

Lebanon Advertiser. Wm. M. Breslin, Editor and Proprietor. LEBANON, PA. WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 20, 1862.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL: ISAAC SLENKER. UNION COUNTY. FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL: JAMES P. BARR. ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

NEGROES TO BE DRAFTED. The white men of Massachusetts will soon have an opportunity of practically testing their relish for the Abolition doctrine of negro equality, social and political.

"NO PARTY!" The opposition just now, although the most notorious and unprincipled party hacks in the land, are constantly crying out "no party!—no party!"

General Order from the Secretary of War. Governor Curtin has received the following order from Washington: Ordered—First. That, after the 15th day of this month, bounty and advance pay shall not be paid to volunteers for the regiments now in the field, and volunteers to fill up the new regiments now organizing, but not yet full.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE has issued an address and call for the loyal men of Pennsylvania, at the call of the Democratic Standing Committees of the several counties, to meet in the several cities and towns of the State, at such places as shall be designated by the said Standing Committees respectively, on the 17th of September next, to celebrate that day as the anniversary of the day of the adoption of the Constitution of the United States. We shall publish the address next week.

MORE EDITORS IN TROUBLE. The Baltimore News Sheet office was taken possession of by the police on the evening of the 14th, and the editors and proprietors sent to Fort McHenry.

EX-SENATOR PUGH OF OHIO TURNS UP. Mr. Pugh made a speech at Dayton, Ohio, a few days ago. He said: "At the first whisper of compromise from our southern brethren, he was for a settlement of this difficulty and forgetting the past."

Four Orations in a Nutshell. Our fellow citizens who own and till the soil, who drive milk carts and mills, and hammer out their own iron and leather on their own anvils and lapstones, may like to hear what Washington and Jackson have said touching sectionalism.

DISCOURAGING ENLISTMENTS.—If there are any persons in this State disposed so far to sympathize with rebellion as to discourage enlistments, we desire to call their attention to an act of the Legislature of 1861, which, among other things, provides that "if any person or persons belonging to or residing within this State shall endeavor to persuade any person or persons from entering the service of this State or United States, or from joining any volunteer company or association of this State, about being mustered into service, or shall use threats or persuasion, or offer any bribe, or hold out any hope of reward, or withdrawal from any volunteer company or association already organized under the laws of this commonwealth for that purpose, every person so offending, and being legally convicted thereof, shall be sentenced to undergo solitary imprisonment in the penitentiary, at hard labor, for a term not exceeding ten years, and be fined in a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars, or both, at the discretion of the court."

ARMING NEGROES. The question of arming the negroes is again brought up by a difficulty between Gen. Butler and the renowned Gen. Phelps, who holds a subordinate position in the southwestern division. It appears that on the 30th ult. Gen. Phelps sent to Capt. Davis, Acting Assistant Adjutant General, requisitions for uniforms, arms, camp equipment and all the appointments for the organization of a brigade, and stated that he wished them for three regiments of colored men, which he was satisfied could be raised in a very short time, and would prove of inestimable value to the Government as soldiers.

INDEPENDENCE, MO. CAPTURED. KANSAS CITY, August 12.—A battle took place at Independence yesterday, between Federal forces, numbering 350 men, under Lieut. Col. Buel, and from 500 to 600 guerrillas, under the notorious Col. Hughes, assisted by Quantrell and Hayes, resulting in the complete rout and surrender of our troops. The loss on either side is not known.

THE ARRIVAL OF BURNSIDE'S TROOPS from the Peninsula had caused great rejoicing through the camps, and the Rebels are known to have fallen back to the Railroad; no fears are entertained of them again making an attack, although they have received reinforcements to the amount of twenty-five thousand, making near fifty thousand, under the Rebel Generals Ewell, Hill, Longstreet, Stuart and Jackson.

A HERO INDEED.—Among the Pennsylvania Volunteers in prison at Richmond, recently, were Sergeant Bauman and Herr. Of those recently paroled to be sent within our line was Sergeant Bauman. Mr. Herr was very sick, and his comrades feared that if he staid in the military prison much longer, he would not get home alive. He was not paroled; but when Bauman's name was called out, he pushed young Herr toward the ambulance, and exclaimed—"Here he is!"

THE ABOLITIONISTS OF NEW ENGLAND at their meeting at Island Grove, near Boston, on Tuesday, seemed to have agreed with each other, in denouncing the President, and abusing Gen. McClellan, for not converting the war for the Union into a war for the Negro, and for Negro Equality. The President was called a "moral coward" a "broomstick," and other names, which even the rebel editors and orators of Richmond or Charleston would be ashamed of. One of the speakers went so far as to urge that we let the South go, unless emancipation be proclaimed and enforced. And this, beyond doubt, is the marrow of the whole matter. These people do not want a Constitutional Union—the Union that Washington, and Jefferson, and Adams, and Franklin framed,—but some sort of a black Republic, after the San Domingo or Hayti negro equality pattern. If it is treason to discourage enlist-

ments, every man who spoke at that Grove Island meeting is a traitor. Men have been sent to Forts Warren and Lafayette for saying things far less reasonable than these New England Abolition utterances. Those men were Democrats, we know—but are Democrats to be punished, while the Abolitionists are permitted to go scot free.

AN ENGLISHMAN'S IDEA OF AMERICANS. Won't Somebody Please Hold that Man!—A late letter from London says: Americans are already held in derision. The leading ethnologists of the day have taken the matter in hand, and say they are a sui generis—a Caucasian race of savages. They gravely assert that they are fast becoming Indianized; that the country was inhabited, and intended to be so, by the Indian, and not by the white man; and that a European, after three or four generations, becomes lank in stature, ungovernable in his passions, and murderous in his instincts; that the elements of the Indian character still exists in the climate, are breathed by the inhabitants like miasma, and slowly insinuating in the system become finally developed in a love of blood, daring courage, a thirst of adventure, and a proneness to war among themselves.

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