The Carbon Advocate.

H. V. MORTHIMER, ... EDITOR

LEHIGHTON, PA.:

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 30, 1877.

—Robert Dale Owen, the famous socialist reformer and spiritualist, died at his summer residence at Lake George, on Monday last.

—Before being sentenced Frank Beamish, of Luzerne county, said: "Before God, I am guilty of no crime, and I thank God that I have good health and strength to endure the sentence that may be pronounced upon me; and this court and my persecutors may yet acknowledge the great wrong that has been done me. * * The most vindictive of my accusers will yet exonerate me of all crime."

—The Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company will meet all its financial engagements maturing in the month of July, and the payments will include over a million of dollars in cash for interest and rentals on leased lines. For the convenience of the bondholders receipts are now being given for the coupons for which scrip is to be issued, which receipts will be exchangeable for the coupon certificates on and after the 2d of July. The latter can be obtained at the office of the company in in Philadelphia.

—Rand's New York City Business Directory for 1877. The second volume of this valuable and indispensable work has just been issued by the Publishers, Messrs. Walter Heugh & Co., of 3 Park Place, New York. No pains or expense has been spared in the production of the present volume, to make it complete and reliable. In typographical appearance and binding, certainly it is a fine specimen of book-making. It contains over one hundred pages more matter than the last year's volume, which has added largely to the cost of the production of the work, and compelled the Publishers to issue hereafter only the full cloth bound edition at one dollar per copy, upon the receipt of which sum they will forward the work to any address in the United States or Canada, by mail, postage prepaid.

—A Washington dispatch of the 26th inst., to the New York Sun, speaking of the complexion of the next Congress, says: "A copy has been made of the pay certificates for the Forty-fifth Congress, as furnished by Clerk Adams to Sergeant-at-Arms Thompson, and constituting his vouchers in account with the United States Treasury, and given to some Republican papers as the roll of the next House made out by Adams. The list stands precisely as it did when an abstract of it was published in the Sun the first week in April, showing a Democratic majority of sixteen, with seven members to hear from. No further changes have been made, and none will be until the time comes for making up the roll. What that will be no one yet knows. In the Colorado case the law is all against Belford, and Patterson's title to the seat turns on the construction of an enabling act. The Supreme Court of California has given Pachero, Republican, the seat in the Fourth District of that State, and Wigginton has appealed. The contest in the courts over the Third District in Missouri is in much the same shape. The record of Florida, and the Fourth and Sixth Districts of Louisiana are covered by conflicting certificates from the rival Governors. Adams will probably follow the example set by Hayes in this matter, and recognize Nicholls and the Democratic Congressmen."

—Fifteen hundred operatives, we are told, have struck against a reduction of wages which has been made in several of the large iron establishments in this and the Susquehanna valleys. The reduction ranges from five to twenty-five per cent., and has been impending for some time, the manufacturers declaring that it is impossible for them to make anything by iron manufacturing in the present depressed condition of the trade, and that if wages are not reduced work must cease altogether. This intended reduction has been discussed for several weeks, and it does not appear that all the working people object to it, though a large number of them, in certain branches of the trade, make most serious objection. The men on strike are but a small proportion of the whole number of operatives in the iron mills of this and the Susquehanna region, but the result of the strike will be taken as a guide, not only by all of those here, but also by iron workers generally throughout the State. It affects one of our greatest industries. This strike has come at a time when, according to the statistics of the Iron and Steel Association, the iron trade of this country is passing its lowest point of depression. As a general "lock-out" is threatened if the reduction is not acceded to, it is probable that the strikers will yield, thus accepting the least of two evils—lower wages rather than none at all. The season is at hand when it is customary to "blow out" furnaces, so that this may be an additional reason for yielding. The employers are said to be very firm in their intention to cease operations altogether if the reduction is not promptly accepted.

—It is announced by the best authority, that the negotiations between the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company and the receivers of the Central Railroad of New Jersey and the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal Company have progressed very satisfactorily, and have culminated in an arrangement acceptable to all the parties, which had been signed by the proper officers, and presented to the court Monday for confirmation. The varied interests which had to be consulted, and the delicacy of the position of the receivers, together with the legal points which constantly arose, have caused these negotiations to be somewhat protracted, but the settlement now arrived at will be an adjustment of all the questions recently brought into litigation. The object which the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company has had steadily in view has been precisely the same as that stated in its last annual report, viz., "to preserve the alliance between the companies until brighter times, in the belief that the best interests of all would be promoted," and this adjustment will give those companies which are in the hands of receivers ample time to perfect their arrangements for reconstruction, without the embarrassments of pending litigation. Meanwhile the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company receives the whole of its back rentals, including a payment in money of $400,000 and a reduction of its debt on construction account of over $600,000, thereby relieving it of an interest payment of over $42,000 annually. This settlement places the company in a position of financial ease, and is on all accounts a just subject of congratulation to its stockholders. The above terms of settlement have been confirmed by the Court.

—Following are the signs and passwords of the Mollie Maguires during the present quarter:

When two strangers are introduced—
Question—The eastern question is likely to be settled without bloodshed.
Answer—I think not. War for the present may be averted, but the Turkish problem can only be solved on a European battle field.
Question—In the event of war between Russia and Turkey, what policy would England pursue?
Answer—She would secretly aid the Turks, because her policy had been to uphold tyranny abroad while she loudly denounced it at home.
QUARRELLING TEST.—Question—Don't get yourself into trouble.
Answer—My friends will get me out.
Signs—Right hand on right nip.
Reply Sign—Forefinger and thumb of left hand catching hold of left ear.

Washington Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 27, 1877.

I saw an interesting statement, recently made up in the Treasury Department, concerning certain expenses for the conveyance of the votes cast at elections of President and Vice President to the seat of Government. It appears that no compilation has ever been made excepting at the election of George Washington and the last of General Grant's. The cost of conveying the votes of the different states to the capital in the former case was $1,401, and in the latter $15,173.

A thorough investigation has been going on in the financial branch of the Treasury, which has resulted in the report of the fact that fractional currency to the amount of from eight to ten million dollars has been lost or destroyed. Secretary Sherman has submitted the question to Attorney General Devens whether he can legally make up the loss by issuing the same amount in silver coin, since it is believed that the above mentioned amount estimated to have been lost will never be presented for redemption.

In the absence of better employment, gossip-mongers busy themselves these days with the President's doings and make the most of all his movements by means of additions and imaginings of their own invention. For instance, Geo. Jones, proprietor of the New York Times, dined with President Hayes the other day, and the two afterwards took a long drive together. The next day it was announced in many circles that something extraordinary was about to happen, that the President was contemplating some promotion trip, and had been sounding some of the leading Republican journalists as a preliminary step.

Postmaster General Key is experiencing no little annoyance from the presentation of the 1853 3-cent silver pieces to postmasters in all sections. This coin is receivable on deposit only from public officers, and the public, therefore, thrust them in large numbers on the postmasters. The Postmaster General has called the attention of the Secretary of the Treasury to the fact, and recommended that postmasters be allowed to exchange these coins for greenbacks or that they be withdrawn from circulation.

The work of reform is still going on in the Treasury. Investigations are showing so many things that ought to have been brought to light long ago—or rather that ought never to have existed. A most singular state of mismanagement and extravagance has existed in some of the bureaus of this department for a good many years—a state brought about by the great influence of members of Congress and Government officers. Hundreds of female clerks have been kept on the pay-roll where there was absolutely nothing to do, simply because some Congressman recommended them. Congressmen are very human, and many are undoubtedly imposed upon; and it is certain that so long as their influence is absolute regarding Government appointments, so long deserving people will become employes.

Secretary Sherman seems determined to carry the work through, and several little incidents trifling in themselves go to show that the committee appointed to do the weeding out in the department are working according to their convictions of right. For instance, when a large number of dismissals was recently decided upon in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, the committee examined into the special qualifications and circumstances of each of those comprising the list, marking the ones whose services could be dispensed with. One of the first names reached was that of a sixteen hundred dollar clerk who occupied a prominent position, but who could easily be spared and his work done by other parties. E. A. Chapman, of Pennsylvania, a member of the committee, remarked at once that this man must go. "Find out who he is," said another of the committee, "see who appointed him first." "I can tell you all about that," said Chapman, "he is my brother-in-law, but we have got five hundred people to discharge out of this bureau, and we had better begin with our own relations." So off went his brother-in-law's official head.

MARINA M. WHITNEY.

—Montreal, June 26.—Fears of serious trouble on the 12th of July are entertained here. The Irish Catholic Union, numbering about 2,000 members, all secretes a special meeting, and it is stated some are drilling preparatory to the 12th. The Orangemen think that the brigade of the Fifth District with the police, will afford them ample protection, but they too are arming and preparing for the trouble. The St. Patrick National Association has resolved to receive the Irish Catholic Pilgrims on their return from Rome, August 12th, with great eclat.

THE STORM IN THE WEST.

BUILDINGS UNROOFED AND BLOWN DOWN—INCALCULABLE DAMAGE TO THE CROPS.

CHICAGO, June 25.—The storm last night was very severe throughout the West. It was first heard of at Cheyenne in the afternoon, and consisted of heavy hail and rain, with wind. It extended north of Sioux City, south of Kansas City, and over the State of Iowa, where the rainfall exceeded two inches. The Chicago & Northwestern Railroad had a bridge washed out near Logan. At Bear Grove several dwellings were blown down, and the town almost destroyed.

The damage in Chicago will not exceed $20,000 at the outside. It consists chiefly in broken glass, unroofed houses, broken fences and signs, and overturned vehicles. Two small houses on the north side were destroyed by the wind, and some 500 trees in Douglas Park were blown down. Fred. Kessner, a carpenter, working at Eighteenth street and Centre avenue, was thrown out of a second-story window by the force of the wind, and struck on his head. Last night he was in a dying condition.

In Lincoln, Iowa, the storm damaged all the grain. Rye suffered heavily, and nearly every cornfield in that section was flooded.

The country about Champaign, Ill., suffered severe loss. Probably 100 buildings were damaged in Champaign and Urbana. The damage to wheat in and about Jacksonville, Ill., is estimated at $100,000.

At Dixon, Ill., the storm did great damage. The fair ground, with its buildings, fences, stands, trees, sheds, &c., is a complete wreck. The Chicago and Northwestern Railroad windmill, engine house, and freight house are partially destroyed. Many buildings in the town are unroofed. Trees three feet round were twisted and broken off.

At Moline, Ill., hailstones as large as hen's eggs fell, doing great damage to the crops.

In Fairbury, Ill., the storm completely destroyed the unfinished Methodist Church, entailing a loss of $7,000. A number of other buildings were unroofed, moved from their foundations, or blown about.

In Dwight, Ill., the wind carried John Long's house, 18 by 22 feet in size, about twenty feet, but none of the inmates were injured.

In Brooksville, Ill., fourteen buildings were unroofed here yesterday.

In Des Moines, Iowa, the rain fall was very heavy, and the outlook for crops is gloomy, but no special damage was done.

In Indianola, Iowa, a number of cattle were killed yesterday by the storm, and families for a time were compelled to vacate their basements.

In Muscatine, Iowa, hundreds of trees were destroyed by yesterday's storm, and thousands of panes of glass were broken by the hailstones. Nobody injured.

In Springfield, Ohio, a child of David Widdenham was killed by a falling barn, and two other persons were seriously injured from the same cause. The residence of Mr. Cluck was levelled to the ground. Mrs. Cluck had an arm and leg broken. Two students of Wittenberg College were knocked senseless by falling bricks. A dozen buildings, including the St. James Hotel and a sewing machine factory, lost their roofs. The damage to the crops is incalculable, not only in the vicinity of Springfield, but along the whole pathway of the storm.

In Reading, Ohio, the stable of Henry Reisenberg was blown down, instantly killing the proprietor.

In Lancaster, Ohio, residences and stores were unroofed, and the steeple of the Catholic Church was blown down.

Death from Hydrophobia.

Mr. George Fister, a young gentleman of excellent character, clerk of the First National Bank, Mahanoy City, and 22 years of age, was bitten on the outer edge of the left hand seven months ago by a black and tan dog with which he was playing. The wound healed quickly, causing little or no pain. The day after Mr. Fister was bitten the dog was seen playing with a ball of worsted, and as he died a day or two later with symptoms of choking it was supposed death was caused by his having swallowed or having attempted to swallow some of the worsted.

Mr. Fister first manifested unmistakable signs of the dread disease hydrophobia on Thursday afternoon of last week, and died early on Sunday morning, his sufferings being limited in some sixty hours. After Thursday the symptoms were clearly marked, the spells of madness frequent and violent, the intervals few. During these spells the sufferer would snap, bite, foam and strike at the three or four strong men who constantly guarded him, and who, for self-protection, had their hands thickly gloved, and carried each a pillow before them to receive each onset. In the calm and lucid intervals he apologized, remembering distinctly his words and actions. In the next spell he would fight more furiously and cry out, "Ah, didn't I give it to you! Didn't I fetch you that time!" &c. As pieces of ice were thrown towards his mouth he would snap his opened jaws at them most furiously. He was attended by Dr. Carpenter, of Pottsville, and three of the resident doctors, but treatment availed nothing. His throat swelled on Saturday, and with the most painful chuckling and choking he died early on Sunday morning.

New Advertisements.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Carbon County to make distribution of the funds arising from the Sheriff's sale of the Real Estate of OLIVER STOUT, will attend to the duties of his appointment on THURSDAY, August 2nd, 1877, at 10 o'clock A. M., at his office in Mauch Chunk, when and where all parties interested may attend.

P. J. MEEHAN, Auditor.

June 30-4w

NOTICE IN DIVORCE.

Emeline Henrig, by her next friend, T. W. Steigerwald, vs. Alfred Henrig. } No. 15, April Term, 1877. Subpœna for Divorce.

SIR:—You will please take notice that the undersigned has been appointed Commissioner by the Court of Common Pleas of Carbon County, to take testimony in our above libel case for Divorce, and will attend to said duties, at his office in Mauch Chunk, on FRIDAY, the 3rd day of August, 1877, at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where you and all other persons interested may attend.

P. J. MEEHAN, Com.

June 30-4w.

SIX TEACHERS WANTED.

Six Teachers are wanted for the Lehighton Borough Public Schools, viz: One Principal; 1 for Grammar; 1 for Intermediate; 1 for Secondary; and 2 for Primary. Term, 8 Months. Salaries ranging from $20 to $50 per month.

The Examination will be held in the School House, at Lehighton, on Saturday, JULY 14th, 1877, at 9 o'clock A. M.

By order of the Board.

A. G. DOLLENMAYER, Secretary.

June 30-w3.

Annual Financial Statement OF Lehighton School District

For the Year ending June 3rd, 1877.

RECEIPTS.

To Cash received from Collector	$ 5,922 00
To Cash received from Secretary	6,670 00
To Cash received from State Depart't	543 36
Balance from last year	1,304 84
Total	$14,439 20

EXPENDITURES.

By Cash paid for Teachers' Salary	$ 2,017 50
By Cash paid for Interest	2,655 45
By Cash paid for Repairs	122 41
By Cash paid for Fuel	249 13
Miscellaneous	303 09
Bonds Cancelled	7,412 03
2 per cent. of Money Paid out	236 46
	$13,076 07
Cash in Treasury	1,363 13
Total	$14,439 20

We the undersigned, duly elected Auditors of the Borough of Lehighton, do hereby certify that the above account of N. B. REBER, Treasurer of Lehighton School Board, is correct to the best of our knowledge and belief.

E. H. SNYDER,
F. P. LENTZ, Auditors.

June 23, 1877-w3

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE Lehighton Poor Fund,

For the Year ending April, 1877.

WILLIAM WATERBOR, Treasurer of the Poor Board, in account with the Borough of Lehighton, for the year ending April, 1877.

RECEIPTS.

Cash from Tax Duplicate, per Smith	$1040 15
Cash from Tax Duplicate, per Schwartz	170 00
Cash from Henry Hosker	81 25
Cash from Dr. N. B. Reber	92 00
Total	$1383 40

DISBURSEMENTS.

For Assistance of Poor	$1028 97
For Cost of B. Dreher's Suit	22 00
Cash paid Wendell Schwartz	100 10
Cash paid Dr. Zern, attendance I. Sumit	5 00
Cash paid A. J. During, for John Bartholomew	21 45
Cash paid M. Heilman & Co., for John Bartholomew	39 11
Cash paid Dr. Reber, attendance John Bartholomew	42 00
Cash paid Dr. Reber, attendance Mrs. Kohler	3 00
Cash paid Dr. Reber, attendance Nancy Fisher	11 75
For Cost of Thomas Rontz's suit	34 57
Cash paid Dr. Reber, attendance Emma Haney	13 00
For Attorney Fees Rontz Suit, &c.	12 00
Cash paid H. V. Morthimer, Printing	7 50
	$1352 25
Am't overpaid or due W. Waterbor	5 85
	$1358 40
Bal. due Treasurer brought down	5 85

We the undersigned, duly elected Auditors of the Borough of Lehighton do hereby certify that the above account is correct to the best of our knowledge and belief.

E. H. SNYDER,
F. P. LENTZ, Auditors.

June 23, 1877.-w2

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF Weissport School District

For the Year ending June 4th, 1877.

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand from last year,	$ 147 69
From State Appropriation	197 64
From Collector, m'ng all taxes	1184 90
From P. J. Kistler, loan at 6 p.c.	1500 00
From Rent	167 50
Total Receipts	$3677 74

EXPENDITURES.

For Repairing, etc.	$ 77 38
For Teachers' Wages	550 00
For Fuel and contingencies	73 00
For Fees of Collector and Treas.	69 24
For Fees of Secretary	15 00
For Bonds redeemed at 8 per ct.	1500 00
For Interest paid	721 20
For Other Expenses	10 76
Total Expenditures	$3066 57
Balance	$ 611 16

RECAPITULATION.

Amount Borrowed and Unpaid	$2200 00
Liabilities in Excess of Resources	1539 84
Estimated Value of School Property	4000 00

We, the undersigned Auditors, report that we have examined the books and accounts of J. G. Zern, Secretary, and W. H. Knecht, Treasurer, of Weissport School District, for the year ending June 4th, 1877, and find the books correctly kept and the accounts as set forth in the above statement.

JOHN W. GILHAM,
F. J. KANT, Auditors

Weissport, June 16, 1877

Errors of Youth.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
42 Cedar-st., New York.

jun13m6

PIMPLES.

I will mail (Free) the recipe for preparing a simple VEGETABLE BALM that will remove TAN, FRECKLES, PIMPLES and BLOTCHES, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address Ben. Vandelf & Co., Box 3121, No. 8 Wooster-st., New York.

jun13.m6

IMMENSE ARRIVAL -OF- SPRING GOODS

At the Original Cheap Cash Store. The Bottom Knocked Out of Everything, and Everybody Happy!

J. T. NUSBAUM & SON

Have just returned from NEW YORK with an unusual assortment of FANCY and STAPLE DRY GOODS, &c., and having for their motto "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS" they are determined to move THEIR ENTIRE STOCK QUICKLY at prices that will astonish the people

WE OFFER TO-DAY:

5000 Yards Choice Styles of CALICOES at 5½ cents per Yard. Lot of Splendid GINGHAMS at 8 cents per Yard. MUSLINS, SHEETINGS, TICKINGS, DENIMS and SHIRTING CHECKS, at POPULAR PRICES. FANCY DRESS GOODS at Lowest Prices. ELEGANT PLAIDS at 10, 12½ and 18 cents. BLACK ALPACAS reduced 20 per cent. BEST VALUE ALPACA ever offered at 25 cents per yard.

BLACK SILKS AND MOURNING GOODS

At Very Greatly Reduced Prices. WHITE GOODS—several job lots—much below regular prices. HAMBURG EDGINGS at from 5 cents per yard and upwards. TRIMMINGS and NOTIONS in large variety and at lowest prices. New line of Black Silk Fringes, Worsted and Cotton Fringes, Velvet Ribbons, Laces, New Ruchings, Neck Wear, Silk Handkerchiefs, Collars, Cuffs, and Gloves. Best Value CORSETS at 35 cents. Large assortment of SHAWLS at Reduced Prices.

Special Bargains in Cloths and Cassimeres, for Men's and Boys' Wear.

CARPETS and OIL CLOTHS at Reduced Prices. Oil Cloth at from 40 cents a yard and upwards

PERFECTION IN THE SHIRT TRADE.

Colored Shirts at 75c., $1 and $1.25. White Dress Shirts at $1, $1.25, $1.40, $1.50, $1.65. We invite special attention to KEEP'S FINE DRESS SHIRTS as being made of the best Wamsutta Muslin, supply extra quality Linen Bosoms and Cuffs, warranted to fit perfectly, at the following remarkably low prices: Partly Made at $1.25 per Shirt. Unlaundried at $1.50 per Shirt. Laundry Finished at $1.65 per Shirt.

☞ Our stock is well assorted and consists of almost everything. Reliable Goods, and plenty of them. Truthful representations, honest dealing with all, a thorough knowledge of our business, by judicious purchases, AND KNOWING WHERE TO BUY to the BEST ADVANTAGE, enables us to sell SO low. Polite and agreeable attention to our customers, and a willingness to make it pleasant whether you buy or not. CASH OUR BASIS. We buy and sell for CASH, and our customers get the benefit of it. Prices of cash houses are, and well can be, lower than long-time houses can afford to sell. The lowest living profit on everything we sell, and a continued effort to keep our prices under those of our competitors. Call early and secure Best Bargains.

Respectfully,

J. T. NUSBAUM & SON, Original Cheap Cash Store,

LINDERMAN'S BLOCK, Opposite Public Square, LEHIGHTON, PA.

SPRING STYLES.

Dress Suits, Business Suits, Youths' Suits, Boys' Suits.

Made up from the Best Material, in the Latest Styles, and Perfect Fits Guaranteed, at LOWEST PRICES FOR CASH!

ALSO, TREMENDOUS SLAUGHTER IN THE PRICES OF

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Hats, Caps, and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

☞ Call and examine Goods and Prices before making your purchases elsewhere.

T. D. CLAUSS, Merchant Tailor,
2nd door above the Publ Square, BANK STREET, Lehighton.

JUST RECEIVED AT GERMAN'S!

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF

BOOTS, SHOES, AND GAITERS,

FOR

Ladies, Gents, Misses, Youths and Children.

Manufactured expressly for him, and to suit the wear of this section. All warranted to be as represented and sold at

Bottom Prices!

P. A. GERMAN,

Store in Semmel's New Block, opposite the Public Square, BANK STREET, Lehighton, Pa.

mar.11-y1

WAR ON HIGH PRICES!

TILGHMAN ARNER,

Successor to D. BOCK & Co.,

At the "Mammoth Store,"

Opposite the L. & S. Depot, BANK Street,

Respectfully announces to his customers and friends that he is daily receiving additions to his stock of

LADIES' DRESS and DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES and PROVISIONS,
QUEENSWARE, &c., &c., &c.

Also, just received a car load of LIVERPOOL SALT, which I am selling at Bottom Prices.

SALT FISH a Specialty.

☞ If you really desire to know how large an amount of Goods you can get for a small sum of Ready Money, you should not fail to give me a call before making your purchases elsewhere.

Don't forget the Mammoth Store, opp. L. & S. Depot,

May 6, 1879-y1 LEHIGHTON, PENN'A.

Weissport Planing Mill & Lumber Co.,

Respectfully announce to Carpenters, Builders, Contractors and others, that having completed their NEW MILLS, they are now prepared to supply them, at VERY LOWEST PRICES, with every description of

DRESSED LUMBER,

Such as Siding, Floor Boards, Doors, Sash, Blinds, Shutters, Moldings, Brackets, Cabinet Ware, &c., &c.,

On the Shortest Notice. Our Machinery is all New and of the Most Approved Kind, so that we have no hesitation in Guaranteeing Perfect Satisfaction to all who may favor us with their orders. If you have not time to call and select what you want, send your orders and they will be filled promptly, and at as low prices as though you were present.

Give us a Trial, and you will be convinced of what we say.

SOLOMON YEAKEL,
D. B. ALBRIGHT,
WM. BIERY,
JOHN BIERY.

Office and Mill, nearly opposite the Fort Allen House, WEISSPORT, Carbon County, Penna. June 10, 1876-y1

Financial Statement OF THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE Borough of Lehighton,

For the fiscal year ending the First MONDAY of JUNE, A. D. 1877, as required by the 6th Section of an Act of Assembly, approved April 24th, 1874.

FUNDED DEBT.

The following is the Funded Debt consisting of School Bonds:

No. 45.—P. J. Kistler	$ 550 00
" 47.—Thomas Kemerer	1550 00
" 48.—Thomas Kemerer	1000 00
" 50.—David D. Kistler	800 00
" 51.—David D. Kistler	800 00
" 52.—E. A. Bauer	500 00
" 53.—E. A. Bauer	500 00
" 54.—Henry Kolb	50 00
" 56.—Lehighton Lodge, No. 236, K. of P.	675 00
" 57.—O. U. A. M., No. 249	200 00
" 58.—A. F. Peters	1000 00
" 59.— " "	1000 00
" 60.— " "	1000 00
" 61.— " "	1000 00
" 62.— " "	100 00
" 63.—Reuben Kolb	100 00
" 64.—Patrick Meehan	400 00
" 65.—John Wynn	1000 00
" 66.—Manus McGinty	1000 00
" 67.—Joseph McGroarty	1000 00
" 68.—James McGinty	2000 00
" 69.—George Harter	3300 00
" 70.—Mary J. Clauss	2000 00
" 71.—Wm. Mathern	1000 00
" 72.—David D. Kistler	500 00
" 73.—Patrick O'Donnel	2000 00
" 74.—Dennis Shovelin	1000 00
" 75.—David Manis	1000 00
" 76.— " "	1000 00
" 77.—Reuben Steigerwald	100 00
	$32,225 00

The following is the Funded Debt in Certificates of Indebtedness:

No. 1.—A. W. Eaches	$ 58 12
" 2.— " "	136 53
" 3.— " "	48 74
" 4.— " "	175 00
" 5.— " "	81 30
" 6.— " "	28 00
" 8.—Samuel Graver	178 35
" 10.—A. W. Eaches	44 82
" 11.— " "	18 70
" 12.— " "	91 04
" 13.— " "	45 24
" 14.— " "	102 00
" 17.— " "	41 41
" 19.—Samuel Graver	32 58
" 20.—A. W. Eaches	30 46
" 21.— " "	30 70
" 22.— " "	142 05
" 23.—Samuel Graver	215 18
" 24.—A. W. Eaches	273 89
" 25.—Samuel Graver	203 00
" 26.—A. W. Thomas	114 02
" 27.—A. W. Thomas	34 00
	$2,613 00
Funded Debt at 7 per cent	$32,225 00
Funded Debt at 6 per cent	1650 00
Certificates of Indebtedness, 6 per cent	2613 00
	$36,488 45
Balance in Treasury	1324 23
Total amount of Indebtedness	$37,812 25

The assets of School Board consist of

Two lots on Pine street	$ 350 00
Three story School Building and lot	4500 00
House and lot for janitor	1200 00
Money in Treasury	1324 23
Money Due Board as collected tax:	
From J. S. Webb	222 10
From J. P. Smith	208 65
Money due from Samuel Graver	75 45
	$8,885 43

The undersigned, having been instructed to prepare the foregoing statement by said school board, does hereby certify that the same is correct and in accordance with said Act of Assembly, to the best of my knowledge and belief, and was, on motion, ordered to have the above Financial Statement printed.

From the minutes.

A. G. DOLLENMAYER, Secretary.

June 30-3w