Lebanon Advertiser.

WHEN DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES CEASE TO LEAD, WE CEASE TO FOLLOW."

WM. M. BRESLIN, Editor and Proprietor.

LEBANON, PA.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1864.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

Geo. B. McClellan,

OF NEW JERSEY.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

Geo. H. Pendleton,

OF OHIO.

FOR CONGRESS,

HON. MYER STROUSE.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

Assembly.
ADAM RISE, Lebanon.
Prothonotary,
JACOB WITMER, jr., Cornwall
Sheriff,
W. G. SOUDER, Swatara.
Commissioners,
RUDOLPH HERR, 3y., South Annville,
MARTIN MANDERBACH, jr., 2y Jackson.
Director,
EZRA BUCHER, South Lebanon.
Auditor,
VALENTINE D. URICH. Bethel.
Coroner,
JOHN RODAERMEL, N. Lebanon Boro'

MORE TAXES!

$20,000,000

On Real Estate!

On the 5th of August, 1861, it will be remembered, Congress passed an act levying $20,000,000 taxes on Real Estate, annually.

Becoming fearful that the people might become tired of the war, if they experienced its cost, an act was passed on the 1st of July, 1862, postponing the operations of the act to the 1st of April, 1865.

On the 30th of June, 1864, an act was passed declaring said act to be in full force and effect.

Thus, on the 1st of April, 1865, will be levied a tax of $20,000,000 on the Real Estate of the country.—This is in addition to all other taxes.

The share of this tax to be raised by Pennsylvania will be about $2, 000,000, to be about

$30,000.

This Tax will be levied and collected every year!

The Farmers and Real Estate owners of the county can thus see that the burdens they will be obliged to bear, (*if they can,*) will be of no trifling character, and that with the promise of having them increased doubly, trebly, and four-fold, if the present administration is left in power to continue the war for the emancipation of the negroes.

If the people think that their taxes, already oppressing them in a hundred ways, are not burthensome enough, let them vote for Lincoln, and he will give them enough to their heart's content, in addition to a draft every three months.

If they think that they are paying enough already and want peace and a restored Union, in disregard of the negro, let them vote the Democratic ticket next Tuesday.

☞ Hon. ROBERT WINTHROP, one of the most noted politicians of the opposition party in the New England States is out for McClellan and Pendleton. He made a powerful speech in their favor in New York last week. Mr. Winthrop's influence is so great that it is thought he will turn several of the Eastern States in favor of the Democratic candidates. Mr. Winthrop was always heretofore an opponent of the Democracy. He was the candidate of the opposition for Speaker of the U. S. House of Representatives, during Mr. Taylor's administration, when so many ballots were had and so long a time was consumed in electing a speaker.

THE DRAFT.

The "Wide-Awake" orators who make small speeches to smaller audiences through the county, do not tell their audiences that the "*Draft*" is one of the results of Lincoln's election! Ain't we having to a glorious degree the "good times" promised by Lincoln orators in 1860? "Vote for old Abe" if you want a *fresh draft* every once in a while! Vote for "Little Mac" if you want UNION and PEACE!

☞ The Lincolnites are circulating circulars purporting to come from a Democratic committee full of laudations of Jeff. Davis, the rebellion, &c. Let no one be deceived by such trash. They are all base forgeries, and only the advance guard of what may yet be expected until the election. Forgery is respectable occupation for them in comparison to some of their other evil deeds.

☞ The opposition of this county have been informed by their papers that Mr. Fremont has withdrawn as a candidate for the Presidency, but has anyone seen his letter of declination published in either the *Courier* or *Libanon Demokrat*? Why don't they publish it? They are afraid.—If the people of this county were not kept blind-folded and led about in the dark by their papers, the power of that party would have been broken long ago.

ELEVENTH HOUR STORIES.

Our political opponents will no doubt resort, this fall, as is always their habit, to their old tricks of circulating false reports on the eve of the election. If they have anything further to say in favor of their party and Old Abe, or against the Democracy, they have had plenty of time before now, and hence we caution the public against believing anything that they may put forward from this time until the election. It will all be false. Beware of their handbills, their cards, their reports, and everything else intended to influence you for Old Abe.

FIZZLES!

The meetings of the Republican stumpers through Lebanon county are fizzles! The people remember these men as the ones who told them that if Lincoln was elected we would have economy in our government; low taxation; every man should have a farm! *They see what we have got by believing these* "Wide-Awake" orators! The coolness, the apathy of the republican masses, their determination to vote for McClellan in November, and the Democratic ticket, on the 11th, is terrifying to the "Wide-Awake" orators who *don't go* to the war, they are asking the people to continue.

Lincoln Draws his $25,000 in Coin —The Poor Soldier gets his pay in Greenecks.

Senator Richardson, of Ill., in a speech at Chicago said that Abraham Lincoln drew his salary as President of the United States in coin, while the poor soldier drew his pay—$16 per month—in "greenbacks" only worth about forty cents on the dollar! *Honest* this, in "honest" Old Abe! The plain people have to take greenbacks, while the office holders draw their pay in gold, for which the tax-payers have to pay 1,50 per cent!

The Lincolnites, as an offset to the many changes that are taking place in favor of McClellan, are also publishing some recent accessions to their ranks. The latest is a *cool* one. They say that the "coolness" between [illegible] and that the Governor will support Old Abe. They announce this with a great flourish of trumpets. What a wonderful accession this is! Curtin for Lincoln! In the backwoods they no doubt persuade the people that Curtin has always been a life-long Democrat.

☞ Fred. Douglass, the negro, was admitted by Mr. Lincoln to the White House, and granted a lengthy interview, when hundreds of white freemen were knocking in vain for admission. The following is Douglass' own account of his visit:—

I have been down there, said he, to see the President, and, as you were not there, perhaps you may like to know how the President of the United States received a black man at the White House. I will tell you how he received me—just as you have seen one gentlemen receive another (great applause) with a hand and a voice well balanced between a kind cordiality and a respectful reserve.—I tell you I felt big there. [Laughter.] Let me tell you how I got to him; because everybody can't get to him. He has to be a little guarded in admitting spectators. The manner of getting to him gave me an idea that the cause was rolling on. The stairway was crowded with applicants. Some of them looked eager; and I have no doubt some of them had a purpose in being there, and wanted to see the President for the good of the country! They were white, and as I was the only dark spot among them, I expected to have to wait at least half a day; I had heard of men waiting a week; but in two minutes after I sent in my card the messenger came out and respectfully invited "Mr. Douglass" in. I could hear in the multitude outside, as they saw me pressing and elbowing my way through, the remark—"Yes, damn it. I knew they would let the nigger through" in a kind of despairing voice—a peace Democrat, I suppose.

☞ Do not let a single vote be absent from the polls next Tuesday.—Let every vote be polled.

☞ The people voted for a change four years ago. They had it. Now, let them vote for another change next Tuesday. If they do so aright they will get it. Then let them hold on to the good.

☞ THE STORY GOES that Senator Wade called on President Lincoln, near the close of the session of Congress, on some important business—when the President says, "Sit down Wade—I want to tell you a story." Wade was indignant, and replied. "D—n you, and your stories, too!—If gentlemen can never approach you on matters of grave public moment without being met with dirty stories, I want no more to do with you," and abruptly left the royal presence.

"Vote for Curtin and avoid the Draft!"

"The war will be over in three months."

"No more Drafts."

The above are some of the chap-trap cries of the opposition last fall. Many people believed them, and of course were deceived. Will they this fall believe anything the opposition may put forth? Remember this when you go to vote.

SOLDIERS' PAY.

The Lincoln "government" allows the soldier $16 per month. Hon. Myer Strouse our member of Congress, and a candidate for re-election, voted for increasing it to $30. We know a large number of soldiers the heads of families who are dependent upon this small pittance of $16 per month for their support. We will see what it will buy at present rates:

1 bushel Potatoes	$1 00
50 lbs Flour	3 50
1 " Tea	2 00
10 " Beef	4 00
5 " Sugar	1 50
4 " Coffee	3 00
Vegatables	1 00
	$16 00

The above amount at present prices is insufficient for a single person, but whole families are made to subsist upon it, to say nothing of clothing and rent. Abraham Lincoln and his shoddyite friends say it is enough, and Mr. Strouse says it is not. The voter at the polls will settle the question. We ask the soldier who has left a family at home how he likes the bill of fare for each month.

☞ The Wide Awake orators peddling their small lies about this county on the Poor House teams fail to tell their auditors who pays for said teams, and whether they are engaged for the campaign or only for a certain number of meetings.

☞ The Stars and Stripes suspended across a street in Reading, was so offensive to some abolitionists because the name of McClellan was inscribed thereon, that they cut the rope and trailed the flag in the dust. They are doubtless disciples of Greeley, who, in 1856, used to sing:—

"Tear down the flaunting Lie!
Half-mast the starry flag!
Insult no sunny sky
With that's polluted rag!"

☞ The great October election takes place

Next Tuesday!

"McCLELLAN A TRAITOR!"

The Wide-Awake orators who attend abolition meetings on the Poor House Teams, tell their auditors that "McCLELLAN IS A TRAITOR."

If such assertions can possibly make votes for their master, we despair of the intelligence and sense of justice of the American people!

A very good song reads in this wise,

"Hark from the tombs a doleful sound,
My ears attend the cry;
Ye Lincoln men come view the ground
Where you must shortly lie.

All shoddies are invited to repent, and sing the foregoing.

FRIENDS OF McCLELLAN!

Remember that the trial of strength in Pennsylvania between McClellan and Lincoln will be made at the October election. Do not be taken off your guard, or allow yourselves to be deceived on this point. The State election will, in all probability, have a very important bearing on the November contest.

ARTEMUS WARD ON THE NEGRO.—FELLER SITIZENS—The Afrikan may be our brother. Sevril hily respektable gentlemen and sum talented females tell us so, and for argyment sake I might be injuced to grant it, though I don't believe it myself. But the Afrikan isn't our sister, and our wife and our uncle. He isn't sevril of our cozens, and all of our wife's relashuns. He isn't our grandfather and our aunt in the country. Scarcely. And yet numeris persins would have us think so. It is too trob he runs Congress, and sevril other public grossery's. But we've got the Afrikan, or he's got us, rather; now, what are we going to do about it?—He's an orful nonsance. 'Praps he isn't to blame for it. 'Praps he was created for some wise purpose, like Bill Harding and New England rum, but is mity hard to see it. At any rate he's here, and it's a pity he couldn't go orf sum whares quietly by himself, whare he cood gratterfy his ambition in varis wase, wi'out havin a eternal fuss kickt up about him.

"GEORGE," A GOOD NAME.—The Buffalo *Courier* says:—It is common talk among the masses of the people, that George is a good name for a President. They say: We have had but one President of that name, and he was so good that we should like to try another." The people want another George.

LET every taxpayer remember that Mr. Lincoln's negro policy has contracted a war debt in three years and six months, in round numbers, of *four thousand millions of dollars, or over one hundred dollars for every man, woman and child white and black, in the loyal States.*

☞ Artemus Ward defines war as hard task for soldiers and hard taxes for the citizens.

How are YOU, Abraham?

Little Mac, and Old Abe.

"LITTLE MAC"

"Oh Honest, Honest Abraham Lincoln,
How do you do?—how do you do?"

HONEST OLD ABE:

"None the better, George McClellan,
For seeing you—for seeing YOU."

☞ The Wide-Awake orators who are at present "*drafting*" about the county on the Poor House Teams, are said to be highly delighted with that kind of a *draft*, and think the war should go on until the last man and the last dollar is *drafted*—the former into the poor house and the latter into their pockets.

FARMERS!—Mr. Lincoln's policy has mortgaged your farms to the rich men of this country and Europe, for every penny the lands are worth; and you will have to pay the interest on this mortgage annually, in the form of heavy and ever increasing taxes. All this is done to set free the slaves of the South. Mr. Lincoln says he will listen to no proposition of peace that does not include the emancipation of the negroes.

☞ Will our friends in the townships, when they come to town next Tuesday night or Wednesday morning, bring in the returns of their districts? It will be a great assistance to us in making up full and correct lists of the whole county.

THE ABOLITION IDEA OF VICTORY.

Whenever there is news of a victory by the Federal troops, the Abolition papers crow over it, just as though Democratic soldiers did not help to win it, or as if none but abolition blood had been shed in the battle by which it was won. They regard it not so much a victory for the government as a triumph for their own party; not so much a defeat of the rebels as a disaster to the Democrats. Thus the cloven foot displays itself. They don't care half as much about whipping the rebels, as they do about defeating the Democracy.—But the victories of our armies will only serve to strengthen the Democracy, inasmuch that the weakening of the rebel armies will induce them to return to the Union under a Democratic Administration, whilst under Abolition rule, of which they are determined to be independent, it merely operates to prolong the war.—Therefore, the Abolitionists crow over the results which ought and

THE TRIALS OF A CONSCRIPT.—The following narrative was reported at police headquarters on Saturday. A country conscript, contracted with a gentlemanly looking chap on Friday to go as a substitute for $950. Fifty dollars were paid over to bind the bargain, there were sundry drinks at the saloon, and as the substitute could not be examined until Saturday they went to the hotel together. The conscript kept a sharp eye on the substitute, and at bedtime insisted on occupying the same room and the same bed. Substitute objected: never had been in the habit of sleeping with anybody, and would not, which was the long and short of it. Finally they compromised on a room with two beds. Mine host escorted them up stairs. Substitute insisted upon blowing out the light before undressing, and to make a long story short, confessed herself a *woman*. The conscript, who is a respectable married man, was terribly shocked, and locking the door, brought the proprietor, when after a short consultation it was determined to let her go. She was shown to the street door, and is said to have taken the midnight train North. She is, doubtless, a professional bounty jumper.—*Age.*

Disgraceful.—While the Abolition procession was passing Third and Spruce streets, Philadelphia, on Saturday evening, a cowardly young man stepped out of the ranks of the Invincibles (2) and cut a small boy nine years of age over the head with a lantern simply because the child cheered for McClellan. He was carried into the drug store at the above corner by J. J. Hindman, Esq., of Philadelphia, where his wounds were dressed.

THE PRESIDENTIAL CHANCES.

The N. Y. *Tribune* published the following list of States which will probably cast their votes for Lincoln:

Maine 7, New Hampshire 5, Massachusetts 12, Rhode Island 4, Connecticut 6, Vermont 5, New York 33, Delaware 3, Maryland 7, Ohio 21, Michigan 8, Wisconsin 8, Minnesota 4, Iowa 8, Kansas 3, California 5, Oregon 3, West Virginia 5—total 147.

This the *Tribune* says is 30 more than a majority. Of course that paper could not give up its own State to the Democracy, but it is as certain New York will cast her 33 votes for McClellan as the State of New Jersey, and that little State is as true as the needle to the pole. Take the 33 votes off 147, and Lincoln will be beaten three votes, without counting what will be taken off by others of the above named States, which will likely poll for McClellan.

It will be observed that that journal gives up to McClellan the States of Pennsylvania 26, New Jersey 7, Indiana 13, Illinois 16, Kentucky 11, and Missouri 11—total 84. To these add New York 33, and we have 117 against 114—being three of a majority.

MASSACHUSETTS WHITE SLAVE TRADE.

Doings of Recruiting Agents in Belgium—Startling Revelations.

The *Courrier des Etats Unis* of the 21st contains astounding revelations and indisputable testimony showing the manner in which New England has "inaugurated" the "White Slave Trade." It prints the following letter, which we translate, in order to place on record the means employed by Massachusetts to fill her quotas of men due to the Federal Government. The letter speaks for itself:

NEW YORK, Sept. 20, 1864.

To the Editor of the Courrier des Etats Unis:

Sir:—At the solicitation of a certain Louis A. Dochez, emigrant agent for the [illegible] Consuls, who acts by authority of Federal Consuls, we embarked on board the ship Peter Godfrey, for Boston. We enclose you the prospectus in French and Flemish which was handed to us and which contains the false promises under which we embarked. Not a single one of these promises has been fulfilled. On board we have been treated like dogs. They made us sell our clothing in Belgium, under pretence that they would give us other clothing; but they have done nothing of the sort. Several of us arrived in Boston literally naked. They only gave us one meal per day, and such food!

In Boston they gave us first a shirt then they wanted us to sign a paper written in English. Fortunately, several emigrant victims who had preceded us, had written upon the walls in French and Flemish the words "Don't sign." Hundreds of us however, fearing the worst, resigned themselves to their fate and signed; immediately the police took them along, and they were soldiers.—Others, among whom we are, refused to sign, as we came here to work, and not to fight. At last we succeeded in being transported to New York, and after giving us seven dollars, they left us to our fate in this, to us, strange city.

We should like these facts to be made public, so as to prevent our countrymen from falling into the trap which has been set for them. Unfortunately, it is too late for those who are already on the route to this country in several other vessels.

(Signed)

ANTOINE STAS,
JEAN BAPTISTE DEWITT,
J. B. AVART,
MAGLOIRE DELATTE.

The following is a translation of the prospectus distributed by the Federal agents among Belgian working men:

TO ALL THOSE WILLING TO RESIDE IN U. S. OF AMERICA.

WANTED single men from 21 to 45 years, to emigrate to the United States!

CONDITIONS.

The engagement is contracted for three years, to date from the day they arrive in the United States.—Traveling expenses and food from the place of residence in Europe to [illegible] gratis to emigrants. On their arrival in the United States they receive a bonus of one hundred dollars, equivalent to five hundred francs.—Their monthly salary is $12, equivalent to sixty francs, and besides they will be fed, clothed and lodged during three years. For further information address Louis A. Dochez, emigration bureau, No. 2 Rue de Brabant, Brussel.

This prospectus is printed on paper containing the Belgian stamp. The *Courrier* asks, "can fraud be pushed further than this? * * * Has ever despotic government tolerated a more oppressive iniquity?"

MORE BRANDING.—The cruel dynasty at Washington has been guilty of a new infamy. Some time ago they commenced the system of branding recruits, and now they have actually extended that degrading practice to soldiers who are accepted. Here is the official document:

PROVOST MARSHAL GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 19, 1864.

Dr. Z. H. Whitmore, Surgeon Board of Enrollment, Springfield, Illinois:

Doctor: In addition to my suggestion to mark all rejected recruits and substitutes, I would suggest that all the accepted recruits and substitutes be marked thus: "I." in small of back.

This will, I think, prevent, to a great extent, the practice of bounty jumping.

Your friend,

J. H. BAXTER, Surg. U. S. V.,
Ch. Med. Off. Pro. Mar. Gen's Bureau.

Is not this enough to stir a fever in the blood of age? To prevent bounty jumping, the brave men who are to fight our battles and save our country are to be marked with a brand which they will carry with them to their graves. Surely the following from the Chicago *Times*, which publishes the order, but feebly expresses the hot indignation of every freeman at this indignity to our soldiers:

"The farmer brands his cipher upon his hog; the slave driver, in case of an incorrigible slave, brands a letter upon his head; the French, in their days of barbarism, branded their infamous T. F. P. upon the shoulder of the galley slave; but today the only white men on earth who are forced to undergo what civilization long since rejected as too scandalous and ignominous, are the people who call themselves Americans —*Trenton Emporium.*

Don't get sick. There's a tax upon ill health. Every box of pills, every pot of ointment, every bottle of cough syrup, carminitives, and soothing mixtures for your babies must have the Government stamp upon it.

☞ An officer seduced a man's wife in Natchez. The man tried to shoot the officer, missed his aim, and was immediately shot dead by the seducer.

Forgot the Trick.

A boy, the other day, borrowed a stick of candy from a comrade to show him that he could pull it out of his ear. He swallowed it, and then twisted himself in various ways to extract it; but at length informed his companion he had forgotten that part of the trick. That is what's the matter at Washington.

Lincoln told the people he would put the war through in thirty days with seventy-five thousand men, but after a few contortions he forgot the trick."

He told them if they would give him a piece of paper and a pen he would emancipate all the negroes in a day. He tried it but forgot the trick.

Chase said he could make as good money out of paper as out of gold, but he "forgot the trick."

Halleck and Stanton promised McClellan more men on the Peninsula, but they "forgot the trick."

The Republican Congress declared they had found out a way to maintain the Monroe Doctrine, but they "forgot the trick."

The Republican party proclaimed that if certain men were elected it would avoid a draft. They were elected but they "forgot the trick."

So it goes and so it will go if Lincoln is elected again on the war-peace platform he will "forget the trick."

BAD NEWS FROM MISSOURI.

The invasion of Missouri has assumed alarming proportions. Nothing has been done to check it. Business is suspended in St. Louis, and the people are arming for home defense. Some regiments of hundred days' men have been sent from Illinois. The Federal force which was at De Soto, watching the progress of the invading army, has abandoned that place and returned northward along the railroad, towards St. Louis. They have halted on the north bank of the Miramec River, twelve miles south of St. Louis, and given up all the country south of it to the enemy. General Ewing, who was cut off at Pilot Knob, has been heard from. On Tuesday the Confederates attacked him in his post, but were repulsed with loss. On Wednesday at daylight, Ewing blew up his fort, spiked his cannon and left them behind, and began a hasty retreat northwest, towards the village of Harrison, on the Rolla Railroad, sixty miles southwest of St. Louis. The Confederates followed him, and the detachment of the enemy which was at De Soto and Potosi, at once started, across the country for Staunton, on the Rolla Railroad, northeast of Harrison. They intend, if possible, to intercept Ewing's retreat at Centralia, in Central Missouri. A detachment of Federal militia have been ambushed, and ninety-six killed. Nothing definite is known of Ewing's movements after evacuating Pilot Knob. All communication between his army and St. Louis is cut off.

A Daring Burglary and Cold Blooded Murder of an Innocent Woman in Northumberland County, Pa.—Sunbury, Sept. 26. On Saturday, Sept. 24th, 1864, while Lewis Chamberlin of Shamokin township, Northumberland county, was in Sunbury, the county seat of said county, on business, his house was entered in broad day light, in the presence of his wife, and robbed of two hundred dollars, and Mrs. Chamberlin taken to the woods and shot through the head.

THE *Miner's Journal*, a rabid Lincoln paper published at Pottsville, in this State, in its issue of September 24th, gave as a reason why McClellan should not be elected that *on the mere announcement of his nomination, coal declined from one to two dollars a ton.* Strange reason, this. Mechanics! Laboring men! This is the policy of Lincoln and his supporters—keep up the prices, that Shoddy may roll in wealth, no matter how starved and naked you may be. Elect Lincoln, and a month's wages won't buy a ton of coal. Elect McClellan, and you will soon have back again the good old Democratic times and prices!

OUT FOR McCLELLAN.—Colonel James M. Moss, of Missouri, the leading spirit got the Cleveland Convention which nominated Fremont, is out for McClellan.

THE VALUE OF A GOLD DOLLAR.—At a draft meeting held in the Seventh Ward, an evening or two since, the treasurer of the fund reported the contribution of a poor sewing woman—a widow. This contribution consisted of a gold dollar. It was agreed to sell it off to the highest bidder. A spirited competition immediately arose and in a short time it was knocked down for one hundred and eighteen dollars.—*Age.*

☞ Col. George W. McCook, of Stubenville, one of the "fighting family," who supported Tod and Brough, is now on the stump for McClellan.—*Ohio Ex.*

Major Gen. Alex McCook is out in favor of McClellan.—*Seneca Advertiser.*

ILLINOIS.—The local election last week in Alton, Ill., tells how the tide is running in the West. The Democratic ticket was elected by majorities ranging from two to three hundred. Lincoln carried that city in 1860 by thirteen votes. As great a change in other parts of the State—and all private advices promise heavy gains—would give Illinois to "Little Mac" by thirty thousand majority.

The royal sixteen-wheeled car manufactured at Alexandria, Va., and ornamented by artists from Philadelphia, has cost the Government *eighty thousand dollars!* So says the loyal Philadelphia *Bulletin*. It has sleeping apartments, a parlor, and a secretary's office. Abraham can now travel with all the regality of an eastern bashaw. Pity he hasn't longer to stay to enjoy it. It will be Little Mac's first duty to sell this car and put the money into the pension fund for the widows and orphans of our dead soldiers.

They tell a story of a substitute broker, which is probably true. He had "put in" one of his men some dozen or fifteen times, and had come to regard him as the most profitable part of his stock in trade. On one occasion the bounty-jumper found no opportunity to run away until the steamboat upon which he was shipped for the army had got a mile from the land. He took his chance, however, jumped overboard, and succeeded in reaching the bank. On relating his adventures to his principal the broker sharply reproved him for his temerity, adding, "only think what a loss it would have been to me had you been drowned!"

Horrible Massacre.—In Idaho, recently, as an emigrant train of seven wagons with nine men, two women and three children, who were on their way to the land of gold, were making preparations to camp for the night, a war party of Indians came up and asked for something to eat. While it was being prepared the Indians massacred every one of them.

☞ GEN. JOHN A. MCCLERLAND, of Illinois, who has fought on nearly all of the battle-fields of the West during this war, has written a letter in which he declares that he shall support McClellan, and that Gen. LOGAN will do the same thing.

—"Suppose you go to war, you cannot fight always; and when after much loss on both sides, and no gain on either, you cease fighting, the identical question as to terms of intercourse is upon you." So spoke Abraham Lincoln at the commencement of his administration.

B. MARKLEY BOYER, Esq., of Norristown, has been nominated as the Democratic candidate for Congress in the district composed of Montgomery and Lehigh.

☞ A vote for Lincoln is a vote for conscription, for high taxes, and for universal ruin, beggary and starvation.

THE Detroit *Free Press* says "it is understood that General Lewis Cass will address his fellow-citizens, at Merrill Hall, in favor of the election of General George B. McClellan, as President of the United States." A Gen. Cass is one of the converts that our Abolition contemporaries claim for "A. Lincoln."

PUBLIC SALE
OF REAL ESTATE OF
Abraham Rex, deceased.

WILL be sold at PUBLIC SALE, at the Public House of M. K. KEIM, in SHAEFFERSTOWN, on

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 21st, 1864,

the following valuable Real Estate, late the Estate of ABRAHAM REX, deceased, viz:—

No. 1, A Plantation or Tract of Land, situate in Heidelberg township, Lebanon county, about 1½ miles from Shaefferstown, between the roads leading to Lebanon and Myerstown, containing

121 *Acres and* 68 *Perches*,

neat measure, of good Limestone Land, adjoining property of William Ilsa, Anos Krall, John Stobler, John Gibble, Peter Brubacher, and others. The improvements are a two story Log DWELLING HOUSE, Bank or SWITZER BARN, Wagon Shed, and all other necessary out buildings; two Wells of Water with Pumps, one near the House, and the other near the Barn; a fine Orchard of choice Fruit. All the fences are in first rate order and of Chestnut rails. The land has been well limed [illegible] is principally Oak and Hickory WOODLAND. This is one of the best Farms in that section of the country, and worthy the attention of buyers.

No. 2, *A Half Lot of Ground* situate in Shaefferstown, Lebanon county, fronting on Market street, and adjoining property of Dr. Zerbe and the Lancaster road, and property of John Smith, deceased. The improvements are a one story Log DWELLING HOUSE, STABLE, and other necessary out buildings.

No. 3, *A Lot of Ground*, situate in Shaefferstown, fronting on Main and Carpenter streets, and adjoining property of Abraham Houser and other property of Abraham Rex, deceased. The improvements are a two story Weather boarded HOUSE, STABLE, and other necessary out buildings, and also a never failing Well of Water with Pump.

No. 4, 10 *BUILDING LOTS*, situate in Shaefferstown, all fronting on Main street, 3 of them being 82 feet front, 4 of 80 feet front, and 3 of 85 feet front,

No. 5, A *MEADOW*, situate in Shaefferstown, containing about 2½ ACRES OF LAND, bounded by Market and Lancaster street, and No. 6

No. 6, *AN ORCHARD*, situate in Shaefferstown, containing about 1½ ACRES OF LAND, fronting on Lancaster street, and adjoining No. 5 and others.

ALSO, will be sold at the same place, on

Saturday, October 22d 1864,

the following described Real Estate of said deceased, viz:—

No. 1, *A Tract of Land*, situate in Heidelberg township, about 1 mile from Shaefferstown, on the road leading to Lebanon, containing

11 *Acres and* 17 *Perches*,

neat measure, of first rate Limestone Land, adjoining property of John Gibble, No. 2, and Peter Brubaker.—This tract has about 3 Acres of WOODLAND.

No. 2, *A Tract of Land*, situate in Heidelberg township, about 1 mile from Shaeffer town, on the road leading to Lebanon, containing

13 *Acres and* 147 *Perches*,

neat measure of good Limestone Land, adjoining property of Levi Umberger, Daniel Funk, Samuel Weiss and No. 1. About 3 acres of this tract is also good WOODLAND.

No. 3, *A Tract of Excellent Chestnut Timber Land*, situate in Heidelberg township, about 2 miles north east from Shaeffertown, containing

4 *Acres and* 34 *Perches*,

neat measure, adjoining lands of Jesse Brychton, F. Hoffman, Miller & Zerbe, tract or lot No. 4 and Samuel Kurtz.

No. 4, *A Tract of Excellent Chestnut Timber Land*, containing

5 *Acres and* 24 *Perches*,

neat measure, adjoining No. 3, Miller & Zerbe, Philip Albright, Samuel Brubaker and Michael Dane.

No. 5, *A Tract of Excellent Chestnut Timber Land* containing

5 *Acres and* 117 *Perches*,

neat measure, adjoining No. 4, Samuel Brubaker, William Seibert, Samuel Noll, lot No. 6, Mr. Flower and Michael Dane.

No. 6, *A Tract of Excellent Chestnut Timber Land*, containing

4 *Acres and* 117 *Perches*,

neat measure, adjoining No. 5 land of Samuel Noll, No. 7, land of Daniel Brubacher and others.

No. 7, *A Tract of Excellent Chestnut Timber Land*, containing

4 *Acres and* 99 *Perches*,

neat measure, adjoining No. 6, No. 8, lands of Henry Noll and Daniel Brubacher.

No. 8, *A Tract of Excellent Chestnut Timber Land*, containing

3 *Acres and* 117 *Perches*,

neat measure, adjoining No. 7, No. 9, lands of Henry Noll and Daniel Brubacher.

No. 9, *A Tract of Excellent Chestnut Timber Land*, containing

4 *Acres and* 34 *Perches*,

neat measure, adjoining No. 8, No. 10, lands of Henry Noll and Daniel Brubacher.

No. 10, *A Tract of Excellent Chestnut Timber Land*, containing

5 *Acres*,

adjoining No. 9, lands of Henry Noll and Daniel Brubacher.

No. 11, *The one-half of* 4 *Acres of undivided Chestnut Sprout Land*, near the above.

All the above Land is situated in Heidelberg township, Lebanon co.

Good Title and Possession will be given on the first day of April, 1865.

☞ Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when conditions of sale will be made known by

SAMUEL GOSHERT.

A. Agent for the Heirs of Abraham Rex, dec'd.

B. Bloch, Auctioneer.

Heidelberg township, Sept. 21st, 1864.

NATIONAL HOTEL

(LATE WHITE SWAN,)

Race Street, above Third, Phila.

THIS establishment offers great inducements not only on account of reduced rates of boarding, but from its central location to the avenues of trade, as well as the conveniences afforded by the several Passenger Railways, running past and contiguous to it, by which guests can pass to and from the Hotel to the different Railroad Depots, should they be preferred to the regular Omnibus belonging to the House.

I am determined to devote my whole attention to the comfort and convenience of my guests.

GEO. LIGHTCAP, Proprietor.

JOS. HOUSUM, Clerk. June 15, 1864.