The Carbon Advocate.

H. V. MORTHIMER, ... EDITOR

LEHIGHTON, PA.:
SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 22, 1876.

—Governor Tilden returned to Albany from Saratoga on Saturday last. The pressure of official business, it is stated, will prevent him from devoting any attention to his letter of acceptance for several weeks.

—The domestic exports of Philadelphia to foreign ports during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1876, exhibit the handsome increase of $11,666,056, the aggregate for the year being $40,254,075 as compared with $28,588,019 for the preceding year.

—The business situation throughout the West and Northwest is thus characterized by the Chicago Tribune of Friday: "Trade is not stagnant, but is reduced in volume, and the rate of profits is also low. No change is looked for among bankers or business men until midsummer is over. The fall activity should begin by the middle of August, and there are many reasons for thinking it will show an improvement over preceding seasons. No one looks for a sudden leap into good times, but with good crops there ought to be a fair trade and an improved tone in commercial and financial circles."

—The New York Journal of Commerce remarks that it is the Interior Department and not the War Office whose officials have cheated and robbed the Indians, have done their utmost to bring on the war, and who are now interested in having it last idefinitely. The true friends of the Indians are those who have earnestly labored to transfer the Indian bureau from the Interior to the War Department. A clause accomplishing this was inserted in the army appropriation bill which passed the House, but the Senate did not agree to it. That body seems to prefer that the patronage and profits of this lucrative business shall remain in the hands of the politicians.

Philadelphia Letter.

PHILA., Pa., July 18, 1876.

DEAR ADVOCATE:—

"Shades of the mighty, can it be
That this all that is left of thee?"

With the thermometer doing its level best to celebrate the centennial, by remaining at 100° in the shade, is it any wonder that, as I found myself rapidly melting away, I should use the above quotation? Whew bet!

If any man dares to say
"It has not been hot,"
Shoot him on the spot.

Talk about "the trying times of '76," why I doubt if they could have held a penny dip to the trying times of 1876. We are completely tried out, we are nothing but cracklings and badly scorched at that.

The heat! Oh, the fervent heat!
On the street, everyone we meet
Talks of the heat, the fearful heat!

We have had a few thunder showers, but the thirsty earth drank up the rain almost as fast as it fell, and like poor little Oliver Twist, it seemed to cry "for more." The hot stones and the nearly red hot bricks and mortar soon made steam of all the pearly drops which fell to their share, and as to the breeze which dared to try and blow a cool breath upon them—why it was sent rudely back, as if it were a blast from some fiery furnace. So changed would it become from contact with their heated surfaces. Sleep? why there was no sleep, no rest for the wicked. I say wicked, for we must be wicked or we would not burn as we do. (Caution your readers not to laugh at my wicked joke until cooler weather.) Men, women and children at night would suffer from the heat just as much as during the day. Terrible—was and is no expression for it. Thermometers seem to be having all they can do to keep the mercury, within them, from climbing out at the top. If you see a couple of persons whispering together, you can bet your bottom dollar that they are talking about the weather, and nine times out of ten you will win your wager. Sickness and death has followed in the train of the fearful heat and many have paid the debt which must be paid by us all at last. The little ones, the dear little children, God bless them, how they have suffered. We children of an older growth can tell our wants and describe our aches and pains, but they have to suffer and worry and fret, and we can but guess their wants and imagine their ills. Be patient with children and do all you can for them if you would be rewarded by Him who saith "Suffer little children to come unto me, for of such is the Kingdom of Heaven." If humanity sweltered and suffered, how fared the poor beasts of burthen? "The merciful man is merciful unto his beast." Let us hope that this torrid weather has made many men merciful, who were never so before. The rivers seemed like streams of melted silver and the glare from them was almost blinding. I well imagine how the fish cuddled together at the bottom of the river, and laughed in their sleeves as they thought of the suffering on land. The leaves and the grass show the effects of the fearful heat, by looking withered, faded and almost dead. I have seen nothing cool in some weeks except it be ICE. Venders of ice water and lemonade are crowding our sidewalks and realizing miniature fortunes from the disposal of their cooling beverages. If a thirsty mortal is cramped for means, there are many places where he can obtain ice water "without money and without price," but ice water often means cramp, whether the imbiber is cramped for means or not. Fans are being sold like hot cakes and some of the merchants will guarantee you a perfect tornado if you will only buy their ware. How sociable the flies are in warm weather—whether you be rich or poor they are bound to stick to you. Then how welcome they are at the early morning hour just as you are trying to catch a nap of forty winks, especially if you have kicked the blankets and quilts (Question) off of your limbs? This weather is weakening to all of us but how strong the butter gets. This reminds me of an old story, which is well worth repeating. I'll cut it short. The proprietor of a hotel came in the dining room one day and noticed a military man (Major General) saluting the butter. "What are you doing General?" said the hotel man "I'm doing my duty," responded the General, for I always salute when I am outranked, and that butter outranks me."

—I did think of mentioning something about the heat, in this letter, perhaps I may do so in my next.

Yours Meltedly,
MARCUTIO.

Custer's Fight.

Lieutenant John Carland, of company B, Sixth infantry, with General Gibbon's command, writes as follows concerning the slaughter of the Seventh cavalry and General Custer. The letter is dated Mouth of the Little Horn river, June 29, and proceeds as follows:

At the mouth of the Rosebud on the 22d of June we struck a large Indian trail leading up the Rosebud Valley. General Custer from there took command of the twelve companies of cavalry, and pushed on after the Sioux. He followed them to the foot of the mountains, and found by scouting the valley that they were encamped on a branch of the Little Horn. This was on the night of the 24th. On the 25th he took five companies and followed the stream down one side, while Major Reno with seven companies went down on the other. Major Reno was to attack the enemy in the rear while Custer fought them in front. This would have worked all right, as Reno had got in their rear; but General Custer, marching down on the other side, saw what he supposed was the front of the camp and made a charge on them, the Indians giving way and letting him right into the gap.

The brave man rode with his 300 men and would have killed the whole of the 2,000 Sioux, I believe, if there had been no enemy behind him. But instead of charging the front he was right in the centre of between 3,000 and 4,000 Sioux. Those that were behind him kept concealed until he was right in their midst, and then, when it was too late, he made a bold dash, trying to cut through them. But the enemy were too many. He fell about the first one, and the horses becoming unmanageable the poor soldiers were cut down in less time than it takes to tell.

The Sioux then turned with all their force upon Major Reno. He charged them with one company and returned with only eleven men. He then retreated a short distance, placing his men on a bluff. He kept them off until the night of the 27th, his men going without water for forty-eight hours. He was relieved by Generals Terry and Gibbon who saw the smoke from where they were on the Little Horn, and, thinking it a signal of the Sioux, marched that way just in time to save the last handful of the Seventh cavalry. Out of the whole regiment only 428 men are left, and forty of them are badly wounded. It makes ones heart sick to look over the battle ground and see the poor fellows, some of them with their entrals cut out, others with their eyes dug out and their hearts laid across their faces. They even stopped to cut their pockets to get their money and watches. The most fearful sight was Colonel Cook. He was a splendid looking man, with long dark whiskers. They dug his face all out so as to get his fine beard, it is supposed. They did not disfigure General Custer in any way but his brother, Tom Custer, was opened and his heart taken out.

We estimate the loss of the enemy at 500, though it is hard to tell how many were killed, as they carried most of them away. Some of ours claim that Sitting Bull was killed, as he is known by some, and an Indian answering his description was found dead, but no doubt this is false, as they would have tried to carry him along.

General Terry and the remaining officers are feeling very badly. I was standing by General Custer when General Terry came up and as he looked down upon the noble general the tears coursed down his face as he said:

"The flower of the army is gone at last."

Custer was supposed to be the first one who died, but though he fell first we found seventeen cartridge shells by his side, where he had kept them off until the last moment. There can no blame be attached to any one for this fearful slaughter. If Custer had had the whole regiment it would only have been worse, as the Sioux were too many. Of course there will be some blamed by eastern papers, but as an eye-witness of the whole battle, I cannot censure anyone. There is one poor Crow Indian on the boat who has five shots through him; yet he is happy because he has nine scalps at his side. This is a true statement of Gen Custer's brave charge. These Siouxs were all from some agency as we found camp equipments that had never been used; also blankets that were new and branded "U. S. Indian department."

There is very little more to say, and as the scout starts for Lincoln with the mail in a few moments, I will close.

The Fall Elections.

In view of the Presidential election in November, the State elections which will precede it will be looked to with interest. The following is the order of these elections:

1. Kentucky, on the first Monday in August. The election will be for members of the Legislature and Circuit Judges. The Democrats are making active preparations for the election, but so far the Republicans indicate a purpose to allow the canvass to go by default,

2. California, on the first Wednesday in September. This election is for members of the General Assembly and members of Congress. The parties are pretty equally divided, each claiming the victory, and an exciting contest is predicted.

3. Vermont, on the first Tuesday in September. This election is for State officers and members of the General Assembly, and as the State is overwhelming Republican, the only interest attracted to the election will be in noting the relative loss and gain of the two parties.

4. Maine, on the second Monday in September. Here a State ticket will be elected, and there seems to be no doubt of the reelection of Gen. Selden Conner, Republican, the present Governor.

5. Georgia, on the second Tuesday in October. Gen. A. H. Colquitt is likely to head the Democratic ticket for the Governorship, whose election is predicted by 75,000 majority. As yet the Republicans have not indicated a purpose to contest the field.

6. West Virginia, on the second Tuesday in October. This election embraces a State ticket, members of the Legislature, and members of Congress. The Democrats are already in the field with a State ticket, headed by the Hon. A. M. Matthews, present Attorney-General, for the Governorship. The Republicans will nominate a State ticket during the latter part of the present month. The Democrats claim that all their dissessions are healed, and they will carry the State by a large majority.

7. Ohio, second Tuesday in October. In this State a full ticket, with the exception of Governor and Lieutenant Governor, will be elected. The Republicans claim they will carry the State by an increased majority over Hayes' vote in 1875.

8. Indiana, on the second Tuesday in October. Here a full State ticket will be elected, the Democratic ticket being headed by the Hon. J. D. Williams, present member of Congress, for the Governorship, and the Republican ticket by the Hon. Godlove S. Orth, late Minister to Austria. Indiana promises to be the battle ground preparatory to the Presidential onset in November, and both parties will put forth their best efforts to secure the ascendancy.

9. Iowa, on the second Tuesday in October. This is a Republican State, and may be expected to cast its vote in that direction both in October and November.

10. Nebraska, second Tuesday in October. This is also a Republican State.

11. Texas, on the first Monday in November. This State will probably go Democratic by from 75,000 to 100,000 majority, but the election is too near the time of holding the Presidential election to effect it in any perceptible way.

Terrible Fate of Two Children and a Woman.

John E. Cameron lives on a farm one mile from Pittsville. He has a lime kiln a quarter of a mile from his house, near the main road. On Monday he started a fire in it and went away to his work in a hay field. Two of his children, a boy nine years old and a girl aged five were playing about the kiln. Over the mouth of the kiln is a windlass by which a large bucket is lowered to the bottom. The oldest of the two children thought it would be nice to ride his little sister up and down in the bucket. She clambered in, and he let her down into the pit. The fire had by that time got under good headway, and the stone was becoming heated and emitting poisonous gas.

The little girl screamed to come up, and her brother tried to pull up the bucket, but could not start it. After several attempts, he started on a run for home, where he told his mother and grandmother, who were alone in the house, the situation as above. The two women ran to the kiln. Mrs. Cameron saw her child lying on the bottom. She had fallen out of the bucket, being overpowered by the gas Thinking that the child might be restored if taken out at once, Mrs. Cameron drew the bucket up. She placed her little boy in it, and telling him to place the body of his little sister in it as quickly as possible, and get back into it himself, she lowered him into the noxious pit. The little fellow succeeded in placing the body in the bucket, and, clinging to the side of it himself, was drawn a few feet upward, when he succumbed to the influence of the gas and fell back unconscious to the bottom.

Mrs. Cameron drew the body of her little girl to the top and hastily removed it from the bucket and placed it on the ground. She then gave the crank of the windlass to her mother-in-law, a lady nearly 70 years old, and told her to lower her quickly into the pit, to the rescue of her other child. She then got into the bucket. Her weight was more than old Mrs. Cameron could control, and the crank slipped from her hands, and whirling round struck her on the head and knocked her senseless to the ground. Her daughter-in-law, was hurried violently to the bottom of the kiln, and no doubt rendered unconscious before the gas affected her.

The Pittsville stage came along about the time Mrs. Cameron was precipitated into the kiln. John Kane, the driver, seeing the bleeding body of the old lady, and the apparently lifeless body of the little girl, stopped the stage and jumped out. He discovered the bodies of the other two in the kiln. Calling a gentleman in the stage to his aid, he went down into the kiln by means of the windlass rope, and placed the body of Mrs. Cameron in the bucket. It was drawn up, and the bucket lowered, Kane succeeded in getting into the bucket with the boy's body, but became unconscious soon after, and was taken from the bucket in that state. It was some time before he was restored.

Old Mrs. Cameron was brought to consciousness in a short time, her wounds not being serious. Her daughter-in-law and the two children were dead. As soon as Kane recovered sufficiently, the three bodies were placed in the stage and taken home, and Mr. Cameron summoned from his work. Mrs. Cameron was 85 years old. This is the third time that deaths have occurred under similar circumstances at this kiln during the past seven years.

New Advertisements.

THE LUNGS!
CONSUMPTION!

This distressing and dangerous complaint and it's premonitory symptoms, neglected cough, night sweats, hoarseness, wasting flesh, fever—permanently cured by "Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry."

BRONCHITIS—A premonitor of Pulmonary Consumption is characterized by catarrh or inflammation of the mucous membrane of the air passages, with cough and expectoration, short breath, hoarseness, pains in the chest. For all bronchial affections, sore throat, loss of voice, coughs,

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND
Syrup OF Wild Cherry
IS A SOVEREIGN REMEDY.

Hemorrhage, or spitting blood, may proceed from the larynx, trachea, bronchia or lungs, and arise from various causes as undue physical exertion, plethora, or fullness of the vessels, weak lungs, overstraining of the voice suppressed evacuation, obstruction of the spleen or liver, etc,

Dr. Swayne's Compound
Syrup of Wild Cherry

strikes at the root of disease by purifying the blood, restoring the liver and kidneys to healthy action, invigorating the nervous system.

The only standard remedy for hemorrhages, bronchial and all pulmonary complaints. Consumptives or those predisposed to weak lungs, should not fail to use this great vegetable remedy.

Its marvelous power, not only over consumption, but over every chronic disease where a gradual alterative action is needed. Under its use the cough is loosened, the night sweats diminish the pain subsides, the pulse returns to its natural standard, the stomach is improved in its power to digest and assimilate the food, and every organ has a purer and better quality blood supplied to it, out of which new recreative and plastic material is made.

SAVED HIS LIFE.

A REMARKABLE CURE!

Was that of Edward H. Hamson, Engineer at George Sweeny's Pottery, 1234 Ridge Avenue, Philadelphia. He had a violent cough, night sweats, sore throat, great weakness, spit at different times a pint of blood, gave up all hope of recovery. Through the use of "*Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry Syrup*," became a sound and healthy man, and remains so to this day, although over twenty years have elapsed since he was cured.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR. Six bottles $5. If your druggist or storekeeper does not sell it, we will forward any dozen, freight paid, to any address, on receipt of price.

PREPARED ONLY BY
DR. SWAYNE & SON,
330 N. Sixth Street, Philadelphia.
Sold by all Prominent Druggists.

A Good Family Medicine
SWAYNE'S
Tar and Sarsaparilla Pills.

☞ HEADACHE, Languor and Melancholy generally spring from a disordered stomach, constiveness or a torpid liver. Each may be speedily removed by Dr. Swayne's Tar Pills, which stimulate the liver and stomach to a healthy action by removing all biliousness, and producing regular evacuations of the bowels.

LIVER COMPLAINT,

that dreaded disease from which so many persons suffer, is frequently the cause of

Headache, Indigestion and Dyspepsia,

is speedily relieved and are often permanently cured by their use. Fevers are often prevented by the use of these Sarsaparilla Pills, as they carry off, through the blood, the impurities from which they arise. For COSTIVENESS there is nothing so effectual as

Swayne's Tar and Sarsaparilla Pills.

They are purely vegetable, and act specially on the Liver as Blue Mass or Calomel, without any bad result as from taking.

Describe symptoms in all communications, and address letters to DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia. No charge for advice. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Price 25 cents a box; five boxes for $1.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR THEM.

Itching Piles!
PILES, PILES, ITCHING PILES,
Positively Cured by the use of
SWAYNE'S OINTMENT.

HOME TESTIMONY:

I was sorely afflicted with one of the most distressing of all diseases Pruritus or Prurigo, or more commonly known as Itching Piles The itching at times was almost intolerable increased by scratching, and not unfrequently become quite sore.

I bought a box of "Swayne's Ointment" its use gave quick relief, and in a short time made a perfect cure. I can now sleep undisturbed, and I would advise all who are suffering with this distressing complaint to procure Swayne's Ointment" at once. I had tried prescriptions almost innumerable, without finding any permanent relief. JOS. W. CHRIST.
Firm of Riedel & Christ.
Boot and shoe House, 544 North Second-street, Philadelphia.

SKIN DISEASES.

SWAYNE'S ALL HEALING OINTMENT is also a specific for TETTER, ITCH, SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, ERYSIPELAS, BARBER'S ITCH, TIGH BLOTCHES, ALL SCALY, CRUSTY, CUTANEOUS ERUPTIONS. Perfectly safe and harmless, even on the most tender infant. Price 50 cents. 3 boxes for $1.25. sent by mail to any addresson receipt of price.

Sold by all the leading Druggists,
Prepared only by
DR. SWAYNE & SON,
330 North Sixth st., Philadelphia.

ADORN YOUR HAIR, USE LONDON Hair Color Restorer FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR To its Natural Vitality and Color.

HERE IS THE PROOF
Of its Superior Excellence.

Read this Home Certificate testified to by Edward B. Garrigues, one of the most competent Druggists and Chemists in Philadelphia, a man whose veracity none can doubt;

I am happy to add my testimony to the great value of the "London Hair Color Restorer," which restored my hair to its original dark color, and the line appears to be permanent. I am satisfied that this preparation is nothing like a dye, but operates upon the secretions. It is also a beautiful hair dressing, and promotes the growth. I purchased the first bottle from Ed. B. Garrigues, druggist Tenth and Coates-sts who can also testify my hair was very gray when I commenced its use.

MRS. MILLER,
No. 730 N. Ninth-st., Philadelphia.

DR. SWAYNE & SON.—Respected Friends: I have the pleasure to inform you that a lady of my acquaintance, Mrs Miller, is delighted with the success of your "London Color Hair Restorer." Her hair was falling rapidly and quite gray. The color has been restored, and the falling out entirely stopped by its use.
E. B. GARRIGUES.
Druggist Cor. Tenth and Coates sts., Phila.

All that art can accomplish in beautifying, strengthening, thickening and adorning the hair is effected by using "London Hair Color Restorer." It eliminates and forces a new growth; if gray restores its natural color and renders it silky and beautiful; cures dandruff; keeps the scalp clean, cool and healthy. All druggists sell it. Price 75 cents; six bottles, $4. Sent by express to any address.

SWAYNE & SON, 330 N. Sixth st., Philad'a,
SOLE PROPRIETORS.

For Sale by all Druggists.

July 15, 1876-y1

New Advertisements.

TO all Whom It May Concern:

Be it Known, That I have this day, July 19th, sold my interest, right, and title to RICHARD KEIFER in the DRY GOODS and NOTION STORE, on Susquehanna Street, near to the Mansion House, Mauch Chunk.
JOHN KEIFER.
July 22, 1876-w3

9 TEACHERS WANTED.

The School Board of MAHONING TOWNSHIP will meet Applicants for Schools on SATURDAY, AUGUST 5th, 1876, at 9 A. M., at PLEASANT CORNER, when the Superintendent will examine applicants.
HENRY BRETNEY, President.
P. D. KEISER, Secretary. July 22-w3

To Whom It May Concern.

Notice is hereby given, That we, the undersigned, have purchased from Daniel Finkinger, of Mahoning township, Carbon county, Pa., the following property, to wit: Four acres of Corn, one acre of Potatoes, two Hogs, two Cows, two Wagons, three Bedsteads, two Plows and one 2-year old colt, and hereby notify all persons not to meddling with the same under penalty of the law.
WEISS & ANDREWS.
Packerton, July 22, 1876-w3

REPORT OF THE CONDITION of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK, at Lehighton, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, June 30th, 1876.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$52 287 24
U. S. Bonds to secure Circulation	50 000 00
Due from approved Reserve Agents	8,491 47
Due from other National Banks	1 856 63
Due from State Banks and Bankers	320 19
Real Estate, Furniture, and Fixtures	1,567 66
Current Expenses and Taxes Paid	1,934 48
Premiums Paid	8 096 25
Bills of other National Banks	1,420 00
Fractional Currency, including Nickels	246 11
Legal Tender Notes	5,600 00
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of Circulation)	2 025 00
Silver Coin	10 00
Total	$135,349 13

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock Paid in	$50,000 00
Other Undivided Profits	3 511 85
National Bank Notes Outstanding	45,000 00
Individual Deposits subject to check	25,384 90
Due to other National Banks	9,811 61
Due to State Banks and Bankers	1,641 80
Total	$135,349 16

State of Pennsylvania, County of Carbon, ss:

I, W. W. Bowman, Cashier of the above-named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. W. BOWMAN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 18th day of July, 1876.
THOS. S. BECK, Notly Public.

Correct—Attest: R. F. Hoffard. A. J. Durling. Thos. Kimerer, Directors. July 22, 1876.

MONEY WANTED.

The Borough of Lehighton desires to Borrow sufficient Money to refund the Borough Debt. Interest promptly paid. Apply to
W. M. RAPSHER,
July 15, 1876-w3 Secretary.

Administrator's Sale
Of Valuble Real Estate.

The undersigned, Administrator of the Estate of JOSEPH MOYTZ, dec'd, late of MAHONING Township, Carbon County, Pa., will offer at public sale, on the premises, on

Saturday, August 5th, 1876,

commencing at TWO o'clock P. M., the following-named Real Estate, to wit: All that certain piece or parcel of LAND containing

34 Acres and 26 Perches,

be the same more or less, known as the Joseph Moytz Farm, situated in Mahoning township aforesaid. The Improvements consist of a Two Story Frame Dwelling House, 18 x 26 ft., with Kitchen attached, 16 x 20 ft.; Barn, 27 x 44 feet; Wagon Shed, 18 x 20 feet, a 1½ story Dwelling House, 14 x 14 feet, and other Outbuildings.

Terms will be made known at time and place of sale, by
WM. H. YONTZ
July 15, 1876. Administrator

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE GREAT
CENTENNIAL HISTORY

It sells faster than any other book ever published. One Agent sold 61 copies in 1 day. Send for our extra terms to Agents. National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & Co. Augusta, Maine.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

A man of noted health was asked how it was he seemed to be always well. "I am not particular in my meals; I eat what I like; and whenever I feel under the weather, I resort to my

Tarrant's Seltzer Aperient,

which I always keep in my house." Wise man and economical as well. He does not resort to violent means for relief. He uses Nature's remedy, in the shape of this aperient.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

$77 PER WEEK GUARANTEED to Agents, Male and Female, in their locality. Terms and OUTFIT FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & Co., Augusta, Me

$5 TO $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1, free. STINSON & Co. Portland, Maine.

"PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide; Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc. 1,000,000 sold. A queer book. Address
T. WILLIAM & CO., Pubs, Phila.

25 FANCY BRISTOL CARDS, 40 mixed, with name, 10c.; or 20 MIXED REPP, DAMASK &c., 10c. NASSAU CARD CO., Nassau, Rens. Co., N. Y.

50 VISITING CARDS with your name finely printed, sent for 25c. We have 100 styles. AGENTS WANTED. 9 samples sent for stamp. A. H. FULLER & CO., Brockton, Mass.

ADVERTISING IN
Religious and Agricultural
WEEKLIES,
HALF-PRICE
SEND FOR OUR CATALOGUE
ON THE LIST PLAN.
For information address
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO 41 Park Row, NEW YORK.

To Whom it May Concern.

Notice is hereby given, that having purchased for a valuable consideration in money, all the growing crops, consisting of rye, wheat, oats, potatoes, &c., together with all the farming implements, live stock and household furniture of every description of R. F. SOLT, of Upper Towamensing township, Carbon county, Pa., all persons are forbid meddling with the same under penalty of the law
SOLOMON SOLT, Franklin twp.
July 15, 1876-w3

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF LEHIGHTON has declared a pro rata Dividend of Three per Cent., payable at the Bank on and after Saturday, July 15th, 1876.
W. W. BOWMAN, Cashier.
July 15th, 1876.

CHARLES W. LENTZ,
Central Drug Store, (Leuckel's Building,) BANK Street,
Proprietor of Helfrich's White Liniment and Dealer in
DRUGS, MEDICINES & CHEMICALS,
FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES,
SPONGES, BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, &c.
Prescriptions carefully compounded, day or night, with accuracy and dispatch, by competent persons, at all hours of the day and night.
Wall Paper a Specialty!

TO DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS.

Notice is hereby given, that the Duplicates of UNCOLLECTED BOROUGH FOOR TAXES for 1874 have been placed in my hands for collection. Persons knowing themselves indebted for said Taxes are requested to call at my office, in Obert's Building, and make immediate payment, and save cost of suit. H. A. BELTZ, J. P.
Lehighton, July 1, 1876—3w.

STATE AND COUNTY TAXES.

The undersigned hereby notifies the Taxpayers of the Borough of Lehighton, that he has been appointed by the Commissioners of Carbon County to COLLECT the STATE and COUNTY TAXES, in said Borough, for the year 1876, and in pursuance of said appointment, by request of the Commissioners, all persons liable to State and County Taxes, are required to make immediate payment thereof, at his office, in Obert's Building, within THIRTY DAYS from this date, and thereby save costs of collections.
H. A. BELTZ, J. P., Collector.
Lehighton, July 1, 1876—3w.

CHEAP CASH STORE,
Another Great Reduction at the Original CHEAP CASH STORE of J. T. NUSBAUM & SON, Semmel's Building, Lehighton, Penna.

Best Baking Raisins at 12½c. per pound. 3lb. Can Tomatoes, 15c. per can.
Good Table Syrup at 12½c. per quart.
Splendid Prunes at 8c. per pound. Coal Oil, high test, 6c. per quart.
Good Roasted Coffee at 23c. per pound. Dry Goods and Groceries generally Reduced.
Good Tea at 45c. per pound. Best Mince Meat at 12c. per pound.

CENTENNIAL SALOON,
SUSQUEHANNA ST., MAUCH CHUNK.
FRANK ENKMANN, Prop'r.
Fresh Philadelphia Lager Beer always on tap. Cigars of Choicest flavors, and all other kinds of Refreshments to be found in a first-class Saloon. FREE LUNCH every Morning at 10 o'clock. Call when you go to Mauch Chunk.
July 15, 1876-y1