OPENOGRATIC PRINCIPLES CEASE TO LEAD, WE CHASE TO FOLLOW."

WM. M. BRESLIN, Editor and Proprietor.

LEBANON, PA.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 28, 1865.

It is supposed that before the will be provided with regular or provisional Governors, and that their local governments will be going on quietly without obstruction, the same as they were before the rebellion :--

The following States have elected regular Gov-

ernors : Thomas E. Bramlette Thomas Swann. William G. Brownlow Kentucky Maryland Tennessee Virginia Francis H. Pierpont Thomas C. Fletcher. John Murphy. James Madison Wells. Arkansas The President has appointed Provisional Gov-

ernors for the following States William W. Holden North Carolina James Johnson. William L. Sharkey. Georgia Mississippi onal Governors are yet to be appointed

for the following States: |Florida. South Carolina.

Hon. Charles J. Biddle will be the orator of the day at the Demo-4th of July.

The Republican State Convention of Pennsylvania, which was to meet on the 19th of July, has been postponed indefinitely. What's the matter? Are the Republicans afraid to show their hands, and are they They did, and meanly enough too. not yet prepared to endorse Andy Johnson?

an article from the New York Jour. as it is going just now. nal of Commerce, a paper neutral in politics, but of Republican procliviof parties in the future. We have the Democracy in these articles.

"The Article on Road Cattle, published in the Gazette last week, and credited to the Lebanon Advertiser, in which paper it appeared as origi nal was written for, and originally printed in the Germantown Telegraph—where nearly all the best articles on agricultural subjects, that go the rounds of the newspapers, ceme from."—

w-original in the Advertiser, but was published "by request," and it was so stated.

6 The \$300 Bounty, authorized by Congress for men enlisting in the regular service will cease from and after the 1st of July, 1865.

CONGRESSIONAL AND DELEGATE ELEC-TIONS IN VIRGINIA.

is the vote of Accomac and Northumberland counties.

..1222 · Total... ginia. Thos. H. Killam and Dr. John M. Fields were elected; both conser-

Wm. H. B. Custis was a Union member of the Virginia Convention, is a conservative man, and opposed to confiscation. Tyler is the present United States Collector for the dis-

Clearfield, have gone to California on a visit to his brother.

The Republican State Convention of Ohio, which met at Columbus on the 21st inst., nominated General J. D. Cox as their candidate for Gov.

estate reports its value at \$75,000-a Times, to support the family without Government appropriation or aid from the people.

On the 1st of May, 1865, there were one million one hundred and forty thousand men on the pay rolls. Since that time about one hundred and fifty thousand have been mustered out, leaving very near a million yet on the pay rolls.

DEATH OF MRS. SEWARD .- Mrs. Secretary Seward died on Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock, of illness of war or public danger. caused by care and exertion for her family since the terrible night of Her remains were taken from Washington on Thursday, and her funeral services took place on Saturday, at St. Peter's Church, Auburn, New York, her late home.

PITTSBURG, June 23.—The venerable William Wilkins died this morning at his residence, at Homewood Station, at the ripe age of eighty-six years. Mr. Wilkins has filled many important positions. He was a Senator in Congress from 1831 to 1834. Minister to Russia in 1834, Secretary of War while John C. Calhoun was Secretary of State, and was on board the Princeton when the "Peacemaker" exploded and Secretary Upshur was killed. Mr. Wilkins also filled the office of Judge of the United States District Court for Western Pennsylvania.

There are some mean people in this world, in high places as well as in low. The Republican newspaper press has made a great ado for the last week or ten days, about eviington, in regard to a \$25,000 check received from Canada, last fall, by

the Hon. Benjamin Wood, of New York. They have twisted it and turned it so as to make it appear that Mr. Wood received the money from the rebel agents in Canada, and that it was used for electioneering purposes by the Democrats. Although 4th of July, all the Southern States the fact of the money having been received was known at the commencement of the trial, no attempt to bring it officially before the commission, who was also kind enough not to reply,

bring it officially before the commission, who was also kind enough not to reply,

bring it officially before the commission, who was also kind enough not to reply,

bring it officially before the commission, who was also kind enough not to reply,

deed, will dictate that governments long established, should not be changed for light and lished, should not be changed for light and or lish that the Democratic party should be dead or not. For the purposes of this article, it does not concern us to discuss whether the life of that party has in it danger to the country, or not.—

We simply desire that the Democratic party should be dead or not.

For the purposes of this article, it does not concern us to discuss whether the life of that party has the life of that party has been the purpose of these sufferable, than to right the sufferable, than to right the sufferable, than to right and or lished, should not be cased to greatly should be dead bring it officially before the commiswas also kind enough not to reply, a candid world:
He has refused Such is the character of the men now death of their fellow men at Washterly neglected to attend to them.

He has refused to pass other laws for the acington. The money that Mr. Wood received was merely a business transcratic Pic Nic, at Harrisburg, on the action with Candada, such as takes place every day between wealthy

A few days ago an Englishman went to Paris to take out a patties. It is worthy of perusal, as it ent in France for an invention to deindicates the objects and motives of | teet pickpockets. He entered an omthe opposition in their clamor for ne- nibus and sat by the side of an eligro voters, and, in general, the state gantly dressed lady, with a very charming face. Soon the Englishman saw an expression of distress seen the same ideas put forward of and dismay come over that face, and late in other Republican papers, and | felt a tugging at his pocket. With a particularly in the Philadelphia cruel smile he looked at the fair crea-Daily News of last week. There is ture, who, crimson with shame, ima great deal of encouragement for gallantry he released her hand, and she thereupon stopped the omnibus, leaped out and ran down the street with most unfeminine speed. The Englishman was highly pleased at the success of his device, which consists of a strong calico diaphragm stretched across the pocket with an India out will not do so to permit it to with-

GRAND JURY INSTRUCTED AS TO IN-DICT THE MEMBERS OF MILITARY TRIBUNALS.

Judge Bond, of Baltimore, at the opening of the usual Criminal Court of the city, which is now in session there, thus charged the Grand Jury in relation to usurpations of pow-At the late election the following hold their session in that city: er by the military tribunals which

I call your attention also, gentlemen, to Article 21, of the Declaration of Rights of Maryland, in these words: That in all criminal prosecutions every man hath a right to be informed of the accusation against him; to have a copy of the indictment of charges in due time (if required) to prepare for his defence; to be allowed counsel; to be confronted with the witnesses for and against him on oath : and to speedy trial by an impartial jury, without whose unanimous consent he ought not be found guilty;" and to state that it has come to my knowledge that here, where the United States Court presided over Hon. Wm. Bigler and wife, of by Chief Justice Chase, has always been unimpeded, and where the Marshal of the United States, appointed by the President, selects the jurors, ture to time, or attempts made by their Legislature to extend an unwarrantable jurisdiction over us. We have reminded them of the circumcommissions attempt to criminal jurisdiction over citizens of this State, not in the military or naval service of not in the military or naval service of the ties of our common kindred, to disavow these the United States nor in the militia, usurpations, which would inevitably interrupt The executor of the Lincoln who are charged with offences not known to the law, or with crime for sum sufficient, thinks the New York | which the mode of trial and punishments are provided by statue in the courts of the land.

That this is not done by the paramount authority of the United States, your attention is directed to article V. of the Constitution of the United States, which says: "No persons shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime unless on a presentment or indictment of a in the land or naval forces or in the militia when in actual service in time

Such persons exercising such unlawful jurisdiction are liable to indict. liance on the protection of DIVINE PROVIDENCE, April 14th. She was 59 years of age. ment by you, as well as responsible in civil actions to the parties injured.

Judge Bond has put the case most admirably, and there is no man of candor and sense who will not admit the correctness of his positions. The manner in which he proposes to apply the remedy is the proper one.-Let some of these officials be regularly indicted and put upon trial for a violation of the law and we shall or dignity left. If it has, it cannot

DECLARATION

INDEPENDENCE OF THE UNITED STATES. JULY 4, 1776.

dence given before the star-chamber military commission sitting in Washanother, and to assume, among the powers of the earth, the separate and equal station to which the laws of nature and of nature's God entitle the laws of nature and of nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights; that among these are life. liberty, and the number of the county that are life.

a candid world:

He has refused his assent to laws the most

He has forbidden his Governors to pass laws Such is the character of the men now sitting and deciding on the life or be obtained; and when so suspended, he has ut-

commodation of large districts of people, unless those people would relinquish the right of repre-sentation in the Legislature; a right inestimable

sentation in the Legislature; a right inestitudes to them, and formidable to tyrante only.

He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual, uncomfortable, and distant from the depository of their public records, for the and enterprising men, and had nothsole purpose of fatiguing them into compliance ing at all to do with politics or the with his measures.

He has dissolved representative houses rebellion, and Stanton, Hunter and

their clique knew it, but the chance was too good to injure a political opsolutions, to cause others to be elected; whereby the legislative powers, incapable of annihilation have returned to the people at large for their exponent not to take advantage of it.— A party that requires such bolster-

ing and trickstering to keep it up out, and convulsions within.

He has endeavored to prevent the population of In another column we publish should speedily go to the bow-vows, of these States; for that purpose, obstructing the laws for naturalization of foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their migration bither, and raising the conditions of new approprintion of lands.

printion of lands.

He has obstructed the administration of jus-tice, by refusing his assent to laws for establishng judiciary powers. He has made judges dependent on his will alone, for the tenure of their offices, and the mount and payment of their salaries.

He has erected a multitude of new offices, and

sent hither swarms of officers to harass our people and ext out their substance.

He has kept among us, in times of peace, standing armies without the consent of our Leg-He has affected to render the military independent of, and superior to, the civil power. He has combined, with others, to subject us to

a jurisdiction foreign to our Constitution, and unacknowledged by our laws; giving his assent o their acts of pretended legislation; For quartering large bodies of armed troops For protecting them, by a mock trial. from

punishment, for any murders which they should commit on the inhabitants of these States: For cutting off our trade with all parts of the

For imposing taxes on us without our consent: For depriving us, in many cases, of the beneor pretended offences:

For abolishing the free system of English

laws in a neighboring provinces, establishing therein an arbitrary government, and enlarging its boundaries, so as to render it at once an ex- But is not this idea rather dubious? vanuah river. The officers retired same absolute rule into these colonies : For taking away our charters, abolishing our most valuable laws, and altering, fundamentally,

the powers of our governments: For suspending our own Legislatures, and delaring themselves invested with power to legis late for us in all cases whatsoever.

He has abdicated government here, by declar-

ing us out of his protection, and waging war burnt our towns, and destroyed the lives of our

people.

He is, at this time transporting large armies of foreign mercenaries to complete the works of death, desolation, and tyranny, already begun, with circumstances of cruelty and perfidy scarce-ly paralleled in the most barbarous ages, and totally unworthy the head of a civilized nation. He has constrained our fellow-citizens, taken captive on the high seas, to bear arms against their country, to become the executioners of their friends and brethren, or to fall themselves by their hands.

by their hands.

He has excited domestic insurrections amongst us, and has endeavored to bring on the inhabitants of our frontiers, the merciless Indian savages, whose known rule of warfare is an undistinguished destruction, of all ages, sexes and

In every stage of these oppressions, we have petitioned for redress, in the most humbe terms; our repeated petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A prince, whose character is the stage of the stage is thus marked by every act which may define tyrant, is unfit to be the ruler of a free people.

Nor have we been wanting in attention to our British brethren. We have warned them, from time to time, of attempts made by their Legislastances of out emigration and settlement here .-We have appealed to their native justice and magnanimity, and we have conjured them, by

enemies in war, in peace, friends.

We, therefore, the representatives of the UNITED STATES OF AMERICA in GENERAL CONGRESS assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the World for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the name, and by the authority of the good people of these colonies, solemnly publish and declare, That these United Colonies are, and of right ought to be, FREE AND INDE. PENDENT STATES; that they are absolved from all allegiance to the British Crown, and that all political connection between them and the State of Great Britain, is and ought to be, totally dis. Grand Jury except in cases arising of Great Britain, is and ought to be, totally dissolved; and that, as free AND INDEPENDENT STATES, they have full power to levy war, con-clude peace, contract alliances, establish com-merce, and to do all other acts and things which INDEPENDENT STATES may of right do. And, for the support of this declaration, with a firm rewe mutually pledge to each other, our lives, our fortunes, and our sacred honor.

The Lombardia, of Milan, re-A number of peasants, on resuming spoil-seekers are as villainously shrewd dent.—Springfield Republican. work in the fields, after their midday repast, missed one of their comrades, their adherence to old doctrines and and on looking about found him strug- principles as they were in the days see whether the Supreme Court of gling in the agonies of suffocation the United States has any decency caused by a large snake, commonly party is a great element in the future called the smiroed (luber milo,) which Proprietor.

If it has, it cannot help but sustain the State Courts in had partially introduced itself into their efforts to save the fundamental law of the land from further open and shameless violation.

The official report of Grant's losses since taking command of the losses since taking command of the Army of the Potomac in May, 1864, foot up 90,000.

The official report of Grant's for the Potomac in May, 1864, for the viper could be extracted.

The would depends on its course in the future may be seen by a single suggestion. We heard a conversation the future may be seen by a single suggestion. We heard a conversation the future may be seen by a single suggestion. We heard a conversation that the Borsell times could be suggestion. We heard a conversation the future may be seen by a single suggestion. We heard a conversation the future may be seen by a single suggestion. We heard a conversation the future may be seen by a single suggestion. We heard a conversation the future may be seen by a single suggestion. We heard a conversation the future may be seen by a single suggestion. We heard a conversation the future may be seen by a single suggestion. We heard a conversation the future may be seen by a single suggestion. We heard a conversation the future may be seen by a single suggestion. We heard a conversation the future may be seen by a single suggestion. We heard a conversation the future may be seen by a single suggestion. We heard a conversation the future may be seen by a single suggestion. We heard a conversation the future may be seen by a single suggestion. We heard a conversation the future may be seen by a single suggestion. We heard a conversation the future may be seen by a single suggestion. We heard a conversation the future may be seen by a single suggestion. We heard a conversation the future may be seen by a single suggestion. We heard a conversation the future may be seen by a single suggestion. We heard a conversation the future future future future future future future future future fu had partially introduced itself into

[From the New York Journal of Commerce.] PARTY INFLUENCES IN THE FUTURE.

asserting, with entire confidence, that the Democratic party is dead. This is a very curious idea, and one which a great many times before this, has firm as Jackson, who can tell what been as confidently put forth. as it has not proved true hitherto, so it is natural to question whether it is true now, and it may be asserted that the Democratic party is very far from being dead, and, whether for good or being dead, and, whether for good or by their Creator with certain unalienable rights; that among these, are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. That, to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the government ed; that, whenever any form of government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the right of the people to alter or abolish it, and to institute a new government, laying its foundation on such principles, and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to survive for a long time to come. It is marvellous that men who pretend to deal in politics, and to teach it to their readers, should be found asserting such a simply non-sensical idea as this. It does no good, but rather does harm by misleading the reader and concealing the truth. We do not now pretend to say whether it is desirable that the Democratic party should be dead or not. not so great as to give any ground to On the contrary, the remarkable fact powers wielded by the Administravoters actually under the military control, or in paid employ of the ad ministration, the Democratic party nevertheless polled very nearly one half of the entire vote of the love States. This does not look like dy ing or a dead political party. H

will count without his host who omit

in the reckoning of American affair

this very important fact.

We call it important, and it wi ppear so if carefully examined. We beg the reader to dismiss from his mind any idea that we are writing n of \$1,050. John, some might call a favor of the Democratic party. We simply seek to in press a truth on Ill men who are looking at the futue, and we are content, for this purpole, to admit as facts anything and everything that may be said against it is a dowed with skill or brains, to make party. In point of fact, if we dould more of an acre than be did." have our own way, we would sweep all political parties forever from existence, and forbid them to Juise their corrupt forms in the land / But this cannot be done. Hence the importance of knowing and estimating he truth in regard to the Democratic party. During the past four years the opposition to that party has been conducted on the principle that the the evacuation in April, reached Democrats were in sympathy with Washington, in this State. They the rebels at the South. Now if this assertion were true, what would be to remove their effects, consisting of the present state of affairs? The \$326,000 specie, to the capital of Viramnesty proclamation has already re- ginia. Procuring teams and a guard stored to voting powers enough men of twelve men these gentlemen set to swell the Democratic vote in the out upon their return home, intendcountry to an immense majority over ing to take the railroad at Chester,
At the end of the first day's jourdetermined to introduce negro suf ney they encamped on the grounds frege in the South, so that the Demo-cratic majority may be defeated.— Washington, and three from the Saover negroes voting? Who that re- midnight, a party of twenty mounted members old times in New York, can men, who were evidently aware of forget that negroes are very apt to the value of the train, suddenly dash paradise at the South, where the ne-slightest show of resistance. The gro will be an independent voter, act- freebooters immediately went to He has plundered our seas, ravaged our coasts ing on high moral principle, unsway- work bursting open the specie kegs ed by sordid and worldly influences, are very foolish men. If the issues in the future were to be the old is had a large leathern haversack, sues of the past, then possibly there which he filled, but just as he was might be an array of negroes on the mounting his horse, the straps gave one side, all for one idea, against slaway, and the precious metal fell very and slaveholders. But those is clinking to the ground. He eagerly

to be adopted by the employers of la bor at the South. It is highly probable that if the all about the ground. most ferocious New England abolitionist should buy a confiscated plan- lars were stolen, leaving about one tation in South Carolina, and settle | hundred and twenty thousand. With on it, he would in less than three this amount the bank officers journey. years be an ardent, hard-shell Demo- ed on, sadder, but wiser men. Upon crat, voting that ticket and carrying | reaching Abbeyville, South Carolina, his whole negro vote with him. For they offered a reward of twenty the negroes at the South, if allowed thousand dollars for the recovery of to vote, will be no purer and no more | the property. The robbers are sup-"uninfluenced," than voters at the posed to be paroled soldiers, who fol-North. On the contrary, they will, of necessity, vote as their employers It is singular that, in the present devote, and as long as they are a de- moralized state of the country, the or connections and correspondence. They, too have been deaf to the voice of justice and consanguinity. We must, therefore, acquisece, in the necessity, which denounces our separation and hold them, as we hold the rest of mankind, negro suffrage as a means of keeping measures of precaution to preserve enemies in war, in peace, friends.

We therefore the representations of the property. down the Democratic party please the property. explain on what principle the negro at the South, who votes on independent principles, can possibly vote for son shows excellent wisdom in apany other party than the Democratic? | pointing loyal Southern men to offi-Can be be persuaded that a high pro- cial positions in the South. Those tective tariff is for his good? Can he Northern citizens who think the safebe taught that paper money is better | ty of the country depends on their than hard dollars? Can be be ini- getting such places and enriching tiated into the mysteries of National themselves by speculation in cotton Banks? This is worth thinking and tobacco are naturally much about. The negro suffrage idea must aggrieved, and will be among the not be adopted by men in baste, to loudest howlers of the new radicaerect an anti-Democratic party. The opposition. But the country is sat chances are ten to one that the nelisfied. Everybody sees that nothing

lates the following strange incident ganization remains the same, its old The disappointment and vexation of which occurred a few days since at machinery is strong and active, its such men is the chief secret of the Carella, a small village near Canzo: wily operators are wide awake, its present hullabaloo against the Presiof Andrew Jackson, and in short the of the country.

swerve him from his course." Said mother, "I don't know, for Johnson was educated at the feet of Jackson We observe that a great many suin opposition to the United States perficial writers and publishers are Banks and we all know that Jacks p's firming sof purpose swept that tation from existence with all of destruction, and if Johnson

> will become of our National Banks?" we respectfully submit, as an evide. ce of the vast importance of the existence of the Democratic party, the fact that that party is tradiionally opposed to national banks, and that if it should happen to come into power, and President Johnson should happen to hold his old principles on this subject, there would not be much doibt about the living fact of the Democratic party.

Produce of an Acre.

The following product of a single acre of ground, the truth of which is vouched for, will give an idea of the capacity of land in the hands of one whetheroughly understands how to bring it forth. The acre here referred o is situated on Long Island,

partitions. The acre here reterred of is situated on Long Island, where the soil is by no means naturally affluent:

LAND, FRANCE AND GERMANY.

States, and fally licensed under the patents of flowe, Bachelder, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & laker, and sill licensed under the patents of flowe, Bachelder, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & laker, and sill licensed under the patents of flowe, Bachelder, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & laker, and sill licensed under the patents of flowe, Bachelder, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & laker, and sill licensed under the patents of flowe, Bachelder, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & laker, and sill licensed under the patents of flowe, Bachelder, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & laker, and sill licensed under the patents of flowe, Bachelder, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & laker, and sill licensed under the patents of flowe, Bachelder, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & laker, and sill licensed under the patents of flowe, Bachelder, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & laker, and sill licensed under the patents of flowe, Bachelder, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, and sill licensed under the patents of flowe, Bachelder, Wheeler stands out, that with the gigar tic ween the rows of cabbages were tion party, with more than a mil ion planted, at the same time, 18,000 Si-200, making the total receipts \$2,430. "His expenses were: Manure, \$150;

keep of horse, \$300; interest on \$6,000, \$420; hired labor, \$400; incidental outlay, \$100; amounting in all to \$1,370, which deducted from Self Sewer, the receipts gave him the net profit clod-hopper. He has no particular skill, no great share of 'brains,' his only prominent quality being untir-ing industry; but it would be difficult for any one, no matter how en-

THE GOLD OF THE RICHMOND BANKS. PARTICULARS OF THE GREAT ROBBERY-\$200,000 STOLEN.

[From the Augusta (Ga.) Transcript, June 2] A few days since two of the officers of the Richmond banks, whose assets were removed from that city upon were empowered by the authorities

What is likely to be the influence and the guard fell asleep. About vote with their masters. Men who ed upon it, and the guards surrended imagine that there is to be a negro without firing a gun or making the and helping themselves to the glittering contents. One fellow it is related sues are gone by. And this is toler- scraped up the gold and sand, leaving ably certain, that the principles of a number of pieces, and placing the the Democratic party are very likely coin in a bag, rode off. The next morning a negro teamster found five dollar pieces scattered in profusion

Some two hundred thousand dollowed the train from Washington .-

RECONSTRUCTION .- President John. gro, at his own permanent residence could tend more to perpetuate the in the South, will vote the Democrat- alienation of the Southern people ic ticket. For it is simply true that than to send a lot of greedy North the Democratic party exists, its or- erners to rule over and plunder them.

AMERICAN HOUSE, Market Street, Lebnon, JOHN MATTHES. Proprietor.

NEW GOODS EEDIAL GEDIEGE

HENRY KRAUSE,

Market Square, Lebanon, Dry Goods.

Groceries, Queensware, &c. WHICH will be sold at the reduced prices of the Particular attention is directed to his large assort-

Ladies' Spring Coats, and Hoop Skirts! Which for quality, price and variety, are urpassed.

En Purchasers are respectfully invited to examine the stack before purchasing elsewhere. is stock before purchasing elsewhere.
P. S.—CASH paid for all kinds of Country Produce.
Lebanon, April 19, 1865.

Shaw & Clarke's NEW FAMILY SEWING MACHINES. USEFUL IN EVERY FAMILY! LADIES TAKE NOTICE!!

PATENTED IN THE UNITED STATES, ENG LAND, FRANCE AND GERMANY.

Needles, Instructions and a Guarantee.

SMALL MACHINE, the "LITTLE BEAUTY."

PRICE ONLY \$20.

We give with it PBES, Oil Can. Guage and Screw, Screw Driver, Needles, Instructions and a Guarantee. Tables, Treadles, Bastors, Self Sewers and Needles are always EXTRA, and when ordered will be furnished by Agent sa the following prices.

Hemmer No. 5, \$4 fo. Table with fringe, \$10 co. do No. 6, 200. do French. 10 co. Self Sewer, 200. do English, 800 Baster 200. do German, 800 Baster 200. do German, 800 Baster 200. do German, 800 Baster 120.

***Owr terms are Cash on Delivery of Machines.** Sample machines can be seen, orders left, and punctually attended to at the Agency in Plank Road Street, next door North of Moravian Church.

All clergymen shall be generously dealt with.

**SMACHINE, Rev. Mr. Lennert would inform his friends and the comcurrence of the Provincial Elders Conference and the consent of his church council, to emble him the better to make an honest livilhood, and not merely for sordid lucre's sake.

Ladies and gentlemen, now is your time if you want a good and chenp Sewing Machine. Send in your orders, which will be thankfully received, and attended to with as much dispatch as poss ble. All clergymen shall be generously daalt with. Orders By main must contain one red stamp for return postage.

Sample Machines can be seen at the Moravian Parsonage, in Mulberry str et.

WM. L. LENNERT,

nage, in Mulberry str ct. onage, in Mulberry stret.

WM. L. LENNERT,
Authorized Agent.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP

GOODYEAR & DIFFENBACH'S Cheap Cash Store,

(RABER'S BLOCK,) Cumberland Street, Lebanon, Pa. CALL and see the largest and best selected stock SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, and at the lo est price. Cheaper than the cheapest, so cheap as astonish the world. Call and see for yourselves.

tionish the world. Call and see for yourselver
All. Shades of 6-4 all. wool delains.

do 5-4 all wool shepard plaids,
do 5-4 silk poplins,
do 5-4 paul de cheivis,
do 5-4 mohairs,
do 5-4 Alpacca,
Go 5-4 Manchester delains,
do 5-4 Pacific delains, 5-4 Alpacea, 5-4 Manchester delains, 5-4 Pacific delains,

do 3-4 Lancaster delnins,
Dress goods of all descriptions.
Ladies' coats, circulars and basques,
do fancy and black silks.
A full line calico at all prices.
do bleached muslin, at all prices,
do unbleached do do
Best assortment of Thibets. Broacha, and all kind
f Summer shades.
All kinds and prices of Ticking, flaunels, Balmorals,
Iosiery, Hoop Skirts. Umbrellas, &c., &c. Hoop Skirts. Umbrellas, &c., &c. Gentlemen Wear. A full line of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATTI-NETS, VESTINGS, Jeans, Cottonades, all prices and very cheap.

Best Stock of MOURNING GOODS in the country,

zone veils zone vens do osiery, gloves, &c., do Groceries, Sugar, Coffee,

Molassas. Spices, &c., all at LOW PRICES. 'Small Profits," and Quick Sales, and Good Value." GOODYEAR & DIFFENBACH.

THE LEBANON OIL MINING COMPANY. NORTH LEBANON, PENNSYLVANIA. (No. 3 Forrest Place,)
1231 SOUTH FOURTH STREET.

PRESIDENT, HENRY LIGHT, Lebanon, Pa. TREASURER, ABRAHAM SHIRK.

20,000 Shares reserved for a working - Capital. Subscription Books open only until this number is disposed of.

Subscription Price \$2 Per Share. PAR VALUE, \$5. CAPITAL, \$500,000. 100,000 SHARES.

This Company owns in fee simple (162) One Hundred and Sixty two acres of Oil Mining Territory in Venango and Indiana Counties, upon which there is already a good producing well.

More developements will be made after the reserve of 20,000 shares is taken.

For particulars and circulars call on Mr. SAMUEL W. WRAY, at the Philadelphia Transfer Office, (No. 3 Forrest place,) 123/4. South FOURTH Street.

December 21, 1864.

New Boot and Shoe Store! THE undersigned announce to the public that they still continue their New Boot and Shoe Store in Cumberland Street, Lebanon, in John Graeff's building one door west of the Confectionery Store, where they intend keeping constantly on hand a general as the softment of Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses, Boys and Children's

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c., &c., all of which will be made up in style and quality not to be surpassed by any other workmen in the country. Ne effort shall be spared to please and satisfy all who may favor them with their orders, and their charges will be us reasonable as possible, compatible with a fair remuneration. emuneration.
They also keep a large stock of
HOME MADE WORK,

which is warranted to be as represented.

The public are invited to call and examine their stock previous to purchasing.

The public are invited to call and examine their stock previous to purchasing.

ANDREW MOORE.

SAMUEL S. SHIRK

OF LEBANON BOROUGH COMMON SCHOOL DISTRICT, for the year ending on the 31st of May.

CONRAD MARK, Trensurer.

To cash received from John Yordy, late Treasurer, Balance. To cash received from D. E. Miller, col. for 1862 in full for said year, do for 1863, in full for said year, do for 1864, in part. To cash from State appropriat'n. Josiah Greenawalt, Michael Kreider, A. Arnold, tuition, Henry Shaeffer, do Andrew Light, do Peter Glick, do John Shaak, do

John Shaak, do
J. R. Bomberger, do
J. E. Bomberger, do
Uriah Light, do
John Feas, do
John Feas, do
Jacob Funk, do
Alfred Houck, do
B. B. Lehman, do
Levi Smith, do
E. Brubaker, do
Jos. Bomberger, do
J. K. Bomberger, do
J. K. Bomberger, do
J. C. Rigler, do
H. Shenk, do
Jeremin Cole, do
John Swope, do
Jos. Light, do ash from proceeds of note in Lebanon National Bank,

992 67 \$8 088 56

Total Receipts, CR.
By cash paid on orders issued to the following named persons, W. J. Burnside, 10 orders, J. F. Nitrauer, 10 do J. W. Harberson, 10 do D. W. Miller, 10 do L. F. Honek, 10 do J. H. Reigert, 10 do C. K. Lantz, 9 do Samuel Reigle, 9 de Miller E. Ranch, 9 do

Henry & Reinochl Brick & Groff, J. i h Greenawalt John H Sowers, Mr. shott & others

D.M Karmany, Adam Light, S.P. Kendell, Widow Beck, N Sherer, vil Houck, ll Hersbberg

W shington In. Co., G . Atkin=, H & Dundore, J ! Greff. Gran.
W. 187. 1 uo
anc Hoffer, Sec., 1 do
anc Hoffer, Sec., 2 per cr Property as a ministion @ 2 per cont.
o: \$7,327 45. 147 74
Bala: ce in Treasury, June 5, 1865, 553 37

Sert'ed and found correct. Leban n, Jane 5, 1865.
HENRY SHENK,
ERE. E. DAUGHERTY
Committee. NORTH LEBANON BOROUGH ACCOUNT. DAVID L. MILLER, Treasurer, in account with North Lebanon Borough, from April 7, 1864, to April 10, 1865.

To cash received from William Eckenroth, C. B., Bounty Tekenroth, C. B., Bounty Tax.
To cash received from Wm. Eckenroth, C. B., Bounty Tax.
To cash received from John Mc.
Laughlin, collector Borough
Tax.
To cash received from John Radground collector Royough Tax. To cash received from J. Paine, former Treasurer, 61 76 \$6754 76

OR

By cash paid sundry persons on orders as follows:—
William Breslin, printing,
Josiah Fank, Attorney.
W. Eckenroth, services relative to drafts,
Jacob Funk, do
John McLaughlin, bond and Int,
Wm. Eckenroth, do
Catharine Eckenroth, do
Catharine Eckenroth, do
Catharine Eckenroth, do
Catharine Eckenroth et
Catharine Eckenroth, do
Charles H. Meily, do
Geo. Arentz, do
W. Eckenroth services relative to draft,
Jos. K reider, Bond and interest,
Geo. Aurentz, supervisor,
John Light ss., interest on bonds,
Solomon Gingrich, do
Benjamin Zeller, room rent,
Wm. Eckenroth, stamps on bonds,
David L. Miller, Treasurer,
A. S. Light, Secretary, and
Books for Tax Collectors,
Solomon Smith, Esq., qualifying
Borough officers,
County Commissioners, County
Bounty,

7 00 1 25

141 00 Sum Total paid, Sum Total received Due the Treasurer, outstanding Borough Tax, for 1863, do do do for 1864, do Bounty Tax for 1864,

\$13 97

We hereby certify that the above report is correct CHILLES H. MEILY, JOHN STOEVER, Auditors.

North Lebauon Berongh, June 14, 1865. Poor Man's Cash Shoe Store!

LARGE STOCK at OLD PRICES NEW STOCK SOLD AT LOW FIGURES! Our Business Increasing! MORE TRADE WANTED TO REDUCE PRICES! Promise to give Costomers the Benefit ! THE MORE WE SELL THE CHEAPER WE CAN SELL

Rally Men

Ind Buy Your Shoes Cheap ALL WORK WARRANTED!

Dont buy until you see our Stock Quick Sales and Small Profits is our Motto ! G. L. ATKINS, Market street, Lebanon, Pa.

a # nder. Parties supplied Ø