The Carbon Advocate.

H. V. MORTHIMER, ... EDITOR

LEHIGHTON, PA.:
SATURDAY, JULY 20, 1878.

—Fifty cases of sunstroke and twenty deaths were reported in St. Louis Sunday. Some of the deaths resulted from sunstrokes on Friday and Saturday.

—The Cincinnati *Commercial* publishes crop reports from a number of places in Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky, showing not only a greater acreage but a larger average product per acre than in any former year.

—The Wilmington (Del.) *Commercial* recommends the adoption of some horrible, unimagined punishment for wife murder, in order to check the frequency of such crimes. It would even revive the brutal custom of burying suicides at the crossroads with a stake driven through the heart.

—It is stated that, instead of canvassing the departments for funds to be used in the approaching elections, the Secretary of the Republican Congressional Committee has caused a circular to be distributed among the clerks and other employees, informing them that an "arrangement has been made with the treasurer" to be at a specified bank from 4 to 5 o'clock in the afternoons to receive contributions from those who have not yet made any. Many of the clerks, it appears, have refused to respond to the call for cash, on the ground that they are not politicians.

—The Supreme Court having sustained the action of the lower court in convicting Blasius Pistorius, the Catholic priest, of murder in the first degree, the necessary papers have been filled with the Board of Pardons asking for his liberation. The case will be heard on the first Thuesday in August, and his friends have strong hopes that the Board will recommend commutation of the death sentence to imprisonment for life. The prisoner himself has requested, through his brother, that he either be hanged or pardoned unconditionally.

—N. Y. *Witness*: The hallucination among the workingmen, if it is really among them and not merely confined to speculators and demagogues, that a depreciated currency would benefit them, is the most extraordinary mistake of the present day. It would benefit spectators in real estate and all who owe money, but it would tell against every man who lives by his labor and whose interest it is to get money of full value in payment. The fact that all were apparently prosperous when money was greatly depreciated was a mere coincidence. The reason of the apparent prosperity was the great Government expenditure. We say apparent, for everything was dear in proportion as the currency became less value than gold, as everything is now cheap in proportion to the approximation to a gold standard. If depreciated legal-tender paper would make a country prosperous, these United States should have been remarkably so whilst the "Continental money" was running down to nothing, and so should the Confederate States whilst their legal tender currency was only worth ten cents or one cent on the dollar in gold. St. Domingo and Cuba and many other countries have a greatly depreciated currency, but this does not help them at all in the way of prosperity. So far from those who advocate a sound currency on a gold basis being inimical to workingmen, the case is just the reverse.

Points in Politics.

—Throckmorton, of Texas, favors the repeal of the Resumption law and all the kindred projects of the inflation party.

—Congressman Finley, of Ohio, thinks that Grant and Thurman will be opposing Presidential candidates in 1880.

—It is reported that the democrats of the Williamsport (Pa.) district are alarmed at the prospect of a fusion of the republican and greenback factions.

—Boston *Traveller* (rep.): "Greenbackery is active in Massachusetts, and threatens to become a 'force' at the November election. It is a political fact, and it may become a factor."

—*Courier Journal*:—"In great affairs, organized ideas rule, and (else all signs of the times are out of joint.) Grant and order is the organized idea of the republican future."

—The Washington *Post*, referring to the the Watterson-Hewitt dispute, says that it hardly compensates the democratic party for the loss of the Presidency to prove anybody either an ass or a liar.

—The republicans of Indiana feel the want of a leader since Morton died. The democrats are hopeful of gaining three or four of the Congressional district which in 1876 gave majorities to the other side.

—The Pottsville *Miners' Journal* says that Colonel James A. Nutting ought to be again nominated to represent the Thirteenth district. It claims that he was fraudulently deprived of his seat in the last Congress.

—Alexandria (Va.) *Gazette*: "If the democratic majority in the present Congress had tried during the late session to give the radicals reasons for obtaining a majority in the next House, they could not have succeeded better than they did."

—The latest prognostication from the First Congressional district of Maine is that if the democratic greenbackers nominate General S. J. Anderson the republican greenbackers will nominate Mr. E. H. Gove. After all there may be only two sides to the fight.

—Burlington *Hawkeye*:—"It is not unlikely that General William D. Washburn, the youngest brother of the great office holding family, will be elected to Congress from Minnesota this year. As he is a great miller we hope he will prove to be the flower of the republican army, and that the boys will whoop it up to him."

—The major opinion of the bankers of Cincinnati who have been questioned by the *Commercial* seems to be that practical resumption will arrive before 1879. Some of them favor an immediate step in that direction, and others believe that the decisive date should be at least hastened by some months. A few are less sanguine and are even timid.

—The democratic convention in Ohio, which unsuccessfully ballotted six hundred times for a Congressional nomination, was, it is said, "one of the most highly respectable bodies of men that could have been called together," and its proceedings, though so long drawn out, were lamblike in decorum.

The Treaty of Peace Signed.

The Congress, which held its first sitting at the Radziwill Palace, Berlin, on the 13th of last month, closed its labors Saturday with the signature of the final treaty. The provisions of the important document having been, from time to time, given to the public, and the Anglo-Turkish Convention being an accomplished fact, public attention will, for the moment, be centered upon the details of the event which took place Saturday at Berlin and upon the characteristic rapidity with which England is preparing to modernize the island of Cyprus, which has fallen to her share in the general scramble for the Sick Man's territory. The signing of the treaty was marked with high solemnity, the display of brilliant uniforms, glittering orders, stately ceremonial and lofty courtesy. And it begins "in the name of Almighty God." There were general and particular congratulations, and at the banquet in the evening the Crown Prince of Germany pledged the health of all the plenipotentiaries and all the signatory Powers. In these gratulations we may, in the interest of peace, join; but somehow behind all the glitter and the joy there lurks an unquiet spectre. It is very evident that for some time to come peace is secured, but there is much grumbling, and that not alone on the part of the conquered, whose grumbling would not and never does much matter. Russia is, doubtless, tolerably satisfied, and England has made the best of a difficult position. Austria is not thoroughly pleased; Italy is angry and France is far from glad. Russia and England are nearer than ever to each other, and that is not the best guarantee in the world that peace will be enduring or that treaties will hold. It may seem ungenerous to hunt up the spectre while the glasses are clinking and the effusiveness is general, but we are fortunately lookers-on only.

To Earl Beaconsfield, however, the history of the day is unalloyed triumph. It will not surprise us now to hear of the famous "Oriental imagination" when the hoisting of the British flag on the new possession announces that under his Ministry England has advanced from Malta to Cyprus, from one post of the Crusaders to another, on the road to Jerusalem. It is rich, besides, with such memories as he prizes. Phœnicians, Greeks, Egyptians—old Pharaohs and later Ptolemies—Persians, Romans, Crusaders, Venetians, Ottomans pass before the eyes in many garbs and many civilizations. From the Egyptian to the Venetian, what a range of conquerors and possessors! They trod upon each other's gods. We may get a glimpse of what it was in the dim ages by a walk amid Cesnola's disentombed sculptures: we see it vividly later on in the Crusades, and shall we dismiss as unhistoric the story told by the Bard of Avon of how the Moor, Othello, loved and doubted there? The Venus of Cyprus vanishes into Desdemona, and now the the Turk recedes before the Englishman. They will run railroads through the island, and joint stock companies will build hotels, and the Cockneys will make excursions thither, and the wine of Cyprus—the rare vintage of the Commaudery—will be fabricated in Whitechapel. It will be a stopping place for those going to take the Euphrates Valley Railroad. What could be a more fitting period to a wonderful career than this? It is the apotheosis of Disraeli. Captured by a shrewd trick, it will be held with a tight hand, and while the Prime Minister makes his glowing mind-pictures out of the past and the future, there is a sound of the steam whistle in the present which is not romance but progress.—*New York Herald.*

Atlantic City.

We clip the following from the columns of the Philadelphia *Inquirer* of the 13th, and commend it to attention of those of our readers who contemplate a visit to "Old Ocean" during the heated term:

Atlantic City and the Camden and Atlantic railroad hold their own with the public as of old. The proximity of the former to this city and the consequent shortness of the latter are strong claims on general patronage. Nothing can alter the fact that the suburb by the sea is the nearest watering place on the coast, or affect the resultant consideration that the trains on the Camden and Atlantic railroad reach salt air and water much sooner than any others running out of Philadelphia. In one respect ample justice should be done the company controlling this great thoroughfare of trade and travel.

From the first the management set out with the intention of consulting the wishes, comfort, convenience and interest of their passengers. Then motto was evidently that with which Mr. P. T. Barnum decorated the curtain of his museum, once a popular place of amusement at Seventh and Chestnut, "We study to please." As they began so they have continued, steadily aiming to accommodate their customers, both in fares and freight rates, trains and time tables, and the wisdom of this course has now long since been apparent in the flourishing trade of the railway and the rapid growth of the city which forms its seaside terminus.

True, the bathing is unsurpassed, but this of itself would not account for the great popularity of Atlantic City, which and enlightened policy on the part of the railway directors and property owners generally has largely contributed to make what it is today. The present season already opens, notwithstanding the hard times, as one of the most promising on record. The railroad company are now running six trains each way every week day, with extras on Saturdays and Mondays, and two trains on Sundays. You can go down on Sunday morning at 7 o'clock in the accommodation or at 9 o'clock in the express, which shows you the ocean in ninety minutes from the time you start across the river. You can return the same day at 6:15, after a long day beside the breakers. The fare is only a dollar each way, or less by one-fourth if you buy a round trip ticket, good for ten days. For going down on Saturday and coming back on Monday, as so many people do, there are special facilities. You can leave town at 2.15 or 3 P. M. and come back in the Monday express at 6.10 A. M. in ample time for business.

Weissport Items.

—Butter is very scarce here.

—The weather has been exceedingly warm here for the last few days.

—The Weissport bakery, is doing a very good business, we are informed.

—Council is at last fixing the delapidated pavements throughout the borough.

—Bridge street, between the Race bridge and the Lehigh bridge, needs repairing badly.

—Communion was held in the Evangelical Church by Rev. C. K. Fehr, P. E., on Sunday last.

—C. W. Lentz has as finely arranged a drug store and carries as good a stock as any druggist in the county.

—The residents of the lower end of our borough talk of putting up a dance floor near D. Schoch's lime kilns.

An illustrated article on the Lehigh Valley Emery Wheel Company's Works appears in the *Railway Age* this week.

—A. J. March, who left for the West sometime ago, has been heard from at Stillwater, Minn., where he is in the employ of the State's Prison contractor.

—P. J. Kistler and wife, Mrs. J. G. Zern and Mary Smith are the only persons from this place who accompanied the excursion to Ocean Grove on Thursday.

—The Keystone Cornet Band have rented a room in East Weissport, in which their meetings will be held hereafter. The Young America Cornet Band ought also to change their quarters to a more remote place, as the citizens in the vicinity of their present quarters are becoming tired of their continual blowing of the instruments.

—The Young American Cornet Band's pic-nic which was held last Saturday, passed off very pleasantly. All who attended it, seemed to enjoy themselves. The Phœnix Quadrille Band of Mauch Chunk who furnished the music for dancing, were very much appreciated, as was evidenced by the number that were continually "tripping the light fantastic toe." The Onoko Cornet Band of East Mauch Chunk and the Pleasant Vallery Cornet Band of Monroe Co., were two of the principal attractions, as they both furnished excellent music. The Keystone Band of this place were also present and furnished music in their usual good style. All in all everybody had a good time and the band netted about $50. ANON.

The Coal Trade.

There was a very quiet week in the coal trade last week, made the more manifest in the fact that it was the second, and, as is hoped, the last week of coal suspension by the Schuylkill coal region this year. It is understood that there is a fair supply of orders for coal in the market, and the prices of coal are well maintained. There is no just apprehension that prices will be relaxed—indeed, it is confidently expected that the prices for August will be fixed at an advance on those for the current month. The collieries of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company will resume operations to-day, and it is quite probable that there will be no other stoppages during the balance of the year. An improved demand for coal steadily hence to the end of the year is confidently looked for, as it is now almost universally conceded that prices are at their lowest. There is at present no prospect of a rupture of friendly relations between any of the several interests connected with the coal trade. The threat which is sometimes thrown out, that those who are now using anthracite may be induced to change to bituminous, is one that has lost its force—there is really no such thing in contemplation. To make the requisite change for burning the hard and soft coals is quite too costly to be attempted from any slight cause.—*Ledger*, Monday.

The following table shows the quantity of coal shipped over the Lehigh Valley Railroad for the week ending July 13, 1878, and for the year as compared the same time last year.

Regions From:	Week.	Year
Wyoming	27,700 04	543,602 13
Hazleton	44,710 15	897,575 09
Upper Lehigh		828 14
Beaver Meadow	14,274 01	261,975 18
Mahanoy	15,649 16	306,073 12
Mauch Chunk		1,272 09
Port Delaware		2,494 15
Total	92,334 16	2,017,724 10
Last Year	100,456 12	2,541,543 01
Increase		
Decrease	7,112 01	523,819 11

REPORT OF COAL transported over Lehigh & Susquehanna Division, Central R. R. of New Jersey, for 5 days ending July 12, 1878

Shipped from:	Total week.	To date.
Wyoming	20,255 09	374,904 16
" " Everhart C. Co.	1,358 02	14,977 13
" " Susq. C. Co.		25,.94 13
Upper Lehigh	7,240 02	88,177 16
" " M.S.K.&Co.	1,654 06	35,665 10
Beaver Meadow	8,142 18	113,682 04
Mauch Chunk	1,523 13	182,579 11
Cross Creek	4,576 19	93,220 15
Council Ridge	2,985 14	42,061 03
L. V. R. R. Packerton	97 03	2,544 03
Hazardville	1,886 06	30,368 06
Smith & Co.	1,8 6 08	30,368 06
Total	56,587 04	1,019,568 03
Previously reported	962,980 19	.... ..
Total to date	1,019,568 03	.... ..
Same time last year	1,6 9,538 06	.... ..
Increase		.... ..
Decrease	586,970 03	

—The North Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces a dividend of two per cent. payable in scrip bearing no interest, and convertible into capital stock of the company when presented in sums of fifty dollars. The scrip so issued will be deliverable on the 26th of August and convertible any time thereafter.

New Advertisements.

Stop & Read

All forms of Kidney and Urinary diseases, Pains in the Back, Sides, and Loins are positively cured by

GRANT'S REMEDY.

Its effects are truly marvellous in Dropsy, Gravel, Bright's disease, Seminal losses, Leucorrhœa, and lost vigor, no matter of how long standing the case may be, positive relief is had in from one to three days. Do not despair, hesitate or doubt for it is really a specific and never fails. It is purely a vegetable preparation. By its timely use thousands of cases that have been considered incurable by the most eminent Physicians have been permanently cured. It is also indorsed by the regular Physicians and Medical Societies throughout the country. Sold in bottles at TWO dollars each or three bottles, which is enough to cure the most aggravated case, sent to any address on receipt of FIVE DOLLARS. Small trial bottles ONE dollar each. All orders to be addressed to

Grant's Remedy Manf'g Co.,

554 MAIN ST., WORCESTER, MASS.

july20-4m

JOHN KLINE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office with Allen Craig, opposite American Hotel, MARKET SQUARE.

MAUCH CHUNK, PA. July20-1p

A ASSIGNEE'S SALE

OF VERY VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of an alias order issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Carbon County, the undersigned will sell at public sale, on

FRIDAY, AUGUST 2, 1878,

at 2 o'clock P. M., upon the premises in Franklin Township, Carbon County, Pa., the following Real Estate, to wit:

No. 1. All that certain Messuage, Tenement and piece of ground, situate in Franklin township aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a stone in a public road leading from St. Paul's Church to Pine Swamp; thence partly by land of Franklin Solt and partly by land of Charles Dreisbach, north 81 degrees, east 43 perches to a stone, and thence by the latter north 14 degrees, east 60 perches to a stone, and north 82 degrees, east 36 perches to a post; thence by land of Joseph Hartman; north 32 degrees, west 46 perches to a post; thence by land of Augustus Roehler, south 68½ degrees, west 16 perches to a post; thence by the same and partly by land of Cornelius Snyder, south 84 degrees, 63½ perches to a stone; thence by land of Paul Rack, south 18 degrees, west 40 perches to a stone; thence by land late of Daniel Solt, north 83 degrees, east 59¾ perches to a stone, and south 21½ degrees, east 62 perches to the place of beginning, containing 48 acres and 79 perches, more or less.

The improvements thereon consist of a

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

22 by 26 feet, two stories high, with porch attached, Frame Barn 35 by 45 feet, and other outbuildings, a well of good water, a good orchard. Land in a high state of cultivation.

No. 2. All that certain messuage, tenement and piece of land situate in the township aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a stone, thence by land of Peter Laux, north 83¾ degrees, east 61.7 perches and south 11½ degrees, east 12 perches, and north 83¾ degrees, east 44 perches; thence by land of Aaron Schnell, south 11½ degrees, east 117 perches; thence by land late J. Seems, south 72¾ degrees, 22.5 perches, and south 66½ degrees, west 32 perches; thence by land of Jos. Dorwart, south 67½ degrees, west 78 perches; thence by land of Aaron Schnell, north 7¾ degrees, west 102 6-10 perches; thence by land of Jacob Zeisenhiss, north ¾ degrees, west 48 8-10 perches to place of beginning, containing 106 acres, 100 perches, more or less.

No. 3. All that certain messuage, tenement and piece of land situate in said Township, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a corner, thence by land of Peter Laux, north 83¾ degrees, east 116 3 10 perches; thence by land of Daniel Walk, south 9½ degrees, west 108 perches, and south 49 degrees, west 88 perches; thence partly by land of J. Seems and partly by land of Aaron Schnell, north 11½, west 151 7 10 perches to the place of beginning, containing 72 93-100ths acres more or less. Being the Real Estate of Daniel Scasinger and wife, of said Franklin Township, Carbon County, and to be sold by the Assignee for the benefit of creditors.

The Terms and Conditions will be made known on the day of sale, and due attendance given by JOEL NEFF, Assignee.

P. J. MEEHAN, Attorney.

July 6, 1878.—3w

A ASSIGNEE'S SALE

Of Valuable Real Estate

By virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Carbon County, there will be exposed to public sale, on the premises in Mahoning Township, Carbon County, Pa., on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 3, 1878,

at 2 o'clock P. M., all those

FOUR TRACTS OR PIECES OF LAND

situated in Mahoning Township, county aforesaid, and described as follows:

The one is bounded by lands of Nathan Remaly, Jonas A. Hom, Paul Keifer, J. Cunfer, M. Rex, and others, containing

93 ACRES AND 36 PERCHES.

The other is bounded by lands of J. Cunfer, James Sillies, William Werner, La Fayette Lentz, Oliver Musselman, and others, containing

77 ACRES AND 32 PERCHES.

The third is bounded by lands of J. Cunfer, J. A. Hom, Joshua Houpt, H. Weinhower, and others, containing

FIFTY ACRES and ONE HUNDRED and FORTY-TWO PERCHES.

The last is bounded by lands of Thomas Horn, Thomas Beck, Israel Yonse, Michael Mosser, and others, containing

173 ACRES AND 112 PERCHES,

of which about ONE HUNDRED ACRES are CLEARED and under a good state of cultivation.

The improvements on this tract are

A 2-STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE

22 by 24 feet, with kitchen attached 16 by 24 feet. A Swiss barn 45 by 60 feet, and other outbuildings.

Terms and conditions will be made known on the day and place of sale by

SAMUEL LEIBENGUTH,
Assignee of William Horn.

Albright & Freyman, Attorneys. july13-w3

ANNUAL STATEMENT

OF THE

Receipts and Disbursements

OF

Franklin Township

SCHOOL DISTRICT.

ROBERT ANTHONY, Treasurer, in account with Franklin Township School District, Carbon County, Pa., for the School Year ending (Bounty Account) June 3d, 1878.

Received of the Borough of Weissport.		$700 00
John Schwab, on duplicate 1876-77		823 00
		$1,523 00
1877. Treasurer's balance		$27 68
June 16. Paid Auditors		4 50
Aug. 24. David Beltz, int. on bond		21 12
" C. G. Eichenberg, " "		18 93
Aug. 27. Nathan Snyder, " "		41 83
Sept. 6. Lewis Horn, " "		14 70
Oct. G. B. Linderman & Co., bankers in full		207 20
Dec. 15. Lewis Beltz, interest on bond.		14 07
1878.		
Jan. 24. Henry Green, attorney fees		118 00
Feb. E. H. Snyder, auditing county account		65 00
E. C. Dimmick, examiner		50 00
B. Zeigenfuss, auditing county account		73 65
Thos. Kemerer, recording fees and court in equity		17 25
Charles Albright, attorney fees to full		542 67
Mary Moyer, int. on bond.		35 00
Jane Boyer, " "		35 00
Joel Kunz, " "		80 00
Reuben Andreas, " "		192 00
Commission		28 97
To balance		45 82
		$1,523 00
By balance		$45 82
Due from John Schwab, collector, duplicate of 1877		954 03
Due from Borough of Weissport, April 1, 1878		5,935 62
Due from Borough of Parryville, duplicate of 1876		140 00
To balance		927 79
Outstanding bonds	$7,522 96	
H. Green, attorney fees	50 00	
Court costs	100 00	
	$7,972 96	$7,972 96
To balance	$927 79	

Audited and accepted this 25th day of June A. D. 1878, by

STEPHEN SOLT,
W. C. WEISS,
W. F. KEMERER, } Auditors.

July 13-w3

SPRING ARRIVAL!

The undersigned announces to the ladies of Lehighton and vicinity that he is now receiving and opening a large assortment of SPRING GOODS, comprising

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

such as Matalasses, Delaines, Coburgs, Alpacas, &c. Also, a large stock of

PRINTS and GENERAL DRY GOODS,

which he is offering

AT EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

Groceries and Provisions a Specialty,

at prices to suit the times.

Clover, Timothy, Hungarian, and all kinds of Field and Garden Seeds, VERY CHEAP.

TILGHMAN ARNER,

Opposite the L. & S. Depot, BANK Street,

May 6, 1879-y1 LEHIGHTON, PENN'A.

SPRING STYLES.

Dress Suits, Business Suits

Youths' Suits, Boys' Suits.

Made up from the Best Material, in the Latest Styles, and Perfect Fits Guaranteed, at LOWEST PRICES FOR CASH

ALSO, TREMENDOUS SLAUGHTER IN THE PRICES OF

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Hats, Caps, and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

☞ Call and examine Goods and Prices before making your purchases elsewhere.

T. D. CLAUSS, Merchant Tailor,

2nd door above the Public Square, BANK STREET, Lehighton

JUST RECEIVED!

A LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

LADIES'

Ready-made Linen Suits

AT

POPULAR PRICES.

Also, a splendid line of

SUITINGS,

LINENS,

GRENADINES, and

WHITE GOODS

at Low Prices.

Large Stock

OF

PARASOLS

AND

SUN UMBRELLAS

AT VERY

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Great Reduction

IN

Men's Small Wear.

Gent's 4-ply linen collars, $1.60 per doz. or 15c. each.

Gent's 4-ply linen cuffs, $3.25 per doz. or 30c. per pair.

Gent's Magnum Bonum dress shirts, the best in the world at $1.00.

LARGE STOCK

OF

FINE DRESS SHIRTS

AT A

GREAT REDUCTION.

PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED. CALL AND EXAMINE.

Respectfully,

J. T. NUSBAUM & SON.

April 6, '78

SIX TEACHERS WANTED.

Six Teachers are wanted for the Lehighton Borough Public Schools, viz.: One Principal; 1 for Grammar; 1 for Intermediate; 1 for Secondary; and 2 for Primary. Term, 8 months.

The Examination will be held in the School House at Lehighton, on Tuesday, July 23, 1878, at 9 o'clock A. M.

By order of the Board.

DANIEL GRAVER, Secretary.

June29-1w

The White

—IS—

THE EASIEST SELLING,
THE BEST SATISFYING

Sewing Machine

Its introduction and World-renowned reputation was the death-blow to high-priced machines.

THERE ARE NO SECOND-HAND WHITE MACHINES IN THE MARKET.

This is a very important matter, as it is a well-known and undisputed fact that many of the so-called first-class machines which are offered so cheap now-a-days are those that have been repossessed (that is, taken back from customers after use) and rebuilt and put upon the market as new.

THE WHITE IS THE PEER OF ANY SEWING MACHINE NOW UPON THE MARKET.

IT IS MUCH LARGER THAN THE FAMILY MACHINES OF THE SINGER, HOWE AND WEED MAKE.

IT COSTS MORE TO MANUFACTURE THAN EITHER OF THE AFORESAID MACHINES.

ITS CONSTRUCTION IS SIMPLE, POSITIVE AND DURABLE.

ITS WORKMANSHIP IS UNSURPASSED.

Do not Buy any other before trying the WHITE.

Prices and Terms Made Satisfactory.

AGENTS WANTED!

White Sewing Machine Co.,

CLEVELAND, O.

JOHN H. FAGA,

AGENT FOR CARBON COUNTY.

May 4, '78-6m MAUCH CHUNK, PA.

BUSINESS MEN AND OTHERS IN WANT OF JOB PRINTING OF ANY DESCRIPTION, WILL FIND THE CARBON ADVOCATE OFFICE THE BEST and CHEAPEST PLACE IN THE COUNTY. GIVE US A TRIAL AND BE CONVINCED.

EGGS FOR HATCHING. FOR EGG PRODUCTION AND PROFIT no fowls can equal WHITE or BROWN LEGHORNS. Eggs from above-named "thoroughbred" fowls at REASONABLE PRICES.

☞ WRITE FOR PRICE LIST. ☜

A. S. MILLER,

mar 30-2m Pattenburg, N. J.

M. HEILMAN & CO.,

BANK STREET, Lehighton, Pa.,

MILLERS and Dealers in

Flour & Feed.

All Kinds of GRAIN BOUGHT and SOLD at REGULAR MARKET RATES.

We would, also, respectfully inform our citizens that we are now fully prepared to SUPPLY them with

Best of Coal

From any Mine desired at VERY

LOWEST PRICES.

M. HEILMAN & CO.

July 20.