The Advertiser:

TERMS, - - - - - - $1 50 A YEAR

LEBANON, PA.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1862.

HOME AFFAIRS.

On Monday noon Capt. Ulrich's Company of "Lebanon Guards" left this place for Harrisburg, and the seat of war. The following are the officers of said company elected on Saturday:—

Captain, John Ulrich.
1st Lieut., A. S. Ely.
2d Lieut., Grant Weidman.

A full company from Jonestown reached this place on Monday, and left for Harrisburg in the noon cars. The officers are—

Captain, George Meily.
1st Lieut., Abram Ulrich.
2d Lieut., ——

A grey Fox was killed in a lot owned by Levi Kline, Esq., in the western part of this borough, by Mr. Motzer, last week. It is supposed that he had been about the neighborhood for some time.

A change has been made in the appointments of Assessor and Collector for this district. They are now as follows:—Collector, James A. Inness, of Pottsville; Assessor, John Early, of Londonderry twp., Lebanon county.

A spirited war meeting was held at Eby's Corner, Cornwall, on Friday evening. The meeting was addressed by Messrs McAdams, Funck, and Rev. Reynolds. Seventeen recruits were obtained for Capt. Tice's Cavalry company for three years or the war.

The Cavalry organized in this place, is nearly, if not quite, full, and left for Harrisburg to-day (Tuesday.) The officers are as follows:

Captain, David M. Karmany.
1st Lieut., Dr. Geo. P. Lineweaver.
2d do., Dr. Wm. M. Guilford.

W. G. Ward has opened the Newspaper business in the Tobacconist Store of Barry & Anderson—where persons desirous of subscribing for any Philadelphia or New York Papers can be accommodated.

"THE DAILY CONSTITUTIONAL UNION" (a new paper) can be had at W. G. Ward's.

Persons who have subscribed for the DEMOCRATIC LEADER can obtain their copies at W. G. Ward's.

Remember the place—at Barry & Anderson, Tobacconist.

MR. EDITOR:—The ladies of the Lebanon Aid Society, desire to return their sincere thanks through your paper, for the generous manner, in which the people of our County have responded to their call for the relief of sick and wounded soldiers. They also return thanks to the Committee of gentlemen who have so kindly waited on the people for their contributions.

E. C. RUTHRAUFF, Assistant Secretary,
Ladies' Aid Society.

Lieut. Wm. D. Rank, of Col. Segeroth's 152d Reg. Penn. Vol., or 3d Reg. Heavy Artillery, took away from this place the following men enlisted for three years or the war:—John A. Light, (Balloonist,) Israel A. Kurtz, G. H. Spang, Wm. Fellenbaum, Uriah Bomberger, Wm. Gasser, Adam Ney, John P. Arnold, David Light, John Uhler, Levi Funck, and one or two others. We understand that a dozen more have it in contemplation to enlist in the same regiment.

The Myerstown Cavalry, for three years or the war is full, we are informed, and will leave for Harrisburg probably to-day (Wednesday.)

If possible we shall publish lists next week, of the names of members of all the companies that left this county lately for the war.

The "Exempt" examining board held its sessions in this county last week. The neighborhood of the Court House was swarming at times, on Friday and Saturday, with would-be exempts. We endeavored to obtain some items, but the board was too busy, and the books not in order. By next week we shall probably be more successful.

IMPORTANT.—A large number of men have enlisted in this county since the enrolment. Capt. Tice's Cavalry company has been wholly recruited since then, also, we think, the Shaefferstown company, and Lieut. Rank's men, besides many others. All enlisted since the enrollment should have themselves, or be by their friends or neighbors, returned to Mr. Grittinger, the Commissioner, so that credit may be given to the proper district for them, and the draft be reduced in consequence. If this matter is neglected no credit at all will be given. We should like to see the county furnish its full quota of men, without a single man being drafted. Nevertheless, let all enlisting be returned so that the draft may be made as light as possible. Let our people attend to this matter. It is important.

We omitted to notice last week, that a Cavalry company was forming under the late call of the Governor in this borough for State defence. They have been drilling in the Fair Grounds under instruction of Lieut. R. Reinhold, late of the 4th Pennsylvania Cavalry.

At a meeting of Mt. Libanus Encampment, No. 68, I. O. of O. F., the following officers were elected for the ensuing term: C. P., Josiah Fauber; H. P., John H. Sowers; J. W., J. Henry Miller; J. W., Mahlon Wike; S., David E. Miller; T., John T. Atkins.

HEADQUARTERS PENNSYLVANIA MILITIA,
HARRISBURG, Sept. 10, 1862.

GENERAL ORDER, No. 85.

In view of the danger of invasion now threatening our State, by the enemies of the Government, it is deemed necessary to call upon all the able-bodied men of Pennsylvania to organize immediately for the defence of the State, and be ready for marching orders, upon one hour's notice, to proceed to such points of rendezvous as the Governor may direct.

It is ordered—

First, That company organizations be made in accordance with the number required under the laws of the United States, to wit:

One Captain,
1st Lieutenant,
2d Lieutenant,
80 privates as the minimum, and 98 privates as the maximum standard of each company. The company officers to be elected by each organization.

Second, As the call may be sudden, it is desirable that the officers and members of each company provide themselves with the best arms they can secure, with at least sixty rounds of ammunition to suit the kind of arms in possession of the soldier. Such persons as cannot secure and bring arms with them, will be furnished by the government after their arrival at the place of rendezvous.

Third. Each officer and member of the company shall provide himself with good stout clothing, (uniform or otherwise,) boots, blanket and haversack, ready to go into camp when called into service.

Fourth. Each company organization to be perfected as soon as possible, and report the name of officer in command, the number of men and place of its headquarters to these headquarters, in order that they may be promptly notified to move when their services are required.

Fifth. Organizations, when ordered to move, will be furnished with transportation by the government.

Sixth. On arrival at the place of rendezvous, they will be formed into regiments or such other organizations as the Governor, Commander-in-Chief of Pennsylvania, may direct.

Seventh. So far as practicable and as may be found consistent with the interests of the public service, companies from the same localities will be put together in such larger organizations as may be formed

Eighth. Organizations formed under the recent proclamation are earnestly requested to adopt without delay such measures as may be necessary to comply with this order.

Ninth. Organizations called into the field under this order will be held for service for such time only as the pressing exigency for State defence may continue.

By order of A. G. CURTIN,
Governor and Commander in-Chief.

A. L. RUSSEL, Adj't Gen. Penn.

☞ Persons who are conscientious against bearing arms are exempted by the Constitution of this State, but must pay an equivalent for such service. The oath, or affirmation, however, which they are compelled to take, is of a searching character. This is it:

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, LEBANON COUNTY, ss.

Before me, Commissioner to superintend Drafting for said county, personally appeared ——, who being duly ——, did depose and say, that he conscientiously scruples to bear arms, believes it unlawful to do so, whether in self-defence or in defence of his country, or otherwise howsoever; that the scruples and belief above stated, have not been formed lightly but carefully, deliberately and conscientiously, and are now declared and professed not for the purpose of evading the military service of his country in the present exigency, but because he solemnly and religiously holds and maintains them, and in his conscience believes that it is his bounden duty to act in accordance with them on all occasions, and under all circumstances.

☞ JOHN FAREIRA, the *well known Furrier*, of 718 Arch Street, Philad'a., announces, as is his usual custom, the opening of a large and beautiful stock of Furs, for the Ladies' and Children's Wear. Read the inducements he offers in his advertisement in this issue.

The reports on Thursday evening and Friday morning that the rebels were invading Penn'a and had advanced to Greencastle, in the Cumberland Valley, threw our town into great commotion. The Banks gathered up their specie and notes and shipped them off to New York, and many citizens prepared their most valuable effects for instant removal. The receipt of the following proclamation from the Governor fanned the excitement to fever heat.

HEADQUARTERS, PENNSYLVANIA MILITIA,
HARRISBURG, Sept. 11, 1862.

GENERAL ORDER, No. 86.

By authority of the President of the United States, fifty thousand of the freemen of Pennsylvania are hereby called for immediate service to repel the now eminent danger from invasion by the enemies of the country.

Officers in command of company organizations, as authorized by General Order, No. 85, dated Sept. 10th, will at once report, by telegraph, the place of their headquarters, so that orders may be issued from these headquarters for transportation to Harrisburg for such companies as may be ordered to move.

Further calls will be made for additional forces as the exigencies of the service may require.—The formation of companies under the General Order of September 10, should continue to be made as rapidly as possible until all the able-bodied loyal men of Pennsylvania are enrolled and ready for service.

By order of A. G. CURTIN,
Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

A. L. RUSSELL, Adjutant General Pa.

The bells were rung, banners were prepared with "Close your stores and shops," "Meet at the Court House," &c., upon them, and with drums beating were carried around the streets, rousing the people. Dejection was visible upon every countenance. About 10 o'clock a meeting was organized in the Court Room on motion of Levi Kline, Esq., by calling to the chair G. Dawson Coleman, Esq., as President, and appointing J. W. Ebur and W. M. Breslin, Secretaries.

Mr. J. Funck moved the appointment of a committee on resolutions. J. Funck, C. P. Miller and A. R. Boughter, Esquires, were appointed said committee. During their absence the meeting was eloquently addressed by Judge Nill, of Chambersburg, Rev. A. C. Wedekind and C. B. Forney, Esq.

The committee on resolutions returned and reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, We have learned from the best authority, that the enemy in strong force has invaded the neighboring State of Maryland, and is now near the borders of our own State, within a few days' march of the State Capitol.

And whereas, the Governor of Pennsylvania has called upon all able-bodied citizens to rally in support of the Government, and united and instant action is necessary to preserve our own State from devastation and ruin by an insolent, and powerful enemy.

Therefore, Resolved, That in this imminent crisis of our affairs, patriotism and self preservation require, that all persons able to bear arms, without regard to age or condition, should at once enroll themselves in some military organization, with a view to immediate service.

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed by the President, with power to appoint subcommittees, to ascertain what body of men can be enrolled in the county of Lebanon, for the defence of the State, under Order No. 36, issued by the Governor, Sept. 11, 1862, and the said committee have full power in the premises and report to an adjourned meeting, with a view of massing all the Companies raised in the county in one Regiment.

The following were appointed the committee in accordance with the last resolution:—Messrs. J. Funck, C. P. Miller, Dr. Geo. Lineaweaver, S. T. McAdam and C. Henry.

S. T. McAdam offered the following resolution, which was adopted unanimously:—

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed, with power to appoint a sub committee, for the purpose of collecting money for the preparation of those who volunteer.

Dr. J. W. Gloninger, John W. Ulrich, Simon J. Stine, John George and Joseph Reinhard, were appointed said committee.

The rolls for the new companies were placed on the table and a number signed them.

A subscription list was also opened and liberal contributions made for the volunteers.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

During the afternoon of Friday information was received that the rebels were retreating from Hagerstown and Frederick, that our soldiers were after them, and that no rebel troops had been in Pennsylvania, which moderated the excitement.

Active preparations, however, continued in the formation of our volunteer companies.

From the 93d Regiment.

CAMP, NEAR POOLESVILLE, MD., September 7, 1862.

MR. BRESLIN:—A relation of the many changes we have undergone during the last fortnight, would occupy almost too much of your space, but, in penning you this letter for publication, we cannot refrain from alluding to our visit to the 127th P. V., and the hospital manner in which we were there treated.

Ever since we have left the Peninsula, our lot has been nothing but one continued series of marches. Arduous and fatiguing, as they always are, a rest is never unacceptable, and our enfeebled bodies and aching bones always yield willing response to the order "halt."

Thus it happened last Thursday. A rumor spread itself throughout our Regiment that we were nearing the "127th P. V.," now encamped on a beautiful site near the Chain Bridge. The correctness of the report was evidenced by a grand rush we noticed coming down the hill.—Fortunately at this juncture, also, the column halted, and we realized the pleasure of our rest greatly heightened by a friendly converse with old associations and friends. Shaking hands was the order of the day, and the familiar, and old-timed "How are you" became the universal greeting between the "127th" and the "93d."—Our lucky star seemed for once in the ascendant, and we were ordered to encamp on the opposite hill, not a hundred yards distant from the Camp of the "127th."

Numbers of our "boys" accordingly visited their friends, and while there luxuriated upon such delicacies as soft bread and good coffee.—The cuisine department of the 127th is complete in all its details. Each man is supplied with a plate, cup, knife and fork, and, after his meals are over, it is his pleasure to find all these articles undergoing a thorough washing at the hands of the cooks. Their mode of living is more in keeping with the home style, and a comparison of such a life with the inconveniences of the march, certainly gives the preference to the former.

Our acquaintances being principally attached to Capt. Greenawalt's Company, we naturally made our home there. The Captain's noble disposition found expression in the hospitality with which he received us. Mild and genial in his manner, yet firm and unflinching in an adherance to the duties of his position, he is respected and beloved by his "boys," and they all speak of him in the highest terms. We believe him to be just the man for the post, and feel assured that the resignation with which he can meet the hardships and privations of a soldier's life, will wield a potent influence upon the character and well-being of his men. As we sat down to a good supper in his Marquee, we experienced almost as much happiness as though we had really been at Lebanon.

In his company we recognized many of our old schoolmates. They appear happy, and have various means of amusement. Among others, a well-organized singing club, with voices that blend in sweetest harmony—accompanied by a guitar—does much to drive away the dreariness of Camp life. Such associations have a good effect, but, alas! the dangers and casualties of the campaign soon break them up, and sever the dearest ties of Friendship.

Whilst here we also met our friends, Lieuts. Carmany, Daugherty and Bowman. They look well, and we wish them every success. The Regiment all through, possesses good material, and we expect to hear a good account from the "127th." Among other new acquaintances, we met Lieut. Long. He is a brother to Capt. Long, of the "93d," and, if he sustains his integrity as nobly as the latter gentleman has done, the family will certainly have much cause for pride.

Their Camp is beautifully situated. On a high hill, it commands a view of the valley below, and the prospect obstructed at some distance by another towering hill, we had the contrasted scenery of hill and dale, rich in its summer hues of verdancy and rustic beauty.

We felt loth to leave it, but were, of course, obliged to reconcile ourselves to the immutable necessities of soldiering, and therefore bade good-bye, once more. R. G. R.

THE NATIONAL PLATFORM.

PURPOSES OF THE WAR

Congress, by a vote nearly unanimous, passed the following resolution, which expresses the voice of the Nation and is the true standard of loyalty:

"That the present deplorable civil war has been forced upon the country by the disunionists of the Southern States, now in arms against the Constitutional Government, and in arms around the Capital; that in this National emergency, Congress, banishing all feeling of more passion or resentment, will recollect only its duty to the whole country; that this war is not waged on their part in any spirit of oppression, or for any purpose of conquest or subjugation or purpose of overthrowing or interfering with the rights or established institutions of those States, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution, and to preserve the Union, with all the dignity, equality, and rights of the several States unimpaired; and that as soon as these objects are accomplished the war ought to cease."

Special Notices.

DR. JNO. L. LYON'S
French Periodical Drops
FOR FEMALES.

This valuable medicine is now offered to the American Ladies as the only sure, positive, and never-failing cure and regulator of suppression of nature, from whatever cause. Particular care should be used to know that *Pregnancy* is not the cause, as the *Drops* would surely produce an effect entirely contrary to the course of nature, for which I will not hold myself responsible. These Drops are so mild and pleasant, that the feeblest can take them with perfect security, yet so powerful in their effects, that they may be safely called a never failing *Regulator*. They can be procured by addressing me as directed below. I have used this medicine for the last twelve years in my practice, and therefore well know its merits. Sold by all Druggists.

Price $1 per bottle. Address
DR. JOHN L. LYON, New Haven, Conn.
July 23, 1862.

SINGER & CO.'S
LETTER "A" FAMILY SEWING MACHINE,
WITH ALL THE RECENT IMPROVEMENTS,

Is the BEST and CHEAPEST and MOST BEAUTIFUL of all Sewing Machines. This Machine will sew anything, from the running of a tuck in Tarletan to the making of an Overcoat—anything from Pilot or Beaver Cloth down to the softest Gauze and Gossamer Tissue, and is ever ready to do its work to perfection. It can fell, hem, bind, gather, tuck, quilt, and has capacity for a great variety of ornamental work. This is not the only Machine that can fell, hem, bind, and so forth, but it will do so better than any other Machine. The Letter "A" Family Sewing Machine may be had in a great variety of cabinet cases. The Folding Case, which is now becoming so popular, is, as its name implies, one that can be folded into a box or case, which, when opened, makes a beautiful, substantial, and spacious table for the work to rest upon. The cases are of every imaginable design—plain as the wood grew in its native forest, or as elaborately finished as art can make them.

Send for a copy of "SINGER & CO.'S GAZETTE.

I. M. SINGER & CO.,
458 Broadway, N. Y.
☞ PHILADELPHIA OFFICE—810 Chestnut St.
May 7, 1862.

Prevention is Better than Cure.

TO ladies of delicate health or impaired organization, or to those by whom an increase of family is from any reason objectionable, the undersigned would offer a prescription which is perfectly reliable and safe, and which has been prescribed in various parts of the old world for the past century. Although the article is very cheap and simple, yet it has been put up in half pint bottles and sold very extensively at the exhorbitant price of $5 per bottle, the undersigned proposes to furnish the recipe for the small sum of $1, by the possession of which every lady can supply herself with a perfect safeguard, at any drug store, for the trifling sum of 25 cents per year. Any physician or druggist will tell you it is perfectly harmless, and thousands of testimonials can be procured of its efficacy. Sent to any part of the world on receipt of $1, by addressing

Dr. J. C. DEVERAUX,
P. O. Box, No. 2353, New Haven, Conn.
August 7, 1861-1y.

The Confessions and Experience of an Invalid.

Published for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c.; supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelope, SINGLE COPIES may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y. [New York, March 12, 1862-1y.

Religious Notices.

ST. JOHN'S REFORMED CHURCH.—Regular service every Wednesday evening at 7½ o'clock, every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, and every Sunday evening at 7½ o'clock.

English preaching next Sabbath morning and evening in the Methodist Episcopal Church.

EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Service every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, in Temperance Hall.

German preaching next Sunday at 10 A. M., and English services at 2½ P. M., in the Moravian church.

English preaching next Sabbath morning in the First Reformed church.

English preaching next Sunday morning at 9½ o'clock, and German at 2½ P. M., in Salem's Luth. church.

Married.

On the 14th inst., by Rev. A. C. Wedekind, Mr. ABRAHAM B. HETRICH to Miss CATHARINE A. MICHAEL, all of Union township, this county.

On the 11th inst., by Rev. F. W. Kremer, Mr. J. H. WITMEYER to Miss HANNA CARL, both of Lebanon.

On the 10th of July in Philadelphia, by the Rev. J. Vogelbach, Mr. JOHN YOUNG, Editor of the Lebanon *Demokrat*, to Miss MARY ANN RINEHART, both of this Borough.

Died.

On the 12th inst., in this borough, Mrs. EVE DUBS, consort of John Dubs, deceased, aged 72 years, 4 mos. and 7 days.

On the 4th inst., in North Lebanon township, JEROME, son of William and Mary ALLWEIN, aged 2 years, 8 months and 16 days.

On the 9th inst., in Jonestown, ELIZABETH VIOLETTE, daughter of Washington and Eliza LAITZLE, aged 4 years, 2 months and 13 days.

The Lebanon Market.

Carefully Corrected Weekly.

LEBANON, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1862.

Leb. Mills Ex. Fam	$6 25	Eggs, ℔ doz.,	12
Smith " Extra	6 20	Butter, ℔ lb.,	10
Leb. Val' Super. Fine	5 50	Tub or salted butter,	10
Prime White Wheat,	1 20	Lard,	8
Prime Red Wheat	1 15	Tallow,	8
Prime Rye,	65	Ham,	8
Corn,	60	Shoulders,	6
Oats,	35	Sides,	6
Clover-seed,	4 00	Soap,	7
Timothy-seed,	1 50	Bees-wax,	25
Flax-seed,	1 25	White Rags,	5
Dried Apples, ℔ bu.,	1 00	Mixed Rags,	2
Dried Apples, peeled,	1 50	Flax, ℔ lb.,	12½
Peach "Snitz,"	2 50	Bristles, ℔ lb.,	40
Peach "Halves,"	1 25	Feathers, ℔ lb.,	62½
Cherries,	1 50	Wool, ℔ lb.,	40
Onions,	37	Soup Beans, ℔ qt.,	6
Potatoes, ℔ bus,	37	Vinegar, ℔ gal.,	12½
		Apple Butter, ℔ crock,	45

The Philadelphia Market.

SATURDAY, Sept. 13.—The market is quite inactive. A small lot of new Cloverseed sold at $5 ℔ 64 lb. Timothy is in good request at $1.75 @ $2 ℔ bushel, and Flaxseed at $1.80@1.90.

The Flour market is quiet. The only sales for shipment are 2100 barrels Western extra family at $6 ℔ barrel. The sales to the retailers and bakers take a wide range, say from $5 up to $7 for common and fancy brands, according to quality. There is very little demand for Rye Flour or Corn Meal. We quote the former at $3.50 and the latter at $3.12½ ℔ barrel.

There is a fair demand for Wheat and prices are steady. The sales reach 7500 bushels at $1.29@1.31 ℔ bushel for prime Pennsylvania and Western Red—mostly at $1.30—and $1.35 for Southern do. White may be quoted at $1.40 to $1.52. No change in Rye. Corn is in steady request at yesterday's figures. Sales of 2000 bushels yellow at 70 cents, afloat, and 1600 bushels Western mixed at 66@67 cents. Oats have declined 1 cent ℔ bushel. Sales of 3000 bushels Southern at 35 cents afloat.

Whisky is unchanged. Small sales of Pennsylvania and Ohio barrels at 33 cents, and Drudge at 31@32 cents.

CATTLE MARKET.—The offerings of Beef Cattle reached about 2000 head at Phillips' yard, most of which were disposed of at from $6 to $8, including a few extra quality taken at $8½ @9½ net, showing a decline of 25c. the 100 lbs. on the quotations of last week, including a few lots disposed of at $3@4½ gross. Cows and Calves are steady; about 60 sold at $18@28 each for Springers, and $20@35 for Cows and Calves. Hogs were slightly off, 4750 were offered and sold, including 4262 at Imhoff's at $4½@5 for still; $4@5½ for corn-fed; and 400 at the Avenue yard at $3@5½ the 100 lbs net.—Sheep and Lambs—About 7000 were offered and sold at $4 to $4½ each for the former, and $2½ to $3½ for the latter, which is a decline.

New Advertisements.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE undersigned hereby gives public notice that he has been appointed and commissioned as ASSESSOR of Direct and Excise Taxes for the United States, in the Tenth District of Pennsylvania, comprising the counties of Lebanon and Schuylkill.

JOHN EARLY.
Londonderry township, Sept. 17, 1862-4t.
(Lebanon papers copy.)

Auditor's Notice.

THE undersigned Auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Lebanon county, to distribute the balance in the hands of FRANKLIN KEENER and HENRY KEENER, Executors of the Estate of GEORGE KEENER, dec'd, to and among the heirs and legal representatives entitled to the same, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at the public house of Levi S. Oberly, in Shaefferstown, on *Tuesday, the 7th day of October*, 1862, at one o'clock, P. M., when and where all persons interested will please attend.

J. ZERBE, Auditor.
Heidelberg, twp., September 17, 1862.

Auditor's Notice.

Estate of Elizabeth Snyder, deceased.

THE undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Lebanon county, to make distribution of the balance remaining in the hands of Samuel Snyder, Administrator of the Estate of ELIZABETH SNYDER, dec'd, among the heirs of said Deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office, in Palmyra, Lebanon Co., on *Saturday, the 11th day of October*, 1862, at 1 o'clock, P. M., when and where all persons interested will please attend.

Sept. 17, 1862.] JOHN KRATZER, Auditor.

STRAY OX.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, about 1½ miles from Lebanon, on the road leading from Lebanon to Campbelstown, eight or ten days ago, a RED OX, about 3 YEARS OLD, having a chain around the neck, with a bell.

The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be sold according to law. HENRY LAUDERMILCH.
Cornwall township, Sept. 17, 1862.

Fancy Furs! Fancy Furs!

John Fareira,
No. 718 Arch Street,
below Eighth side, Philadelphia, IMPORTER & MANUFACTURER OF, and DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
Fancy Furs,
for Ladies' and Children's Wear.

I desire to say to my friends of Lebanon and surrounding Counties, that I have NOW IN STORE one of the LARGEST and MOST BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENTS of all kinds and qualities of FANCY FURS, *for Ladies' and Children's Wear*, that will be worn during this Fall and Winter.

My Furs were purchased in Europe, previous to the rise in *Sterling Exchange*, and the New Duty Imposed on all Furs, Imported since the first of August.

I would also state, that as long as my stock lasts, I will offer it at prices proportionate to what the goods cost me; but it will be impossible for me to Import and Manufacture any more Furs, and sell them at the same prices, owing to the unsettled state of the affairs of the Country.

☞ Remember the name, number and street—

JOHN FAREIRA,
Sept. 17, 1862-5m. 718 Arch Street, Philad'a.

General Election Proclamation.

PURSUANT to an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," approved the 2d day of July, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine, I, JONATHAN BENDER, Sheriff of the county of Lebanon, Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that a General Election will be held in the said county of Lebanon, on the *second Tuesday (being the 14th day) of October*, 1862, at which time the electors of the county aforesaid will vote in their respective districts for

One person for Auditor General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

One person for Surveyor General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Member of the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States to represent the XIth Congressional District of Pennsylvania, composed of the Counties of Schuylkill and Lebanon.

One person to represent the county of Lebanon in the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania

One person to fill the office of District Attorney for the county of Lebanon.

One person to fill the office of County Commissioner for the county of Lebanon.

One person to fill the office of Director of the Poor of the county of Lebanon.

One person to fill the office of Auditor for the county of Lebanon.

One person to fill the office of Surveyor for the county of Lebanon.

One person to fill the office of Coroner for the county of Lebanon.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the places of holding the aforesaid general election in the several districts within the County of Lebanon, are as follows, viz:

The Electors of the East Ward of the Borough of Lebanon are to meet in the Commissioners' rooms in the Court House in said Borough.

The Electors of the West Ward of the Borough of Lebanon, are to meet in the Jury room, on the west side of the Court House in said Borough.

The Electors of South Lebanon township are to meet in the Grand Jury Room at the Court House in the Borough of Lebanon.

The electors of North Lebanon Borough are to meet at the Public House of Benjamin Zeller, in said Borough.

The Electors of North Lebanon Township, are to meet at the Public House of J. LeBate, in said township.

The Electors of Jackson township, are to meet at the Public House of Jacob R. Miller, in said township.

The Electors of North Annville township, are to meet at the Public House of Simon M. Crall, in said township.

The Electors of Heidelberg township are to meet at the Public House of Levi S Oberly, in said township.

The Electors of Londonderry township are to meet at the Public House of John Weifersberger, in said township.

The Electors of East Hanover township are to meet at the Public House of Jacob W. Adams, in said township.

The Electors of Swatara township, are to meet at the Public House of ——, in said township.

The Electors of Bethel township are to meet at the Public House of Jacob Reichert, in said township.

The Electors of Union township are to meet at the Public House of Daniel Bordner, in said township.

The Electors of Millcreek township are to meet at the Public House of Frederick A. Shultz, in said township.

The Electors of South Annville township are to meet at the Public House of Jacob Fink, in said township.

The Electors of Cold Spring township are to meet at the School House, at or near Rausch Gap, in said township.

The Electors of Cornwall township, embraced in the Southern district of said township, are to meet at the Public House of J. & G. Eby, in said district.

The Electors of the Northern district of Cornwall township are to meet in the Traverse Jury room on the west side of the Court House, in the Borough of Lebanon.

The election to be opened between the hours of eight and ten o'clock in the forenoon, and shall continue without interruption or adjournment, and is not to be closed before seven o'clock in the evening.

I also make known and give notice, as in and by the 13th section of the aforesaid act I am directed, "that every person, except Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States or of this State, or any city or incorporate district, whether a commissioned office or otherwise subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislative judiciary or executive department of this State or the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also, that every member of Congress and the State legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, commissioners of any incorporate district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector or judge, or officer of any such election, shall be eligible to any office then to be voted for.

Also, that in the fourth section of an act of Assembly, entitled, "An Act relating to executions, and for other purposes," approved April 16 1840, it is enacted that the aforesaid 13th section "shall not be so construed as to prevent any militia officer or Borough officer from serving as judge, inspector or clerk at any general or special election in this commonwealth."

Also, that in the 61st section of said act, it is enacted that "every general and special election shall be opened between the hours of eight and ten in the forenoon, and shall continue without interruption or adjournment until seven o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed."

The General special, city, incorporated district and township elections, and all elections for electors of President and Vice President of the United States, shall be held and conducted by the inspectors and judges elected as aforesaid, and by clerks appointed as hereinafter provided.

No person shall be permitted to vote at any election, as aforesaid, but a white freeman of the age of 21 years or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or County tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district, paid taxes as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months: *Provided*, That the white freemen, citizens of the United States, between the ages of 21 and 22 years, and have resided in the election district ten days as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid taxes.

No person shall be admitted to vote, whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the commissioners, unless: First he produced a receipt, for the payment within two years, of a State or County tax, assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and give satisfactory evidence, either on his oath or affirmation, or on the oath or affirmation of another, that he has paid such a tax, or on failure to produce a receipt, shall make oath or payment thereof; or, second, if he claims a vote by being an elector between the ages of 21 and 22 years, he shall depose on oath or affirmation that he has resided in the State at least one year before his application, and make such proof of his residence in the district as is required by this act, and that he does verily believe from the accounts given him that he is of the age aforesaid, and give such other evidence as is required by this act, whereupon the name of the person so permitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the inspectors and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word 'tax,' if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid his tax, or the word 'age,' if he shall be permitted to vote by reason of such age, and shall be called out to the clerks who shall make like notes in the list of voters kept by them.

In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the commissioners and assessor, or his right to vote, whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the State for one year, or more, his oath will be sufficient proof thereof, but shall make proof by at least one competent witness who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided within the district for more than ten days immediately preceding said election, and shall also himself swear that his bona fide residence in pursuance of his lawful calling is within the district, and that he did not remove into said district for the purpose of voting therein.

Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof, if required, of his residence and payment of taxes aforesaid, shall be permitted to vote in the township, ward, or districts in which he shall reside.

If any person shall prevent, or attempt to prevent, any officer of any election under this act from holding such election or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, or shall block up the window or avenue to any window where the same may be holding, or shall riotously disturb the peace at such election, or shall use intimidating threats, force or violence, with a design to influence or overawe any elector, or to prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of choice, such a person, on conviction, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and imprisoned for any time not less than one month, nor more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown to the Court where the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, or district, or township where the said offence was committed, and not entitled thereto, then, on conviction, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than $100 and not more than $1000, and be imprisoned not less than six months or more than two years.

"In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of election, then the person who shall have received the next highest number of votes for judge at the next spring election shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the judge shall appoint an inspector in his place, and in case the person elected judge shall not attend, then the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a judge in his place, or if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which said officer shall have been elected, present at the place of election, shall select one of their number to fill such vacancy.

It shall be the duty of the several assessors, respectively, to attend at the place of holding every general, special or township election, during the time said election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the inspectors and judges when called on in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such elections, or such other matters in relation to the assessment of voters as the said inspectors, or either of them, shall from time to time require."

Pursuant to the provisions contained in the 76th section of the act first aforesaid, the judges of the aforesaid district shall respectively take charge of the certificates or return of the election of their respective districts, and produce them at a meeting of one judge from each district in the borough of Lebanon, on the 3d day after the election, being for the present year on *FRIDAY, the 17th day of OCTOBER*, 1862, then and there to do the duties required by law of said judges.

Also, that where a judge by sickness or unavoidable accident, is unable to attend such meeting of judges, then the certificate or return aforesaid shall be taken charge of by one of the inspectors or clerk of the election of said district who shall do and perform the duties required of said judges.

Given under my hand, in my office, in Lebanon, the 4th day of September, 1862.

JONATHAN BENDER, Sheriff.
September 17, 1862-4t.

Valuable Borough Property
&c., AT
PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold at PUBLIC SALE, on *SATURDAY, the 18th day of OCTOBER*, 1862, at the Public House of Jacob Rudy, in the Borough of Lebanon, the following REAL ESTATE, viz:

No. 1, A LOT OF GROUND,

situate in the Borough of Lebanon, and fronting on Market street, one square North of the Lebanon Valley Railroad, bounded by property of Salem's United Brethren Church on the North, Doc Alley on the East, and property of Mrs. McCauily on the South, on which is erected a large two-story FRAME WEATHER BOARDED HOUSE, with large KITCHEN attached; a good STABLE, and other outbuildings; also, a Well of Water, with Pump therein, on the premises. ☞ The above is very desirably located, and was lately occupied as a Store stand.

No. 2, TWO LOTS OF GROUND,

situate in East Lebanon, near Pinegrove Road, fronting on Lebanon Valley Railroad, and bounded by Hornet Alley on the West, and property of Messrs. Focht on the South, being a desirable situation for business purposes on the Lebanon Valley Railroad

No. 3, 4 LANDING LOTS,

situated on the South side of Union Canal, and East of Pinegrove Road, being Nos. 5, 9, 12 and 13, according to Plot laid out by Executors of A. Light's Estate.

☞ Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M. of said day, when terms will be made known by

CHARLES H. MEILY,
Assignee of GEORGE REINOHL and Wife.
Lebanon, September 10, 1862-ts.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE
AT
PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale the following Real Estate, considered the most valuable in Dauphin county.

NO. 1,

A THREE STORY OVER SHOT MERCHANT MILL,

situate in Derry township, Dauphin county, Pa., about 1 mile from the Union Canal and Union Deposit, and ¼ mile from the Lebanon Valley Railroad Station. The Mill is 45 by 65 feet, with kiln-dry attached. Three Water Wheels and six pair of Running Stones, and a never-failing water power,—about half the power flows from strong springs in the Mill dam and the stream of water known as Spring Creek. The Mill and machinery are in first rate order and repair to do Country or Merchant work. Also 90 ACRES OF LAND, having thereon erected the above Mill; two Stone Dwelling Houses, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Smoke House, Cooper Shop, Coal House, and all necessary out-buildings, and a Thriving Young Orchard of choice Fruit Tr