The Carbon Advocate.

H. V. MORTHIMER, ... EDITOR

LEHIGHTON, PA.:

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 21, 1877.

—The Western Iron Association met in Pittsburg Wednesday, and fixed the card price for iron at two cents, an advance of a quarter of a cent per pound.

—A "special" to the New York Herald asserts that "the prosecution of ex-Secretary Robeson, for alleged misappropriation of the funds of the Navy Department, will be a leading feature of Democratic policy in the forthcoming session of Congress."

—The Charleston News and Courier is informed that Rev. W. H. Scott, the colored preacher reported to the New England Methodist Conference as having been assassinated at a church door, on the Sabbath, "is alive and well, and performing his pastoral duties without molestation, in Malboro, county, South Carolina."

—Copies of a letter written by ex-Senator Wade, of Ohio, strongly denouncing the President's Southern policy, have been privately exhibited in Washington. Wade says in concluding his letter that some persons excuse the President on the ground of good intentions, "but hell is paved with them."

—A dispatch dated Montreal, April 19, says: Hon. A. B. Foster, the Canadian railroad king, has suspended payments. His liabilities are about two hundred and fifty million dollars. He controlled the Sotheastern, Brockville, and Ottawa, and Canada Central railway, also the Government Georgian Bay branch of the Pacific railway, and several eastern township lines.

—We have at last reached real spring weather, and country towns are pleasant places to be in. The streets of the towns are gay with passing throngs, and the buds on the trees are swelling, while the grass is sending up its early tender spears, and all the preparations are in progress for the revival of the green things of nature. It is such weather as ought to fill the stores with customers seeking the garments appropriate to the warm season now close at hand. The country is healthy, but business is not lively enough to satisfy the workers.

—During the administration of President Buchanan the commissioner of public buildings and grounds acted as the master of ceremonies at the executive mansion, conducting the introductions, etc, on public occasions, and having a general supervision of affairs. In the succeeding administrations the marshal of the district performed those duties, but now the marshal has been superseded by the commissioner of public buildings and grounds. Col. Casey, who succeeded Gen. Babcock as commissioner, will therefore in the future attend to the above named duties at the executive mansion.

—It is reported that the general freight agent of the Reading, Lehigh Valley, and North Pennsylvania railroads have entered into arrangements with the Erie and North Shore Dispatch freight line for the shipment of of produce and grain over the lakes, from Chicago to Philadelphia. The Dominion steamship line has also entered into the arrangement for the transfer of freights by floating elevators from the Reading wharves to their vessels. There are now five steamships in this line running between Philadelphia and Liverpool, and the agent of the line offers such terms as to enable the Dispatch line to give bills of lading from Chicago to Liverpool.

—It is a vivid idea of the terror created by the grasshoppers in the West that is given by the proclamation of the Governor of Minnesota for public prayer against them. He sets apart a day of fasting, humiliation, and prayer that Almighty God may stay the grasshopper scourge; and he calls upon the people of the State to ask for this mercy, with contrite hearts, in their places of worship. "In the shadow of the locust plague, whose impending renewal threatens the destruction of the land," says the Governor, "let us humbly invoke the defence of the hand which alone can stay it." Thus he goes on, sentence after sentence, not forgetting to speak of those who are in suffering and grief on account of the plague. There are, doubtless, people in this part of the country who will think it queer to see the State of Minnesota trying to get rid of the devouring grasshoppers by public fasting, humiliation, and prayer; but the Minnesotians did not resort to this means of defence till they had fully realized their own helplessness. They have themselves struggled against the grasshoppers in vain; and they have advertised for weapons to destroy them. Even while fasting in humility and praying in hope, they must not relax their efforts to devise some natural way of conquering the grasshopper enemy.

—American Inventive Progress.—Under the above heading the Scientific American of May 7th has a long and interesting article, from which we make the following extracts:

To show with what rapidity inventors made improvements on inventions embodying original principles, says the writer, it may be noted that in the early days of the sewing machine 116 patents were granted for improvements thereon in a single year; and out of the 2900 patents issued in the year 1857, 152 were for improvements on cotton gins and presses, 164 for improvements on the steam engine, and 198 for novel devices relating to railroads and improvements in the rolling stock. In the year 1848, three years after the publication of this paper was commenced, but 660 patents were granted; but under the stimulus of publishing those inventions as they were patented, ten years later, in 1858, the number had increased sixfold, reaching 3,710, while up to January 1, 1876 as already stated, the aggregate of patents issued amounted to 17,467; since that time and up to the present the total is 181,015.

And curiosity here leads us (adds the editor) to review our own work, extending back, say, twenty years, or to 1857, a period during which 170,745 patents have been issued. We find, by actual count, that 62,022 applications have been made through the Scientific American Patent Agency for Patents in the United States and abroad. This averages almost ten applications per day, Sundays excluded, over the entire period, and bears the relation of more than one quarter to the total number of patents issued in this country up to the time of writing.

—When the Russians and the Turks fall to killing one another, says the New York Sun, they will prefer to do so with the best modern weapons and will not want condemned muskets from this or any other country. Both these belligerent nations have recently been supplied with large quantities of rifles, revolvers, and cartridges, by manufacturers on this side of the Atlantic, and the Turks are still receiving supplies of this kind under American contracts that are not yet filled. England, France, and Germany, as well as the United States, have on hand large supplies of condemned arms and amunition which may come into play for a while if the war should spread over western Europe. But in these days guns ten or twelve years old are practically superseded by more deadly weapons, and when war comes they are replaced as rapidly as possible by the latest patterns. The ingenuity and resources that are displayed in perfecting the implements of death make it all the more appropriate that at the end of every war the weapons used in it should be turned into ploughshares.

Extravagance — Personal and National.

Feebleness of mind and body is the natural result of extravagance, says the New York Weekly Witness. The spendthrift is being weakened at every point, and fetches up ultimately among the husks and the swine. The fool and his money are soon parted. The question is sometimes asked, which sex errs the most in the matter of expenditures. That question we do not propose to discuss. This much we stoutly maintain, that both in many cases are great offenders. Here is the young man who spends annually on himself fifteen hundred dollars. He could be in better health, more scholarly and more useful on $520. In an adjoining street is his cousin decked out with feathers and five-button gloves, who is costing some wearied, toiling father or husband as much. This wasteful pair were born and bred in an atmosphere of frivolity. They are lovers of pleasure. Their hands are so loaded with rings that they cannot relieve distress. If they read at all it is Dumas' latest and vilest. An ennobling and instructive lecture does not suit them. They can prattle about the becomingness of the latest new color and bonnet, but know nothing about the interesting explorations in the Holy Land. They are wishing that some rich uncle would die to relieve them from work and make them happy. It has been often said, and with much probability, that an American family wastes more than would support a family in similar walk of life in France.

We have learned much, but know not yet the real purpose and power of the dollar. Our very prayers are suggested by personal considerations, that we may consume more upon ourselves. Our marriages, our baptisms, our church sociables, and our burials are all costly affairs. Here is where our first offerings are made, and costly indulgences go on while the missionary box returns empty to the altar.

Our church members are already beginning to make preparations for the coming season at the seaside or among the mountains. The supreme question is that of so-called enjoyment. Had we not better consult our Bibles? Without doubt we are in danger of becoming a fast people, and our recent reverses have therefore been upon the whole most salutary. Let no one think that we are recommending a penurious policy. We are not. We are pleading for the less favored, by whom we are surrounded, and for the Lord's cause—missionary societies, home and foreign.

The true man of Christianized nature looks constantly upon the things of others, and supplements their deficiencies from his surplus. Come, reader, jump into the scale till we see your weight. Have you developed into bran, or are you good as wheat. Let us not give the devil any of our money. We have too little for the building of God's kingdom. Save your money that with it you may save souls.

—The penalty for catching black bass before the 1st of July is $10.

Washington Letter.

"Spring"—That Extra Session—Louisiana Difficulties—Wedding Bells—Summer in Washington—Duke Alexis—Foundry Church—Deaf Mute College—Gen. McCormick.

From our Special Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., April 18, 1877.

I know of no American city that has so many pleasant, picturesque and interesting places in and around it as Washington; and now that the flowers and leaves are bursting forth, the grass is green and the air soft and sweet with the spring fragrance, every sunny day sees crowds of excursionists driving or riding or sailing to these lovely places. Picnics and all sorts of out of door pleasuring is the general order of things, and the fine weather is being made the most of; for the time is at hand when none but those who must, will venture out of doors from sunrise till sunset, and then with little comfort. When it gets so warm that the thermometer stands ninety or a hundred degrees above zero at midnight, and a cooler minute is not seen for weeks at a time, then out-of-door life is not an enviable one. Congress will be in session during the very hottest part of summer, and members are disgusted with the prospect. The session promises to be a hot one in more ways than one. The President will find himself opposed by powerful antagonists, and that in his own party. Blaine will probably lead the Republican opposition, and rumors are already afloat of a re-organization of parties. They cannot forget that they waged the campaign on entirely different ground, and that the President is carrying out the Democratic programme instead of the policy outlined by his supporters before the election. The fact is the President has a policy of his very own, and he intends to be President of his country and to work for the good of all his fellow-countrymen, instead of being chief of a party.

It is understood that the Louisiana case will reach a speedy settlement, and most believe that Packard will follow Chamberlain's example and retire from the contest. Nicolls evidently means that he shall do so. The Commissioners have telegraphed for further instructions, which have been prepared and forwarded, but which the President and Cabinet have decided shall not be made public until the whole affair is settled.

Wedding bells are ringing gaily enough. The last chimed to the ceremony which united Miss Zeinne—daughter of the recen ly retired Commandant of the Marine Corps—to Lieutenant Very, of the United States Navy. The wedding took place at the residence of the bride's parents, General and Mrs. Zellin, and the affair was a charming one. Cards are out for the wedding of Miss Eames, a Washington belle, and Mr. Alastair P. Gordon Cummings, formerly of Scotland, now of Maryland. The ceremony is to take place at the Church of the Epiphany, on the evening of April 25th.

The time for general breaking up is at hand. Few of the *elite* remain in Washington during the hot months, and nice big houses, furnished or not, are renting very low. People like to have their houses and furnishings taken care of, and many are glad if they can place a good, reliable family in their houses during the summer, even without charging rent at all. The Spanish Minister and wife are about giving up their dwelling and will go to New York to remain two months. Later, they propose traveling until the Saratoga season opens, in which they usually figure quite extensively during July and August.

A rumor is current here that the Grand Duke Alexis is really coming at last. Washington society watched and waited and sighed in vain for him all winter; and now that "society" is over and the season closed, he is coming and hopes to be let alone. A grand picnic and excursion to Mt. Vernon is proposed in his honor, as he has never yet visited the tomb of Washington.

The Foundry church is unusually popular since the President's family have adopted it as their place of worship. Mrs. Hayes is one of the old-fashioned Christians who believes in keeping the commandments, and refuses to have her carriages, horses or servants used on the Sabbath unnecessarily. Yesterday President and Mrs. Hayes, Mr. Webb Hayes and their lady guests walked to the Foundry church and joined devoutly in the services. The pulpit was finely decorated with flowers, and the church packed to its utmost capacity.

A large assemblage witnessed a unique entertainment at the National Deaf Mute College last Wednesday. It was Exhibition and Presentation day, and the exercises were all in mutions, of course. Ther President, Mrs. Hayes and Secretary Schurz were among the notabilities present. The college building is a large and spacious one, but it is not large enough to accommodate all who apply for admission, and an addition is in process of erection, being now nearly finished. Among the students in the preparatory department are several colored boys, and there are also colored girls in the institution.

Governor McCormick has been appointed Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, and his being kept in Washington is a source of great congratulation among his many friends. M. M. W.

Closing Prices of DeHaven & Townsend, Stock, Government and Gold 40 South Third Street, Philadelphia, April 19th, 1877.

U. S. 6's, 1881	113¾	bid	113¾	asked
U. S. 5-20's, 1865	109½	bid	109¾	asked
U. S. 5-20's, 1865—J. & J.	109¾	bid	109¾	asked
U. S. 5-20's, 1867	112¼	bid	112½	asked
U. S. 5-20's, 1868	113¾	bid	114	asked
U. S. 10-40's	111¾	bid	112	asked
U. S. Currency, 6's	124½	bid	124½	asked
U. S. 5's 1881, new	111¾	bid	111¾	asked
U. S. 4½'s, new	108	bid	108¼	asked
Pennsylvania R. R.	36½	bid	36¾	asked
Phila. & Reading R. R.	11¼	bid	11½	asked
Lehigh Valley R. R.	35½	bid	36¾	asked
Lehigh Coal & Nav. Co.	19¼	bid	19¾	asked
United Companies of N. J.	125	bid	130	asked
Pitts., Titusv. & Buff. R. R.	4¾	bid	5	asked
Phila. & Erie R. R.	9¼	bid	9½	asked
Northern Central R. R.	18¾	bid	18¾	asked
Hestonville Pass. R. R. Co.	14¼	bid	14¾	asked
Gold	106½	bid	106½	asked

New Advertisements.

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE Financial condition of WEISSPORT BOROUGH, for the year ending April 1st, 1877:

BOROUGH.

RECEIPTS.

Bal. on hand from last year	$ 44 96	
Amt. rec'd for grain on square	31 80	
Amt. rec'd from other sources	18 02	
Amt. of duplicate, subject to exonerations and commission	475 26	$ 570 04

EXPENDITURES.

Salary of Secretary, 1875-'76	$ 50 00	
Treasurer, 1875-'76	43 00	
Expenses for lock-up & tramps	42 50	
" on streets	123 55	
Auditors' fees, 1875 and 1876	16 00	
Printing Auditors' report	5 00	
Sundry expenses	16 22	
		$ 296 27
Balance, subject to exonera's.		276 77
		$ 570 04

BOUNTY.

RECEIPTS.

Bal. on hand from last year	$ 108 52	
Duplicate and additions, subject to exonerations and commis'n.	1343 27	$1451 79

EXPENDITURES.

Amount paid to Albright & Fryman		475 00
Bal., subject to exonerations		976 79
		$1451 79

POOR.

RECEIPTS.

Amt. received from collector in full	$ 119 59

EXPENDITURES.

Paid for relief of Betsy Harp	$ 21 50	
" " A. Kerger	20 87	
Paid for lodging tramps	51 00	
" making tax duplicate	2 50	
" orders of relief	2 50	
" coal and sundries	5 75	
		$ 104 12
Bal. in hand of Overseer Moyer		15 47
		$ 119 59

We, the undersigned Auditors, report that we have examined the books and accounts of HENRY BOYER, Secretary, and WILLIAM HOLLINGER, Treasurer, and E. MOYER and R. MUSSELMAN, Overseers of the Poor, of WEISSPORT BOROUGH for the year ending APRIL 1st, 1877, and find the same as set forth in the above statement.

JOHN W. GILLHAM, FRANCIS J. KAST, J. G. ZERN, } Auditors.

Weissport, April 21, 1877.—3w

LIVES AND PROPERTY SAFE AT LAST. TO ALL WHO USE THE BEAUTIFUL

AMERICAN BLUE OIL!

This OIL CANNOT be LIT ANY WHERE but on the WICK! It will last NEARLY TWICE as long as any other OIL and GIVE NEARLY DOUBLE the ILLUMINATION!

It will burn in any kind of a Lamp!

Storekeepers are doing well by selling it!

We want good active AGENTS. Exclusive territory given! Send C. O. D. for a $6.00 Sample, and TRY IT!

"AMERICAN BLUE OIL CO."

S. E. Cor. Girard Ave. and Germantown Road, Philadelphia, Pa.

April 21, 1877—1y

New Advertisements.

STATEMENT SHOWING the account of SOLOMON SITTLER, Supervisor of MAHONING TOWNSHIP, for the year A. D. 1876:

Dr.

To tax duplicate for 1876	$ 752 62	
" Balance due S. Sittler	75 69	$ 828 31

Cr.

By attendance on road 59 days	$ 88 50	
" Spikes, planks, &c.	91 57	
" Com'n on $751.05 at 5 per ct.	37 55	
" Exonerations	4 43	
" Error on tax of James Gombert, 1874 and 1875	5 17	
" One day attending settlem't.	3 50	
" Repairing roads & bridges	599 50	$ 828 31

Statement of JOHN LAPP, Supervisor.

Dr.

By tax duplicate for 1876	$1674 79	
To amt. due per settle't Apr. '76.	59 94	$1734 73

Cr.

By work as Supervisor, 104 days	$ 156 00	
" Repairing roads & bridges	1254 24	
" Spikes, planks, &c.	83 29	
" Exonerations	29 94	
" Order of A. H. Gombert, aud.	3 00	
" Com'n on $1674 79 at 5 per ct.	83 73	
" One day attendance	1 50	
" Balance due said township	123 03	$1734 73

Statement of CHARLES LENTZ, Overseer of the Poor.

Dr.

To tax duplicate for 1876	$ 532 20	
" Amt. due per. settle't Apr. '76	116 83	
" Cash received from T. Horn.	15 09	$ 684 03

Cr.

By cash paid on orders, &c.	$ 512 80	
" Com'n on $512.80 at 5 per ct.	27 61	
" Com'n on $512.80 at 3 per ct.	15 38	
" Thomas S. Beck, notice of relief for Mrs. Kuhns	1 00	
" Balance due the township	127 24	$ 684 03

Statement of THOMAS HORN, late Collector and Overseer of the Poor.

Dr.

To bal. due from last settlement.	$ 85 80	
" Interest on the above amt.	5 14	$ 90 94

Cr.

By cash paid Charles Lentz	$ 15 00	
" Int. for 8 months on $15.00	60	
" Balance due township	75 34	$ 90 94

We, the undersigned Auditors of Mahoning Township, have met this NINTH DAY OF APRIL, A. D. 1877, and examined the above accounts, and find the same as stated.

A. H. GOMBERT, JOHN BOHN, } Auditors.

April 21, 1877.—3t.

THE PIONEER TOBACCO CO. BROOKLYN, N. Y.

CHEW—SMOKE MATCHLESS

THIS TRADE MARK ON EACH PLUG

MATCHLESS T. CO.

FINEST Plug TOBACCO in the World. ASK FOR IT. TAKE NO OTHER. FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS IN PLUG.

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine.

$55 TO $77 a week to agents. $10 Outfit FREE. P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

25 EXTRA FINE Mixed Cards, with name, 10c, post paid. L. JONES & CO., Nassau, N.Y.

$5 TO $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 sent free. STINSON & CO., Portland Maine.

FELT CARPETING, 20 to 40 cents per yard. FELT CEILING, for rooms in place of plaster. FELT ROOFING and SIDING. For circular and Sample, address C. J. FAY, Camden, New Jersey.

THE NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., of the U. S. of A., with its paid up Capital of $1,000,000, and Assets of over $4,000,000, offers insurance at Cash rates, and gives in its policies definite contracts, plain features and liberal conditions. It has no complications with other companies, and does not propose to have, but offers Insurance on plain business principles, and secures the policy holder by economy of management and careful investment of its funds. Address R. S. RUSSELL, General Agt., No. 411 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

Agents wanted in every county, to whom liberal terms will be given.

Price, Twenty Five Cents.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING.

ONE HUNDRED AND NINTH EDITION. Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories, and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000, according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printing over 5,000 copies each issue. Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical, Fashion, and other special class journals: very complete lists. Together with a complete list of over 300 German papers printed in the United States. Also, an essay upon advertising; many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various newspapers, and everything which a beginner in advertising would like to know. Address

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

All persons are hereby forbid meddling with any of the following described articles of Personal Property, either to buy, trade, or in any other manner, loaned by the undersigned to JOSHUA GRAVER, of Franklin Township, Carbon County, Pa., viz: One grey Mare, one light bay Horse, one black and white Cow, one yellow Cow, one platform Spring Wagon, three sets Harness, six boxes or hives of Bees, one set of Sleigh Bells, and a variety of Household Furniture, as the same is my property.

F. P. GRAVER, Franklin Twp., Pa.

April 14, 1877—3w*

O C

L. S. MILLER'S

Cheap Cash Store,

OPPOSITE PACKERTON, LOCK 5.

Groceries & Provisions,

FLOUR,

COFFEES, TEAS, SUGARS, SYRUPS, SPICES, CANNED FRUITS, BACON, MESS PORK, HAMS, SHOULDERS, FISH, &c., &c., &c.

All articles warranted to be as represented. Patronage solicited. [April 14, '77-1f

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

All persons are hereby forbid meddling with a BAY MARE loaned by the undersigned to STEPHEN SNYDER, JR., of Parryville, Pa., as the same is my property.

STEPHEN SNYDER, SEN., Parryville, Carbon Co., Pa.

April 7, 1877—3w.

TO BUYERS OF MEAT.

The undersigned respectfully informs his customers and the public in general, that on and after the 12th of APRIL 1877, he will adopt the CASH SYSTEM, and for that purpose will put down the PRICE OF MEAT to the following very low figures:

CHOICE ROASTS, 12 and 14 cents per pound.

BOILING PIECES, 8 and 10 cents per pound.

Giving full weight and supplying meat from the FINEST CATTLE. Patronage solicited.

WM. LEUCKEL, Franklin, twp.

April 7, 1877—3w]

WANTED the business men to know that they can get JOB PRINTING done cheaper at CARBON ADVOCATE Office than at any other place in the county. Try us.

IMMENSE ARRIVAL

—OF—

SPRING GOODS

At the Original Cheap Cash Store. The Bottom Knocked Out of Everything, and Everybody Happy!

J. T. NUSBAUM & SON

Have just returned from NEW YORK with an unusual assortment of FANCY and STAPLE DRY GOODS, &c., and having for their motto "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS" they are determined to move THEIR ENTIRE STOCK QUICKLY at prices that will astonish the people

WE OFFER TO-DAY:

5,000 Yards Choice Styles of CALICOES at 6¼ cents per Yard. Lot of Splendid GINGHAMS at 8 cents per Yard. MUSLINS, SHEETINGS, TICKINGS, DENIMS and SHIRTING CHECKS, at POPULAR PRICES. FANCY DRESS GOODS at Lowest Prices. ELEGANT PLAIDS at 10, 12½ and 18 cents. BLACK ALPACAS reduced 20 per cent. BEST VALUE ALPACA ever offered at 25 cents per yard.

BLACK SILKS AND MOURNING GOODS

At Very Greatly Reduced Prices. WHITE GOODS—several job lots—much below regular prices. HAMBURG EDGINGS at from 5 cents per yard and upwards. TRIMMINGS and NOTIONS in large variety and at lowest prices. New line of Black Silk Fringes, Worsted and Cotton Fringes, Velvet Ribbons, Laces, New Ruchings, Neck Wear, Silk Handkerchiefs, Collars, Cuffs, and Gloves. Best Value CORSETS at 35 cents. Large assortment of SHAWLS at Reduced Prices.

Special Bargains in Cloths and Cassimeres, for Men's and Boys' Wear.

CARPETS and OIL CLOTHS at Reduced Prices. Oil Cloth at from 40 cents a yard and upwards.

PERFECTION IN THE SHIRT TRADE.

Colored Shirts at 75c., $1 and $1.25. White Dress Shirts at $1, $1.25, $1.40, $1.50, $1.65. We invite special attention to KEEP'S FINE DRESS SHIRTS as being made of the best Wamsutta Muslin, 3 ply extra quality Linen Bosoms and Cuffs, warranted to fit perfectly, at the following remarkably low prices: Partly Made at $1.25 per Shirt. Unlaundered at $1.50 per shirt. Laundry Finished at $1.65 per shirt

☞ Our stock is well assorted and consists of almost everything. Reliable Goods, and plenty of them. Truthful representations, honest dealing with all, a thorough knowledge of our business, by judicious purchases, AND KNOWING WHERE TO BUY to the BEST ADVANTAGE, enables us to sell SO low. Polite and agreeable attention to our customers, and a willingness to make it pleasant whether you buy or not. CASH OUR BASIS. We buy and sell for CASH, and our customers get the benefit of it. Prices of cash houses are, and well can be, lower than long-time houses can afford to sell. The lowest living profit on everything we sell, and a continued effort to keep our prices under those of our competitors. Call early and secure Best Bargains.

Respectfully,

J. T. NUSBAUM & SON, Original Cheap Cash Store,

LINDERMAN'S BLOCK, opposite Public Square, LEHIGHTON, PA.

SPRING STYLES.

Dress Suits, Business Suits,

Youths' Suits, Boys' Suits.

Made up from the Best Material, in the Latest Styles, and Perfect Fits Guaranteed, at LOWEST PRICES FOR CASH!

ALSO, TREMENDOUS SLAUGHTER IN THE PRICES OF

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Hats, Caps, and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

☞ Call and examine Goods and Prices before making your purchases elsewhere.

T. D. CLAUSS, Merchant Tailor,

2nd door above the Public Square, BANK STREET, Lehighton.

GERMAN'S GERMAN'S GERMAN'S GERMAN'S

GRAND DEPOT FOR BOOTS AND SHOES,
GRAND DEPOT FOR BOOTS AND SHOES,
IS SPLENDIDLY STOCKED WITH
IS SPLENDIDLY STOCKED WITH

BOOTS, BOOTS, BOOTS, SHOES, SHOES, SHOES,

GAITERS, GAITERS, GAITERS,

FOR THE LADIES, FOR THE LADIES, FOR THE LADIES,

FOR THE GENTLEMEN, FOR THE GENTLEMEN, FOR THE GENTLEMEN,

For the Children, For the Children.

I have bought largely for cash such lots as must sell quickly, because they are fresh and seasonable, and just what the people are looking for, and because they are so

Positively, Comparatively, Superlatively LOW PRICED.
Positively, Comparatively, Superlatively LOW PRICED.

P. A. GERMAN,

Store in Semmel's New Block, opposite the Public Square, BANK STREET, Lehighton, Pa. mar.11-y1

WAR ON HIGH PRICES!

TILGHMAN ARNER,

Successor to D. Bock & Co.,

At the "Mammoth Store,"

Opposite the L. & S. Depot, BANK Street,

Respectfully announces to his customers and friends that he is daily receiving additions to his stock of

LADIES' DRESS and DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES and PROVISIONS,
QUEENSWARE, &c., &c., &c.

Also, just received a car load of **LIVERPOOL SALT**, which I am selling at Bottom Prices.

SALT FISH a Specialty.

☞ If you really desire to know how large an amount of Goods you can get for a small sum of Ready Money, you should not fail to give me a call before making your purchases elsewhere.

Don't forget the Mammoth Store, opp. L. & S. Depot,

·May 6, 1879-y1 LEHIGHTON, PENN'A.

Weissport Planing Mill & Lumber Co.,

Respectfully announce to Carpenters, Builders, Contractors and others, that having completed their NEW MILLS, they are now prepared to supply them, at VERY LOWEST PRICES, with every description of

DRESSED LUMBER,

Such as Siding, Floor Boards, Doors, Sash, Blinds, Shutters, Moldings, Brackets, Cabinet Ware, &c., &c.,

On the Shortest Notice. Our Machinery is all New and of the Most Approved Kind, so that we have no hesitation in Guaranteeing Perfect Satisfaction to all who may favor us with their orders. If you have not time to call and select what you want, send your orders and they will be filled promptly, and at as low prices as though you were present.

Give us a Trial, and you will be convinced of what we say.

SOLOMON YEAKEL,
D. B. ALBRIGHT,
WM. BIERY,
JOHN BIERY.

Office and Mill, nearly opposite the Fort Allen House, WEISSPORT, Carbon County, Penna. June 10, 1876-y1