100,000 BARRELS O F THE "LODI MANU

POUDRETTE,

tions, we also honor the noble fathers who be-questhed them to us, by maintaining and pre-serving them in their original purity.

*[Is not our friend mistaken in the assertion

the he found such Democrats in this section i

Was it not in another section where we all know

that professing Democrats have been voting, act-

ing, and thinking with abolitionists -- in plain

words, was it not in Chester county that he found

such Democrats. Our Democracy here is, and

has always been, to the man, for the Constitution.

Married.

Ou the 3d inst., by Rev. J. L. Heysinger, Mr. ELI JAH WOLF to Miss ELIZA SHIRES, all of Cornwall,

Lebanon county. On the 26th ult, by Rev. A. Romich, Mr. WILLIAM STEIN to Miss MARY WRIGHT, both of Jonestown.

Died.

On the 5th inst., in Shaefferstown, Mr. JNO. KRALL

The Lebanon Market.

 The Lebanon Market. Carefully Corrected Wesky.

 Carefully Corrected Wesky.

 LEBANON, WEDNESDAT, FEBRUARY 12, 1862.

 Leb. Mills Ex. Fam \$6 25 Eggs, \$ doz., 12

 smith " Extra 6 20 Butter, \$ b., 12

 Leb. Mills Ex. Fam \$6 25 Eggs, \$ doz., 12

 smith " Extra 6 20 Butter, \$ b., 12

 Leb. Val. Super. Fine5 60 Tub or salted builter, 10

 Prime White Wheat, 1 30 Lard, 8

 Frime Red Wheat, 1 20 Tallow, 8

 Prime Rye, 55 Ham, 11

 Corn, 45 Shoulders, 9

 Olaver.seed, 3 50 Soap, 7

 Timothy-seed, 1 75 Bees-wax, 25

 Flax-seed, 1 20 Flax, \$ b., 100

 Dried Apples, pealed, 1 50 Flax, \$ b., 400

 Peach "Hutzels," 125 Feathers, \$ b., 402

 Onious, 7
 50 Box Bailes, \$ b., 400

 Peach "Suitz," 250 Bristles, \$ b., 400

 Peach "Suitz," 125 Feathers, \$ b., 400

 Onious, 7
 57 Soup Beans, \$ d., 40

 Onious, 8
 57 Soup Beans, \$ d., 40

 Primegar, \$ gal., 125

 Prather, \$ b., 40

 Prime, \$ b., 40

 Prime, \$ b., 40

 Prime, \$ b., 40

 Prime, \$ gal., 42

 Apple Butter, \$ crock, 45

The Philadelphia Market.

SATURDAY, February 8, P. M. The Breadstuffs market has been rather quiet to da

The Breadstuffs market has been rather quiet to-day, but without essential change in prices. The export de-mand for Flour has fallen off, and the only sales re-ported are 600 barrels extra family at \$6 75%6 for low grade to good quality. The sales to the retailers and bakers have been to a moderate exteat, ranging from \$5.25%5.31½ (for mixed brands and good superfine; \$5. 41%5.75.612½ for extra family; and \$6.25%7 for fancy. It e Flour is little inquired after and it is held at \$3.50. In Corn Meal nothing doing, and prices are nomi-nally unchanged.

the Union and the enforcement of the Laws.]

Very Truly Yours, F. G. STICHTER.

For Sale by LODI MANUFACTURING COMPANY-130 South Wharves, Philadelphia, Pa. This Company, with a capital of \$160,000, the most extensive works of the kind in the world, and an ex-perionce of 22 years in manufacturing, with a replat-tion long established, having also the exclusive control of all the night soil from the great City of New York, are prepared to furnish an article which is without doubt, the *changest and very best* fortilizer in market. Drive for 7 barrelis and over \$1.50 per barrel, or only \$16 per ton. 1t greatly increases the yield and ripens of from \$3 to \$4 per acre, and with very little labor. A Pamphlet, containing all the information necessary, with letters from Horace Greeley, Daniel Webster, and hundreds of farmers who have used it extensively for many years, may be had free by addressing a letter as above or LAMES T EOSTER. 66 Contriandt St. New York

Ibove or JAMES T. FOSTER, 66 Courtlandt St., New York. Care of the Lodi Manufacturing Co. February 12, 1862.=3m.

Belinitus Futures Sr. John's Revenue Church.—Regular service every Wednesday evening at 72 o'clock, every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, and every Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Churst Church.—Services in Temperance Hall, every Sunday at 10 A. M., and every Friday at 7 P. M. Bagiish preaching next Subbath morning and evening in the Methodist Episcopal Church. English preaching next Subbath morning and evening in the Methodist Episcopal Church. English services next Lord's day morning and evening in Zon's Lutheran church. German preaching next Subbath morning and english in the evening, in the First Reformed church. German preaching next Sunday morning and English in the evening, in Salem's Lutheran church. ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE **BLOODED STOCK** and FARMING UTENSILS.

AN THE ARE THE following STOCK, bred on the COLEBROOK ESTATE of the late WILLIAM COLEBAN, deceased, and a large assortment of FARM-ING UTENSILS, will be offered at PUBLIC SALE, at COLEBROOK FURNACE, on 1011 Jaca

COLEBROOK FURNACE, on Tuesday, February 18th, 1862, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M., by order of the Ad-ministrator of said Estate, viz: HORSES AND MULES-2 Blooded Mares, &c. SHORT HORN OR DURHAM STOCK-The fine Bull "Leopard," 4 years old; 20 Milch Cows; 7 Heifers, 9 years old; 3 Heifers, under 1 year old; 3 Bulls, 1 year old.

DEVON STOCK.—The fine Bull "Eclipse," 5 years old; 20 young Milch Cows; 5 Heifers, between 2 and 8 years old; 4 Heifers, between 1 and 2 years old; 6 Heifers, under 1 year old; 2 Bulls, 2 years old; 6 Here and 1 year old; 2 Bulls, 2 years old; 6 Bulls,

On the 22d ult., in Lisbon, Iows, JOSEPH LIGHT, formerly of this county, aged 51 years, 7 months and 7 days.

Also, botween 3 and 4 years old, fit for Barchers' of Farmers' use. Also, Broad and Narrow wheeled 3. 2 and 1.horse WAGONS, HAEROWS, PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS, Mowing and Threshing MACHINES, Ox and Horse CARTS, Corn.Shellers, Patent Rakes, Patent Hay Forks, Log, Halter, Cow and other Chais, besides a variety of other articles too numerous to mention. *3. The late Proprietor, Mr. COLEMAN, spared neither pains nor expense in procuring the BEST BLOOD that could be obtained, and the excellence af his STOCK is so well established in this County, as to render a more particular description of it unnecessary. *3. THE STOCK may be seen at the COLEBROOK FARM; at any time previous to the sale, by application to the Managor, Mr. JOHN BENSON. *3. Torms made known on day of sale, by W. G. FREEMAN; Administrator. January 16, 1862.

PUBLIC SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.

OF PERSONALI FROPERTY. WILL be so'd at Pablic Sale, on SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1862, At the late residence of Pullip Mattree, dec'd., in Pal-myra, Lebanon county, Pa., the following Personal Property, viz: 1 COW, HAY, HARNESS, Good WATCH.: 2 GUNS, 1 CARRIAGE, 7 BEDS AND BEDSTEADS.

CENTRE AND OTHER

Caue seat and other Chairs, Chests, Stoves, Carpets, Copper Kettles, Buffalo Robes, Potatoes, 1 Barrel of Vincgar, and a variety of other articles too numerous

Anoninistrator of Philip Matter, January 29, 1862-ts.

PUBLIC SALE

10 Corr Meal bothing doing, and prices are nominally unchanged. The receipts of Wheat continue extremely light, and it is in fair domand at the advance noted yesterday.— Sales of 6000 bushels fair and prime Pennsylvania and Western red at \$1.34 (a) .35, chiefly at \$1.36 (a) .38 & bu., and small lots of white at \$1.40 (a) .47. Tyre is in botter request, with sales of 2000 bushels Pennsylvania, in store, at 73c. Corn is rather quiet and prices, if anything, are a shade lower. Sules of 3000 (4000 bushels prime new yellow at 563/(6) 50 c., chiefly at the former rate, in store. Oats ine steady; 4009 bushels Pennsylvania sold at 35(3).52. Cloverscool is rather quiet. Sales of 200 bushels in lots at \$404.42 % 96 4 bs. No change in Timothy or

PUBLIC SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY. WILL be sold at public sale on FRIDAY, FEBRUA. WRY 21, 1862, at the residence of DAVID W. UH-nicit, 1/2 mile North from Frederieksburg, Lebanon county, the following Personal Property, viz : 1 HORSES, 18 BLAD OF CAT. TLE, 7 MILCH COWS, 1 DEV. CONSHIRE BULL, 10 YOUNG CATTLE, 11 SHOATS, 1 Broad and 1 Narrow Wheeled Plantation WAGON, 2 Wagon Bodies, 2 Setts Hay Ladders, 4 Setts Harness, Saddle, 2-Herse Block Stod, Seed Drill, 5 Plows, Harrows, Shovel Harrow and Cultivator, Corn Sheller, Drag, Cow, and Cradles, Barrels and Stands, and other articles for the Form, House and Kitchen. 35(9)(35)/2.
Cloversced is rather quict. Sales of 200 bushels in lots at \$4(9), 27 ⊕ 64 bb. No change in Timothy or Plaxseed. The latter comes in slowly and commands \$2.15 ⊕ bushel.
Whisky is in firm demand. Sales of 5000 Ohio bbls at 23(9)21/2(0.); Penna. do. at 21c. and Drudge at 23c.
CATTLE MARKET.—About 1300 head of Beef Cattle were offe red and sold this week at Phillips yards; the dem and was good, and prices steady and firm, ranging at from \$6(9)/2 for common to fair; \$7(9)/2 for good and prime, and \$25(60 the 100 bbs for extra quality, the market closing brisk at the above figures. Cows and Calves.—About 60 head sold at from \$20(9)/2 cash for springers, and from \$25(3) for cors and calves, acco. ding to condition, showing very little alteration. Hogs are steady with sales of 2801 at Imaoff's at \$41/20 to \$42, 1169 at the Aroune Yard at from \$41/20 to \$42, 1169 at the Aroune Sheep—About 3300 were offered and sold at 41/200 c. ⇒ th, gross, which is about the same as last week.

Sale to commence at precisely 12 o'clock, when terms till be made known by DAVID W. UHRICH. Jacob Shnotterly, Auctioneer. [Bethel, Jan. 15, '62.

FOR RENT.

Lebanon, between the Black Horse and Washington Hotels. Said building was lately in possession of Mr. Reisner. It has a fine Store, Room, Basement, large Back Building, Outbuildings, Garden, &c. It will be rented in whole or part to said applicants. Apply to J. G. Reisner, on the premises, or to the undersigned above Annville. Possession will be given on April 1, 1861. January 8, 1862. WM. AULT. **ATTENTION: COMPANY:** A TI ENTITUTY: COMPA A BLE-BODIED YOUNG MEN WANTBO to fill up the STANTON GUARDS, now encamped at Camp Curtin, Harrisburg, Penn'a, in Col. Thomas Zergele's Resensir. Men are paid, uniformed, and fed from the date of their enlistment. Pay of Soldiers: Thirteen. dollars per month, and three dollars and fifty cents al-lowed for clothing per month. Each man will receive the sum of One Hundred. Dol-lars at the expiration of his enlistment. The Government will pension every man lars at the expiration of his enlistment. The Government will pension every man who is wounded or disabled by sickness, while in the service and in cuse of death, his wife or heirs will re-ceive all his back pay and a pension. As this Company is to be exclusively composed of Young Men from Lebanon county, it is expected and desired that the ranks may be specifly filled. All regularly discharged three months' men, joining the service again, are entitled to two dollars per month extra. Captain "STANTON GUARDS," Penn'a Volunteers. Lebanon, February 5, 1862.

Lebanon Adbertiser.



WHEN DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES CRASE TO LEAD, WE CEASI WM. M. BRESLIN, Editor and Proprietor. LEBANON, PA. WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1862.

The election for Mayor of the city of Lancaster, held on Tuesday last, resulted in the choice of George Sanderson, Esq., the present incumbent, and editor of the Intelligencer, by a majority of eighty-four votes over Dr. Cassidy, the "Citizens Union" candidate. This result is a great Democratic victory, in view of the means resorted to prevent the re-elec- | That such plans shall be vain, a nation of Mayor Sanderson. The Re- tion of thinking American will enpublicans, in accordance with the sure. Let the nation understand policy they have pursued for some that what the army of the Union time, refused to nominate a candidate of their own, but induced Dr. Cassidy, a Democrat and a gentleman of great personal popularity, to become a candidate. By this means it was expected that enough Democratic | the present array of strength would votes would be drawn from Sanderson to accomplish his defeat. It was urged against him that he was a "Breckinridge editor," and consequently disloyal, and the usual attempt was made to array all loyal citizens against him. But notwithstanding the odds opposed to them, the noble Democracy of Lancaster city stood firm, and gained a signal victory over the allied powers.

me. By reference to the proceedvor of the bill.

The objection to the bill is the legal tender clause, and the latest ac. | tion in all parts of the country. counts are that the Senate will not pass it in its present condition.

Gr Gen. Charles P. Stone, in command of a large body of men on the upper Potomac was arrested on Sun. City, and immediately taken to Fort | commenced, Mr. Bright gave a letter Lafayette. It is not known whether of introduction to a friend, "to his the charge against him is treason, or whether it is only mere military of. dent of the Confederate States." We fence. He has always been consid. do not recollect how the letter was ered a loyal and gallant officer, al. discovered. It was first referred by though the unfortunate affair at Ball's the Senate to the Judiciary Commit-

WHAT GEN. MCCLELLAN HAS DONE While the infamous system of attacks on the character of Gen. Mchis laborious, unwearying, persever | emancipation will be guined. If the ing industry and skill. Not an hour Tribune's scheme of emancipation can has been thrown away. Not a point not be realized, it wants our army has been overlooked. Not a possibil- destroyed so as to make a reconstrucity of improvement has been neglect- tion of the Union under the Constied. No one who has not diligently tution impossible. Such schemes, examined it can appreciate the herculean labors which have been performed by the General-in-Chief during these months. It is the object of

his enemies now to forestall public opinion, and if possible deprive him of any glory to result from his work. now is, we owe it to him. That if his enemies had succeeded in their vance thus far on account of the state designs to destroy him, if they had even been able to divert him from the have ordered him to move, and an orline of duty to reply to their attacks, never have been made. There is a striking resemblance now in the remarks made on McClellan by the secessionists and the abolitionists.-Both abuse him heartily, and both seem to regard him as the grand enemy of their plans. Is not the coincidence remarkable?

Gen. McClellan has made a grand army and he has planned its campaign. There will soon be active operations in Virginia. These operaings of Congress it will be seen that tions may not be an attack on Manasthe House has passed what is called sas, but whatever they are, we have the Treasury note bill, by a vote of 93 no doubt they will reflect the highest yeas to 59 nays. It is said that a honor and praise on the young Commajority in the Senate are also in fa. mander whose coolness, judgment, and magnificent abilities have brought

the entire army to its present condi-

10 The United States Senate, on Wednesday last, by a two-thirds vote, expelled Hon. Jesse D. Bright, one of | red thousand stalwart men were ly. the Senators of Indiana, from that body on the charge of treason. On day, at his residence in Washington the 1st of March, before the war but rotten tents or rough boards. Excellency, Jefferson Davis, Presi-

The New York Tribune is determined to have Gen. McClellan superseded as Commander-in-Chief. It

published several paragraphs last week Clellan is at present indulged in with announcing that the President had asmalicious determination, it will not sumed the command of the army and be out of place to see what he has navy-that McClellan will be placed of Kentucky and Tennessee, has been redone. The abolitionists and the ab- in command of the army of the Poolition press are desirous of discour- tomac-that Secretary Stanton has aging the nation by convincing them assumed the conduct of the warthat the last three months have ac- and that our army will now be lifted complished nothing. No man of out of mud and delay, and carried to sense can review those months with. victory, &c. Of course the Tribune out according to Gen. McClellan the wants the army to advance at once, highest commendation. Every success and if it is defeated, of course, the of the Union forces has been the re- reconstruction of the Union, as it sult of his efforts. The army has | was before the rebellion, will be imgrown into its present shape under | possible, and its point of division or

coming from that pattern of loyalty

are not treasonable. Oh, no.

The Libanon Demokrat confesses that it knows little or nothing of Military affairs. Then why attack Gen. McClellan, and through him. the President, in regard to the nonadvance of the army of the Potomac? The President must surely know of

all the plans of McClellan, and must of the roads and weather, or he would der from the President is for McClellan to obey or resign. Hence all attacks on McClellan, relative to the movements of the army, are indirectly attacks on the President; and as the Demokrat also confesses that it is satisfied with the President, we regret such attacks as appeared in its columns two weeks ago, as highly injurious to the Union cause and en.

couraging to the rebels. LOOK ON THIS PICTURE.-On Wed. nesday night of last week, an enter-

tainment was given at the White House, Washington, which was intended to surpass everything of the kind heretofore attempted in America. About one thousand guests were present-ladies, Senators, Representatives, gentlemen, Generals, Foreign

Ministers, &c., &c. Now Look on This .- The same night, along the valleys of the Potomac and the Ohio, nearly five hund. ing on the ground, with nothing to shelter them from the rain and snow.

YANKEE NOTIONS .- The Maine Senate, on Friday, passed a series of resolutions, in favor of emancipation, and of arming the slaves, if it shall become a military necessity.

ne. It is said that by the 15th inst., on. Fremont will again be assigned tee, composed of a majority of Resex did good service before she was dissex did good service before she was dis-bled, her guns being skilfully handled by who, instead, are impeding the progress of our to a command. Gen. Fremont no doubt would make a good military her gunner, Matt. Snyder, of Philadelphia officer, but that is all. He must She had six seamen killed, two officers, trom the rebellion to damn it by other modes.leave politics to those who have it snd seventeen wounded, and five missing. specially in charge,—to Congress The Cincinnati had only one killed gating and breaking through and perverting it, specially in charge,-to Congress and six wounded. Res It is said that Gen. McClellan, on the west and General Grant on the would break it and destroy the Government restand staff are ready to cross the Po- east side of the river, are pursuing the retomac, and that he will do so imme. treating rebels. diately when the roads will permit, a forward movement of the army.-When Gen. McClellan moves across, he will relinquish, temporarily, the control of the whole army, with the exception of the army of the Potomac, to the Secretary of War, the same as Gen. Scott did when in Mexico.

Bombardment and Capture sion. Among the petitions introduced was one of Fort Henry.

from Boston, numerously signed, asking Con-gress to leave the negro question alone and at-tend to the business of the country. Our gallant navy has added another to its already brilliant list of victories. Fort of the Treasury Note bill, and finally passed a Henry, situated on the eastern branch of issue of \$150,000,000 of Treasury notes (\$50,000,the Tennessee river, just on the State line 000 to be in lieu of the demand notes previously issued,) and making them a legal tender; the notes are convertible into 20 year bonds bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent., or 5 year bonds duced by our gallant Western navy.

The House devoted to day to the consideration

In the Senate, the majority and minority re-

In the House, the Treasury Note bill was a

Letter From Missouri.

LOUISIANA, Missouri, Feb. 1st, 1862.

ated and postponed until next week.

were passed.

FRIDAY Feb., 7

On Thursday, the 6th inst., the gunpearing interest at the rate at 7 perct., and are also to be received as coin for any bonds that may here. boats Cincinnati, St. Louis, Carondolet, after be negotiated by the Secretary of the Treas-ury; he is also authorized to issue bonds to an amount not exceeding \$500,000,000 in order to Essex, Tyler, Conestoga, and Lexington advanced boldly against the rebel works, going to the right of Painter Creek Island, fund the floating debt of the United States. mmediately above which, on the east shore of the river, stand the fortifications, keeping out of range till at the head of port of the Judiciary Committee, in the case of Benjamine Starke, were placed on file and orderisland and within a mile of the enemy. ed to be printed. A joint resolution of the Naand passing the island in full view of the val Committee, giving the thanks of Congress to Captain Dupont and his officers and seamen for rebel guns, we steadily advanced. Every man was at his quarters, and every ear the victory at Port Royal, was adopted. The was strained to watch the flag officer's same Committee also reported back the bill and amendments for building twenty iron clad gunsignal-gun for the commencement of the boats, at the cost of ten million of dollars, which was passed. The Treasury note bill was receiv-

action. We advanced in line, when at 12.30 ed from the House, and referred to the Finance Committee. The report of the Naval Committee the Cincinnati opened the ball, and immeon the Morgan purchases was taken up, and after debate a resolution was offered, condemning the appointment of government agents and paying diately the three accompanying boats followed suit.

their commissions on their purchases, except in enses of extreme necessity, but the subject was postponed. The Civil Appropriation bill was The enemy were not backward, but gave an admirable response. taken up, and also the bill authorizing an additioned issue of 10,000,000 demand notes, and both

The fight raged fiercely for a half hour. We steadily advanced, receiving and returning shot and shell, when, getting withmen ded by striking out the provision to pay the interest on U.S. bonds in coin. The report of the Committee on Government contracts was dein three hundred yards of the enemy's works, we came to a stand, and noured into them right and left.

In the meantime, the Essex had been disabled, and drifted away from the scene of action, leaving the Cincinnati, Corondolet and St. Louis alone engaged.

WM. M. BRESIN, E80., Lebanon, Pa.:-In accordance with your request to advise you of the condition of affuirs, as I should find them on At prescisely forty minutes past one o'clock the enemy struck his colors, and have seen the impossibility of an ad-such cheering—such wild excitement as State, I cheerfully pen the observations and opinseized the throats, arms, and caps of the ions which the lapse of several weeks since my four of five hundred sailors of the gunfour of five hundred sailors of the gunboats can be imagined.

I must fail to tell of the extreme gratification After the surrender, which was made After the surrender, which was made to Flag-officer Foote, by Gen. Lloyd Tilghman, who defended his fort in the Tilghman, who defended his fort in the less distance, hurried into nothingness by the most determined manner, we found that joyous sunshine that is fast dispelling gloom, and the rebel infantry, who were encamped outside the fort, and numbered 4000 or 5000 had out and run leaving the back of our glorious Union and its beneficent 5000, had cut and run, leaving the 'rebel artillery company in command of the fort. The fort mounted seventeen guns most. In the tort mounted seventeen guns, most-hopes will have entirely ceased ere we note the first day of Spring. Its harmless pulsations are Our shots dismounted two of their

-being the number, all told, of our pris-oners. They lost five killed and ten bad-

of my thankfulness, and my appreciation of his services. How various are the attempts to guido, the issues of this war in the different loyal States, The infantry left everything in their flight, and a vast deal of plunder has fall- no one can conceive of, who has not personally en into our hands, including a large and observed them, and the wisdom of the policy of the President, aiming at the reinstatement of the •Union as it was, with the Constitution as it is, valuable quantity of ordnance stores.

The *Essex* was badly crippled. When The Essex was badly crippled. When about half through the fight and while crowding steadily against the enemy, a ball went into her port side on the for-ward port proving the bound of the house of the bound of the Republican of any the ball went into her port side on the forward port, passing through the heavy other party, is to involve hinself and the future bulkhead, and squarely through one of of the Union in a labyrinth of intricacies. and difficulties, that would lead to certain and irreher boilers. The escaping stream scalded trievable rain. We as a people owe our great-ness to the detail workings of laws consistent and killed several of the crew.

Captain Porter, his aid, S. P. Britton, Jr., and Paymaster Louis, were standing in the direct line of the ball's passage, Britton being in the centre of the group. Britton being in the centre of the group. The shot struck Britton on the top of his head, scattering his brains in every direction. The escaping steam poured into projects of rebellion, its tried stability rendering the pilothouse, and instantly killed Messrs. the pilothouse, and instantly killed Messrs. tions. What has the Administration to contem

Ford and Bride, the pilots. Many of the signification is endeavors to preserve our hallowed government? Not this giant rebellion alone, but overboard, and were drowned. The Es. numberless factions among communities where

cluding a magnificent ten-inch columbiad. manifest, in intensity and duration only to omen Our shots dismounted two of their a death, consistent with the vigorous life of this giant fiend. When we travel over the trail of guns, driving the enemy into embrasures. Its tread, the intense silence that reigns over the One of their rifle thirty-two pounders vast waste pains us, and we are bewildered to anburst during the engagement, wounding swer the irrepressible question "Why was all this done?" We feel that the viper has been crushed, The rebels claim to have had but eleven effective guns, worked by fifty-four men one of their gunners.

ly wounded.

Bluff, which took place under his dichusetts man.

6 J Murry Rush, Esq., one of zens, died on Friday last, in the 49th and, whether innocent or guilty, he year of his age.

Napoleon is determined to interfere in the affairs of this country-in conjunction with England if she agrees, if not, on his own account.

05 It is reported that the success of the Burnside Expedition is endangered mainly from the "jobbing and corruption" practiced upon the gov. ernment in its outfit.

The number of Democratic Senators in the Legislature of Pennsylvania is small, but if they intend to allow themselves to be lead by that ranting abolitionist, M. B. Low- States of New York, New Jersey, ry, the number had much better be and Pennsylvania-Messrs. Harris, stillless. Mr. Lowry, last week, intro. Ten Eyck and Cowan-had the indeduced a resolution demanding the im- pendence and courage to do right, remediate expulsion of Mr. Bright from gardless of the clamor by which an the Senate, and after a feeble resis- attempt was made to drive them from tance, they yielded and all voted for their position that their consciences it, thus helping to affix the brand of and their judgments led them delib. treason upon a Democratic United | erately to take. States Senator, whose guilt is not proven, and who is persecuted for no tion in this connexion that the Dem. other reason than that he is a Demo- ocratic Senator from Oregon, Mr. if England understood her interests, she crat. When several honest Republican U.S. Senators had the courage to frivolous charges, until the day after now piling up a record of hatred in this vote against the expulsion, in the Mr. Bright's expulsion, when the comface of the pressure brought to bear upon them, and because their con- ing to hinder him from taking the sciences would not allow them to convict unjustly an innocent man of

one of the deepest crimes, for the purpose of furthering partizan ends placed under the command of Gen. and aims, it is to be regretted that Domocrats, whose duties are foreign to such matters, should allow them. solves to be thus hood winked.

NOT We owe an apology to the Courier. We said that it "is down It depends a great deal what is to be menced in a drunken brawl. investigated. If Democratic acts are to be investigated it is in favor of \$40,000. much faith in."

rection, clouded the confidence the publicans, who, after investigation, people had in him. He is a Massa- reported the proof as insufficient to sustain the charge. But all this went for nought. The victim had been singled out for the sacrifice before-he and the President. Philadelphia's most prominent citi- was pre-judged, and pre-condemned-

must perish upon the altar of malig-65 It is said that the Emperor | nant partizanship, concealed under the cloak of patriotism !

In the mean time, Mr. Harvey, a Republican, who has been proven to have held treasonable correspondence with the rebels, and actually communicated to them the intention of our government to provision and reinforce Fort Sumter, remains unquestioned in his position of Minister to Portugal. In looking over the vote on the ex-

pulsion of Mr. Bright, our readers will not fail to observe that three Re. publican Senators, representing respectively the conservative Middle

ntentions. It may not be out of place to men-

Starke, was kept out of his seat on oath of office as a Senator.

no. Another Expedition, to be Butler, is being fitted out at Boston, and will probably sail this week. The entire division will consist of about ten thousand men. At what point it is intended to strike is not known.

nen_A serious riot occurred in Richon Investigating Committees." We | mont, Va., last week, in which three should have qualified the assertion. or four persons were killed. It com-

nor England is making a great them, but when the acts of its own ado about our Government closing party friends come under the ban, up the entrance to the Savannah Riv. that ox must not be gored. A Co. er, by sinking vessels loaded with vode Committee is all right, but the stones. They forget that during the committees of our legislature to in- revolutionary war they placed ob. the lowest price. This company manufacture all vestigate the contracts of last summer, structions in the same river, for a the night soil from the City of New York into a dry inodorous powder, and at a price far below and which squinted at an impeach- similar purpose, for the removal of

Washington Despatches :---"Several Senators have received letters by the ast steamer from the Duke of Argyle, the Hon-orable Mr. Bright, and other leaders in the English Liberal party, saying that unless something was soon done to show that we were able to put was soon done to show that we were able to put down the Rebellion, and extinguish slavery, they would no longer prevent an interference by England. They request that slavery be abolish-ed at once in Maryland and Delaware, or the reb-els would be at once recognized, and the block' ade raised by them. This is considered by dido raised by them. And is considered by the plomatists as the real state of the case, and no doubt is expressed but that these are England's 07 We have all along been of the

opinion, and more so now than ever, that would mind her own business. She is country that will before many years cause

THE BURNSIDE EXPEDITION. Fortness Monroe, Feb. 6, (via Baltimore.)-The U. S. steamer Suwance, of the Burnside Ex-pedition, arrived this forenoon. She left Cape Batteras yesterday morning, having come out of the Inlet the day previous. The fleet was still inside of the Inlet and nothing had been done.—

Most, if not all the vessels had gone over the bar, and about 6000 troops had been landed. There was a rumor circulated that the rebels had offered, through a flag of truce, to give up Roanoko Island, on condition that Elizabeth City should not be attacked.

FROM MEXICO .- A courier arrived at Acapulco previous to the 26th ult., with intelligence of the defeat of the Spanish army by the Mexicans, in a severe battle at the National Bridge, near Vera Cruz. The battle lasted five hours. The intelli-

gence from Western Moxico represents that there is a general termination of dissension among the people, and a union of all parties to resist foreign invasion.

The attentions of Farmers is called to the advertisement of the Lodi Manufacturing Co.'s Poudrette. Nothing is of more importance than to know where to obtain the best fertilizer at and which squinted at an impeach similar purpose, for the removal of any other fertilizer in the market. They have ment of Gov. Curtin, it has 'not which Congress in 1852 appropriated, been in successful operation for 22 years, with a cient test of the value of their Pondrette,....

PADUCAH, Ky., Feb. 7.-General Smith

As a strategic point, the Federal posses: sion of Fort Henry cannot be underrated

Doings in Congress.

MONDAY, February 3. In the Senate, petitions were presented asking Congress not to deminish the number of chaplains in the service; also that Homeopathic surgeons be employed; also to repeal the Canada reciproci-

ty bill. Joint resolutions from the Legislature of Ohio in regard to extending the benefits of

other modes than duties on imports, and that has the following among its Monday's each State be allowed to assume the tax and assess and collect the same according to its own laws and by its own officers, which were referred. Nothing of special importance transpired in the House.

TUESDAY, Feb. 4.

In the Senate, the Committee on Foreign Affairs reported the bill authorizing the appointment of diplomatic representatives to Liberia and Hayti. The bill providing for building twenty iron-clad steamers at a cost of \$10,000,000, was aken up, and after debate, sent back to Naval Committee. The report from the Naval Commit-tee on the Secretary of the Navy, was made the special order for Friday. The case of Mr. Bright

was then taken up, and after lengthy debate, the Senate went into executive session. The House occupied the whole day in a discus sion of the Treasury Note bill, in Committee.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 5 The Senate passed the bill making appropriations for the Military Academy, and a resolution calling on the President for the recent corresmitte reported that there was "noth- to tumble down in ruins that monument of pondence relative to the presentation of Ameri arrogance, selfishness and pride-herself. | can citizens at the Court of France, The bill to

define the pay and emoluments of officers of the army, was taken up, and the amendments of the military committee adopted. The consideration of the bill was not concluded at the expiration of the morning hour. The case of Mr. Bright was the order of the day, and after a long discussion he was expelled by a vote of 32 to 14, as follows :

Yeas .- Messrs. Anthony, Browning, Chandler, Clark, Collamer, Davis, Dixon, Doolitile, Fossenden, Foote, Foster, Grimes, Hale, Harlan, Henderson, Howard, Howe, Johnson, King, Lane (Ind.) McDougall, Morrill, Pomeroy, Sher-man, Simmons, Sumner, Trumbull, Wade, Wilk-

nson, Wilmot, Wilson (Mass.) and Wilson-(Mo.) Nays.-Messrs. Bayard, Carlile, Cowan, Har-ris, Kennedy, Latham, Nesmith, Pearce, Powell, ice, Saulsbury, Ten Eyck, Thompson, and Viley—14.

The House continued the consideration of the Treasury note bill in Committee during the whole session. The debate is to cease on the expiration of two hours after the bill is again taken

THURSDAY Feb. 6.

The Senate met, as usual, at 12 o'clock, "but at this hour not a single Senator was in the Chamber." A bill was introduced and referred, allow-

cause, and, if they could would wrest the Union from the rebellion to damn it by other modes. in overthrowing institutions and rights which it guarantees to States, whose inheritance it is in common with themselves. The Southern rebels ing upon it, and they, the factious zealots rise up to defend both, declaiming for the Constitution and the laws, but frenzied in their blind zeal, they would in turn, break both as against their Southern brethren, committing violence against the clear rights of States, destroying the very Constitution which they so religionsly professed to maintain intact. They whip Southern rebels "the Constitution and the laws," and then because they can, they fling the laws and the Con-stitution to the winds. They deceitfully prefer their fanatical dogmas for the government of a necessarily limited few, to a perpetual, common-grage Generative countries and the commonsense Government, essentially one for a great and numerous people

The Van Wyck Committee are now at Harrisburg ferreting out contracts frauds. The Philadelphia Enquirer The Philadelphia Enquirer ministration should be directed towards the eman cipation of the slaves, who were anxious to take idvantage of the rebellion to overthrow the Con stitution themselves, their own way, really do not, from their stand point, appreciate what they profess. If the question that yexes us all, were only relative to the introduction of African slav ery among us, their zeal would be righteous.-They forget the fact-we kave the negroes, and did they know aught of the condition of slaves, their nature and character, and appreciate their number, they could not find it in their hearts to entail so great a curse upon the white man or the negro, as would ensue to both from the immediate emancipation of four millions of slaves. Did they expand their views to comprehend the fact that upon the merits of the Constitution we were conquering obedience to, the laws, and maintaining the existence of the Union and its Govern-ment, all States, in common with each other de nanding existence under it, none claiming from it what it could not lawfully receive, and while

each seeks happiness for its people in the freeen-oyment of institutions that may as rightfully be demanded by and perpetuated to it, as any other privilege, in consumance with the Constitution, may be accorded to any other State, each must certainly refrain from the exercise of a power, so manifestly wrong, to dictate to an other what that other has a perfect freedom for herself to de-

termine. No more loyal citizens exist in any State than are in Missouri, and among Missouri slave own-ers. Can Pennsylvania or Ohio assume to claim a right under the Constitution that Missouri could not demand, or vice versa? The loyal slave-own-er, appreciating his inheritance, fights for his Government, the Union, and his privileges, de-mands protection for property which the haws of Missouri under the Constitution have deeded to him, and whether he lives in Missouri with slaves, or in Pennsylvania without any, he seeks it o make no uniust demand, and assumes not the right under the Constitution that Missouri could to make no unjust demand, and assumes not the right to say, from Pennsylvania to Missouri or from Missouri to Pennsylvania, 'I am holier than they,' he as I am Communication of the same set as thou,' be as I am. Can we justify ourselves in disregarding the Constitution because any numer have disregarded it? Can we subject a criminal to the operation of an ex post facto law-can a criminal who has merited and received his punishment for a capital offence, having paid the legal forfeit, be drawn and quartered, his children foreibly taken from the mother, to whom they may become a vital support, thrown loosely up-on the world, to their own destruction, and that of their romaining paront, and to the injury of society, as an additional punishment to the dead criminal, and these acts be called just?

criminal, and these acts be called just? Should we not be generous and magnanimous as becomes a righteous and a great people, and as we are whipping rebels into obedience to an instrument which we, as much as they, are bound to respect, and avoid falling from the high posi-tion, to one of hatred and revenge; --- and while our professions and the vary act of Gribing their ber." A bill was introduced and referred, antor-ing the Corporation of Washington to issue small notes. The bill to define the pay and emo-luments of officers of the Army was taken up, and to enable members of Congress to meet the Army officers with a good face, an amendment mer adented reducing the milegree of members was adopted, reducing the mileage of members fifty per cent. Without coming to a conclusion on the bill, the Senate went into Executive Ses-fanatacism, and while we perpetuate our institu-

Il should be of one mind and one heart, with a OF THE LEBANON BANK, published as required by Act of Assembly, passed October 13, 1857, viz : Wednesday, February 5, 1862. Ist.-Loans and Discounts, \$208,725 85 Statement 1st .- Loans and Discounts, Loan to Commonwealth, 10,000 0: \$53,373 47 --Specie, U. S. Tr'y demand Notes, and Notes of other Banks, Due by other Banks, 16,010 00

Uew Advertisements.

83,283 45 152,666 9 3d.-Notes in Circulation 3d.—Notes in Unreutation, 250,000 v. 4th.—Deposits—including individual De-posits and balances due to other banks 43,673 47 E. A. UHLER, Cashier, 20,000 v. E. A. UHLER, Cashier, 20,000 v. 20 43.673 47 Affirmed and subscribed, February 7, '02, before my February 12, 1862. JOSEPH GLEIM, J. P. Statement

OF THE LEBANON VALLEY BANK LEBANON, Pa , February 4, 1862. ASSETS. Loans and Discounts Due by other Banks\$94,991 8

-\$145,445 2 LIABILITIES. Notes in eirculation \$198,080 00 38,014 44

ne to other Banks. 000 00 The above statement is correct, to the best of my know edge and belief. JOS. KARCH, Cashier. -\$236 094 4 Sworn and subscribed before me. Lebanon, Feb 12, 1862.] ANTHONY S. ELF, J. P.

Administrator's Notice. OTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administra-tion on the estate of Major FREDERICK EMMOR, late is the borough of Lebanon, Lebanon county, Pa., de-assed, have been granicad to the undersigned, residing a the same place. All persons indebted to said estate ill make immediate payment, and those having claims ill present them to F. H. BBUR, Admin'r. Lebanon, February 12, 1862.

PUBLIC SALE

FUBLAU NALL OF PERSONAL PROPERTY: WILL be sold at Public Sale, on FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1862, At the residence of the subscriber, in North Annville township, Lobanon county, about one mile and a half West from Bellview, and a quarter of a mile from Ja-cob Maulfair's Mill, the following Personal Property, viz:



YOUNG CATTLIE, SFour-house WAGONS, I entirely new (broad wheeled) I Two-horse Spring WAGON, 1 One-horse WAGON, 1 Two-horse SLED, 1 SLEIGH, I SEED DRILL, Ploughs, Harrows, 1 Shovel Harrow, 8 Cultivators, 1 Corn Ploughs, 1 Wire Hay Rake, 2 sets Hay Ladders, 1 pat-ent Hay Fork, 1 Windmill, 1 Cutting Beach, 8 sets Horse GEARING, 2 Grain Cradles, Grass Scythes, Rakes, Forks, and a good many other articles teo nu-merous to mention. #3 Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when conditions will be made known by JOHN MAULFAIR. North Annville twp., Leb. co., Feb. 12, 761.

MANHOOD ; How Lost ! How Restored Just Published, in a Scaled Envelope. Price Six Cent A LECTURE ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT Just Published, in a Scaled Envelope. Price Six Cents. A LEOTURE ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrheea, of Seminal Weak-ness, Involuniary Emissions, Saxual Debility, and Im-pediments to Marriage generally, Nervousness, Con-sumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical In-capacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c.-By Roor, J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the Green Book, &c. The world renowned author, in this admirable Lec-ture, clearly preves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous sur-gical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, er cordi-als pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufforer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure bimself cheaply, privately, and radically. This lecture will prove a boon to Liou-sands and thousands. Seut under seal, in a plaif enveloped, to any address, on the receipt of six conts, or two postage stamps, by addressing. Dr. CHAS. J. C. KLINE, by 127 Bowory, New York, Post Office Box, 4586. February 12, 1862.

Auditor's Notice.

Auditor's iNotice. Estate of Jeremiah Batdorff, deceased. The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' the fund in the hands of George Bowman, jr., Adminis-trator of Jeremiah Batdorff, deceased, to and among the erecitors entitled to the same, will attend to the dutics of his appointment, at his office, in Lebanon, on MONDAY, the 2th of FEBRUARY, 1862, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when and where all persons having claims will present them. Leb., Jan. 29, '62. JOHN B. HIESTER, Auditor.

Turnpike Election.

Turnpike Election. NOTICE is hereby given that an election by the Stockholders in the President, Managors and Com-pany of the Berks and Dauphin Turnpike road will be held at the Philio House of J. L. Bennethnin, in My-erstown, Lebanon county, Pennsylvania. On Monday; the 3d day of March next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M., and 4 o'clock, P. M., of that day, for the purpose of electing One Pres-ident, Eight Managers, One Treasurer, and such other officers as may be nocessary to conduct the affairs of the said Company during the ensuing year. Af the same time the Annual Statement of the Treas-uror will be laid before the Stockholders as usal. By order of the Beard, HENRY MULL, Prest, JACOB READLE, Treasurer. [January 22, 1862.]

Seed Wanted. THE subscriber will pay the highest market prices

TIMOTHY SEED, CLOVER SEED,

At the Mill in Market street, Lebanon borough... Sring it immediately. ABRAM STRICKLER. Lebanon, September 4, 61.

Store House for Rent. Store mouse for action and eleven other rooms for family dwelling and store home. It is situated in Heilman's Dale, Lebsnon county, four and a half inites west from Lebsnon, on the initial union Cams. Store has beenkapt in the above house for the last three years. This stand is estimated in a thickly settled part of Lebanon county and is calculated to do a large Country and Boat business, having a fine wharf and landing for boats to lay, and large and convenient stabling for boat horses. This stand is well worthy the attention of such wishing to engage in Store, Grain and Coal bu-siness. Terms very moderate. October 30, 761. JOHN HEILMAN, H. S.

MONEY WANTED. THE Commissioners of Lebanon county are desiron of making a loan of SEVERAL THOUSAND BOL LARS. Immediate application should be made to th L of making a loan of SEVELAN INOUSAND BOLL LARS. Immediate application should be made to the Treasurer, C. H. Borgner, Esg., or SIMON BOLTZ. JACOB BUCHER, Attest:-Craus Sama, Clerk, Lebanon, February 6, 1862.

WEEKLY ARRIVALS!

VV 1/1/11.11 1 11.10.104 v 11.10.104 Tills "BEB HIVE" Store, opposite the Court Hous has among this week's arrivals: 3 Hhds Molasses at from 25 to 50 ets per gal. 5 Bible Sugar (good) at 9 and 10 ets per pound. 5 Bags Coffee (best) at 18 cents per pound.

DRY GOODS,

20 pieces Calico and Bleached Muslin 6¹/₄ ets., 10 " New Markets 12¹/₄ ots. 10 " DeLaines 6¹/₄ ets., 10 " DeLaines 6¹/₄ ets., 10 " New Style DoLaines 25 ets. 20 " Print 6¹/₄ ets., A lot of Tickings from 5 to 25 ets. Domestic Ginghams 10 ots. Stockings 6¹/₄ ets.,

Carpetings from auction very law. 20 Brocha Shawls—wool and silk, the genuine article.

IF YOU WANT

A No. 1 AMBROTYPE, very cheap, go to DAILY'S Gallery, next door to the Lebanon Deposif Bank.