is the glory and pride of the country, nearly the entire population being engaged in its production. The goats of Thibert, from which tremendous steeps separate it on the north, supply the silky wool which alone is used in the tissue; none other can surpass—none has yet equalled it in softness. The downy substance found next to the skin, and below the thick hair of the part employed; it is of exquisite finess. So jealous is the Maharajah of Cashmere to maintain his reputation, that he has recently taken steps to prevent any deterioration in the quality of the shawls manufactured. The Indian display of the articles is exceedingly fine, and of great value. Almost every civilized country in the world produces the article called lace—the most difficult and delicate result of skilled labor. There are, however, only two or three countries that have given life original impulse to the trade. The others here simply followed in the train of events, taking what they have done as a model, and imitating it to the best advantage. To the two nations—France and Belgium belong the credit of prosecuting this trade with vigor.

The laces of Alencon and Brussels are of so complicated a nature that each process is assigned to a different lace maker, who works only at her special department. Formerly a piece of Alencon lace would pass through eighteen hands before completion, that is now somewhat diminished. Valenciennes lace is also of most elaborate workmanship; the pattern and ground are made together, with the same thread on the same pillow.

A few years since, Paris enjoyed the monopoly of furniture *de luxe*, but although it is still the most important centre for the manufacture of French furniture, several large firms have been established at Lyons, Bordeaux, Marseilles, Nantes, Caen, Toulouse, &c. There are about 27,000 furniture makers in France and between 4000 and 5000 producing firms. Indigenous woods, such as beech, oak, deal and walnut wood are used in the cheaper kinds of cabinet-work; mahogany, rosewood, bois de violette, are employed in more expensive furniture.

There is a strike at the Exhibition. The neat-handed Phillises employed to wait upon the guests at the Restaurant Duval have struck against some interference with the gratuities which they receive from the visitors. There are 250 employed in the establishment.

A great deal has been said and written about the expense of living in Paris at the present moment, and the extortionate instincts of hotel-keeper, have been much dilated upon. Probably no one has felt this more acutely than His Imperial Majesty the Shah, who, before leaving Paris, had to settle several hotel bills of considerable length. The account of the Grand Hotel alone amounted to 76,000 fr., which was at the rate of 3,454 fr. *per diem*; but at the Fontainebleau, where His Majesty's stay was of the shortest, the charges were preposterous. There the bill amounted to 14,200 fr., but after long negotiations it was reduced to 9,000 francs. ALPHA.

Excellent School Books.

People now-a-days are very much in the habit of boasting of the facilities enjoyed for acquiring an education. It is true they are largely improved over those enjoyed a few years ago; but the question arises—Are we obtaining the best it is possible to procure for the cost? If not, in what does the deficit consist, and how shall it be satisfied?

These considerations have occupied us to no small extent in an examination we have recently made of some new and progressive text-books for common schools. They comprise a series of arithmetics by Prof. Milne, principal of the State Normal School at Geneseo, N. Y., and a history of the United States by Prof. Ridpath of the Indiana Asbury University. These books possess original features of so much value that a brief reference to them must prove interesting to every intelligent reader.

First. The Arithmetics. These comprise "First Lessons in Arithmetic," and "Practical Arithmetic." They are upon the inductive plan—that is they are an explitation of the science of numbers deduced from actual experience, as opposed to hypothetical or asumed definitions. They come right down to business principles at once, to the practical work of buying, selling, contracting, borrowing, loaning, and all the various ramifications of commercial life, without interposing the abstruse theorics of rediculous puzzles with which so many arithmetics are lumbered. Their analysis of the rules which lie at the foundation of the study is simple and concise and will be readily comprehended. The rules are few and briefly expressed, but they tell the whole story. There is no opportunity for misunderstanding them. They are the handsomest and most substantially made books of arithmetic, as well as the cheapest in the market, and we think enough has been said to induce those interested in practical instruction to examine them.

Second. The History. It involves more distinctive features of an attractive character than any school history of the United States we have ever examined. The narrative is smooth and fascinating, the facts are succintly and impressively stated and the deductions are satisfactory and impartial. In the way of maps, charts, diagrams and illustrations there is nothing to be desired, for they are according to the best authorities and in every regard admirable. The maps show the conditions at important periods; the chronological indicate events in their order; and fix them in the mind with contemporaneous happenings in other countries; the topographical diagrams point out the historical battle-fields, important settlements etc.; the illustrations are portraits of those who have added luster to our national annals. The work has a full index and a pronouncing vocabulary, a recapitulation of and decidedly the most admirable arrangement of its subject matter it is possible to make. No book can induce the pupil to love the history of his country if this fails to do it.

These books are published by Messrs. Jones Brothers & Co., of Philadelphia, Cincinnati and Chicago.

DOES THE WORLD MOVE?

The Rev. John Jasper, of Virginia, says "Ee *still* do move, for in de mornin' it shined on dis side ob de hous, whil in de ebenin' on dat side ob de hous. Now of he dont move, how come hit dar?" Notwithstanding Mr. Jasper's logic, we yet believe the *world* moves. When Mr. Jasper's ideas constituted the popular belief, people thought that to die of small pox or cholera was simply fulfilling one of nature's laws. Now through vaccination, small-pox is averted, while cholera, cholera morbus, dysentery (flux), and diarrhœa, are readily cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Compound Extract of Smart-Weed. Does not such evidences tend to prove that "the world moves?" As an external remedy for cuts, bruises, sprains, swellings, bites and stings of insects, the Compound Extract of Smart-Weed has no equal. Veterinary surgeons have also employed it with marked success.

—Not a miss—A pretty widow.

—The beginning of the end—The letter E.

—There are now 5,729,805 bushels of grain in store at Chicago.

—We may joke when we please, if we are always careful to please when we joke.

—During the yellow fever epidemic the Memphis *Ledger* publishes a half sheet only.

—One of the new dress materials is called Palmyra broche, with small flowers in brocade.

—The aggregate crop of cranberries in New Jersey, in a favorable season, exceeds half a million bushels.

—Baltimore's exports of wheat to France are larger than ever before. The shipments for two days recently amounted 322,368 bushels.

—A Westmoreland county farmer claims to have discovered a process for making sugar from corn stalks at a cost of three cents a pound.

Young ladies at the seaside are wearing caps like those of the Roman peasant women, little oblong pieces of Swiss or organdie, decorated with lace and ribbons—and long gold-headed pins are used to pin them on.