WHEN DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES CEASE TO LEAD, WE CEASE
TO FOLLOW."

WM. M. BRESLIN, Editor and Proprietor.

LEBANON, PA.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1862. FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:

ISAAC SLENKER UNION COUNTY. FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL:

JAMES P BARR ALLEGHENY COUNTY. on Thursday last the Gover

nor issued the following Proclama-Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, ss: G. Curtin, Govenor of said Common-

wealth. PROCLAMATION Whereas, in the present position of af fairs, it is expedient that measures should be taken to arm and prepare our people for defence-

Now, therefore, I do earnestly recommend the immediate formation, through the militia act of 1858. Arms wil be distributed to the organizations so to be formed, agreeably to the provisions of that act.

It is further recommended that, in or der to give due opportunities for drill and instruction, all places of business be closed daily at three o'clock, P. M., so that persons employed therein may, after that hour, be at liberty to attend to their military duties.

The cheerful alacrity with which the men of Pennsylvania have hitherto given themselves to the service of the country has pressed heavily on her military resources. I am reluctant to ask her to assume further burdens; but as their safety requires that they should do so, it is in their behalf that I put forth the recommendations herein contained, and urge a compliance with them

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this fourth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and of the Commonwealth the eighty-seventh. By the Govenor:

ELI SLIFER, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Parson Brownlow writes to the Governors of the loyal States, asking them to urge upon the President to draft a half a million of men at once. in addition to those now in the field. He himself will continue to lecture at three or four hundred dollars a night. The old coon knows how to make money, but he won't volunteer.

A large number of troops were dispatched from Washington towards Frederick, on Sunday, to meet the enemy, and at half past 6 o'clock, Gen. McClellan left for the san neighborhood. The people say now fair play to McClellan and the brave men under him, and victory will be the result. "McClellan is our leader." again, which is a host in itself.

Gen. McClellan bas been appointed Commander in-Chief of all RETURNS OF MILITARY ENour forces in and around Washington. It is said that Mr. Stanton, the Secretary of War, remonstrated against the appointment, and intimated that he (the Secretary) would resign if the appointment was made,-The President told him that he would accept the resignation, but up to this date it has not been placed in the

Whole number enrolled,
Number in Pennsylvania Regiments
BERKS COUNTY. bands of the President.

Major General Isaac I. Stevens, who was killed in the battle near Chantilly, Va., on Monday last, was Chairman of the Breckinridge National Central Committee in 1860.-Thus the "Breckinridgers" signalize their devotion to the Union and the Number in Pennsylvania Regiments, Number in other Regiments, CARBON COUNTY.

All the troops at Harrisbusg. and those that have arrived there Whole number enrolled, from the East since Sunday, are de BUCKS COUNTY. tained there, for the purpose of guarding the entrance to the Cumberland Valley against the rebels.

DISLOYAL PRACTICES .- We have it on good authority that a prominent Republican in this borough has been writing letters to officers in the army against McClellan. We should like to know if such practices are not the worst kind of disloyalty If they are persevered in we shall call the attion of the Secretary of War to the matter.

"CALMDALE" IN A STORM.

From the Lebanon Courier, of last week. "Mr Miller writes us a communication in reply to the Advertiser's attack on him last week for making a motion in the meeting of the Agricultural Society that no printing of the society be given to disloyal printers. He says:" I did not name any paper or editor. But the dog you hit howis, they say: Why don't you take offence at it. Mr. Courier. None but trairors could take oftence at what I offered. Further, I can establish to a certainty that none but pure Capacasian blood flows in my veins, and I wish it distinctly understood that I will hold no discussions through newspapers or otherwise, with person who may have some doubt as to the genuineness of the stock they sprang from?

We accused Mr. Miller of "bigotry intolerance and ignorance." We did not accuse him of being a gentleman, which he takes pains to disprove.

Hanover, in Germany, refuses to believe in the devil! An attempt of the Consistory to force a new catechism on the people, in which the ancient forms of belief are preserved, has produced protests from all quar-

The Aggregate Queta of Troops to be Raised by Each Country.

The aggregate quota of troops to be raised by each county of the Commonwealth is now officially ascertained. These quotas include the number already supplied by the counties.

By direction of the Military Buhave enlisted in the regular army, in three months, or who are acting as teamsters, blacksmith, bridge builders, carpenters, clerks in military departments, &c., will be omitted from the credit of the different boroughs, wards, precincts and downships, for troops already furnished. The numling, now a Major in the 9 months' bridge over Snea creek. A Rebel
ber of troops already furnished by
service, has permitted the use of his
such borough, ward or district roots. such borough, ward or district, not included in the above citation of classes Mr. Ancona. Mr. Wanner had the at Seneca Mis twenty-one miles the grand aggregate quota of each In the name and by the authority of the county, by its military commissioner. years ago the Democracy sacrificed Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Andrew The number of troops so furnished themselves in their endeavor to eleby each county has not yet been of. vate him to Congress, and recently yesterday moning, between the hours ficially ascertained, as the Deputy elected him Mayor of Reading Now of 10 and 11 clock, by the Rebels. ficially ascertained, as the Deputy elected him Mayor of Reading. Now,

in the figle although it sources have, however, annexed the amount of the special quota of each county in such event, as officially ascertained:

Regular Aggregate

10,593

Allegheny

| Ì | Armstrong | 2,124 |
|---|------------------|--------|
| Ì | Beaver | 1.725 |
| ١ | Bedford | 1,577 |
| ١ | Berks | 5.532 |
| ĺ | | |
| ١ | Blair | 1,634 |
| Į | Bradford | 2.944 |
| I | Bucks | 3.753 |
| į | Buttler | 1,986 |
| ł | Cambria | 1,725 |
| | C meron | 278 |
| ١ | Carbon | 1,250 |
| ١ | Chester | 4,397 |
| ١ | | |
| ł | Centre | 1,593 |
| 1 | Clarion | 1,504 |
| 1 | Cliuton | 1,045 |
| Ì | Clearfield | 1,113 |
| | Columbia | 1.447 |
| 1 | Crawford. | 2,885 |
| | Cumberland | 2,377 |
| | | 2,861 |
| | Dauphin | |
| | Delaware | 1,801 |
| - | Erie | 2,923 |
| | Elk | 344 |
| | Fayette | 2,363 |
| | Franklin | 2,485 |
| | Fulton | 538 |
| | Forest | 52 |
| | Green | 1,436 |
| | | |
| | Huntington | 1.659 |
| į | Indinua. | 1,992 |
| | Jefferson | 1.083 |
| 1 | Juniata | - 959 |
| 1 | Lancaster | 6,860 |
| I | Lawrence | 1,366 |
| 1 | Lelennon | 1.766 |
| 1 | | |
| l | Lehigh | 2,878 |
| į | Luzerne | 5.358 |
| 1 | Lycoming | 2.209 |
| | Mercer . | 2,186. |
| | McKean | 529 |
| | Mifflin | 963 |
| 1 | Monroe | 987 |
| | Montgomery | 4.147 |
| | Monteur | 771 |
| | | |
| | Northampton | 2,810 |
| | Northumberland : | 1.709 |
| | Perry | 1.343 |
| | Philadelphia . | 33,414 |
| | Pike | 433 |
| | Potter | 674 |
| | Sehny Ikill | 5,304 |
| | Snyder | 890 |
| | Somersot | 1,583 |
| | Sullivan | 214 |
| | | 2.157 |
| 1 | Susquehanna | |
| | Tioga | 1,837 |
| | Union | 837 |
| i | Venango | 1,482 |
| Į | Warren | 1,135 |
| 1 | Wash ington | 2.783 |
| 1 | Wayne | 1,892 |
| 1 | Westmoreland | 3,178 |
| 1 | | 744 |
| ı | Wyoming | 127 |
| 1 | York | 4,005 |
| | | |

173,350 Total ROLLMENTS.

The following are the returns of military enrollments made by the Deputy Marshals of the several counties of the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, as far as heard from :

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY. Whole number enrolled, 11.
Number in Pennsylvania Regiments, Number in other Regiments.

LANCASTER COUNTY. Whole number enrolled, Number in Pennsylvania Regiments, CHESTER COUNTY. Whole number enrolled, Number in Pennsylvania Regiments,

Number in other. Regiments Whole number enrolled,
Number in Pennsylvania Regiments,
LEHIGH COUNTY. Whole number enrulled, Number in Pennsylvania Regiments, Number in other Regiments,

1,113

3,331

12,300

9,613

Number in the Navy,
DAUPHIN COUNTY. Number enrolled,
Number in service in Penna. Regiments,
MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Whole number enrolled,
Enrolled in Pennsylvania Regiments,
ADAMS COUNTY.
Whole number enrolled,
Enrolled in Pennsylvania Regiments, Other Regiments
NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

Whole number enrolled, Enrolled in Pennsylvi nia Regiments, MONROE COUNTY. Whole number enrolled, Enrolled in Pennsylvania Regiments, FRANKLIN COUNTY. Whole number curolied, Eprolled in Pennsylvania Regiments, CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Whole number enrolled, Enrolled in Pennsylvania Regiments (in-6,753 cluding all teamsters)
DELAWARE COUNTY. 1,426 Whole number enrolled, Enrolled in Pennsylvania Regiments, Other States and Marine, PERRY COUNTY. Whole number enrolled, Enrolled in Pennsylvania Regiments,

The Government has removed the restrictions upon travel, and also rescinded the instructions to Deputy Marshals, &c., authorizing them to make arrests for "disloyal practices." Arrests hereafter will only be made by express warrant from Washing.

ton, or by order of the Governor. Aquia Creek has been evacuated by our troops, having first destroyed the buildings, railroad depot, stores, &c.

Berks county, on Tuesday last, nom-

inated the following ticket!-Congress, S. E. Ancona; Assembly, Wm. N. Potteiger, Charles A. Kline, Daniel K. Weidner; Sheriffs Abraham R. Kosnig; District Attorney, Daniel Ermentrout; Commissioner, H. R. Hawman; Director, Peter Marshall; Surveyor, Daniel S. Zacharias; Auditor, Ezra D. Yorgey.

The ticket is a good one and will be elected by more than the usual majority. The re-nomination of Hon. the navy, in the marine service, or S. E. Ancona was awarded to him on who were among the volunteers for the first ballot, his course having been eminently patriotic and democratic, and, consequently, in accordance with the views of his constituents: He should receive about 10, iments of cavir under Gen. Robin 000 majority. We perceive that Hon. Joel B. Wanner, late mayor of Readname for Congress in opposition to not exempt, will be deducted from reputation of being a Democrat—even from here; on here otomac, Maryland a "Breckinridge" Democrat. A few Marshals have not yet made their re. the hope of office induces him to lend Buckeytown, sif going either to himself to bis life long enemies ward the Wallington road or the There will also probably be a spec- against his life long friends, and scru- Baltimore pik. in the fill up the old regiments ples not to insult those who have sac. The crossing funder-lictomac was in the fill alternation of the consistent in nothing, but they some profess gennsylvania. They will obtain anything like the opposi- munition. Theyg, and that is am tion vote in Berks we will not believe selves in the country subsist them-Special until we see the returns. We were along. They have abandoned turing delighted when we heard that he was Manassas, and removed all their a Major-but, pshaw! the revulsion, troops from in front of Washington when we found it to be only a scheme They are playing a bold game. They

1119 to step into Congress! Cincinnati, for the past week. has been in a state of the most intense excitement, owing to the numerous reports in regard to the threatened movements of the rebels. The Rebels had issued a proclamashop and factory was closed for sev- vate property. eral days, and the people were drill. A Provost Guard had been appoint-481 ing and preparing themselves for dethan Cincinnati.

More Despotism.

Sept. 3d, contains the following: More STATE PRISONERS.-Our town was startled on Friday evening last, by the anouncement that Mr. Ira Devenport, of Plymouth, had been arrested and lodged in jail in this borough, by Agib Rickets, Esq, Chief of Police. We tried in vain to ascertain the charge against Mr. Devenport, but could learn nothing further than that it had been done in pursuance of the recent order of the War Department. 156 clothing all Chiefs of Police with authority to arrest persons who were susp cted of disloyal practices, discouraging enlist-

ments, &c. Later in the evening two other arrests were made, viz: George B. Kulp, Register of the county, and E. B. Chase, District Attorney. - They also were committed to prison. All three of them petitioned for a hearing before Judge Conyngham 169 on a writ of habeas corpus.—The Judge granted the hearing, and they were accordingly taken before his Honor on Saturday morning, when the Chief of Police declined to make an answer until the expiration of the time allowed him-three; days-during which he could communicate with the War Department. The Judge then postponed the whole proceedings until this morning at 9 o'clockholding the prisoners in bail in the sum of

\$500 each for their appearance. None of these men know what they are imprisoned for, nor who are their accusers—and probably never will! They are all prominent Democrats, and so far as we know most worthy and loyal citizens Mr. Devenport was a delegate to the last Democratic County Convention.

This is one of the results of Mr. Stanton's unconstitutional "order" 3,022 authorizing the arrest and imprisonment of citizens by Chiefs of Police. (acting upon their own judgment, or prompted by personal malice or political bigotry.) without complaint or warrant. Such outrages will not long be borne, and if the department, and its agents do not stop short, the cry will soon go forth from the tongues of thousands of indignant freemen-'Down with the tyrants."

Invasion of Maryland.

Occupation of Frederick, &c.

On last Thursday night the Rebels commenced to cross cavalry, at or near the mouth of the Monocacy .-They brought over two regiments of cavalry, and threw over a pontoon bridge and crossed artillery, which encamped on Rogers' farm and threw out pickets towards Poolesville.

On Friday, about eleven o'clock, a column of infantry, cavalry and artillery commenced to cross the Potomac. They were crossing at three places besides the bridge, the water being up to a man's waist. No re-460 sistance was offered to their crossing. Some cavalry who were watching them were attacked and chased to Poolesville. There the houses were closed and the streets were blockaded by the citizens.

About dusk General Lee rode into Poolesville, at the head of four regiments of infantry, and guided by a farmer who has been professedly a Union man, and has his pockets fill. ed with our gold. Their infantry went off to their left, towards Fred-

The rebel Generals Robert Lee. Hill, Stuart and Fitz Hugh Lee are with the men. They marched in solid column, and have few or no shoes on. No knapsacks. Their wagon trains were crossing on Saturday and Sunday morning. General Lee offer-

week. The farmers are bringing in hay of Col. Mundy and Col. Metcalle's cavaland provisions of all kinds, and giv. ry retreated to the camp line, about one ing them away, and there is not a mile and a half from Richmond.

Our Democratic friends of loyal man, stone or two excep-We believe there perfectly confident of perforcess, and are cool, deliberate and termined. The Rebel Frecht Frederick-Pickets

a N Market. From a manho lest Frederick on and advanced a mile and a half on the der General Jeson, and have advanced a pictobree at New Market, on the nating road, seven miles from Frederick Jackson was report-

ed there at nio on Saturday. At Clarksbirland Poolesville the enemy's forceclaists of several regson. When teRebels fell back from Darnestown heldid not burn tie

ed for the night.

old soldiers.

Richmond

of battle.

when our informant left the ground.

Nelson received his wound.

the enemy on Saturday evening:

All our forces that were in this engage

ong as they were in position, but as soon

as their commander attempted to move

them they became disorganized and

could not again be brought into position.

Col. Manson acted gallantly and nobly.

and his management of the raw troops

under his command is highly spoken of

The Battle on Monday.

The Rebels Attack our Left Wing-

They Were Foiled.

On Monday afternoon, Sept. 1, about

4 o'clock, P. M., an attack was made

on our forces at Fairfax; but the en-

emy was driven back by Gen. Kear-

ney's brigade. The firing, says our

informant, was heavy, though princi-

get between this city and our lines,

and thus do all the damage in his

power by a raid of cavalry. In this

As we now write we learn that the

fight is renewed and is now progress-

ng. We shall probably have some

urther details before we go to press.

l'uesday, about seven o'clock, A. M.,

to the left of Fairfax Court House,

and carried off about one hundred of

our wagons. We asked our inform-

ant whether our trains were suffii ciently guarded. He remarked sig-

nificantly that our folks were not ex-

pecting the raid. Of course not. It

Tuesday, but others affirm that heavy

cannonading was heard after 20'clock,

Another account of the Battle on Monday

From the wounded soldiers who ar-

rived in the train yesterday after

noon, and other sources we gather

the following particulars of the late

About half past four o'clock on

Monday afternoon it was discovered

that a cavalry force had made its way

around in the rear of Pope's army,

when it made a dash at Gen. Reno's

force guarding the wagon trains, for

actions in front:

Stewart's cavalry made a raid on

ne was foiled.

by those who were present.

into by them, when they returned.

Sixteen Releiskere taken to day, BALTIMORE Sept. 7 .- Frederick,

Maryland, wa uidoubtedly occupied

base of operations, via Centreville and are at it leisurely, and feel confident of entire spacess.

Fugitives who left Frederick last night, report that the city was occupied by about 5000 Rebels under General Hill, consisting of cavalry, artillery and infantry.

in northern Kentucky. Every store, tion promising the protection of pri

Purchases were being made in Unifence. Some apprehend that Louis- ted States Treasury notes, of cattle ville is in more danger of an attack and horses, which were being sent back towards the river.

MARCHING FOR PENNSYLVANIA. We learn from gentleman who left The Luzerne Union (Wilkesbarre,) of Frederick at five o'clock on Saturday evening that a body of about one thousand men under Bradley Johnson was but with what little ammunition was left. the only force that stopped in Frederick. The main body marched directly through after a short halt, and proceeded on the lenced. road to Emmittsburg, in the direction of Gettysburg, Penhsylvania He states that he stopped three miles out and that he supposes from 10,000 to 15,000 men

> The main body of the rebel army was in ten miles from the city.

quest was granfed. He at once preferr ed charges against Generals Porter, Frank lin and Griffin, for not obeying orders in ly routed Some two thousand of our the late engagements and causing our de

A court-martial had orders to assemble this morning, and met at the War Department. Judge Holt, Judge Advocate; Major-General Cadwalader, General Casey and General Mansfield, the Broad On account of the non-attendance of Gen. eral Mansfield and General Porter, who is to be tried first, they adjourned till Mon-

day morning, at 11 o'clock. Porter's command has been given to General Heintzleman.

General Burnside has been placed in command of the right wing; and takes command of General Pope. It is hoped that the Rebels will be driven promptly from Maryland. LATER

General McDowell is said to have ask-

ed for a court of inquiry. By request of General McClellan, the President ordered Generals Porter, Franklin and Griffin to their commands. and postponed their trial for the present. General McClellan thought the exigencies of the case demanded their restoration to their commands.

Gen. Pope has been appointed to the command of the department of the northwest and left Washington, on Sunday, for St. Louis, to assume his command.

Three Cavalry Regiments Wanted-To meet a requisition on this State, by the President, for additional Cavalry, Govenor Curtin, in General Order No. 34, issued on the 1st inst., gives notice that troops sufficient to form three Regiments of Cavalry, will be accepted by Companies and organized into Regiments as rapidly as possible. The time for raising these troops has been limited to twenty days, so that persons authorized to raise Companies will be required to report the same at Harrisburg on or before the 20th inst. The usual advance pay and bounty will be given, as provided by orders of the War Department.

Battle at Richmond, Ky.

Severe Fight Between the forces of Generals Nelson and Kirby Smith-Rout of Nelson's Troops.

A severe fight took place on Friday and Saturday, the 29th and 30th ult., near Richmond, Ky., between the forces under Gen. Nelson and the rebels under Gen. Kirby Smith, in which all the forces under the command of Nelson were routed and completely demoralized. Nelson was severely but not dangerously wounded.

PARTICULARS OF THE FIGHT On the afternoon of Friday, the enemy under Gen. Kirby Smith, supposed to be ed to bet a hundred dollars to one 12,000 to 14,000 strong, drove in our cavthat he would be in Washington in a alry pickets, who were stationed out some distant from camp, and the whole force

General Manson, formerly Colonel of tunately they were discovered in sea- NATIONAL HOTEL tions, there he women received the 10th Indiana, had the forces under son, and Kearney's Division was sent them with fight tokens of joy. his command in the absence of General over to drive the rebels back. He found the rebels in greater force Nelson, who was at Lexington, consisting of the 12th, 16th, 66th, 69th, and 71st, In- than was at first supposed, as he dis-

diana, the 95th Ohio, and 18th Kentucky, played not only cavalry but artillery and the cavalry of Colonels Mundy and infantry. He ordered up reinand Metcalfe, formed in line of battle, forcements. He was soon supported by the Divisions of Hooker and Saturday nightwe learn that the road, when we came in sight of the ene- Banks, when the action became gen-Rebels therein a heavy force un my's cavalry breaking off to the left of the eral. The fight lasted about 2 hours; road. We there formed in line of battle a portion of the time the rain was with the artillery, which consisted of five pouring down in torrents. Our for pieces in position. The pieces were at ces drove the robels a mile and a half once unlimbered, and after throwing a with great slaughter. few shells, the enemy retreated rapidly.

The most of our information is obtained from those who were wounded We captured one piece of artillery, and number of blankets and accountements. in the beginning of the engagement, and, as a consequence, we cannot as-We thus advanced up the road after them to Rogersville, and there bivouack- certain the amount of loss sustained on either side.

A rebel prisoner taken during the Metcalfe's cavalry were sent out to see how far the enemy had gone, and came battle states that the rebel force enup with them seven miles distant. They gaged in the buttle was that of Stonewere in force, and our cavalry were fired | wall Jackson.

In Saturday's fight a sad and most unaccountable blunder occurred. The The next morning (Saturday), between five and six o'clock, Gen Manson started Third Michigan went into the battle ahead with two regiments and four pie with 290 men, and came out with ones of artillery. After proceeding a short iv 146, and more than three-fourths distance we saw some of the enemy's of this number met their fate by the cavalry coming toward us, on a scouting fire of the Twentieth Indiana regi expedition, to the right of the road, and ment, which lapped over their rear after advancing a short distance we were and poured a galling fire into them while on the advance. The first opened upon by their artillery. We formed in line of battle, and had an artillery knowledge which the Michigan boys fight which lasted for an hour or more had of the presence of the other reg-We now found the enemy attempting to iment, was the bullets in the back of turn our left flank, when sharp firing took their heads, arms, &c., nearly balf ant having lapped across thrown out as skirmishers, sent in for re-

It is said of company K. Second enforcements when the 69th Indiana was Wisconsin regiment, that out of fortyunuered to reenforce him. They adseven men who went into action on Saturday, only seven reported for dushell from the enemy, and went at it like ty the next morning, the rest having een either killed, wounded or taken After some heavy firing they turned prisoners.

our left flank, and advanced on us with Battle Beyond Fairfax Court House a large force. We then retreated between As Reno's division was pursuing its two and three miles, and re-formed in line ine of march, and when within one of battle on some high hills with the armile and a half of Fairfax Court tillery on the right and left flanks, when House, a heavy volley from a force of the firing from the artillery commenced riflemen came pouring in upon them on both sides and was kept up for severfrom the woods to the right of the al hours, when the enemy again advanroad. This occurred at 4 P. M. The ced in large force from a dense wood on rebel force was a detachment from our right flank, and after some severe General Hill's division, and was comfiring, succeeded in turning it, when a remanded by Gen. Stewart. treat took place to the original camping The villey was almost entirely reground of the brigade about a mile from

cived by Gen. Stevens' brigade, composed of the 28th Massachusetts, 8th Here Gen. Nelson, who had just come Michigan, 50th Pennsylvania, 100th up, met the men, and by great efforts ral-Pennsylvania, and 46th New York. hed them, and again formed them in line Reno and Stevens immediately formed their commands in line of lattle to At this time the ammunition of the arrepel the enemy, now concealed in tillery had almost given out and some of he thick shrubbery of the woods.the guns were without any men left to Gen. Stevens rode up and down his work them, all being killed or wounded; lines gallantly, rallying his men, and we replied to the enemy's guns until they unintimidated by repeated volleys from an unseen enemy. either changed their position or were si-

Unable to cope with them in the position they then held, General Ste This was about 4 P. M. on Saturday, vens ordered his men to fix bayonets, and charge them out through the He states that Lieutenant-Colonel Topping of the 71st Indiana, had a horse shot woods. This order was gallantly rehad passed, and they were still pouring under him, and was afterward shot sponded to by his men, who pressed through the city and out the Gettysburg through the body and died from that the enemy and drove him before them wound. Major Conklin of the same reg- with great slaughter. While thus iment was reported killed. The Major charging them, General Stevens was said to be under command of General of Metcalfe's Cavalry was also reported hit with a Minie ball, and instantly Jackson, who, it was reported, stopped killed. Lieutenant-Colonel Stout of the killed, but not until the enemy had for the night in Frederick, and it was 69th Indiana is reported wounded, and so been routed. Captain Stevens, the supposed that the main portion of the list he Major of the 18th Kentucky son of the General, was also wound army would encamp for the night with From other gentlemen who arrived from the city. Richmond and Lexington last evening, now opened on the rebel forces, caus-Or Friday General Pope asked to we learn that another attack was made ing a panic among the rebel ranks. be relieved of his command and his reelson, by the infantry and cavalry of hours, when the enemy retreated, and the energy, and our forces were complete the train passed on unmolested.

battle-ground at ten o'clock on Monday evening. The enemy's loss was heavy. Their dead lay in furrows, where the first roller form Stoyens' GIDSON LIGHT. ance scattered, many of them on the road to Lexington. In this engagement Gen where the first volley from Stevens' The 95th Ohio mainfained their ground brigade went whistling among them; until they were scattered by Metcalle's and I thought the penalty for this Cavalry, which dashed in amongst them. raid was amply severe. Gen. Stevens Richmond was taken possession of by was Ex-Governor of Washington Territory, and is reported to have fought most gallantly in the battle of Satur ment were raw men of the last levy. Our informants state that they acted well so

Sketch of General Rearriey.

It is doubtful whether the loss of any one man in the army could be sary expenses. For particulars address (with Stamp) more. deeply felt than will that of Major Connect Philips Rearriey. His Major General Philip Kearney. His division had an engagement with the rebels on Monday evening, near Chantilly, Virginia, and he drove them more than a mile. Afterwards, it appears that while making a reconnois. sance alone, he was fired at from a ravine and killed. His body was sent within our lines by a flag of truce, and removed to New Jersey for bu-

THE NATIONAL PLATFORM.

PUR POSES OF THE WAR

pally of musketry, and continued for some time. What were the casual-Congress, by a vote nearly unanimous, passed the following resolution, which expresses the voice of the Nation and is the true standard of ties he could not tell, the' he thought the enemy's loss was heavy. He re ports General Isaac I Stevens as kill ed. The object of the enemy was to

AT REDUCED PRICES.

S15 EACH!

Our Machine is PERFECT it its Mechanism. It is less liable to get out of order than any other. Diplomas have been awarded it over the Grover & Baker and other bigh, priced Machines.

Congress, banishing all feeling of mere passion or resentment, will recollect only its duty to the whole country; that this war is not waged on their part in any spirit of oppression, or for any purpose of conquest or subjugation or purpose of overthrowing or interfering with the rights or established institutions of those States, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution, and to preserve the Union, with a lightly, equality, and rightly equality. cut off our source of supplies, and to end and maintain the supremacy of the Consti-tation, and to preserve the Union, with all the lignity, equality, and rights of the several States unimpaired; and that as soon as these object are accomplished the war ought to cease."

> WANTED TO BUY, 0,000 BUSHELS RYB; 50,000 bushels CORN. 50,000 bushels OATS; 50,000 bushels WHEAT. 50,000-

Also, CLOVERSEED. TINOTHY SEED, F axsed. for which the highest CASH prices will be paid at the Lebanon Valley Railroad Depot, Lebanon. GEORGE HOFFMAN. was the opinion of this gentleman Lebanon, July 17, 1861. that there had been no fighting on

FORMERLY of Jonestown. Lebanon county, would respectfully inform his friends, and the public, that he has conne ted himself with Mr. Lower, in the TOBACCO, SNUFF AND SKIAR BUSINESS, No. 138 North Third street. Phila... where he will be glad to receive customers, and will sell at rates that will prove satisfactory.

Philadelphia, July 17, 1861.

NEW LIVERY STABLE. HE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he has opened a NEW LIVERY STABLE, at Mrs. Rise's hotel, Market street, Lebanon, where he will keep for the public accommodation good stock or will keep gentle and good driving Horses, and handsome and safe Vehicles. Also, careful Drivers furnished when desired. Also OMNIBUS for Parties, &c. Lebanon, July 17, 1861. JAMES MARCH.

A PICTURE of your deceased friend, enlarged and colored in oil, onll at DAILY'S Gallery, next door to the Lebanon Deposit Bank. the purpose, it is supposed, of capturing the supply train, which contained

provisions and ammunition, of which the robels stand sorely in need. For-

Race Street, above Third, Phila.

THIS establishment offers great inducements not offer its central location to the avenues of trade, as well as the conveniences afforded by the several Passenger Railways. running past and contiguous to it, by which guests can past to and from the Hotel to the different Railroad Depots, should they be preferred to the regular Omnibus belonging to the House.

I am determine to devote my whole attention to the comfor, and convenience of my guests.

TEIEMS \$1 25 PER DAY.

TERMS \$1 25 PER DAY. T. V. HHOADS, Glerking Chila. March 12, 1862

Fee Bills

Justices of the Peace and Constables just printed and for sale at the Advertiser Office.

Boots and Shoes Tie E subscribers respectfully informs his friends and the public in general that he still continues the usiness of BOOT AND SHOE MAKING, at the strate of the stand Market street a few days North of the strate of the stands of

ork. As all his work is warranted, he feels confident of As all his work is wanted in this bor-iving, satisfaction to every one.

Repairing done that cannot be surpassed in this borJOAN H. WEAVER.

ign. Lebanon, August 20, 1862. PITS! PITS! PITS!

H. RICHEY has removed his No. 1 Tailoring
A. Establishment to No. 3. North Walnut street. 2
doors north of J. George's store, and directly opposite
the Court House, up stairs, where he will continue to
manufacture all articles in his line with ueatness
and dispatch. Particular attention will be paid
to cutting and making children's clothing, 2c.,
&c. He solicits a continuance of the very libeial parronage thus far extended by the citizens of Lebanon and vicinity, All kinds of stitching done on reasonable terms on one of J. M. Singer's Sewing Machines.
All work warranted and entire satisfaction guaranteed.
Lebanon, July 3, 1861.

ALL EMPLOYEES

RAIL ROAD COMPANY.

the setening the literties or our country, are needy as the fact of their volunteering to defend their country in this emergency, will be considered hereafter as greatly in their favor for promotion to any suitable positions in the service of this Company.

CILARLES E. SMITH, President.
Phila clpbia. August 8th, 1862. [Aug. 13-5m.

"THE UNION."

Arch Street, Above Third, Phila. UPTON S. NEWCOMER, Proprietor. THIS flotel is central, convenient by Passenger Cars
to all parts of the city, and in every particular
dapted to the comfort and wants of the business public.
Terms \$1.50 per day. [Sept. 11, '61- ly.

KOLLOCK'S Bandelion Coffee.

TMIS preparation, made from the best Java Coffee, is resummended by physicians as a superior NUTRI-TIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility. Dyspepsia, and all bilious disorders. Thous nd: who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

KOLLOCK'S LEVAIN.

The purest and best BAKING POWDER known, for making light, swe t and nutritious Brend and Cakes.—Price 25 cents.

MANUFACTURED BY

MANUFACTURED BY
M. H. KOLLOCK, Chemist,

Corner of Broad and Chestnut Streets. Philadelphia,
A d sold by all Druggists and Grocers.

Philadelphia, February 26, 1862-1y.

ADAM S. ULRICH, ATTORNEY AT LAW. N FUNCK'S BUILDING, second story, in the rooms lately occupied by John II. Bowman, Lebanon, Pa. Lebanon, April 30, 1862-8m.*

A TTORNEY-AT-LAW —Office in Walnut street, near-from Karmany's Hardware store. Lebanon. April 9, 1862.—1y. S. T. McADAM,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

CYRUS P. MILLER,

OFFICE in Comberland Street, in the room lately occupied by Wm. M. DEER, Esq., Lebanon, Pa. Lebanon, July 3, 1862. GRANT WEIDMAN.

A TTORNEY-AT LAW —Office in Cumberland street, in the office of his father, Gen. John Weidman. Lebanon, August 28, 1861. JUST RECIVED!—A Large and Splendid Assertment of super French, English and American Cloths and Cassimonms for Costs, Pants and Vests. Call and examine one stock—we'led confident that we can please. Prices to suit the times, at HENRY & STINE'S.

North Lebanon Steam Grist Mill GRAIN WANTED!

HE undersigned will purchase all kinds of ORAIN, such as WHEAT, RYE, at their STEAM MILL, on the Union

ly routed Some two thousand of our Your correspondent passed over the men were taken prisoners, and the bal battle-ground at ten o'clock on Mon-North Lebanon, May 21, 1862.

\$30 EMPLOYMENT. \$100 Commercial Agents Wanted TO SELL GOODS POR THE

Manufactuing Company!

Out-Lots at Private Sale!

WILL be sold at Private Sale.
WILL be sold at Private Sale,
S ACRES OF LAND,
situated in Long Lane, near the borough line, in Cornwall township. It adjoins the land of Widow Pulmer,
on the North, Wm. Atkins and John Krause on the East.
There is a one story LOG HOUSE, weather boarded
erected on the land, and a good WELL in the garden.—
The land has fine stones for quarries. This tract will
make a nice home for a small family.

199. It is free from Ground Rent. Good title will be
given.

N. B.—This tract is now covered with fine grass, half
of which will be given to the purchaser.
Lebanon, June 13, 1860.

\$50 EMPLOYMENT, \$100

AGENTS WANTED SEWING MACHINES!

Our Machine will HEM, FELL, STITCH, QUILT and BIND, and will sew on all kinds of goods, from the finest Swiss, Muslin to the coarsest Woolen, working with ease through several thicknesses of thick Woolen-Cloth. ALL MACHINES ARE WARRANTED. \$15 EACH!

IF YOU WANT A GOOD MACHINE, AND NOT HAVEIF COST YOU ANYTHING, WRITE TO US,
AS WE WANT THE MACHINE TESTED
IN EVERY NEIGHBORHOOD IN THE
UNITED STATES.

\$15 EACH! Employing Agents.

We will give a commission on all goods sold by our gents, or we will pay wages at FIFTY DOLLARS PER MONTH, and pay all necessary expenses. For particulars address
Msy 21, 1862. CHAS. RUGG LES. Agent.
Detroit, Mich.

BISCUIT BAKERY.

137 North Front St., Phila. THE Subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public, that the old Bakery, on Front St., below Race, (where our name has been on the sign boards for many years) has CHANGED OWNERS and is now exclusively occupied in baking Bread for the U.S. Gavernment. Ours, therefore, is the only place in the city where the OLD FASHIONED HAND MADE FAMILY CRACKERS are now manufactured. We are also prepared to receive orders for Pilot and Navy Bread, Shipping Crackers, and all the usual variety of fancy biscuit to any extent, and invite all dealers—wholesale and retail—to cil and judge for themselves.

Philadelphia, Sept. 3, 1862.

Did you see ATKINS & BRO'S Naw Backs and the series.

D ID you see ATKINS & BRO.'S New Boot and Shee

A PHOTOGRAPH of yourself or friend, the best are to be had at DALLY'S Gallery, next door to the Lenanon Deposit Bank.