Lebanon Advertiser.

VIRTUE LIBERTY & INDEPENDENCE

VOL. 13---NO. 45. LEBANON, PA., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 30, 1862. WHOLE NO. 671.

Job Printing:

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Neatly and Promptly Executed, at the
ADVERTISER OFFICE, LEBANON, PENN'A

This establishment is now supplied with an extensive assortment of JOB TYPE, which will be increased as the patronage demands. It can now turn out PRINTING, of every description, in a neat and expeditious manner—and on very reasonable terms. Such as

Pamphlets, Checks,
Business Cards, Handbills,
Circulars, Labels,
Bill Headings, Blanks,
Programmes, Bills of Fare,
Invitations, Tickets, &c., &c.

☞ DEEDS of all kinds, Common and Judgment BONDS. School, Justices', Constables' and other BLANKS, printed correctly and neatly on the best paper, constantly kept for sale at this office, at prices "to suit the times."
*** Subscription price of the LEBANON ADVERTISER One Dollar and a Half a Year.
Address, WM. M. BRESLIN, Lebanon, Pa.

STEAM MILL
AND
Cottage Dwelling House
FOR RENT.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, offer for Rent HERTZLER'S STEAM PLANING MILL and SAW MILL, located near Myerstown, on the Union Canal, and about ¼ mile from the Railroad.—This Mill has two pair of Burrs for Flour and 1 pair for Chop.

ALSO,

COTTAGE DWELLING HOUSE,

in Myerstown, on the road leading from Myerstown to the Mill.

☞ Possession will be given immediately, or on the 1st of April, next.

JOHN A. DONGES,
THOMAS BASSLER,
Assignees of Levi Hertzler.
Myerstown, February 19, 1862.

Private Sale.

THE Subscriber offers at private sale all that certain farm or tract of land, situate partly in Pinegrove township, Schuylkill county, and partly in Bethel township, Lebanon county, bounded by lands of Eckert and Guilford, Benjamin Ayerigg, Daniel Doubert and others, containing one hundred and forty-eight acres and a quarter, with the appurtenances, consisting of a two story log dwelling-house, (weather boarded) a 1½ story log dwelling house, a new bank barn, other out-buildings, and a new water power saw mill. For terms, &c., which will be easy, Apply to

G. W. MATCHIN, Agent.
Pinegrove, April 20, 1859.-tf.

Out-Lots at Private Sale!

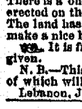
WILL be sold at Private Sale,
8 ACRES OF LAND,
situated in Long Lane, near the borough line, in Cornwall township. It adjoins the land of Widow Fulmer, on the North, Wm. Atkins and John Krause on the East. There is a one story LOG HOUSE, weather boarded, erected on the land, and a good WELL in the garden.—The land has fine stones for quarries. This tract will make a nice home for a small family.

☞ It is free from Ground Rent. Good title will be given. ADAM RITCHER.

N. B.—This tract is now covered with fine grass, half of which will be given to the purchaser.
Lebanon, June 13, 1860.

For Rent,

STORE ROOM No. 2, "Eagle Building," now occupied by Reisenstein & Bro., as a Clothing Store. For terms apply to



Mrs. SARAH LINEAWEAVER, or
Mrs. ELIZABETH C. WEIDMAN.
Lebanon, Jan. 15, 1862.

100,000 BARRELS OF THE "LODI MANUFACTURING CO.'S
POUDRETTE,

For Sale by LODI MANUFACTURING COMPANY, 180 South Wharves, Philadelphia, Pa.

This Company, with a capital of $150,000, the most extensive works of the kind in the world, and an experience of 22 years in manufacturing, with a reputation long established, having also the exclusive control of all the night soil from the great City of New York, are prepared to furnish an article which is, without doubt, the *cheapest and very best* fertilizer in market.

Price for 7 barrels and over $1.50 per barrel, or only $16 per ton. It greatly increases the yield and ripens the crop from two to three weeks earlier, at an expense of from $3 to $4 per acre, and with very little labor.

A Pamphlet, containing all the information necessary, with letters from Horace Greeley, Daniel Webster, and hundreds of farmers who have used it extensively for *many* years, may be had *free* by addressing a letter as above or

JAMES T. FOSTER, 66 Courtlandt St., New York.
Care of the Lodi Manufacturing Co.
February 12, 1862.-3m.

Lebanon Deposit Bank.

Cumberland street, one door east of Carmany's Hotel.

WILL pay the following RATES of INTEREST on DEPOSITS,
For 1 year, and longer, 6 per cent. per annum;
For 6 months, and longer, 5 per cent. per annum;
For 3 months, and longer, 4 per cent. per annum;
requiring a short notice of withdrawal. Interest paid in full for the Deposits from the date of deposit to the date of withdrawal. We will also afford a liberal line of accommodation to those who may favor us with Deposits, payable on demand. Will pay a premium on SPANISH and MEXICAN DOLLARS, and also on *old Mexican Dollars* and *Half Dollars*. Will make collections on and remit to all parts of the United States, the Canadas and Europe; Negotiate Loans, &c., &c., and do a general EXCHANGE and BANKING BUSINESS.

G. DAWSON COLEMAN, President.
GEO. GLEIM, Cashier.

The undersigned, MANAGERS, are individually liable to the extent of their Estates, for all Deposits and other obligations of the "LEBANON DEPOSIT BANK."

SIMON CAMERON, G. DAWSON COLEMAN,
GEORGE SMULLER, LEVI KLINE,
JAMES YOUNG, AUGUSTUS BOYD,
Lebanon, May 12, 1858. GEORGE GLEIM.

Blanket Shawls,

CLOTH, WOOLEN CLOTHING of all colors, dyed Jet Black or Blue Black, pressed, the color warranted and goods turned out equal to new, by

LYON LEMBERGER,
East Hanover.

☞ Articles to be dyed can be left at *Jos. L. Lember ger's* Drug Store where all orders for the above will be attended to. [Feb. 8, 1860.

GRANT WEIDMAN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.—Office in Cumberland street, in the office of his father, Gen. John Weidman.
Lebanon, August 28, 1861.

PROF. WOOD'S
RESTORATIVE CORDIAL
AND
BLOOD RENOVATOR

Is precisely what its name indicates, for, while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating, and strengthening to the vital powers. It also revivifies, reinstates and renews the blood in all its original purity, and thus restores and renders the system invulnerable to attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form so as to be within the reach of all. So chemically and skillfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted to *as to act in perfect accordance with the laws of nature, and hence soothe the weakest stomach*, and tone up the digestive organs, and allay all nervous and other irritation. It is also perfectly exhilarating in its effects, and yet it is never followed by lassitude or depression of spirits.—It is composed entirely of vegetables and those thoroughly combining powerful tonic and soothing properties, and consequently can never injure. Such a remedy has long been felt to be a desideratum in the medical world, both by the thoroughly skilled in medical science, and also by all who have suffered from debility; for it needs no medical skill or knowledge even to see that debility follows all attacks of disease, and lays the unguarded system open to the attacks of many of the most dangerous to which poor humanity is constantly liable.—Such, for example, as the following: Consumption, Bronchitis, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Faintness, Nervous Irritability, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Melancholy, Hypochondria, Night Sweats, Languor, Giddiness, and all that class of cases, so fearfully fatal if unattended to in time, called *Female Weaknesses and Irregularities*. Also, Liver Derangements or Torpidity, and Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Kidneys, Scalding or Incontinence of the Urine, or any general derangement of the Urinary Organs, Pain in the Back, Side, and between the Shoulders, predisposition to Slight Colds, Hacking and Continued Cough, Emaciation, Difficulty of Breathing and indeed we might enumerate many more still, but we have space only to say, it will not only cure the debility following Chills and Fever, but prevent all attacks arising from Miasmatic Influences, and cure the diseases at once, if already attacked. And as it acts directly and persistently upon the biliary system, arousing the Liver to action, promoting, in fact, all the excretions and secretions of the system, it will infallibly prevent any deleterious consequences following upon change of climate and water; hence all travelers should have a bottle with them, and all should take a table spoonful at least before eating. As it prevents costiveness, strengthens the digestive organs, it should be in the hands of all persons of sedentary habits, students, ministers, literary men. And all ladies not accustomed to much out door exercise should always use it.—If they will they will find an agreeable, pleasant, and efficient remedy against those ills which rob them of their beauty; for beauty cannot exist without health, and health cannot exist while the above irregularities continue.—Then again, the Cordial is a perfect Mother's Relief. Taken a month or two before the final trial she will pass the dreadful period with perfect ease and safety. *There is no mistake about it, this Cordial is all we claim for it. Mothers try it!* And to you we appeal to detect the illness or decline not only of your daughters before it be too late, but also your sons and husbands, for while the former, from false delicacy, go down to a premature grave rather than let their condition be known in time, the latter are often so mixed up with the excitement of business that if it were not for you they too would travel in the same downward path, until too late to arrest their fatal fall. But the mother is always vigilant, and to you we confidently appeal; for we are sure your never failing affection will unerringly point you to Professor Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator as the remedy which should be always on hand in time of need. O. J. WOOD, Proprietor, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo., sold by all good Druggists. Also by Dr. Ross, opposite the Court House, Lebanon, Pa. Price One Dollar per Bottle. [July 24, 1861.-1y. ecw.

PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR

LEBANON ADVERTISER
Book & Job Printing Office,

2d Story, Funck's Hall,
Cumberland Street,
LEBANON, Pa.

We beg to call the attention of our friends, and the public, to our extensive

Book and Job Office.

Our facilities in

Type,
Presses, and
Material

are such that we feel confident we can execute all descriptions of Printing at as Low Prices as any office in the country, and in style warranted to give satisfaction.

Cards
In every variety to suit the times.
Posters,
Handbills,
Programmes,
Circulars,
Billheads,
Checks,
Invoices,
Manifests,
Bills Lading,
Tickets,

and all descriptions of Printing, at prices to suit the times.

Book Printing.

Our facilities for executing all kinds of Book and Pamphlet Printing are complete in every respect.

Show Cards,
Plain Cards,
Handbills,
Blanks and
Labels,

Printed in the best style and with despatch.

We tender our acknowledgments for the patronage we have enjoyed during the many years we have conducted this establishment, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the favors of our friends.

Printing for Country Merchants.

We would respectfully say to our friends in the country, that we have a variety of Large Type designed for Posters and Handbills for Country Merchants. Any orders forwarded us, by letter or otherwise will be carefully attended to.

Law Printing.

Briefs,
Bonds and
Law Blanks,

Printed and furnished to order at the shortest notice.

Blank Deeds.

Double,
Single,
Executor,
Administrator and
Trustee Deeds, and
Mortgages,

constantly kept on hand for sale.

Justices' Blanks.

Summons,
Executions,
Suppoenas,
Warrants,
Commitments, &c.,

for sale.

Blank Constable Sales and
Election Bills

for sale.

Handbills for Vendues,

Printed at an hour's notice.

Vendue Notes and
Conditions

for sale.

Tax Receipts.

Receipts for Collectors of

State,
County,
Township,
Borough, or
School Tax,

kept for sale.

School Blanks.

Orders,
Agreements for Teachers,
Warrants for Collectors,
Bonds for Treasurers and Collectors

for sale.

Leeses for Renting Houses,

Agreements for the
Sale of Land, &c.,

for sale.

Call at the
Advertiser Office,
Or, Address
WM. M. BRESLIN,
Lebanon, Pa.

Books and Stationery Emporium,
AND
TEACHERS' HEADQUARTERS!
GEORGE WALTZ,
HAS REMOVED

Has removed his Book Store to Market Square, Lebanon, WHERE may be had, on reasonable terms a general assortment of SCHOOL, SUNDAY SCHOOL, THEOLOGICAL and MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS of every description.

Copy-Books, Cyphering Books, leather and paper bound Pass Books, and every variety of STATIONERY, &c., wholesale and retail.

WINDOW SHADES.
A large Of variety Plain, Fancy, Buff, Green, Gilt, &c.
PAPER SHADES.
Neat Patterns, Plain, Green, Blue and Gilt. Also the latest and simplest
STYLES OF FIXTURES.
☞ CALL AND EXAMINE. ☜
Lebanon, September 27, 1860.

CLOCKS.
Thirty Day,
Eight Day,
Thirty Hour,
CLOCKS,
Just Received at
J. J. BLAIR'S Jewelry Store,
Lebanon Pa.
July 3, 1861.

MISS ATKINS

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Lebanon and vicinity that she has opened a FASHIONABLE MILLINERY and MANTUA MAKING ESTABLISHMENT, in Market street, 2d door above Hill.

A new stock just received and opened for inspection, embracing a full assortment of Silk, Crape and Straw Bonnets, Bonnet Trimmings, Ribbons, Flowers, &c.
Lebanon, April 17, 1861.

☞ Reader, have you seen Prof. Wood's advertisement in our paper. Read it; it will interest you.

Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Annville,
LEBANON COUNTY, PENN'A.

THIS COMPANY was incorporated, March. 1859, and is now in full operation and ready to make insurance on Dwellings, and other Buildings, on Furniture, and Merchandise generally. Also on Barns, Contents, Stock, Farm Implements, &c., on a Mutual Principle.

MANAGERS.

Christian Bachman,	Samuel Seabold,
William Early, jr.,	John H. Kinports,
George S. Bomgardner,	George Rigler,
J. D. A. Garman,	John Allwein,
George Donges,	Rudolph Herr,
John D. Beiver,	Joseph F. Matz,
Daniel S. Early,	

JOHN ALLWEIN, President.
RUDOLPH HERR, Treasurer.
JOSEPH F. MATZ, Secretary.
Samuel Seabold, Traveling Agent.
Jacob Schnotterly, Agent, Fredericksburg.
Annville, March 5, 1862.-1y.

PHOENIX LOOKING GLASS AND PICTURE
Frame Manufactory,

Nos. 221 East Twenty-Third Street, 173 & 175 Grand Street & 215 Centre Street.
ESTABLISHED 1838. NEW YORK. ESTABLISHED 1838.

This Establishment has been in successful operation 24 years, and is the LARGEST of the kind in the United States. We have on hand or manufacture to order every description of
LOOKING GLASS, PICTURE & PORTRAIT FRAMES,
Plain and Ornamental Pier, Wall, Oval & Mantel Glasses, Connecting Cornices, Base and Bracket Tables, with Marble Slabs, Toilet Glasses, &c., &c., &c.

MOULDINES FOR PICTURE FRAMES, in lengths suitable for transportation, either *Gilt, Berling, Rosewood, Oak, Zebra, Birdseye, Mahogany*, &c. Our new Manufactory and extensive facilities enable us to furnish any article in our line as GOOD as the BEST, and as CHEAP as the CHEAPEST.

Dealers are invited to call upon us

when they visit New York. We claim to be able to supply them with every article in our line which they can possibly require, at prices lower than they can purchase elsewhere.

Orders by mail attended to with promptness. Do not fail to call when you visit New York.

☞ Office and Warerooms, No. 215 Centre St., N. Y.
HORACE Y. SIGLER, Agent.
New York, March 15, 1862-3m.

THE NEW YORK WEEKLY
JOURNAL OF COMMERCE

A Conservative Family and Business Paper.
THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WEEKLY IN AMERICA

CONTAINS news from all the world, the best reports of the Produce, Grain and Cattle trade, Dry Goods and Money markets.

The foe to disorganizers, North, or South. The supporter of the Union, the Constitution and the laws.

TERMS FOR ONE YEAR.

Twenty Copies or upwards, to one address $1 each.—Thirteen copies to one address $15. Eight copies $10. Four copies $6. Three copies $5. Under Three copies $2, each.

An extra copy to any one sending a club of twenty, with the money. The Daily Journal of Commerce, Junior, issued for the Country, $5 a year.

Specimen copies sent gratis.
PRIME, STONE, HALE AND HALLOCK,
91 Wall street, New York.
January 22, '62.

KOLLOCK'S
DANDELION COFFEE.

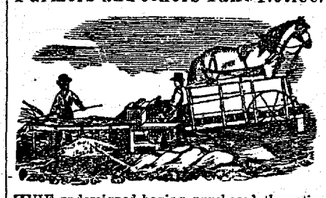
THIS preparation, made from the best Java Coffee, is recommended by physicians as a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility, Dyspepsia, and all bilious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

Kollocks Levain,

The purest and best BAKING POWDER known, for making light, sweet and nutritious Bread and Cakes.—Price 25 cents.

MANUFACTURED BY
M. H. KOLLOCK, Chemist,
CORNER OF BROAD AND CHESTNUT STREETS,
PHILADELPHIA,
And sold by all Druggists and Grocers.
Philadelphia, February 26, 1862.-1y.

Farmers and others Take Notice.



THE undersigned having purchased the entire establishment of A. MAJOR & BROTHER, will manufacture and keep on hand a very general assortment of MACHINERY and FARMING IMPLEMENTS, embracing Improved FOUR-HORSE Powers and Threshers; Railway Horse Powers and Threshers, Morgan's Independent steel-wire Tooth Horse RAKE; Mumma's Patent Fodder, Straw and Hay CUTTER; Cast Iron Field Rollers, Grain Fans, Hay Elevators, Clover Hullers, Corn-shellers, by hand or power, Corn Ploughs and Planters, Cultivators, &c., with a variety of the best PLOUGHS in use, &c.

All of the above Machines are of the latest and best improvements, and are all warranted to give satisfaction.

Castings of all kinds made to order,

and at short notice. He also manufactures STEAM ENGINES, Mill Gearing, Shafting, and Mill work in general, and pays particular attention to Repairing Engines and Machinery of all kinds.

He invites all to call and examine the work at the Machine Shop, on PINEGROVE STREET, Lebanon.

☞ All orders or communications by mail will be promptly attended to. D. M. KARMANY.
Lebanon, Lebanon Co., Pa.
Lebanon, August 8, 1860.

NOTICE.—I have appointed A. MAJOR & BROTHER my Agents for the purpose of carrying on the above business. D. M. KARMANY.
Lebanon, August 8, 1860.

THE NEW BAKERY,

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Lebanon, that he has commenced the BAKING BUSINESS, in all its varieties, at his stand, on Cumberland street, Lebanon, nearly opposite the Buck Hotel, and will supply customers with the best BREAD, CAKES, &c., &c. Flour received from customers and returned to them in bread at short notice.

CONFECTIONERIES,

of all kinds, fresh and of the best quality, constantly on hand, and furnished at the lowest prices.

The public is invited to give me a trial.
Lebanon, Nov. 9, 1859. F. H. EBUR.

LEMBERGER'S
CLOTH MANUFACTORY.

THANKFUL for past favors, the undersigned respectfully informs the Public, that he continues to carry on his Manufactory in East Hanover township, Lebanon county, on as extensive a scale as ever. It is unnecessary for him to say more, than that the work will be done in the same EXCELLENT STYLE, which has made his work and name so well known in the surrounding country. He promises to do the work in the shortest possible time. His manufactory is in complete order, and he flatters himself to be able to render the same satisfaction as heretofore. He manufactures

Broad and Narrow Cloths, Cassimetts, Blankets, White and other Flannels, all in the best manner.

He also cards Wool and makes Rolls. For the convenience of his Customers, Wool and Cloth will be taken in at the following places:—At the stores of George & Pyle, Louser & Brothers, George Reinohl, and at the new Drug Store of Joseph L. Lemberger, near the Market House, in the borough of Lebanon; at the store of Shirk & Long, in North Lebanon; at S. Gossert's, Bethel township; at the public house of William Earnst, Fredericksburg; at the store of S. E. Bickel, in Jonestown; at the store of Mr. Weitner, Bellevue; at the store of Martin Early, Palmyra; at the store of Mr. Zimmerman, East Hanover, Lebanon county. All materials will be taken away regularly, from the above places, finished without delay, and returned again.

Those of his customers who wish Stocking Wool carded dyed and mixed, can leave the same, white, at the above mentioned places, with directions how they wish it prepared. Or his customers can order the Stocking Wool to be prepared from the Wool of the undersigned, which will be done and left at the desired places.

N. B. It is desired that those having Wool carded, will pay the Cash therefor, at the above named places.

LYON LEMBERGER.
East Hanover, Lebanon county, July 17, 1861.

THE ST. LOUIS,
CHESTNUT STREET,
Between Third and Fourth, Philad'a.

THE undersigned, having leased, for a term of years, this popular house, have the pleasure of announcing to their friends and the traveling community that it is now open for the reception of guests. The house since the first of March last, has been entirely renovated and refitted in a superior manner; the apartments are large, well ventilated and furnished in modern style. It is centrally located, convenient to all the depot and steamboat landings, and in the immediate vicinity of the Custom House, Post Office and the Corn Exchange.

Connected with the Hotel is a Restaurant for the accommodation of those preferring the European plan.—Prices of Rooms from Three to Seven Dollars per week, according to location.

Board $1.50 per day. Table d'Hote for Merchants and business men from 1 to 3 P. M.

HENRY NEILL,
ISAAC L. DEVOE.
April 9, '1862.

JAMES T. YOUNG,
GAS FITTER,

WALNUT STREET, next door to A. S. ELY'S office, LEBANON, PA. [March 13, 1861.

Choice Poetry.

GRIEVOUS COMPLAINTS.

WOMAN'S COMPLAINT.

O, give no heed unto the vow
That fickle man hath spoken;
He's plotting to deceive you now—
His vows are lightly broken.

He'll win a maiden's heart to day,
To morrow he will leave her!
The more she trusts to what he says,
The more he will deceive her.

Each maid his selfish words beguile
Adds to his satisfaction;
Deception lurks beneath his smile,
And governs every action.

Then give no heed unto the vow
That fickle man hath spoken;
He's plotting to deceive you now,
His vows are lightly broken.

MAN'S COMPLAINT.

A PARODY.

Knowest thou that woman's love is naught,
But vain and empty treasure!
Knowest thou that woman's heart is caught
By every idle pleasure?

The love her maiden bosom knows
Soon leaves her heart forever;
Though deep and strong the passion glows,
And rages like a fever.

Know, then, that woman's false as fair;
That, like the bee, she ranges;
Still seeking flowers more sweet and rare,
As fickle fancy changes.

Ah, yes! the love that first can warm,
Soon leaves her heart forever;
Some second passion soon will charm—
Love changes like a fever!

Miscellaneous.

HANS PLUMP.

Away off on a high mountain-cliff there stood an old castle. An aged nobleman lived in it, and two of his sons were so wise and shrewd that I never saw their equal. They both wish to marry the king's daughter.—She was a very beautiful princess, and said that she would become the wife of the man who could speak most promptly and sensibly, without hanging down his head in bashfulness.

The two young men had but eight days to prepare themselves, for that was the time which the princess had limited for her suitors. They both began to study up those subjects which they were best acquainted, so as to be all ready to talk before the king's beautiful daughter. One of them knew his whole Latin lexicon by heart, and could recite the entire village newspaper without looking at it, after he had read it over only two or three times. The other brother was an accomplished lawyer, and could tell the contents of a great many deep books on the laws of all countries.

"I'll get the king's daughter!" they both said, when they told their father that they wanted to strive for her.—So the old nobleman gave them each a horse; to the one who could repeat the village newspaper and his Latin lexicon, he gave a coal-black horse; and to the great young lawyer he presented a spirited horse; as white as snow. Then the young men rubbed their lips and corners of their mouths with the sweetest ointment in the country, so that they could speak without any trouble when they came into the king's palace, before the great princess.

And off they rode.

They had no sooner gone than their brother—for there were three of them in all—came up to his father and said:—"Father give me a horse, too. I wish to marry the princess just as much as my brothers do."

This young man had but little education, and was very rough and plain in his manners, and for that reason every one called him Hans Plump.

So his father replied:—"Away with you! What a ridiculous idea! Hans Plump speaking before the king's great court! Your brothers have some sense, but it is very little that you've got."

"Well, father, if you won't give me a horse I will take my trusty goat.—He is my own, and can carry me fast.'

Out he ran into the yard, jumped on his goat, and without saddle or bridel, rode as rapidly as he could to catch his brothers.

"Where are you going in your splendid clothing, and on your large sleek horses?" he called out.

"We are going to the king's court to see if we cannot marry the beautiful princess. We suppose you haven't heard of her promise to marry the young man who could speak the best in her presence without overcome by his modesty and bashfulness. Shame on you! The news is all over the land."

"Dear me!" said Hans Plump "if that be true I'll try to get the princess for my wife."

The two brothers thought it would be of no use to pay any attention to foolish Hans Plump. So all they did was to laugh at him, and gallop on ahead of him.

After a while they went very slow and each thought of what he should say when he reached the king's court.

"Halt! halt!" cried Hans Plump; "here I come. See what I have found in the road." And then he showed them a dead chicken that he had just picked up.

"Hans, what are your going to do with that chicken?" they asked.

"Oh! I will make it a present to the princess."

"Well, do it, Hans; that would be a capital idea!" And when they said those words, they hoped he would be dunce enough to do it.

On the two brothers galloped again. But by and by, Hans Plump came up and cried out at the top of his voice:—"Here I am again. See what else I have found. People don't find such thing as these every day."

The brothers then turned to see what it was.

"Why, Hans, that is an old wooden shoe. Are you going to make that also a present to the princess?"

"Certainly I am,' he answered them. They laughed aloud and then rode on ahead.

"Stop! stop!" shouted out once more Hans Plump. "I've found something else."

"Well, what have you got this time?" asked the brothers. Oh! no matter to you. But it is something that the Princess will rejoice over."

"Hans, it is nothing but dirt," they replied.

"Dirt or not, it is something worth saving," said Hans Plump, and he filled his pocket with it.

Then the brothers left him and rode for an hour as fast as their horses could carry them. They did not stop until they reached the gate of the royal city. Hundreds of young men were assembled there, and hundreds more were crowding all along the street—all having come to see who could get the kings' beautiful daughter for his wife.

Many of the nobleman of the land had collected around the palace, and some were even standing about the doors and looking up into the windows. They were eager to see how the princess received her suitors. But every one was sent out.

"You are not the one," said she to hundreds. And out they passed with sad hearts and weeping eyes.

At last came the brother who know his lexicon and the village paper by heart. He expected that his great knowledge would insure his success. The floor on which he stood when he went up before the beautiful princess, who was glistening with diamonds, was a great looking-glass.—He could see himself from head to foot. At each window there were setting three writers who were taking down every word that was said.—Next day it would all come out in the morning papers, and be sold very cheap at the street corners. The great room was very warm, and the stove was so heated that the pipe was red hot.

"It is very warm here," said the learned brother.

"That is because we are frying chickens to day," replied the princess.

Bah! He stood as silent as a milestone! After such an answer what could he do with all his dictionary learning. He did not know a single word, that he could answer, for only a witty answer would be in place then: Bah!

"Good for nothing!" said the princess. And off went the learned young man; he was the picture of despair. Then came in the second brother, the great lawyer. He was sure of success.

"How very warm it is in here!" he said.

"Oh! yes," answered the princess. "That is because we are frying chickens to-day."

'What estate—what—what—what,' he replied, to-gether with many other law expressions that were out of place.

"Good for nothing," exclaimed the princess. "Away!"

Then came Hans Plump for his examination. He rode right into the great shining saloon on his old goat, and trotted him up before the beautiful princes.

He said:—"Why, it is red hot here.'

"That is because we are frying chickens to-day," responded the princess.

"Oh! I am so glad of that, for now I can get my chicken fried," replied Hans Plump. "Certainly you can," rejoined the princess. "But have you a pan to fry it in? All our plates and pans happen to be in use to-day.'

"I think so, princess. Here is a pan," and then Hans Plump drew out the old wooden shoe and pushed the chicken into it.

"Now that will make a good dinner," said the princess, "but where will you get the sauce from?"

"Oh! I can manage that," said Hans Plump. And then he emptied his pocket containing the fine dust.

"How much I like a ready answer!" exclaimed the beautiful princess.—"You know how to answer a plain question in a plain sensible way.—Your shall be my husband as long as I live?"

And Hans Plump married the beautiful princess, and afterward became king of that great country. His crown was very bright, and his sceptre very splendid. The queen was happy, and Hans was happy, too.

☞ PERISHED IN THE SNOW.—Mrs. Lucy Ann Hasty, daughter of Mr. Lyman Darling, perished in the recent severe snow at Island Falls, Aroostook county, Me., under the following circumstances: In returning from a visit to her sister, on the 16th inst. after the storm had commenced, she took a short cut through the woods, got bewildered, lost her way, and perished.

She had arrived within half a mile of her home when she lost her way. She was not missed until the 19th, four days afterward, when her brother found her carpet bag in his shingle camp in a cedar swamp. The neighbors immediately turned out in search and finally found her dead, and in a standing position. The unfortunate lady had divested herself of part of her clothing, as it impeded her progress through the snow. Mrs. Hasty was of an amiable disposition, and much esteemed by her friends. Her age was twenty-three years.

☞ There are now but two parties in this country—the Democratic and the Abolition parties; or, the "Union Savers," and the "Union Sliders."

WHAT CAN BE RAISED IN A SMALL GARDEN.

We know of a gentlemen in this city who has a small garden, which, after business hours, he takes special pleasure in cultivating with his own hands. A part of the garden near the house, is devoted to flowers. The remainder is cultivated as a vegetable garden. The latter, by actual measurement contains 231 square yards—equal to a little over 15 yards square or about the twentieth part of an acre.

This is a very small garden, and it would seem impossible to obtain much from it, but the fact is few people have any idea how much a small plot of ground may be made to produce in a single season by good cultivation and a judicious succession of crops.

We cannot undertake to enumerate every thing which our friend raised on his little garden. Suffice it to say he had enough to supply his table during the season, with the choicest vegetables, and to present a well-grown specimen occasionally to his friends; and he has now in his cellar a good supply of celery, and some cabbage, carrots, beets, &c.

As soon as it would permit in the spring, he sowed, on a warm southern border, seeds of cauliflower, cabbage, lettuce, red pepper, radish, mustard and cress. Later in the season he sowed on the same border, cucumbers, melons, &c., to occupy the grounds after the other crops had been eaten or transplanted. Along the whole length of the border, which is 35 yards long, he planted a row of early Kent peas. From this he had several meals by the 20th of June, and the peas were then removed to make room for the cucumbers and melons, which by this time were begining to run. He also trained some tomato plants against a tight board fence.

Five rows of dwarf peas, each ten yards long, were also set out on another plot, and between the rows cauliflower and cabbages were planted. The peas produced well, and as soon as they were removed, trenches were dug and celery plants were set out between the rows of cabbages, in the place previously occupied by the peas. Some of the cabbages were out early, and the stocks produced a second crop of small heads, two, three and four on each stalk. Late cabbage plants were also set out in places occupied by the early Paris cauliflowers, and thus a few heads were obtained from between the rows of celery.

Let us enumerate. There was on his little plot, which would have ordinarily been exclusively put in peas, first a crop of lettuce, peas, radishes, &c., second, a full crop of early cabbages and cauliflowers; third, a full crop of celery; fourth, a good crop of second head of cabbage; and fifth, two large rows of celery. Five crops in one season and all well grown.

On another plot, ten yards wide, he had two rows of early short-horn carrots, two rows of onions, one row of parsnips, two rows of beets, and one row of vegetable oysters. Then a row of early Paris cauliflowers, and next a trench of celery, and the remainder of the plot was occupied with melons and cucumbers. The latter on the one side of the celery trench and the cauliflowers on the other were off in time to allow the celery to be earthed up.

There was not a poorly grown vegetable in the garden. The carrots were sown quite thick, and thinned out as they got large enough for the table. In this way, the family, consisting of six persons, had a full supply during the whole summer, and there were over two bushels to be put in the cellar. So of the beets and onions. They were thinned out as wanted for the table, and there were enough beets for winter use and plenty of small onions for pickling.

He had over 100 heads of cauliflowers, cabbage "too numerous to mention." Cucumbers enough to eat to pickle and give away. He had at least a hundred good ripe delicious melons, and a few for mangoes. He had a hundred and twenty large fine well-blanched sticks of celery, and as many more planted later that may be classed as a "fair to good."

We have not mentioned all that our friend had in his little garden, but full enough to show what can be obtained from a square rods of earth. He used no barn-yard manure at all, but gave the plants a liberal dressing of superphosphate of lime and sulphate of ammonia. He attributes his success, however, more to thorough cultivation than to these artificial fertilizers. The ground was well spaded in the spring and constantly hoed during the summer—hoeing being our friend's recreation and delight.—*Genesee Farmer.*

☞ Another cattle disease, of most fearful character, according to the Newville (Cumberland Co., Pa) *Valley Star*, has appeared among the cattle in that vicinity. It commences on the side of the head and nose, causing the animal to rub until the skin is rubbed off and the eye is rubbed out. Some eight or ten hours after the disease appears, the head commences to swell, and in two hours thereafter the animal is dead.

A MERE MISTAKE.—A steamboat passenger, missing his handkerchief asked an Irishman if he had seen it, and insinuated a charge of theft. But afterwards finding his pocket companion in his hat, he began to apologize.

"Oh, don't make any apology, it was a mere mistake, and on both sides, too.—You took me for a thief, and I took you for a gentleman."

Lebanon Advertiser.

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THE KILLED IN BATTLE.—When the Greek stood forth with only ten thousand men, to repel the Persian army of five hundred thousand, the slain left on the field numbered no less than two hundred thousand. At the battle of Marengo, the Austrians lost six thousand in killed and twelve thousand taken prisoners, while the number of French who were killed, is said to have been far greater. At Leipsic, the united armies of France, Austria, Russia and Prussia, amounted to four hundred thousand, and when the conflict closed eighty thousand men had been slain, one-half of whom were French,—who also lost sixty-five pieces of artillery. At Waterloo, the French left twenty thousand dead on the field of battle, having lost many more in their retreat, and the whole number of their guns captured was three hundred; the English lost thirteen thousand men, six hundred officers, and thirteen generals; the Prussian loss was also great, but not now remembered. The whole force of the French engaged was one hundred and fifty thousand that of the English, thirty-three thousand, and that of the Prussians forty-two thousand.

☞ An absurd blunder is related in Tom Moore's Diary about John Kemble. He was performing one night at some country theatre one of his favorite parts, and was interrupted from time to time by the squalling of a child in one of the galleries; until at length, angered by his rival performance, Kemble walked with solemn steps to the front of the stage and addressing the audience in his most tragic tones said:

"Ladies and gentleman, unless the play is stopped the child cannot possibly go on."

☞ James B. Burnett, the Republican candidate for re-election to the office of Mayor of Elizabeth, N. J., was defeated by the election of Dr. P. H. Grier, the Democratic candidate—the result showing a gain of nine hundred and forty votes for the Democrats since last year. Five of the seven members of the City Council elected are Democrats.

☞ There is not really half the gallantry of manners as there used to be some fifty years ago. Now a gentleman only lifts his hat to a lady; then, the hat was entirely removed from the head, and the gentleman stood before her uncovered.—Now the gentleman takes a smack from her ruby lips, and hardly looks red in the face; then he struggled for the smack, and never drew a long breath for half an hour after; then, he kneeled gracefully to tie up her shoe string; now, she puts her foot into his lap, and he ties the string with a gape, and releases the foot, without any ecstacy or even a light squeeze. We are growing barbarous.

DYING SPEECH OF BEN MCCULLOUGH.—The last words of distinguished men have always been a matter of interest to the world. Those of Washington, John Marshall, John Q. Adams, Webster and Calhoun, are remembered and often repeated. And now those of General Ben McCullough have passed into history. When the surgeon, with faltering voice and a tear in his eye, told Ben he was dying, Ben looked up, and, with unfaltering countenance and in firm tone, remarked, "Oh hell!" That was Ben's last. Ben evidently knew where he was going. He greeted his haven as he was about to enter it.—*Louisville Journal.*

PILLS FOR THE REBELS.—A train of cars loaded with thirteen inch mortars and shells went east, a few days since intended for General McClellan. They were the largest size made, we believe, and were formidable looking weapons. The same kind were shipped West last winter, for the gunboats then being fitted out at Cairo. So it is not improbable that Gen. McClellan intends to give the rebels in Virginia a taste of that arm of the service, as it has proved so efficient on the western waters.

☞ The most abhorred thing in nature is the face which smiles abroad, and flashes fury when it returns to the lap of a tender, helpless family.

George Hoffmans
LEBANON COUNTY