Lebanon Advertiser.

"WHEN DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES CEASE TO LEAD, WE CEASE TO FOLLOW."

WM. M. BRESLIN, Editor and Proprietor.

LEBANON, PA.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1863.

The Preservation of the Constitution.
The Restoration of the Union.
And the Supremacy of the Laws.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

GEO. W. WOODWARD,

OF LUZERNE.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

WALTER H. LOWRIE,

OF ALLEGHENY.

State Senator,
DANIEL D. BOAS,
of Dauphin county.

Assembly.
HENRY HEILMAN, jr.,
N. Lebanon township.

Recorder and Clerk Quarter Sessions.
WILLIAM B. KREIDER,
Cornwall.

Register,
JOHN P. UMBERGER,
Lebanon.

Clerk of the Orphans' Court,
HIRAM P. SEIBERT,
Jackson.

Treasurer,
WILLIAM SHIRK,
Lebanon.

Commissioner,
JACOB ALBERT,
Bethel.

Directors of the Poor,
JOSEPH SNAVELY, (3 yrs.)
N. Lebanon township.
ISAAC STRUPPENHAUR, (2 yrs.)
North Annville.

Auditor,
CHRISTIAN HOFFER,
Londonderry.

Election on Tuesday, October 13th, 1863

JUDGE PEARSON'S CHARGE.

"Do not misunderstand me on this subject. Men have the most unlimited right to condemn, and if you please, rail at the *National Administration*, and object to the manner in which it conducts public affairs, but not to decry the government under which we live, or express hopes or wishes for a dissolution of the Union, the destruction or defeat of our armies, the success of the rebels or of the rebellion. * * * The Administration he may entirely condemn; the Government he is bound to support. Parties will always exist in every free country, and whether men will sustain or oppose a particular administration, is one in which there should ever be the most perfect freedom of opinion, but no man or set of men has any right, natural or political, to overturn the government itself. He is bound to support and sustain it, let who will, administer its affairs, until the ruler can be changed under the provisions of the Constitution. There certainly can be no difficulty with persons of ordinary intelligence drawing the distinction between sustaining the government itself, and sustaining or opposing those who temporarily administer its affairs. The latter is a question of *party*, the former of *patriotism*."

HENRY HEILMAN, jr.

It is hardly necessary to follow up and correct the falsehoods put forth by the opposition against our excellent candidate for the Assembly, Henry Heilman, jr., of North Lebanon. He was nominated to the position he occupies on our ticket, not only without solicitation on his part, but entirely without his knowledge. He is no aspirant for office, but a simple farmer, an occupation he has followed all his days—an occupation also which has been that of his ancestors for generations. He is presented as the representative of the farming interest of this county. He is a gentleman of character and honor, and noted for that straight-forward, strong common sense, which will make him, if he should be elected, a vastly superior member to the dozens of others who talk much but think little. All aspersions upon the habits or character of Mr. Heilman are only discreditable to those that find their cause so weak as to be under the necessity of making them, and hence, as we said at the commencement of this article, unworthy of notice.

☞ Hon. Myer Strouse made a most admirable speech before the Junior Democratic Club of Lebanon on Thursday evening of last week. The Hall was crowded although but imperfect notice had been given of the Meeting.

On Tuesday evening of last week a large meeting was held at the Farm House of Michael Fortna, in North Lebanon township, about 3 miles from Lebanon. The attendance was large. Addresses were delivered by Messrs. S. T. McAdam, W. M. Breslin and John W. Harbesson.

The Revived Rose—Take a rose that is quite faded, and after throwing some common sulphur on a chaffing-dish of hot coals, hold the rose over the fumes and it will become quite white. Then dip it into a basin of water, and give it to any one telling him to put it into his drawer or box, and close the place tightly. Five or six hours afterwards tell him to open the box, and he will find to his astonishment, instead of the white rose he put, there, a rose perfectly red

☞ Ferguson, the poet, died of starvation. A splendid monument adorns his grave, and on it is written: "He asked for bread and we gave him a stone." The finest sarcasm ever uttered.

Thaddeus Stevens
THE
CHIEF LEADER
OF THE
REPUBLICANS
SAID IN HIS SPEECH AT
Christiana,
LAST WEEK.

"THE UNION AS IT WAS,
AND THE
CONSTITUTION AS IT IS,—
GOD FORBID IT!"

Will the abolition editors of Lebanon, who shout so much about the Unionism of their party, have the honesty to lay Stevens' speech before their readers? If Republicans doubt the correctness of this extract from Stevens' speech we refer them to the Philadelphia *Press* of last Friday, into which it no doubt slipped accidentally. The most glaring deception the world ever saw is attempted to be practised this fall upon the good people of Pennsylvania by the abolitionists, under the cloak of Unionism. They are out and out against the Union and the Constitution, while professing the most patriotic devotion for them.

☞ We trust that the active and leading Democrats of the several districts of this county will attend at the polls on the day of the election. It is of the utmost importance that they should do so, as many a vote is lost by a neglect of this important particular. The opposition party have always their men there during the entire day, and the Democrats should imitate their example. Go there early and stay the whole day. Arrange your business beforehand.

☞ The address of the Democratic State Committee, which we publish this week, is especially addressed to those "who have returned to their homes from the military service of our country;" but it may be read with profit by every voter.

MEETING IN JACKSON.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the Democracy of Jackson and the adjoining townships was held at Myerstown, on Friday afternoon, the 25th of Sept. The meeting was organized by the election of the following gentlemen as officers of the meeting.

President, SAMUEL MORRETT.

Vice Presidents, William Olewine, Dr. C. D. Gloninger, Samuel Geshert, Dr. Jacob Cooper, Jacob Tice, Levi Wolfersberger, Joseph Heilman, Michael S. Moore and Jeremiah Achey.

Secretaries, Martin Manderbach, J. A. Donges, S. Fosig.

The object of the meeting was stated in a few pertinent remarks by John S. Bassler, Esq.

The meeting was then addressed by Samuel T. McAdam, Esq., and Hon. Myer Strouse, member of Congress from this district. Their speeches were received with frequent shouts of applause. Great harmony and enthusiasm prevailed at the meeting.

Before the meeting adjourned, three cheers were given for Woodward, Lowrie, the Union and the Constituiion.

For the Advertiser.

SHAEFFERSTOWN, Sept. 25, 1863.

MR. EDITOR:—The Democracy of Old Heidelberg held a spirited meeting on Thursday last, in our pleasant town. It was called to order by J. S. Achey, who introduced Edward Keener, of Lancaster county, as the first speaker. He addressed the meeting in an able manner on the issues of the day, and showed in unmistakable terms how our country prospered under Democratic Administrations. Hon. Myer Strouse spoke in most eloquent language in the German, and held the audience spellbound to the home truths he uttered. J. S. Bassler and S. T. McAdam, Esqrs., also addressed the meeting, presenting in plain language the issues to be met this fall. There are a number of Republicans here who will support WOODWARD, being as they allege, tired of such times as we have. No one can be deceived this fall, if he only reflects and acts accordingly. The Draft is knocking at our doors, and, if the Democracy should be unsuccessful, no one can fathom the end of what is coming.

HEIDELBERG.

For the Advertiser.

MR. EDITOR: Our Abolition friends held a meeting on Friday evening last. They brought two speakers from a neighboring county to enlighten the people on the political issues of the day, but their whole performance was nothing but buffoonery and violent abuse of the Democratic party, which met with the hearty approval of their friends. Frequent allusions to his satanic majesty were also made. There were some exceptions made in alluding to Democrats, such as Butler and Stanton, who they said were still honest and true to their country. There was also a great deal of talk about wild animals, such as Elephants, Wolves, &c., and also about a rotten mackerel in the moon, and all such silly stuff. In my estimation one of the speakers was very B. A. R. E, of common sense.

JACKSON.

ABOLITION POETRY
as published in the
New York Tribune in 1861.

THE AMERICAN FLAG.

Tear down the flaunting lie!
Half-mast the starry flag!
Insult no sunny sky
With hate's polluted rag!
Destroy it, ye who can!
Deep sink it in the waves!
It bears a fellow man
To groan with fellow slaves.

☞ The People should remember that when the principal of our State Debt was 40,000,000 of dollars it was found almost impossible to pay the interest, and that now by Abolition rule the interest of the debt is almost equal to what the principal was then. Let people reflect.

☞ REFUSES TO RUN.—Mr. Philip W. Killinger who was nominated for Auditor by the Abolitionists of Lebanon, refuses them the use of his name. Mr. K. shrinks from the odium of association with the abolitionists and other treasonable influences controlling that party. No man who has any regard for his good name should be found in such company.

☞ The following are extracts from the speech delivered by Hon. John W. Killinger, in Congress on the 23d of May, 1862. His present views when compared with those he held then will astonish the people not a little. Why this great change? Time will tell.

"It is against sound policy to press such a total abolition of slavery as this bill will suddenly effect, involving, as it does, elements of mischief and dissension. We are now a unit on the war for the Union, while the South is becoming divided as our victorious flag advances Can we improve our condition by dividing our people and uniting the enemy? We run the risk, too, of demoralizing that great Army which is now in front of the enemy, and under the inspiring war cry of the Union and the Constitution! In God's name, let well enough alone, let Union sentiments revive and strengthen, and have faith that Providence will complete the work on our hands!"

"We are in danger of doing too much, not too little, on this interminable negro question. We have already passed statutes without number to regulate it, and after all it will require our heaviest artillery finally to dispose of it. It is in a fair way of settling itself, without further congressional intervention; and if only our agitators would join our victorious columns, instead of distracting the public counsels, they might render good service in this behalf. But I have observed that pseudo philanthropists and humbug humanitarians never dose themselves with the physic they prescribe to their credulous victims."

"The people at large sustain the war because they hope thereby to restore the Union and maintain the Constitution in its original integrity. I am sure that our volunteers went into the field with that purpose. Under that inspiring watchword we have raised our men and money, and can continue to raise them."

"Candor, however, requires me to say, that in my judgment neither abolition nor confiscation, in this sweeping, wholesale way, will amount to much in the prosecution of the war, or the speedy restoration of peace. In the present exigency, hard knocks are more effective than hard words."

"The insane notion that the Constitution was made for peace, and can be trifled with in time of war, is the most dangerous of political heresies, and would involve us in all the horrors of anarchy and military despotism. And to wage a fierce and unending civil war in the interest, supposed or real, of the negro race, is against all my convictions of right and duty, and I insist that the Government has proposed no such folly to the people. If it had, the people would have been slow to respond But strong in the faith and fixed in the assurance that this is a white man's war for national existence, the people are prompt to sustain the President in his policy, and thus uphold the honor and mantain the integrity of the Republic. I regret to see that a large portion of the supporters of Mr. Lincoln no longer give his Administration and policy a cordial support. Instead of standing by the chief of their choice in his conservative and patriotic course, they run after the false gods which abolition has set up, and prostrate themselves beforo the Juggernaut of negro worship"

"No man and no platform and no party can stand a moment before the hot breath of an indignant people in attemps to substitute the abolition policy and platform for that of Abraham Lincoln!

Thus, briefly, I have endeavored, without passion or prejudice, to set forth the reasons for the faith which is in me I have passed that period in my political career when a fitful gleam of a passing notoriety can obscure my sense of duty, or the fear of an unreasoning clamor can deter me from doing what I believe to be right.

THE OATHS

Taken by Governor Andrew G. Curtin when he joined the dark-lantern or Know-Nothing Party.

FIRST DEGREE.

"In the presence of the Almighty God and these Witnesses I do solemnly promise and swear that I will never betray any of the secrets of this society, nor communicate them even to proper candidates, except within a lawful council of the order; that I will never permit any of the secrets of this society to be written, or in any other manner to be made legible, except for the purpose of official instruction; that I will not vote, nor give my influence for any man, for any office in the gift of the people, unless he be an American born citizen, in favor of Americans ruling America, nor if he be a Roman Catholic; that I will in all political matters, so far as this order is concerned comply with the will of the majority though it may conflict with my personal preference."

SECOND DEGREE.

"I of my own free will and accord, in the presence of Almighty God and these witnesses do solemnly and sincerely swear that I will not under any circumstances, disclose in any manner, nor suffer it to be done by others, if in my power to prevent it, the name, sign, pass words, or other secrets of this degree, except in open Council for the purpose of instruction; that I will support in all political matters, for all political offices, members of this order in preference to other persons; that I will when elected or appointed to any official station conferring on me the power to do so, remove all FOREIGNERS, ALIENS or ROMAN CATHOLICS from office or place, and that I will in no case appoint such to any office or place in my gift. I do also promise and swear that this and all other obligations which I have previously taken in this order *shall ever be kept through life, sacred and inviolate.* All this I promise and declare as an American to sustain and abide by, without any hesitation or mental reservation whatever, so help me God!

☞ Can anybody produce a single instance where either a Roman Catholic or an adopted citizen has been appointed to an office by Governor Curtin during his administration? His oaths prevented him.

☞ We are sorry to see Republican associations of this Borough stealthily circulating documents which are neither creditable nor honorable to themselves as well as unfair to their opponents. One is a broadside entitled the "OLIVE BRANCH," which is calculated to deceive the people with the belief that Democrats are the authors of it. It is without date or responsibility. They must themselves have a poor opinion of the justice of their cause, when they are induced to thus practice deception and fraud.

☞ The Philadelphia Age, of Monday, has the following notice of an Address delivered by Jacob Weidle, Jr, Esq, of this borough before the Central Club of that city on Saturday evening last.

Meeting of the Central Democratic Club.—The address before the Central Democratic Club on Saturday night was delivered by J. Weidle, Esq, of Lebanon, Pa. Mr. Weidle, though a young man, is a forcible and eloquent speaker. He dwelt upon the policy of the present Administration, and scathingly exposed its corrupt practices The evils which had come upon our beloved country could, in his opinion, have been totally averted *had the Abolitionists, in their anxiety to* accomplish their designs, not spurned the Crittenden Compromise; and those ills which were still looming above us could all be dispelled by overtures of peace being made by the party in power.

It was the mission of the Democratic party to restore peace and prosperity to the land, and on the 13th of October, with an overwhelming majority in favor of Woodward and Lowrie, it would begin its glorious work. The character of the man who opposed Judge Woodward, his truckling policy and want of nerve, were all shown in their blackest lights by the speaker, who for over an hour enchained the attention of his hearers, who uncomfortably crowded the Club Room.

What They Promised.

'Free press,' 'free speech' and 'freedom,' 'protection to American industay,' 'economy and reform,' 'good times for the poor man' and the rest of mankind, 'protection to State sovereignty and State institutions,' 'a return to the policy of the fathers,' 'obedience to the Constitution and laws,' 'peace, harmony, and national prosperity.'

What They Gave Us.

A muzzled 'press,' 'free speech' stricken dawn by mobs and executive power, 'freedom' usurped by arbitrary arrests, bastiles and bayonets.—'American industry' destroyed.—'Economy and reform' lost sight of by the most reckless and stupendous system of robbery, party speculations and extravagance ever known to the world. 'Good times' turned into the slaughter of hundreds of thousands of our citizens, the weeping of widows and orphans and untold misery and national woe. 'Protection to State sovereignty' stricken down. 'A return to the policy of our fathers' turned into a co operation with the Devil. 'Obedience to the Constitution and laws' exchanged for military necessity, tyranny and despotism.—'Peace, harmony and national prosperity' swallowed up in dissolution and rivers of blood.

Yet these men have the audacity to ask you to vote for them again!

A Law to Punish Poverty.—It is well enough to put things in their true shape. Let us try it:

Be it enacted by the Congress of the United States, That any able bodied man, between the ages of twenty and forty five, who shall from any cause be too poor to pay three hundred dollars on *demand, shall be seized and conveyed to the nearest* military post and compelled to serve in the ranks as a private soldier for three years, any provisions in the Federal or State Constitutions not withstanding.

☞ ORGANIZE!—We believe the Democrats of this county are as well organized, if not better, than those of any other county in the state. Still the organization cannot be too thorough, and every district which has not yet attended to this duty should do so at once. The election day is rapidly approaching and the Democracy of the county ought to present a thorough and united front at the polls. It is certain that Pennsylvania is already redeemed from the thraldom of Abolitionism, and that it is only necessary to make a formal record of the matter on the second Tuesday of October next. Let us have a complete organization so that we shall poll every Democratic vote and help to swell the glorious majority that will be rolled up for WOODWARD and LOWRIE. ORGANIZE! ORGANIZE!!

☞ Democrats remember that the 2nd Tuesday of October will soon be here, and that none should fail to be prepared to vote. The most important election ever held in the State takes place then, and every man should be assessed and ready.

☞ Colonel William M. Stone, the Administration candidate for Governor of Iowa, in a recent speech at Keokuk, said:

"I admit that this is an abolition war—It was not such in the start; but the Administration has discovered that it could not subdue the South else than by making it an abolition war, and they have done so; and it will be continued as an abolition war so long as there is one slave at the South to be made free. * * * I would rather eat with a nigger, drink with a nigger, live with a nigger, and sleep with a nigger than a copperhead."

"No copperhead as he calls them cares about sleeping or eating with him he can have his preference.

To Republicans.—Those of you who have been drafted and compelled to pay well, do you think you have made anything by a change of Administration? Would it not have been a thousand times better for your country and for your *purse*, if both Lincoln and Curtin had been defeated? This we believe you can now see. If so, your duty will be very clear at the next election. To be honest to your country and to yourself, you must go to the polls and vote the democratic ticket. By doing this, you will save yourself still further trouble and *expense*.

Arrest of a Deserter.—A substitute from Lebanon county, whose name we did not learn, was yesterday arrested in a house in South street, between Second and Third, by a patrol. He was brought to this place from Lebanon, but on reaching here made his escape, and after hiding in different places, he entered the yard of Mr. Grisinger in Raspberry alley, and offered his wife forty dollars in greenbacks if she would only conceal him for the night. This she refused, saying that it would get her in trouble, and told him he must leave. He then applied to Grisinger, offering him twenty more, but with the same success The patrol was then seen coming up the alley and the victim was caught while attempting to make his egress into South street —*Harrisburg Patriot and Union.*

☞ The mist which hung over the recent battle in Georgia between Generals Rosencrans and Bragg has at length cleared away, and despite every effort made to conceal it, is found to be a terrible defeat. The bravery of General THOMAS in stubbornly holding out, alone appears to have protected the shattered army, and a quick retreat to the earthworks at Chattanooga—the field, forty cannon and thousands of prisoners being yielded up—was ROSECRANS' salvation. The blame of this sad disaster must be put at the door of the authorities in Washington As affairs stand, all idea of an offensive advance into Georgia, must be given up, and it is even extremely doubtful whether Chattanooga can be held. The telegraph already hints at a retreat behind the Tennessee river. This battle, whilst it has inflicted a heavy loss upon the Confederates, has almost broken up the Federal army, and it is extremely doubtful if General ROSECRANS will be able to begin any new operations until next spring.

Patriotic.—Collector Hood, of Lancaster county, up to Tuesday last received from 1,170 drafted men in that county the sum of $351,000 commutation money. This looks very encouraging for a prosecution of the war; but as Lancaster gives every year an Abolition majority of 5,000 and continues Thaddeus Stevens in Congress, it is but fair that it should be overlooked.

☞ Curtin's motto—the words he used on the stump in 1854—must not be forgotten by our German fellow-citizens. It is this—"A Dutchman is not like another person; he has two skulls, and in order to get an idea into his head, you must first mash one of his skulls!" ANDY used this language at a time when votes could be made by abusing the Germans and Irish.

North Lebanon Steam Grist Mil
GRAIN WANTED

THE undersigned will purchase all kinds of GRAIN, such as WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, &c., at their STEAM MILL, on the Union Canal, for which the highest market prices will be paid, in CASH.

☞ All kinds of CUSTOMER WORK will be done at the shortest notice, and in the most satisfactory manner. The public is respectfully invited to give us trial.

FELIX LIGHT,
GIDEON LIGHT,
DAVID L. LIGHT.

North Lebanon, May 21, 1862.

George Pfleger, jr.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE in rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Samuel Behm, deceased, and opposite to the Black Horse Hotel, Cumberland Street, Lebanon.

August 26, 1863.

G. L. ATKINS & Bro.

HAVING united in the BOOT and SHOE BUSINESS, and from their determination to be punctual, and make none but the best of work, they feel like soliciting a large of public patronage. They will always be found at their OLD STAND, (NEW BUILDING,) *in Market Street, nearly opposite Widow Rise's Hotel*, where they will be ready to serve and please their customers.

They have now on hand a large assortment of BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, CARPET BAGS, &c., which they offer at reduced prices.

☞ Persons dealing at this SHOE STORE, can be suited with READY-MADE WORK, or have it made to order. *Satisfaction is always warranted.*

☞ Particular attention given to the REPAIRING Boots and Shoes.

[Lebanon, July 3, 1861.]

ATKINS & BRO.'S New Boot and Shoe Store is fitted up in good order for comfort and convenience, both for ladies and Gentlemen.

ATKINS & BRO.'S New Boot and Shoe Store is fitted up in good order for comfort and convenience, both for Ladies and Gentlemen.

ATKINS & BRO. promise to be punctual, and will endeavor to please all who may call on them for Boots and Shoes

A Joint Resolution
PROPOSING CERTAIN AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.

BE it Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met. That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the tenth article thereof:

There shall be an additional section to the third article of the Constitution, to be designated as section four, as follows:

SECTION 4. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by the authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as are, or shall be, prescribed by laws, as fully as if they were present at their usual place of election.

There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be designated as sections eight and nine, as follows:

SECTION 8. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills.

SECTION 9. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature granting any powers, or privileges that has been, or may hereafter be, conferred upon the courts of this Commonwealth.

JOHN CESSNA,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN P. PENNEY,
Speaker of the Senate.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, HARRISBURG, July 1, 1863.

Pennsylvania ss:

(L.S.) I do hereby certify that the foregoing and annexed is a full, true and correct copy of the original Joint Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled, "A Joint Resolution proposing certain Amendments to the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

In Testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Secretary's office to be affixed, the day and year above written.

ELI SLIFER,
Sec'ry of the Commonwealth.

July 22—3mo

Notice.

THIS is to notify all Carpenters and Cabinet makers that no bills for coffins will be paid by the Directors of the Poor for poor persons dying within a circle of five miles of the Poor House; as all such persons will be furnished with Coffins free of expense on application to the Steward at the Poor House.

JOHN E. BOWMAN,
ELIAS WALBORN,
GEO. ZIMMERMAN,
} Directors of the Poor.

May 27, 1863.

WANTED TO BUY,
50,000 BUSHELS RYE;
50,000 bushels CORN
50,000 bushels OATS;
50,000 bushels WHEAT.

Also, CLOVERSEED, TIMOTHY SEED, Flaxseed, for which the highest CASH prices will be paid at the Lebanon Valley Railroad Depot, Lebanon.

GEORGE HOFFMAN.

Lebanon, July 17, 1861.

LATEST NEWS!
JUST OPENED.
A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF
FALL AND WINTER DRY-GOODS,
AT THE NEW YORK STORE.

WE have just opened the following list of great bargains, received from our buyer in New York: *De Laines*, 20 and 25 cts. per yard; very good *Prints* from 16 cts. upwards, Hooped Skirts of all sizes, very latest styles; Black Stella Shawls, $1.50 and upwards; Ladies Collars and Sleeves cheaper than ever.

GROCERIES, GROCERIES.

We have just received from New York a fresh stock of GROCERIES, such as

Molasses, Sugar, Coffee, Tea, &c., &c., &c.,

☞ We buy our Goods exclusively for CASH, and are thereby always enabled to buy where we can find the cheapest and will always give our customers the benefit of this advantage. We have but one price and our terms are CASH. Come and examine our stock, and if you don't buy you will see no cross faces.

Towle & Carlisle,
KENDALL'S BUILDING, Cumberland Street, Lebanon, Pa.

Lebanon, Sept. 23, 1863.

Fancy Furs! Fancy Furs!!
John Farrira,
No. 718 Arch Street, below 8th, south side, PHILADELPHIA.

Importer, Manufacturer of and Dealer in all kinds of *Fancy Furs*, for Ladies' and Children's Wear.

I wish to return my thanks to my friends of and this surrounding Counties, for their very liberal patronage extended to me during the last few years, and would say to them that I now have in store, of my own Importation and Manufacture a very extensive assortment of all the different kinds and qualities of FANCY FURS, for Ladies and Children, that will be worn during the Fall and Winter seasons.

Being the direct Importer of all my Furs from rope, and having them all Manufactured under my own supervision—enables me to offer my customers and the public a much handsomer Set of Furs for the same money. Ladies please give me a call before purchasing! Please remember the name, number and street.

JOHN FARRIRA.
No. 718 ARCH Street, Philadelphia

Sept. 16, 1863—5m.

PRIVATE SALE
OF
BOROUGH PROPERTY.

THE subscriber offers for sale the *Lot of Ground* on Market street, Lebanon, ½ square south of Hill, west side, 33 feet front by 199 deep, formerly occupied by George Hess, sr. The improvements are a two story weather boarded DWELLING HOUSE and other improvements. For further information, and terms, apply to

GEORGE S GASSER.

Lebanon, Sept, 9, 1863.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

WILL be sold at PUBLIC SALE, on the premises, in Cornwall township, Lebanon County, about 4 miles from Lebanon, on the road leading from Lebanon to Eby's tavern, near the Horse Shoe pike, on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1863,

the following valuable Real Estate, viz:—

A PLANTATION
OR
TRACT OF LAND

Containing 94 *Acres*, neat measure, of good Limestone Land, adjoining lands of John & David Hoke, Jacob, Joseph and John Bowman, and W Smith, having erected, thereon a good two-story STONE DWELLING HOUSE, Stone Spring House, Bank Barn, another large Barn with Corn Crib and Wagon Shed, and other necessary out-buildings; a never failing well of Water with pump near the house, a fine stream of water passes through the premises near the Barn, Orchard with choice Apples, and all other kinds of fruit on the premises. The land is under good fences and in a high state of cultivation. About 9 ACRES of the former is excellent WOODLAND.

This is one of the handsomest places in the Cornwall Valley and well worthy the attention of buyers.

Possession and good title will be given on the 1st day of April, 1864. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when terms will be made known by the subscriber residing on the premises.

JOSEPH SNAVELY.

Cornwall, Sept. 16, 1863.—ts.

Orphans' Court Sale.

PURSUANT to an order of the Orphans' Court of Lebanon County, will be exposed to sale by public vendue or outcry, on

Thursday, October 8, 1863,

at 1 o'clock, P. M. on the premises, late the residence of Abraham Geib, dec'd., in South Lebanon township, about 4 miles from Lebanon, 1½ miles from Cornwall, and about a mile south from the old Shaefferstown road, the following real estate viz:

A Plantation

containing 121 ACRES and 100 PERCHES, of excellent Limestone Land, in the best state of Cultivation. The improvements are a weather-boarded Log DWELLING HOUSE, a SWEITZER BARN, 100 feet long, Summer House, covered cistern, Tenant House, Wagon shed, and other necessary improvements. Young Orchard, two wells with pumps, one of which is never failing; running water so that cattle in every field can reach it. About 8 Acres of

WOODLAND

2 Acres of which is Chestnut Timber. Said land is adjoined by Rudolph Shank, Isaac Smith, Peter Smith and others. The fences are all in good condition.—Persons wishing to view the property will call on the undersigned residing on the premises. Possession will be given on the 1st day of April, 1864. Conditions will be made known on day of sale by

SAMUEL GEIB,
Administrator of Abraham Geib, dec'd.

BY THE COURT:
ANDREW LIGHT, Clerk.
S. Lebanon tp., Sept. 2, 1863.

GRANT WEIDMAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE, in Cumberland street, a few doors east of the Eagle Hotel, in the office late of his father Capt. John Weidman, dec'd.

Lebanon, Sept. 9, 1863.

Estate of Jacob Stoever dec'd.

Executors' Sale.

TO BE SOLD at Public Sale on *Monday, the 2nd day of November, A. D.*, 1863, at the public house of Henry Siegrist, in the Borough of Lebanon, the following Real Property, late the estate of Jacob Stoever, deceased, to wit:

NO 1. A certain STONE DWELLING HOUSE and back building, and half lot of ground Situate in the Borough of Lebanon aforesaid, fronting on the East side of Market Street, on which it extends 2 rods, and in depth to Doe Alley 12 rods, bounded on the North by lot of Mrs. Stoever, East by said Alley, South by lot of Dr. Geo. Ross, and West by said Market street, with the appurtenances, [there is a good frame BARN on said lot,] and now in the tenure of Henry R. Hartman.

NO 2. A certain One and a half story FRAME DWELLING HOUSE and half lot of Ground, in said Borough, fronting on the East side of Market Street, on which it extends 2 rods, and in depth to said Doe Alley 12 rods; bounded on the North by lot of A. Reyfuss, East by said Alley, South by lot of George Strickler, and west by said Street, with the appurtenances, and now in the possession of Levi Paresner.

NO. 3. A certain HALF LOT OF GROUND, Situate in the Borough of North Lebanon, fronting on the East side of Market square on which it extends 28 feet and in depth 181 feet to an Alley; bounded on the North by lot of Herman Rauch, East by said Alley, South by John H. Miller's lot, and West by said Market square; with the appurtenances, on which is erected a frame SHOP, and now in the tenure of George Fisher.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

CHARLES F. STOEVER,
WILLIAM H. STOEVER.
Executors of Jacob Stoever, dec'd.

Lebanon, Sept. 23, 1863.—ts.

ALSO

At the same time and place, will be sold a certain two story DOUBLE BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, and half lot of Ground, in said Borough, fronting on the North side of Cumberland Street, on which it extends 2 rods, and in depth to Spring Alley about 12 rods; bounded on the North by said alley, East by Henry T. Hoffman, South by said Street, and West by lot of heirs of John Stine, dec'd., with the appurtenances,—as the property of the subscribers.

CHARLES F. STOEVER.
WILLIAM H. STOEVER.

Lebanon, Sept. 23, 1863.—ts.

BAUENDAHL & CO.
HOPE BUILDING,
NOS. 131, 133, 135, DUANE STREET,
NEW YORK.

ARE prepared to receive consignments of WOOL, and give their attention to the sale of the same.

ADVANCES MADE IF DESIRED.

Moderate rate of charges for Commission, Insurance and Brokerage.

July 1, 1863.—3m.

Fashionable Tailoring
REMOVAL.

MICHAEL HOFFMAN would respectfully inform the Citizens of Lebanon, that he has REMOVED his TAILORING Business to Cumberland Street, two doors East of Market Street, and opposite the Eagle Hotel, where all persons who wish garments made up in the most fashionable style and best manner, are invited to call.

TO TAILORS!—Just received and for sale the N. York and Philadelphia Report of Spring & Summer Fashions. Tailors wishing the Fashions should let the subscriber know of the fact, so that he can make his arrangements accordingly.

Lebanon, April 10, 1861. MICHAEL HOFFMAN.

To Coal Dealers.

PROPOSALS will be received at the Fredericksburg School house, on *Saturday, the 3d day of October*, 1863, for delivering the COAL to all the School Houses in Bethel township.

J. L. MEYER, Sec'y. SAMUEL WEBER, Pres't.
Bethel township, September 17, 1863.

BLANK RECEIPTS

For Collectors of State, County, and Militia Tax, for sale cheap at the Advertiser Office.

Also for Collectors of School Tax.

NOTICE.

A SPECIAL meeting of the Stock holders of the NORTH LEBANON and Manheim Plank Road and Turnpike Company will be held at the office of the Company, in Cornwall township, Lebanon County, on FRIDAY, the 18th day of Sept., 1863. All the Stockholders are requested to attend as Business of importance will be transacted.

GEO. HOFFMAN, Pres.

Sept. 5, 1863.

Special Notice.

MADAM PORTER'S CURATIVE BALSAM has long tested the truth that there are great principles in Medicines as there is in Science, and this Medicine, is compounded on principles suited to the manifold nature of Man! The cure of Colds is in keeping open the pores, and creating a gentle internal warmth, and this is caused by the use of this Medicine. Its remedial qualities are based on its power to assist the healthy and vigorous circulation of blood through the lungs, it enlivens the mucles and assists the skin to perform its duties of regulating the heat of the system, and in gently throwing off the waste substance from the surface of the body. It is not a violent remedy, but emollient warming, searching and effective. Sold by all druggists at 13 and 25 cents per bottle.

Sept. 2, 1863.

Terible Disclosures.

SECRETS for the million! A most valuable and wonderful publication. A work of 400 pages, and 30 colored engravings, DR. HUNTER'S VADE MECUM, an original and popular treatise on Man and Woman, their Physiology, Functions, and Sexual disorders of every kind, with Never Failing Remedies for their speedy cure. The practice of DR. HUNTER has long been, and still is, unbounded, but at the earnest solicitation of numerous persons, he has been induced to extend his medical usefulness through the medium of his "VADE MECUM." It is a volume that should be in the hands of every family in the land, as a preventive of secret vices, or as a guide for the alleviation of one of the most awful and destructive scourges ever visited mankind. One copy, securely enveloped, will be forwarded free of post ge to any part of the United States for 50 cents in P. O. stamps, or 3 copies for $1. Address, post paid, DR. HUNTER, No. 3 Division Street, New York.

Sept. 3, 1863.—1y.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold at PUBLIC SALE, on *SATURDAY, the 3d day of OCTOBER*, 1863, on the premises, the following described REAL ESTATE, viz:

Forty one Acres of Land,

more or less, THREE ACRES of which are WOODLAND, situate in East Hanover township, Lebanon county adjoining lands of Daniel Nattzinger, Isaac Biever, and Isaias Schneider. The improvements are a new two story BRICK HOUSE, NEW BANK BARN, and necessary out-buildings; a young ORCHARD, is under good fences, and in a high state of cultivation. The land is as good as any in the neighborhood, and the property is altogether a desirable one.

☞ Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when conditions will be made known by

ISAIAS SCHNEIDER.

Executor of the Estate of HENRY GARNETT, dec'd.
East Hanover township, Sept. 2, 1863.

Orphans' Court Sale.

PURSUANT to an order of the Orphans' Court of Lebanon Co., will be exposed to sale by public vendue or outcry, on

Thursday, October 1, 1863,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., a certain

Messuage or Tenement,

Late the estate of SAMUEL MINTZER, dec'd., situate in South Lebanon township, Lebanon county about 1 mile east from the Cornwall Ore Banks, adjoining lands of M Grumbine, S. Snyder, T. Carbin and R. W. Coleman, containing

2 Acres and 5 Perches,

more or less. The improvements are a one story, frame, weather-boarded DWELLING HOUSE and STABLE, all new. It is a very convenient home for a miner of the Cornwall Ore Banks. Sale will be held on the premises, when terms will be made known by

CHRISTIAN BUCHER,
Administrator.

Also at the same time and place, 1 Bed, Stove, Wood-Chest, Table, Clock, Water Bench, Cradle, Stand, Wheelbarrow, Shovels, Scythe, Benches, Pick, and many other articles too numerous to mention.—Terms will be made known by

VERONICA MINTZER.

Sept. 2, 1863.

TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned having taken the Large and Commodious Hotel, in Pottsville, known as the

MORTIMER HOUSE,

Would respectfully announce to his old friends and former patrons that he is prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their patronage.

The MORTIMER HOUSE has been newly papered, painted, and refurnished throughout, and the Proprietor feels warranted in saying that it is UNSURPASSED BY ANY HOTEL IN THE Borough of Pottsville, for comfort and convenience.

No Pains will be Spared

To render it an agreeable and comfortable stopping place for strangers and travelers.

The Stabling and Shedding,

Attached to the Hotel, are sufficiently large for the accommodation of the horses and carriages of his guests.

The Hotel is now open for the *Reception of the Public.*

☞ He will be happy to accommodate all who may give him a call.

JOSEPH M. FEGER,
Pottsville, April 8, 1863. Proprietor.

NEW CABINET AND CHAIR MANUFACTORY

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has the largest and best assortment of FURNITURE and CHAIRS, ever offered to the public of Lebanon county. He has on hand at his Cabinet-Ware-rooms, in North Lebanon borough, nearly opposite Zeller's Hotel, and a few doors south of Borgner's, a splendid assortment of good, substantial and fashionable Parlor, Coating and Chamber FURNITURE, consisting of Sofas, Tete-a-tetes, Lounges, What-nots, Parlor, Centre,