The Corner.

DAWSON'S ALE.—The following says the Germantown *Telegraph*, is too good to be lost, although it occurred some years ago in Germantown, in a hotel not many miles from the railroad:

"Will you give a glass of ale, if you please?" asked a rather seedyish-looking person, and an old but well-brushed coat, and a most too shiny hat.

It was produced by the bar-tender, creaming over the edge of the tumbler.

"Thank ye," said the recipient, as he placed it to his lips, and said:

"This is very fine ale—very. Whose is it?"

"Dawson's."

"It is Dawson's, eh? Well, give us another glass of it."

It was done; and holding it up to the light and looking through it, the connoisseur said:

"'Pon my work, it is superb ale—*superb!*—clear as Madeira. I must have some more of that. Give me a mug of it."

The mug was furnished; but before putting it to his lips the imbiber said:

"*Whose* ale did you say this was?"

"Dawson's" repeated the bar-tender.

The remained for the appreciative gentleman to say, as he wiped his mouth and went toward the door:

"Dawson's ale is it? I know Dawson very well—I shall see him soon, and will settle with *him* for two glasses and a mug of his incomparable brew! Good morning.

A PUN THAT IS NO JOKE.

A Frenchman near the Canada line, in Vermont, sold a horse to his Yankee neighbor, which he recommended as being a very sound animal, in spite of unprepossessing appearance. To every inquiry of the buyer respecting the qualities of the horse, the Frenchman gave a favorite reply, but always commenced his commendation with the depreciatory remark:

"He's not look ver good."

The Yankee caring little for the looks of the horse, of which he judged for himself, without the seller's assistance, and being fully persuaded, after minute inspection, that the beast was worth the moderate sum asked for him, made the purchase and took him home. A few days afterwards he returned to the seller in high dudgeon, and declared that he had been cheated in the quality of the horse.

"Vat is de matter?" said the Frenchman.

"Matter!" said the Yankee, "matter enough; the horse can't see; he is blind as a bat!"

"Ah!" said the Frenchman, "vat I vas tell you he vas not look ver good—be gar, I don't know if he *look at all.*"

A "TAKE-UP" BLUNDER.—A laughable mistake is shown in the following mixing of two articles—one concerning a preacher, the other about the freaks of a mad dog—which occurred in a hurried "make up" in a printing office:

"Rev. James Thompson, Rector of St. Andrew's church, preached to a large concourse of people on Sunday last. This was his last sermon. In a few weeks he will bid farewell to his congregation, as his physician advises him to cross the Atlantic. He exhorted his brethren and sisters, and after the conclusion of a short prayer, took a whim to cut up some frantic feats. He ran up Trinity street to the college. At this stage of the proceedings a couple of boys seized him and tied a tin kettle to his tail, and he again started. A great crowd collected and for a time there was a grand scene of running and confusion. After a long race he was finally shot by a policeman."

"LOYAL" PARSONS.—The church as a general thing, has become an immense machine for the promulgation of the peculiar tenents of the Abolition party, each particular person doing the work which was formerly done by the most despicable of all politicians—the pot house pettifogger. In other ages the church also lost its purity and became a State machine, but always to the detriment of the church, and the downfall of the State political fabric.—The worst enemies to their country ever since the world began, have been the political priests, and the rule in any which has gone before. The renowned commentator, Dr. Clarke was doubtless impressed with the truth of this assertion when he wrote the following:

"He who while he professes the religion of Christ, disturbs society by his preaching or writing, who excludes from the salvation of God those who do not conform to his religious or political creed, never knew the nature of the Gospel, and never felt its power and influence."

☞ The Missouri "Legislature" has passed a bill providing that a person whose husband or wife has been engaged in rebellion against the Government shall be entitled to a divorce on proper application to the courts. What a saintly people those Missouri "loyal" Yankees must be! Couldn't they now pass a resolution instructing St. Peter to lock the door of the celestial heaven against the same diabolical rebels?

The wit deservedly won his bet who, in company, when every one was bragging of his tall relations, wagered that he himself had a brother twelve feet high. He had, he said, "two half brothers, each measuring six feet."

What is there which, supposing its greatest breadth to be four inches, length nine inches, and depth three inches, contains a solid foot? A shoe.

SETTLEMENT

BETWEEN the Directors of the Lebanon County Alms house and the Auditors of said county, for the year ending on the 2d day of January, 1866, inclusive.

DR.

Balance in the hands of the Treasurer of last year's settlement	$176 40
Cash of the Commissioners on 4 orders	2800 00
Cash from Jacob Behney for horses	410 06
Cash of George Lutz for Mary Daub	21 15
Cash of David Bowman, late Treasurer	389 61
Cash of Commissioners on 7 orders	$9200 00
Cash of Peter Ruhl for Ann Walter	3 00
Cash of Abraham, for John Heilman	52 00
Cash of H. Ruhl balance on coffin	1 50
Cash of John Tice, for stone	10 00
Cash of Elias Walborn, for cow	30 00
Cash of George Hoffman, for tallow	40 71
Cash of Elizabeth Brandt, for lard	25
	$13184 02

CR.

Paid Waterman Young & Co., for groceries	$7 50
Paid Waterman Fox & Cope, for groceries	159 50
Paid Jacob Geckley, for horses	505 00
Paid D. T. Werner, for coal and salt	952 00
Paid R.K. Harning, for merchandize	29 86
Paid Pennsylvania Insane Asylum	224 80
Paid Isaac Lutz, for Blacksmith work	58 49
Paid Shaak & Risser, for cloverseed	40 00
Paid out door paupers	871 75
Paid Dr. Wm. M. Guilford, salary	100 00
Paid Edward Kreider, salary	100 00
Paid Elias Walborn, salary	21 00
Paid Daniel Zug, salary	10 00
Paid Jacob Light, salary	18 00
Paid Dr. A. H. Light, out door medication	40 00
Paid Dr. W. Grumbine, out door medication	30 00
Paid Dr. J. C. Cooper, out door medication	30 00
Paid, Gratuities	44 20
Paid Grant Weidman, Professional services	10 00
Paid Anna Kreider, Hirelings' wages	25 00
Paid J. H. Stine, Hirelings wages	34 00
Paid J. L. Lemberrer. Drugs	13 60
Paid A. Major & Brother, repairs	10 45
Paid Lyon Lemberger, carding wool	8 12
Paid Robert Kean, Sawing Lumber	4 10
Paid Henry Rholand making coffins	31 25
Paid John Dutter, flour	9 90
Paid J. H. Kelly, clock	5 00
Paid Joseph Bowman Hat	1 50
Paid George Black, coffins	5 00
Paid Peter L. Stouch, saddler work	8 27
Paid William Weaver, repairing pump	3 50
Paid Thomas McMahon, teaching school	10 00
Paid toll	2 45
Paid Balance to Joseph Bowman, Treasurer	389 61
Paid Thomas Walborn, merchandize	205 00
Paid J. H. Michener & Co., merchandize	225 44
Paid Goodyear & Diffenbach, merchandise	354 74
Paid John Groh, merchandize	12 37
Paid Hoffa & Scholl, merchandize	235 99
Paid L. K. Laudermilch, merchandize	380 06
Paid D. M. Witters, merchandize	110 60
Paid Louser & Brothers, merchandize	251 72
Paid Isarel Light, merchandize	121 59
Paid Henry & Reinoehl, merchandize	267 58
Paid John George, merchandize	692 70
Paid Waterman Young & Co., groceries	81 52
Paid Waterman & Cope, groceries	261 91
Pohn John Wonderlich, wheat	387 50
Paid Heybb, shad	44 00
Paid John H. Shugar, whiskey and vinegar	175 53
Paid J. L. Lemberger, Drugs and Spices	16 33
Paid George Ross, Drugs and Spices	136 68
Paid Dr. B. F. Akely, out door medication	70 00
Paid Dr. D. H. Bieber, out door medication	70 00
Paid L. F. Bower, out door medication	45 00
Paid Dr. Wm. M. Guilford, out door medication	72 60
Paid Dr. J. C Cooper, outdoor medication	45 00
Paid Dr. G. L. Kreider, out door medication	35 00
Paid Peter Emerich, coffins	19 00
Paid Adam Scholl, coffins	12 00
Paid G. W. Walker. coffins	17 00
Paid H. Arnold, coffins	5 00
Paid out door Paupers	696 75
Paid Gratuities	94 00
Paid Edward Kreider, salary, (Steward,)	200 00
Paid Dr. Wm. M. Guilford, salary	100 00
Paid Joseph Bowman, Treasurer	26 67
Paid Edward Kreider, extra	25 00
Paid H. Raber, clothing	122 35
Paid J. O. Hauer & Co., tobacco	331 42
Paid Pennsylvania Lunatic Asylum, Board	527 32
Paid Daniel Zug, salt and coal	882 29
Paid D. T. Werner, salt and coal	121 68
Paid D. Zug, salary	18 00
Paid Jacob Light, salary	18 00
Paid Elias Walborn, salary	18 00
Paid C. P. Miller. salary	40 00
Paid Reiser & Peifer, cattle	443 30
Paid Wm. Spitler, cattle	687 75
Paid A. M. Zug & Brother, Reaper and Machinery	194 48
Paid Reading Railroad, freight	126 72
Paid George Hoffman, freight	94 21
Paid D. M. Karmany, Hardware	39 57
Paid Charles Greenawalt, Hardware	116 43
Paid Solomon Smith, Saddlery	21 45
Paid John Yorcy, Saddlery	17 20
Paid Joseph Bowman, Hats and Caps	36 00
Paid Adam Rise, Hats and Caps	9 50
Paid George Bower, Daylaker	40 00
Paid Jacob Fence, Plough and Wagon repair	12 18
Paid John Lawrence, Shoe making	33 95
Paid Andrew Fox, Shoe making	85 45
Paid Christian Good, Yarn	45 00
Paid James N. Rogers, Tinware	18 05
Paid David Bowman, late Treasure and Audit	15 66
Paid J. L. Becker, Stationery	12 17
Paid Wells & Jingle, Stationary	2 12
Paid Anna Kreider, maid	35 00
Paid Jacob Shoot, Spring	35 00
Paid George Gorty, Lime	4 52
Paid J. H. Shuey, Carding Wool	4 20
Paid J. H. Stine, Hireling	60 00
Paid Samuel Seltzer, Hireling	24 00
Paid Toll,	6 35
Paid Jacob Stager, Cider Press	40
Paid Fisher & Ardut. Shoe finding	1 52
Paid Andrew Kauffman, Crocks	13 10
Paid Insurance	12 51
Paid Samuel Boshert, Scrivening	75
Paid Joseph Bowman, Auditing Clerk	21 67
Paid Postage and Bank stamps	2 15
Paid John Young, Printing	1 00
Paid Expense to Berks Co.,	2 80
Balance in the hands of the Treasurer	$12,962 20
	172 42
	$13,131,62

In conformity with an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, passed the 16th day of March, 1830, entitled "an Act for the erection of a House for the support of the Poor of Lebanon county," have we, the undersigned, Directors of the Poor of Lebanon county, in conjunction with the regularly elected Auditors, whose duty it is to examine the foregoing statement of receipts and expenditures of the Poor House Institution, from the 4th day of January, A. D., 1864, to the same day of January, 1865, inclusive, and find the same correct

DANIEL ZUG,
JACOB LIGHT,
DANIEL MEAS, } Directors.

WE, the undersigned, auditors elected, to settle and adjust the several accounts of Lebanon County, do report that we have examined the foregoing account and vouchers thereunto belonging, and find the same correct.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 26th day of January, A. D., 1865.

WILLIAM P. BECKLY,
JOSEPH SHAMO,
JAMES HUMMEL, } Auditors.

Attest:—CYRUS SHIRK, Clerk.

LEBANON COUNTY ALMSHOUSE, January 24, 1865.

MALES.			FEMALES.		
Under	10 years,	14	Under	10 years,	
Between	10 & 20	do 6	Between	10 & 20	do 49
do	20 & 30	do 2	do	20 & 30	do 10
do	30 & 40	do 4	do	30 & 40	do 7
do	40 & 50	do 15	do	40 & 50	do 13
do	50 & 60	do 6	do	50 & 60	do 10
do	60 & 70	do 3	do	60 & 70	do 6
do	70 & 80	do 2	do	70 & 80	do 6
		52			65
				Total,	117

Children born here in this County Almshouse, 4 Females; number of deaths during the year, 17 Males and 8 Females. Total number 25.

PURCHASED DURING THE YEAR:

184 pair pantaloons	98 frocks
88 pair Pantaloons	63 petticoats
47 hats and caps	121 pair stockings
37 roundabouts	28 bonnets
60 handkerchiefs	13 vests
12 coats	36 women's combs
36 pair pantaloons for boys	18 straw hats
30 pair suspenders	14 fine combs
156 pair men's shoes	85 women's chemise

Products of the Farm for the year 1864:

Killed 24 Steers, weighing 14,700 pounds; 23 Hogs, weighing 5,368 pounds.

997 bushels wheat	54 loads Hay
221 do Rye	13 bushels Cloverseed
643 do Potatoes	16 do Timothyseed
860 do corn	1200 do Lime
1500 do oats	

John & Henry Ioose for hides, $211 72; for Leather, $205 70; weight of hides, 2,255½. Paupers over night, 1833.

Lebanon, February 2, 1865.

$100 REWARD.

THE Commissioners of Lebanon County hereby offer a reward of $100 for the arrest and conviction of WILLIAM WETZEL, who stands charged with the murder of Jacob Peffley, in North Annville Township, Lebanon County, in the month of November, 1864.

THOMAS LESHER,
JACOB BRUBACHER,
WILLIAM EARLY, } Commissioners of Lebanon county

Attest—CYRUS SHIRK, Clerk.

Commissioners' Office, Lebanon, Feb. 15, '65—4t

County Bounty Tax.

THE County Commissioners hereby give notice that they have extended the time for the payment of the Bounty Taxes until the *First day of March*, 1865. After that date the full penalty of the law will be added, which is Ten per cent. The tax payers are therefore requested to pay without further notice, or costs.

THOMAS LESHER,
JACOB BRUBACHER,
WILLIAM EARLY, } Commissioners of Lebanon County.

Attest:—CYRUS SHIRK, Clerk.

Lebanon, February 15, 1865—3t

Jacob E. L. Zimmerman's

FIRST CLASS HAIR-DRESSING AND HAIR-DYEING SALOON, Market street, near Cumberland, and opposite the Eagle Hotel. Being thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, he would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

Lebanon, July 2, 1862.

N. B.—The Saloon will be closed on Sunday.

Blanks for Bounty and Invalid Pension Claims just printed and for sale at the ADVERTISER Office.

THE SWATARA IRON COMPANY OF PENNSYLVANIA,

ORGANIZED UNDER THE ACT OF ASSEMBLY, APRIL 21, 1854.

CAPITAL STOCK, $1,500,000.
150,000 SHARES AT $10 EACH.
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $5 PER SHARE.
CASH WORKING CAPITAL, $125,000

ROLAND CURTIN, *President.* Centre County, Pa.
MARTIN EARLY, *Vice President*, Lebanon Co., Pa.
J. E. MUFFLY, *Sec'y. and Treasurer*, Harrisburg, Pa.
E. BLANCHARD, *Solicitor*, Bellefonte, Pa.
DANIEL S. EARLY, *Gen. Sup't.*, Hummelstown, Pa.

DIRECTORS.

ROLAND CURTIN, JACOB SHOPE,
GEO. O. EVANS, JOHN EARLY,
WM. S. HASSALL, THOMAS TOLMAN,
GEO. W. HALL.

Leases and Purchases.

THE whole number of Acres belonging to the Company including the lease-holds, in all TWENTY-EIGHT LEASES AND PURCHASES (almost all of which are for the long term of Ninety-Nine years) are nine hundred acres, three hundred and ninety-three of which are in FEE SIMPLE. All of the lands in fee simple, comprising as above stated, almost four hundred acres, are arable and in excellent order for farming purposes, on which a sufficient quantity of hay and grain can be raised yearly to render the Company almost, if not entirely, self supporting.

Locality.

The lands of the Company are contiguous to each other, situated in Derry township, Dauphin county, Pa., and being located in the great Lebanon Valley, which extends from Harrisburg hundreds of miles, forming the very garden spot of the State, in the richness and fertility of its soil—affording ample supplies of provisions and necessary comforts of life.

This Valley is very beautifully diversified by gentle undulations, and throughout its length the beautiful Swatara wends its way, giving variety and beauty to the landscape, while its entire course is through a region in which iron ore is abundant, and the soil rich and fertile limestone.

The lands are nearer the markets of Harrisburg, Reading, Philadelphia and New York, both by rail and canal than any other coal properties excepting those adjoining Railroad and the Union Canal, as well as by all the great railroads and canals radiating from Harrisburg, (with their connections,) and can be readily conveyed to any part of the country to which railroads and navigable waters extend.

Transportation Facilities.

The facilities for transportation are unsurpassed.—The Lebanon Valley Rail Road, a continuation of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad, the great thoroughfare connecting the inland cities of Harrisburg and Reading with Philadelphia, and New York, passes directly through the lands, affording every desirable convenience for transporting and conveying to and from the great Eastern and Western marts of the country the manufactured and mineral products of the Company, as well as everything necessary for the carrying on of the works.

The Union Canal also affords excellent water transportation. It lies in close proximity to the furnace site, being within fifty yards of the same. No locality is more favorably situated for market. Altogether in whatever way it may be viewed—whether for means of transportation, beauty of location, its economical furnace site, the great abundance of superior limestone, nearness to the other lands of the company, to Hummelstown and to the city of Harrisburg, (the latter place being but nine miles distant,) or its healthiness—it is certainly in natural adaptedness to the purpose almost unsurpassed.

Geology.

The Company have secured, at considerable expense the services of that eminent scientific topographical geologist, Professor J. P. Lesley, who, after a careful and thorough examination of the lands, reported of this great ore belt as follows:

"That the principal geological formations and their geographical relationship belong to the same age from Mount Alto in Franklin county, to the Lehigh river, being a part of the same deposit of Trexlertown ores, the Pine Grove ores, west of Dillsburg, and the great ore belt of Mount Alto. *It looks, also, as if the coal wall mine* (Coleman's mine in Lebanon county) *and the ores near Hummelstown belonged to the same lower range.* The top stratum of N. it sandstone, contained originally a large per cent of iron ore (a mixed mud of peroxide and sesquoxide of iron) and in the lapse of ages, the decay of the slates down to a great depth, and the perpetual drainage and percolations of the iron mud from the mountain side, but especially the smoulderings of the slates, kept always wet at the foot of the present Red Sands ore Hills, have separately and together been the causes of the production of a line or *belt of ore ground three hundred feet wide*, at the north foot of the hills, richer at some points than at others, but everywhere promising to yield ore when shafted into, and the richer and more abundant at the bottom of the shafts. A pit recently opened on Tract No. 13 (Frantz's shaft) now about 12 feet deep and thirty yards across, has yielded about 3,000 tons of ore, a portion of which consists of a fine grey hematite ore, analyzing at 60 per cent. of iron, being thrown without washing or picking into the furnace. It did not begin to contain lumps of any size until the digg ng approached the depth of saw ten feet, when the sump hole was excavated in a great mass of ore loam and ore balls, as large as large cannon balls, some of them hollow and other massive, excepting the fact that they contain numerous irregular cavities filled with yellow clay, as if the iron was conveyed in many fold by water, and deposited sump ore under foot. *There need be no doubt of its descent to a considerable depth, in fact, to a depth at which the regular drainage of the underground limestone ceases. This may be a hundred or five hundred feet.*

"The shaft on Tract No. 14, and a corresponding trial shaft on Tract No. 15, both of which are close to the border of the limes on rocks, produced the following results: There was first 14 feet of wash, clay, sand and ore trash, (yielding 40 per cent of iron without washing or picking, and sold at the mines at $5 00 per ton,) then 8 feet of ore mixed with clay, then 8 feet of solid ore.

"The direction of the ore belt eastward is marked by a large quantity of ore masses, some of them weighing 200 lbs scattered over the surface once, but now collected by the farmers into a grove in the corner of a field near the road. With these ore balls lie many chunks of red sand stone which have come from the hills."

"The prospecting shaft on tract No. 3, has yielded about 2,000 tons of ore, with a sufficient quantity to supply an anthracite furnace making one hundred tons of pig iron per week, for a number of years, if properly developed."

"Trial pits have been sunk on tracts No. 1, 2 and 28, two feet through soil, and then eight feet through ore, *pure and clean, free from dirt or clay, by far the best quality that has yet been found. The ore are still ascending in ore increasing in richness and quantity.*"

"I leave for others the task or pleasure of imagining the depth to which the ore descends, and the calculations based upon such suppositions, only saying that wherever the ore is evidently decomposed slate usses itself, descending at a visible dip, there can be no unreasonableness in calculations based upon a *great depth of ore.*"

"The Frantz pit has yielded 3,000 tons of unwashed ore from a part of the excavation, which I calculated to have a cubic contents of about five hundred and fifty cubic, yards which at 4 tons per yard, would be about 2,200 tons. Taking the width of the pit at 25 yards, and its depth at 4 yards, every linear yard will yield say 400 tons, of ore. Taking into account the ball ore in the floor and supposing the ore taken out to a depth of only 4 yards more, then *every running yard of quarry will yield about a thousand tons.* It will require therefore, the mining of only *ten running yards* to supply yearly an anthracite furnace making one hundred tons of pig iron per week."

"With the pits as I saw them, I have no sort of doubt that the above calculation will be easily realized. A good steam engine and powerful pump should be obtained, as the only obstacle to successful mining here, will be the water. It is my opinion that the ore *will descend at a slope to a great depth*, on the south side of the quarries. The above calculation does not take into account the extension of the ore belt north of the pit. The trial pits show a breadth of ore belt, at least *seventy yards wide*, how much more is not apparent; it is no doubt, at least, *one hundred yards wide.* Granting a depth in the average of only three yards, and we have over *a thousand tons* for every yard of the ore belt in the surface deposit alone. There is no good reason for doubting that enough ore can be raised per year, from tracts Nos. 3, 13, 14 and 15 alone, to run three furnaces steadily; capable of making one hundred tons of pig iron per week."

Considering the entire property of more than nine hundred acres and more than *seventy in extent*, running east and west, and calculating the great ore belt at an average depth of only 4 feet, the surface deposit *many places have shown it to be from 30 to 40 feet in depth*, with only a surface stripping of two feet before reaching the spill ore veins; the surface deposit contains, over an area of 797,000 yards, at 1,000 tons per yard, 797,000,000 tons of ore before reaching the regular solid stratums, which Professor Lesley thinks will descend to a great depth—probably to *"five hundred feet."* Who can correctly estimate or comprehend the vast resources and extent of this inexhaustible ore bolt?

OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY.

The object for which the Company has been organized is entirely and solely for the purpose of developing and improving their mineral lands. Mining, raising, manufacturing, selling and conveying to market the vast mineral properties found in, on and upon their lands, consisting in part of IRON ORE, FIRE CLAY, COPPER, ZINC, and other minerals, erecting suitable and necessary buildings and machinery for manufacturing iron, and have in contemplation the construction of a gravity railroad from the mines to the furnace for conveying the ore, in fact, to bring it to the accomplishment of their object, their united energy and business industry, and we are satisfied in believing and assuring the stockholder that it will yield largely to them, and offers inducements of the highest character to capitalists and men of small means who desire a profitable, safe and paying investment.

Enterprising gentlemen from all parts of the country are cordially invited to pay a visit to the lands and examine the mines for themselves—a ride of only *fifteen minutes* from Harrisburg, in the luxurious cars of the Lebanon Valley Rail Road, will convey the visitor to this truly marvelous mineral deposit.

Those wishing any additional information can obtain the same by applying to *either* of us, *either* in person or through the mails.

MARTIN EARLY,
JOHN EARLY,
J. E. MUFFLY,
PALMYRA, PENN'A.

Palmyra, February 8, 1865.—3t

LEBANON ACADEMY.

THE undersigned hereby inform the public that the *Lebanon Academy* is not intended exclusively for the youth of the Borough, but it always *did*, and still does receive pupils from abroad.

Lately, also, the Directors have improved its general character, and elevated the standard, by refusing to admit pupils without the necessary qualifications, and by their continued care they hope to raise this school to its proper place in the estimation of this community.—A limited number of pupils of the proper grade can be admitted from the country by applying to

JACOB CAPP, President.
JOSEPH KARCH, Secretary.
or to CYRUS ROGER, Teacher.

☞ Tuition for common and higher English branches, Latin and Greek.

Lebanon, Aug. 26, 1863. $2 per month.

"FLORENCE" Sewing Machine.

The Only Machine capable of making More than One Kind of a Stitch; and the Only One having the REVERSIBLE FEED

The feed may be reversed at any point desired without stooping, which is a great advantage in fastening the ends of seams.

It makes four different stitches, lock, knot, double lock, and double knot; each Stitch perfect and alike on both sides of the fabric.

There is no other Machine which will do so large a range of work as the "Florence."

It will Braid, Tuck, Quilt, Cord, Hem, Fell, Bind, Gather, and do all kinds of Stitching required by families and Manufacture.

The most inexperienced find no difficulty in using it.

Every Machine is warranted to give entire satisfaction, and to do all that is claimed for it.

☞ The Florence must be seen to be appreciated.

JOHN L. SAYLOR,
Agent of Lebanon county, Annville, Pa.

Persons wishing to see the Machine in operation can do so by calling on the Agent at Annville, or on Wm. G. Ward, at Lebanon.

☞ All Clergymen will be furnished with said Machine at wholesale prices.

For Circulars and Samples of Sewing, call on the Agent, who will be pleased at any time to show the Machine and explain its advantages over all others.

Annvill, Feb. 18, 1865.—3m*

READING RAILROAD.

Winter Arrangement.

NOVEMBER 7th, 1864.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE NORTH AND North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW-YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, LEBANON, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3.00 and 8.15 A. M and 1.45 P. M., arriving at New York at 10 A. M. and 2.45 and 10.00 P. M., passing Lebanon at 3.53, 9.08 A. M, and 2.50 P. M.

The above connect with similar Trains on the Pennsylvania Rail Road, and Sleeping Cars accompany the first two trains, without change.

Leave for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville Allentown and Philadelphia, at 8.15 A. M. and 1.45 P. M.

Way Trains, stopping at all points, at 7.25 A. M. and 4.40 P. M., passing Lebanon at 8.35 A. M., and 5.53 P. M. Returning: Leave New-York at 9 A. M., 12 noon, and 7.00 P. M. Philadelphia at 8 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; Pottsville at 8.50 A. M. and 2.35 P. M; Tamaqua, at 8.10 A. M. and 2.15 P. M., and Reading at 1 midnight, 7.35 and 10.45 A. M., 1.38 and 6.05 P. M., passing Lebanon at 2.00, 8.54, 11.58 A. M., and 2.35 and 7.24 P. M.

Reading Accommodation Train: Leaves Reading at 6.30 A. M., returning from Philadelphia at 4.30 P. M.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 6.40 and 11 A. M. for Ephrata, Litiz, Columbia, &c.

On Sundays: Leave New York at 7 P. M., Philadelphia 3.15 P. M., Pottsville 7.30 A. M., Tamaqua 7 A. M., Harrisburg 8.15 A. M., passing Lebanon at 9.08 A. M., and Reading at 12 midnight, for Harrisburg, passing Lebanon at 1.05 A. M.

Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion Tickets to and from all points, at reduced Rates.

Baggage checked through: 80 pounds allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
General Superintendent.

November 23, 1864.

STRAW WANTED! SUNE & ROSS WILL PAY CASH AT THEIR PAPER MILL AT LEBANON, FOR

RYE STRAW, in bundles, $17 per ton
WHEAT STRAW, loose, 15 per ton
OATS STRAW, loose, 12 per ton.

Or they will buy it on the Farms, and have it hauled themselves.

Lebanon, February 1, 1865.

Steam Mill for Rent

THE undersigned offers for Rent, for ONE YEAR or longer, his STEAM MILL, situated two miles east from Lebanon, at Avon Station, near the Railroad, Canal and Turnpike. Therewith is a STOREHOUSE, for storing Flour and Grain, a Coal Yard at the Canal and Railroad, and a large Scales. This Mill is specially arranged for Flour and Custom Work, and in an excellent neighborhood for the business. A two story DWELLING HOUSE, with Summer House, Lot of Ground, Garden and Stable, is also connected with the property.

JOHN WOLF.

Avon Station, January 4, 1865.

PRIVATE SALE OF Borough Property.

THE Subscriber offers at Private Sale his property (now occupied by Augustus Witman,) on Cumberland street, East Lebanon, near Salem's Lutheran Cemetery, consisting of a Lot of Ground, 27 feet front and extending of 200 feet in depth.—The improvements are a two story brick DWELLING HOUSE, 22 by 30 feet, with portico in front, and a KITCHEN, 18 by 20, feet, 1½ stories high, good Well and Cistern, big stable, fruit trees, and other improvements. Any person wishing to see said property will call on Mr. Witman.

For price and other information call on the subscriber in South Annville township.

SAMUEL HAGY.

December 7, 1864.

TO STORE KEEPERS AND PEDLERS ALSO

TO THE PEOPLE OF LEBANON.

MARCUS NATHAN respectfully informs the people of Lebanon county, that he has opened a Notion and Fancy Dry Goods Store in Lebanon for the WHOLESALE and RETAIL Trade of all articles in his line at the most reduced prices possible. His stock consists in part of all kinds of Woolen and Cotton Stock ings and Hose, Undershirts, Drawers, Woolen Caps and Nubias, Mits and Gloves, Scarfs, all kinds of Handkerchiefs, Collars for Ladies and Gentlemen, Hairdresses and Nets, Ribbons and Velvets, Spool and Patent Sewing Thread, Buttons, Scissors, Combs, &c., &c. A large assortment of UMBRELLAS and PARASOLS, at the lowest prices. Spectacles, Pocket-books, Portmonaires, Pomfinder, Cards, &c. A large assortment of Musical Instruments, Violins, Accordeons, Banjos, Tamborines, Flutes, Fifes, Baskets, Trunks, Carpet Bags, Satchels, and all kinds of Toys, in fact everything almost that can be thought of in the Notion and Fancy line. Also a large variety of JEWELRY and WATCHES. Pedlers and Storekeepers will find it their interest to buy of us. Our Store is in Cumberland Street, in Funck's building, between the Court House and Market House.

MARCUS NATHAN.

FITS! FITS! FITS!

A. H. RICHEY, Merchant Tailor, respectfully announces to the citizens of Lebanon and vicinity that he has just returned from the city with a fine assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

all of which he will sell or make up to order at prices to suit the times, at his No. 1 Tailoring Establishment in Kein's New Block, 4 doors South of the Buck Hotel, South Walnut street.

All work entrusted to his care, will be manufactured in a workmanlike manner as to fashion and durability.

Goods purchased elsewhere will be cheerfully made up to order on the usual moderate terms.

Having had years of experience in the Tailoring and Dry Goods business, and being inclined to turn to the advantage of his customers, all the advantages resulting from said acquirements, he feels satisfied that it will be responded to by a very liberal share of the public patronage.

Friends call once to please me after that please you alves.

July 8, 1863.

READYMADE CLOTHING

Will be sold at

Extremely Low Prices.

H. RABER, one of the firm of Raber & Bros., has taken the stock of Ready-made Clothing at the appraisement, which will enable him to sell lower than anywhere else can be bought. Call and see for yourselves before you make your Fall purchase.

☞ THREE DOORS WEST FROM COURT HOUSE

Lebanon, May 4, 1864. HENRY RABER.

LEMBERGER'S DRUG STORE

IN MEDICINES QUALITY IS OF FIRST IMPORTANCE.

LEMBERGER'S DRUG STORE, OPPOSITE THE MARKET. LEMBERGER—DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY—MARKET STREET.

J. L. LEMBERGER, Graduate of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, offers to the citizens of Lebanon and surrounding country, a PURE selection of Drugs, Medicines and Chemicals, and the first quality of Perfumery and Toilet and Fancy Soaps, embracing the best manufacture in the country, and a large variety of Tooth Brushes, Nail, Flesh, Clothes and Hair Brushes. Pocket Toilet and Fine Combs of Ivory, Shell, Horn and India Rubber.

PURE SPICES. PURE SPICES.

Pure whole and ground Spices are offered for sale in large and small quantities at

LEMBERGER'S Drug Store.

GARDEN SEEDS,

FLOWER SEEDS,

You will find a full assortment and a large variety of FRESH Garden and Flower Seeds at

LEMBERGER'S Drug Store.

Condensed Lye, Concentrated Lye, Soda Ash, and Potash in large and small quantities at

LEMBERGER'S Drug Store.

Washing Soda, Baking Soda, Pearl Ash, Saleratus, Cream of Tartar, all pure, and for sale in large and small quantities at

LEMBERGER'S Drug Store.

If you are in want of good Washing Soap, pure white or red Castile Soap, Country Soap, Erasive Soap to remove grease spots, superior Shaving soap, buy the same at

LEMBERGER'S.

Do you want a good Hair Tonic? something to make the hair grow, to cleanse the head, and to prevent falling out of the hair? if you do,

Call at LEMBERGER'S.

☞ TRUSSES! TRUSSES!

The afflicted are requested to call and examine my stock of Trusses, Supporters, &c., comprising a variety of Manufacture.

☞ "Marsh's" Genuine "Improved Self Adjusting Pad Truss."

"Marsh's" Catamenial Bandage.

An invaluable article for the purpose.

If you are in want of any of the above you will find it at

LEMBERGER'S Drug Store.

Pure Ohio Catawba Brandy.

The genuine article for Medicinal Purposes to be had in all its *Purity* at

LEMBERGER'S Drug Store,
Opposite the Market House.

Anything you want that is kept in a well conducted First-class Drug Store, can be furnished you by

LEMBERGER,
Chemist and Apothecary.

Feeling thankful for the very liberal patronage thus far received from the Physicians, Merchants, and Citizens of Lebanon and surroundings, I again solicit a share, promising to use every effort to please all.

☞ Special attention given to PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTIONS and FAMILY RECIPTS, and all medicine dispensed Warranted PURE, always as good as can be obtained anywhere, and sold to suit the times. Remember the Address,

JOS. L. LEMBERGER,
Druggist, Chemist and Apothecary.

Feb. 15, 1860. Market street, Lebanon, Pa.

TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned having taken the Large and Commodious Hotel, in Pottsville, known as the

MORTIMER HOUSE,

Would respectfully announce to his old friends and former patrons that he is prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their patronage.

The MORTIMER HOUSE has been newly papered, painted, and refurnished throughout, and the PROPRIETOR feels warranted in saying that it is UNSURPASSED BY ANY HOTEL IN THE Borough of Pottsville, for comfort and convenience.

No Pains will be Spared

To render it an agreeable and comfortable stopping place for strangers and travelers.

The Stabling and Shedding,

Attached to the Hotel, are sufficiently large for the accommodation of the horses and carriages of his guests.

The Hotel is now open for the

Reception of the Public.

☞ He will be happy to accommodate all who may give him a call.

JOSEPH M. FEGER,
Pottsville, April 8, 1863. Proprietor.

EXCITING NEWS!

At the STORE of

L K LAUDERMILCH

CUMBERLAND ST.
LEBANON, PA.

New Goods! New Goods!

GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO CASH BUYERS.

French Merino, all colored.
ENGLISH MERINO, all colored.
All Wool Delains, all colored.
POPLIN MUSLIN DELAINS, & Black French Cloth.
BEAVER Over Coating.
CLOTH for LADIES, CLOAKS, from $2,00 to $4,00.
Fancy and Black Cass.
Satinettes, sold from 50 cts. to $1,00.
Bed Check and Ticking.
Bleached and Unbleached Muslin.
Woolen Stockings.
Shirting, Flannel, Shirting, Flannel.
Calicoes and Ginghams.
Woolen and Cotton Hoseiries.
Ladies' and Gents' Gloves.
Hoop Skirts! Hoop Skirts!!
Balmoral Skirts.
Umbrellas! Umbrellas!!
Linen and Paper Collars.
A