Lebanon Advertiser.

VIRTUE LIBERTY & INDEPENDENCE

VOL. 16---NO. 40. LEBANON, PA., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 29, 1865. WHOLE NO. 822

Job Printing:

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
Neatly and Promptly Executed, at the
ADVERTISER OFFICE, LEBANON, PENN'A

This establishment is now supplied with an extensive assortment of JOB TYPE, which will be increased as the patronage demands. It can now turn out PRINTING, of every description, in a neat and expeditious manner—and on very reasonable terms. Such as

Pamphlets, Checks,
Business Cards, Handbills,
Circulars, Labels,
Bill Headings, Blanks,
Programmes, Bills of Fare,
Invitations, Tickets, &c., &c.

☞ DEEDS of all kinds, Common and Judgment BONDS. School, Justices', Constables' and other BLANKS, printed correctly and neatly on the best paper, constantly kept for sale at this office, at prices "to suit the times."

*** Subscription price of the LEBANON ADVERTISER One Dollar and a Half a Year.

Address, WM. M. BRESLIN, Lebanon, Pa.

J. HOFFMAN.
(Late Capt. in the 142d Pa. Vol.,)
Bounty, Back pay AND Pension Agent.
OFFICE WITH HON. J. W. KILLINGER,
LEBANON, PA.
Lebanon, March 15, 1865.—tf.

GEORGE CLARK,
Surgeon Dentist,
OFFICE C. Henry's New Building, opposite the Bag Hotel, Lebanon, Pa.
Lebanon, January 25, 1865.

REMOVAL.
S. T. McADAM,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HAS REMOVED his office to Market Street, opposite the Lebanon Bank, two doors North of Widow Rise's Hotel.
Lebanon, March 25, '63.

ARMY AND NAVY.
PENSION, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND BOUNTY LAND AGENCY.
BASSLER BOYER,
Attorney-at-Law.
THE undersigned, having been licensed to prosecute claims, and having been engaged in the Bounty and Pension business, offers his services to all those who as e thereto entitled, in accordance with the various acts of Congress. All such should call or address at once, and make their applications through
BASSLER BOYER, Attorney at-Law,
Office removed to Cumberland St., one door East of the Lebanon Valley Bank, opposite the Buck Hotel, Lebanon, Pa. [Jan. 6, '64.

JOHN BENSON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
OFFICE with A. R. Boughter, Esq., Cumberland Street, nearly opposite the Court House.
Lebanon, February 8, 1865.

H. T. BIBIGHAUS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
OFFICE in Stichter's Building, Cumberland Street nearly opposite the Court House, Lebanon.
Lebanon, June 15, 1864.—tf.

CYRUS P. MILLER,
Attorney-at-Law
Office in Walnut street, nearly opposite the Buck Hotel, and two doors south from Karmany's Hardware store.
Lebanon, April 6, 1864.—1y.

BASSLER BOYER,
Attorney-at-Law.
OFFICE removed to Cumberland street, one door East of the Lebanon Valley Bank, opposite the Buck Hotel, Lebanon, Pa. [Jan. 6, '64.

A. T. WEIDLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office North, West orner of Water and Market Streets,
LEBANON, Pa.
Lebanon, Nov. 18, 1863.—1y.*

GRANT WEIDMAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE, in Cumberland street, a few doors east of the Eagle Hotel, in the office late of his father Capt. John Weidman, dec'd.
Lebanon. Sept. 9, 1863.

REMOVAL.
A. STANLEY ULRICH,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Has removed his office to the building one door east of Laudermilch's Store, opposite the Washington House Lebanon, Pa.
BOUNTY and PENSION claims promptly attended to [April 8, '63.—3m.

L. R. DEEG'S
LIQUOR STORE,
Market Square, opposite the Market House, Lebanon, Pa.
THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he has received an extensive stock of the choicest and purest Liquors of all descriptions. These Liquors he is invariably disposed to sell at unprecedentedly low prices.
Druggists, Farmers, Hotel Keepers, and others will consult their own interests by buying of the undersigned. L. R. DEEG.
Lebanon, April 15, 1863.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTing between C. C. LOWER and H. W. RANK, in the Wholesale Tobacco Business, under the firm of LOWER & RANK, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled by either of the partners at No. 146 North Third St.
Philadelphia, July 1, 1864.

H. W. RANK, of the late firm of Lower & Rank, will continue the business as heretofore, at same place. H. W. RANK.
Philadelphia, July 13, 1864.—ft.

FOR SALE.
THE undersigned will Sell, at private sale, his desirable HOUSE and LOT OF GROUND, in East street, East Lebanon. The House is a new two story BRICK with Kitchen attached, all well built and well arranged with all necessary conveniences. Also Cistern, Bath House, Smoke House, all kinds of Fruit Trees, &c., on the premises. Good and indisputable title given. For further information apply to
JAMES N. ROGERS, Tinsmith.
Lebanon, Dec. 7, 1864.—4m.

PRIVATE SALE
OF A
Brickyard & Building Lots.
THE subscriber offers at private sale, a valuable Tract of Land in North Lebanon Borough, near the line of North Lebanon Borough, on Pinegrove street, containing about 3 ACRES. This tract is excellent ground for Brick Making, having been used for that purpose, and is also eligibly located to be cut up into BUILDING LOTS. A good kiln for burning Brick is on the premises. For further particulars apply to HENRY ARNOLD.
Lebanon, Feb. 8, 1865.

George Hoffmans
LEBANON COUNTY
TRANSPORTATION LINE.
By Lebanon Valley Railroad.
PARTICULAR attention will be paid to Goods shipped by the Lebanon Valley Railroad. Goods will be sent daily to and from Philadelphia to Lebanon, Myerstown and Annville Stations, and all other points in the County.
FREIGHTS contracted for at the least possible rates and delivered with dispatch.
The Proprietor will pay particular attention to, and attend personally, to the receiving and delivery of all Freights.
For information, apply at his Office at the Lebanon Valley Railroad Depot, Lebanon.
EDWARD MARK, his Agent in Philadelphia, will always be found at *W. H. Bush's Merchant's Hotel, North Third st., Philadelphia.*
May 4, '64.] GEO. HOFFMAN.

PRIVATE SALE.
THE Subscriber offers at Private Sale a TWO STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE and LOT OF GROUND, (being lot No. 1 in Uhler's addition of Lebanon,) located on the Old Forge Road in the North-Western part of said borough.—For particulars apply to JOSEPH H. UHLER.
Lebanon, January 25, 1865.

Treasury Department.
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, DECEMBER 31, 1864.
WHEREAS, By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "THE LEBANON NATIONAL BANK," in the Borough of Lebanon and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under, and according to the requirements of the act of Congress, entitled "An Act, to provide a National Currency, secured by pledge of United States' Bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved, June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the Provisions of said Act required to be complied with, before commencing the business of Banking under said act.
NOW THEREFORE, I HUGH MCCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that The Lebanon National Bank, in the Borough of Lebanon, in the county of Lebanon, State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid.
In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of Office, this thirty first day of December, 1864. (L. S.)
HUGH MCCULLOCH,
Comptroller of the Currency.
Lebanon, January 5, 1865.

The Phoenix Pectoral
WILL CURE YOUR COUGH.

THE PHŒNIX PECTORAL
OR
COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY AND SENEKA SNAKE ROOT,
WILL CURE THE DISEASES OF THE
THROAT AND LUNGS.
Such as Colds, Coughs, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Sore Throat, Hoarsness, Whooping Cough, &c.
ITS TIMELY USE WILL PREVENT
Pulmonary Consumption.
AND EVEN WHERE THIS FEARFUL DISEASE has taken hold it will afford greater relief than any other medicine.
Miss Kate Vanderslice of Pottsville, says, "I was benefited more by using the Phoenix Pectoral than any other medicine I ever used."
Elias Oberheltzer, Lionville, Chester county, was cured of a cough of many years' standing by using the Phoenix Pectoral.
Joseph Lukens, of Hall street, Phoenixville, certifies that he was cured of a cough of two years standing, when all other medicines had failed, by the use of the Phoenix Pectoral.
Jacob Powers certifies that he has sold hundreds of bottles of the Phoenix Pectoral, and that all who used it bear testimony of its wonderful effects in curling coughs.
John Royer, editor of the *Independent Phœnix*, having used it, has no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete remedy for cough, hoarseness and irritation in the throat.
The West Chester *Jeffersonian* says:
"We have known Dr. Oberholtzer personally a number of years, and it gives us the greatest pleasure to recommend his medicines, inasmuch as the public rarely have the benefit of family medicines prepared by a physician of his acquirements and experience.
"Dr. Oberholtzer is a member of the Alumni of the Medical Department at the University of Pennsylvania, at which institution he graduated in 1854."
POTTSTOWN, January 3d, 1865.
This certifies that I have used the Phoenix Pectoral in my family, and I recommend it to the public as the very best remedy for Coughs and Colds that I have ever tried. One of my children was taken with a cold accompanied with a Croupy Cough; so bad indeed that it could not talk or scarcely breathe. Having heard so much said about the Phoenix Pectoral I procured a bottle of it. The first dose relieved the difficulty of breathing and before the child had taken one-fourth of the bottle it was entirely well. Every family should have it in their house.
Signed, D. P. CROSBY.
Mrs Mary Butler, mother of Hon. Wm. Butler, President Judge of the Chester and Delaware Districts, says that she cannot do without the Phoenix Pectoral.
Dr. George B. Wood, Professor, of the Practice of Medicine in the University of Pennsylvania Hospital, and one of the authors of the United States Dispensatory, says of the Seneka Snake Root: "Its action is especially directed to the lungs."
The proprietor of this medicine has so much confidence in its curative powers, from the testimony of hundreds who have used it, that the money will be refunded to any purchaser who is not satisfied with its effects.
It is so pleasant to take that children cry for it.
It costs only 35 cents—large bottles ONE DOLLAR.—It is intended for only one class of diseases, namely those of the LUNGS and THROAT.
Prepared only by Levi Oberholtzer, M. D., Phœnixville, Pa. Johnston Holloway & Cowden, No. 23, N. Sixth st. Philadelphia, and T. C. Wells & Co. No. 115 Franklin st., New York, General Wholesale Agents.
Sold wholesale and retail by J. L. Lemberger, Dr. Geo. Ross and D. S. Raber, Lebanon, and by nearly every druggist and storekeeper in Lebanon county.
N. B.—If your nearest druggist or storekeeper does not keep this medicine do not let him put you off with some other medicine, because it makes more money on it, but send at once to one of the Agents for it.
March 8, 1865.—6m.

Wistar's Balsam
OF
WILD CHERRY.
ONE OF THE OLDEST AND MOST RELIABLE REMEDIES IN THE WORLD FOR
Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup and every affection of
THE THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST,
INCLUDING EVEN
CONSUMPTION.
Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.
So general has the use of this remedy become, and so popular is it everywhere, that it is unnecessary to recount its virtues. Its works ask for it, and find utterance in the abundant and voluntary testimony of the many who from long suffering and settled disease have by its use been restored to pristine vigor and health. We can present a mass of evidence in proof of our assertions, that
CANNOT BE DISCREDITED,
The Rev. Jacob Sechler,
Well known and much respected among the German population in this country, makes the following statement for the benefit of the afflicted.
HANOVER, PA., Feb 16, 1859.
Dear Sirs:—Having realized in my family important benefits from the use of your valuable preparation—WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY—it affords me pleasure to recommend it to the public. Some eight years ago one of my daughters seemed to be in a decline, and little hopes of her recovery were entertained I then procured a bottle of your excellent Balsam, and before she had taken the whole of the contents of the bottle there was a great improvement in her health. I have in my individual case, made frequently use of your valuable medicine, and have always been benefited by it.
JACOB SECHLER.
From Jesse Smith, Esq., President of the Morris County Bank, Morristown, New Jersey.
"Having used DR WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY for about fifteen years, and having realized its beneficial results in my family, it affords me great pleasure in recommending it to the public as a valuable remedy in cases of weak lungs, colds, coughs, &c, and a remedy which I consider to be enterely innocent, and may be taken with perfect safety by the most delicate in health.
From Hon. John E. Smith, a Distinguished Lawyer in Westminster, Maryland.
I have on several occasions used Dr. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY for severe colds, and always with decided benefit. I know of no preparation that is more efficacious or more deserving of general use.
The Balsam has also been used with excellent effect by J. B. ELLIOTT, Merchant, Half's Cross Roads, Md
Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.
None genuine unless signed "I. BUTTS," on the wrapper.
FOR SALE BY
J. P. DINSMORE, No. 491 Broadway, New York.
S. W. FOWLE & CO., Proprietors, Boston.
And by a1 Druggists.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE
Forty Years' Experience
Has fully established the superiority of
REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE.
Over all other healing preparations.
It cures all kinds of SORES, CUTS, SCALDS, BURNS, BOILS, ULCERS, SALT RHEUM, ERYSIPELAS, STILES, PILES, CORNS, SORE LIPS, SORE EYES, &c., &c. REMOVING THE PAIN AT ONCE, AND REDUCING THE MOST ANGRY LOOKING SWELLINGS AND INFLAMMATION ASIF BY MAGIC. ONLY 25 CENTS A BOX.
FOR SALE BY
J. P. DINSMORE, No. 491 Broadway New York.
S. W. FOWLE & CO., No. 18 Tremont St., Boston
And by all Druggists.
June 22, 1864.—1y eow.

TO THE DISEASED!!
Dr. Gruver,
Medical Electician,
HAS taken rooms in Kendall's block, first door above the New York Store,
Lebanon, Pa.
WHERE he will attend to the careful diagnosis and treatment of diseases whether acute or chronic. He especially invites those where medicine has failed.—No matter how long you have been diseased, or how much you have suffered, or what may be your complaint, or what treatment you have had, or how often you have been disappointed, there is still a fair prospect for your speedy restoration to health. Thousands of cases as hopeless as yours have been cured in a few weeks by "Electro Medical Treatment," when all other known remedies had failed.
"No charge for consultation."
Prof. W. F. Gruver,
Pledges himself, in all the following named diseases, to perform a speedy and permanent cure: whenever there can be the least possible hope of cure, viz:
Diseases of the Brain and Nervous system—Epilepsy, Chorea, or St. Vitus' Dance, Paralysis, Hemiplegia and Pariplegia, Neuralgia, Hysteria, Nervous palpitation of the heart, &c.
Organs and Tissues connected with the Digestive system—*Sore Throat*, Dyspepsia, Dysentary, Obstinate Constipation, Hemorrhoids or Piles, Billious, Flatulent and Painters Colic.
Respiratory Organs—Catarrh, Cough, Influenza, Asthma, Bronchitis, Pleurisy, and Consumption in the early and middle stages.
Fibrous and Muscular System.—Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Stiff Neck, Spinal Curvature, Hip Diseases, Cancers, and Tumors.
Urinary and Genital Organs.—Diabetes, and Kidney Affections, Impotence and Seminal Weakness. The latter complaints yield very rapidly to this treatment.
Diseases peculiar to Females.—Uterine complaints Prolapsus, Anteversion, Retroversion, Inflammation, Ulceration, and various other affections of the womb, painful, suppressed, scanty or profuse Menstruation.
Skin Diseases.—Scrofulous Eruptions, Glandular Swellings, Ulcers, Felon, Erysipelas, Herpes or Tetter. All diseases of the Eye and Ear.
Lebanon, March 15, 1865.

BROWNING'S
EXCELSIOR COFFEE.
Whilst trying Coffee of all the various brands.
Remember "BROWNING'S EXCELSIOR"—at the head it stands.
True, it's not like others that are "SOLD EVERYWHERE."
A little stretch, we all do know, good goods will easily bear,
(But a stretch like this—"sold everywhere"—is very out of tear.)
Now, I can safely say, without any hesitation,
There's none like "BROWNING'S EXCELSIOR" in this enlightened nation.
Skilled chemists have not found a Coffee from any store,
Possessing the same ingredients as "Browning's Excelsior."
Nor is there any one, in or out of the Coffee trade,
Who knows the articles from which "Browning's Excelsior's" made.
I'm told its made from barley, rye, wheat, beans, and peas;
Name a thousand other things—but the RIGHT ONE you please.
But with the Coffee men I will not hold contention
For the many, many things they say—too numerous to mention.
Whilst they're engaged in running round from store to store
To learn the current wholesale price of "Browning's Excelsior,"
Some who know my Coffee gives perfect satisfaction,
Have formed a plan by which they hope to cause a quick reaction.
The case—'tis with a few; no doubt 'twill be more—
To name their Coffee after mine, (BROWNING'S EXCELSIOR."
Some say their's the only brand that will stand a ready test.
Now, try a little of them all—see which you like the best.
Three years's have passed away since I first sold a store;
Never have I in your paper advertised before;
Nor would I now, or ever consent to publish more,
If like some used by "everybody," "sold everywhere," in "every store."
A trade like this I do not wish; the orders I could not fill;
The factory all Jersey's land would take—leave not a foot to till.
My trade is not so very large; still I think I have my share;
But, reader you may rest assured, 'tis NOT "SOLD EVERYWHERE."
Manufactured and for Sale by the writer,
George L. Browning,
No. 20 Market Street, Camden, N. J.
This coffee is not composed of poisonous drugs, it contains nothing deleterious; many persons use this Coffee that cannot use the pure coffee; it takes but one and a half ounces to make a quart of good strong coffee, that being just one-half the quantity it takes of Java Coffee, and always less than half the price.
RETAIL DEALERS may purchase it in less quantities than ten gross at my prices from the Wholesale Grocers.
☞ Orders by mail from Wholesale Dealers promptly attended to.
Feb. 22, 1865.—3m.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.
BY authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned has assumed the General Subscription Agency for the sale of United States Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three tenths per cent. interest, per annum, known as the
SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN.
These Notes are issued under date of August 15th, 1864, and are payable three years from that time, in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into
U. S. 5-20 Six per cent. Gold Bearing Bonds.
These bonds are now worth a premium of nine per cent., including gold interest from Nov., which makes the actual profit on the 7-30 loan, at current rates, including interest, about ten per cent. per annum, besides its exemption from State and municipal taxation, which adds from one to three per cent. more, according to the rate levied on other property. The interest is payable semi-annually by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.
The interest amounts to

One Cent per day on each	$	50 note.
Two cents " "		100 "
Ten " " "		500 "
Twenty " "		1,000 "
One Dollar " "		5,000 "

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions.—This is
The only Loan in Market
now offered by the Government, and it is confidently expected that its superior advantages will make it the
GREAT POPULAR LOAN OF THE PEOPLE.
Less than $200,000,000 remain unsold, which will probably be disposed of within the next 60 or 90 days when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.
In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.
JAY COOKE,
SUBSCRIPTION AGENT, Philadelphia.
SUBSCRIPTIONS will be received by the Lebanon National Bank, the Valley National Bank of Lebanon and the First National Bank of Lebanon.
March 1, 1865.—3m.

FARMERS TAKE NOTICE!
TASKER & CLARK,
Still continue to Manufacture those MANURES, which for the last seven or eight years have given such general satisfaction to those who have used them; we refer to the
SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME,
made from finely ground Bones, Peruvian Guano, and other Fertilizing Ingredients—and sold at the rate of $65 00 per ton of 2000 lbs. Also to the
MEAT and BONE COMPOST,
made from refuse Meat, Bone and other offal from the Slaughter House.—Price $40 00 per ton.
N. B. A superior article of BONE DUST, at market prices. Address,
TASKER & CLARK,
S. W. Cor. EIGHTH & WASHINGTON Sts.,
March 8, 1865.—3 m. PHILADELPHIA.

Just printed and for sale at this office, Conditions for the Sale of Real Estate.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
Personal property.

WILL be sold at Public Sale, on
Wednesday, March 29, 1865,
at the residence of the subscriber, in Londonderry township, about one and a half miles from Palmyra, on the road to Bindnagle's Church, the following:
HORSE, 2 COWS, ROCKAWAY, 1-horse Wagon, good as new, Spring Wagon, Plough, Harrow, Cultivator, 2 SHOATS, sett of Hind Gears, sett single Harness, 2 cellars, Bridles, Wheelbarrow, Forks, 1 side Saddle, Shovels, Log and Cow Chains, BEDDING and Bedsteads, 2 Bureaus, 3 Tables, 2 Stoves, Cupboard, dozen and a half Chairs, 2 Rocking Chairs, large Looking Glass, Chests, Iron Kettle, new Meatstand, Tubs, Barrels, Vinegar and a variety of other articles.
☞ All of the above articles are nearly as good as new.
☞ Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M., when terms will be made known by
CHARLES ROSENBERGER.
Londonderry twp., February 16, 1865.

LEBANON TOBACCO FACTORY
THE undersigned are about locating in Lebanon, what is esteemed a
Missouri Tobacco Factory,
for the manufacture of Plug Tobacco. Our stock is Missouri leaf, made up by Missouri hands, and our machinery is of the latest and most efficient character. We shall determinedly adhere to the policy of making and selling only at
GOOD AND PURE ARTICLE OF TOBACCO,
and dealers, merchants and others, while they have the privilege of buying directly from the manufacturer, thus saving to themselves the intermediate profits heretofore paid the jobber, are saved the risk of getting adulterated or poisoned tobaccos as when buying unknown or irresponsible makes.
We shall be ready to fill orders by the 10th of March next.
☞ We can retail none—can sell to no purchaser less than 20 pounds.
Circulars and price list sent to any address on application.
☞ In a few weeks we shall be prepared to manufacture fine cut chewing and smoking tobaccos of various grades.
F. G. STICHTER & CO.
Lebanon, Feb. 22, 1865.—3m.

Wheeler & Wilson's.
Sewing Machines.
THE Subscriber would respectfully inform her friends, and the public in general, that she has, in connection with her MILLINERY business, taken the agency for
Wheeler & Wilson's unsurpassed Double-Lock-Stich Sewing Machines,
which have taken the premium at the Great London Fair, and at hundreds of other Fairs. It is adapted for all kinds of Family Sewing and Tailoring. Three different numbers of the Machine will always be kept on hand, which can be examined at her store, and she will give instructions in the manner of using it.
The *Millinery Business, in all its branches*, will be continued at her Store, in Cumberland street.
MRS. HARRIET L. SELTZER.
anon July 20 1864.—3m.

THE
LEBANON OIL MINING COMPANY.
PRINCIPAL OFFICE
NORTH LEBANON, PENNSYLVANIA.
Philadelphia Transfer Office,
(No. 3 Forrest Place,)
123½ SOUTH FOURTH STREET.
PRESIDENT,
HENRY LIGHT, Lebanon, Pa.
TREASURER, ABRAHAM SHIRK. SECRETARY, D. S. LONG
20,000 *Shares reserved for a working Capital.*
Subscription Books open only until this number is disposed of.
Subscription Price $2 Per Share.
PAR VALUE, $5. CAPITAL, $500,000. 100,000 SHARES.
This Company owns in fee simple (162) One Hundred and Sixty two acres of Oil Mining Territory in Venango and Indiana Counties, upon which there is already a good producing well.
More developements will be made after the reserve of 20,000 shares is taken.
For particulars and circulars call on Mr. SAMUEL W. WRAY, at the Philadelphia Transfer Office, (No. 3 Forrest place,) 123½ South FOURTH Street.
December 21, 1864.

Dissolution.
NOTICE is hereby given that Messrs. WAGNER & BOWMAN, Dentists, in the borough of Lebanon, dissolved partnership on the 11th inst. The undersigned has removed his office to the old place, in Cumberland street, E-st Lebanon, where he has carried on the business for the past eight years, and hopes that by the same attention to business and carefulness in his work which he practiced heretofore, to receive a full share of the public patronage. C. B. WAGNER.
Lebanon, March 15, 1865.

TWENTY--FIRST ANNUAL STATEMENT
OF THE
MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF
Sinking Spring, Berks County, for 1864

RECEIPTS.

Balance in the Treasury, January 1st, 1864,		$1,579 12
Premiums and fees on Policies,		1,950 83
Assessments No. 10, 11 and 12		424 92
Assessment No. 13, in Berks, co.,	$6,753 73	
Do do Lebanon "	1,005 19	
Do do Lehigh, "	951 85	
Do do Schuylki "	69 47	
Do do Lancaster "	82 18	
		9,792 42
Total receipts,		$13,747 29

EXPENSES.

Manager's and Committees' fees,		$165 85
Postage, Stationary, &c.,		17 63
Making Collectors' Lists,		14 00
Refunded to H. Mull, in Schlegel's case,		4 04
Doors for closet,		7 59
Advertising & printing in Berks Co.,	$126 52	
Do Lebanon county,	29 50	
Do Lehigh county,	4 50	
		160 52
U. S. Tax,		115 27
Treasurer's salary,		50 00
President's fees on 369 policies,	23 05	
Do appointing Committees, &c.	9 46	
		32 52
Auditors' fees for 1863,		50 00
Secretary's salary, A. Mull,	33 33	
Do do C. Kessler,	62 50	
		95 83
Secretary's fees on 48 policies A. Mull	19 20	
Do do 321 policies, C. Kessler	128 40	
		147 60
Filling out 232 policies at 12½ cents,		36 50
Agent's fees on 244 policies, Mull,	97 60	
Do 82 policies, Hiester,	32 80	
Do 26 policies, Schools,	10 40	
		140 80
LOSSES BY FIRE, in Berks county:		
Cyrus Ruth	50 00	
Samuel Fromm	90 00	
George Lechner	100 00	
George Lash	37 95	
John Sell,	2,000 00	
George Seaman,	1,637 00	
George Davies,	8 00	
James Butz	20 00	
Albert J. Brumbach	3,000 00	
John Fortna, in Lebanon county,	109 00	
George Spayd, do	4 00	
J. W. & J. P. Killinger, do	300 00	
Joseph Moyer, do	1,535 00	
Jacob Buchman, do	2,200 00	
Nathan Gernet, in Lehigh county,	120 00	
		11,200 55
Balance in Treasury, Jan. 1st, 1865,		12,238 61
		1,508 68
		$13,747 29

The undersigned Auditors, appointed to examine the accounts of the Officers of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Sinking Spring, Berks county, do report that we have carefully examined the same, and find them correct as above stated.
ANDREW KURR, } Auditors.
February, 1865. JOHN VAN REED, }

BOARD OF MANAGERS.
President—JOHN VAN REED, Spring, Reading P. O.
Treasurer—LEWIS BRINER, Reading.
Secretary—CHARLES KESSLER, Reading.
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March 15, 1865.—3t. CHARLES KESSLER, Sec'y

Miscellaneous.

POWER OF KINDNESS.

"Tom, here!" said a father to his boy, speaking in tones of authority. The lad was at play. He looked toward his father, but did not leave his companions.

"Do you hear me, sir?" spoke the father, more sternly than at first.—With an unhappy face and reluctant step the boy left his play and approached his parent.

"Why do you creep along at a snail's pace?" said the father, angrily. "Come quickly, I want you; when I speak, I like to be obeyed instantly. Here, take this note to Mr. Smith, and see that you don't go to sleep by the way. Now run as fast as you can go." The boy took the note; there was a cloud upon his brow. He moved onward, but at a slow pace.

"You, Tom! is that doing as I ordered? Is that going quickly?" called the father, when he saw the boy creeping away. "If you are not back in half an hour I will punish you." But the words had little effect. The boy's feelings were hurt by the unkindness of the parent; he experienced a sense of injustice, a consciousness that wrong had been done him. By nature he was like his father, proud and stubborn; and these qualities of his mind were aroused, and he indulged in them fearless of consequence.

"I never saw such a boy," said the father, speaking to a friend who had observed the occurrence. "My words scarcely make an impression on him.

"Kind words often prove most powerful," said the friend. The father looked surprised. "Kind words," continued the friend, "are like the gentle rain and the refreshing dews; but harsh words bend and break like the angry tempest. The first develop and strengthen good affections, while the others sweep over the heart in devastation, and mar and deform all they touch. Try him with kind words, they will prove a hundred fold more powerful."

The parent seemed hurt by the reproof, but it left him thoughtful. An hour passed away ere his boy returned. At times during his absence he was angry at the delay; but the words of remonstrance were in his ears and he resolved to obey them. At last the lad came slowly in, with a cloudy countenance and reported the result of his errand. Having stayed far beyond his time he looked for punishment, and was prepared to receive it with an angry defiance.—To his surprise, after delivering the message he had brought, his father, instead of angry reproof and punishment, said kindly: "Very well, my son, you can go out to play again."

The boy went out, but was not happy. He had disobeyed and disobliged his father, and the thought of this troubled him. Harsh words had not clouded his mind not aroused a spirit of reckless anger. Instead of joining his companions, he went and sat down by himself, grieving over his act of disobedience. While he thus sat he heard his name called.

"Thomas, my son," said his father, kindly. The boy sprang to his feet and was soon beside his parent.

"Did you call father?"

"I did, my son. Will you take this package to Mr. Long for me?"

There was no hesitation in the boy's manner; he looked much pleased at the thought of doing his father a service, and reached out his hand for the package. On receiving it he bounded away with a light step.

"There *is* power in kindness," said the father, as he sat musing after the lad's departure. And even while he sat musing over the incident, the boy came back with a cheerful, happy face, and said. Can I do anything else for you, father?"

"Yes, there is a power in kindness. The tempest of passion can only subdue, constrain and break; but in love and gentleness there is the power of the summer rain, the dew, and the sunshine.

BLUE BEARD.

Many of our young readers have read the fairy tale of Blue Beard, and sympathized with the young wife who was to lose her head for her curiosity, while the death of the old fellow himself has always given intense delight. Few, however, are aware that there was a personage who bore this title, and the anniversary of whose death occurs to-day, but so it is. His name was Giles de Laval, Seigneor De Retz, better known as Marshal Retz, and he was born in the year 1396. He was a soldier, and fought in several battles, particularly under Joan of Arc, in 1420, having served as one of her captains. In 1423 he led an expedition against the English. In 1432 he was the richest subject in France, and this immense fortune was the cause of his ruin. He plunged into dissipation, which soon diminished his wealth, and he sold one estate after the other to keep up his expenditure. He had a guard of honor of two hundred and fifty horsemen, and his suite consisted of numerous chaplains, choristers, &c., most of whom were accomplices in his arts of libertinism. His chapel was hung with cloth of gold, and his chaplains bore the title of dean, chapter, archdeacon and bishop. He even sent a deputy to the Pope to get permission for a cross to be borne before him. Craving for more wealth, he turned his attention to alchemy, but failed in turning the baser metal to gold. He then became absorbed in magic, and made a compact with satan to give everything except his life and soul for boundless wealth. He now began to immolate children, who, having been made victims of his iniquity, in various ways, were finally put to death, and their blood and hearts used as charms in diabolical rights.—Agents of his were used to persuade poor peasants who had beautiful children to entrust them to the care of the marshal for their advancement in life, but they were never seen afterwards, and inquiries were endeavored to be stifled by threats or bribery. At length the matter came under the notice of the authorities, and Retz was arrested in 1440. At first he denied all knowledge of the affair, but being threatened with torture, he disclosed all about it, and his judges were horror-stricken at the obscene and atrocious recital. The young victims ranged from 8 to 18 years old but what they endured before death cannot be printed. The bodies used to be burned, but remains were found at two places, which indicated 126 victims. He was tried and condemned to be strangled, which was carried into effect December 22, 1440. He became remembered as "Barbe bleu," or Bluebeard, from his beard having been so colored. It became a name of terror even in England, for after the committal of the Duke of Suffolk to the tower in the year of Henry VI, we read that the act so displeased the people that they assembled together in great companies and chose a captain by that name, but their leaders were soon apprehended and no harm occurred. The Bluebeard so familiar to children was written by Perraudt, in the time of Louis XIV.

THE "BERNERS STREET HOAX."

The maddest of Theodore Hook's tricks was that known as the "Berners Street Hoax," which happened in 1809, as follows: Walking down Berners street one day, Hook's companion (probably Matthews,) called his attention to a particular neat and modest house, the residence—as we inferred from the door-plate—of some decent shopkeeper's widow. "I'll lay you a guinea," said Theodore, "that in one week that nice quiet dwelling shall be the most famous in all London." The bet was taken, and in the course of four or five days Hood had written and posted one thousand letters annexing orders to tradesmen of every sort within the bills of mortality, all to be executed on one particular day and as nearly as possible at one fixed hour. From "wagons of coals and potatoes, to books, prints, ices, feathers, jellies, and cranberry tarts," nothing in any way available to any human being but was commanded from scores of rival dealers, scattered all over the city from Wapping to Lambeth, from White chapel to Paddington. It can only be feebly imagined what the crash and jam and tumult of that day was. Hook had provided himself with a lodging nearly opposite the fated house, where with a couple of trusty allies he watched the progress of the melodrama. The mayor and his chaplain arrived—invited there to take the death bed confession of a peculating common councilman.—There also came the Governor of the Bank, the Chairman of the East India Company, the Lord Chief Justice, and the Prime Minister—above all, there came his Grace the Archbishop of Canterberry, and His Royal Highness the Commander-in-Chief. These all obeyed the summons, for every pious and patriotic feeling had been most movingly appealed to.

They could not all reach Berners street, however—the avenue leading to it being jammed up by the drays, cars and carriages all pressing on to the solitary widow's house; but certainly the Duke of York's military punctuality and crimson liveries brought him to the point of attack before the poor woman's astonishment had risen to terror and despair. Most fierce were the growlings of doctors and surgeons, scores of whom had been cheated of valuable horses. Attorneys, teachers of every kind, male and female, hair dresses, tailors, popular preachers, Parliamentary philanthropists, had been all alike victimized. There was an awful smashing of glass, china, harpsichords coach panels. Many a horse fell never to rise again. Beer barrels and wine barrels were overturned and exhausted with impunity amidst the press of countless multitudes. It was a great day for the pickpockets, and a great God-send to the newspapers. Then arose many a fervent hue and cry for the detection of the wholesale deceiver and destroyer.—Though in Hook's own theatrical world he was instantly suspected, no sign escaped either him or his confidants. He found it convenient to be laid up a week or two by a severe fit of illness, and then promoted reconvalescence by a week's country tour. He revisited Oxford, and professed an intention of commencing his residence there. But the storm blew over and Hook returned with tranquility to the green-room.

☞ THERE is apparent trouble brewing in the West. According to the