The Carbon Advocate.

S. V. MOTTHIMER, . . . EDITOR

LEHIGHTON, PA.:

SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 12, 1878.

—Edward J. Dunning, Jr., note broker, of Wall street, New York, made an assignment Wednesday. He owes from $500,000 to $600,000, divided between five or six banks. His assets consist of notes given by about thirty firms in the drug, chemical, paint and oil trade. He hopes to pay in full, but fears that he may lose $200,000.

—We refer our readers to the "Historical Sketch of the Progress of Education in Carbon County;" by R. F. Hotford, County Superintendent, on our first page, it is very interesting, and will amply repay a careful perusal. We have printed a few extra copies of this week's issue in order to supply parties who may wish to secure a copy containing this article.

—But about four weeks remain until the time for holding the spring elections for township and borough officers. In this borough the following officers will be chosen: one person for Chief Burgess, two members of Borough Council, two members of the School Board, two Overseers of the Poor, one Constable, one Auditor, and one Assessor. Would it not be well if our people would take an early start in this matter and see that the very best men are put in nomination for the several offices to be filled? Our citizens will do well to take more interest in their local nominations and elections. If such officers are necessary, then let us have the best material we can possibly get.

—In the Pennsylvania Senate Tuesday night a bill was introduced providing for payment of the military for service during the July and August riots and the other expenses incident to them. The amount demanded for payment of troops is $290,600, and transportation, subsistence, quartermaster's and medical stores $325,000. The estimates of the cost of the riots at the Adjutant General's Department exceed the above amounts about $24,000. The expenses in round numbers are classified thus:—Troops, $307,000; transportation, $141,000; subsistence, $124,000; quartermaster's stores, $63,000; medical stores, $3,400. These amounts do not include about $70,000 already paid to the three months' men, and an independent regiment from Philadelphia. The cost of the riots therefore is $700,000.

—A cessation of hostilities between Russia and Turkey, with subsequent negotiations for the establishment of a permanent basis of settlement, is daily more probable. England has informed Russia that the Sublime Porte is ready to open negotiations for peace. The reply of the Russian Government is believed to indicate a desire to negotiate, but the implied proffer of meditorial offices on the part of England is courteously brushed aside. The inquiry is now pressed with interest as to what will be the effect on the price of our breadstuffs abroad. When the war commenced, months ago, large expectations were aroused throughout this country of an immense demand, at greatly increased prices, for our surplus. Now, should the war cease—then what?—*Ex.*

The Supreme Court.

The reopening of the Supreme Court at its rooms in the new Public Buildings, Philadelphia, Monday, was marked by an unusally large attendance. Precisely at eleven the crier declared the Court open, and a few minutes later the commission of Hon. John Trunkey, as Associate Justice, was read. When the reading was completed, the new Justice, whose term runs for twenty-one years from Monday, took his seat on the bench, he having been formally sworn in by Chief Justice Agnew, at a private meeting of the Court, on Saturday.

THE MOLLY MAGUIRE CASES.

Patrick Hester, Peter McHugh and Patrick Tully vs. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.—Error to Common Pleas of Columbia county.

On the 16th of October, 1868, ten members of the Ancient Order of Hibernians (Molly Maguires), met in the tavern of one Donohue, at Locust Gap, Columbia county, and there determined upon the murder of Alex. W. Rea, who was obnoxious to them. Hester, under whose direction the meeting was held, was the body master of the Locust Gap division. The next day Rea was murdered and robbed, and Hester, McHugh, Thomas Donohue, John Duffy, Michael Prior and Patrick Tully were arrested. Hester, Donohue, Duffy and Prior were charged with the murder under a joint indictment. A severance was had and a jury in Duffy's case acquitted the latter. A similar verdict in the case of Prior was rendered, and in the other two cases *nolle prosequis* were entered by the District Attorney. On the 11th of May, 1869, Hester was released from the prison of Columbia county.

Under the operations of the two-term law governing such cases. Hester, who had been indicted at the February term of the Court, was entitled to his discharge from custody at the expiration of the second term of Court after his indictment, which term expired on the 8th of May, three days before the discharge on the *nolle prosequi*. After the unearthing of the Molly Maguire conspiracies he was again arrested and put on trial for the murder of Rea, and McHugh and Tully were tried together with him for the same offence. The defence claimed on behalf of Hester that he was entitled on the trial of the indictment, to the benefit of the provision of the 57th section of the act of March 31st, 1860, declaring that if a person shall not be indicted or tried the second term after his confinement, unless he has made application for delay, he shall be discharged from imprisonment, and that this discharge shall be available against a second indictment. The Court below overruled this defence, holding that as Hester had been released on a *nolle prosequi* and not under the operations of the two term rule, the District Attorney had at any time a right to retract his *nolle prosequi* and begin new proceedings. This decision, the admission of the evidence of Daniel Kelley, a confessed accomplice in the murder, who it was alleged was a convicted felon, illegally pardoned by the Governor, and the admission of evidence showing the organization of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, together with their connection with the murder, was assigned as error.

The Supreme Court, in an opinion by Justice Woodward, however, affirms the judgment of the Court below, holding that its rulings were in the main correct. It remits the record of its decision to the lower court in order that its sentence may be carried into effect.

On the 14th of January, 1862, Frank Langdon, ticket boss at the Audenried Colliery, Schuylkill county, was found brutally murdered, his head having been fractured by repeated blows.

In 1875, John Kehoe, together with five others, was arrested for the offence. A severance was had and he was given a separate trial. Evidence was adduced showing that he had made threats to take the life of Langdon, who was obnoxious to him and his associates, from the fact that he had docked their pay at the mine; that Kehoe and the others had plotted the murder and had brutally murdered their selected victim. After a long trial and a lengthy charge by the Court, a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree was rendered. Assigning error in the rulings of the Court below, the Oyer and Terminer of Schuylkill county, Kehoe removed his case to the Supreme Court. He alleged that the evidence adduced was insufficient to make out a case of murder in the first degree; that the Court erred in admitting testimony showing concerted action on the part of himself and his associates in planning and committing the deed, and in allowing the dying declarations of Langdon incriminating the prisoner to go into evidence. The rejection of the evidence of Columbus McGee and Neal Dougherty, two alleged accomplices of the accused, was also assigned as error, as were also the rulings of the Court on a number of unimportant questions. The Supreme Court, in an opinion by Mercur Justice, sustained the rulings of the lower tribunal, affirmes the judgment and remits the records in order that the sentence of the Court may be carried into effect. It concludes that upon the whole case the evidence made out a clear case of murder in the first degree, and that the jury were right in so finding as was also the Court below in its admission and exclusion of the evidence above cited.

Our Washington Lettre.

Society at the National Capital now and formerly—Reminiscences of Ante-bellum Days—The Social Administrations of Harriet Lane, Mrs. Grant, Mrs. Fish, and Mrs. Hayes—"Five o'clock Teas"—The first "regular" Reception of the Season at the White House, etc., etc., etc.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 5, 1878.

In *ante-bellum* days, during the Administration of Mr. Buchanan, when Harriet Lane "did the honors," as the saying is, of the White House, it was she who struck the key-note of the season; in other words, it depended upon her whether the social season at the National Capital should be a gay or a dull one. Our society-belles and beaux looked anxiously towards her to set the example, and her style and entertainments were copied in all first-class houses. Later, when the political horizon became overcast, and Mr. Lincoln was called to the helm of the ship of State, affairs all over the country, and more especially at the Executive Mansion, were of such a nature as to preclude much gaiyty; other, far weightier matters, demanded the time and attention of him who, during the eventful period which followed, stood at the head of the nation, and entertainments at the White House were, like Angel's visits, comparatively few and far between. Then came President Johnson's Administration, which was a blank so far as the social records of the White House are concerned; and after him came Gen. Grant, and, with him a revival. The cobwebs were removed from the closed-up parlors and the dust brushed from the unused and faded furniture, and Mrs. Grant and her charming daughter "Nellie" busied themselves to make the would-be old building look and feel like home again. In this they admirably succeeded, and during the eight years of President Grant's Administration few houses had a warmer welcome or a brighter fireside to offer, than the Executive Mansion.

But it was, perhaps, these very homelike and domestic tendencies of Mrs. Grant, which caused her never to hold the place, as did Harriet Lane in her day, and as Mrs. Hayes does now, of "leader" in Washington Society. That place was, by universal consent, awarded to Mrs. Fish, the wife of the then Secretary of State. A woman of wealth, generosity, and refinement, she was evidently suited for this position; and from her all social edicts and regulations governing society and etiquette emanated. To speak allegorically, Mrs. Grant took a "back seat;" and at the opening of a season the question was never "What is Mrs. Grant going to do?" but: "What will Mrs. Fish do?" She could make Washington dull or gay, at her pleasure, and it was to her, exclusively, that society looked for an example.

After her retirement from the social stage, at the close of President Grant's Administration, came an eventful and never-to-be-forgotten interregnum, and then President Hayes. As the wife of the Governor of Ohio, Mrs. Hayes had had large experience in conducting the affairs of an Executive Mansion, which, although on a smaller scale, has been of considerable advantage to her. The *routine* was familiar to her, as well as to the President; and the advantage which they possessed in this respect over the late Administration when it came into power, was never more apparent than at the recent New Year's reception at the White House. For all the world, both Mr. and Mrs. Hayes looked and acted as if they had done the same thing over and over again, when in reality it was the first time they had been placed in this trying position. Trying, as requiring not only a good "presence;" but great urbanity, nobility, and physical strength. To shake hands with upwards of fifteen hundred persons, without a moment's rest or respite, is no easy task—certainly not without showing signs of fatigue. The stolid physique of President Grant could stand it, as it could almost anything else, without sign or symptom of weariness, but, as a rule, Mrs. Grant was compelled to retire before the ceremony was over. Strange to say, both Mr. and Mrs. Hayes stood it all through, and stood it well; the only sign on her face of being worn out, or well nigh so, being a slight pallor and the deep breath of relief she gave as she sank into an easy chair after it was all over.

The social feature of the season promises to be "five o'clock teas;" a sort of early and inexpensive kettledrums, designed especially for the young folks. Mrs. Hayes has set the example, and they are already immensely in vogue. They have the merit of being cheap, so that almost anyone can afford to give them, and are suggestive of early hours;—in fact, rarely last longer than midnight. The balls and champagne supper of the Fish *regime* are at a discount, owing to the hard times and the fact that Mrs. Hayes is notoriously opposed to wine drinking. Besides, the fate of the late Secretary of War stands as a warning against living beyond one's income; and a Cabinet Minister's salary does not, unless he has other sources of income, warrant great expenditure. All the ladies of the Cabinet live in plain style, and no one ever dreams of looking to Mrs. Evarts, who, so far as rank and prominence are concerned, now occupies the chair of Mrs. Fish, to set an example in style and fashion. Mrs. Belknap, Robeson, and Williams: the dashing coadjators of Mrs. Fish, are things of the past; and for simplicity and economy, the outer circle of the White House, *i. e.* the wives of the members of the Cabinet, will compare favorably with the vaunted harrenness of dash and style of the early days of the Republic.

There are among the wives and daughters of some of the members of the Diplomatic Corps, and of some of our wealthy Senators and members of Congress, several, who are dissatisfied with this plainness of style and living, and who have set up a little *coterie* of their own. Only intimate friends have the open sesame to their convivial gatherings, and newspaper reporters are scrupulously excluded. I should not be surprised if their example will be more generally followed and the *rigour* which has, so far, characterized the social gatherings at the White House, be relaxed a little under the strain of outside pressure. *Nous verrons!*

This afternoon, I attended the first of Mrs. Hayes' regular Saturday receptions, which differed but little from those of her predecessor. The rooms, and more especially the "Blue Room," were magnificently and tastefully decorated with rare flowers from the conservatories, and the Marine Band was in attendance and "discoursed sweet music." (I believe that is the sterotyped phrase?) during the levee. Mrs. Hayes was attired in a handsome black velvet, and was assisted by her young lady friends who are now visiting at the White House. The President, and his two eldest sons were also on hand, and, with Secretary Thompson and his two daughters, formed a little group in one of the alcoves near the door, where they were almost hidden by the flowers. As an opening reception, it was a success, and was numerously attended by the *elite* notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather.

B.

Literary Notices.

VICK'S ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY MAGAZINE.—Each number contains thirty-two pages of reading, many fine Wood Cut Illustrations, and one Colored Plate. A beautiful Garden Magazine, printed on elegant paper, and full of information. In English and German. Price, $1.25 a year. Five copies $5.00. Vick's Flower and Vegetable Garden, 50 cts. in paper covers; in elegant cloth covers, $1. Vick's Catalogue,—300 illustrations, only 2 cents. Address,

JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

PHRENOLOGY.—The public are being educated to a better knowledge of Phrenology by the publisher of the *Phrenological Journal*, that staunch old monthly which has been published now in New York for forty years, and during all this time has lost none of its vigor, and has attained a much wider circulation than its technical name would indicate. The publishers announce now a great reduction in price—from three dollars to two dollars a year—and in connection with this a Phrenological Bust as premium to each subscriber. This Bust is a model symbolical head, made nearly life-size, of plaster of Paris, so labelled as to show the exact location of all the Phrenological Organs. It is a handsome ornament, well adapted for the mantel-piece, centre-table, library, or office. With the aid of this and the key which accompanies it, together with the series of articles commenced in the January No. of the *Phrenological Journal* on Practical Phrenology, each person may become quite familiar with the location of the different phrenological organs. It is sent by express, carefully packed, to every subscriber of the *Journal* who sends, in addition to two dollars, the subscription price, twenty-five cents extra for boxing and packing, or No. 2, a smaller size, will be sent by mail, post-paid, on the same terms. Readers who desire a more complete description, together with prospectus of the *Phrenological Journal*, should send address on a postal card, or accept the publishers' offer, and send ten cents—half-price—for a sample number of the *Journal* to S. R. WELLS & Co., Publishers, 737 Broadway, New York.

New Advertisements.

TO Whom it May Concern.

All persons are hereby forbid meddling with Two Mules, One Pair of Bobsleds & One Wagon, and One Cutting Boat, No. 10.6, loaned by me to Lewis Frombeiser, the same being my property.

MARIA GUTH, Weissport, Pa.

Jan. 12 1878-w3

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—A desirable STORE-ROOM, with WAREHOUSE and DWELLING attached, situated in the Borough of Weissport, Pa., and known at the Lewis Weiss Property, lately occupied by Cornelius Snyder, is offered for sale or to Rent. Terms reasonable. Apply to the undersigned at his residence in Lehighton, or Slatington, Packerton.

Jan 12 m.* LEWIS WEISS.

TO Whom it May Concern.

All persons are hereby forbid meddling with any of the Live Stock, Farming Implements, Grain, Hay, Straw Crops in the Ground Cutting, Tools, Household Furniture, &c. now in the possession of J. Charles Sendel in Mahoning township, Carbon county, Pa., said articles of property having been purchased by me and loaned to him during my pleasure.

WILLIAM MILLER, Lenghton, Pa.

Jan. 11, 1878-w*

PERSONAL.

FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP, Pa., January 8th, 1878.—Received of John Leinhard, for Real Estate and Live stock, as follows: One Bay Horse, one Truck Wagon, one Sled, one Straw Cutter one Fanning Mill, one set Double Harness, one Carriage Harness, one Plow, one Cultivator, a lot of Corn Stalks, and a lot of Straw, the sum of One hundred and twenty Dollars, in full to date. LEOPOLD BILDERRAND.

Jan. 12, 1878—w 2* Lehighton, Pa.

PRESERVE YOUR SIGHT, AND WEAR ROSENBERG'S "PERFECTED BRILLIANT" Eye Glasses, Spectacles and Eyes.

TRADE—E. P. ROSENBERG. MANUFACTURED AT HARTFORD CT.

and so long endured by all to more powerful of exceedingly marvellous of any other. perfect in Finish, Brilliant in Vision. Do not strain the eye. Every pair warranted. None genuine unless stamped E. P. R. Can be had everywhere. Ask for J. Hunter. Sole Agent for L. Hunter.

A. PETZE, Druggist, No 7 Pebbles Lampoon.

Jan 5 m3

IN DIVORCE.

Jodah J. Walter, vs. Henrietta Walter. } In the Court of Common Pleas of Carbon Co. Alias Subpoena in Divorce. No. 75, October Term 1877. Original Subpoena. No.—, June Term, 1877.

And now, to wit: October 29, 1877, on the return of Alias Subpoena in above case and no proof being made that the defendant could not be found in said County, the Sheriff is directed to cause notice to be published in one or more newspapers printed within said county, for four weeks consecutively, prior to the first day of next term of said Court, requiring the defendant to appear on said first day of said term, to wit: January, 1878 and answer said complaint.

By the Court:

From the Record.

THOMAS KEMERER

December 29, 1877-w4 Prothonotary.

New Advertisements.

LIST OF APPLICANTS for TAVERN LICENSES, at January Term, 1878:

Nathan Stemler, Towamensing Township.
David Behler, L. Towamensing Township.
L. F. Kleppinger, Lehighton Borough.

Mauch Chunk, Dec. 29, 1877-w3

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Carbon County and to me directed, there will be exposed at Public Sale, at the Court House, Mauch Chunk, Carbon County, State of Pennsylvania, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 12, 1878,

at One o'clock P. M., the following Real Estate, described as follows, to wit: All that certain

LOT OR PIECE OF LAND,

situate in East Penn Township, Carbon County, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a stone, thence by land of William J. Smith, now John Albright, east 67 degs., west 11 perches to a stone; thence by the same, north twenty-three degrees, west seven perches to a stone in the public road leading from West Pennsville to Schuylkill County; thence along said road, south sixty-seven degrees west one perch to a stone in said road; thence the by same twenty-three degrees, west eight perches and fifteen feet to a stone; thence by land of E. S. Heintzelman, north sixty seven degrees west twelve perches to a stone in the public road leading from Lehighton to Pennsville; thence in and along said road, south twenty three degrees, east fifteen perches and fifteen feet to the place of beginning, containing One Acre and Thirty-three Perches, strict measure.

The improvements thereon consist of a Large

TWO-STORY HOTEL BUILDING,

thirty two feet deep by fifty feet in front to which is attached a TWO-STORY FRAME KITCHEN, twenty by twenty-two feet. On the first floor and in the same building of the Hotel is a good sized STORE ROOM well adapted for the mercantile business, and also a Warehouse attached, fourteen by sixteen feet.

There are also TWO LARGE STABLES adjacent to the property and belonging to it, one is thirty-five by forty-two feet in dimensions and the other thirty six by forty-one feet. Also a WAGON HOUSE, nine by fourteen feet; Pig Sty, ten by fifteen feet, and other Outbuildings.

Lot No. 2.—Beginning at a stone in the public road leading from Lehighton to Pennsville, thence in and along said road south twenty-three degrees, east thirty feet to a stone in said road; thence by land of E. S. Heintzelman south sixty-seven degrees, west one hundred and eighty-one feet and six inches to a post; thence by land of John Albright north twenty three degrees, west fifty feet to a post; thence by land of Amos Riegel, north sixty-seven degrees, east one hundred and eighty-one feet and six inches to the place of beginning containing

THIRTY-THREE PERCHES,

within said boundaries more or less.

Seized and taken into execution as the property of Henry Nonastem, and to be sold by

J. W. RAUDENBUSH, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Mauch Chunk, Dec. 22, 1877.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Carbon County and to me directed, there will be exposed at Public Sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Mauch Chunk, Carbon County, State of Pennsylvania, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 12, 1878,

at One o'clock P. M., the following Real Estate, described as follows, to wit: All that certain

LOT OR PIECE OF LAND,

situate in Franklin Township, Carbon County, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Beginning at a post in a public road leading from Weissport to the Marble Iron Works thence in and along said road north fifty two degrees, east fourteen perches to a post in said road; thence by land of Lewis Horn, south twenty seven degrees, east nine perches to a stone at the Tar Kiln; thence by the same, south fifty-two degrees, west fourteen perches to a post; thence by land of Uriah Faringer, north twenty one and a half degrees, west nine perches to the place of beginning, containing One hundred and Twenty Perches strict measure. Also, all those

CERTAIN LOTS,

situate in Franklin Township, Carbon County, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post; thence along a certain alley, south sixteen degrees, east one hundred and fifty feet to a post; thence along lot number eighteen, north seventy-four degrees, east one hundred feet to a post; thence along a private road, north sixteen degrees, west one hundred feet to a post; thence by lot number fifteen, late owned by Calvin Abner, south seventy-four degrees, west one hundred and fifty feet, to the place of beginning, containing Fifteen Thousand Square Feet. Also, all that certain

LOT OR PIECE OF GROUND,

situate in Franklin Township, Carbon County, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post, thence by land of I. R. Miller, south seventy degrees, west seventeen perches to a post; thence by land of Levi Horn, south nineteen degrees, east one and seven tenth perches to a post; thence by the several courses and distances along the edge of Tar Kiln, seventeen perches to a post; thence by land of Levi Horn, north nineteen degrees, west one and four tenths perches, to the place of beginning, containing Twenty Perches, more or less. Also, all that certain

LOT OR PIECE OF GROUND,

situate in Franklin Township, Carbon County, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a stake in a public road leading from Weissport to the Marble Iron Works; thence by land of Lewis Horn, north five degrees, east ten perches to a stone in said public road; thence north eighty-seven degrees, west four perches to the place of beginning, containing One-Fourth of an Acre, strict measure.

The improvement thereon are a

THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE,

twenty six by twenty-eight feet with Double Porches, six and one half by twenty-six feet; Frame table and Slaughter House, twenty by forty feet.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Isaiah H. Miller, and to be sold by

J. W. RAUDENBUSH, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Mauch Chunk, Dec 22, 1877.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a Writ of Ven. Ex. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Carbon County and to me directed, there will be exposed at Public Sale, at the Court House, Mauch Chunk, Carbon County, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 12, 1878,

at One o'clock P. M., the following described Real Estate, to wit: All that certain

LOT OR PIECE OF GROUND,

situate in Franklin Township, Carbon County, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Beginning at a stone, thence along a public road leading from Tar Kiln to the House of Reuben Zimmerman, south thirteen degree, west one hundred and forty two feet to a post; thence by land of Reuben Zimmerman, south eighty-five degrees, east one hundred and sixty five feet to a post; thence by land of Lewis Horn, north twelve and one-half degrees, west one hundred and thirty two feet to a post; thence by land of Jacob Rinch north eighty-three degrees west one hundred and five feet to the place of beginning, containing seventy square Perches, more or less. Also, all that other certain

LOT OR PIECE OF GROUND,

situate in the Borough of Weissport, Carbon County, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post, thence along White street south twenty degrees, east sixty six feet to a post; thence by land of Chas. Miller north seventy degrees, east one hundred and forty feet; thence along the Lehigh and Susquehanna Railroad Company's land, north twenty degrees, West sixty six feet to a post; thence by land of Charles Miller, south seventy degrees, west one hundred and forty feet to the place of beginning, containing Nine thousand Two Hundred and Forty Square Feet; it being part of Lot Number 17, in the said Borough of Weissport.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Joshua Graver, and to be sold by

J. W. RAUDENBUSH, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Mauch Chunk, Dec. 22, 1877.

JUST OPENED,

A Large Assortment of

FANCY GOODS

For the HOLIDAY Trade,

at very attractive prices.

Silk Handkerchiefs

A Specialty. Respectfully,

J. T. NUSBAUM & SON,

Lehighton, Pa.

October 6, 1877-y1

FALL STYLES.

Dress Suits, Business Suits,

Youths' Suits, Boys' Suits.

Made up from the Best Material, in the Latest Styles, and Perfect Fits Guaranteed, at LOWEST PRICES FOR CASH

ALSO, TREMENDOUS SLAUGHTER IN THE PRICES OF

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Hats, Caps, and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Call and examine Goods and Prices before making your purchases elsewhere.

T. D. CLAUSS, Merchant Tailor,

2nd door above the Public Square, BANK STREET, Lehighton.

WAR ON HIGH PRICES!

TILGHMAN ARNER,

Successor to D. BOCK & Co.,

At the "Mammoth Store,"

Opposite the L. & S Depot, BANK Street,

Respectfully announces to his customers and friends that he is daily receiving additions to his stock of

LADIES' DRESS and DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES and PROVISIONS,

QUEENSWARE, &c., &c., &c

Also, just received a car load of LIVERPOOL SALT, which I am selling at Bottom Prices.

SALT FISH a Specialty.

If you really desire to know how large an amount of Goods you can get for a small sum of Ready Money, you should not fail to give me a call before making your purchases elsewhere.

Don't forget the Mammoth Store, opp. L. & S. Depot,

May 6, 1879-y1 LEHIGHTON, PENN'A.

Weissport Planing Mill & Lumber Co.,

Respectfully announce to Carpenters, Builders, Contractors and others, that having complete their NEW MILLS, they are now prepared to supply them, at VERY LOWEST PRICES, with every description of

DRESSED LUMBER,

Such as Siding, Floor Boards, Doors, Sash, Blinds, Shutters, Moldings, Brackets, Cabinet Ware, &c., &c.,

On the shortest Notice. Our Machinery is all New and of the Most Approved Kind, so that we have no hesitation in Guaranteeing Perfect Satisfaction to all who may favor us with their orders. If you have not time to call and select what you want, send your orders and they will be filled promptly, and at as low prices as though you were present.

Give us a Trial, and you will be convinced of what we say.

SOLOMON YEAKEL,
D. B. ALBRIGHT,
WM. BIERY,
JOHN BIERY.

Office and Mill, nearly opposite the Fort Allen House, WEISSPORT, Carbon Cunty, Penna. June 10, 1876-y1

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Executors, Administrators and Guardians hereinafter named have filed their respective accounts of the following estates in the Register's Office, at Mauch Chunk, in and for the County of Carbon, which accounts have been allowed by the Register will be presented to the Judges of the Orphans' Court on Monday, the 14th day of January next, at 10 o'clock A.M. for confirmation:

First and final account of Robert Klotz, guardian of Mary Alice Brady and Mae Dominick Brady, heirs of Kenneth Dominick Brady, late of the borough of Mauch Chunk.

First and final account of Edwin Bauer, administrator of the estate of Dennis Boyle, late of East Mauch Chunk township, dec'd.

First and final account of Jason S. Hawk, administrator of the estate of Harriet Hawk, late of Kidder township, dec'd.

First and final account of Augustus Mitchell, Administrator of the estate of Benjamin Mitchell, late of Mauch Chunk borough, dec'd.

First and partial account of W. H. Smith, executor of the estate of N. P. Grace, late of the borough of Mauch Chunk, dec'd.

First and final account of Adam Mehrkam, executor of the last will and testament of John M. Christman, late of Lower Towamensing township, dec'd.

Second and final account of Jacob H. Salkeld, guardian of the estate of G. W. Salkeld, late of Mauch Chunk borough, dec'd.

First and final account of A. H. Tobias, administrator of the estate of Michael Conroy, late of Coalport, Mauch Chunk township, dec'd.

First and final account of Henry Lange, administrator of the estate of Joachim Zenders, late of Mahoning township, dec'd.

First account of Adam Mehrkam, guardian of Jacob H. Mehrkam, minor child of Jacob Mehrkam, dec'd.

BERNARD PHILLIPS, Recorder.

Mauch Chunk, Dec. 22, 1877

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Dec. 20, 1877-3w.* Penn Forest, Pa.